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ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF NEW YORK.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-THIRD SESSION.

1910.

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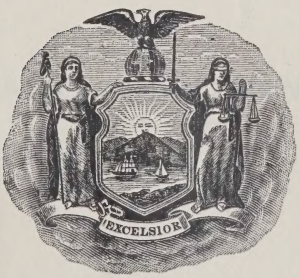

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ANNUAL REPORT

OF

STATE

RACING COMMISSION

1909

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 8, 1910

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ANNUAL REPORT

OF

STATE RACING COMMISSION

1909

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 46.

IN ASSEMBLY

MARCH 8, 1910.

ANNUAL REPORT OF STATE RACING COMMISSION 1909.

To the Legislature:

Pursuant to the direction of the statute, requiring an annual report of its proceedings, the State Racing Commission makes the following report for the year 1909:

I.

The racing associations which applied for and received licenses from the Commission to conduct running race and steeplechase meetings, and the number of days' racing conducted by each during the year, were as follows:

	No. of days.
Coney Island Jockey Club	27
Brooklyn Jockey Club	23
Westchester Racing Association	23
Saratoga Racing Association	24
Empire City Racing Association	16
Queens County Jockey Club	12
Metropolitan Jockey Club	12
United Hunts Racing Association	2
Total	139

The Brighton Beach Racing Association did not hold any meeting in 1909. The total number of days' racing was 26 less than in 1908, and 97 less than in 1907.

II.

The attendance at the races, the amount of moneys distributed in purses and stakes, and the amount of the tax on gross receipts which was paid to the State, all fell below the preceding year.

The gross receipts during the year of all the associations above named were $1,054,035.40; in 1908 they were $1,549,336.90; and in 1907 they were $4,928,583.20.

The moneys distributed, as prizes, among the owners of the competing horses were, in 1909, about the sum of $820,000; in 1908, about $1,580,000; and in 1907, about $2,650,000. About four-fifths of the gross receipts from all sources during 1909 were distributed as purses and premiums, and two of the associations, viz., those at Belmont Park and Jamaica, paid to the horse owners alone more moneys than their total gross receipts.

The amount of the 5 per cent. tax for the year 1909 was $52,701.77 — being less than for any year since 1896. The amount thereof was divided as follows, the table showing the corresponding figures for 1908 and 1907:

RACING TAX OF 1909 COMPARED WITH THAT OF 1907 AND 1908.

	1907.	1908.	1909.
Westchester Racing Association.	$32,899 36	$19,084 23	$9,765 00
Coney Island Jockey Club.....	54,001 36	11,050 17	14,562 53
Brooklyn Jockey Club.....	41,312 23	15,900 52	9,334 58
Brighton Beach Racing Assn....	40,623 73	4,098 43	.....
Saratoga Racing Association....	17,876 93	5,077 82	8,670 12
Queens County Jockey Club....	20,111 73	10,590 88	2,418 71
Metropolitan Jockey Club.....	19,461 75	8,926 21	2,309 52
Empire City Racing Assn.....	12,435 48	2,371 29	5,420 02
United Hunts Association.....	280 07	367 30	222 29
Buffalo Racing Association.....	7,426 52	.....	.....
Total	$246,429 16	$77,466 85	$52,701 77

Decrease in 1909 compared with 1908, $24,765.08.
Decrease in 1909 compared with 1907, $193,727.39.

The following table contains a statement in respect of the proceeds of this tax as paid by the various associations since 1895:

STATEMENT OF TAXES PAID BY THE RUNNING RACE ASSOCIATIONS SINCE 1895, UNDER THE FIVE PER CENT. CLAUSE.

	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.
Westchester R. A.	$2,084 25	$11,709 84	$13,260 70	$15,742 38	$14,859 46	$16,152 06	$21,609 39
Coney Island J. C.	9,159 51	16,042 37	19,340 87	20,014 56	23,386 02	24,744 75	32,016 39
Brooklyn J. C.	7,347 33	12,443 57	14,190 26	18,716 99	22,133 72	23,747 39	29,673 64
Brighton Beach R. A.	4,831 15	8,660 34	9,984 08	14,167 89	14,386 70	15,365 57	20,380 59
Saratoga Ass'n	1,536 45	.....	3,665 50	4,453 98	7,714 93	8,227 76	13,630 61
Queens County J. C.	2,262 05	1,751 98	3,593 23	7,388 05	7,319 91	6,682 41	11,270 88
Metropolitan J. C.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo R. A.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United Hunts R. A.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Empire City J. C.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Ass'n	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,571 59	.....
Totals	$27,220 74	$50,608 10	$64,034 64	$80,483 85	$90,791 74	$98,671 53	$128,581 50

	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.
Westchester R. A.	$28,558 94	$31,156 56	$28,307 21	$29,617 00	$29,932 77	$32,899 36	$19,084 23	$9,765 00
Coney Island J. C.	41,009 20	45,156 44	42,721 06	42,448 00	45,389 40	54,001 36	11,050 17	14,561 53
Brooklyn J. C.	38,069 73	39,527 35	36,577 96	32,432 00	34,863 07	41,312 23	15,900 52	9,334 58
Brighton Beach R. A.	25,147 01	27,967 40	31,341 86	29,846 00	32,773 51	40,623 73	4,098 43	.....
Saratoga R. A.	17,967 12	21,982 47	19,677 50	21,508 00	20,282 63	17,876 93	5,077 82	8,670 12
Queens County J. A.	16,208 89	14,145 04	10,936 46	15,625 00	15,742 12	20,111 73	10,590 88	2,418 71
Metropolitan J. C.	.....	17,763 53	15,369 80	17,391 00	16,456 43	19,461 75	8,926 21	2,309 52
Buffalo R. A.	.....	3,042 88	5,324 45	4,334 00	5,613 83	7,426 52	.....	.....
United Hunts R. A.	.....	.....	.....	539 00	.....	280 07	367 30	222 29
Buffalo Ass'n	3,124 99	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Empire City R. A.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,435 48	2,371 29	5,420 02
Totals	$170,085 88	$200,741 67	$190,256 30	$193,740 00	$201,052 71	$246,429 16	$77,466 85	$52,701 77

The total amount of this tax, which has been levied under the Racing Law since 1895, is $1,870,861.49. This amount has been imposed upon the several racing associations as follows:

Coney Island Jockey Club	$441,041 46
Brooklyn Jockey Club	377,269 35
Westchester Racing Association	304,738 36
Brighton Beach Racing Association	279,573 67
Saratoga Racing Association	172,271 50
Queens County Jockey Club	146,217 44
Metropolitan Jockey Club	95,677 91
Buffalo Racing Association	25,741 35
Empire City Racing Association	20,226 79
United Hunts Racing Association	1,408 66
Buffalo Association (former)	3,124 00
Empire City Jockey Club	3,571 00
Total	$1,870,861 49

III.

The operations of the Breeding Bureau of the Jockey Club have been continued, at considerable expense, and with good results; 410 foals from the thoroughbred stallions owned by the Jockey Club were reported in 1909, and the number of mares served during the year was 723. These horses are distributed through 37 counties in the State, and stand at a nominal price for public use.

Fourteen prizes, aggregating $50 each, were also distributed, through various agricultural societies, for colts sired by these horses; and a prize of $200 was given by the Bureau, through the National Horse Show at New York city, for the best thoroughbred stallion shown. The first and second prizes in this contest were awarded to "Shot Gun" and "Advance Guard"—two of the Breeding Bureau horses.

A list of the thoroughbred stallions now in service, belonging to the Jockey Club, is as follows:

ACCOUNTANT, by Filigrane — Reckon; br. h., 15.3, 1,050 lbs.
E. L. Munson, Hempstead, Nassau Co., N. Y.

ADVANCE GUARD, by *Great Tom — Nellie Van; ch. h., over 16, 1,200 lbs. A. B. Gray, Poughkeepsie, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

ALCEDO, by Esher — Elopement; b. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. Thos. Chambers, Watkins, Schuyler Co., N. Y.

ARABO, by Nomad — Charm; ch. h., close to 16 hands, weight 1,100 lbs. G. A. Richmond, Springville, Erie Co., N. Y.

BELMAR, by Belvidere — Adele; Westchester Co., N. Y. Co-operating with the Breeding Bureau, Mr. T. L. Watt, 139th street and Lenox avenue, New York city, placed this horse at the service of the Breeding Bureau.

BARNEY BURKE, by Frontman — Iatus; b. h., 15.3, 1,050 lbs. J. A. P. Ramsdell, Newburgh, Orange Co., N. Y.

*BUSHEY TOP, b. h., by Bushey Park —*Topiary. J. R. Williams, R. F. D., near Troy, N. Y.

CARROLTON, by Florizel 2d — Ballantrae, b. h., 16, weight 1,100. V. William Bull, Chittenango, Madison Co., N. Y.

CLARK GRIFFITH, by Kinley Mack —*Maiden Poem; b. h., 15.3, 1,050 lbs. Zoller Bros., Hammond, R. F. D., St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.

DON DE ORO, by *Rayon d'Or —*Bella Donna; ch. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. L. J. Cross, Berkshire, Tioga Co., N. Y.

EASTON, by *Watercress — Arnette; b. h. William L. Race, Olmstedville, Essex Co., N. Y.

ESCORT, by *Esher — Weeway; br. h., 16, over 1,150 lbs. A. F. Bean, R. F. D., No. 1, Glens Falls, N. Y.

FATHERLAND, by Falsetto — Penumbra; b. h., 15.3, 1,050 lbs. Dell. Ware, So. Hannibal, Oswego Co., N. Y.

FAULCONBRIDGE, by The Bard — Roulette; ch. h., 15.3, 1,100 lbs. B. R. & O. A. Knapp, Cortland, Cortland Co., N. Y.

GIRDLESTONE, by Prince of Monaco — Onwentsia; ch. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. F. K. Armstrong, Eden, Erie Co., N. Y.

GLEEMAN, by Mirthful — Strathwitch; ch. h., 15.3, 1,100 lbs. D. Nelson, Wilson, Niagara Co., N. Y.

GOODRICH, by Patron — Edith Gray; ch. h., 16, over 1,100 lbs. Geo. B. Servis, Geneseo, Livingston Co., N. Y.

GOV. GRIGGS, by Tristan — Silver Blue; br. h., 16 hands, weight 1,100 lbs. H. F. Benson, E. Randolph, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y.

* Imported.

HERMITAGE, by Loyalist — Madge; b. h., 16 hands, about 1,100 lbs. Moynihan & Anderson, 79 Glen street, Glens Falls, Warren Co., N. Y.

LADSARION, by Cesarion — Lady J.; b. h., about 16 hands, weighs about 1,100. H. M. Prime, Keeseville, Essex Co., N. Y.

LORICATE, by Order — Loyalirta; ch. h., about 15 hands 3, weighs about 1,100. W. H. Crawford, Salamanca, N. Y.

MARGRAVE, by *St. Blaise — Lady Margaret; ch. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. David McCauley, Caledonia, Livingston Co., N. Y.

MOROKANTA, by Morocco — Kanta; b. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. Warren E. Lerch, Waterloo, Seneca Co., N. Y.

MORTALLO, by Knight of Ellerslie — Moss Rose; ch. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. John Burns, Ilion, Herkimer Co., N. Y.

OAKWOOD, by Harry O'Fallon — Slipalong; br. h., 15.3, 1,100 lbs. F. J. Holmes, Mayfield, Fulton Co., N. Y.

ON DECK, by *Whistle Jacket — Semper Paratus, ch. h., 16.1, 1,200 lbs. E. C. Maxson, Adams Centre, Jefferson Co., N. Y.

RACE KING, by Tenny — Orderlette; ch. h., 15.2, over 1,000 lbs. John Ryan, South Fallsburg, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

RED EYE, by The Commoner — Harmonica II; ch. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. John T. Collins, Camden, Oneida Co., N. Y.

RENSSELAER, by Hayden Edwards — The Belle; ch. h., 16, about 1,200 lbs. Brinton C. Mitchell, Manhasset, Nassau Co., N. Y.

SACCHAROMETER, by *The Judge — Saccharisa; br. h., 16, about 1,100 lbs. M. A. Lain, Desttown, Orange Co., N. Y.

SAINTS DAY, by Sempronius — St. Sophia; b. h., 16, about 1,100 lbs. William McGiven, Newfields, Tompkins Co., N. Y.

SALADIN, by *Albert — Zetetic; br. h., about 16, about 1,100 lbs. H. W. Terpenny, Bridgeport, Madison Co., N. Y.

SHOT GUN, by imp. Artillery — Princess Noretti, b. h., 16 hands 2 inches, weight 1,200 lbs. W. A. Wadsworth, Geneseo, Livingston Co., N. Y.

SPRING, by *Atheling — *Gala, br. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. John Armstrong, Monticello, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

ST. LEONARDS, by *St. Blaise — Bella-Donna, ch. h., 16.1, 1,250 lbs. Henry A. Burr, Whitesboro, Oneida Co., N. Y.

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* Imported.

THE LITTLE CHEVALIER, by The Chevalier — Mettie O.; ch. h., 16, 1,100 lbs. John Main, Fort Ann Post Office, Washington Co., N. Y.

TRIDE, by Tristan — *Pride of Waltham; b. h., 15.3, 1,100 lbs. Dr. J. O. Aldrich, Bath, Steuben Co., N. Y.

WATER COLOR, by *Watercress — Sabrina; blk. h., 16, 1,150 lbs. George S. Baggett, Memphis, Onondaga Co., N. Y.

WILLARD, by *Canopus — Meg Merrilies II; b. h., 15.3, about 1,100 lbs. C. F. Hewitt, Arkville, Delaware Co., N. Y.

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* Imported.

DECISIONS OF THE COURTS.

The amendments which were made to the Racing Law in 1908 have resulted in much litigation, and for convenient reference we append hereto various decisions which have been rendered by the courts, construing the present statutes.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES W. WADSWORTH,
Chairman.

JOHN SANFORD,
H. K. KNAPP,
Commissioners.

HEARING UPON RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT — Special Term.

People *ex rel.* Melville Collins *v.* William McLaughlin, Warden of the City Prison of Kings County. (60 Misc. 306.)

Bischoff, J. The relator is charged with a violation of section 351 of the Penal Code, in that he received $5 as a result of a bet upon a horse race at the race course of the Brooklyn Jockey Club on June 16, 1908, the bet having been made and accepted orally with one John Rall.

The provisions of section 351 of the Penal Code are not new. With the exception of certain changes in the penalty and in the matter of exemptions, the language has remained unaltered since the year 1895, and, while by chapter 506 of the Laws of 1908, the existing statutory exemption of transactions upon race tracks from the operation of section 351 was removed, the definition of the criminal acts to which the statute applies had, for thirteen years, the same place in our criminal law which it has to-day.

In this proceeding I am to determine whether the successful bettor's receipt of the money or thing wagered is made a crime by the section referred to, which reads as follows:

> "Sec. 351. Pool-selling, book-making, bets and wagers, et cetera.—Any person who engages in pool-selling or book-making at any time or place; or any person who keeps or occupies any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, float or vessel, or any part thereof, or who occupies any place or stand of any kind, upon any public or private grounds within this State, with books, papers, apparatus or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, or of selling pools, and any person who records or registers bets or wagers, or sells pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election, or upon the result of any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event whatsoever; or any person who receives, registers, records or forwards or purports or pretends to receive, register, record or forward, in any manner whatsoever, any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or wagered or offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered, by or for any other person, or sells pools upon any such result; or any person who, being the owner, lessee or occupant of any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, float or vessel, or part thereof, or of any grounds within this State, knowingly permits the same to be used or occupied for any of these purposes or therein keeps, exhibits or employs any device or apparatus for the purpose of recording or registering such bets or wagers, or the selling of such pools, or becomes the custodian or depositary for gain, hire or reward of any money, property or thing of value, staked, wagered or pledged, or to be wagered or pledged upon any such result; or any person who aids, assists or abets in any manner in any of the said acts, which are hereby forbidden, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment in a penitentiary or county jail for a period of not more than one year."

The particular words pointed to by the respondent as applicable to the present case are "or any person who receives, registers, records or forwards, or purports or pretends to receive, register, record or forward, in any manner whatsoever, any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or wagered or offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered, by or for any other person, or sells pools upon any such results;" and the contention is that these words define the criminality of the relator's receipt of his winnings when read "any person who receives * * * any money * * * bet or wagered * * * by * * * any other person * * * upon any such result," etc.

For the purpose of determining the intention of the Legislature when adopting a statute, it must necessarily be read as a whole. Only when so read can the conclusion be reached whether isolated words of the text may or may not properly be placed together in such a sense as to cover a particular case. According to the rule of construction prescribed by the Penal Code (section 11) the "fair import" of the statute under consideration is to be the measure of its application, and as I read the words employed, I cannot hold that section 351 fairly imports that a bet or the receipt of the thing wagered is a crime.

The whole scheme of the section appears, upon a reasonable reading, to relate to bookmaking and pool-selling; that is, to the business of taking and recording bets and wagers, and to acts which are incidental to that business. The very words of the clause under which the relator is held would seem, indeed, to exclude the meaning that the "bet" "received" described money won as the result of a bet, since from the context it is apparent that what is contemplated is the act of receiving, registering, recording or forwarding the subject of a wager as yet undetermined — before, not after, it is won or lost.

The words "by or for any other person" in this clause may be taken, as a matter of grammatical construction, to qualify either "any person who receives," etc., or "any money * * * bet or wagered," but it cannot qualify both, and it is only upon the assumption that the relative antecedent of the qualifying phrase is the latter, that any argument in support of the criminal charge against the relator can be made at all. As a matter of reasonable interpretation, in view of the apparent purpose of the whole stat-

ute, however, I think that the phrase " by or for any other person " has reference to the receipt, registering, recording or forwarding, etc., not to the money or thing wagered. This harmonizes with the general theory and aim of the section, while the contrary construction would very materially detract from what the Legislature evidently designed to accomplish in prohibiting the business of bookmaking and pool-selling, and in penalizing the acts incident to that business, whether done through agents or correspondents, or personally by the person conducting the particular business.

The construction contended for by the district attorney requires a strained application of the words employed in the statute, contrary to their apparent sense, and it is quite clear to my mind that this section of the Penal Code has, actually, no reference to the case of a bet made between individuals, without the intermediate office of a stakeholder, nor to the winner's receipt of the money, or other thing of value transferred to him by the loser when the event is determined.

For all the years during which this statute has been in force it has not been deemed applicable to the case of ordinary individual betting. In People v. Stedeker, 175 N. Y. 57, 62, the Court of Appeals, when discussing the condition of the law relative to gaming in this State, said:

> " There has always been observed a distinction between betting or gambling and maintaining a gambling house or a place to which people resort to gamble. While at common law wagers on indifferent subjects were legal and might be enforced, a gambling house or a resort for gamblers was a public nuisance for which its keeper might be indicted. (Wharton's Criminal Law, Section 2, 446.)
>
> " The same distinction has obtained in this State where ordinary betting has never been made a crime, though in some cases subject to small pecuniary mulcts, while the keeping of a gambling house, selling lottery tickets and the profession of common gambler have been subjected to severe punishment."

This opinion was written in the year 1903, eight years after the enactment of section 351 of the Penal Code in practically its present form, and certainly indicates that the broad application

now sought to be given to that section had not been considered a serious possibility.

Again, as this section stood prior to the late amendment which defined the prohibited acts as a misdemeanor, any violation of its provisions was a felony. To apply it to the case of a single bet between individuals, a term of imprisonment was thus to be the fixed punishment for the winning of money at simple hazard, yet, at the same time, the obtaining of money by cheating at cards, or other play, was punishable merely as a misdemeanor and so by fine (Penal Code, § 339). Such a result is a shock to common sense, and the court must look for the reasons for adopting a construction of the statute which would necessitate it.

It may not be out of place to note that if this relator is properly charged with a crime because of a construction of section 351, then every wager on a contingent event, if followed by the receipt of something by the winner, would place the latter within reach of the criminal law. The consequences of criminality would descend alike upon the successful participant in a raffle conducted for religious or charitable purposes, upon the girl whose partisanship for a college has been rewarded by the winning of gloves or candy through its athletic fulfillment, upon the messenger who, with knowledge, carries from loser to winner the thing won, and upon all who bet upon anything, except possibly upon a certainty, where the bet is paid.

It may be that since the adoption of the constitution of 1894, declaring the popular will that every form of gambling be unlawful, the Legislature should properly proceed to make the simplest bet or hazard a crime, but, whatever the devised policy, it may be said that as yet that body has not done so, and, indeed, when legislation was proposed at the last session in the form of an amendment of the racing law (chapter 570 of the Laws of 1895), directly prohibiting individual bets upon the result of a horse race, and punishing a violation by imprisonment (Assembly Bill No. 213, January 18, 1908), the proposed amendment did not become a law.

Because the provisions of section 351 of the Penal Code do not in their fair import prohibit the act with which the relator is charged, according to the views expressed in this memorandum, and there being no charge of a violation of any other penal statute, he is entitled to his discharge from custody.

OPINION IN THE APPELLATE DIVISION.

SUPREME COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION — First Department.

Edward Patterson, P. J., George L. Ingraham, Frank C. Laughlin, John Proctor Clarke, Francis M. Scott, JJ.

The People of the State of New York *ex rel.* Melville Collins, Respondent, *v.* William McLaughlin, Warden of the City Prison, Kings County, Appellant.

Appeal from an order of the Special Term sustaining a writ of habeas corpus and discharging the relator.

Clark, J. The relator was arrested upon a warrant issued by a city magistrate, in the second division in the city of New York, charged with having violated the provisions of section 351 of the Penal Code, as amended by chapter 507 of the laws of 1908. The sworn information upon which the warrant was issued set up that on the 16th of June, 1908, at the race-course of the Brooklyn Jockey Club at Gravesend, borough of Brooklyn, county of Kings, a race-course authorized by statute, relator made an oral bet of $5 with one Rall; that said Rall bet that "Rostrum," a horse entered in a race to be then and there run would win, and relator accepted said bet; that the race was run and "Rostrum" lost; that Rall, while standing upon the lawn of said race-course, and after said race had been decided, handed to the relator the sum of $5, who thereupon received the same. On being arraigned the defendant moved to dismiss the proceeding on the ground that the information did not set forth facts sufficient to constitute the commission of a crime. The motion was denied and relator held for trial. Thereafter he sued out a writ of habeas corpus and the writ having been sustained and the prisoner discharged, the district attorney brings this appeal.

The question presented is whether the receiving of a sum of money in payment of an oral bet, made between two individuals upon a race-track upon the result of a race then and there to be run, constitutes a crime. The statute invoked by the learned dis-

trict attorney is section 351 of the Penal Code, as amended by chapter 507 of the Laws of 1908. That section provides as follows: "Section 351. Pool-selling, book-making, bets and wagers, etc. Any person who engages in pool-seeling, or book-making at any time or place; or any person who keeps or occupies any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, float or vessel, or any part thereof, or who occupies any place or stand of any kind, upon any public or private grounds, within this state, with books, papers, apparatus or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, or of selling pools, and any person who records or registers bets or wagers, or sells pools upon the result of any trial or contest or skill, speed or power of endurance, of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election; or upon the result of any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event whatsoever or any person who receives, registers, records or forwards or purports or pretends to receive, register, record or forward, in any manner whatsoever, any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or wagered, or offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered, by or for any other person, or sells pools, upon any such result; or any person who, being the owner, lessee, or occupant of any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, float or vessel, or part thereof, or of any grounds within this state, knowingly permits the same to be used or occupied for any of these purposes, or therein keeps, exhibits or employs any device or apparatus for the purpose of recording or registering such bets or wagers, or the selling of such pools, or becomes the custodian or depository for gain, hire or reward, of any money, property or thing of value, staked, wagered or pledged, or to be wagered or pledged upon any such result; or any person who aids, assists or abets in any manner in any of the said acts, which are hereby forbidden, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment in a penitentiary or county jail for a period of not more than one year."

The learned district attorney makes his claim under that clause of the section which reads, "any person who receives, registers, records or forwards, or purports or pretends to receive, register, record or forward, in any manner whatsoever, any money, thing

or consideration of value, bet or wagered, or offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered, by or for any other person," and asserts that the facts did state a crime for the reason that they showed that the relator, Collins, "did receive * * * money * * * bet and wagered * * * by and for another person" (to wit, Rall) upon the result of a horse race.

Prior to the last constitutional convention of the State the constitution provided in article 1, section 10, as follows: "No law shall be passed abridging the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government, or any department thereof; nor shall any divorce be granted otherwise than by due judicial proceedings; nor shall any lottery hereafter be authorized or any sale of lottery tickets allowed within the State." The revised constitution adopted in 1894, and which went into effect the 1st day of January, 1895, provided as follows: "Article I, Section 9. No law shall be passed abridging the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government, or any department thereof; nor shall any divorce be granted otherwise than by due judicial proceedings; nor shall any lottery or the sale of lottery tickets, pool-selling, book-making, or any other kind of gambling hereafter be authorized or allowed within this state, and the legislature shall pass appropriate laws to prevent offenses against any of the provisions of this Article."

At the time of the adoption of this constitution all betting and gambling was illegal, except in the case of betting on race-courses hereafter considered. The revised statutes provided as follows: Sec. 8. "All wagers, bets or stakes, made to depend upon any race, or upon any gaming by lot or chance, or upon any lot, chance, casualty, or unknown or contingent event whatever, shall be unlawful. All contracts for or on account of any money or property, or thing in action so wagered, bet or staked, shall be void." Sec. 9. "Any person who shall pay, deliver or deposit any money, property or thing in action, upon the event of any wager or bet herein prohibited, may sue for and recover the same from the winner or person to whom the same shall be paid or delivered, and of the stakeholder or other person in whose hands shall be deposited any such wager, bet or stake, or any part thereof, whether the same shall have been paid over by such stakeholder or not,

and whether any such wager be lost or not." Sec. 14. "Every person who shall, by playing at any game, or betting upon the sides or hands of such as do play, lose at any time or sitting the sum of twenty-five dollars or upwards, and shall pay or deliver the same or any part thereof, may within three calendar months after such payment or delivery, sue for and recover the money or the value of the things so lost and paid or delivered, from the winner thereof." Sec. 15. "In case the person losing such sum or value shall not within the time aforesaid, in good faith and without collusion sue for the sum or value so by him lost and paid or delivered, and prosecute such suit to effect without unreasonable delay, the overseers of the poor of the town where the offense was committed, may sue for and recover the sum or value so lost and paid, together with treble the said sum or value, from the winner thereof, for the benefit of the poor." 1 R. S., 661–663.

In Ruckman v. Pitcher, 1 N. Y. 392, in an action to recover from a stakeholder the amount of a bet which, at the request of the loser, the plaintiff, he had paid over to the winner, the Court of Appeals in holding the action well brought, alluding to the statute against betting and gaming, said: "The evident intention of the legislature was to discourage and repress gaming in all its forms, including bets and every species of wager, contracts of hazard, as a great public mischief, calling for effective measures of prevention and remedy. * * * The Revised Statutes which went into operation in 1830 fully supplied the deficiency, and indeed have gone the whole length of prohibiting all wagers, bets and stakes upon any contingent or unknown event, with the exception only of contracts of insurance, and upon bottomry and respondentia, and have enabled the loser to recover the money wagered and lost, not only of the winner, but also of the stakeholder, notwithstanding that he may, after the loss of the bet, have paid the same over to the winner. It was manifestly the intention of the legislature to suppress and prohibit every species of wager and bet, either upon the racing of animals, or upon any contingent or unknown event whatsoever, other than the contracts expressly excepted, and to abolish all distinction between lawful and unlawful wagers, and make them all invalid and void. As one of the best and surest means of accomplishing that end, the

provision was adopted enabling and authorizing the loser to sue for and recover back his stake or deposit from the stakeholder, whether the race or game may have been lost or not, or the money paid over to the winner or not."

That case was cited and followed in Story v. Brennan, 15 N. Y. 524. In Meech v. Stoner, 19 N. Y. 26, the court held that the right of action given by the statute for money lost in gaming was assignable and not a mere personal privilege of the loser.

The Penal Code dealt with various forms of betting and gambling. While, as pointed out, all were illegal, some were punished as misdemeanors and for some offenses a civil action was given to the better or player or to the overseers of the poor, to recover the amount lost or won, or in treble or five times that amount.

The Penal Code provided in section 336 that, "It is unlawful to keep or use any table, cards, dice or any other article or apparatus whatever, commonly used or intended to be used in playing any game of cards or faro, or other game of chance, upon which money is usually wagered, at any of the following places: 1. Within a building or the appurtenances or grounds connected with any building in which a court of justice usually holds its sessions; or a building any part of which is usually occupied by a religious corporation, or an incorporated benevolent, charitable, scientific or missionary society, or an incorporated academy, high school, college or other institution of learning, a library company, or building and mutual loan company. 2. Within any building or the appurtenances connected with any building while votes are received or canvassed therein at any election for any election for an officer of this State or the United States, or while any public meeting is held therein. 3. Within the distance of one mile from the grounds upon which any training, review, drill or exercises of a military organization, created or permitted by the laws of this state, is proceeding, or upon which any public fair, exhibition, exercises or meeting is held in the open air; or 4. Within any vessel lying in, or navigating, any of the waters of this state; or owned or navigated by or for account of a corporation created by the laws of this state."

Section 337 provided that any violation of the foregoing provisions was a misdemeanor. Section 339 provided that a person, who by any fraud or false pretense whatsoever, while playing at any game, or while having a share in any wager played for, or while betting on the sides or hands of such as play, wins or acquires to himself, or to any other, a sum of money or other valuable thing, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 340 provided that a person who exacts or receives from another directly or indirectly any money or other valuable thing by reason of the same having been won by play at cards, faro or any other game of chance, or any bet or wager whatever upon the hands or sides of the players, forfeits five times the value of the money * * * to be recovered in a civil action by the persons charged with the support of the poor. Section 341 provided that a person who wins or loses at play or by betting at any time the sum or value of $25 or upwards, within the space of twenty-four hours, is punishable by a fine not less than five times the value or sum so lost or won, to be recovered in a civil action by the persons charged with the support of the poor.

Section 343 provided that any corporation, association, copartnership or individual who shall keep a room, shed, tent, tenement, booth, building, float or vessel or any part thereof, to be used for gambling or for any purpose or in any manner forbidden by this chapter, or for making any wagers or bets made to depend upon any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event * * * or being the owner or agent knowingly lets or permits the same to be so used is guilty of a misdemeanor. Section 344 provided that a person who is the owner, agent or superintendent of a place or of any device or apparatus for gambling or who hires or allows to be used a room, table, establishment or apparatus for such a purpose; or who engages as dealer, game-keeper or player in any gambling or banking game, where money or property is dependent upon the result; or who sells or offers to sell what are commonly called lottery policies * * * is a common gambler and punishable by imprisonment for not more than two years or by a fine not exceeding $1,000, or both.

By sections 345, 346 and 347 gambling apparatus could be seized and destroyed. By section 348, persuading another to visit

a gambling place, in consequence whereof such other person gambled therein is made a misdemeanor, and in addition such person is liable to such other person in an amount equal to the sum lost, to be recovered in a civil action. By section 265 horse-racing and gaming on the first day of the week were prohibited. By section 275, engaging in or promoting within two miles of the place where religious meeting is held any race of animals or gambling of any description constituted a disturbance of a religious meeting and a misdemeanor. By section 460, a person who bets, stakes or wagers money or other property upon the result of a prize fight or who holds or undertakes to hold money or property so staked or wagered to be delivered to the winner thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor. The condition of the law in regard to horse-racing, betting thereon, book-making and pool-selling in 1894 require somewhat extended examination of the successive statutes.

Chapter 178 of the Laws of 1877, entitled an act in relation to bets, wagers and pools, provided as follows: "Any person who shall keep any room or building, or any part or portion of any room or building or occupy any place upon public or private grounds anywhere within the state, with apparatus, books or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, or of selling pools, and any person who shall record or register bets or wagers, or sell pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance, of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election, or being the owner, lessee or occupant of any such room, building or part or portion thereof, shall knowingly permit the same to be used or occupied for any of the purposes aforesaid, or shall therein keep, exhibit or employ any device or apparatus for the purpose of registering or recording such bets or wagers, or the selling of such pools, or shall become the custodian or depositary for hire or reward, of any money, property or thing of value staked, wagered or pledged, as aforesaid, upon any such result, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year, or by a fine not exceeding $2,000, or by both such fine and such imprisonment." This statute seems to have been the origin of

section 351 of the Penal Code which, as adopted in 1881, read as follows: "A person who keeps any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth, or any part thereof, or who occupies any place upon any public or private grounds, within this state, with books, apparatus or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers or of selling pools, and any person who records or registers bets or wagers, or sells pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance, of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election; or being the owner, lessee or occupant of any room, shed, tenement, booth or building, or part thereof, knowingly permits the same to be used or occupied for any of these purposes, or therein keeps, exhibits or employs any device or apparatus for the purpose of recording or registering such bets or wagers or the selling of pools, or becomes the custodian or depositary for hire or reward, of any money, property or thing of value staked, wagered or pledged upon any such result, is punishable by imprisonment for one year, or by fine not exceeding $2,000 or both." In the same Code, as originally enacted, section 343 provided as follows: "A person who keeps a room, shed, tenement, tent, building, float or vessel, or any part thereof, to be used for gambling or for any purpose or in any manner forbidden by this chapter; or being the owner or agent knowingly lets the same to be so used, is guilty of a misdemeanor." These provisions made book-making and pool-selling crimes, wherever conducted within the State. In 1887 the Legislature passed the so-called Ives Pool Law, chapter 479 of the Laws of 1887. Section 4 thereof providing that, "The number of days upon which races may be conducted upon any race track or grounds is limited to thirty days in each year, and during that number of days only races shall be authorized and allowed upon such race tracks or grounds during which time the same may be kept open for the admission of the public, subject to the conditions and limitations prescribed by the acts or the several amendments thereto under which the said associations were incorporated, and the provisions of sections 351 and 352 of the Penal Code shall not apply to the grounds of such associations during the number of days in each year during which the said races are hereby authorized; that such racing and all pool-selling

in this state shall be confined to the period between the 15th of May and the 15th day of October, in each year, and all pool selling shall be confined to the tracks where the races take place, and on the days when the races take place." Section 7. "Any person who shall engage in pool selling at any time or place except as hereinbefore stated shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period not less than one, nor more than five years. This act shall take effect immediately," and was passed May 26, 1887. By this act pool-selling and book-making, which had theretofore been prohibited and made criminal everywhere, became "authorized and allowed" by law on certain race-tracks and at certain times. Brennan v. Brighton Beach Racing Assn., 56 Hun, 188. Thereafter a struggle between the race-tracks and the poolrooms began which was reflected in ensuing legislation. By chapter 428 of the Laws of 1889, section 343 of the Penal Code was amended so as to read: "Any corporation or association, or the officers thereof, or any copartnership or individual who shall keep a room, shed, tent, tenement, booth, building, float or vessel, or any part thereof, to be used for gambling or for any purpose or in any manner forbidden by this chapter, or for making any wagers or bets made to depend upon any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event, or on the future price of stocks, bonds, securities, commodities or property of any description whatever, or for making any contract or contracts for or on account of any money, property or thing in action, so bet or wagered, or being the owner or agent knowingly lets or permits the same to be so used, is guilty of a misdemeanor. This section shall not be extended so as to prohibit or in any manner affect any insurance made in good faith for the security or indemnity of the party insured, and which is not otherwise prohibited by law, nor to any contract on bottomry or respondentia. And nothing in this section shall be construed to repeal or otherwise affect the provisions of chapter 479 of the Laws of 1887, entitled 'An Act prescribing the period in each year during which, and the terms under which, racing may take place upon the grounds of associations incorporated for the purpose of improving the breed of horses, and suspending the operation of certain sections of the penal code.'"

It being a felony to sell pools or make books elsewhere than at an authorized race-track the poolroom people thereupon devised a scheme by which they claimed to be merely forwarders of the money deposited by bettors with them. The pretended to receive the same as common carriers to send to the race-tracks where it could be bet. This is clearly shown by the opinions in People v. Wynn, 35 St. Rep. 487, decided in December, 1890, affirmed on opinion below, 128 N. Y. 599, and People v. Fisher, 42 St. Rep. 884, decided in December, 1891.

The next act was chapter 469 of Laws of 1893, which amended chapter 479 of Laws of 1887, so that section 7 thereof provided as follows: "Any person who shall engage in pool-selling or book-making at any time or place except as hereinbefore stated, or who outside of any race-track or grounds on which racing is had, owned, leased or conducted by racing associations incorporated under the laws of the State of New York for the purpose of improving the breed of horses, shall occupy any room, shed, tenement, tent or building, or any part thereof, or shall occupy any place upon any public or private grounds within this state, with books, apparatus or paraphernalia for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, or of selling pools, or who shall record or register bets or wagers or sell pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election, or being the owner or lessee or occupant of any room, tent, tenement, shed, booth or building, or part thereof, knowingly shall permit the same to be used or occupied for any of these purposes; or therein shall keep, exhibit or employ any device or apparatus for the purpose of recording or registering such bets or wagers, or for the selling of such pools; or shall become the custodian or depositary for gain, hire or reward of any money, property or thing of value, staked, wagered or pledged, or to be wagered, or pledged upon any such result; or who shall receive, register, record, forward or purport or pretend to forward to or for any race course, whether managed and conducted in obedience to the provisions of this act or not, any money or consideration or thing of value, bet or wagered, or money, thing or consideration of value offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered upon

the speed or endurance of any man or beast, who shall occupy any place or building or part thereof, with books, papers, apparatus or paraphernalia for the purpose of receiving, or pretending to receive or for recording or registering, or for forwarding or pretending or attempting to forward in any manner whatever, any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or wagered or to be bet or wagered for any other person; or shall receive or offer to receive any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or to be bet at any race track, whether managed or conducted in obedience to the provisions of this act or not, or who shall aid, assist or abet in any manner in any of the acts forbidden by this statute, shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period not less than one, nor more than five years."

The clear intent and purpose of this statute was to reach the pool sellers who were conducting their business not upon the tracks, but in poolrooms, and to put an end to their pretense of being common carriers, and so the word "receivers," upon which the learned district attorney now lays such stress, came into the statutes, for this act not only made it a felony to record or register bets or wagers and to sell pools, other than at a race-track, but made it likewise a felony to become the custodian or depositary for gain, hire or reward of any money staked, wagered or pledged, or to be wagered or pledged, or to "receive, register, record, forward or purport or pretend to forward to or for any race course * * * any money * * * bet or wagered, or money * * * offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered * * * or to occupy any place * * * with books * * * for the purpose of receiving or pretending to receive, or for recording or registering or pretending to receive, or for recording or registering or for forwarding or pretending or attempting to forward in any manner whatever any money * * * bet or wagered or to be bet or wagered, for any other person; or shall receive or offer to receive any money * * * bet or to be bet at any race track."

Thus at the time of the convening of the constitutional convention, all gambling and betting was illegal, except that the law authorized and allowed pool-selling and book-making upon cer-

tain tracks for certain days when the same acts committed elsewhere were felonious.

It was under these circumstances that the constitutional provision was adopted "nor shall any * * * pool-selling, book-making or any other kind of gambling be authorized or allowed within this State." This provision was not self-executing, but the first Legislature thereafter convened passed the following statutes:

By chapter 570 of the Laws of 1895, chapter 479 of the Laws of 1887 and chapter 469 of the Laws of 1893, cited *supra*, were repealed. Section 17 of the act provided that "Any person who, upon any race course authorized by or entitled to the benefits of this act, shall make or record, directly or indirectly, any bet or wager on the result of any trial or contest of speed or power of endurance of horses taking place upon such race course, shall forfeit the value of any money or property so wagered, received or held by him, to be recovered in a civil action by the person or persons with whom such wager is made, or by whom such money or property is deposited. This penalty is exclusive of all other penalties prescribed by law for the acts in this section specified, except in case of the exchange, delivery or transfer of a record, registry, memorandum, token, paper or document of any kind whatever as evidence of any such bet or wager, or the subscribing by name, initials, or otherwise, of any record, registry or memorandum in the possession of another person of a bet or wager, intended to be retained by such other person or any other person as evidence of such bet or wager."

By chapter 571, section 343 of the Penal Code was amended by striking therefrom the provision that "nothing in this section shall be construed to repeal or otherwise affect the provisions of chapter 479 of the Laws of 1887." And by chapter 572, section 351 of the Penal Code was amended so as to read as follows: "Any person who engages in pool-selling, or book-making at any time or place; or any person who keeps or occupies any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth, or building, float or vessel, or any part thereof, or who occupies any place, or stand of any kind, upon any public or private grounds, within this State, with books, papers, apparatus or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording

or registering bets or wagers, or of selling pools, and any person who records or registers bets or wagers, or sells pools upon the result or any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election; or upon the result of any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event whatsoever; or any person who receives, registers, records or forwards, or purports or pretends to receive, register, record or forward, in any manner whatsoever, any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or wagered, or offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered, by or for any other person, or sells pools, upon any such result; or any person who, being the owner, lessee or occupant of any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, float or vessel, or part thereof, or of any grounds within this State, knowingly permits the same to be used or occupied for any of these purposes, or therein keeps, exhibits or employs any device or apparatus for the purpose of recording or registering such bets or wagers; or the selling of such pools, or becomes the custodian or depositary for gain, hire or reward, of any money, property or thing of value, staked, wagered or pledged, or to be wagered or pledged upon any such result; or any person who aids, assists or abets in any manner in any of the said acts, which are hereby forbidden, is guilty of a felony, except when another penalty is provided by law, and upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for a period not less than one year, nor more than two years, or by such imprisonment together with a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars. When an exclusive penalty is provided by law for an act hereby prohibited, the permitting of the use of premises for the doing of the act in such case shall not be deemed a violation hereof, or of Section 343 of this code."

The phraseology of section 351, as so amended, is quite clearly derived from section 7 of chapter 479 of the Laws of 1887, as amended by chapter 469 of the Laws of 1893. The effect of these acts, read together, was to make the acts prohibited felonies when committed at any other place than an authorized race-track. The statutes did not authorize or allow such acts upon an authorized race-track. They were still forbidden by law everywhere, but the making or recording of a bet upon such race-track, except

in case of the exchange, delivery or transfer of a record, registry, memorandum, token, paper or document, as evidence of a bet or wager, was not a crime. It was illegal and the value of any money or property bet or wagered could be recovered in a civil action by the person or persons with whom such bet was made. That is to say, that provision of the Revised Statutes, namely, a civil action to recover, which the Court of Appeals had said in Ruckman v. Pitcher, *supra*, manifested the intention of the Legislature to suppress and prohibit every specie of wager and bet "as one of the best and surest means of accomplishing that end" was made the exclusive penalty for these illegal acts committed on race-tracks.

The constitutionality of this legislation was upheld by the Court of Appeals in People ex rel. Sturgis v. Fallon, 152 N. Y. 1. The court said: "It is not within the province of this court to declare that Sec. 17 is in contravention of the constitution for the reason that it does not deem the provision adopted appropriate or sufficient to prevent such offenses * * * so long as this legislation was in any degree appropriate to carry into effect the purposes of the constitution, it does not fall under its condemnation."

By chapter 506 of the Laws of 1908, section 17 of chapter 570 of the Laws of 1895 was repealed; and by chapter 507 of the Laws of 1908, section 351 of the Penal Code was amended so as to read as hereinbefore set forth at the commencement of this opinion. The change in the section, as amended by the act of 1895, was to change the degree of the crime from a felony to a misdemeanor, punishable in a penitentiary or county jail for a term of not more than one year, and the striking out of the provision providing for an exception when another penalty is provided by law.

In the extended examination which I have made of the statutes, the only provision which I have been able to find which makes an oral bet, unaccompanied by any memorandum, a crime, is section 460 of the Penal Code, which provides that a person who bets, stakes or wagers money or other property upon the result of a prize fight is guilty of a misdemeanor. The effect of the legislation of 1908 was to put an end to the exclusive penalty

of a civil recovery for the making or recording of a bet upon an authorized race-track, and to make the laws applicable to gambling, betting, book-making and pool-selling the same within as without the inclosure. Betting is illegal everywhere, but it is not a crime unless so provided by positive enactment.

This court said in People ex rel. Lawrence v. Fallon (4 App. Div. 82): "It must be remembered that the constitution did not establish any new rule in this state. All gambling and betting and wagering had been forbidden for many years by statute. The only effect of the constitution was to put it out of the power of the Legislature to authorize any kind of gambling by the repeal of the laws which had theretofore forbidden it." The Court of Appeals said in People v. Stedeker (175 N. Y. 57): "While at common law wagers on indifferent subjects were legal and might be enforced, a gambling house or a resort for gamblers was a common nuisance for which its keeper might be indicted (Wharton Crim. Law, Sec. 2446). The same distinction has obtained in this state where ordinary betting has never been made a crime, though in some cases subject to small pecuniary mulcts, while the keeping of a gambling house, selling lottery tickets and the profession of a common gambler have been subjected to severe punishment."

The legislative history of the sections of the Penal Code here invoked, clearly establishes that the particular acts here complained of were not within the purview of the statute. The words "by or for any other person" in the clause "any person who receives, registers, records or forwards or purports or pretends to receive, register, record or forward, in any manner whatsoever, any money, thing or consideration of value, bet or wagered or offered for the purpose of being bet or wagered, by or for any other person, or sells pools upon any such result" have reference as it seems to me to the receipt, registering, recording or forwarding, and not to the money or thing wagered. The person who receives payment of the bet he has made is not the "any other person" alluded to.

The statute is aimed at the stakeholder, the bookmaker and the poolseller. To construe the language in the manner contended for by the learned district attorney is to wrench words from the

context, to violate the grammatical construction of the sentence, and to ignore the historical development of the statute and the obvious intention of the Legislature in the various enactments of which it is the ultimate result.

It follows, therefore, that the order sustaining the writ of habeas corpus and discharging the prisoner was right and should be affirmed.

All concur.

The appeal from the foregoing decision was dismissed by the Court of Appeals (194 N. Y. 556).

OPINION AT SPECIAL TERM.

SUPREME COURT — KINGS COUNTY.

The People *ex rel.* Sol Lichtenstein and Others *v.* Joseph Langan.

Maddox, J. The relator stands charged with the crime of "engaging in bookmaking," and the question here is whether the facts stated in the respective informations constitute that crime, as contemplated and provided for by section 351 of the Penal Code.

It is quite unnecessary here to refer at length to the statutory provisions relating to gambling enacted prior to the amendment of that section in 1908 (chap. 507) since, so far as is pertinent to this inquiry such statutes have been fully and exhaustively covered in the learned opinion of Mr. Justice Clarke in The People, etc., v. McLaughlin, reported in 113 N. Y. Supp. 188.

In the information it is alleged that the relators, on a race-track where "various and divers horses" were announced to and did participate in certain horse-races then and there conducted, did "quote and lay odds" to many persons then present upon the results of said races, "that is to say, did state and publish to said persons the terms on which they * * * were willing then and there to bet with said persons on said results and against

said horses;" that they also then and there offered to bet odds with various persons, varying in ratio at different times, such amount as might be agreed upon that a horse therein named would lose, and in one it is alleged that a bet of "eighty dollars against fifty dollars" was made with a person whose name is unknown that the horse named therein, one of several contestants, would lose.

It will be noticed that there is no suggestion that any book, sheet or memoranda were kept, or that any book entries or memoranda were made, or that relators, or either of them, recorded or registered any quotation of odds, bet or offer to bet, and there is no claim that there was then present any machine, device or paraphernalia for the recording or registering of bets and the terms thereof or ratio of odds offered. The posting of the odds quoted and laid is unnecessary, and if the other elements of book-making are present it is enough that the odds were stated orally.

The claim is that relators having orally quoted and laid odds and offered to bet the same with various persons upon the results of horse-races then pending and having made one oral wager at odds were engaged in book-making in violation of the Penal Code section before referred to.

The making of the one wager, even though it be at odds, was not a crime; it was an ordinary bet between individuals, and since "ordinary betting has never been made a crime" (People v. Stedeker, 175 N. Y. 57, 62; People, etc., v. McLaughlin, 113 N. Y. Supp. 306, 308; People, etc., v. Sheriff, etc., 112 N. Y. Supp. 154), *a fortiori* an offer to bet is not, in and of itself, a criminal offense, whether the offer be on even terms or on varying odds, and the learned district attorney has not referred me to any provision of law making the oral quoting and laying of odds, even if made to many persons and upon a race-track, of itself, a crime.

A bookmaker, as contemplated by section 351 of the Penal Code, is of necessity a betting man, while a betting man, though wagering odds upon or against the happening of a contingency or any event dependent upon chance or speed, is not necessarily a bookmaker, since book-making is the business of recording or registering wagers so made with various persons, on terms and

at odds varying in ratio at different times, but determined by the bookmaker, upon or against the success or failure of a number of contestants, whether man or beast, in an event involving and depending upon speed, endurance, chance or hazard, as ordinarily to require the bookmaker to pay less than he has received on the wagers made, or, to put it more concisely, to leave him the winner in the net result of all the wagers so made by him.

The determination reached by Judge Geismar in his opinion upon the same question as here raised, involving the sufficiency of the informations first had against the relators, I fully concur in; his able opinion and the views therein expressed evidence great research and careful consideration; they have been of much assistance to me.

The conclusion reached by me on this discussion is that taking all the facts stated in the informations as true they do not show that relators were engaged in book-making as contemplated by the Penal Code (section 351) and, therefore, the writs are sustained and the relators discharged from custody.

OPINION AT APPELLATE DIVISION.

SUPREME COURT — APPELLATE DIVISION — SECOND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Woodward, Jenks, Gaynor, Burr and Miller, JJ.

The People of the State of New York *ex rel.* Orlando Jones *v.* Joseph Langan, a Lieutenant of Police, Appellant.

[132 App. Div. 393.]

Appeal from an order of the Kings County Special Term, sustaining a writ of habeas corpus, and discharging the relator.

Gaynor, J. Any person who engages in "book-making" is guilty of a misdemeanor (Penal Code, § 351). The information and the warrant against the relator accuse him of the crime of "engaging in book-making." The information has to state facts

which constitute book-making (Code Crim. Pro., § 742; People v. Corbalis, 178 N. Y. 516; People v. Pillion, 78 Hun, 74; People v. Miller, 81 App. Div. 255). It does not do so. It states that the relator did on a race-track "quote and lay odds" to many persons, specifying the said odds, "that is to say, did state and publish to said persons the terms on which" he was willing to bet with the said persons against the horses on the result of races there to be run by such horses, and did bet $500 to $200 with a person named that a certain horse would lose. There is no allegation of the writing or recording of anything. The learned counsel for the people admits there was no writing or recording, and argues that book-making means only the making up by one of a plan or system, called a "book," of odds to be followed by him in betting with all comers, and which, though it may be written or recorded, does not need to be, but may be made up and carried in his head, and communicated or published by him orally. This is not so. There can be no book-making without writing or recording. The word in betting, and as used in the Penal Code, implies the use of a book, or sheets of paper, or a bulletin board, or some such thing. This is the genesis of the word. It is not necessary to enter upon a precise definition, no facts of writing or recording being alleged.

The order should be affirmed.

OPINION HANDED DOWN NOVEMBER 9, 1909.

COURT OF APPEALS.

THE PEOPLE *ex rel.* LICHTENSTEIN, Respondent, *v.* JOSEPH LANGAN, a Lieutenant of Police.

[196 N. Y. 260.]

Appeal from an order of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in the Second Judicial Department, which affirmed an order of Special Term sustaining a writ of habeas corpus, and directing that the relator be released from custody.

HAIGHT, J. The relator was arrested by virtue of a warrant, upon information filed by the district attorney with the Court of Special Sessions in the city of New York, in which information the relator was accused of the crime of engaging in book-making. The information charged that "The said Sol Lichtenstein, William Brown and Louis Mayer on the 23d day of September, 1908, at the Borough of Brooklyn, of the City of New York, in the County of Kings, on the grounds of a private inclosure known as the racecourse of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, a domestic corporation, where certain trials and contests of skill, speed and power of endurance of horses, commonly called horse-races, were then and there conducted, did unlawfully, willfully and knowingly, to many persons, upon the results of said races and upon various and divers horses that were anounced to participate and did participate in said races, quote and lay odds, that is to say, did state and publish to said persons the terms on which they, said Sol Lichtenstein, William Brown and Louis Mayer, were willing then and there to bet with said persons on said results and against said horses; and did then and there quote and lay odds, as aforesaid, of eight to five on one of said horses called Fitz Herbert, and did then and there accept a bet of fifty dollars from a person whose name to the district attorney is unknown, but who can be identified, on said horse at said odds, that is to say, bet eighty dollars against fifty dollars bet by said person, that said horse would lose, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided." Thereupon relator petitioned for a writ of habeas corpus in which he claimed that the information filed stated no offense under section 351 of the Penal Code. Upon the hearing at Special Term the writ was sustained and the relator was discharged from custody.

Section 351 of the Penal Code, so far as is now material, provides as follows: "Any person who engages in * * * book-making at any time or place; or any person who keeps or occupies any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth, or building, float or vessel, or any part thereof, or who occupies any place or stand of any kind, upon any public or private grounds within this state, with books, papers, apparatus or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, * * * and any per-

son who records or registers bets or wagers, * * * upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance, of man or beast, or upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election; * * * is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment in a penitentiary or county jail for a period of not more than one year."

Upon the argument of this appeal the learned district attorney stated that in the informaion by him, in which he charged the relator with laying odds and publishing the same to numerous persons, he did not intend to charge that such laying odds and publishing was by any writing or printed instrument, but that it was oral. We thus have the question presented as to whether a person who offers to bet, and so announces to others orally, upon a horse or horses that are about to engage in a race in which he lays odds, is a bookmaker within the meaning of the statute.

It will be observed that it is not alleged in the information, nor was it claimed upon the argument of this appeal, that the relator kept or occupied any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth, or building, float or vessel, or that he occupied any place or stand of any kind, upon any public or private grounds, with books, papers, apparatus or paraphernalia, for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, nor is it alleged or pretended that he recorded or registered any bets or wagers. The provision relied upon by the district attorney is that he was engaged in book-making; that the laying of odds and orally announcing them constituted book-making within the meaning of the statute.

The term "book-making" originally indicated a collection of sheets of paper or other substances upon which entries could be made, either written or printed. But the term has been used in many ways, and in determining its meaning as used in this statute, we must consider the evident purpose and intention of the Legislature in enacting the provision in question, giving to the term its ordinary and accepted meaning as it was understood at that time.

For many years the racing of horses for the purpose of determining their skill, speed and power of endurance has been one of the diversions in which a portion of the public has indulged, and no county fair has been considered complete without a race.

Generally, in large cities, associations have been organized which have constructed tracks and inclosed grounds for that purpose, and annually have maintained races by the prominent horses of the day. Of late years, however, these associations have tolerated a system of book-making which has come to be regarded as specially vicious and demoralizing to the public. The ordinary bookmaker is a person who follows the races and becomes fully informed with reference to the skill, speed and endurance of the horses that are entered for races. These horses are taken from one meeting to another of the various racing associations, and thereby the bookmakers are enabled to prepare a list of the horses entered for a race, with the odds so arranged as to percentages as to give them a profit whichever the winning horse may be. These schedules are written out and either posted or circulated by the clerks or agents of the bookmaker among the persons in attendance upon the races and their bets solicited, and when a customer is found he is given a check indicating the horse and amount upon which he has placed his money. This was the scheme under which bookmakers were enabled to induce men, women and persons of immature years to part with their money, thus enabling the bookmaker to reap great profits out of the public and to become the chief supporters of the races. This is the evil which the Legislature sought to prevent by the enactment of the Hart-Agnew bill, chapters 506 and 507 of the Laws of 1908. The making of the lists and the laying of the odds so as to make the percentages such as to give the bookmaker a profit has to be carefully figured, the maker taking into consideration the speed and endurance of the respective horses, and in order to make a practical use of the list and secure bets it of necessity has to be entered upon paper or some other material so that the odds upon each horse may be posted or shown to the patrons of the races when their bets are solicited.

It is perhaps true that a bookmaker may retain in his own mind the memory of the odds where three or four horses only are entered in a race so that he could state the odds orally to others, but it would be difficult for him or his customers to remember the precise amounts in many transactions and base their bets thereon, and consequently but very few bets could be taken under such circum-

stances. The masses could not be drawn into the scheme and their money obtained without some writing or entry that they could rely upon.

There has always been observed a distinction between betting and gambling, or the maintaining of a house or place to which people could resort to gamble. At common law wagers on different subjects were legal and might be enforced, while a gambling-house or a resort for gamblers was a public nuisance. The same distinction obtains in this State where ordinary betting has never been made a crime, while the keeping of a gambling-house has been subjected to severe punishment. People v. Stedeker, 175 N. Y. 57–62. The laying of odds standing alone does not, therefore, constitute a crime. If a man should offer to bet the ladies of his party a pair of gloves to a box of candy, it would be the laying of odds and publishing the same. To hold him to be a bookmaker would, in my judgment, be a departure from the rule which gives to the terms of the statute their ordinary and accepted meaning, and would be a construction which was not within the contemplation of the Legislature. The vice of book-making chiefly consists in soliciting and in inducing the public to take chances in the carefully figured and planned scheme of the bookmaker, and this, in order to be profitable to him, requires the writing out of the list of the odds laid on some paper or material so that they can be seen by those who are solicited to invest.

We, consequently, conclude that the information filed by the district attorney failed to allege acts which constituted the crime of book-making, and that, therefore, the order appealed from should be affirmed.

Cullen, Ch. J. I concur in the opinion of Haight, J., for affirmance of the order appealed from. Doubtless the Legislature, by the enactments before us, intended to suppress public gambling on race-tracks and elsewhere. It is also true that in the judgment of at least part of the community all betting or gambling is wrong. Legislation, however, should be practical, and it is at least doubtful whether a statute making every offer or acceptance of a bet or wager a crime could, in the present state of the morals and habits of the community, be enforced. A general failure to enforce such a statute would bring the law into

contempt and probably end in suffering all gambling to go unchecked. It might also be hard to differentiate between public and private gambling. For that reason, while the statute makes all bets and wagers illegal and void and money lost thereon recoverable, it has made gambling a crime only where it is accompanied by record, registry or the use of some part of the paraphernalia of professional gamblers, except in the case of pool-selling, where probably no writing or record is necessary to constitute the crime. While in reality the statute is directed against gambling, not against its incidents on the theory the law has laid hold of certain incidents on the theory that those being prohibited the evil itself will be suppressed because of the impracticability of carrying on gambling on a large scale without some of the accessories denounced by the statute. How far this plan has proved successful in operation is for the Legislature, not the courts, to determine, and we cannot hold that the act of the relator constitutes a crime unless it falls within the terms of the satute. I think plainly it does not. It is urged by the learned district attorney that "bookmaking is really the arrangement of odds by which the bettor who arranges the odds seeks to do so in such a way as to stand a better chance of winning than those who bet with him, and the publication, in any manner whatever, of those odds for the purpose of getting bets." I cannot see that this definition of book-making affords any tangible distinction between that form of betting and other wagers. It may be assumed that anyone offering a wager of a substantial sum believes that he has a better chance of winning than those who bet with him, and when he offers to wager, he undoubtedly publishes the offer. It has been also suggested that bookmakers arrange the odds they offer to bet on various horses so that, assuming all their wagers are accepted, there will result a substantial profit to them. Doubtless this is true, otherwise there would be no motive for their adopting the vocation of professional gamblers. But I have no idea that either the constitutional provision or the statutory enactment was directed against book-making for that reason. It was not intended to secure to persons who chose to bet with professional gamblers an even chance, but to prevent public gambling

itself and the injury resulting therefrom to public morals. As already said, whether the plan adopted to suppress the evil is an efficacious one or not is solely for the Legislature.

Vann, J. (dissenting). The crime of "engaging in book-making," as set forth in the statute and charged in the information before us, means engaging in public gambling as a business, according to a particular method. The method is to publicly quote and lay odds to all comers on the result of an uncertain event, such as a horse-race about to take place, on the basis of a plan so furtively arranged as to enable one party to win as a rule, and to cause the other parties to lose as a rule. This is the substance of the crime, which may or may not be accompanied with the making of a record of the transaction. The record, if made, is merely evidence of the odds quoted and the bets laid, so as to aid the memory. It is but an incident, such as maintaining a tent or booth, or making use of some other convenient agency to accomplish the result intended. While the crime can be committed with greater profit and more frequently by the use of a book, this does not make a written memorandum a part of the crime of book-making any more than it is a part of the crime of pool-selling. Private betting and book-making are widely separated both in nature and effect, and the evil, if any, resulting from the one is trifling, while the evil resulting from the other is serious. As is well said in the prevailing opinion: "The vice of book-making consists chiefly in the soliciting and in the inducing the public to take chances in the carefully figured and planned scheme of the book-maker. * * *."

The Constitution forbids book-making, without defining it, except by the association of words as a form of gambling, and the statute forbids engaging in book-making also without defining it, but making it a distinct and independent offense. A disjunctive conjunction separates the first clause of section 351 of the Penal Code from those that follow and its functions is to unite all the clauses grammatically, but to separate them in meaning and application. The effect, so far as the offense of "engaging in book-making" is concerned, is the same as if there was nothing in the section except the first clause and the closing words, which

pronounce the offender guilty of a misdemeanor and provide the punishment to be inflicted.

In view of the explicit command of the Constitution and the history of legislation upon the subject, as well as the origin of the word "book-making" and its meaning in the country from which we borrowed it, I think the statute prohibits engaging in book-making with or without the aid of any writing, because writing is not of the substance and need not be resorted to, and, hence, if resorted to, is a mere incident. Engaging in the business of public gambling by quoting and laying insidious odds to a multitude of people was the evil aimed at, not the making of a record of the business, which is comparatively innocent. I vote to reverse because, *me judice*, the information sets forth a criminal offense.

Willard Bartlett, Hiscock and Chase, JJ., concur with Haight, J., and Cullen, Ch. J.; Vann, J., reads dissenting opinion; Edward T. Bartlett, J., not sitting.

Order affirmed.

OPINION.

SUPREME COURT — APPELLATE DIVISION — SECOND DEPARTMENT.

The People of the State of New York, Appellant, *v.* William Engeman, and Others, Respondents.

[Reported, 129 App. Div. 462.]

Appeal from an order of the County Court of Kings county, sustaining the defendants' demurrers to an indictment of the Kings county grand jury.

Woodward, J. The defendants in this action are charged with a violation of the provisions of section 344 of the Penal Code in that on "the thirteenth day of July, 1908, at the Borough of Brooklyn, of the City of New York, in the County of Kings, the said William Engeman, Christopher Fitzgerald and John G. Cavanagh were the owners, agents and superintendents of a certain device and apparatus for gambling, that is to say, a certain

device and apparatus commonly called Advance Information, said device and apparatus being a sheet of paper on which was written the names of horses that had been entered to and were to run and take part in a certain horse race, the same being a trial and contest of skill, speed and power of endurance between said horses, then and there arranged to take place and about to take place on premises then and there situate and commonly known and designated as the grounds of the Brighton Beach Racing Association and as the Brighton Beach Race Track, and on which also was written alongside the names of such horses the names of the riders or jockeys who were entered to and about to ride said horses in said race, and on which was designated also the names of the horses theretofore entered to take part in said race that had been scratched, that is to say, been withdrawn from said contest and that would not participate therein, together with the number of said race and the distance over which said contest was to be run by said horses; and being then and there such persons and each aiding, abetting, assisting and advising the others, did knowingly, unlawfully, wilfully and feloniously allow, procure and permit said device and apparatus to be used by many and divers persons to this Grand Jury at present unknown, for and in gambling, to wit, for and in bookmaking, and for and in the calculation and laying and quoting of odds on said horses, that is to say, the figures at which said persons were willing to and offered to make bets and wagers on said horses and on said race, against the form of the statute in such cases made and provided."

The defendants have demurred to this indictment, among other grounds, that it does not state facts sufficient to constitute a crime, and the learned court below has sustained the demurrer. Appeal comes to this court, and the learned district attorney, in appealing from the order, states in his brief that the "whole question before the County Court turned upon whether the device and apparatus mentioned in the indictment was a device and apparatus for gambling, within the terms of section 344," and that this "appears to be the only point in issue," so that it does not seem to be necessary to travel over the elaborate argument of counsel for the respondents. If this paper, containing information as to the horses entered, the names of the jockeys who were to ride them,

the names of the horses which had been withdrawn, the length of the race to be run, and its number, constitute a device for gambling, then upon this point the demurrer is not well taken, and it will be necessary to consider the other objections raised by the demurrer. On the other hand, if this slip of paper is not a device for gambling, then the demurrer is good upon the ground specifically urged by the respondents, and the order should be affirmed.

Section 344 of the Penal Code provides that "a person who is the owner, agent or superintendent of a place, or of any device, or apparatus, for gambling; or who hires, or allows to be used a room, table, establishment or apparatus for such a purpose, or who engages as dealer, game keeper or player in any gambling or banking game, where money or property is dependent upon the result; or who sells or offers to sell what are commonly called lottery policies, or any writing, paper, document in the nature of a bet, wager, or insurance upon the drawing or drawn numbers of any public or private lottery; or who indorses or uses a book, or other document, for the purpose of enabling others to sell, or offer to sell, lottery policies, or other such writings, papers or documents, is a common gambler, and punishable by imprisonment," etc.

It is urged that instead of construing this language in its plain and obvious sense, we should treat the words "for gambling" to mean the same as if the statute read "for the purpose of gambling," and that as it is alleged that these slips of paper, conveying information in respect to the races to be run, were used, or offered to be used as the foundation on which bets or wagers were to be made, the indictment is good as against the ground specially under consideration. But we know of no rule which requires us to transpose words or to add words to a criminal or penal statute for the sake of giving them an enlarged effect. On the contrary, where language is intelligently used, and accomplishes a purpose, it is to be understood and applied by the courts in its obvious and commonly understood import, and thus construed we are clear that the Legislature never intended to say that an innocent slip of paper, conveying information which would be of interest to any man who might be present at a horse-race, and

which contained no scheme for gambling upon its face, and which gave no directions where gambling could be done, and which was no more a part of gambling than the same information would be if picked up by each individual by laboriously searching out the various persons who might be able to afford it, constitutes a "device, or apparatus, for gambling." If we could say that the printed slip of paper constituted a "device or apparatus for gambling," because it contained information which a careful gambler might desire before making his wager, we might go back and say that the types from which the slip was printed constituted a "device, or apparatus for gambling," because it was used to make the slips, and so we might go back to the paper before the printing was upon it, and thence back to the papermill, and still further to the trees in the forest from which the paper was made, but in law the immediate and not the remote cause of any event is regarded, for "it were infinite for the law to judge the causes of causes, and their impulsions one of another; therefore, it contenteth itself with the immediate cause, and judgeth of acts by that, without looking to any further degree." (Bacon's Maxims, reg. 1.) A "device or apparatus for gambling" is a device or apparatus designed for carrying on the actual gambling — for determining whether the player is to win or lose, like the wheel of fortune in its manifold modifications, and contrivances of that sort. In Commonwealth v. Adams (160 Mass. 310) the defendant was convicted under a statute of being present in a common gaming-house when gambling implements were found there. He contended that the presiding justice should have ruled that, as matter of law, the furniture, blackboards, sheets, manifold book and policy slips found in the room when he was arrested were not implements of gaming within the meaning of the statute, because not essential in the game which the evidence intended to show was played there. In commenting on this contention the court say: "But if an article is ordinarily used in playing an unlawful game, it may be an implement of that game within the meaning of the statute, although the game can be conducted without it. Neither the fact that the implement is susceptible of a lawful use, as in the case of the table, blackboard or manifold book, nor the fact that the game can be played without its use,

as in the case of the policy slip, makes it as matter of law impossible that the article should be an implement. If, as the game is actually carried on, the utensil is a material instrument in ascertaining whether the player shall win or lose, it is an implement of gaming." This is the test, whether the implement or device is used in determining who shall win or lose, whether it is an integral part of the actual gambling. A gambling device is defined (20 Cyc. 871) as an "invention often used to determine the question as to who wins and who loses, that risk their money on a contest or chance of any kind; anything which is used as a means of playing for money or other thing of value, so that the result depends more largely on chance than skill;" and again (14 Am. & Eng. Ency. of Law [2 ed.], 684), it is defined as "any invention or contrivance to determine who wins or loses money on a contest of chance. It will include only such instruments or contrivances as are intended for the purpose of gaming and such as are used to determine the result of the contest on which the wager is laid." An apparatus is defined as being "Implements; an equipment of things provided and adapted as a means to some end; any complex instrument or appliance for a specific action or operation" (2 Cyc. 473). Certainly this slip of paper, with the information which it contained, was not a device or apparatus for gambling in in any possible sense. It did not on its face pretend to relate to gambling; it was such a slip as any individual might make out for his own information or for the information of those who were interested in the races, and the mere fact that it might afford facts which would be useful to the man of sporting proclivities in making up his mind how he desired to place his wager does not constitute it a device for gambling under any of the definitions which we have been able to find.

The order appealed from should be affirmed.

Jenks, Hooker, Gaynor and Miller, JJ., concurred.

(The foregoing decision was affirmed by the Court of Appeals, without opinion, by decision reported in 195 N. Y. p. 591.)

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 47.

IN ASSEMBLY

MARCH 10, 1910.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS RELATIVE TO CLEARING THE CHANNEL OF THE HUDSON RIVER OF THE ICE GORGE.

STATE OF NEW YORK:

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,

ALBANY, *March* 8, 1910.

To the Honorable, The Senate and Assembly of the State of New York:

I have the honor to report that, pursuant to the concurrent resolution passed by you on the 2d instant, calling upon the Department of Public Works to clear the channel of the Hudson river of the ice gorges which had formed, in order to relieve flood conditions, the work tending to the accomplishment of this purpose was inaugurated as promptly as was found to be possible in view of the fact that the department had not previously been held responsible for caring for conditions on the Hudson river, and therefore had no special equipment.

At once, upon being notified of your action, a personal survey was made of the river in order to ascertain the exact conditions and to judge what steps might be taken to give relief.

It was found that an ice pack, extending from the village of Castleton southerly a distance of several miles, completely choked the channel, and that while there was open water above this, below

it ice in thickness from 12 to 18 inches remained intact almost to Poughkeepsie.

While a crew was organized for the purpose of attacking the channel of Schodack creek and thus permitting a temporary outflow, thereby guarding against a further excess of flood until some permanent relief could be given, it was found that the only method of dislodging the gorge was to break the ice in the lower river, and for this purpose the services of two of the most powerful tugs on the Hudson river were secured, and they began the attack on the ice on the morning of the 3rd instant.

The tugs began their work at Rondout, but on account of the firmness of the ice and its excessive thickness, the progress was necessarily slow. It was the judgment of those who previously had had experience in relieving rivers gorged and blockaded with ice that the lower channel must be opened in order to provide outflow for the ice in the gorge when relieved; that otherwise the only effect would be to change the location of the gorge.

The opening of the channel was completed on the morning of the 7th instant, and immediately thereafter the blockade was attacked with the result that the gorge was entirely released within a few hours. All danger of any further trouble the present year is therefore past.

Notwithstanding that the Hudson river is under the jurisdiction of the Federal authorities, and notwithstanding the further fact that the department had neither funds nor equipment for undertaking this work, it felt in duty bound to cheerfully respond to your request. Nevertheless, this seems an opportune occasion for pointing out that inasmuch as the Federal government claims full control over the Hudson river as far north as the Troy State dam, though it never has undertaken any measures to prevent floods and their attendant destruction nor to relieve flood conditions when they exist, to do so would seem to be an obligation which goes with authority and jurisdiction over this river.

Where the State claims and exercises active jurisdiction and supervision, the State has accepted these obligations, and the records of the Court of Claims will show the payment of hundreds of thousands of dollars for damage which has resulted along such streams and watercourses where the State was assumed to be responsible for conditions resulting in doing damage.

Excessive floods on the Hudson river have been of annual recurrence due to the forming of ice gorges at one or another of the

"necks of the bottle," and the damage which has resulted on these occasions in nearly all the cities and villages north of Rondout and as far as Troy can hardly be computed, not to mention the actual suffering which these floods have entailed.

These are conditions where an ounce of prevention would be worth many pounds of cure. If the Federal government, by some method, could be brought to recognize its responsibility for these recurrent conditions and its obligation to prevent, or to give relief when not prevented, this, of course, would be a happy solution of the problem. If, however, this is not possible of accomplishment and the State, as on this occasion, is to assume the responsibility for relieving conditions and preventing a wholesale destruction of property and menace to life and health, the suggestion is made that it would be the part of wisdom for the State to make provision in advance for meeting these conditions, placing the responsibility for the discharge of whatever duties might result upon some official who, knowing of this responsibility, would be prepared to cope with the conditions as they might arise.

Had this department been advised before the recent floods and the formation of the ice gorges, that it would be expected to give relief, it could and probably would have been so equipped that with a small expenditure of money and a considerable expenditure of energy, the formation of the gorges could have been prevented, or if not prevented, they could have been destroyed in time to have averted any actual damage.

Respectfully submitted,

WINSLOW W. MEAD,
Deputy Superintendent of Public Works.

New York State Reformatory, Elmira, N. Y.,— 1909.

Thirty-fourth Annual Report

OF THE

New York State Reformatory at Elmira

AND THE

Ninth Annual Report

OF THE

Eastern New York Reformatory at Napanoch

For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 1909

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 14, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

A Statement Containing the Name and Term of Office of each Member of the Board of Managers from 1876 to September 30, 1908.

Louis D. Pilsbury	1876–1880
Sinclair Tousey	1876–1880
William C. Wey	1876–1897
Rufus King	1876–1880
Ariel S. Thurston	1876–1880
John I. Nicks	1880–1887
David Decker	1880–1885
John T. Rathbun	1882–1887
Stephen T. Arnot	1882–1885
M. H. Arnot	1885–1900
Lehman Rosenbaum	1885–1887
James B. Rathbone	1887–1899
F. W. Mitchell	1887–1890
W. H. Peters	1887–1899
B. L. Swartwood	1891–1895
C. T. Willis	1895–1899
John M. Diven	1897–1901
Thomas Sturgis	1899–1902
Henry G. Danforth	1899–1900
Ansley Wilcox	1899–1900
Charles H. Beckett	1900–1902
Charles F. Howard	1900–1907
Justus H. Harris	1900–1907
Seymour Dexter	1901–1904
Henry Solomon	1902–1907
Henry Melville	1902–
William N. Eastabrook	1904–
Frank B. Hoornbeek	1906–
John F. Herbert	1906–
Maurice M. Wall	1907–
Marvin Olcott	1908–
Charles J. Liebmann	1908–

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

President.

HENRY MELVILLE, New York.

Vice-President and Treasurer.

FRANK B. HOORNBEEK, Eastern New York Reformatory, Ellenville.

Secretary and Treasurer.

WILLIAM N. EASTABROOK, New York State Reformatory, Elmira.

JOHN F. HERBERT, Kingston.
MAURICE M. WALL, Buffalo.
MARVIN OLCOTT, Corning.
CHARLES J. LIEBMANN, New York.

OFFICIAL STAFF NEW YORK STATE REFORMATORY

Administrative.

Joseph F. Scott, Superintendent.
Patrick J. McDonnell, Assistant Superintendent.

Clerical.

John R. Robinson, Chief Clerk.
Frank W. Newton, Steward.
Fred C. Allen, Stenographer.

Medical.

Frank L. Christian, M. D., Senior Physician.

Chaplains.

Rev. William H. Chapman, M. A., Protestant Chaplain.
Rev. John A. Conway, Catholic Chaplain.
Julius L. Pollak, Jewish Chaplain.

Educational.

Ivan T. Smith, Director, School of Letters.

Technical.

Edward E. Clark, M. E., Director, Trades School.

Military.

Vincent M. Masten, Instructor.

Disciplinary.

Richard C. Chatfield, Disciplinary Officer.

Engineering.

Gordon A. Shepardson, Chief Engineer.

Administrative.

Joseph F. Scott, Superintendent.
George Deyo, Assistant Superintendent.

Clerical.

DeVere E. Smith, Chief Clerk.

Medical.

Frank I. Heacox, M. D., Physician.

Chaplains.

Rev. C. Morton Scitles, Protestant Chaplain.
Rev. Theodore Bamberg, Catholic Chaplain.
Rabbi Isador Bernstein, Jewish Chaplain.

Educational.

Abram Deyo, Director, School of Letters.

Disciplinary.

Burgar M. Bailey, Captain of the Guard.

Engineering.

Benjamin J. Wilkinson, Assistant Engineer.

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 48.

IN ASSEMBLY,

MARCH 14, 1910.

REPORT OF THE STATE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF REFORMATORIES 1908-1909.

To the Honorable, the Legislature:

The state board of managers of reformatories submit the following report of the New York State Reformatory at Elmira and of the Eastern New York Reformatory at Napanoch, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909, the same being the thirty-fourth year of the former and the third year of the latter under a reformatory system of administration.

The report of the general superintendent of both institutions, and the very full financial and statistical tables appended, render additional extended comment unnecessary. We, therefore, confine ourselves to pointing out the distinguishing characteristics of the year's record and the nature of immediate legislative action that we deem advisable.

MOVEMENTS OF POPULATION.

Elmira.

Population, September 30, 1908			1,436
Received, new State indefinites		1,241	
Received, new United States definites		34	
Returned for violation of parole		135	
Returned from Dannemora State Hospital		9	
Total addition			1,419
Total number of prisoners			2,855
Ordinary paroles	1,063		
Invalid paroles	23		
Paroled in custody	11		
Total paroles		1,097	
Transferred to government hospital at Washington	1		
Transferred to Napanoch Reformatory	349		
Transferred to Auburn Prison	10		
Transferred to Dannemora State Hospital	24		
Total transferred		384	
Discharged at expiration of sentence	24		
Sentence commuted by President	2		
Deaths	3		
Escaped while being transferred	1		
Total		30	
			1,511
Population September 30, 1909			1,344
Average population per month			1,529

DRESS PARADE.

COMPARISON OF ELMIRA POPULATION WITH THAT OF PREVIOUS YEARS.

	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909
Total number of inmates	2,381	2,510	2,518	2,815	2,855
New arrivals	1,067	1,097	1,093	1,466	1,275
Average population	1,295	1,453	1,313	1,452	1,529
Transfers on account of insanity	10	11	6	22	25
Other transfers	105	180	181	450	360
Regular paroles	830	1,016	1,047	876	1,063
Deaths	10	12	8	7	3

Napanoch.

Population September 30, 1908		478
Received from Elmira	349	
Returned for violation of parole	28	
Returned from escape	1	
Total addition		378
Total number of prisoners		856
Regular paroles	354	
Pardoned by Governor	1	
Transferred to Dannemora State Hospital	12	
Discharged at expiration of sentence	56	
Deaths	6	
Total loss		429
Population September 30, 1909		427
Average population per month		455

It will be observed that at Elmira the "total number of inmates," the "average population" and the number of "paroles" were each the largest of any year in the institution's history.

The number of commitments was less than in the previous year, due, doubtless, to the better industrial condition of the country, but was still much larger than in any year prior to 1908.

With return to normal conditions we have already noted some improvement in the ability of paroled men to secure employment, and expect this to continue.

The number of transfers from Elmira on account of insanity was 25 in 1909 and 22 in 1908, as compared with 6 in 1907, 11 in 1906 and 10 in 1905. As most of these men were insane on their arrival we probably have in such figures another illustration of the effect of hard times.

TRANSFERS.

Napanoch has been kept as nearly full as is practicable with its present cell capacity.

All commitments are originally made to Elmira, from which, as occasion arises, prisoners are transferred to Napanoch in squads of 50.

Three classes of men are selected for transfer, viz.: (a) Those over 25 years of age; (b) those who have had the advantages of Elmira for a year or more and have been returned for violation of parole, and (c) those skilled in some trade or handicraft which will make them useful in the construction and other special work of the smaller institution.

The marking system is substantially the same in the two places and any record made in one counts in the other.

STATE COURT COMMITMENTS BY COUNTIES.

Indefinites.	1908.	1909.
Albany	4	10
Alleghany	....	2
Broome	15	12
Cattaraugus	2	6
Cayuga	2	1
Chautauqua	12	7
Chemung	10	5
Chenango	7	6
Clinton	4	3
Columbia	3	....
Cortland	1	4
Delaware	1	1
Dutchess	4	5
Erie	142	46
Essex	5	5

	1908.	1909.
Franklin	1	2
Fulton	....	2
Genesee	3	3
Greene	1	1
Hamilton	1	....
Herkimer	4	6
Jefferson	14	8
Kings	200	258
Lewis	....	2
Livingston	2	1
Madison	1	2
Monroe	40	21
Montgomery	1	4
Nassau	4	14
New York	826	561
Niagara	13	10
Oneida	12	12
Onondaga	20	39
Ontario	5	4
Orange	9	15
Orleans	....	6
Oswego	5	8
Otsego	3	2
Putnam	1	....
Queens	25	21
Rensselaer	2	3
Richmond	5	8
Rockland	2	1
Saratoga	2	4
Schenectady	7	12
Schuyler	5	1
Schoharie	....	3
Steuben	1	10
Seneca	2	4
St. Lawrence	5	8
Suffolk	4	10
Sullivan	4	3

	1908.	1909.
Tioga	....	3
Tompkins	3	6
Ulster	5	5
Warren	1	6
Washington	1	....
Wayne	3	3
Westchester	10	30
Wyoming	1	4
	1,449	1,241

United States Court Commitments by Districts.

Definites.	1909
Eastern District of New York	5
Southern District of New York	11
Western District of New York	8
Northern District of New York	....
Middle District of Pennsylvania	5
Northern District of Ohio	4
District of Columbia	1
Total number of United States definites for year ending September 30, 1909	34

The county of New York showed a reduction of 265, as compared with the previous year, but still furnished 45 per cent. of the total number, while the counties making up the city of New York furnished 70 per cent.

Health.

The health of both institutions has been unusually good. The proportion of prisoners, tuberculous on their arrival, is appalling, and is apparently increasing. So far as is possible with our present facilities, they are segregated from the others and treated

Field and Staff Officers.

according to the most approved modern methods. Many of them improve during their confinement.

To properly handle such men and effectually prevent infection of the general population we believe that a hospital should be constructed at Napanoch, having, among other things, special provision for their custody and care.

Discipline.

The following "demeanor" reports of the two institutions for the months of August and September are illustrations of the good order prevailing. They are the best yet attained in the history of the institutions.

Elmira.	August.	September.
Perfect in demeanor	1,068	1,162
Imperfect	267	165
Third grade	32	17
	1,367	1,344

Napanoch.		
Perfect in demeanor	401	378
Imperfect, but not seriously	41	93
Seriously imperfect	8	5
Third grade	2	5
	452	427

As the rules are of the strictest character and a single violation of any of the more important makes a month "imperfect," it will be seen that there is little occasion for corrective measures. With very few exceptions the loss of a month in reckoning promotion has been all the punishment necessary.

At no time has there been more than about 2 per cent. of the population who were not doing all that was asked of them, so there is not much room for improvement in this respect.

Paroles.

With wisdom gained from long experience, institutional methods have been so perfected that the results of the treatment of prisoners inside the walls are highly satisfactory. Not as much can be said of the results of their treatment while still under our care on parole outside.

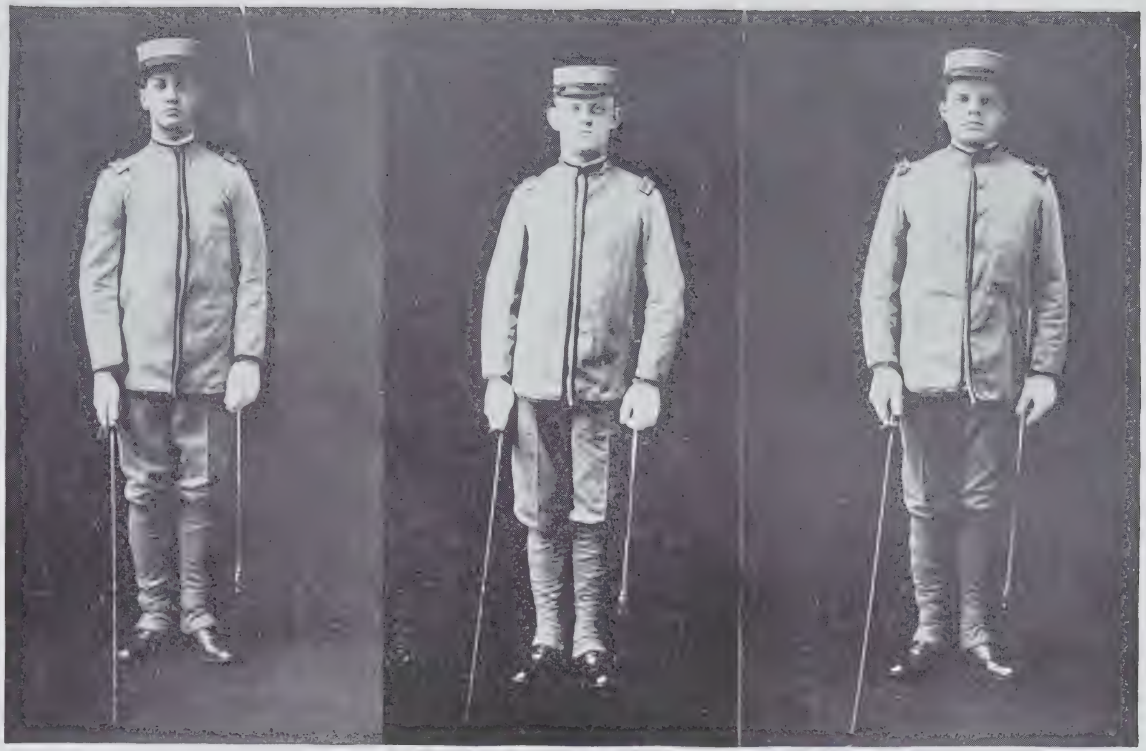
Institution life alone cannot always effect a reform. It can educate, develop and train a man so that he has a wish to reform and has some ability to attain it, but a new character is a thing of slow growth which has to reach its development outside. A reformatory graduate is something like a hothouse plant, well started, but needing very careful watching and attention if it is to flourish in the cold, outside world, and sometimes requiring further cultivation by the original gardener.

When a man has developed self-control under institutional surroundings and has, by many months in school and workshop, apparently gained ability to earn an honest living, we allow him to go out to employment which we have investigated and approved and try to re-establish himself in the community. He is required to report in writing at least once a month to the superintendent, and personally to a local officer, who is expected to be his guardian, adviser and friend. It is the business of the parole officer to watch his charge constantly and carefully and to notify us if he shows signs of relapsing into bad ways, so that we may return him to the institution before he commits another crime.

On the quality of this post-institutional care largely depends the man's success in completing his reformation.

It requires much experience and high intelligence to be a good parole officer. He needs to know thoroughly the class of men he has to deal with, so as to judge how much or how little dependence can be placed on what they say, what are their natural limitations and their special weaknesses and temptations. Many objectionable things have to be charitably overlooked while firmly insisting on vital propositions, and warning is fully as essential as reproof. The best of intentions may be spoiled by bad judgment in carrying them out.

Outside the cities of New York and Buffalo all this parole work is done gratuitously by public-spirited citizens, magistrates



INMATE OFFICERS — Regimental Adjutant and Lieutenants.

or the chiefs of police. In the cities outside of those of the first class it is always done by the chief of police, and, as a rule, well done. Without intending any invidious comparison we may cite as good examples Rochester and Syracuse.

In Buffalo the Charity Organization Society exercises supervision through its efficient agent, Mr. Martin McDonough.

About two-thirds of our men go to New York city. Mr. Erastus P. Backus, a county detective in Brooklyn, voluntarily and gratuitously takes a limited number of selected cases and handles them most admirably. The rest, from both institutions, are cared for by the New York Prison Association through its energetic representative, Mr. W. H. Spencer, assisted by Sergeant Grant Williams, who is detailed from the police department.

Working with us they are trying to solve the hardest problem that remains in connection with reformatory work, *i. e.*, how to secure *thorough* supervision of paroled men in a large city.

During the past year the number of men committed from the city of New York was more than *eighteen* times as large as that from Buffalo, the next largest parole district, and the proportion of paroled men is approximately the same.

The number going to New York has doubled during the last few years.

In addition to this, the work, man per man, is much harder in New York than in smaller places, as the individual becomes lost in the multitude, and to locate him and properly keep track of his habits of life and associations is often well-nigh an impossibility. At the same time influences which tend to draw a paroled man astray are here much more potent than anywhere else.

Appropriations.

Elmira has, practically, a completed plant, and the only appropriations of any magnitude needed there are such as will keep it in its present condition and provide for the proper maintenance of its population.

Napanoch is an institution in the process of building and its construction should be hastened as rapidly as the prisoners can do the work.

Three special appropriations for this purpose should be made without delay, viz.:

(a) An appropriation for an officers' quarters and administration building. This is to complete what was planned as part of the main structure at the very inception of work there. The foundations have been in place for several years.

As the superintendent well points out in his report, it is urgently needed as a place in which the rapidly increasing force of officers can live. At Elmira all the officers can obtain board inside the institution and about twenty-five lodge there, so as to be constantly available, while at Napanoch there is at present no place to board them, and no adequate lodging accommodations in the neighborhood.

(b) An appropriation for a hospital large enough for all chronic invalids found in either institution, and especially adapted for the segregation of the tuberculous.

(c) An appropriation to finish a room in the upper part of the present cell block building, suitable for religious services and other general assemblages. This was contemplated in the original plans and only lack of sufficient appropriation prevented its construction long ago.

We, therefore, request the following appropriations for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1910:

For the New York State Reformatory at Elmira.

Regular maintenance appropriation	$260,000
Return of miscellaneous receipts to the amount of	40,000
Repairs and equipment	6,000
Rent of switch	500

For the Eastern New York Reformatory at Napanoch.

Regular maintenance appropriation	$90,000
Repairs and equipment	3,000
Officers' quarters and administration building	50,000
Hospital building	50,000
Chapel	10,000

GROUP OF COMMISSIONED AND NON-COMMISSIONED INMATE OFFICERS.

In addition any exhausted appropriations for either institution that are about to expire by limitation should be reappropriated.

We approve of the more detailed recommendations in the superintendent's report which, together with subsidiary reports, we incorporate herein, and have the honor to be,

Very respectfully,

HENRY MELVILLE,
President,
FRANK B. HOORNBEEK,
Vice-Pres., and Treas. for Napanoch,
WILLIAM N. EASTABROOK,
Sec'y of Board, and Treas. for Elmira.
JOHN F. HERBERT,
Manager,
MAURICE M. WALL,
Manager,
MARVIN OLCOTT,
Manager,
CHARLES J. LIEBMANN,
Manager.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF REFORMATORIES FOR THE NEW YORK STATE REFORMATORY.

New York State Reformatory,

Elmira, N. Y., *October* 1, 1909.

To the Honorable, the State Board of Managers of Reformatories:

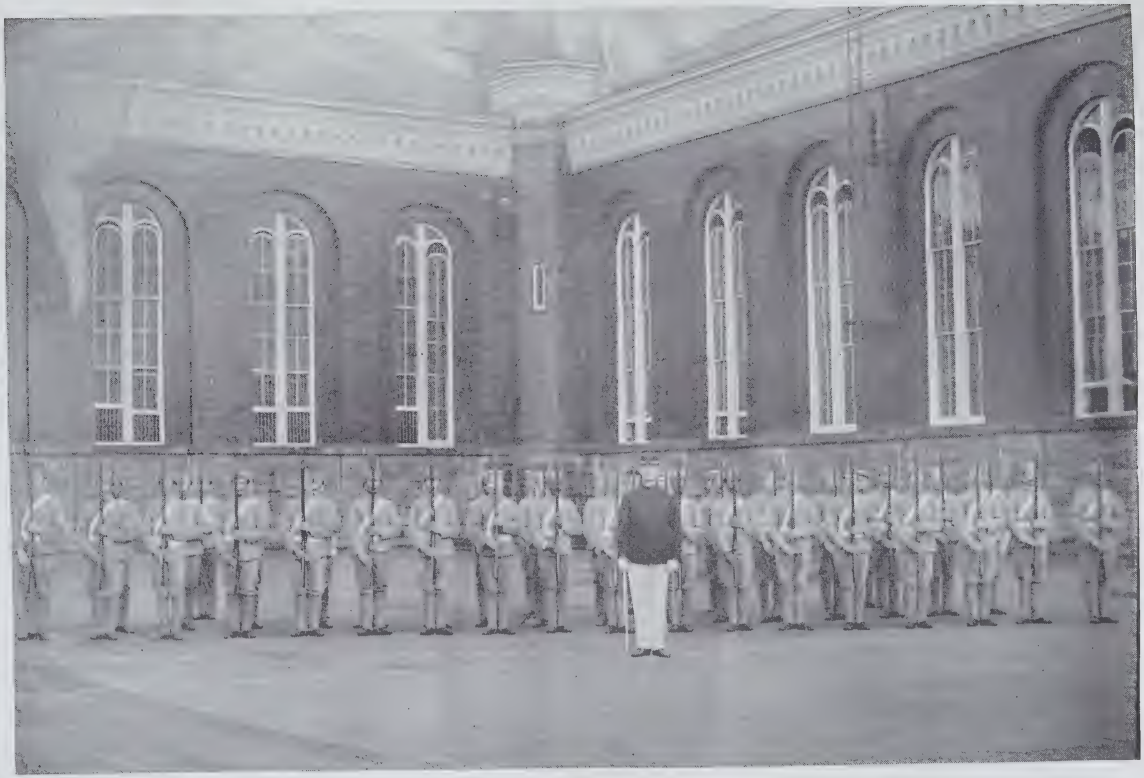
The thirty-fourth annual report for the New York State Reformatory at Elmira for the year ending September 30, 1909, is herewith submitted.

Financial.

The total cost of maintaining the reformatory for the fiscal year was $255,121.76, and the net cost was $248,237.05. The average number of prisoners was 1,529.14, making the gross per capita per diem cost $0.457, and the net per capita per diem cost $4.45. The per capita cost was practically the same as the previous year. It will be noticed, by referring to the analyzed per capita per diem cost, that provisions, including the products of the farm, amount to $0.071, and excluding the farm products, paid for from appropriations, $0.066. This amounts to less than $0.025 per meal. When it is taken into consideration that the cost of provisions has largely increased during the last few years, it would appear that the per diem cost of feeding a prisoner is too low.

The amount expended for clothing and bedding is not sufficient for a satisfactory equipment. There is constantly a considerable shortage in many items. If the same per capita expenditure is to be followed out, there should be asked of the Legislature for the ensuing year for maintenance, $250,000; or, if a more substantial diet and a better equipment of clothing are to be provided, $260,000.

The receipts from miscellaneous sources and from sales from the industrial departments, where articles are made for other State institutions, the Legislature should be asked to appropriate for the use of maintenance and continuing the industries. The estimated amount of such receipts of $40,000.



"M" Company.

The Legislature should likewise be requested to make appropriations of the following amounts for the purposes stated:

(a) Repairs and equipment, $6,000.

(b) Rent of switch, $500.

(c) Balance of appropriations that expire under chapters 466 and 469, Laws of 1908, should be reappropriated for the same or other purposes.

New Cell Blocks.

A new cell block containing 176 cells is near completion. The brickwork was begun the first of April, and is completed. One million bricks have been used in the construction and the work has been done entirely by inmate labor. As soon as the plumbing and electric lighting are installed the rooms will be ready for occupancy. This will give a total cell capacity of 1,440.

Repairs and Alterations in Hospital.

The last Legislature appropriated $10,000 for the reconstruction and fire-proofing of the hospital building. The plans for this work have not yet been received from the State Architect, so that no work has been done in this appropriation. Upon the completion of the plans it is expected to be able to reconstruct this building during the ensuing year. The interior is to be removed, new steel framework installed and all the floors will be of concrete. The interior walls are to be constructed and the exterior walls lined with hollow tiles. New plumbing and a new system of electric lighting are to be provided.

Population.

At the beginning of the year there were 1,436 prisoners. There were received 1,419, making a total of 2,855 men under care during the year. There was an average number of 1,529.14. Of the prisoners received, 1,241 were State indefinites; 34 were United States definites; there were returned for violation of parole 135; 9 were returned from Dannemora State Hospital. During the year 1,511 were discharged, leaving a population of 1,344 on September 30, 1909. There were paroled to employment 1,063, the largest number in the history of the institution;

23 were granted invalid parole to the care of friends, and 11 were paroled into custody; 349 were transferred to the Eastern New York Reformatory at Napanoch; 1 was transferred to the government insane asylum at Washington, and 24 to the insane asylum at Dannemora; 10 men who had previously been committed to a State prison were transferred to Auburn prison; 24 were discharged at the expiration of their sentences; 3 died; 2 were discharged by commutation of sentence by the President, and one escaped while being transferred to Napanoch. Of the 1,097, absolute release was granted to 347 and 497 reported doing well at the close of the year.

DEPARTMENTAL.

Reports have been submitted to me by the various chiefs of departments. Good progress has been made in the school of letters and the trades school. The military work has been excellent and more men have been placed in the physical culture classes than heretofore, so that in the future we shall be able to place practically every man in the physical culture classes upon his admittance to the institution unless he is excused by the physician on account of physical disability. The health of the men has been excellent during the year, but three having died. While there have been a few cases of diphtheria scattered through the year, it has not at any time been epidemic. The general discipline and behavior of the men have been especially satisfactory; serious infractions of the rules have been infrequent and there is a general spirit among the population to embrace the opportunities afforded them here for improvement and to conduct themselves in an orderly manner. Out of a population of 2,855, but 23 men have been placed in seclusion during the year and only 22 men have been upon restricted diet at any time during the year.

PHYSICAL CULTURE AND MILITARY.

Each inmate upon admittance is given a thorough examination by the physician, Dr. Christian (whose report is appended in full), and a record of the prisoner's condition is entered in the

FIRING SQUAD.

biographical ledger, so that all physical and mental defects are noted before assignment is made to the different work of the institution. All prisoners upon their admittance, unless ordered otherwise by the physician, are entered in the physical culture classes and the " awkward squad " of the regiment. After graduating from the squad, men who are deficient physically are continued for further instruction in the physical culture classes for a part of each day and in the regiment, where they receive military instruction and drill for one hour daily. This physical and military training very soon moulds the ungainly, undeveloped and debilitated new arrival into a vigorous, well-set-up individual, whose body has been developed and mind quickened to a point where he is better fitted for the educational work required of him.

The physical culture and military work, in addition to the body building and mental quickening, inculcate obedience, politeness, cleanliness, neatness and order.

The gymnasium is open throughout the day. There are two classes in the forenoon and one in the afternoon. The work is done under competent instructors. The men are dressed in gymnasium suits and are given needle and plunge baths upon completing their exercises.

Each inmate in the physical culture classes is examined by the physician at stated intervals and graduated when longer training seems unnecessary.

The regiment is under the command of Colonel V. M. Masten, aided by four citizen majors. The companies are commanded either by citizen or inmate officers. The regiment is divided into four battalions, of four companies each, with full field, staff and noncommissioned officers. All the officers outside the field officers and a few of the company commanders are inmates, excepting the band instructor. The regular practice of the regiment ranges from setting-up drill to battle manœuvres, the former in regiment, the latter in regiment or battalion, and takes place on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, in the forenoon, from 10:30 to 11:30. Full dress parade is held on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons from 3:30 to 4:30, to witness which the public is admitted. During the past year leggings have been added to the dress, giving a better appearance to the uniform.

The spirit of the regiment is good and the drills and dress parade are exceptionally well executed.

Educational.

The school of letters has been in session throughout the year with the exception of about six weeks during August and September. It has been under the immediate supervision of Mr. Ivan T. Smith, school director, who reports as follows:

"The first, or academic division, has been under instruction by the Protestant chaplain, Mr. Chapman, and Professor Hamilton, of Elmira College. These men have been studying European history, American history, literature, civics, economics and ethics. The class has averaged from thirty to fifty men.

"The second, or intermediate section, has been under instruction by Father Conway, the Catholic chaplain, and an inmate teacher, who have given instruction in New York State geography, government, citizenship, spelling, language, composition and arithmetic. The class has averaged from ninety to one hundred and twenty-five men.

"The third division consists of men who are actually illiterate, practically illiterate, or have had very meager scholastic training. The men in these classes have received instruction in arithmetic, reading, spelling, letter writing, geography and useful information. During the year this division has been subdivided into three sections.

"In the first the men are classified into grades which provide school work that continues and supplements any previous instruction which they have had.

"In the second are placed illiterate men of native birth who have had no previous school instruction or whose perceptive faculties are dulled or undeveloped. The number of men in this class has averaged from twenty to thirty-five.

"In the third are placed foreigners who cannot read and write simple English sentences. Much progress has been made by the men in this division. They are usually able to take up the work of the lower primary classes in from two to five months. A class of this division, consisting of Italian inmates, has made notable advancement.

Military Band.

"The teaching force of the three sections of this division consists of a Normal class, made up of inmates who are considered to be best qualified for teaching. It is worthy of mention that the best educated do not always make the best teachers. This class meets twice each week to receive instruction and suggestions from the school director. They have taken a strong interest in the work and have contributed suggestions and devices which are not only creditable but valuable.

"The intermediate and advanced classes meet each week on Sunday, in North Lecture Hall, for instruction in ethics and nature study, under direction of Mr. Chapman.

"The third division meets at the same hour in the auditorium. At these meetings questions are submitted by the inmates and answered by the lecturer; or simple instruction in useful information and topics of current interest is given. These meetings are in charge either of Professor Hamilton or the school director.

"The Library.

"As an aid to the men sent to the institution, the library is of very great value, but it also presents problems. Among them are these: How much shall the men be permitted to read? What shall be given them to read?

"Every man who can read and write is permitted to receive one book each week unless he forfeits the privilege by violation of library regulations or misuse of books. Men in the higher classes receive an extra book on some serious or educative subject once in two weeks.

"It has been the policy of the school director to gradually increase the reading privilege to men not in the higher classes who desire to read serious books and who make reasonable advancement in school work. This has been productive of good results. Much care has been exercised not only in selecting new books but in repairing the ones in use. The number of available books in the library is now 5,782.

"The Summary.

"With the Thanksgiving number the institutional paper will celebrate its twenty-sixth anniversary.

"Every Saturday night this eight-page sheet is issued to the inmates. Matter relating to vice and crime is not found therein. It aims to keep the men in touch with the outside world of news, scientific thought and progress. There is abundant evidence that the men appreciate the paper and are benefited by it.

"Entertainments.

"From time to time, usually once each month, entertainments have been provided for the men. Vocalists, instrumentalists, readers, impersonators and prestidigitators have been included among the entertainers. It is a fact that the inmate audiences have been intelligently critical."

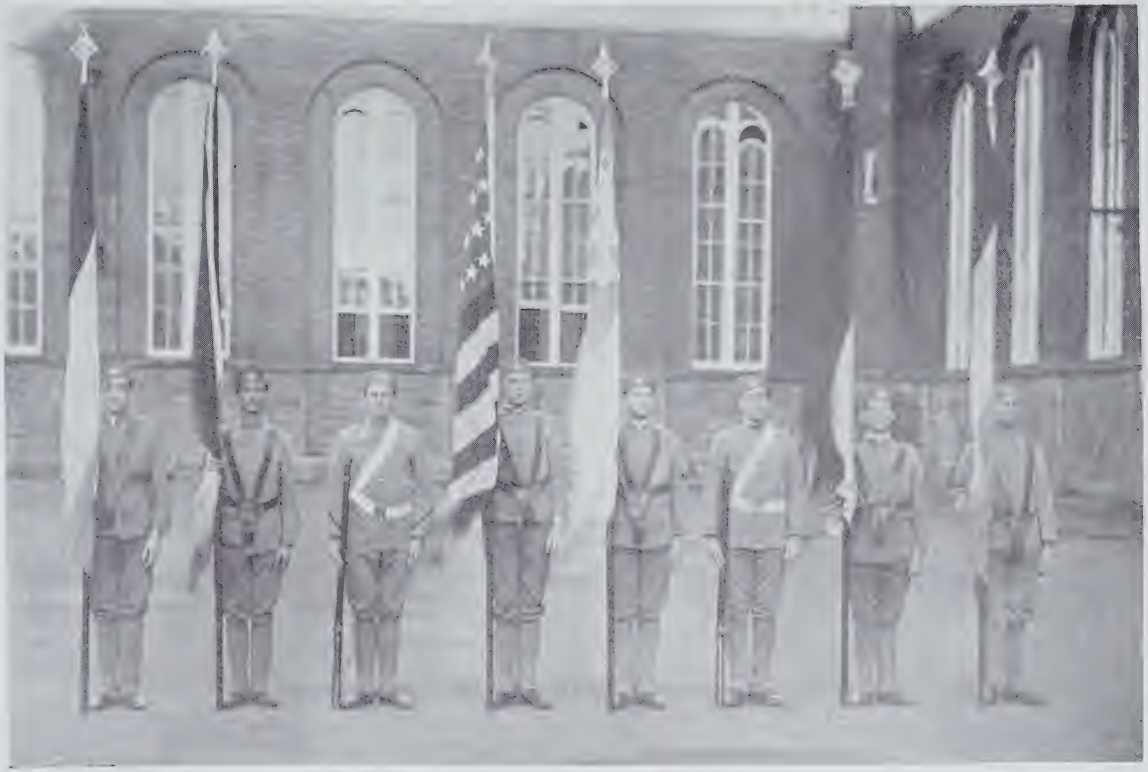
Industrial.

The trades school has been in session throughout the year. Inmates are assigned to the trades school for one-half of each day, where they are taught, under competent instructors, in their respective trades. The courses in the different trades consist of a varying number of outlines to which a certain number of hours are allotted for practice and examinations. While the length of time most inmates stay here does not permit of their completing the full course, they pass on a sufficient number of outlines to qualify them to obtain work, in a majority of cases, at the trades taught here.

Mr. E. E. Clark, who has been connected with the trades school for a number of years, has developed a course which is particularly adapted to the needs of the class of young men committed to this institution. The following table shows the trades taught, the number instructed and attendance.

Trades School Statistics.

Trades Classes.	Total number instructed.	Average attendance.	Graduated from trade.
Barbering	134	56	8
Bookbinding	65	32	12
Brass-smithing	54	18	0
Bricklaying	225	89	0



Colors and Standards.

Trades Classes.	Total number instructed.	Average attendance.	Graduated from trade.
Cabinet-making and machine-wood-working	74	31	0
Carpentry	198	87	3
Clothing cutting	24	13	0
Electricity	32	14	0
Frescoing	18	8	0
Hardwood finishing	53	25	0
Horseshoeing	80	27	0
House painting	79	30	0
Iron forging	78	27	0
Machinist	162	60	0
Moulding	134	59	0
Music	70	28	0
Photography	12	4	0
Plastering	56	23	0
Plumbing	109	56	0
Printing	98	45	0
Shoemaking	83	35	0
Sign painting	73	26	0
Steamfitting	75	15	0
Stenography and typewriting	45	18	4
Stonecutting	2	1	0
Stonemasonry	0	0	0
Tailoring	149	38	0
Tinsmithing	66	31	0
Upholstery	61	26	0
	2,308	922	27
Names repeated	162	51	0
Total number of different pupils.	2,146	871	27
Mechanical drawing	1,661	467	57

Moral and Religious.

Religious services have been conducted each Sunday throughout the year by Rev. William H. Chapman, Protestant chaplain, Rev. John B. Conway, Roman Catholic chaplain, and Mr. Julius L. Pollak, Jewish chaplain. The Protestant and Catholic chaplains have also assisted in the schools of the institution.

The Catholic chaplain, during the past year has instructed and prepared for the reception of the sacraments a large number of inmates who, for various reasons, have received little or no religious training. This instruction has been given for one hour on Sunday morning of each week.

The three chaplains have been given free access for visiting the inmates for such individual attention as seems advisable. They have given especial attention to the sick in the hospital. During the year three Catholic inmates have died. Of these, one died suddenly as the result of an accident. The other two were attended and received the ministrations of the priest. The remains of two were claimed by relatives; the other was enterred in St. Peter and Paul's cemetery, in Elmira, the final services having been conducted in St. Patrick's Church, in Elmira.

The Jewish chaplain, besides holding religious services each week, conducted services on the greater Jewish holidays. These services are held in the morning, and the Jewish inmates are excused from work during those days. The Jewish chaplain has provided each Jewish inmate unfamiliar with the English language a vocabulary printed in English and Yiddish. He has also supplied each Jewish inmate with a Hebrew prayer book, with English translation.

The services in each denomination, though not compulsory, are well attended and a wholesome interest manifested.

There have been but few changes among the officers and instructors of the reformatory the past year. With permanency of service only are the best results attained, and while the superintendent may not always express his appreciation from day to day with all connected with him, he takes pleasure in expressing his appreciation in this report.

Respectfully submitted,

JOSEPH F. SCOTT,

Superintendent.

Lowering the Flag at "Retreat."

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK STATE REFORMATORY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Statement Showing Net Cost of Maintenance.

The cash expenditure for maintenance for the fiscal year is $254,899.86, to which should be added the "Industries" funds expended for farm in excess of receipts from sales, $1,370.90, and the amount of "Industries" funds expended for material for soap used by the institution, $352.04, making in all $256,622.80. The appropriations for "Industries and Maintenance" have heretofore authorized the return of receipts from farm and industries for the use of those departments. Chapter 433, Laws of 1909, makes such receipts returnable for maintenance only. This has necessitated the purchase of material for "Industries" during the latter part of the year through maintenance. These expenditures amount to $1,501.04. Deducting this amount gives the gross cost of maintenance proper $255,121.76. As there has been no change in the amount of accounts payable, deducting from this amount the increase of inventory, $557.97, and the credits on account of sales of old material, maintenance of United States prisoners, etc., amounting to $6,326.74 ($6,884.71 in all) gives the net cost of maintenance for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909, $248,237.05, as shown by the statement following:

Officers and employees and maintenance allowance:			
Officers and employees, general	$89,314 43		
Maintenance allowance, general	5,591 65		
		$94,906 08	
Instructors and parole agents	$21,813 64		
Maintenance allowance to same	2,188 05		
		24,001 69	
			$118,907 77
Expenses of managers and officers			1,049 11
Provisions			39,660 31
Household stores			7,792 28
Clothing			20,068 71
Fuel and light			18,229 87
Hospital and medical supplies			1,659 01
Transportation of inmates			24,724 69
Ordinary repairs			1,027 43

Miscellaneous:		
General	$7,317 87	
Amusements	1,269 46	
Educational	1,300 30	
Postage	1,252 07	
Stationery	1,393 57	
		$12,533 27
*Shop, farm and garden supplies balance		2,584 60
		$248,237 05

ANALYZED PER CAPITA PER DIEM NET MAINTENANCE COST.

(Average number of prisoners, 1,529.14.)

Officers and employees and maintenance allowance:		
Officers and employees, general	.170	
Instructors and parole agents	.043	
		.213
Expenses of managers and officers		.002
Provisions		.071
Household stores		.014
Clothing		.036
Fuel and light		.033
Hospital and medical supplies		.003
Transportation of inmates		.044
Ordinary repairs		.002
Miscellaneous		.022
Shop, farm and garden supplies balance		.005
Net per capita per diem Maintenance Cost		.445

STATEMENT SHOWING GROSS COST OF MAINTENANCE.

In the preceding statements showing the net cost of maintenance account is taken of the credits for the sales of old material, maintenance of United States prisoners, etc., and the value of material on hand at the close of the year in excess of the amount at the beginning of the year. Payments on account of such sales have not all been received, however, and such amounts as have been received have been turned into the State treasury, as required by law, and cannot be used by the institution until especially appropriated. The amount that has been required, therefore, for

*Including technological classes and expenditures not included in the other accounts and farm credits for stock or material used by the institution or on hand at the close of the year.

Regiment in Armory.

the maintenance of the institution is the amount which it has been necessary to expend in cash, and material in excess of the amount purchased, less the amount expended for the industrial departments (there being no change in the amount of accounts payable). This *gross cost* is shown for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909, in the following statement:

Officers and employees and maintenance allowance:			
Officers and employees, general	$89,314 43		
Maintenance allowance, general	5,591 65		
		$94,906 08	
Instructors and parole agents	21,813 64		
Maintenance allowance to same	2,188 05		
		24,001 69	
			$118,907 77
Expenses of managers and officers			1,049 11
Provisions			37,048 73
(The material from farm and garden for which there has been no cash expenditure is not in this statement, included in the cost of provisions, nor as a credit reducing the cost of shop, farm and garden).			
Household stores			7,064 89
Clothing			22,540 46
Fuel and light			18,599 40
Hospital and medical supplies			1,614 89
Transportation of inmates			24,947 69
Ordinary repairs			1,304 64
Miscellaneous:			
General		$7,375 50	
Amusements		426 22	
Educational		1,280 91	
Postage		1,397 36	
Stationery		1,427 70	
			11,907 69
Shop, farm and garden supplies balance			10,136 49
Gross cost of maintenance for fiscal year			$255,121 76

ANALYZED PER CAPITA PER DIEM GROSS MAINTENANCE COST.

(Average Number of Prisoners, 1,529.14)

Officers and employees and maintenance allowance:		
Officers and employees, general	.170	
Instructors and parole agents	.043	
		.213
Expenses of managers and officers		.002
Provisions		.066

Household stores	.013
Clothing	.040
Fuel and light	.033
Hospital and medical supplies	.003
Transportation of inmates	.045
Ordinary repairs	.003
Miscellaneous	.021
Shop, farm and garden supplies balance	.018
Gross per capita per diem maintenance cost	.457

MAINTENANCE CASH, DEBT AND PROPERTY STATEMENT.

Cash on hand:		
September 30, 1908	$442 89	
September 30, 1909	5,043 03	
Increment		$4,600 14
Accounts receivable:		
September 30, 1908	$1,058 92	
September 30, 1909	1,975 81	
Increment		916 89
Accounts payable:		
September 30, 1908		
September 30, 1909		
Value of property as shown by inventories:		
September 30, 1908	$146,368 78	
September 30, 1909	146,926 75	
Increment		557 97
Miscellaneous cash receipts (returnable for maintenance) forwarded to State Treasurer during fiscal year		5,409 85
Balance of industries farm account transferred to maintenance. (This is the net amount of receipts from farm and industries expended for the farm)		1,370 90
Material used in the "Industries" Soap department in making soap for the institution		352 04
Material for "Industries" purchased through maintenance. (This was necessitated by the provisions of chapter 433, Laws of 1909, making receipts from farm and Industries returnable for for maintenance only.		1,501 04
Received from maintenance appropriations:		
Chapter 465, Laws of 1908		242,500 00
Chapter 466, Laws of 1908 (return of receipts)		7,000 00
Chapter 433, Laws of 1909		10,000 00
Net cost of maintenance for fiscal year		$261,222 94

Butts' Manual.

STATEMENT OF PRISONERS' DEPOSITS, ETC.

Cash on hand September 30, 1908	$1,235 04	
Received during fiscal year	1,539 24	
Expended during fiscal year		$1,685 47
Cash on hand September 30, 1908		1,088 81
	$2,774 28	$2,774 28

STATEMENT OF OFFICERS' DETENTION ACCOUNT.

Cash on hand September 30, 1908	$8,115 99	
Received during fiscal year	3,693 20	
Expended during fiscal year		$2,761 18
Cash on hand September 30, 1909		9,048 01
	$11,809 19	$11,809 19

STATEMENT OF INDUSTRIES.

For the greater part of the fiscal year the "Farm and Industries" accounts have been kept separate from the maintenance accounting. However, by the provisions of the last appropriation for "Industries and Maintenance," Chapter 433, Laws of 1909, the receipts from Farm and Industries are returnable for maintenance only. This has necessitated the purchase of material for the "Industries" to the amount of $1,501.04, through maintenance and keeping of maintenance "Industries" accounts. In these statements the two "Industries" accountings are combined and show total net earnings and losses for fiscal year ending September 30, 1909, as follows:

Stationery department, net earnings		$458 64
Clothing department, net earnings		2,655 81
Soap department, net loss	$1,204 78	
(This loss is occasioned in part by a fire in the soap house December 28, 1908, causing loss and damage to material amounting to $447.29.)		
Miscellaneous manufacturing		22 24
Net earnings for fiscal year	1,931 91	
	$3,136 69	$3,136 69

The "Farm Special" account which is kept in connection with Industries accounts is credited with sales only. The stock or material raised on the farm is credited to the maintenance farm account. To have in that account a proper showing of the farm, the balance in the "Farm Special" account has been transferred to the maintenance farm account.

TABLE SHOWING BY MONTHS THE SALES OF EACH INDUSTRY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

1908.	Stationery department.	Soap department.	Clothing department.	Maintenance.	Total.
October	$333 31	$1,170 01	$378 50	.....	$1,881 82
November	313 34	115 50	71 50	.....	500 34
December	277 59	386 38	51 00	$45 00	759 97
1909.					
January	520 32	45 00	2,139 50	60 30	2,765 12
February	292 73	.....	15 00	6 00	313 73
March	353 06	.....	3,874 50	31 50	4,259 06
April	184 58	394 52	19 00	11 25	609 35
May	308 31	134 50	27 00	.....	469 81
June	261 44	926 61	1,946 50	.....	3,134 55
July	240 69	585 25	63 75	22 50	912 19
August	265 43	82 00	1,945 50	.....	2,292 93
September	132 08	903 77	1,995 50	.....	3,031 35
Total	$3,482 88	$4,743 54	$12,527 25	$176 55	$20,930 22

TABLE SHOWING BY MONTHS THE EARNINGS OR LOSSES OF EACH INDUSTRY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

1908.	Stationery department. Earnings.	Soap department. Loss	Clothing department. Earnings	Miscellaneous. Earnings	TOTAL. Net loss	TOTAL. Net earnings
October	$43 89	$186 84	$80 24	.....	$62 71	.....
November	41 26	18 44	15 16	.....	.....	$37 98
December	36 55	*508 99	10 81	$5 67	455 96	.....
1909.						
January	68 52	7 19	453 57	7 60	.....	522 50
February	38 55	.....	3 18	74	.....	42 47
March	46 49	.....	821 39	3 97	.....	871 85
April	24 31	63 00	4 03	1 42	33 24	.....
May	40 60	21 48	5 72	.....	.....	24 84
June	34 43	147 97	412 69	.....	.....	299 15
July	31 70	93 46	13 52	2 84	45 40	.....
August	34 95	13 09	412 45	.....	.....	434 31
September	17 39	144 32	423 05	.....	.....	296 12
Total	$458 64	$1,204 78	$2,655 81	$22 24	$597 31	$2,529 22
Net earnings	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,931 91	.....
					$2,529 22	$2,529 22

* Including loss of material by fire, to value of $447.29.

INDUSTRIES, CASH, DEBT AND PROPERTY STATEMENT, SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Cash on hand:

September 30, 1908	$.....
September 30, 1909	.....

Accounts receivable:

September 30, 1908	$3,736 61
September 30, 1909	5,171 37
Increment	$1,434 76

Setting-up Exercises.

Accounts payable:			
September 30, 1908	$782 99		
September 30, 1909	.....		
Decrement			$782 99
Value of property as shown by inventories:			
September 30, 1908	$3,587 22		
September 30, 1909	3,125 62		
Decrement		$461 60	
Debit balance in farm special account transferred to maintenance farm account			1,370 90
(This debit balance represents the amount of "Farm and Industries" funds expended for stock and farm material in excess of the credits for sales.)			
Material used in making of soap for the use of the institution			352 04
Cash received on account of sales from farm and industries and forwarded the State Treasurer during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909			19,536 46
Amount of receipts from farm and industries returned by State Treasurer to be expended for farm and industries during fiscal year		19,582 60	
Expenditures for industries from maintenance		1,501 04	
Net earnings for fiscal year ending September 30, 1909		1,931 91	
		$23,477 15	$23,477 15

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS, SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

CHAPTER 571, LAWS OF 1907.

(Expired by Limitation, July 12, 1909.)

Cell Block		$45,000 00
Expended, September 30, 1908	$2,401 67	
Expended, to fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	22,553 10	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	20,045 23	
	$45,000 00	$45,000 00
Equipping trades school building		$7,500 00
Expended to September 30, 1908	$5,448 54	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	2,048 34	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	3 12	
	$7,500 00	$7,500 00

Repairs and equipment		$3,000 00
Expended to September 30, 1908	$1,902 61	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	942 01	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	155 38	
	$3,000 00	$3,000 00

CHAPTER 578, LAWS OF 1907.

(Expired by Limitation, July 12, 1909)

Industries and maintenance		$25,544 58
Expended to September 30, 1908	$24,064 91	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	1,479 61	
Balance (not reappropriated)	6	
	$25,544 58	$25,544 58
Electric cables, wires, etc		$267 00
Expended to September 30, 1908	$.....	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	171 25	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	95 75	
	$267 00	$267 00
Plumbing, sewage repairs, etc., (G)		$1,344 58
Expended to September 30, 1908	$550 35	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	64 30	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	729 93	
	$1,344 58	$1,344 58
Repairs to electric plant		$198 85
Expended to September 30, 1908	$66 13	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	105 31	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	27 41	
	$198 85	$198 85
Plumbing in cell blocks		$170 11
Expended to September 30, 1908	$5 80	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	.....	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	164 31	
	$170 11	$170 11
Heating plant and conduit		$444 61
Expended to September 30, 1908	$443 95	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	.....	
Balance (not reappropriated)	66	
	$444 61	$444 61

Repairs and equipment (K)		$1,247 07
Expended to September 30, 1908	$1,127 54	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909.	114 68	
Balance (not reappropriated)	4 85	
	$1,247 07	$1,247 07
Repairs and equipment (L)		$1,543 74
Expended to September 30, 1908	$1,421 42	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909.	118 05	
Balance (not reappropriated)	4 27	
	$1,543 74	$1,543 74
Plumbing, sewage repairs, etc. (M)		$375 40
Expended to September 30, 1908	$69 82	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909.	62 94	
Reappropriated (Chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	242 64	
	$375 40	$375 40

Chapter 466, *Laws of* 1908.

Maintenance and industries (CC) (Receipts to May 31, 1909)		$18,273 81
Expended to September 30, 1908		
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909.	$18,102 99	
Balance available	170 82	
	$18,273 81	$18,273 81
Completing trades school building		$0 04
Expended		
Balance available	$0 04	
	$0 04	$0 04
Electric light circuit		$2,563 53
Expended to September 30, 1909	$2,508 43	
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909.	18 44	
Balance available	36 66	
	$2,563 53	$2,563 53
Eletric light and feeder circuit		$5 38
Expended		
Balance available	$5 38	
	$5 38	$5 38

Traps and valves		$523 43
Expended		
Balance available	$5 23	
	$523 43	$523 43
Pipe covering		$1 10
Expended		
Balance available	$1 10	
	$1 10	$1 10
Completing domestic building		$0 60
Expended		
Balance available	$0 60	
	$0 60	$0 60
Plumbing		$1,753 67
Expended		
Balance available	$1,753 67	
	$1,753 67	$1,753 67
Trades school building		$2 51
Expended		
Balance available	$2 51	
	$2 51	$2 51
Chapter 469, Laws of 1908, forced draft system		$4,000 00
Expended to September 30, 1908		
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	$3,994 91	
Balance available	5 09	
	$4,000 00	$4,000 00
Repairs and equipment		$6,000 00
Expended to September 30, 1908		
Expended, fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	$4,072 72	
Accounts payable	419 01	
Balance available	1,508 27	
	$6,000 00	$6,000 00
Chapter 433, Laws of 1909 (The amounts shown are unexpended balances of appropriations under Chapters 571 and 578, Laws of 1907).		
Cell block		$20,045 23
Expended to September 30, 1909	$3,445 87	
Accounts payable	52 93	
Balance available	16,546 43	
	$20,045 23	$20,045 23

Equipping trades school building		$3 12
Expended to September 30, 1909	.....	
Balance available	$3 12	
	$3 12	$3 12
Repairs and equipment		$155 38
Expended to September 30, 1909	$124 59	
Balance available	30 79	
	$155 38	$155 38
Electric cables, wires, etc		$95 75
Expended to September 30, 1909	$88 55	
Balance available	7 20	
	$95 75	$95 75
Plumbing, etc		$972 57
Expended to September 30, 1909	$206 87	
Balance available	765 70	
	$972 57	$972 57
Repairs to electric plant		$27 41
Expended to September 30, 1908	.....	
Balance available	$27 41	
	$27 41	$27 41
Plumbing in cell blocks		$164 31
Expended to September 30, 1909	.....	
Balance available	$164 31	
	$164 31	$164 31
Chapter 461, Laws of 1909, reconstruction of interior of hospital		$10,000 00
Expended to September 30, 1909	$12 08	
Accounts payable	17 64	
Balance available	9,970 28	
	$10,000 00	$10,000 00
Purchase of land		$2,000 00
Expended to September 30, 1909	.....	
Balance available	$2,000 00	
	$2,000 00	$2,000 00

Rental of coal trestle		$500 00
Expended to September 30, 1909		
Accounts payable	$125 00	
Balance available	375 00	
	$500 00	$500 00
Repairs and equipment		$6,000 00
Expended to September 30, 1909		
Balance available	$6,000 00	
	$6,000 00	$6,000 00

RECAPITULATION OF THE AMOUNTS EXPENDED FROM THE SEVERAL SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Chapter 571, *Laws of* 1907.		
Cell block	$22,553 10	
Equipping trades school building	2,048 34	
Repairs and equipment	942 01	
		$25,543 45
Chapter 578, *Laws of* 1907.		
Industries and maintenance	$1,479 61	
Electric cables, wires, etc	171 25	
Plumbing, sewage, repairs, etc	64 30	
Repairs to electric plant	105 31	
Repairs and equipment (K)	114 68	
Repairs and equipment (L)	118 05	
Plumbing, sewage repairs, etc	62 94	
		2,116 14
Chapter 466, *Laws of* 1908.		
Maintenance and industries	$18,102 99	
Electric light circuit	18 44	
		18,121 43
Chapter 469, *Laws of* 1908.		
Forced draft system	$3,994 91	
Repairs and equipment	4,072 72	
		8,067 63
Chapter 433, *Laws of* 1909.		
Cell block	$3,445 87	
Repairs and equipment	124 59	
Electric cables, wires, etc	88 55	
Plumbing, etc	206 87	
		3,865 88
Chapter 461, *Laws of* 1909.		
Reconstruction interior of hospital	$12 08	
		12 08
		$57,726 61

REPORT OF THE PHYSICIAN.

NEW YORK STATE REFORMATORY,
ELMIRA, N. Y., *October* 1, 1909.

To the Superintendent:

Herewith I submit the report of the medical department for the past fiscal year.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Admitted from October 1, 1908, to September 30, 1909, 390.

Of the patients treated during the year there were:

Returned to cells	313
Transferred to Dannemora State Hospital	13
Transferred to Eastern New York Reformatory	3
Specially paroled on account of invalidism	19
Regularly paroled	14
Transferred to Auburn	1
Transferred to Washington, D. C., Insane Asylum	1
Discharged at expiration of sentence	2
Died	3
Remaining in hospital September 30, 1909	21
Total	390

Admission to the hospital were for the following causes:

Abrasion on scalp	1
Abscess, ischio-rectal	7
Abscess, palmar	3
Amputation of fingers	4
Appendicitis	1
Bullet wound of scapula	1
Burns	3
Condyloma, operative	3
Conjunctivitis	1
Contusions of elbow	1

Contusions of scalp	1
Corneal ulcer	2
Dementia præcox	3
Diphtheria	9
Eczema	1
Endocarditis	1
Entiritis	2
Erysipelas	2
Felon	1
Fistula in ano	2
Fracture of jaw	1
Fracture of skull	2
Fracture of wrist (Colles')	2
Furunculosis	2
Gastric ulcer	1
Gastritis	6
Hæmorrhoids, operative	2
Hemiplegia	1
Herpes zoster	4
Hydrocele	1
Icterus	3
Imbecilic insanity	3
Infected finger	1
Infected hand	3
Influenza	8
Iritis	1
Lacerated wound of eye	1
Laceration of alveolar process	2
Laceration of arm	1
Laceration of feet	1
Laceration of fingers	3
Laceration of scapula	1
La Grippe	13
Mastoditis, operative	3
Melancholia	5
Mitral insufficiency	1
Mania, acute	4
Necrosis of Tibia	1

Neurasthenia	1
Nephritis, chronic, interstitial	2
Nostalgia	1
Observation	26
Otitis media	2
Parotid Gland, removal of	1
Parotitis	32
Phimosis, operative	25
Pneumonia	2
Pleurisy, with effusion	1
Prolapsus, rectal	1
Rheumatism, acute articular	46
Rubella	6
Stricture, urethral	2
Sprained wrist	1
Supra orbital neuralgia	1
Syphilis	6
Synovitis, traumatic	1
Tuberculous cervical adenitis	3
Tuberculous hip	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	96
Tachycardia	1
Typhoid fever	3
Varicose veins, operative	3
Total	390

During the year there were 2,164 men admitted to the observation ward. Of this number 213 were transferred to the hospital.

The total number of men seen or treated by the physician at the sick call was 36,036, a daily average of 99.

Mortality.

The causes of deaths were as follows:

Fracture at base of brain (coroner's case)	1
Pneumonia	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	1
Total	3

Twenty-four men were transferred to the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Dannemora, and one man was transferred to the government hospital for insane at Washington, D. C.

The cases were classified as follows:

Melancholia	6
Acute mania	7
Imbecilic insanity	3
Dementia præcox	6
Paronia	3
Total	25

Nine inmates previously transferred to the State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Dannemora were returned to this institution and paroled in custody of their relatives.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

The work in the gymnasium has been largely increased over that of previous years. The inmates assigned there have been carefully selected by the physician, and a special effort has been made to give all the physical weaklings a thorough gymnastic training.

The results, as shown by physical examination, have been gradually improving and we have abandoned the old methods of physical training. The use of heavy apparatus has been gradually superseded by a more modern system. Exercises necessitating great muscular effort have been abandoned. In place of these we use the free-hand and setting-up exercises. These are accomplished without the use of apparatus of any description. These simple movements are accompanied by suitably timed music, this latter feature adding not only to the pleasure of the exercises, but also developing co-ordination of mind and body.

Abnormal muscular development and damaged hearts were frequent results of the abandoned methods of physical training. In many instances more harm than good resulted from the excessive training. Our new system aims to produce gracefulness, ease of carriage and suppleness, with moderate and uniform development.

Class in Physical Culture.

No attempt has been made to produce highly-trained athletes. Our aim has been to teach a sufficient knowledge of and a pleasurable interest in gymnastic exercises that may be continued with lasting benefit in future years.

The following table shows the number of inmates instructed during the year past:

Men carried over July, August, September term.	132	
New assignments October, November, December, 1908	254	
		386
Men carried over October, November, December term	118	
New assignments January, February, March, 1909	273	
		391
Men carried over January, February, March term	130	
New assignments April, May, June, 1909	294	
		424
Men carried over April, May, June term	115	
New assignments July, August, September, 1909	299	
		414
Total number of men assigned to the gymnasium, 1909		1,615

Tuberculosis.

During the year we have reported 266 cases of tuberculosis to the State Board of Health. An examination of 10,000 inmates, upon their arrival, has shown that 20 per cent. of them have tuberculosis in some form.

It is commonly supposed that confinement in a penal institution produces tuberculosis. This may be true of the long-term prison, but our experience does not justify this belief in regard to the reformatory. Only a very small portion of the cases is actually developed within the institution. The result of the treat-

ment of our tuberculosis patients has been highly satisfactory, there having been but one death.

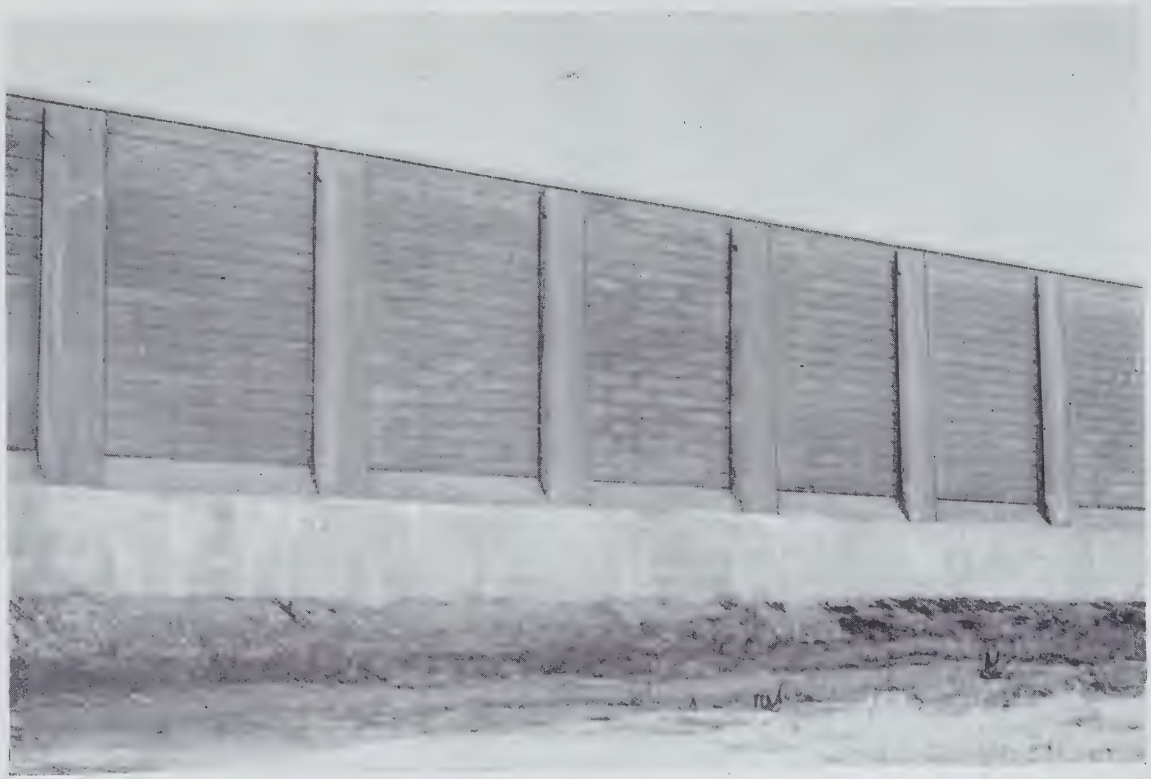
It must be remembered that our tuberculous are by no means all in the incipient stage. We must receive them as committed by the courts, and many of them are well advanced cases. Notwithstanding this, fully 80 per cent. of the patients treated in the past year are greatly improved.

Dr. Lewis Clinton Day, former assistant physician, after a most satisfactory term of service of nearly four years, resigned to accept a position in the Indian service.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANK L. CHRISTIAN, M. D.,

Senior Physician.



Section of Exterior of New Yard Wall — Napanoch.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF REFORMATORIES FOR THE EASTERN NEW YORK REFORMATORY.

EASTERN NEW YORK REFORMATORY,
NAPANOCH, N. Y., *October* 1, 1909.

To the Honorable, the State Board of Managers of Reformatories:

The ninth annual report for the Eastern New York Reformatory at Napanoch for the year ending September 30th, together with the required statements pertaining to the finances and population for the past fiscal year, is herewith submitted.

FINANCIAL.

The maintenance expenditure for the year ending September 30, 1909, is $87,545.69. The average number of inmates for the year is 449.39. The per capita per diem cost for the year is $0.534, a reduction of $0.106 from the previous year, owing to the increased average number for the year. The average number of prisoners for the year beginning October 1, 1910, will probably not fall below 500. At a per diem cost of $0.50 an appropriation of $90,000 will be required, and the next Legislature should be asked for an amount which, with the available balances left over, will equal this sum.

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The Legislature should be requested to make special appropriation of the following amounts for the purposes stated:

(a) Administration and officers' quarters building.... $50,000
(b) Hospital..... 50,000
(c) Chapel..... 10,000

(d) The appropriations which expire under chapters 466 and 469, Laws of 1908, should be reappropriated for the same and other purposes.

The foundations for the officers' quarters and administration building are in place. This building is to be 110 feet long by 100

feet wide, and three stories high. The first floor is to be used for the officers of the institution and the second and third floors for officers' quarters.

It is essential to the proper administration of the reformatory that quarters be provided as soon as possible for the officers. The institution is in a locality where officers find difficulty in obtaining places to live, and many are obliged to go a considerable distance from the institution for accommodations, making it exceedingly inconvenient for them and difficult for the institution to obtain their services in case of an emergency at night.

This structure is to be located in front of the main buildings, according to the original plans of the institution. It will be constructed of stone, similar to that used in the main buildings.

An appropriation of $50,000 is requested for a suitable hospital for the institution. It is desired to erect a hospital on the grounds of the institution of sufficient capacity to meet the needs not only of the inmates confined in this reformatory, but to transfer thereto many patients requiring medical treatment at Elmira. There are a large number of tubercular inmates in both institutions that are not now properly provided for. With a suitable hospital at this institution the patients could be removed from Elmira, while the hospital at the Elmira institution would be sufficient for those remaining, and enabling all in both institutions to have proper attention and treatment. The climate in the locality of this institution is found to be beneficial for tubercular inmates, and most of the cases treated at Napanoch show improvement. It is intended to locate this building within the inclosure of the wall, where there is ample space for plenty of air and light; at the same time where the prisoners can be safely guarded.

When the main buildings were erected space was left for a chapel which was unfinished. An appropriation of $10,000 is requested for the finishing of this room and is to provide floors, galleries and seats, the plastering of walls, the construction of the ceiling, and suitable iron stairways leading from the cell blocks, and other alterations required in the main building by the completion of the chapel; also for the installation of an organ.

This building, when completed, will furnish a room suitable for the religious exercises of the institution and afford a place for lectures and entertainments for the prisoners.

New Power House and Construction of Yard Wall — Napanoch.

Construction.

The Legislature of last year made an appropriation for a new domestic building, to contain kitchens, mess halls and bakeries. The State Architect is preparing plans for this building which are expected to be soon completed, when estimates will be prepared and materials purchased and delivered upon the grounds so that work may be commenced in the early spring. It is to be a one-story building with basement, constructed of brick, concrete and steel, fireproof throughout, and will be of sufficient capacity for the present and future needs of the institution.

Fair progrsss has been made upon the construction of the institutional wall. The foundation, requiring about one-half the material, has been entirely completed and over 700 feet of the superstructure has been built. This wall is of concrete, 3 feet thick and 22 feet in height above the ground, with a foundation varying from 8 to 16 feet. During the past winter the wooden forms, containing over 100,000 feet of lumber, were completed, ready to set in place, and early in the spring, as soon as the weather permitted, the work of filling these forms was begun. For the moving and placing of these forms a large derrick and hoisting engine, mounted on a flat car, which could be easily moved along the side of the wall, was employed. To facilitate the work a second outfit was purchased, which will enable us to make more rapid progress, and another season will probably see the completion of the wall. The removal of the forms discloses a very satisfactory piece of work closely resembling fine cut stone work, with a deep bevel joint and topped with a heavy cornice and cap.

There will also be a pipe railing installed along one edge of the top of the wall. Molds have been made and several hundreds of large concrete blocks with segmental faces, to be used in the construction of the circular towers for the guard turrets, have been cast, ready to be put in place. The wall, when completed, will make a good appearance and will be as serviceable at a much less cost than one constructed of either brick or stone.

The work on the dam for the new reservoir has progressed favorably considering the small number of inmates that can be used to advantage upon the work and the large amount of material which needs to be hauled for some distance up the side of the mountain

in the rear of the institution. The location of the dam is in a sheltered ravine, and it was found practicable to carry on the work during the winter months, a large amount of excavation and blasting, to secure a firm footing on bedrock, being practically completed by spring, so that we were able to begin placing the concrete on the 14th of June. Up to the present writing over 14,000 barrels of Portland cement, 1,000 yards of broken stone and 500 yards of sand have been mixed into concrete and put in place. The dam will be nearly completed by the time we are obliged to stop work by cold weather, and will be finished in the early spring. During the coming winter the men will be employed in digging 3,000 feet of trench for pipe line from the reservoir, to and through the institutional grounds, and in installing the 8-inch high pressure main, which will furnish an ample supply of pure water for all the requirements of the institution.

During the winter months when the inmates could not work out of doors a stone-cutting class was organized and the stone trimmings were cut for the bathhouse, laundry and shop building. Nearly all the materials for this building have been received, the foundations have been put in place and the building completed to the floor of the second story. This building is 280 feet by 65 feet and has two stories and a basement. It has concrete foundations, brick walls, steel frame, concrete and granolithic floors and concrete roof, covered by slate, and will be entirely fireproof. On the first floor are located the laundry, bathroom and clothing-rooms; the second floor contains two rooms for shops, in which are located the tailor and shoe departments. In the bathroom will be seventy-five rain bath stalls finished in Cherokee marble. All of the work on this building has been done by inmate labor. The building will be completed and in use during the ensuing year.

The power plant is practically completed. The smokestack was finished during the summer; it is circular in form, 15 feet in diameter and 100 feet high, and the walls are 3 feet thick in the lower parts. It is finished at the top with a cast iron cap weighing about two and one-half tons. Four 150-horsepower boilers have been installed in the boiler-room, connected with suitable pumps, and the steam pipes have been put in place. As the steam arrangements in this plant are now complete, we expect to use it this

Constructing Dam for New Reservoir — Napanoch.

Constructing Dam for New Reservoir — Napanoch.

winter for heating the institution, enabling us to discontinue the use of the old boilers in the basement of the main buildings.

A system of corridors and steam pipe conduits is planned to connect all of the buildings of the institution. The corridors are to be used as passageways to and from the various buildings and also to provide space for steam lines, and electric wires from the power plant to the various buildings, making them easy of access for repairs. Excavation for these corridors was started in the early part of July and the present construction is well advanced, about 160 feet of it being completed. The corridors have concrete floors and walls and slag roofs. They are 4 feet below ground and 4 feet above, allowing for windows in the side walls to give ample light and ventilation.

The piping for the steam heating of the new trades school building has been installed and is now in operation. The machine shop and cabinet shop have been fully equipped with metal and woodworking machinery, and electrical power has been installed, and these departments are also in operation.

The machines and materials have been purchased for the other trades classes, and during the coming winter we expect to install them, giving us a complete plant for blacksmithing, tinsmithing, steam heating, plumbing and brass work.

With these classes in operation the construction work of the institution will be greatly facilitated.

The grading of the lawns in front of the institution has been completed and seeded. The new roads, which were necessary on account of cutting off the highway which formerly ran through the site of the yard inclosure, have been completed and are now in use by the public. They are well filled, covered with gravel on top, and suitably fenced.

The large space in front of the buildings, which was formerly irregular in surface and unsightly, has been converted into a fine lawn, adding greatly to the appearance of the grounds.

The stone crusher has been kept constantly in operation and its capacity taxed to the utmost, and but for the large reserve secured by running it continuously during the winter months it would not have supplied sufficient crushed stone for the construction work during the past summer. Since its purchase two years ago it has

turned out approximately 10,000 yards of crushed stone, which has been used in the making of concrete for the different buildings and wall.

On the whole the work accomplished during the year past has been satisfactory. The men are well organized in their work and a good equipment of tools and machinery has been provided. While a large amount of work has been accomplished during the past year, much time has necessarily been taken in the preparation for it. I believe that in the ensuing year we shall be able to make even more rapid progress in the completion of the work than we have done hitherto.

The health of the inmates of the reformatory during the year has been good. While there have been six deaths, three could properly be classed as accidental. The out of doors employment has been conducive to good health and gives the men a bronzed and strong appearance. Many a weakling upon admission develops into a strong lad under the constant exercise in the open air and sunshine, the ample though plain fare, and the regular hours. There is a good atmosphere throughout the institution and the inmates perform their allotted tasks with diligence and zest. While they are scattered over a large area of ground in the construction of the buildings, the carrying on of the farm and the building of the dam for the reservoir upon the mountainside, there has not been an escape during the past year.

A large number of inmates have been constantly in school during the year, while others have taken a course of studies in their cells. School was in session 283 days during the year, and there were 931 quarter sessions of school and 142 normal sessions. Four hundred and ninety-nine different men attended the school during the year; the largest enrollment at any one time was 307, the smallest 103, with an average attendance of 142.

There were 352 promotions. The course of study and method of procedure outlined in last year's report have been continued. Work in the cells has become an important part of the school work. Instruction is principally in the English language and in mathematics, the more advanced classes being instructed in history, civics and ethics. All classes have been given practical talks on physiology and hygiene, with special reference to the care of the

New Power House — Napanoch.

body. Debates in which all have been encouraged to take part have been held during the year. School elections were held on November 1st, in which the principal candidates for the national and State offices were voted for; instruction being given in election laws, the methods of voting and preparation of ballots.

The triweekly normal class for the training of inmate teachers has been continued; monthly examinations have been held and promotions made. Besides the school work the prisoners have had the advantage of reading from an institutional library of more than 1,300 volumes.

The moral instruction has been under the supervision of Protestant, Roman Catholic and Jewish chaplains, who meet the inmates of their respective faiths for divine service upon Sundays and other stated times, meeting also the inmates freely at all times.

Classes in the trades schools will be organized as the plants are installed. While much of the energy will be directed toward the preparation of the materials for building purposes, it will not be without its educational value and will be quite complete for the number of inmates now confined in the reformatory.

The whole institution seems well organized for one in its constructive period, and the results during the year have been especially satisfactory.

Respectfully submitted,

JOSEPH F. SCOTT,

Superintendent.

STATISTICS OF INMATES, EASTERN NEW YORK REFORMATORY.

PAROLE STATISTICS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Total number of men paroled during fiscal year.		354
Served well and earned absolute releases	89	
Delinquents for whom warrants have not been issued	11	
Warrants issued for men who have not been returned	63	
In other prisons	8	
Returned for violation of parole	18	
Still reporting	165	
	354	

Total number of men paroled		354
Served well and earned absolute releases	89	
Correspondence and good conduct maintained, the period of parole not having expired.....	165	
Total	254	or 71.7%

Of the total number paroled during the fiscal year:

There had been paroled once before	58
There had been paroled twice before	11

Year and Month	Number of men in custody on first day of the month	Number of men employed on first day of the month	Number of men in hospital on first day of the month
1908.			
October	474	455	8
November	455	430	9
December	485	452	8

Year and Month	Number of men in custody on first day of the month	Number of men employed on first day of the month	Number of men in hosptial on first day of the month
1909			
January	448	418	7
February	481	447	10
March	448	418	10
April	458	430	11
May	467	442	11
June	467	452	6
July	431	406	8
August	441	415	8
September	452	428	10

COMMITMENTS BY COUNTIES

Albany	3
Allegany	9
Broome	6
Cayuga	0
Chautauqua	1
Cattaraugus	3
Chemung	7
Chenango	2
Clinton	1
Columbia	1
Cortland	3
Delaware	1
Dutchess	2
Erie	33
Essex	1
Franklin	0
Fulton	9
Genesee	0
Greene	1
Hamilton	0
Herkimer	3
Jefferson	1
Kings	48

Lewis	1
Livingston	2
Madison	3
Monroe	11
Montgomery	2
Nassau	2
New York	172
Niagara	2
Oneida	2
Onondaga	11
Ontario	1
Orange	7
Orleans	4
Oswego	3
Otsego	1
Putnam	0
Queens	7
Rensselaer	1
Richmond	0
Rockland	1
St. Lawrence	1
Saratoga	1
Schenectady	0
Schoharie	2
Schuyler	0
Seneca	2
Steuben	3
Suffolk	0
Sullivan	0
Tioga	1
Tompkins	2
Ulster	0
Warren	3
Washington	1
Wayne	0
Westchester	8

Wyoming	0
Yates	0
Total	378

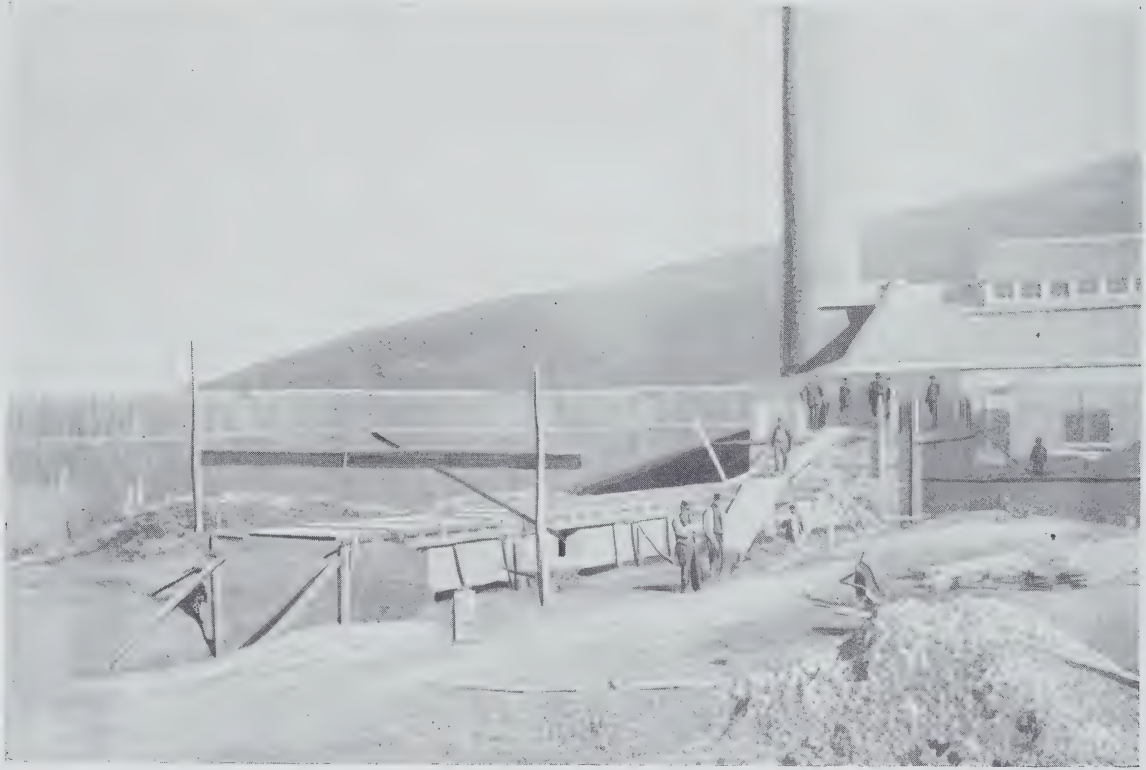
CRIMES.

Arson, third degree	2
Attempted arson, first degree	3
Abduction	2
Assault, first degree	8
Assault, second degree	30
Attempted assault, second degree	2
Burglary, second degree	2
Burglary, third degree	96
Burglary, second degree (2nd offense)	1
Attempted burglary, second degree	3
Attempted burglary, third degree	45
Bribery	1
Cocaine, illegal selling	1
Carrying concealed weapons	2
Attempted extortion	1
Extortion	1
Forgery, second degree	9
Forgery, third degree	1
Grand larceny, first degree	14
Grand larceny, second degree	76
Attempted grand larceny, second degree	35
Manslaughter, first degree	1
Possessing burglar's tools	1
Perjury (felony trial)	2
Petit larceny, second offense	1
Rape, first degree	1
Rape, second degree	6
Attempted rape, first degree	1
Receiving stolen property	11
Robbery, first degree	4
Robbery, second degree	3

Robbery, third degree	6
Attempted robbery, first degree	1
Sodomy	2
Attempted sodomy	1
Violation of section 653 — Attempted	1
Violation of section 1,991	1
Total	378

Terms of Sentence.

2	years	1
2½	years	83
5	years	222
7	years	3
10	years	51
15	years	5
20	years	12
1	year	1
	Total	378



Constructing Conduits — Napanoch.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE EASTERN NEW YORK REFORMATORY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Chapter 571, *Laws of* 1907.

Concrete wall (A)		$35,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1906–07	$1,729 23	
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	19,340 72	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	4,191 64	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	9,738 41	
	$35,000 00	$35,000 00
Power plant (B)		$37,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	$15,528 80	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	14,183 34	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	7,287 86	
	$37,000 00	$37,000 00
Water supply (C)		$10,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	$6,664 56	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	90 86	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	3,244 58	
	$10,000 00	$10,000 00
Equipping trades school (D)		$10,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$9,569 43	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	430 57	
	$10,000 00	$10,000 00

Chapter 578, *Laws of* 1907.

Furnishing superintendent's residence (E)		$1,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	$989 92	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	6 19	
Lapsed	3 89	
	$1,000 00	$1,000 00
Window guards (F)		$603 92
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	$603 92	
	$603 92	$603 92
Grading, etc. (H)		$627 45
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	$195 64	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	126 50	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	305 31	
	$627 45	$627 45

Chapter 578, *Laws of* 1907.

Furnishing mess hall and kitchen (I)		$835 89
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	$195 89	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	238 09	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	401 91	
	$835 89	$835 89
Furnishing and equipping storehouse (J)		$369 44
Expended fiscal year 1906–07	$49 20	
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	28 86	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	34 05	
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	257 33	
	$369 44	$369 44

Furnishing and equipping physician's office (K)..		$150 00
Expended fiscal year 1907–08.....	$149 59	
Lapsed	41	
	$150 00	$150 00
Two boilers (L).....		$3,000 00
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)	$3,000 00	
	$3,000 00	$3,000 00
Trades school and shop building (M):		
Reappropriated (chapter 433, Laws of 1909)...		$2,486 25
Equipping trades school and shop building (P)	$2,486 25	
	$2,486 25	$2,486 25

Chapter 469, *Laws of* 1908.

Bathhouse, laundry and shop building (AA).....		$50,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1908–09.....	$24,842 47	
Estimates approved	13,934 95	
Estimates submitted	3,587 28	
Balance available	7,635 30	
	$50,000 00	$50,000 00
Walking corridors, conduits and piping (BB).....		$7,000 00
Expended fiscal year 1908–09.....	$2,048 73	
Estimates approved	4,597 41	
Balance available	353 86	
	$7,000 00	$7,000 00

Chapter 566, *Laws of* 1908.

General electric wiring (CC)		$2,600 00
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$2,599 82	
Balance available	18	
	$2,600 00	$2,600 00

Heating system, trades school and shop building (DD)		$2,365 35
Expended fiscal year 1907–08	$621 23	
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	1,444 71	
Estimates submitted	282 29	
Balance available	17 12	
	$2,365 35	$2,365 35

Plumbing system, trades school and shop building (EE)		$1,800 00
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$1,726 57	
Estimates approved	61 77	
Balance available	11 66	
	$1,800 00	$1,800 00

Chapter 461, *Laws of* 1909.

Mess hall and kitchen (B)		$40,000 00
Balance available	$40,000 00	
	$40,000 00	$40,000 00

Sewers (C)		$1,500 00
Balance available	$1,500 00	
	$1,500 00	$1,500 00

Electric appliances and cable (D)		$8,000 00
Balance available	$8,000 00	
	$8,000 00	$8,000 00
Purchase of land (E)		$5,000 00
Balance available	$5,000 00	
	$5,000 00	$5,000 00
Repairs and equipment (F)		$2,000 00
Estimates approved	$107 00	
Balance available	1,893 00	
	$2,000 00	$2,000 00

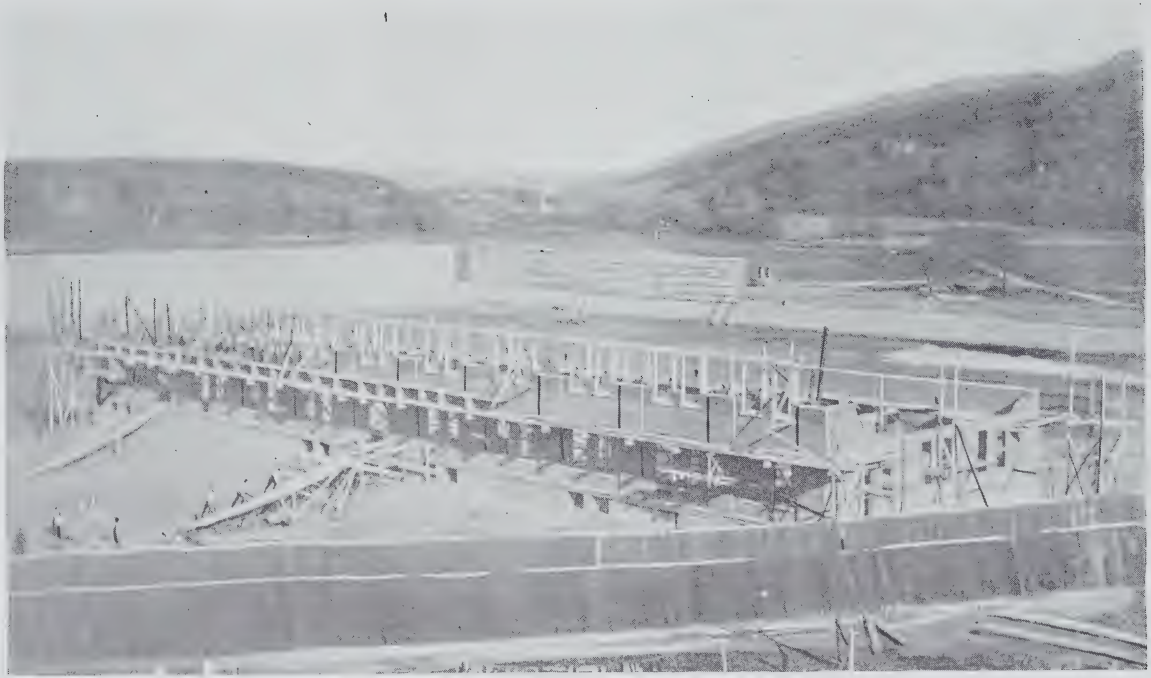
Chapter 433, *Laws of* 1909.

Concrete wall (G)		$9,738 41
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$4,770 08	
Estimates approved	4,930 62	
Balance available	37 71	
	$9,738 41	$9,738 41
Power plant (H)		$7,287 86
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$6,181 83	
Estimates approved	756 87	
Balance available	349 16	
	$7,287 86	$7,287 86
Water supply (I)		$3,244 58
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$309 26	
Estimates approved	1,810 15	
Balance available	1,125 17	
	$3,244 58	$3,244 58

Equipping trades school (J)		$430 57
Expended fiscal year 1908–09	$46 43	
Estimates approved	140 24	
Estimates submitted	243 90	
	$430 57	$430 57
Window guards (K)		$603 92
Balance available	$603 92	
	$603 92	$603 92
Grading, etc. (L)		$305 31
Estimates approved	$18 00	
Balance available	287 31	
	$305 31	$305 31
Furnishing mess hall and kitchen (M)		$401 91
Balance available	$401 91	
	$401 91	$401 91
Furnishing and equipping storehouse (N)		$257 33
Balance available	$257 33	
	$257 33	$257 33

Chapter 433, *Laws of* 1909.

Two boilers (O)		$3,000 00
Reappropriated (chapter 578, Laws of 1907)	$355 45	
Contract	2,578 05	
Estimates approved	61 25	
Balance available	5 25	
	$3,000 00	$3,000 00



Constructing New Bath House and Laundry Building — Napanoch.

Equipping trades school and shop building (P) . . .		$2,486 25
Reappropriated (chapter 578, Laws of 1907)	$280 00	
Balance available	$2,206 25	
	$2,486 25	$2,486 25

MAINTENANCE 1908–1909.

Balance on hand October 1, 1908.	$1,995 63	
Received, comp't. acct. chap. 577, 1907.	12,900 00	
Received, comp't. acct. chap. 465, 1908.	60,000 00	
Received, comp't. acct. chap. 435, 1909.	13,500 00	
Received miscellaneous receipts.	48 85	
Expenditures for the month of:		
1908.		
October	. . . . .	$7,444 71
November	. . . . .	8,001 70
December	. . . . .	7,269 05
1909.		
January	. . . . .	7,879 25
February	. . . . .	7,573 89
March	. . . . .	7,298 48
April	. . . . .	7,579 85
May	. . . . .	8,200 98
June	. . . . .	6,889 67
July	. . . . .	6,397 68
August	. . . . .	6,991 08
September	. . . . .	6,019 35
Miscellaneous receipts returned to the State Treasurer	. . . . .	48 75
Cash balance September 30, 1909.	. . . . .	849 94
	$88,444 48	$88,444 48

October 1, 1909. Funds Available for Maintenance for the Fiscal Year 1909–1910.

Treasurer, cash balance	$849 94
Comptroller's account balance chapter 435, 1909	6,500 00
Comptroller's account chapter 432, Laws of 1909	100,000 00
Total	$107,349 94

Statement of the Prisoner's Deposit Fund.

Cash on hand October 1, 1908	$243 79	
Cash received during the year	383 87	
Expended during the fiscal year		$335 26
Cash balance September 30, 1909		292 40
	$627 66	$627 66

The total cash expenditure for maintenance for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909 is $87,545.69. The daily average attendance is $449.39.

Officers and employees	$44,703 61	$99 48	$0.273
Expenses of managers	611 50	1 36	.044
Provisions	12,209 76	27 17	.074
Household stores	1,116 22	2 48	.007
Clothing	7,592 82	16 90	.046
Fuel and Light	7,318 53	16 29	.045
Hospital and Medical	550 73	1 23	.003
Shop, Farm and Garden	4,625 34	10 29	.028
Ordinary repairs	0 00	0 00	.000
Transportation of inmates	6,904 26	15 36	.042
Miscellaneous	1,912 92	4 26	.012
Totals	$87,545 69	$194 81	$0.534

General Financial Statement for the Fiscal Year 1908–1909.

Cash on Hand October 1, 1908

Maintenance	$1,995 63
Prisoners' Deposits	243 79

Receipts from all sources

Comptroller's account. Maintenance. Chapter 577, Laws of 1907	$12,900 00
Comptroller's account. Maintenance. Chapter 465, Laws of 1908	60,000 00
Comptroller's account. Maintenance. Chapter 435, Laws of 1909	13,500 00
Comptroller's account. Special Fund. Chapter 571, Laws of 1907	28,035 27
Comptroller's account. Special Fund. Chapter 578, Laws of 1907	404 83
Comptroller's account. Special Fund. Chapter 469, Laws of 1908	26,891 20
Comptroller's account. Special Fund. Chapter 466, Laws of 1908	5,771 10
Comptroller's account. Special Fund. Chapter 433, Laws of 1909	11,943 05
Prisoners' Deposits	383 87
Miscellaneous receipts	48 85
	$162,117 59

Disbursements

Maintenance	$87,545 69
Prisoners' Deposits	335 26
Chapter 571, *Laws of* 1907	
Concrete Wall (A)	4,191 64
Power Plant (B)	14,183 34
Water Supply (C)	90 86
Equipping Trades School (D)	9,569 43

Chapter 578, *Laws of* 1907	
Furnishing Superintendent's Residence (E)	$6 19
Grading, etc. (H)	126 50
Furnishing Mess Hall and Kitchen (I)	238 09
Furnishing and Equipping Storehouse (J)	34 05
Chapter 469, *Laws of* 1908	
Bath House, Laundry, etc. (AA)	24,842 47
Walking Corridors, etc. (BB)	2,048 73
Chapter 466, *Laws of* 1908	
General Electric Wiring (CC)	2,599 82
Heating System, Trades School and Shop Building (DD)	1,444 71
Plumbing System, Trades School and Shop Building (EE)	1,726 57
Chapter 433, *Laws of* 1909	
Concrete Wall (G)	4,770 08
Power Plant (H)	6,181 83
Water Supply (I)	309 26
Equipping Trade School (J)	46 43
Two Boilers (O)	355 45
Equipping Trades School and Shop Building (P)	280 00
Miscellaneous Receipts returned to the State Treasurer	48 85
Cash balance, September 30, 1909	
Maintenance	849 94
Prisoners' deposits	292 40
	$162,117 59 $162,117 59

REPORT OF ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN.

Eastern New York Reformatory.

Napanoch, N. Y., *October* 1, 1909.

General Superintendent:

Herewith is submitted the report of the medical department for the past fiscal year.

General Statistics.

Number in hospital, October 1, 1908	8
Admitted during year	76
Total	84

Admissions to the hospital were for the following causes:

Abscesses:	
Tonsilar	1
Palmar	2
Adenitis:	
Tubercular	6
Amputations:	
Finger	1
Asthma:	
Bronchial	1
Cystitis	1
Diabetes	1
Diarrhœa	2
Eczema	2
Erysipelas	1
Fevers:	
Acute rheumatic	6
Para typhoid	5
Heart disease:	
Mitral regurgitation	4
Herpes zosta	1

Hernia	1
Hemorrhoids	1
Indigestion:	
Acute	2
Inflammation:	
Alveolar	1
Melancholia:	
Acute with delusions	1
Mental depression	1
Nephritis:	
Chronic parenchyatus	2
Chronic interstitial	2
Observation	1
Pleurisy	1
Poisoning:	
Acute alcohol	2
Psoriasis	1
Rectal impaction	1
Rheumatism:	
Chronic	2
Sprains	1
Stricture:	
Urethral	3
Tonsilitis:	
Follicular	2
Tuberculosis:	
Gastric	2
Pulmonary	8
Testicle	1
Urticaria:	
Bullosa	1
Wounds:	
Contused	1
Incised	2
Unhealed circumcision	1
Total	75

Of the patients treated in the hospital there were:

Returned to cells	61
Died	3
Regularly paroled	8
Transferred to Dannemora State Hospital	1
Number in hospital, September 30, 1909	11
Total	84

Out Hospital Department.

In the out hospital department there were 8,921 treatments by the physician during the year, being an average of twenty-nine a day.

Mortality.

The causes of death were as follows:

Pulmonary tuberculosis	2
Acute alcohol poisoning	1
Acute melancholia	1
Fracture of thigh and spine (accidental)	1
Strangulation (accidental during epileptic convulsions)	1
Total	6

Insanity.

During the year twelve men were transferred to Dannemora State Hospital for the criminal insane.

The causes were as follows:

Dementia precox	8
Melancholia with delusions	2
Melancholia chronic	1
Not classified	1
Total	12

Contagious Diseases.

There has been no case of a contagious disease in the Institution during the year.

Tuberculosis.

Number tubercular inmates, October 1, 1908	126
Number admitted during year	71
New cases	5
Returned	1
Total	203
Paroled or discharged	139
Died	3
Number present October 1, 1909	61
Total	203

Those paroled or discharged were classified as follows:

Cleared	96
Improved	10
Not improved	33
Total	139

Those present October 1, 1909, are classified as follows:

Incipient	36
Moderately advanced	18
Far advanced	7
Total	61

Appended is a summary of the work of the department during the year.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANK L. HEACOX,

Assistant Physician.

REPORT OF ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN

Eastern New York Reformatory

From October 1, 1908, *to September* 30, 1909

	Average count.	Number of applications for treatment.	Number treated.	Not treated.	Number of men excused.	Number of men excused from work.	Number of days excused from school.	Treated after hospital call.	Number admitted to hospital.	Number discharged from hospital.	Number in hospital on first of month.	Cost of hospital and medical supplies.	Number surgical dressings and treatments, Out Hospital.	Tooth extractions.	Number of days work lost on account of patients in hospital.	Total number of days lost on account of sickness.
1908.																
October	468	706	559	147	6	6	6	12	9	*7	8	$41 88	73	6	75	81
November	454	572	398	172	10	10	10	6	4	5	9	55 94	49	4	125	135
December	469	708	534	174	14	14	14	10	6	8	8	59 39	40	11	71	85
1909.																
January	464	712	486	226	8	8	8	8	7	4	6	45 08	43	7	109	117
February	460	910	601	309	12	12	12	10	6	5	9	47 09	51	6	155	167
March	448	880	703	177	11	11	11	11	3	2	10	28 58	103	13	211	222
April	456	844	614	230	10	10	10	14	6	*5	11	43 66	56	5	253	263
May	438	791	606	185	16	16	16	16	3	*8	11	49 19	78	7	166	182
June	444	679	605	174	13	13	13	17	8	6	6	45 33	61	8	140	153
July	430	727	607	120	17	17	17	14	7	7	8	46 23	171	5	211	228
August	437	661	629	32	14	14	14	17	6	5	8	41 30	205	3	196	210
September	437	741	674	69	12	12	12	12	12	10	9	41 11	258	5	246	258
Total	5,405	8,921	7,016	2,015	143	143	143	147	77	72	103	$544 78	1,188	70	1,958	2,101
Average	449	743	585	168	12	12	12	12	6	6	8	$45 38	99	6	163	165

* One, by death.

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Jewish Protectory and Aid Society

Hawthorne, Westchester County, New York

NEW YORK OFFICE: 356 SECOND AVENUE, NEW YORK

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1909

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 14, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

OFFICERS AND BOARD OF MANAGERS FOR THE YEAR 1910.

President.

Mortimer L. Schiff.

Vice-Presidents.

Henry Solomon,
Jesse I. Straus.

Treasurer.

Samuel A. Lewisohn.

Secretary.

Edgar J. Kohler.

CLASSIFICATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

Terms expiring 1910.

Henry Solomon,
Howard S. Gans,
Joseph Lilienthal,
Jack A. Dryfoos,
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst,
Mark Ash,
Moses J. Stroock,
Edgar J. Kohler.

Terms expiring 1911.

Hon. Julius M. Mayer,
Sidney C. Borg,
Morris Golland,
Samuel B. Hamburger,
George L. Beer,
Jacob Wertheim,
C. I. Stralem,
Jonas Reutlinger.
Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris.

Terms expiring 1912.

Mortimer L. Schiff,
William Guggenheim,
Louis Marshall,
Leopold Plaut,
Hon. Otto A. Rosalsky,
Samuel A. Lewisohn,
Jesse I. Straus,
Milton Einstein,
Eugene Meyer, Jr.

Honorary Manager.

A. S. Solomons.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR THE YEAR 1910.

Executive Committee.

Samuel B. Hamburger (Chairman).

Morris Golland,
C. I. Stralem,
Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris,
Edgar J. Kohler,
Samuel A. Lewisohn,
Joseph Lilienthal,
Louis Marshall,
Hon. Julius M. Mayer,
Henry Solomon,
Jesse I. Straus,
Jacob Wertheim,
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst.

Committee on Finance.

C. I. Stralem (Chairman).

Sidney C. Borg,
Jacob Wertheim,
Jesse I. Straus,
Samuel A. Lewisohn.

Committee on Land and Buildings.

Henry Solomon (Chairman).

Sidney C. Borg,
Eugene Meyer, Jr.,
Jesse I. Straus,
Leopold Plaut.

Committee on Religious and Moral Training.

Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris (Chairman).

Mark Ash,
Louis Marshall,
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst,
Jonas Reutlinger.

Committee on Secular and Industrial Training.

Joseph Lilienthal (Chairman).

George L. Beer,
C. I. Stralem,
Samuel A. Lewisohn,
Edgar J. Kohler

Committee on Legal Matters.

Louis Marshall (Chairman).

Edgar J. Kohler,
Moses J. Stroock,
Hon. Otto A. Rosalsky,
Hon. Julius M. Mayer.

Committee on Prisoners in State Institutions and Probation.

Edgar J. Kohler (Chairman).

Mark Ash,
Milton Einstein,
Morris Golland,
Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris,
Samuel A. Lewisohn,
Henry Solomon,
Joseph Lilienthal,
Hon. Otto A. Rosalsky.

Committee on Sanitary Matters.

Dr. A. L. Wolbarst (Chairman).

George L. Beer,
Sidney C. Borg,
Jesse I. Straus,
C. I. Stralem.

Committee on Conference with Courts, Public Authorities and Sister Institutions.

Hon. Julius M. Mayer (Chairman).

Jack A. Dryfoos,
Samuel A. Lewisohn,
Moses J. Ströock,
Louis Marshall.

Committee on Membership.

Jacob Wertheim (Chairman).

Mark Ash,
Jack A. Dryfoos,
Morris Golland,
Eugene Meyer, Jr.,
Leopold Plaut,
Jonas Reutlinger,
Hon. Otto A. Rosalsky,
Moses J. Stroock,
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst.

Committee on Employment.

Morris Golland (Chairman).

Jack A. Dryfoos,
Milton Einstein,
Jacob Wertheim,
Jonas Reutlinger.

Committee on Summer Visiting.

Samuel A. Lewisohn (Chairman).

George L. Beer,
Sidney C. Borg,
C. I. Stralem,
Eugene Meyer, Jr.

Incorporators.

Jacob H. Schiff,	Adolphus S. Solomons,
Adolph Lewisohn,	Joseph E. Heimerdinger,
Henry Budge,	Nathan Bijur,
Louis Marshall,	Samuel D. Levy,
Louis Stern,	Jacob A. Cantor,
Samuel B. Hamburger,	Emanuel W. Bloomingdale,
Henry Solomon,	Adam Wiener,

Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris.

Note.— The President of the Board and the Chairman of the Executive Committee are ex officio members of all committees.

OFFICERS.

Superintendent.

JOHN KLEIN.

Rabbi and Principal of School.

SOLOMON Z. PROKESCH, D. H. L.

Theodore A. Borgstedt.....Cottage Father and Act. Asst. Supt.
Bella Gold.....Stenographer
Albert Lassman.....Bookkeeper and Cottage Father
Rose D. Jacobs.....Teacher and Organist
Mabel Maschke.....Teacher
Rose Grush.....Teacher
Stella Falk.....Teacher
Bertha M. Pearl.....Teacher
L. W. Sor.....Teacher and Cottage Father
Sigmund Bleiman.....Instructor of Carpentry
Benjamin Schwartz.....Instructor of Telegraphy
Maurice Squires.....Cottage Father and Bandmaster
Herman Simon.....Cottage Father and Steward
Jacob Holstein.....Cottage Father
Jacob Kahan.....Cottage Father and Gardener
Abraham W. Eckstein....Drillmaster and General Relief Officer
Mrs. Theodore A. Borgstedt.....Cottage Mother
Mrs. Amelia Jacobs.....Cottage Mother
Mrs. Herman Simon.....Cottage Mother
Mrs. Jacob Holstein.....Cottage Mother and Nurse
Mrs. L. W. Sor.....Cottage Mother
Mrs. Maurice Squires.....Cottage Mother
Mrs. Anna R. Schampain.....Cottage Mother
Mrs. J. Bornscheuer....Matron of the Administration Building
William J. Felt.....Head Farmer
John Stangier.....Chief Engineer
Morris Wittman.....Baker
John Richter.....Night Watchman
Max Meyers.....Special Officer

Visiting Physician.

Dr. Ernest N. Wilcox, Pleasantville, N. Y.

Consultant on Eye Diseases.

Dr. George W. Vandergrift, 147 East 18th St., N. Y.

Consultant on Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases.

Dr. Max Toeplitz, 123 East Sixty-second street, N. Y.

Consulting Surgeon.

Dr. Sydney Jacobson, 121 East Seventy-ninth St., N. Y.

Dentist.

C. C. Weyant, D.D.S., Pleasantville, N. Y.

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 49.

IN ASSEMBLY

March 14, 1910.

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

JEWISH PROTECTORY AND AID SOCIETY

NEW YORK, *March* 14, 1910.

To the Honorable, the Legislature of the State of New York, and HON. WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, *Mayor of the City of New York:*

In accordance with the charter under which The Jewish Protectory and Aid Society was incorporated, the managers beg to submit herewith their report for the year 1909, which is their third annual report.

By order of the Board of Managers,

MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,

President.

REPORT.

To the Donors, Patrons and Members of The Jewish Protectory and Aid Society:

Our annual reports, heretofore, have given you the history of the formative period of this Society and have more particularly outlined to you our plans and expectations. In presenting this, our third annual report, we feel justified in saying, that we have passed that stage and have already accomplished a fair share of what we planned to do.

The past year has been one of progress and the results have, on the whole, been satisfactory. Our last annual report has explained very fully the theory on which our school is administered, and we shall, therefore, not refer to this again, as we believe, that the community should by this time understand the aims and endeavors of this Society. It is, however, difficult to actively enlist the interest of the Jewish community in the work in which we are engaged, as so many take the attitude, that, if a boy has violated the law, he should be committed to a penal institution. This is wrong, and we cannot point out too strongly that most of the boys who come before the Children's Court are neither vicious nor criminals, and that the healthy environment and sound teaching which they receive at our school, is likely to eventually make of them good and useful citizens. If, however, these very same boys were sent to a strictly penal institution, where they would come into contact with older and habitual criminals, it is almost certain, that a large percentage, if not the greater part of them, would when released turn to vicious lives and become confirmed criminals. While this Society is still young and its records, therefore, do not cover a lengthy period, we have still paroled a sufficient number of boys, to establish the fact that the results of a school, such as ours, are so satisfactory, that they warrant us in asking for, and entitle us to receive the unstinted moral, as well as financial support of the community. We try to escape as much as

possible from the Protectory idea and consider and treat our institution at Hawthorne as a school, pure and simple. There are no bars or any other expressions of forcible detention and our school is no different from any institution caring for dependent children. While we have had a very few escapes, the spirit of our boys and the whole atmosphere of the school well justify the methods we have adopted. As an example of this, we would call attention to the fact, that the boys, who have been discharged on parole, have, on their own iniative, formed an Alumni Association, which is not only helpful to them, but is also a gratifying expression of their feeling for the school.

Our work is divided into two branches, the school at Hawthorne and the outside probation and religious work.

We have now at Hawthorne a school, with ten cottages, of which four have recently been opened, thus giving us accommodations for 310 boys. We have had at the school during the year 277 pupils, of whom there remained 192 at Hawthorne on December 31, 1909. During the year, there were committed to us 90 boys, as follows:

Twenty-six for petit larceny, 9 for grand larceny, 12 for burglary, 10 for disorderly conduct, 1 for assault, 6 as ungovernable children, and 26 for no proper guardianship.

We discharged on parole 85 boys, of whom 60 are working, 20 are attending school, 2 are unemployed, 2 have been transferred to the House of Refuge and 1 has been returned to Hawthorne. The records of the Children's Court show for the year, that 3,282 Jewish boys appeared in that Court, of whom 1,617 received a suspended sentence, 173 were acquitted, 488 were paroled, 609 were fined, 177 no complaint was taken, 90 were sent to us, and 128 were committed to other institutions. We hope, however, that, with our increased facilities, the number of Jewish boys sent to non-Jewish institutions may be reduced to a minimum and that we shall be able to care for all, except the incorrigible cases, which, for the most part, should go to the House of Refuge. The curriculum of our school has undergone no radical change. All boys attend school and receive religious instruction regularly and in addition are employed either on the farm or in the cottages and buildings, while a selected number have received in-

struction in telegraphy or woodworking. We would like to do more in this direction, but until we are able to erect and maintain a trade school, we are unable to do so. All the boys take part in the regular military drill, which we find is of great benefit to them, and our band has proved a success in every way. We lay a good deal of stress upon the religious training of our wards, as we believe that much is accomplished by appealing to this side of their natures. The religious instruction, under the guidance of our efficient chaplain, the Rev. Dr. Prokesch, has proven of great benefit to our boys. Regular services are held on Friday evenings and Saturdays; special services have been held on the holidays and boys having passed the proper examinations have celebrated "bar mitzvah" and have thus been formally received into the faith of their fathers. On the theory that "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," there have been frequent entertainments for the boys, some consisting of little plays and recitations by the boys themselves and others by entertainers, whose services have been donated by kind friends. We try in every way to come as near the normal life of a healthy boy as possible, and, through the cottage system, strive to duplicate, as far as possible, the natural surroundings of the home. We encourage the boys to play baseball and join in other healthful sports and, during the summer, gave each boy a small plot of ground on which he could cultivate such vegetables and flowers, as he desired. We believe, that by doing this, we can send out into the world, boys sound in mind and in body, with a taste for things unknown in the crowded tenements of our metropolis.

On December 1, 1908, the first of our wards was placed on parole and from that day until the end of the last year, we have placed 90 boys on parole. These boys meet the Superintendent once a month in New York, and we also keep in touch with them in other ways. Of the 90 boys thus paroled, we have had to bring 3 boys back to the school for breach of parole and 2 were transferred to the House of Refuge; of the remainder, 80 boys are doing well. Of these 60 are at work, earning from $3 to $9 per week, and 20 boys under the age of fifteen are at school. It is our constant endeavor to so train our boys that they may go out into the world with principles of clean living and righteous thinking

so inculcated in them, as to make them a credit to themselves and to us and useful members of the community.

While the atmospheric conditions during the past year have not been conducive to large crops, the results of our farm have been fairly satisfactory, and we have produced a considerable quantity, the details of which will be found in the Superintendent's report. We hope that some day we may have better farming facilities and a larger herd of cattle. If that materializes, we should not only be able to give our boys a thorough training in farming, but also to produce sufficient milk, eggs, poultry and vegetables to supply the needs of the school.

The health of our pupils has, we are thankful to be able to report, been very good, and we have not had to make much use of our hospital. During the year, we have had 3 cases of hernia, 2 cases of mastoiditis and 3 cases where adenoids and tonsils were removed, none of which, however, were of a serious nature. In this connection, we express our thanks to our attending physician, Dr. Wilcox, to whose care much of the credit for this is due, as well as to Dr. Weyant and to Dr. Vandegrift, our dentist and consultant on eye diseases, respectively.

During the year, some of our generous friends, whose names will be found in the treasurer's report, came to our assistance and enabled us to erect four additional cottages. Through the experience which our architects and we had gained, we were able to devise a modified form of cottage, which we believe to be a model of its kind and which, we think, has been erected at the minimum cost for a successful and practicable cottage to house thirty boys. We extend the thanks of the Society to the generous givers, who have made possible this enlargement of our facilities.

There have been a certain number of changes in our staff, the details of which will be found in the Superintendent's report. We find considerable difficulty in securing properly trained house fathers and mothers, particularly of the Jewish race, and it is to be deplored that not more of our coreligionists should take up this work.

As stated in our last annual report, we have absorbed the Jewish Prisoners' Aid Society and have thus extended our sphere of activity to all Jewish transgressors of every age and committed

by whatever court. We have during the past year conducted a religious school with nine teachers at the House of Refuge; have, through the generosity of Mr. Adolph Lewisohn, maintained a Jewish probation officer in the Court of General Sessions and chaplains, under our direction, have regularly visited the Tombs, workhouse and penitentiary and have conducted regular religious services there and at Sing Sing, Napanoch, Elmira, Dannemora, Auburn and Hart's Island. This work, which is of paramount importance, elicits little support and sympathy among our people, but nevertheless it must be done and well done. It is one of the most important functions of this Society to care for the Jewish prisoner, wherever he may be, and one of the most serious problems, which confronts us, is what to do with him when he is discharged. The entire question of employment for and aid to discharged prisoners is fraught with difficulties, but it constitutes, nevertheless, one of the most crying needs of the community and deserves our most careful thought and attention. We have our own probation officer in the Children's Court and the regular probation officers in the Court of Special Sessions keep in close touch with us, which enables us to be informed of all Jewish cases arising in that court. The judges of the Courts of General and Special Sessions, the two main criminal courts of the city, have been most helpful and have shown great interest in our work, which they have encouraged in every way. We extend to them the thanks of the Society for their unfailing courtesy and the encouragement they have given us.

A special committee of this board, under the able chairmanship of Judge Rosalsky, has carefully studied the entire question of our outside activities and has prepared a plan of organization of this department of our work, which we are putting into effect and through which we hope more efficient work may be done in this direction. While this plan, which provides for a more systematized control of this branch of our work, entails an increased expenditure of at least $5,000, we undertake it, relying on the generosity of the Jewish community, which we feel certain wishes us to fully meet the responsibilities which have been placed upon us.

The Jewish Big Brother Movement, of which mention was made in the last annual report, has developed well during the past year.

under the leadership of Mr. A. H. Kaminsky, to whom much of the credit for the success of this work has been due. We need, however, more big brothers and we are making every effort to secure them through some of our sister institutions. During the past year there have been 158 cases in charge of big brothers, and with a few exceptions, the results have been excellent. If this movement grows as it should, it should prove one of the most efficient and effective agencies for dealing with delinquent children.

In view of the many rather misleading statements made as to crime among the Jews, we have had a careful record kept of all Jewish cases in the Court of Special Sessions from April 1st to October 1st. While, of course, to make a complete record, it would be necessary to include all other courts, the expense of doing this would have been too great for our means and we have also felt that the Court of Special Sessions would give a fairly accurate picture, as there is so wide a diversity of cases in that court. We think the statistics, which we have secured, should prove of much assistance in considering the important question of criminology among the Jews. We have furnished the American Jewish Committee, the Jewish Community (Kehilla) and the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions with the detailed result of our investigation.

From the foregoing, it will be seen that our work is only limited by the amount of support which we receive from the community. Like all other societies, we have experienced considerable difficulty in securing additional contributors. The allowance we receive from the city is not sufficient to properly care for the children committed to our school and to make up the deficiency in this and provide funds for the probation, religious and other outside work, we must rely upon the generosity of the community. On January 1, 1909, we had 28 donors, 6 friends, 160 patrons and 782 members, and on December 31, 1909, 29 donors, 6 friends, 172 patrons and 871 members, representing $16,210 of annual membership, an increase of but $1,290 over the year 1908. Our budget for the year 1910 shows an estimated deficiency of at least $7,000, which we earnestly hope the community will meet by enlarging the membership of this Society, and, in addition, the trade school, which we need so badly, will require at least $5,-

000 annually for its maintenance. We have received assurances that the trade school will be provided whenever our income is sufficient to maintain it, and in order to obtain this it is necessary that we increase our annual membership by at least $12,000.

We summarize, as follows, our financial position, the details of which will be found in the report of the treasurer:

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF MAINTENANCE FUND.

Receipts.

Annual subscription:		
Donors	$3,000 00	
Friends	200 00	
Patrons	3,955 00	
Members	8,872 00	
J. P. A. S.	1,345 45	
		$17,372 45
New York city for maintenance		30,822 15
Baron De Hirsch Fund		375 00
From donations		4,702 99
Miscellaneous receipts		5,132 38
Total receipts		$58,404 97

Disbursements.

For general and operating expenses:	
Maintenance at Hawthorne school	$54,093 12
Jewish Prisoners Aid Branch	2,505 33
Interest on mortgage	3,750 00
Total disbursements	$60,348 45

Assets, Funds and Liabilities.

Funds and liabilities:		
Donation to building fund	$399,084 82	
Donation to cottage fund	60,450 00	
		$459,534 82

Balance in probation fund.....	$127 98	
Balance in relief fund	856 30	
		$984 28
Hospital fund	$15,000 00	
Furnishing fund	467 37	
Jewish Prisoners Aid Fund....	6,448 14	
		21,915 51
Mortgage, loans, etc.		93,150 00
Due on audited vouchers.....		10,259 68
		$585,844 29

Assets:

Building site, etc.	$484,624 26	
Building additions, etc.	60,163 95	
Hospital building, etc.	13,337 56	
Furnishings	859 68	
		$558,985 45

Current assets:

Due by religious committee.....	$1,196 96	
Due by committee on criminology	235 00	
Petty cash	250 00	
Due account loan 1907.....	70 00	
Investment in bond and mortgage.	5,750 00	
Due by New York city for maintenance	2,737 04	
Bond (H. O. A.).....	500 00	
Interest on bond	15 00	
Balance in bank account maintenance fund	953 16	
Balance in bank account capital fund	6,585 77	
		18,292 93
Total assets		$577,278 38

Deficit for period ending December 31, 1908	$6,622 43	
Deficit for year ending December 31, 1909	1,943 48	
		$8,565 91
		$585,844 29

Excluding interest on mortgage and work done outside of Hawthorne, our per capita cost for the past year was $259.50, which we hope to reduce when we have the larger number of boys, for whom provision has now been made.

This result has only been accomplished by practising the closest economy; in fact, we have no hesitancy in saying, that it would be well, if we could be a little more liberal in our expenditures; nevertheless, our expenditures during the year exceeded our income by $1,943.48 and, if, as is proper, to determine our correct financial position, receipts not permanent in character are excluded, our expenditures were $12,322.02 in excess of our fixed income.

The ranks of our supporters have been depleted by the grim hand of death and we mourn with sorrow the loss of:

Louis Heidelbach,
L. A. Heinsheimer,
R. E. Jacobson,
Samuel W. Korn,
Alfred R. Wolf,
Mrs. Henry S. Frank,
Sigmund Neustadt,
Solomon Smith,
Jacob Stoopack,
Louis Strasburger,
Charles Mayer.

In Louis A. Heinsheimer and Sigmund Neustadt, this Society has lost two of its earliest and most generous supporters. Their broad minded philanthropy, combined with their unusual modesty will ever prove an inspiration to those who had the privilege of knowing them. Their purses and hearts were always open to all who were deserving and by their death the community has lost two of its warmest hearted members. In order that their names

should be permanently connected with our school, cottages have been named in their memory.

Our needs are many and being young we are not bashful in mentioning them. We need the trade school and funds for its support, so that we may send our wards into the world properly equipped to cope with the struggle for existence. We need new farm buildings and a larger herd of cattle, not only to furnish agricultural products for the school, but also, in order to give our boys a better agricultural training and instill in them a love for the land. We need the sum of $65,000 to pay off the balance of the mortgage, which still rests on our property and which entails so heavy an annual charge. We need books for our library and last, but not least, the unstinted support of the community. There are many things we should do, if we only had the funds with which to do them. Among others, we shall, doubtless, have to eventually also consider making provision for upstate and Brooklyn boys and, in due course, we must also take up the problem of the care of delinquent girls. We are not yet quite ripe for this, as we must first thoroughly organize our school and make full provision for all delinquent Jewish boys in our own city.

One of the most serious problems which confronts us and which at the same time is one of the most difficult of solution, is how best to make provision for healthy amusement for the boys who have left us on parole.

There appears to be, we are sorry to say, a certain prejudice against boys who have been in a protectory, and as a result, it is very difficult for them to gain admission to clubs and other organizations, where they may find proper environment for spending their evenings and other hours of leisure. While we cannot close our eyes to the fact that this prejudice exists, it is unfair to the boys who have been in our charge and who have reformed that this should be the case.

The greater part of the boys who pass through the Children's Court are not vicious, and while they may need care and attention and education under proper surroundings, they should not be considered as felons, for whom society holds nothing in store.

The same tendency which leads college boys to steal signs to decorate their rooms, causes boys of the city streets to rob the push

cart man and the peanut stand, but while in the one case, it is called a college prank, and in the other larceny, it is, nevertheless, the same spirit of youth which seeks an outlet.

In particular, societies such as the Young Men's Hebrew Association, the Educational Alliance and the various settlements under whose auspices clubs are formed, can help us in providing proper environment for our boys, after they have left our school. We need and would welcome their co-operation in this and hope, that with a clearer knowledge of the class of boys, with whom we deal, the opportunity for legitimate diversion under proper auspices may be fully extended to them.

Some misconception appears to have arisen as to certain functions of this Society. There is, it seems, an impression in the minds of some, that this Society should review cases committed by the judges of the Children's Court, and, if the managers reached the conclusion that some particular boy should rather have been paroled than committed, such boy should be immediately released. We are not a Court of Appeals and our constituting ourselves a reviewing body would not only be manifestly improper, but would also result in an impossible situation. As various people, doubtless well meaning and with the best intentions, have at different times appealed to us to discharge certain boys before they were, under our rules, entitled to discharge on parole, we would like to have it distinctly understood that when the court, in its discretion, has determined that a boy should be committed to our school, that boy must remain there until he has earned his parole, and any differentiation as to how he can earn it is bound to result in loss of discipline and inefficiency in our work. While it may sometimes seem harsh that a boy should be sent away and his parents deprived of his companionship, for, for instance, such an offense as peddling, investigation will usually show that it is only after repeated offenses and convictions that the offender is committed to an institution. As long as laws are on the statute books they must be obeyed, and if the public believes any laws too harsh, the remedy is to amend or repeal them.

During the year existing vacancies in the Board have been filled by the election of Messrs. J. L. Lilienthal, Eugene Meyer,

Jr., Milton Einstein and Moses J. Stroock. Judge Julius M. Mayer, formerly president of the Society, found it necessary, to our regret, to resign his office, owing to the press of other duties which made it impossible for him to give this Society the time and attention to which he deemed it to be entitled, and the Board of Managers take this opportunity of expressing to him their thanks for the service he has rendered to the Society.

We acknowledge, with thanks, many courtesies extended to us by sister institutions, and especially thank the Mount Sinai Hospital for care given cases requiring surgical attention.

We further gratefully acknowledge the co-operation of the Baron de Hirsch Fund and of Temple Emanu-El, who have granted us financial assistance toward our agricultural and probation work, respectively.

We have received many evidences of interest on the part of members of the community, and we thank each and everyone of them for the generosity which they have shown. A detailed list of gifts received will be found in the following pages of this report.

We record, with great pleasure, the efficient and conscientious work of Mr. John Klein, our able superintendent, to whose excellent management a large part of the success of our work is due. We extend to him the thanks of the Society for the self-sacrificing way in which he has performed his onerous duties and for his intelligent direction of our work. We further acknowledge with thanks the services rendered to the Society by our entire staff, and in this connection desire to make particular mention of the work done by the Rev. Dr. Prokesch, who has not only had charge of the religious work of the school, but has also acted as principal of the secular education.

In thus submitting to the State and city authorities, as well as to the individual supporters of our Society, an account of our stewardship during the past year, we do so with a full sense of the responsibility which is involved in the trust placed in our hands. The greatest asset of the State consists of its citizenship, and every effort which tends toward the creation of useful and decent citizens is of direct advantage to the community at large.

The problem of the proper care of the delinquent is a difficult

one and not easily solved. We are trying our best to do so and for this need and ask for the moral support and encouragement of the community.

Respectfully submitted,

MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
President.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

Mark Ash,
George L. Beer,
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Jacob Wertheim,
A. L. Wolbarst.
Joseph Lilienthal,

TREASURER'S REPORT

STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND FUNDS AND LIABILITIES
December 31, 1909

Assets.

Cost of site, buildings and equipment		$484,624 26	
Hospital buildings and equipment		13,337 56	
New cottages		60,163 95	
Furnishings		859 68	
			$558,985 45
Current assets:			
Due from committees, etc		$1,516 96	
Due from city of New York		2,737 04	
Investments:			
Mortgage bond	$5,750 00		
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum bond	500 00		
		6,250 00	
Cash in bank:			
General and maintenance fund	$953 16		
Capital fund	6,835 77		
		7,788 93	
			18,292 93
Total assets			$577,278 38
Deficiency account:			
Deficit at January 1, 1909		$6,622 43	
Excess of expenditures over income for year ending December 31, 1909		1,943 48	
			8,565 91
			$585,844 29

Funds and Liabilities.

Donations for special purposes:		
Site, building and equipment	$399,212 80	
Hospital fund	15,000 00	
New cottage fund	60,450 00	
Funds and bonds of Jewish Prisoners' Aid Society transferred	6,448 14	
Furnishings fund	467 37	
		$481,578 31

Relief fund:		
Balance January 1, 1909	$1,000 00	
Less — Transferred to general and maintenance fund during year	143 70	
		$856 30
Mortgage on site, buildings and equipment	$75,000 00	
Accrued interest thereon to December 31, 1909	625 00	
		75,625 00
Due on audited vouchers		10,259 68
Loans by directors		17,525 00
		$585,844 29

SAM A. LEWISOHN,
Treasurer.

PRICE-WATERHOUSE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants.

General and Maintenance Fund January 1 to December 31, 1909.

Expenditures.

General and operating expenses at Hawthorne School	$54,093 12
Expended on behalf of Jewish Prisoners' Aid Society	1,400 28
Expenditures for relief purposes	143 70
Expenditures for probation purposes	961 35
Interest on mortgage	3,750 00
	$60,348 45

Income.

Annual subscriptions:		
Donors	$3,000 00	
Patrons	3,955 00	
Members	8,872 00	
Friends	200 00	
		$16,027 00
Donations for general purposes		3,702 99
Transferred from relief fund		143 70
Donations for probation purposes		1,000 00
Jewish Prisoners' Aid Society contributions		1,345 45
City of New York contributions		30,822 20
Baron de Hirsch fund grant		375 00
Income from property		3,623 25

Interest on bank deposits	$1,365 38
Net deficiency for the year, the constitution of which is shown below	1,943 48
	$60,348 45

Constitution of Deficit — General and Maintenance Fund.

Assets.

Due from committees, etc		$1,516 96
Due from city of New York		2,737 04
Cash in bank		953 16
		$5,207 16

Funds and Liabilities.

Loans by directors		$5,375 00
Due on audited vouchers		4,954 45
Advanced by capital funds		2,587 32
Relief fund:		
Balance at January 1, 1909	$1,000 00	
Less — Transferred to general and maintenance	143 70	
		856 30
		$13,773 07
Deficiency:		
Balance January 1, 1909	$6,622 43	
Excess of expenditures over income for year ending December 31, 1909	1,943 48	
		8,565 91
		$5,207 16

SAM A. LEWISOHN,
Treasurer.
PRICE-WATERHOUSE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants.

Capital Funds December 31, 1909.

Surplus or Deficiency of Capital Funds.

Site, buildings and equipment:		
Donations to January 1, 1909, including interest on moneys invested during construction period	$396,512 80	
Donated since by Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff	2,700 00	
	$399,212 80	
Expenditures to December 31, 1909	484,624 26	
		$85,411 46

Hospital:			
Donations to January 1, 1909		$15,000 00	
Expenditures:			
To January 1, 1909	$11,943 29		
From January 1 to December 31, 1909	1,394 27		
		13,337 56	
			$1,662 44
Net cottages:			
Donations from January 1 to December 31, 1909		$60,450 00	
Expenditures to December 31, 1909		60,163 95	
			286 05
Jewish Prisoners' Aid Society funds and bond taken over during year			6,448 14
Furnishings:			
Donations to January 1, 1909		$467 37	
Expenditures:			
To January 1, 1909	$399 90		
From January 1 to December 31, 1909	459 78		
		859 68	
			392 31
Net deficiency			$77,407 14

CONSTITUTION OF DEFICIT CAPITAL FUND.

Assets:			
Cash in bank			$6,835 77
Advanced to general and maintenance fund			2,587 32
Mortgage bond		$5,750 00	
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum bond		500 00	
			6,250 00
			$15,673 09
Liabilities:			
Loans by directors		$12,150 00	
Due on audited vouchers		5,305 23	
Mortgage on site, buildings and equipment	$75,000 00		
Accrued interest thereon	625 00		
		75,625 00	
			93,080 23
As above			$77,407 14

SAM A. LEWISOHN,
Treasurer.

PRICE-WATERHOUSE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT

To the Board of Managers of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to submit herewith the Superintendent's report of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society for the year 1909:

Number of boys present January 1, 1909	187
Number of boys committed during 1909	90
Total	277
Number of boys paroled	83
Number of boys transferred to House of Refuge	2
Total	85
Total remaining December 31, 1909	192

The nationality of the boys committed are as follows:

Born in United States	39
Born in Russia	28
Born in Austria	7
Born in Roumania	7
Born in Germany	2
Born in England	2
Born in Turkey	2
Born in Argentine Republic	1
Born in Hungary	1
Born in France	1

Their ages are:

Eight years	3
Nine years	7
Ten years	11
Eleven years	10
Twelve years	15
Thirteen years	15
Fourteen years	14
Fifteen years	13
Sixteen years	2

Distribution of Maintenance Disbursements for 1909.

		Per capita
Baker's supplies	$1,787 29	$9 406
Building repairs, etc	691 55	3 639
Clothing	1,868 17	9 833
Dry goods	281 20	1 480
Farm and stable	2,611 18	13 743
Fuel and light	8,749 51	46 050
Freight and express	758 61	3 993
Groceries	4,945 61	26 029
Household supplies	1,787 00	9 405
Interest on loan	3,750 00	19 739
Insurance (paid for three years)	1,116 27	5 875
Medical supplies	144 41	7 60
Meat and fish	2,758 87	14 520
Miscellaneous	1,059 38	5 576
Postage, printing and stationery	385 22	2 027
Salaries	19,942 72	104 960
School supplies	270 53	1 424
Shoes and repairs	1,002 99	5 280
Telephone	182 61	961
	$54,093 12	$284 700

In the last annual report attention was called to the fact that 130 Jewish boys had been committed during the preceding year

to non-Jewish institutions, because the Hawthorne school, already filled, could take new boys only as vacancies occurred. There were but nineteen such vacancies during the entire year; so that only about one out of every eight of the Jewish boys, committed by the court in 1908, found their way to a Jewish environment. This defect has been remedied during the past year by the erection of four new cottages, each arranged to accommodate thirty boys. These buildings are similar in their general character to those already constructed; and are, in the judgment of all who have seen them, practically ideal for the purposes for which they are intended.

One of the new cottages is already occupied and the others will be opened soon, so that 1910 finds us well equipped to care for all delinquent Jewish boys likely to be committed by the court.

Our amalgamation with the Prisoners' Aid Society promises a much greater efficiency in the work for Jewish criminals and delinquents. The efforts of the various parole officers, chaplains, and so forth, have frequently overlapped in the past, causing confusion and waste of energy. Plans are now being made for placing Jewish parole officers in the various criminal courts, and for the establishment of an office in New York where records and all important data will be kept. In connection with this work, a thorough study of Jewish criminology will be made by means of statistics furnished by the courts of special sessions and general sessions.

The work of our school throughout the past year has been conducted along the lines previously laid down, and we have again merited the highest rating from the State Board of Charities, without criticism.

All boys under fourteen years of age attend school throughout the day. Those over fourteen, spend one-half of the day in school and the other half at some other occupation. We follow closely the curriculum of the New York public schools, in order that the boys will not find it difficult to enter their proper grades upon returning to the city.

Religious instruction is faithfully given. Every boy has three hours of training in biblical history and religion each week under the direction of our resident rabbi, Dr. Prokesch. Under his

supervision also, religious holidays have been suitably observed. Sunday-school work at the House of Refuge has been conducted during the year and we now have nine teachers giving instruction there every Sunday morning. Lessons in singing are given twice a week in our school by the music teacher and the choir adds much to all religious services.

The brass band, composed of twenty-four pieces, is doing admirably, and is a source of great enjoyment to the boys. During the summer, the band played at various public affairs in neighboring villages and received many tributes to the excellence of their performance.

The classes in telegraphy and carpentry have made very satisfactory progress. The carpentry department has been of much benefit to the school, in the way of making repairs, building a substantial addition to the hennery and constructing a large number of useful articles.

Through the efforts of the agricultural classes, our tables were supplied with fresh vegetables throughout the summer and we have a considerable supply on hand for winter use. From the Baron de Hirsch fund we received $750, which was used to meet the expense of instruction, seeds, plants, implements and fertilizers. One hundred apple trees have been set out, also 100 peach trees besides grape vines, berry bushes and shrubs.

Our plant has been improved by the boring of a third artesian well which adds eighteen gallons a minute to our water supply.

In addition to the general garden, every boy in the school was given as heretofore, a small plot, 6 x 10 feet in size, which he was taught to cultivate, and the proceeds of which were his own to dispose of as he saw fit. Many small vegetables were raised and were used as gifts to parents, or as special treats to the boys of the cottage. These gardens have given much pleasure besides affording very practical instruction and will be continued another year.

The food products derived from the farm are as follows:

400 bushels of potatoes.
6,000 heads of cabbage.
100 bushels of tomatoes.
1,000 bunches of radishes.
10 barrels of winter radishes.
25 bushels of onions.
4,000 heads of lettuce.

25 bushels of peas.	100 bushels of oats.
30 bushels of beets.	10 bushels of peppers.
25 bushels of cucumbers.	50 tons of hay.
20 bushels of marrow beans.	8 tons of corn stalks.
100 bushels of turnips.	20 barrels of apples.
1,000 pumpkins.	25,550 quarts of milk.
5,000 ears of sweet-corn.	310 dozen of eggs.
300 bushels of field corn.	

In connection with the report of our various activities, I wish again to refer to our oft-mentioned need of a trade school. At present about all we can do for most of our boys when they leave us is to secure for them a "job" in some business house which pays from three to six dollars a week, and where opportunities for advancement are not especially encouraging. With a well-equipped "trade school" we could fit the boys for much better positions, where their future outlook would be decidedly more promising.

A boy having a good start in brick-laying, tile-setting, gas and steam-fitting, plumbing, or some similar trade, enters a lucrative field. Moreover, and I wish to emphasize this point, he is happier and more contented to be occupied at tasks which show results. Let a boy construct a cabinet, build a brick wall, or with a bag of interesting tools get to work on the gas or steam pipes, and he will be a very different creature from the boy who is engaged in running errands and doing similar work.

We cannot hope to save our boys from themselves, and the evil they have encountered, unless we make life enjoyable for them. Their work, whether in school or in shop, must be pleasing. In teaching delinquents, there is an ulterior motive quite beyond and apart from the usual objective of instructors. "Education," says John Ruskin, "does not mean teaching people what they do not know. It means teaching them to behave as they do not behave."

With a boy who lacks proper stamina, there must be the further consideration of the re-formation of his moral nature and the establishment of new principles upon which to base his future behavior. To educate a normal boy is to build a structure on the rock bottom of inherited and perhaps carefully guarded ideas

of rectitude. With a delinquent it is necessary to construct, amid a yielding mass of moral quicksands, a solid foundation of right character.

It has been the aim of our school to surround the boys with influences tending to happiness, contentment and the formation of right ideals. They are provided with an attractive and comfortable home. They are given suitable clothing and food. Pleasant work and wholesome play fill their days. They find helpful friends in their teachers and cottage parents. They gain in health, which is a matter of importance.

"Be good," says an old adage, "and you will be happy." More in accordance with twentieth century ideas, would be the maxim, "Be *well,* and you will be likely to be good and happy, too."

A cause for satisfaction is the loyal spirit which exists among the boys now here and those who have left the institution. Early in the year our graduates formed an alumni association which has proved a very successful organization. Meetings are held once a month in the Young Men's Hebrew Association building and are largely attended. The boys elect their officers and arrange their programs, but the superintendent is always present to offer suggestions. The graduates also have an opportunity to confer with him, if they desire, on his weekly visit at the United Hebrew Charities building, and they are made welcome when they visit the school. On the 4th of July a large number of them came and enjoyed a day of pleasures, which included luncheon in the woods, games, athletic contests and fire-works.

Washington's birthday and other national holidays have been observed, and we have had a few entertainments. More recreation of this sort is needed at the school. A first-class stereoptican was given to us last year, and illustrated lectures could be easily arranged which would be instructive as well as entertaining.

A prominent feature of our daily life is the military drill, and its benefit to the boys, in the way of improving their health and teaching them prompt obedience and precision, is well worth the time expended. An outdoor gymnasium would add much to the boys' opportunities for physical improvement, besides affording another source of enjoyment.

During the year there have been a few changes in the staff, chief of which was the resignation of Mr. Aaron D. Faber, formerly assistant superintendent, who left us to become the superintendent of the Philadelphia Foster Home for Orphan Children. The formative period of a new organization such as ours is necessarily accompanied by many minor changes among the employees. In a business establishment, honesty, faithfulness and ability are perhaps the chief qualifications for holding a position. In our enterprise we must demand much more, for those who come in contact with the boys should be a daily example to them in all their walk and conversation.

There is a growth neither visible nor material which is none the less essential to real life. This is the growth in ideals; the establishment of correct precedents. Three years ago our school consisted of land and buildings,— nothing more; a body without life and thought into which was to be infused a sort of vitality, so that the words "Hawthorne School" would not so much denote our material possessions,— our "Plant"— as the moral and intellectual forces which we were setting in motion.

It has been our constant aim to foster this growth; to remove whatever influences or individuals tended to retard,— to prune, to train, to sustain as far as in us lay. The prosecution of such endeavor is hedged about with difficulties and discouragements, but we have received at all times the cordial support and hearty co-operation of the Board of Managers, and to this fact which is gratefully acknowledged is largely due whatever success has been attained.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN KLEIN,

Superintendent.

REPORT OF THE RELIGIOUS COMMITTEE.

To the Board of Managers of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society:

The training of the boys under our supervision in the tenets of their ancestral faith, Judaism, and in the principles of morality generally, form a vital part of the regenerative work of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society.

In his report to the Religious Committee, consisting of Messrs. Hamburger, Marshall, Ash, Wolbarst and the chairman, our resident chaplain at Hawthorne, Dr. S. Z. Prokesch, says in part:

"The work during the past year has included the Bible, Jewish history, the institutes of Judaism, and the Hebrew language. As the grade of knowledge attained by the boys committed to this institution is exceptionally low, and their stay here comparatively short, the course of study must be of such a character that the inmates can obtain during this time the most necessary and most practical training. The number of new boys committed to this institution this year was ninety-four, of whom twenty-one are still in the Quarantine cottage, and receive no regular instruction. Of the remaining seventy-three boys who entered the school and began to receive instruction during this year, some few had a slight knowledge of the history contained in the earlier part of the Book of Genesis and of some of the Jewish holidays. All the rest had no knowledge whatever of Jewish history or of any of the Jewish institutions. Only fourteen boys could read Hebrew adequately.

"All the boys, as they are admitted to the school, are classified and graded according to their general secular knowledge and mental ability, and also according to the knowledge of Hebrew which they may possess. Altogether there are six classes, with an average of thirty pupils in a class, that meet once a week for Biblical history, and twice a week for Hebrew and religious instruction. These are under the charge of the chaplain, assisted by three teachers.

"The progress made by the boys, in spite of the disadvantages under which an institution like this labors, has been satisfactory. With the exception of the first class, consisting of pupils who have just recently entered the school, all the others are able to read the prayers in Hebrew and to take part in the services in the synagogue. The pupils of Classes 5 and 6, comprising about seventy boys, officiate as readers on week days, and are able to translate many portions of the prayers from Hebrew into English.

"Beside the regular course of Biblical history, the Pentateuch is read at the daily morning service. All the historical portions, the most important laws, and easy poetical passages are read and explained. Only the parts that are too difficult and those that are not adapted for young children are omitted.

"Both from the pulpit in the synagogue and in the higher classes of the school, the principles of the Jewish religion have been set forth. The Decalogue has been studied by all and specially explained to the higher classes. The Jewish calendar has been taught; the Jewish months, feasts and fasts with their historical background have been studied; the most important Jewish rites and customs as well as their symbolic observances have been explained and their full meaning and wholesome value made clear.

"The Sabbaths and festivals are duly observed and solemnized by services that are impressive, practical, and instructive, and that are made especially attractive by a well-trained choir and pleasing congregational singing. While short moral talks are given by the chaplain at the services on week days, more developed sermonettes are delivered on the Sabbaths and holidays. Also the minor festivals are marked with appropriate ceremonies and entertainments.

"Such a religious and moral training cannot but help improve the character of the boys. It certainly brings them nearer, and causes them to become more attached to their parents or guardians to whose guidance they had not previously submitted. On various occasions, fathers and mothers of the pupils, upon finding how interested their sons had become in the study and practice of their religion through the work of the school, have expressed their appreciation of the results accomplished and their

assurance that it would establish reconciliation and mutual sympathies between them and their offspring. Even if, after leaving this institution, the boys should change their attitude toward some of the teaching imparted to them here, the wholesome effect will still remain. It will have influenced the forming of their moral taste and of their moral consciousness. It will have built character and will have prepared for a virtuous and upright life."

Many of the inmates of the House of Refuge on Randall's Island are Jewish boys. They therefore receive some spiritual supervision through a Jewish chaplain, appointed under the auspices of the "Society for the Aid of Jewish Prisoners." Since that society has been merged with the Protectory, the latter has undertaken this work.

The visiting chaplain, Rev. Jacob Goldstein, conducts a divine service on Sunday mornings. His report may be summarized as follows:

At the 10 o'clock assembly, part of the Sabbath morning service is recited from the Union Prayer Book. It is read largely in unison, partly in Hebrew, but mostly in English. Next follows a reading from the Scripture, usually the Sabbath selection of that week. The Bible reading furnishes the topic of the sermon which lasts about twenty minutes. The boys chant the Hebrew responses and show a reverent attention during the services.

For a little over a year a Sunday school for the Jewish boys in the Refuge has been organized by the Protectory. The expense was at first borne by Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff, but is now part of the Society's expenditure. For this work, the Protectory engages a principal, Mrs. Bertha G. Hollander, and eight teachers, Misses Levine and Netter, and Messrs. Eisner, Bachrach, Leibowitz, Holman, Lowenthal and Bonaparte.

From the principal's report, the following data are gathered:

The population varies; on January 27, 1910, there were 280 Jewish inmates. There are about thirty-three pupils assigned to each class. The primary grade has taken up the early Bible stories, from Abraham to Joshua; great emphasis is laid on the

ethical instruction. The next division, forming four classes, carrying the Bible story through the Monarchy, and are studying Psalms, Proverbs and Bible texts. The oldest boys, forming three classes, are just beginning the study of the Prophets.

The school assembles at 9, opening with a prayer and closing with a hymn service.

The teachers meet the principal after the classes disperse in the trustee-room, and the morning's work is discussed and criticised.

The Jewish Protectory also supervises the work of the Jewish chaplains in the State and city prisons, formerly directed by the "Society for the Aid of Jewish Prisoners."

Respectfully submitted,

MAURICE H. HARRIS,
Chairman.

REPORT ON SECULAR AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

To the President and the Board of Managers of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society:

The secular classes of the Hawthorne School are arranged in six divisions, covering the grades from 1A to 7B. These are modeled closely after the same grades in the New York public schools. This is done, in order that the boys will not have difficulty in taking their proper rank upon their return to the city.

The boys who come to us are, as a general thing, below the normal school rating for boys of their ages. For this reason, arrangements have been made, by which all boys under fourteen years of age attend both morning and afternoon sessions of school, while those over fourteen, have one session of school and one of industrial class work or other occupation. For boys over fourteen years of age who have reached the 6A grade, a commercial class has been organized in which, in addition to the regular grade work, special instruction in bookkeeping and office work is given. There are from 22 to 35 boys in this class.

A quarantine of at least two weeks is maintained for each new boy, during which period he has two hours of instruction every day.

Much has been said about our lack of a "Trade School," but the matter is one of so much importance that the Committee wishes again to call attention to this great need. Our boys can hardly hope, save in exceptional instances, to enter upon professional careers. But they can learn some useful trade whereby a good living can be assured; and the work is attractive to every boy.

Our present trade classes in telegraphy, wood-working, and farming are doing good work. We ought to enlarge along this line by taking up printing, plumbing, painting, brick-laying and similar practical trades; and it is hoped that the time is not distant when such enlargement can be made.

Respectfully submitted,

EDGAR J. KOHLER,
Chairman.

December 31, 1909.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT

To the President and the Board of Managers of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society:

It gives me great pleasure to submit the following report as to the health of boys at the Hawthorne School during the past year.

There have been no serious illnesses of any sort, except two cases, viz.: One boy developed a strangulated hernia; he was immediately sent to the hospital and operated upon with a complete recovery resulting; the other case developed mastoid disease, which was also immediately operated upon, and a cure obtained.

The general health of the boys has been excellent, due to their careful supervision, and healthful surroundings.

The following is a list of cases treated:

Abscess, ear	5
Adenoids and tonsils removed	3
Burns	1
Bronchitis	2
Bilious fever	3
Conjunctivitis	5
Dermatitis	15
Grippe	3
Hernia (two operated)	3
Infected wounds	7
Impetigo	6
Mastoid diseases (one operation)	2
Rheumatism	7
Tonsilitis	7

Respectfully submitted,

ERNEST N. WILCOX, M. D.,
Visiting Physician.

December 31, 1909.

DENTIST'S REPORT

To the President and the Board of Managers of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society:

Under the present system of examination and treatment, the oral condition of the boys in the Hawthorne School has materially improved, since our last report.

Operations performed during the year 1909, numbered 304.

Respectfully submitted,

C. C. WEYANT, D. D. S.

December 31, 1909.

DONATIONS

List of Donations to Capital Fund During 1909.

Special Cottage Fund.

E. Asiel	$500 00
Eugene S. Benjamin	200 00
Sidney C. Borg	1,000 00
M. Brill	25 00
Jos. L. Buttenweiser	100 00
Michael Dreicer	300 00
Lazard Freres	1,500 00
Andrew Freedman	500 00
Henry Goldman	500 00
A. E. Goodhart	100 00
J. B. Greenhut	500 00
William Guggenheim	250 00
Alfred H. Heinsheimer (in memory of Louis A. Heinsheimer)	15,000 00
Paul M. Herzog (through Jacob Wertheim)	100 00
Selmar Hess	250 00
D. M. Hyman	50 00

Marc Klaw	$100 00
Edgar J. Kohler	25 00
Arthur Lehman	50 00
Irving Lehman	100 00
Philip Lehman	250 00
S. M. Lehman	100 00
Adolph Lewisohn	2,500 00
Fred. Lewisohn	500 00
Sam. A. Lewisohn	1,500 00
Walter Lewisohn	500 00
James Loeb	2,500 00
Louis Marshall	2,500 00
Clarence C. Minzesheimer	100 00
Henry Morgenthau	250 00
S. Neustadt	1,000 00
Newman Erb (through Jacob Wertheim)	250 00
Adolph S. Ochs	100 00
Solomon G. Rosenbaum	250 00
Theo. Rosenwald	25 00
Harry Sachs	250 00
Samuel Sachs	500 00
Jacob H. Schiff	15,000 00
Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff	200 00
Melville J. Scholle	50 00
I. N. Seligman	1,000 00
Jefferson Seligman	500 00
Jefferson Seligman	500 00
Joseph Skolny	25 00
C. I. Stralem	500 00
Stern Bros. & Co	100 00
Cyrus L. Sulzberger	50 00
Jesse N. Sulzberger	100 00
Felix M. Warburg	5,000 00
Mrs. Felix M. Warburg	200 00
Paul M. Warburg	2,500 00
Samuel Weil	500 00
	$60,450 00

List of Donations to Maintenance Fund During 1909.

Anonymous (through E. J. Kohler)	$10 00
Anonymous (through E. J. Kohler)	10 00
Anonymous (through Jacob Wertheim)	160 00
Anonymous	50 00
J. Ballin	5 00
Baron De Hirsch Fund	375 00
Rosalind Blum	10 00
Centennial Lodge	50 00
Centennial Lodge	50 00
J. G. Greenbergh	25 00
Ind. Order F. S. of Israel	50 00
Adolph Lewisohn (Probation Fund)	1,000 00
Adolph Lewisohn (Relief Fund)	1,000 00
Ferd. G. Loeb	100 00
Relief Committee for Jewish Charities	33 14
Jonas Reutlinger	250 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	2,700 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	100 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	400 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	500 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	500 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	1,000 00
Edward A. Seasongood	10 00
Edward S. Steinam	25 00
S. Stroock & Co	75 00
Subscription Dance Committee (through E. J. Kohler)	39 85
Temple Emanuel	250 00

Miscellaneous Donations.

Mr. Jacob H. Schiff	Jewish Encyclopedia.
Mr. Eugene Meyer, Jr	$80 for battalion standards.
Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff	$100 for dues, Council of Jewish Communal Institution.
Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff	225 books for library.
Mr. Jos. Lilienthal	60 books for library.
Mr. Jesse I. Straus	1 box of baseball supplies.

Mr. Samuel B. Hamburger....	200 boxes of candy for Channukah.
Mrs. Clara P. Hahn.....	Piano in memory of Mrs. Helene Hahn Stark.
Mrs. Leopold Stern.....	A box of magazines.
Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris.....	12 copies, "People of the Book."
Mr. Jesse I. Straus.....	200 copies, "Message to Garcia."
Mr. A. Goldberg.....	2 cases Sedar wine.
N. Y. Prison Association.....	100 picture puzzles.
Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff.....	$60 for prayer books.
Mr. Jack A. Dryfoos.....	240 pairs of stockings.
Standard Varnish Works.....	25 gallons of floor finish.
Messrs. Ernest A. & Michael H. Cardozo, Jr.....	3 bookcases and miscellaneous furniture.
Mr. Julius Heiman.....	$100 for lecture fund.
Dorothy & John Mortimer Schiff.....	$30 for baseball supplies.
Mr. Samuel Lehman.....	Music for band.
Trebuhs Publishing Co.....	Music for band.
Harlem Argus.....	$2 for band boys.
Mr. Samuel B. Hamburger....	Shoes and clothing.
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst.....	2 boxes of magazines.
Hon. Julius M. Mayer.....	Books and magazines for library.
Mr. Jesse I. Straus.....	2 office desks.
Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff.....	180 copies of the Old Testament.
Mr. Moses Stern.....	One cow.
Mr. Samuel A. Lewisohn.....	3 barrels of apples and 6 barrels of vegetables.
Mr. A. Wolf.....	3 boxes of magazines.
N. Y. Public Library.....	40 bound volumes of St. Nicholas magazines.
Mr. M. Golland.....	2 boxes of dress goods boards.
Mr. Jesse I. Straus.....	2 boxes of dress goods boards.
Mr. C. I. Stralem.....	10 sleighs.

Mr. Paul Meyer	Magazines for library.
Hebrew Orphan Asylum	25 band uniforms.
Mr. Jack A. Dryfoos	180 pairs of stockings.
Mr. Jacob H. Schiff	50 copies of Sedar service.
Miss Jennie Nathan	A box of magazines.
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst	1 dozen Ampelopsis vines.
Miss Bessie Bernstein	1 dozen Ampelopsis vines.
Mr. B. Wolf	1 box of art calendars.
J. M. Wachman	1 crate of eggs.
Young Men's Hebrew Association	Use of meeting rooms.
Mr. Falk Younker	Entertainment for the school.
Hebrew Standard Publishing Company	Subscription to Hebrew Standard.
Samuel B. Hamburger	6 swords and belts for battalion.
Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff	$40 for fireworks.

Subscriptions for Band Uniforms.

Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff	$100
Hon. Julius M. Mayer	20
Mr. Sidney C. Borg	20
Mr. Morris Golland	20
Mr. Jack A. Dryfoos	20
Mr. Jonas Reutlinger	20
Mr. C. I. Stralem	20
Mr. Jos. Lilienthal	20
Mr. Jacob Wertheim	20
Mr. Moses J. Stroock	10
Rev. M. H. Harris	10
Mr. Jesse I. Straus	10
Mr. Henry Solomon	10
Mr. Mark Ash	10
Mr. Edgar J. Kohler	10
Dr. A. L. Wolbarst	5
	$325

COST OF MEMBERSHIP

Founders: Those contributing $2,500 to the general funds of the Society.

Life members	$1,000
Donors, annually	100
Friends, annually	50
Patrons, annually	25
Members, annually	10

FORM OF BEQUEST

I give and bequeath to the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, or to the Treasurer thereof for the time being, for its corporate purposes, the sum of ..... dollars.

JEWISH PRISONERS' AID BRANCH

Cost of Membership.

Donors, annually	$100
Contributors, annually	25
Patrons, annually	10
Members, annually	5

JEWISH PROTECTORY AND AID SOCIETY

Members.

Abrahams, Herman	110 Fifth avenue.
Abrahams, Michael M.	142 Grand street.
Abrams, Lewis A.	320 Broadway.
Adelson, Philip	625 Broadway.
Adler, Chas. E.	748 Broadway.
Adler, Isaac J.	49 Wall street.
Ahrens, Max J.	130 West 113th street.
Alexander Bros.	107-111 Bowery.
Alexander, Harry	20 West 34th street.
Alexander, Joseph	107 Bowery.
Alter, Mark	114 East 71st street.
Arndt, Abraham	106 Fulton street.
Arnstein, Leo	49 East 82d street.
Ash, Elias	1200 Madison avenue.
Ash, Mervin	8 Great Jones street.
Ash, William	92 William street.
Ast, Abraham	55 West 17th street.
Auerbach, David	1867 Seventh avenue.
Auerbach, S. H.	40 West 77th street.
Aufhauser, Samuel	1211 Madison avenue.
Bache, Joe S.	30 Broad street.
Bache, Leopold S.	42 Broadway.
Bache, Mrs. S.	667 Madison avenue.
Bachrach, Abraham	64 East 91st street.
Bachrach, Irving	74 East 92d street.
Baer, Louis	156 Fifth avenue.
Baer, Morris B.	542 Fifth avenue.
Baerwald, Emil	2 Rector street.
Baerwald, Paul	10 Wall street.
Ballin, Julius	73 East 91st street.
Ballin, William	Care Union Exchange Bank, Fifth Ave. & 21st St.
Bamberger, Levi	Hotel Netherland.
Banner, S. Morrill	52 Broadway.
Barnett & Brown	62 Pearl street.

Barnett, Morris S.	27 East 73d street.
Barondess, Joseph	165 East Broadway.
Baronsky, M.	109 Canal street.
Baruch, Sailing	20 Broad street (% Housman & Co.).
Bass, Ephraim	610 Broadway.
Bass, S.	49 Maiden Lane.
Bayer, Edwin S.	524 Broadway.
Bayer, S. D.	24 Broad street (% C. Minzesheimer & Co.).
Behar, Nissin	150 Nassau street.
Bendheim, Adolph	128 Broadway.
Benjamin, Geo. G.	Broadway & 26th street.
Benjamin, M. W.	43 West 88th street.
Beralzheimer, Emil	377 Broadway.
Berliner, Henry	737 Broadway.
Berlin & Trosky	23 East Houston street.
Bernhard, Abraham	Fifth avenue & 18th street.
Bernhard, Henry	105 Fifth avenue.
Bernheim, Eli H.	75 Leonard street.
Bernheim, Henry C.	73 West 68th street.
Bernheim, Isaac J.	31 West 85th street.
Bernheim, J. H.	1 Madison avenue.
Bernheimer, Chas. L.	120 Franklin street.
Bernheimer, Edgar J.	10 Wall street.
Bernheimer, Lorin	31 White street.
Bernheimer, Max E.	39 West 72d street.
Bernheimer, Mayer S.	31-33 White street.
Bernheimer, Miss Rosie	7 East 57th street.
Bernheimer, Sidney E.	20 East 20th street.
Bernstein, B.	626 Broadway.
Bernstein, Charles	161 William street.
Bernstein, Edward	626 Broadway.
Bernstein, Paul	417 Grand street.
Berolzheimer, Edwin	710 East 14th street.
Bialostosky, Simon	57 Catherine street.
Bier, Mrs. Sylvan	Bretton Hall, N. Y. City.
Bijur, Abraham	2 West 86th street.

Bijur, Nathan . . . . . 34 Nassau street.
Bijur, Nathan I. . . . . 46 East 73d street.
Bijur, Samuel H. . . . . 145 Water street.
Blau, William . . . . . 320 Broadway.
Bleier, H. L. . . . . 2048 Third avenue.
Blimline, Edward L. . . . . 154 West 18th street.
Bloch, Lucien D. . . . . 44 West Broadway.
Bloch, Philip, secy. Board of magistrates . . . . . 121st St. & Sylvan place.
Block, Herman W. 105 Fifth avenue.
Bloom, David . . . . . 117 West 119th street.
Bloomberg, A. J. . . . . 132 Nassau street.
Bloomingdale, E. W. . . . . 115 Broadway.
Bloomingdale, Mrs. J. B. . . . . 11 East 67th street.
Bloomingdale, L. M. . . . . 11 East 67th street.
Bloomingdale, S. J. . . . . 59th street and Third avenue.
Blum, Henry L. . . . . Garden ave., Scarsdale, N. Y.
Blum, J. A. . . . . 37-39 Greene street.
Blum, Mrs. Joseph A. . . . . 35 West 58th street.
Blumenthal, Sidney . . . . . 453 Broome street.
Blumenthal, Walter . . . . . 24 East 96th street.
Bondy, M. E. . . . . 129 Grand street.
Bookman, Dr. S. . . . . 9 East 62d street.
Boskowitz, Adolph . . . . . 2 Rector street.
Boskowitz, Jesse C. . . . . 60 Madison avenue.
Brand, Herman . . . . . 404 East 48th street.
Brill, Louis . . . . . 44 West 18th street.
Brill, Maurice . . . . . 44 West 18th street.
Brill, Samuel . . . . . 279 Broadway.
Brody, Nathan . . . . . 201 West 120th street.
Bruhl, Miss Millie . . . . . 21 West 38th street.
Brummer, Max B. . . . . 826 Broadway.
Buchman, Julius . . . . . 16 Greene street.
Bullowa, Alfred L. M. . . . . 71 West 85th street.
Bullowa, Fred E. M. . . . . 32 Nassau street.
Cahn, Mrs. Albert . . . . . 353 West 118th street.
Cahn, Arthur L. . . . . 27 Pine street.
Cahn, Mrs. Leopold . . . . . 50 East 72d street.

Calman, Miss Emma ..... 450 West End avenue.
Calman, Henry L. ..... 100 William street.
Cardoza, Ernest A. ..... 128 Broadway.
Cardoza, Michael H. Jr. .... 128 Broadway.
Carlebach, Emil ..... 1 William street.
Chamansky, Louis J. ..... 26 West 94th street.
Cherurg, Rudolph L. ..... 52 Eldridge street.
Cohen, Clarence M. ..... 45 Broadway.
Cohen, E. A. ..... 171 Broadway.
Cohen, Harry J. ..... 61 Park row.
Cohen, William N. ..... 22 William street.
Cohn, Abe ..... 351 St. Nicholas avenue.
Cohn, Dr. Felix ..... 31 East 60th street.
Conne, P. A. ..... 110 Riverside Drive.
Conti, Cesare ..... 35 Broadway.
Cook, Alfred A. ..... 111 Broadway.
Cook, Laurens A. ..... Georgian Court, 66th St. & Central Park West.
Cowen, Mark ..... 13 Astor place.
Cowen, Moses ..... 87 Nassau street.
Curiel, H. ..... 18 Desbrosses street.
Danzig, Jerome ..... "The Lanniston," 89th St. & Madison avenue.
Davies, Clarence J. ..... 14 East 81st street.
Dellevie, Albert ..... 750 Broadway.
Dittman, Charles ..... 108 East 60th street.
Doernberg, Dudley D. ..... 539 Broadway.
Doushkess, J. ..... 21 Church street.
Dreicer, Michael ..... 292 Fifth avenue.
Dreyfus, Herbert M. ..... 25 Broad street.
Dryfoos, Alphonse ..... 42 West Broadway.
Dryfoos, Michael ..... 75 Leonard street.
Eckstein, Alfred ..... 25 Broad street.
Eckstein, Henry J. ..... 66 Broad street.
Eckstein, Samuel ..... 16 Taylor street, West New Brighton.
Ehrich, J. S. ..... 6th avenue and 23d street.

Ehrich, Jesse W. ..... 31 Liberty street.
Eichberg, Benjamin ..... 65 Nassau street.
Einhorn, Isaac ..... 96 Greene street.
Einstein, George A. ..... 45 East 72d street.
Einstein, Milton ..... 443 Broadway.
Eiseman, Samuel ..... 71-77 Grand street.
Eiseman, Emil ..... 68 West Houston street.
Eising, Harry ..... 47 Front street.
Eistein, Moe L. ..... 134 Spring street.
Elkus, Abram I. ..... 50 Pine street.
Elsas, Herman ..... 17 Battery place.
Elsberg, Nathaniel A. ..... 27 William street.
Emanuel, Sarah ..... 127 East 72d street.
Emsheimer, Jacob ..... 585 Broadway.
Epstein, Dr. H. J. ..... 88 Madison avenue.
Erdmann, Albert J. ..... 124 West 78th street.
Erlanger, Abraham ..... 65 Worth street.
Ernst, M. L. ..... 152 West 122d street.
Ernstein, L. ..... 134 Spring street.
Eron, Joseph E. ..... 185 East Broadway.
Erstein, M. ..... 43 East 63d street.
Ertheiler, James ..... 56 East 83d street.
Esberg, Moses ..... 320 Broadway.
Falk, Gustav ..... 171 Water street.
Fechheimer, S. M. ..... 316 Fifth avenue.
Feiner, Benjamin F. ..... 35 Nassau street.
Feldman, A. M. ..... 120 Liberty street.
Finn, W. E. ..... 43 Fifth avenue.
Firuski, Louis L. ..... 41 Flatbush avenue, Brooklyn.
Fischel, Harry ..... 118 East 93d street.
Fischman, Charles ..... 87 Fifth avenue.
Fisher, Miss Miriam ..... 9 West 58th street.
Fix, Frank ..... 150 East 3d street.
Felischman, Samuel ..... 346 Broadway.
Floersheimer, Samuel ..... 826 Broadway.
Florscheimer, Herman ..... Hotel Majestic.
Forsch, Albert ..... 85 Fifth avenue.
Forsch, F. ..... 31 West 86th street.

Foster, M. C. ..... 33 Gold street.
Fox, Joseph ..... 127 East 79th street.
Fraenkel, Dr. Joseph ..... 46 East 75th street.
Frank, Arthur G. ..... 201 West 121st street.
Frank, Milton ..... 10 Wall street.
Frank, Mrs. Rose ..... Buckingham Hotel.
Frankel, David J. ..... 1 West 92d street.
Frankel, Joseph ..... 122 Fifth avenue.
Frankel, Simon ..... 68 Nassau street.
Freedman, Chas. I. ..... 894 Broadway.
Frenkel, Emil ..... 44 Cedar street.
Friedenwald, Herbert ..... 356 Second avenue.
Friedlander, A. ..... 72 Fifth avenue.
Friedman, Arthur L. ..... 12 West 3d street.
Friedman, Jacob ..... 708 Broadway.
Friedman, Sol ..... 8-14 West 3d street.
Fuld, Felix ..... Box 198, Newark, N. J.
Fuld, Ludwig ..... 168 West 86th street.
Gatez, William ..... 310 Fifth avenue.
Gans, L. L. ..... 18 Washington place.
Garbat, I. M. ..... 60 Walker street.
Gattle, E. M. ..... Fifth avenue and 37th street.
Gilbert, A. S. ..... 41 Wall street.
Glazier, Henry S. ..... 40 New street.
Godfrey, R. E. ..... 86 Worth street.
Goldberg, Barnett B. ..... 787-789 Broadway.
Goldberg, Herman ..... 226 West 113th street.
Goldberger, Norman S. ..... 501 First avenue
Goldbergh, Maurice ..... 501 First avenue
Golden, Herbert S. ..... 95 Fifth avenue
Goldman, Mrs. Henry ..... 26 West 76th street.
Goldman, Isaac ..... 45 Howard street.
Goldman, J. J. ..... 110 Fifth avenue.
Goldman, Michael ..... 31 Union square.
Goldman, William ..... 657 Broadway.
Goldschmidt, Louis ..... 466 West 145th street.
Goldsmith, Abraham ..... 35 Nassau street.
Goldsmith, August ..... 33 Gold street.

Goldstein, Max . . . . . 56 East 8th street.
Goldstein, Seig . . . . . 46 Cedar street.
Goldwater, Henry . . . . . 182 Avenue C.
Goldzier, Morris . . . . . 325 West 100th street.
Goodfriend, Jacob . . . . . 9 Maiden Lane.
Goodfriend, Meyer . . . . . 9 Maiden Lane.
Goodhart, Albert E. . . . . 57 Broadway.
Goodman, Eli D. . . . . 707 Broadway.
Goodman, Henry D. . . . . 64 East 79th street.
Goodman, Leo . . . . . 707 Broadway.
Goodman, Leopold . . . . . 6 East 92d street.
Goodman, Max . . . . . 138 S. 9th St., Brooklyn.
Gottheil, Paul . . . . . 148 West 75th street.
Gouled, Peter . . . . . Bull's Ferry Road & Blum St., Union Hill, N. J.
Gratz, William . . . . . 388 Broadway.
Green, Morris . . . . . 44 East 75th street.
Greenbaum, Hon. Samuel . . . . 2 East 94th street.
Greenberg, B. . . . . 427 Pennsylvania ave., Brooklyn.
Greene, William . . . . . 28 East 10th street.
Greenwald, Max . . . . . 4 West 16th street.
Grifenhagen, Max S. . . . . 522 West 149th street.
Grossman, Moses H. . . . . 59 Park Row.
Gruber, Abraham . . . . . 70 Broadway.
Gruntal, Benjamin . . . . . 72 Broadway (% Sternberger, Sinn & Co.).
Guggenheimer, Mrs. Max . . . . . 1902 Grace st., Lynchburg, Va.
Guinzberg, J. M. . . . . Cor. Elm & Pearl streets.
Guinzberg, Col. H. A. . . . . 725 Broadway.
Gutman, Malvin . . . . . 1070 Madison avenue.
Gutman, Carl . . . . . 32 West 89th street.
Haas, Edmund L. . . . . 1020 Second avenue.
Hahn, Alfred L. . . . . 1242 Madison avenue.
Hahlo, Arthur H. . . . . 358 Fifth avenue.
Hall, Fred . . . . . 787 Broadway.
Hammerslough, I. . . . . 1215 Madison avenue.
Hanauer, Jerome J. . . . . 52 William street.

Harburger, Ludwig . . . . . 65 Duane street.
Harlem, Isaac . . . . . 606 Eighth avenue.
Harris, Rev. Dr. M. H. . . . . 254 West 103d street.
Hart, Mrs. John I. . . . . Euclid Hall, Broadway & 85th street.
Hart, Mrs. Julius . . . . . 322 West 58th street.
Hartman, L. S. . . . . 105 Fifth avenue.
Hayman, Al . . . . . Empire Theatre Building.
Hays, Daniel P. . . . . 115 Broadway.
Hecht, William . . . . . 55 West 17th street.
Heidelberg, G. . . . . 472 West End avenue.
Heidelberg, I. N. . . . . 42 East 69th street.
Heidelberg, Max G. . . . . 322 Fifth avenue.
Heilbroner, Lewis . . . . . 250 West 82d street.
Heilner, Emanuel . . . . . 135 Broadway.
Heimann, Julius . . . . . 600 Broadway.
Heiman, Walter J. . . . . 315 West 105th street.
Heimerdinger, Morris . . . . . 30 Broad street.
Heineman, Chas. . . . . 5 West 18th street.
Heineman, Herman . . . . . S. E. Cor. First Ave. & 43d St.
Heineman, Siegfried . . . . . 934 Seventh avenue.
Held, Max . . . . . Sixth Ave. & 20th street.
Hellman, Edgar A. . . . . 311 West 71st street.
Hellman, George S. . . . . 358 Fifth avenue
Hellman, Jules . . . . . T. S. Bernheimer & Bros., 27 White street.
Hendricks, Mrs. Charles . . . . . 340 West 72d street.
Hendricks, Mrs. Edgar . . . . . 54 West 87th street.
Hendricks, Henry S. . . . . 54 West 87th street.
Henriques, C. A. . . . . 22 West 70th street.
Henry, William . . . . . 721 Broadway.
Herman, Sydney H. . . . . 54 East 80th street.
Hermann, Daniel W. . . . . 21 Waverly place.
Herrman, Henry S. . . . . Fifth avenue & 31st street.
Hermann, Ferdinand . . . . . 24 Pine street.
Herrmann, Milton C. . . . . 31 Thomas street.
Herrmann, Uriah . . . . . 27 West 75th street.
Herzfeld, Felix . . . . . 40 Exchange place.

Herzig, Geo. B.	39 East 12th street.
Herzig, Joseph	21 West 34th street.
Herzog, Oscar M.	39 East 65th street.
Herzog, Paul M.	27 William street.
Herzog, Mrs. Paul M.	27 William street.
Hess, Arthur	52 Broadway.
Hess, Ferdinand A.	65 Duane street.
Hess, Selmar	956 Madison avenue.
Hess, Simon	U. S. Appraiser's Stores, Christopher street.
Hessberg, Mrs. Lena	55 West 89th street.
Hesslein, Max	P. O. Box 367, Cedarhurst, N. Y.
Heyman, Henry	65 Nassau street.
Hilborn, Mrs. M.	415 Riverside drive.
Hirsch, Arthur M.	860 Broadway.
Hirsch, S. R.	2265 Third avenue.
Hirschman, Stephen D.	300 West 109th street.
Hirschman, Stuart	200 Broadway.
Hochstadter, Leonard A.	30 Broad street.
Hoexter, Jos. W.	860 Broadway.
Hoffman, Louis	25 West 115th street.
Holzman, A.	11 Pine street.
Holzman, B. M.	11 Pine street.
Homan, Ben	154 West 74th street.
Hornthal, Lewis M.	26 East 14th street.
Horwitz, Otto	346 Broadway
Housman, Clarence	20 Broad street.
Huhner, Leon	5 Beekman street.
Hydeman, E. M.	110 Fifth avenue.
Hyman, Mark	25 Broad street.
Hyman, Moses	87 Fifth avenue.
Hyman, Samuel I.	52 East 10th street.
Isaacs, Moe A.	4 Great Jones street.
Isaacs, Ruben M.	4 Great Jones street.
Isaacson, H.	16 West 19th street.
Jackson, Carl D.	105th street & East River.
Jacobs, A. L.	30 Broad street.

Jacobs, Harry Allen	320 Fifth avenue.
Jacobs, Philip	79 Fifth avenue.
Jacobs, Samuel E.	135 Broadway.
Jacobs, Samuel L.	30 Broad street.
Jacobs, S. K.	81 Greene street.
Jacobson, Henry H.	65 Nassau street.
Jacobson, R. S.	16 Manhattan avenue.
Japha, Sol S.	829 West End avenue.
Jaretzki, Alfred	121 East 73d street.
Jarmulowsky, S.	54 Canal street.
Jellenik, Felix	115 Broadway.
Joseph, Dave	2 Rector street.
Josephi, Mrs. I. A.	321 Riverside Drive.
Kahn, Aleck	380 Riverside Drive.
Kahn, Arthur	14 Church street.
Kahn, M.	170 Broadway.
Kahn, Leopold	"Chatsworth," West 72d St.
Kalmus, A. H.	42 Greene street.
Kaskel, David	115 West 11th street.
Kastor, Adolph	109 Duane street.
Katz, Maxwell C.	277 Broadway.
Katz, Sol	95 Avenue A.
Kaufmann, Julius	569 Broadway.
Karasik, Louis	309 Broadway.
Keller, Sol	24 Pine street.
Kempner, Nathan. (In Memoriam)	
Kern, Adolph	157 Cedar street.
Kershaw, Nelson	Clifton Heights, Pa.
King, Ed. J. Jr.	1 Madison avenue.
Kirstein, Louis E.	% Stein, Bloch & Co., Rochester, N. Y.
Klauber Bros. & Co.	502 Broadway.
Klee, Benj.	19 East 4th street.
Klee, Simon J.	86 Franklin street.
Klein, Isaac H.	45 Cedar street.
Klein, William	346 Broadway.
Kleinert, Miss H.	31 West 87th street.

Klingenstein, Jacob ..... 47 Avenue A.
Knopf, Samuel..... 32 Union Square, East.
Koblenzer, Morris..... 103 Franklin street.
Koenig, Samuel S..... Albany, N. Y.
Kohler, Max J..... 42 Broadway.
Kohn, Albert M..... 321 Fifth avenue.
Kohn, Alfred M..... 44 Broad street.
Kohn, Harry D..... 10 Astor place.
Kohn, Joseph..... 388 Broadway.
Kohn, Leo..... 16 Maiden Lane.
Kohn, Morris..... 48 East 14th street.
Kohn, Solomon..... 203 Broadway.
Kollins, Arthur..... 110 Fifth avenue.
Kommel, Nathaniel M..... 35 Walker street.
Korn, Henry..... 55 Liberty street.
Korn, Isidore S..... 31 Nassau street.
Korn, Max S..... 31 Nassau street.
Korn, Peter..... 238 East 68th street.
Kornfeld, Alfred E..... 220 Broadway.
Krakauer, A. F..... 308 Fifth avenue.
Krakauer, Jacques..... 308 Fifth avenue.
Kramer, Louis N..... 44 West 44th street.
Kramer, Samuel..... 65 Nassau street.
Kremer, Eugene G..... 49 Wall street.
Kresel, Isidor J..... District Attorney's Office.
Kridel, Samuel..... 49 Greene street.
Kugelman, Julius G..... 32 West 23d street.
Kuh, E. S..... 453 Produce Exchange.
Kuhn, August..... 141 Broadway.
Kuhn, Ferdinand..... 708 Broadway.
Kuhn, Julius..... 141 Broadway.
Kupfer, Hugo..... 37 East 18th street.
Kurzman, M..... 291 Grand street.

Lachman, Samson..... 35 Nassau street.
Ladinski, Dr. L. J..... 1289 Madison avenue.
Lamport, S. C..... 273 Canal street.
Langstadter, Aaron..... 506 Sixth avenue.

Lasky, Samuel D..... 320 Broadway.
Lauer, Edgar J..... 22 East 80th street.
Lauterbach & Bro., Aaron..... 2 Maiden Lane.
Lauterbach, Samuel..... 79 Fifth avenue.
Lauterstein, Leon..... 43 Wall street.
Lehmaier, James M..... 215 East 22d street.
Lehmaier, Mrs. M. H..... 159 West 72d street.
Leon, Maurice..... 60 Wall street.
Leopold, Samuel..... 18 West 21st street.
Lesser, Henry..... 320 Broadway.
Leventritt, Hon. D..... 34 West 77th street.
Levi, Berthold..... 82 Pearl street.
Levi, Henlein..... 516 Broadway.
Levi, O. C..... 110 Fifth avenue.
Levinson & Shapiro..... 98 Canal street.
Levor, G..... 178 William street.
Levy, Alfred..... 111 Broadway.
Levy, Ephraim B..... 17 West 42d street.
Levy, Harry A..... 20 Broad street.
Levy, Isidore..... 66 Broad street.
Levy, Lazarus..... 13 Catharine street.
Levy, Leo..... 45 Broadway.
Levy, Louis S..... 2 Rector street.
Levy, L. Napoleon..... 18 West 72d street.
Levy, Mitchell A. Cass..... 114 Liberty street.
Levy, Moe..... 119 Walker street.
Levy, Moses H..... 280 Pearl street.
Levy, Samuel H..... 18 West 90th street.
Levy, William I..... 35 East 12th street.
Lewengood, Abraham..... 722 Broadway.
Lewin, Maurice..... 1949 Seventh avenue.
Lewinson, Louis..... 87 Worth street.
Lewis Bros..... 121 Prince street.
Lewis, Eugene..... 33 West 71st street.
Lewis, Nathaniel H..... 65 West 140th street.
Lewisohn, Franz..... 65 West 18th street.
Lewisohn, Dr. Richard..... 774 Madison avenue.
Lewkowitz, Gustave..... 107 Duane street.

Lichten, M. C.	600 Broadway.
Lichtenauer, Joseph M.	20 Broad street.
Lichtenstein, A.	538 Fifth avenue.
Lichtenstein, B.	117 Maiden Lane.
Lichtenstein, D.	117 Maiden Lane.
Lichtenstein, I.	22 West 43d street.
Lichtenstein, J.	22–24 West 43d street.
Lichtenstein, S. K.	40 Exchange Place.
Lieberman, Henry.	42 East 72d street.
Liebman Adolph.	57 West 58th street.
Liebman, Charles J.	42 East 72d street.
Liebmann, Walter	32 Broadway.
Lilienthal, A. M.	27 Pine street.
Lindenborn, S.	170 Broadway.
Lippman, David.	1200 Madison avenue.
Lippman, Harry.	198 Broadway.
Lippman, Jacob.	46 East 80th street.
Lippman, Leo.	687 Broadway.
Lissner, Herman.	295 Lafayette street.
Littauer, Eugene.	715 Broadway.
Littauer, Lucius N.	715 Broadway.
Litz Bros.	326 Church street.
Loewi, Hugo V.	35 Pearl street.
Lowin, Martin.	44 West 18th street.
Lowengard, Otto.	27 William street.
Loewy, Henry.	594 Broadway.
Lorsch, Henry	P. O. Box 1067, N. Y. City.
Lowenstein, Leon B.	42 Broadway.
Lubetkin, Abraham.	10 Front street.
Lubetkin, Philip.	10 Front street.
McGinnis, D. J.	22 Astor Place.
Maas, Gustavas.	30 Broad street.
Mainzer, R. H.	5 Nassau street (% Hallgarten & Co.)
Mandelbaum, Maurice.	135 Broadway.
Mann, J. B.	13 West 20th street.
Mann, Leon.	699 Broadway.

Marcus, Joseph S..... 81–83 Delancey street.
Marks, Fred W..... 687 Broadway.
Marks, Henry..... 208 West 137th street.
Marks, Marcus M..... 687 Broadway.
Marschuetz, Jules..... 131 Mt. Hope Place.
Marton, Egmont G..... 42 Broadway, Room 1541.
Marx, Max..... 128 Broadway.
Marx, Samuel..... 256 Broadway.
Mayer, Dr. A..... 40 East 60th street.
Mayer, Charles..... 568 Broadway.
Mayer, David..... 3560 Third avenue.
Mayer D..... 55 Great Jones street.
Mayer, Dr. Emil..... 25 East 77th street.
Mayer, Max W..... 568 Broadway.
Mayer, Morris..... 451 Broadway.
Maynz, E..... 13 Water street.
Maynz, Ludwig..... 20 Broad street.
Melnick, Max..... 24 Waverly Place.
Mendelson, Sigmund..... 314 West 107th street.
Mendelson, Isaac..... 20 West 111th street.
Menken, S. Stanwood..... 52 William street.
Meyer, Edgar J..... 7 Wall street.
Meyer, Maurice..... 76 West 86th street.
Meyer, Milton J..... 111 Reade street.
Meyer, Walter E..... 25 Broad street.
Meyers, Henry..... 783 Madison avenue.
Michaels, Samuel..... 112 West 18th street.
Miller, Julius G..... 411 West End avenue.
Miller, W. T..... 327 Broadway.
Minzesheimer, Clarence C..... 24 Broad street.
Minzesheimer, David M..... 30 Broad street (% Lisseman & Co.)
Mitchell, William..... 92d street and Lexington ave.
Morgenthau, G. L..... 155 West 72d street.
Morris, Jacob H..... 573 Broadway.
Moskowitz, S. W..... 5 East 16th street.
Myers, Nathaniel..... 25 Broad street.
Nathan, Edgar J..... 127 West 74th street.

Nathan, Harold	111 Broadway.
Nathan, H. H	20 West 70th street.
Nathan, Joseph	229 West 97th street.
Naumberg, Walter	33 Wall street.
Neuberger, Benno	145 Water street.
Neuberger, Max	539 Broadway.
New, A	737 Broadway.
Newborg, Leopold	25 Broad street.
Newborg, Jerome	44 Broadway.
Newman, A. L	519 Broadway.
Nussbaum, Myer	54 West 40th street.
Ollesheimer, Mrs. Henry	Hotel Savoy.
Oppenheim, Hugo	87 Nassau street.
Oppenheim, J	29 West 86th street.
Oppenheimer, Mrs. I	31 West 74th street.
Oppenheimer, Leopold	2037 Second avenue.
Oppenheimer, Simon	62 West 120th street.
Osserman, Simon E	30 Broad street.
Ottinger, Nathan I	20 East 70th street.
Ottinger, Leon	23 West 75th street.
Ottinger, Simon	491 Broadway.
Paskus, Benjamin	128 Broadway.
Peck, Henry C	806 Broadway.
Peck, Samuel W	808 Broadway.
Peierls, Siegfried	Broome & Mercer streets.
Petofi Sick and Benev. Soc	Jos. Birnbaum, Secy., 341 East 80th street.
Pfeiffer, Isaac	92 William street.
Phillips, Jacob L	320 Broadway.
Phillips, N. Taylor	280 Broadway.
Pichel, H	16 East 97th street.
Piercy, N. C	422–430 West 15th street.
Plaut, Louis	715 Broad street, Newark, N. J.
Plaut, Solomon	35 Nassau street.
Pollak, Charles N	125 East 47th street.

Popper, Wm. C.	Pearl and Elm streets.
Prehs, Conrad	329 Broadway.
Preis, Joseph	638 Broadway.
Present, David	596 Broadway.
Price, Leo A	34 West 14th street.
Proskauer, Joseph	287 Johnston ave., Jersey City, N. J.
Prosnitz, Chas	838 Broadway.
Radt, Max	103 Canal street.
Rappaport, Jacob	19 West 21st street.
Rascovan, James	25 Broad street.
Rawitser, Simon	283 West Broadway.
Reckendorfer, Louis J	43 West 4th street.
Reckendorfer, Samuel J	45 West 56th street.
Reichman, Arthur	79 East 91st street.
Reichman, William	98 Franklin street.
Reigenstein, William	475 Broadway.
Reischmann, H., Sons	362 Second avenue.
Renskorf, Harry	24 West 45th street.
Rice, Ignatius	87 Fifth avenue.
Richard, O. L.	46 East 72d street.
Richman, Daniel W	1 West 34th street.
Richman, Miss Julia	9 Montgomery street.
Richold, Ferdinand	73 Fifth avenue.
Richter, B	627 Broadway.
Richter, Daniel	627 Broadway.
Riem, Simon R	22 East 14th street.
Roggen Bros. & Co	653 Broadway.
Roggin, Nathan	43 East Broadway.
Roman, Martin	233 West 83d street.
Rosenberg, Gus L	79 Fifth avenue.
Rosenberg, Joseph	134 Spring street.
Rosenberg, Louis	386 Eighth avenue.
Rosenblatt, Sig. H	P. O. Box 367, Cedarhurst, N. Y.
Rosenheim, Louis	248 West 136th street.
Rosenthal, Henry	92 Bleecker street.
Rosenthal, Herman	42 Greene street.

Rosenthal, Sig	42 Greene street.
Rosenstein, J. H	55 East 11th street.
Rossbach, Jacob	55–57 Frankfort street.
Roth, Max	19 West 18th street.
Rothbarth, Albert	5 Nassau street (% Hallgarten & Co.).
Rothman, H. A	102 Wooster street.
Rothschild, Fred W	15 Mercer street.
Rothschild, Isaac	2509 Eighth avenue.
Rothschild, Mrs. Jacob	31 West 57th street.
Rothschild, Louis F	125 West 75th street.
Rothschild, Ludwig	466 Broadway.
Rothschild, M. D	14 Church street.
Rothschild, Otto	621 Broadway.
Rothschild, S. F	% Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Rothschild, V. Henry	43 Leonard street.
Rothschild, V. Sydney	111 Broadway.
Rothschild, Mrs. William	33 West 58th street.
Rubin, Edward	24 West 19th street.
Rubin, Jacob H	18 West 18th street.
Rubin, Martin H	18 West 18th street.
Rubin, Max	18 West 18th street.
Rubin, Philip	Oak street, Naugatuck, Conn.
Rubinsky, Harry A	142 Duane street.
Runkel, Hermann	451 West 30th street.
Ryttenberg, Moses R	135 Broadway.
Sable, Leon	719 Broadway.
Sachs, Albert L	6 West 22d street.
Sachs, Dr. B	21 East 65th street.
Sachs, Edward	53 East 10th street.
Sachs, Prof. Julius	Columbia University, Teachers' College.
Sachs, Arthur	27 Pine street.
Saffer Bros	171 Canal street.
Saks, Andrew	Broadway and 34th street.
Saks, Isadore	Broadway and 34th street.
Salaman, I. & Co	34 University Place.

Salomon, B. J.	174 William street.
Salomon, Walter J.	Bristol Building.
Samuel, Samuel.	13 Astor Place.
Samuels, J.	174 East 106th street.
Samuels, Leo.	2169 Third avenue.
Samuels, Levi.	84 William street.
Samuels, Lewis.	42 West Broadway.
Samuelson, Jacob.	20 West 123d street.
Sanders, M.	43d street and First avenue.
Sandler, Harry.	200½ Bowery.
Sanford, Leopold.	585 Broadway.
Sarasohn, Ezekiel.	185 East Broadway.
Sartorius, Abraham.	20 Broad street.
Schaefer, Chas. E.	35 Wall street.
Schaefer, Algernon S.	35 Wall street.
Schaefer, Edward M.	25 Broad street.
Schafer, Samuel M.	35 Wall street.
Schafran, Bernhard.	955 Prospect avenue.
Scheftel, Mrs. A.	20 East 57th street.
Schiffer, Edwin H.	85 Fifth avenue.
Schiffer, Jack. W.	22 West 76th street.
Schiller, Solomon.	604 Broadway.
Schlesinger, Adolph.	7 Stanton street.
Schlesinger, Louis.	409 Lafayette street.
Schottenfels, Henry.	228 West 138th street.
Schram, Dr. Chas.	52 East 82d street.
Schram, Louis B.	27 West 75th street.
Schwab, Leon.	747 Broadway.
Schwab, Sidney.	26 White street.
Schwartz, Leo.	169 Danford avenue, Jersey City.
Schwartz, M.	Deal, N. J.
Schwarz, H.	621 Broadway, Room 527.
Schwarz, Maurice.	142 Grand street.
Schwarz, Sampson H.	25 Broad street.
Seasongood, Edwin A.	650 Madison avenue.
Seligsberg, F. L.	39 Wall street.
Seligman A. J.	52 Broadway.

Seligman, Alfred L.	16 East 60th street.
Seligman, Edwin R. A.	324 East 86th street.
Semel, J. H.	403 Broadway.
Sessler, Mrs. A.	1 West 89th street.
Sheinker, Wolf	70 Orchard street.
Shiman, David	87 Maiden Lane.
Shoenberg, J. E.	4 Washington Place.
Shonfeld, Jerome B.	14 East 76th street.
Shoninger, Chas.	27 West 89th street.
Shrier, Samuel	149 Fifth avenue.
Sichel, E. A.	10 Wall street.
Sichel, Rene	10 Wall street.
Sicher, Dudley	105 Wooster street.
Sidenberg, Alfred H.	114–116 Fifth avenue.
Sidenberg, Gustavus	25 Broad street.
Sidenberg, Mrs. H.	14 West 51st street.
Sidenberg, Joseph W.	114–116 Fifth avenue.
Sidenberg, Richard	114–116 Fifth avenue.
Silberman, Samuel J.	133 East 79th street.
Silberstein, Abraham	8–16 Sixth avenue.
Silverstein, Elias	15 Union Square, West.
Silverstein, Louis	15 Union Square, West.
Simon, Abraham M.	50 Thatford avenue, Brooklyn.
Simon, Franklin	414 Fifth avenue.
Simon, Harry G.	19 Greene street.
Simon, R. E.	165 Broadway.
Simons, Arthur	33–43 Gold street.
Simson, Louis M.	539 Broadway.
Singer, Morris	87 Fifth avenue.
* Sinsheimer, Jacob	
Skolny, Joseph	832 Broadway.
Snitkin, Leonard A.	309 Broadway.
Snyder, Chas. F.	571 West 139th street.
Solomon, Abraham	77 East 89th street.
Solomon, Frank E.	38 West 54th street.
Solomon, Henry	58 East 65th street.
Solomon, Max	11 West 19th street.

* In memoriam.

Sommerich, Edwin..... 626 Broadway.
Sommerich, Otto C..... 277 Broadway.
Sondheimer, Julius..... 516 Broadway.
Sonn, Henry..... 149 Church street.
Sonn, Herbert H..... 7 Wall street.
Sonn, Hyman..... 149 Church street.
Spellman, Benj. F..... 309 Broadway.
Spellman, E. L..... 481 Washington street.
Speyer, Leo..... 20 Broad street.
Spiegelberg, Eugene E. ..... 11 East 67th street.
Spiegelberg, I. N..... 42 Broadway, % Wasserman Bros.
Spiegelberg, Hon. Fred'k..... 15 William street.
Spiegelberg, Willi..... 67 Riverside Drive.
Spiegelberg, William I..... 149–151 Greene street.
Stadecker, Leopold..... 585 Broadway.
Starr, Frederick..... 302 Broadway.
Steckler, Alfred..... 34 West 87th street.
Steckler, David..... 320 Broadway.
Steckler, Louis..... 61 West 88th street.
Stein, Abram N..... 130 Fifth avenue.
Stein, Albert..... 25 Broad street.
Stein, Ludwig..... 23 Washington Place.
Stein, Mrs. S..... Hotel Majestic, Room 300.
Stein & Levy..... 94 Canal street.
Steinam, Edward S. ..... 52 William street.
Steinhardt, Henry ..... 29 Ninth avenue.
Steinhardt, Jacob..... 68 William street.
Stern, Eugene W..... 103 Park avenue.
Stern, Henry Root..... 40 Wall street.
Stern, Leopold..... 68 Nassau street.
Stern, M..... 22 Mt. Morris Park, West.
Stern, Melville A..... 32 West 23d street.
"W. T. S.".....
Stern, Walter..... 60 Wall street.
Stern, N. J..... 68 Nassau street.
Sternau, Siegmund..... Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 West 77th street.
Sternberg, H. Sumner..... 33 Union Square.

Sternberger, Maurice	74 Broadway.
Sternbach, Morris	40 Exchange Place.
Stettenheim, I. M.	45 William street.
Stiebel, Isaac	519 Broadway.
Stix, Sylvan L.	% Seeman Bros., Hudson and North Moore streets.
Stone, Nathan H.	346 Broadway.
Storm, Geo. L.	1020 Second avenue.
Strasburger, M.	6 Great Jones street.
Strassburger, Emil H.	204 Church street.
Strasser, W. H.	Ninth avenue & 13th street.
Strauss, Isaac N.	22 West 21st street.
Stroock, Moses J.	30 Broad street.
Stroock, Sol. M.	320 Broadway.
Stroock, Mrs. S.	2 West 86th street.
Strouse, Clarence A.	412 Broadway.
Sulzberger, Cyrus L.	516 West End avenue.
Summerfield, Elias	Hotel Savoy.
Sykes, Chas. S.	20 Nassau street.
Thurnauer, Chas. J.	7 Wall street.
Thurnauer, Geo. G.	42 Broadway.
Tim, Bernard I.	42 Broadway.
Tim, Louis	93 Franklin street.
Toch, Henry M.	320 Fifth avenue.
Toch, Maximilian	320 Fifth avenue.
Traub, Belle	32 West 88th street.
Trounstine, John	159 West 72d street.
Turner, T. M.	86 Worth street.
Tuska, Benj.	32 Liberty street.
Tynberg, Sieg., Jr.	46 Cedar street.
Ufland, Abraham	326 Fifth avenue.
Ullmann, Emanuel L.	18 West 20th street.
Ullmann, Samuel	18 West 20th street.
Ullmann, Sigmund	17 Broadway.
Unger, H. W.	241 East 39th street.
Unterberg, I.	86–94 Franklin street.
Untermeyer, Mrs. Maurice	667 Madison avenue.

Vanderwheelen, Samuel..... 138 Fifth avenue.
Van Raalte, Mrs. E..... 65 East 123d street.
Van Raalte, Mrs. Rose..... 4 West 75th street.
Vogel, Bernard..... 703 Broadway.
Vogel, Harry W..... 611 Broadway.

Wachmann, J. M..... 34 Harrison street.
Wallach, Moses..... 860 Broadway.
Walter, Edwin J..... 33 Union Square, West.
Wartels, A..... 95 Canal street.
Waxelbaum, Chas. J..... 142 Water street.
Weber, Milton..... 757 Broadway.
Weil, Julius..... 77 Wooster street.
Weinberger, Mrs. Emma..... 216 East 115th street.
Weingart, Isaac..... 593 Broadway.
Weinman, Moses..... 37 Wall street.
Weisl, Henry..... 25 Broad street.
Weiss, Henry..... 407 Grand street.
Weiss, Joseph W..... 649 Broadway.
Werbelovsky, Jacob H..... 93 Meserole street, Brooklyn.
Werner, A. L..... 708 Broadway.
Wertheim, Gustav A..... 27 William street.
Wertheim, Maurice..... 1020 Second avenue.
Whitman, Hon. Chas. S..... 16 East 45th street.
Wiener, Adam..... 320 Broadway.
Wilner, Max..... 46 White street.
Wimelbacher, S..... 510 Broadway.
Wirtenberg, A..... 138 Fourth avenue.
Wise, Edward H..... 64 Leonard street.
Wise, Jos. H..... 50 West 77th street.
Witmark, Isidore..... 144 West 37th street.
Witmark, Julius P..... 144 West 37th street.
Wolbarst, Dr. A. L..... 105 East 19th street.
Wolbarst, Bernard..... 1773 Madison avenue.
* Wolbarst, Jane Gittel.
Wolf, Benjamin..... 31 Waverly Place.
Wolf, Edward L..... 746 Broadway.

* In memoriam.

Wolf, Irving..... 1239 Madison avenue.
Wolfe, Lee J..... 165 Broadway.
Wolfe, S. H..... 35 Nassau street.
Wolff, Henry F..... 27 William street.
Wolff, Mrs. J. R..... 31 West 54th street.
Wolfner, E. R..... 1980 Seventh avenue.
Woolman, Henry..... 67 Exchange Place.
Wollman, William..... 42 Broadway.
Wolowitz, Moses B..... 409 Water street.
Wormser, Mrs. Isidor..... 836 Fifth avenue.
Wurzburger, Bernard..... 43 Leonard street.
Yankauer, Max..... 142 West 88th street.
Yeska, Joseph..... 725 Broadway.
Young, Boerne..... 605 Broadway.
Young, H. Charles..... 76 William street.
Young, Max L..... 605 Broadway.

Zelenko, Joseph..... 5 East 16th street.
Zindler, T..... 10 Walker street.
Zuckerman, Henry..... 80 Broadway.

Patrons.

Abraham, Abraham..... % Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn.
Allen, Mrs. Henry S..... 101 West 80th street.
Altschul, C..... 10 Wall street.
Arkush, Reuben..... 159 West 77th street.
Ash, Mark..... 316 West 103d street.
Asiel, Elias..... 52 Broadway.

Bach, Aaron J..... 166 Water street.
Bach, Isaac..... 166 Water street.
Beckhard, Martin..... 52 William street.
Beer, George Louis..... 329 West 71st street.
Beer, Mrs. Julius..... 38 West 77th street.
Beer, Walter E..... 27 Pine street.
Benjamin, Eugene S..... 440 Lafayette street.
Blanner, Isidor..... 18 West 18th street.

Blanner, Julius	18 West 18th street.
Blumenthal, Gustav	516 Broadway.
Blumenthal, Hugo	5 Nassau street.
Bondy, Emil	70th street & First avenue.
Borg, Edith D.	42 West 74th street.
Borg, Elsie H.	42 West 74th street.
Borg, Myron I.	20 Nassau street.
Borg, Mrs. S. C.	20 Nassau street.
Brandon, Isaac	17 Battery place.
Breitenbach, M. J.	53 Warren street.
Bronner, Harry	5 Nassau street.
Cahn, Jacob	20 Broad street.
Cantor, Jacob A.	Broad Exchange Building.
Carvalho, J. S.	Lawrence, L. I.
Cohen, Joseph H.	35 Broadway.
Cohn, Leopold	142 Water street.
Corn, Henry	345 Fifth avenue.
Cullman, Joseph	175 Water street.
Davis, Fred J.	East End ave. & 81st street.
Dreyfus, Ludwig	43 Exchange place.
Dryfoos, J. A.	274 Church street.
Dryfoos, Otto E.	274 Church street.
Einstein, William	Bound Brook, N. J.
Erdmann, Martin	180 West 59th street.
Erlanger, Abraham	Amsterdam Theatre, Broadway and 42d street.
Freedman, Andrew	52 William street.
Gans, Howard S.	27 William street.
Golde, Louis	44 West 3d street.
Golde, Morris	44 West 3d street.
Goldman, Julius	132 East 70th street.
Golland, Jacob	809 Broadway.
Golland, Morris	809 Broadway.
Greenhut, Benedict J.	6th avenue and 18th street.

Guggenheim, Benjamin . . . . . 115 Broadway.
Guggenheim, Daniel . . . . . 165 Broadway.
Guggenheim, Isaac . . . . . 165 Broadway.

Hamburger, Samuel B. . . . . 2 Rector street.
Hayman, Al . . . . . Empire Theatre Building.
Heimerdinger, Mrs. J. E. . . . . 771 Madison avenue.
Heineman, Moses . . . . . 236 Church street.
Hirsch, Samuel . . . . . 46 Cedar street.
Hochschild, Berthold . . . . . 52 Broadway.
Housman, Clarence . . . . . 20 Broad street.

Ickheimer, Henry R. . . . . P. O. Box 1854, N. Y. City.
Isaacs, Bendet . . . . . 358 West End avenue.

Kahn, Felix E. . . . . 547 Fifth avenue.
Kahn, Louis . . . . . 170 Broadway.
Kayser, Julius . . . . . 524 Broadway.
Kleinert, I. B. . . . . 31 West 87th street.
Kohler, Edgar J. . . . . 42 Broadway.
Kohns, Mrs. Lazarus . . . . . 23 West 56th street.
Kohns, Lazarus . . . . . 23 West 56th street.
Kuhn, Edward . . . . . 118 West 72d street.

Lauterbach, Edward . . . . . 22 William street.
Lavanburg, Mrs. S. . . . . 18 East 49th street.
Lehman, Arthur . . . . . 16 William street.
Lehman, Herbert H. . . . . 86 Worth street.
Lehman, Irving . . . . . 30 Broad street.
Lehman, Sigmund . . . . . 175 West 58th street.
Lehman, Mrs. Mayer . . . . . 175 West 58th street.
Levy, Louis . . . . . 205 West 139th street.
Levy, Samuel D. . . . . 290 Broadway.
Lewisohn, Albert . . . . . 11 Broadway.
Lewisohn, Julius A. . . . . 42 Broadway.
Limburg, Richard . . . . . 25 Broad street.
Lilienthal, Jos. L. . . . . 27 Pine street.
Loeb, Ferdinand G. . . . . 80 Broadway.
Loeb, Mrs. Morris . . . . . 273 Madison avenue.

Loeb, Prof. Morris . . . . . 273 Madison avenue.
Lowenthal, Max . . . . . 127 Duane street.

Mandell, K. . . . . 24 Howard street.
Marks, Isaac D. . . . . 43 Leonard street.
Marshall, George . . . . . 47 East 72d street.
Marshall, James . . . . . 47 East 72d street.
Marshall, Mrs. Louis . . . . . 47 East 72d street.
Marshall, Robert . . . . . 47 East 72d street.
Marshall, Miss Ruth . . . . . 47 East 72d street.
Marqusee, Julius . . . . . 24 Water street.
Mayer, Julius M. . . . . 41 Wall street.
Meyer, Eugene . . . . . 135 Central Park West.
Meyer, Eugene, Jr. . . . . 17 Wall street.
Minsker Benev. Assn. . . . . 254 East Broadway.
Morgenthau, Henry, ... 165 Broadway.
Mt. Neboh Lodge, Mr. Isidore
Metzger . . . . . 121 W. 126th street.

Newborg, Moses . . . . . 48 East 52d street.

Ochs, Adolph S. . . . . N. Y. Times, Times square.
Openhym, A. W. . . . . Cor. Grand & Mercer streets.
Ottinger, Max . . . . . 31 Nassau street.
Ottinger, Moses . . . . . 23 West 75th street.

Platzek, Hon. M. Warley . . . . 15 East 48th street.
Plaut, Albert . . . . . 120 William street.
Plaut, Herman . . . . . 434 East 23d street.
Plaut, Joseph . . . . . 120 William street.
Plaut, Leopold . . . . . 23 East 22d street.

Reutlinger, Jonas . . . . . 22 West 19th street.
Rice, Henry . . . . . 377 Broadway.
Rosalsky, Otto A. . . . . 32 Franklin street.
Rosenbaum, Selig . . . . . 34-44 West 14th street.
Rosenbaum, Sol. G. . . . . 207 West 24th street.
Rosenbaum, Wm. . . . . 207 West 24th street.
Rosenfeld Isaac . . . . . 90 West Broadway.

Rossin, Alfred R. . . . . 173 Water street.
Rossin, Morris . . . . . 173 Water street.
Rosenstamm, S. S. . . . . 42 Broadway.

Sachs, Arthur . . . . . 43 Exchange place.
Sachs, Harry . . . . . 43 Exchange place.
Sachs, Harry J. . . . . 28 West 22d street.
Sachs, Louis . . . . . 28 West 22d street.
Sachs, Paul J. . . . . 43 Exchange place.
Sachs, Samuel . . . . . 43 Exchange place.
Sachs, Mrs. Samuel . . . . . 46 West 70th street.
Salomon, W. . . . . 25 Broad street.
Sai, Julius . . . . . 299 Broadway.
Scheftel, Herbert A. . . . . 42 Broadway.
Schiff, Mrs. Mortimer L. . . . . 932 Fifth avenue.
Schiffer, Walter A. . . . . 22 West 76th street.
Schinasi Bros. . . . . 32 West 100th street.
Seeman Bros. . . . . Hudson & No. Moore streets.
Seligman, Mrs. Jefferson . . . . . 11 East 69th street.
Sidenberg, Henry . . . . . 477 Broadway.
Siegman, S. . . . . 52 William street.
Solomons, A. S. . . . . 1205 "K" St., Washington, D.C.
Stein, Fred M. . . . . 20 Nassau street.
Steinam, Abraham . . . . . 39 West 72d street.
Steinam, Mrs. Abraham . . . . . 39 West 72d street.
Steiner, Jos. . . . . 22 West 21st street.
Stern, Albert . . . . . 40 Exchange place.
Stern, Benjamin . . . . . West 23d street.
Stern, Isaac . . . . . 23-46 West 23d street.
Stern, Louis . . . . . 23-46 West 23d street.
Stern, Mark . . . . . 961 East 156th street.
Speyer, James . . . . . 24 Pine street.
Stine, Marcus . . . . . 37 Wall street.
Stralem, C. I. . . . . 5 Nassau street.
Strasburger, Alvin . . . . . 24 Maiden Lane.
Strasburger, Byron L. . . . . 56 Maiden Lane.
Strassburger, Lionel . . . . . 195 Plymouth St., Brooklyn.
Straus, Herbert . . . . . Broadway and 34th street.

Straus, Percy S. . . . . 1317 Broadway.
Stroock, Louis S. . . . . 65 Bleecker street.
Stroock, Mark E. . . . . 65 Bleecker street.

Thalmann, Ernst . . . . . 25 Broad street.

Untermeyer, Alvin . . . . . 37 Wall street.

Vogelstein, Ludwig . . . . . 90-96 Wall street.

Warburg, Mrs. Felix M. . . . . 1109 Fifth avenue.
Warburg, Mrs. Paul M. . . . . 52 William street.
Warner, M. J. . . . . 377 Broadway.
Wasserman, Edward . . . . . 42 Broadway.
Weil, Jonas . . . . . 36 East 75th street.
Weil, Samuel . . . . . 196 Franklin street.
Wertheim, H. P. . . . . 27 William street.
Wertheim, Solomon . . . . . 20 West 77th street.
Whelen, George . . . . . 44 West 18th street.
Wimpfheimer, Chas. A. . . . . 137-139 Spring street.
Wineburgh, M. . . . . 576 Fifth avenue.
Wise, Edmund E. . . . . 15 William street.
Wolf, Arthur D. . . . . 85 Fifth avenue.
Wolf, Max . . . . . 29 Broadway.
Wolff, Lewis S. . . . . 12 East 70th street.

Friends.

Cohn, Abraham . . . . . 142 Water street.
Cobb, J. B. . . . . 111 Fifth avenue.

Hermann, Mrs. Esther . . . . . 59 West 56th street.
Hill, Percival S. . . . . 111 Fifth avenue.

Sachs, Samuel . . . . . 46 West 70th street.

Untermeyer, Isaac . . . . . 37 Wall street.

Donors.

Blumenthal, George . . . . . 10 Wall street.
Borg, Sidney C. . . . . 20 Nassau street.
Buttenweiser, Jos. L. . . . . 203 Broadway.

*Eckstein, Jos. H.	
Goldman, Henry	43 Exchange place.
Goodhart, P. J.	21 West 81st street.
Greenhut, J. B.	% Siegel-Cooper Co., 6th avenue and 18th street.
Guggenheim, Murray	71 Broadway.
Guggenheim, William	833 Fifth avenue.
Heinsheimer, Alfred M.	52 William street.
Hirschhorn, Chas.	1020 Second avenue.
Hirschhorn, Fred	1020 Second avenue.
Kahn, Otto H.	52 William street.
Kerbs, Edw. A.	19 East 82d street.
Lewisohn, Adolph	42 Broadway.
Lewisohn, Samuel A.	42 Broadway.
Loeb, James	52 William street.
Marshall, Louis	37 Wall street.
Nathan, Alfred	85 Liberty street.
Nathan, Max	% Nathan Mfg. Co., P. O. box 1688, N. Y. City.
Neustadt, Mrs. S.	15 East 69th street.
Schiff, Jacob H.	52 William street.
Schiff, Mortimer L.	52 William street.
Seligman, Henry	1 William street.
Seligman, Isaac N.	1 William street.
Stern, Louis	West 23d street.
Straus, Isidore	Broadway & 34th street.
Straus, Jesse Isidore	Broadway & 34th street.
Sulzberger, Ferdinand	806 First avenue.
Warburg, Felix M.	52 William street.
Warburg, Paul M.	52 William street.
Wertheim, Jacob	5 West 76th street.

* In memoriam.

Jewish Prisoners' Aid Branch.

Members.

Asiel, Elias	53 Exchange place.
Beer, Mrs. Julius	38 West 77th street.
Bernheim, Chas L.	409 Lafayette street.
Bernheim, H. J.	138 Maiden Lane.
Bernheimer, Mayer S.	31 White street.
Bernstein, Julius	46 Maiden Lane.
Boskowitz, Adolph	277 Broadway.
Brandon, Isaac	35 Broadway.
Cantor, Hon. Jacob A.	25 Broad street.
Cohen, Jos. H.	35 Broadway.
Cohen, William N.	22 William street.
Cohn, A.	142 Water street.
Content, H.	50 Broadway.
Cowen, Newman	35 East 60th street.
David, Edmund B.	97 Greene street.
Friedlander, Mrs. Sarah	336 West 72d street.
Fuerth, Emil	830 Lexington avenue.
Goldman, Julius	132 East 70th street.
Gottheil, Leon	41 Park Row.
Gottheil, Paul	25 So. William street.
Grossman, Rev. Dr. Rudolph	128 East 92d street.
Gutman, Mrs. Mayer	1045 Madison avenue.
Hamburger, Samuel B.	2 Rector street.
Harris, Rev. Dr. M. H.	254 West 103d street.
Hart, Mrs. Julius	322 West 58th street.
Herrman, N.	11-19 William street.
Hess, Mortimer H.	24 West 85th street.
Hochschild, B.	80 Wall street.
Hochstadter, David	19 East 79th street.
Holzman, A.	743 Broadway.
Horwitz, Otto	346 Broadway.
Isaacs, Bendet	4 Great Jones street.

Jarmulowsky, S. . . . . 54 Canal street.

Kahn, Isidor . . . . . 206 Broadway.
Kahn, Leopold . . . . . 369 West 23d street.
Katzenberg, Chas. . . . . 737 Lexington avenue.
Kaufman, Chas. . . . . 25 East 76th street.
Kleinert, I. B. . . . . 725 Broadway.
Knopf, Samuel . . . . . 61 East 9th street.
Kohn, David . . . . . 46 Broadway.
Kohns, Lee A. . . . . 44 Warren street.
Kugelman, J. G. . . . . 34 West 23d street.

Levy, Samuel D. . . . . 290 Broadway.
Lichtenauer, J. M. . . . . 20 Broad street.
Littauer, Lucius N. . . . . 715-717 Broadway.
Loeb, Jas. . . . . Box 1193, N. Y. City.
Loeb, Prof. Morris . . . . . 273 Madison avenue.
Lowenthal, Max . . . . . 127 Duane street.

Mayer, David . . . . . 1043 Fifth avenue.
Mayer, Morris . . . . . 135 West 77th street.
Mendes, Rev. H. P. . . . . 1 West 69th street.

Pollak, Chas. N. . . . . 125 East 47th street.
Platzek, Hon. M. Warley . . . . 291 Broadway.

Rothschild, Mrs. J. . . . . Hotel Majestic.

Sachs, Dr. B. . . . . 21 East 65th street.
Sachs, Dr. Julius . . . . . 38 West 59th street.
Sahlein, Moses . . . . . 71-73 Nassau street.
Scholle, Melville J. . . . . 5 Nassau street.
Simon, A. B. . . . . 118 East 79th street.
Solomons, A. S. . . . . 1205 K St., Washington, D. C.
Spellman, E. L. . . . . 68 W. 119th street.
Stein, Abe . . . . . 97 Gold street.
Steinhardt, Jacob . . . . . 68 William street.
Stern, Leopold . . . . . 68 Nassau street.
Sternberger, Mrs. H. . . . . 31 East 65th street.
Straus, Jesse I. . . . . Broadway and 34th street.

Sulzberger, Cyrus L. . . . . 58 West 87th street.
Schafer, Samuel L. . . . . 35 Wall street.

Toch, Henry M. . . . . 320 Fifth avenue.

Unterberg, Israel . . . . . 90-94 Franklin street.
Untermeyer, E. . . . . 192 Broadway.
Untermeyer, H. . . . . 192 Broadway.

Veld, H. . . . . In memory of Dr. A. Radin.

Weil, Max . . . . . 102 West 80th street.
Werner, Prof. Adolph . . . . . 339 West 29th street.
Wiener, Adam . . . . . 261 Broadway.
Wolff, Max . . . . . 26 West 87th street.

Patrons.

Abraham, Abraham . . . . . Fulton street, Brooklyn.

Bernheimer, Abraham . . . . . 32 Broadway.
Bernheimer, Miss Rosie . . . . . 7 East 57th street.
Bijur, Nathan . . . . . 34 Nassau street.
Blumenthal, Hugo . . . . . 5 Nassau street.

Dreyfus, Ludwig . . . . . 31 Nassau street.

Fried, Samson . . . . . 47 West 87th street.

Greenhut, B. J. . . . . 18th street and 6th avenue.

*Heimerdinger, Jos. E.
Heinsheimer, Alfred M. . . . . 52 William street.
Hess, Selmar . . . . . 956 Madison avenue.

Kaufman, B. . . . . 2 Stone street.

Lauterbach, Edward . . . . . 22 William street.
Liebmann, Henry . . . . . 42 East 72d street.
Limburg, Richard . . . . . 25 Broad street.

Mandell, K. . . . . 24 Howard street.
Marshall, Louis . . . . . 37 Wall street.

* In memoriam.

Mendelsohn, S.	20 White street.
Meyer, Eugene	10 Wall street.
Pick, A. R.	Exchange Court Building.
Rawitser, H.	285 West Broadway.
Reckendorfer, S. J.	American Pencil Co. Hoboken, N. J.
Rothschild, Jacob	Hotel Majestic.
Sachs, S.	31 Nassau street.
Samstag, H.	208 East 81st street.
Sidenberg, Mrs. G.	49 West 56th street.
Sidenberg, Richard	479 Broadway.
Solomon, Henry	58 East 65th street.
Sulzberger, F.	21 East 67th street.
Walter, W. I.	51 White street.
Wolff, Lewis S.	12 East 70th street.

Life Members.

Hirsch, Edward	53 East 60th street.
Schiff, Mrs. Jacob H.	52 William street.
Stern, Isaac	36 West 23d street.
Straus, Isidor	Broadway and 34th street.
Untermeyer, Samuel	46 Wall street.
Warburg, F. M.	27 Pine street.

Donors.

Budge, Henry	28 Broad street.
Lewisohn, Adolph	42 Broadway.
*Lewisohn, Leonard	
Schiff, Jacob H.	52 William street.
Schiff, Mr. Mortimer L.	52 William street.

* In memoriam.

STATE OF NEW YORK

TENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 22, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 50.

IN ASSEMBLY

MARCH 22, 1910.

TENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park.

NEW YORK, *January* 1, 1910.

To the Legislature of the State of New York:

Pursuant to chapter 690 of the Laws of 1901, the Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park have the honor to present to the Legislature their tenth annual report for the year 1909.

The organization of the commission is as follows:

President, George W. Perkins, New York City, N. Y.

Vice-President, Franklin W. Hopkins, Alpine, N. J.

Secretary, J. DuPratt White, Nyack, N. Y.

Treasurer, D. McNeely Stauffer, Yonkers, N. Y.; Nathan F. Barrett, New Rochelle, N. Y.; William B. Dana, Englewood, N. J.; Abram DeRonde, Englewood, N. J.; William A. Linn, Hackensack, N. J.; William H. Porter, New York City, N. Y.; Edwin A. Stevens, Hoboken, N. J.

The commissioners report that the park was formally dedicated on September 27, 1909, at the old Cornwallis Headquarters in the park at Alpine Landing, New Jersey.

The State of New York was represented at the ceremonies by its Governor, Hon. Charles Evans Hughes, who accepted the park on

behalf of the State, and the State of New Jersey was represented by its Governor, Hon. J. Franklin Fort, who responded to the acceptance by that State.

A report of the commission's work in the acquisition and preservation of the Palisades of the Hudson river covering a period of over nine years was made on this occasion by the president of the commission, George W. Perkins, a copy of which report herewith follows:

"As president of the New York commission it becomes my duty and pleasure on this occasion to report to the Governors of the States of New York and New Jersey, on behalf of the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, that the commission has completed the task entrusted to it, viz., that of saving the Palisades from Fort Lee, New Jersey, on the south, to Piermont, New York, on the north, and further, of acquiring the face of the Palisades and the land between them and the Hudson, and the outstanding riparian rights adjacent thereto, along this 14-mile strip of territory for the purpose of an interstate park.

"The first tangible plan towards protecting the Palisades was a proposal in 1895 to induce the national government to secure them for military purposes. A commission was appointed for this purpose but the scheme fell through. The outlook for preservation after this failure seemed most discouraging. At this juncture the women of New Jersey took up the work, and with great zeal and intelligence the New Jersey State Federation of Women's Clubs began an active campaign, resulting in the passage of a bill in 1899 by the New Jersey State Legislature, empowering the Governor to appoint a committee of five to investigate and report. Governor Voorhees signed this bill and named as members of the commission Elizabeth B. Vermilye, Cecelia Gaines Holland, Franklin W. Hopkins, William A. Linn and S. Wood McClave.

"The New York Legislature passed a similar bill, and Governor Roosevelt, at the suggestion of Andrew H. Green, appointed as the New York committee Frederick W. Devoe, Frederick S. Lamb, George F. Kunz, Abraham G. Mills and Edward Payson Cone.

"Among the ardent supporters and most effective workers connected with the movement at that time were Dr. George F. Kunz, now president of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, and the late William E. Dodge.

"Conferences covering nearly a year followed, with the result that the committee reported to the respective Legislatures the pas-

sage of acts constituting a permanent Interstate Park Commission, to serve without compensation and with power to acquire and hold whatever territory was necessary along the Palisades for an interstate park and thereby preserve the scenery of the Palisades. Legislation to this end was passed by the New York Legislature and approved by Governor Roosevelt March 22, 1900. In the New Jersey Legislature the bill met with considerable hostility, but the friends of the proposed measure kept up an unremitting fight, the work of the women of New Jersey being particularly effective, and the bill was finally passed and signed.

" Governor Voorhees appointed as New Jersey's commissioners Abram S. Hewitt, Edwin A. Stevens, Franklin W. Hokpins, William A. Linn and Abram DeRonde.

" Governor Roosevelt's appointees were George W. Perkins, J. Du Pratt White, Ralph Trautmann, D. McNeely Stauffer and Nathan F. Barrett.

" With the exception of the vacancies caused by the lamented death of Messrs. Abram S. Hewitt and Ralph Trautmann, whose places were filled by William B. Dana and William H. Porter, the personnel of the commission has remained unchanged through the nine intervening years.

" When the commission began its labors in the summer of 1900, it had on hand appropriations of $5,000 from the State of New Jersey and $10,000 from the State of New York, for expenses.

" The commission found that legally organized companies were engaged in blasting the cliffs or land that the said companies had bought, and a right, under the law, to quarry.

"A survey of the Palisades was at once undertaken and New Jersey's appropriation was devoted to this purpose. The commissioners were surprised to find that in place of the Palisades presenting a perpendicular face, as was the common belief, there were about 500 acres of land suitable for park purposes at the foot of the cliffs, in a strip from Fort Lee to Piermont, and that there were about a dozen places at the foot of the cliffs which lent themselves very easily as landing places from which the 500 acres could be reached.

" In a general way the commission came to the conclusion that if it could in some way stop the blasting and acquire the quarries it might be possible to acquire all the rest of the face of the cliffs and the riparian rights between Fort Lee and Piermont for something like $500,000. The difficult problem, of course, was how to stop the blasting and acquire title to the quarries, which were val-

uable going concerns. After prolonged negotiations with the quarrymen the commission found that it could acquire title to the active quarries for $135,000.

"The commission had not spent for expenses any of the $10,000 which the State of New York had voted it. Its office had been 'under its hat' so to speak, and it had incurred no incidental expenses. At this point it decided on the following plan:

"First: To take the $10,000 of expense money and pay it on a contract to purchase the quarry properties for $135,000 — all blasting to stop until the following spring.

"Second: To attempt to raise the remaining $125,000 by private subscription, with an understanding with the subscribers that they were not to contribute the money unless the Legislatures of New York and New Jersey, during the winter session, contributed respectively $400,000 and $50,000 for the purpose of acquiring such land along the face of the cliffs where blasting was not going on but might be started at any time.

"The $10,000 was paid to the quarrymen, and all blasting on the Palisades stopped on Christmas eve, 1900. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan offered to contribute the $125,000 needed to finish the purchase of the quarry properties under the plan contemplated. The Legislatures of New York and New Jersey were approached with this plan during the winter, and New York appropriated the $400,000 asked of it, and New Jersey appropriated $50,000.

"Since then the work of acquiring the property has steadily progressed until now the commission is able to report the acquisition of the entire face of the cliffs, from Fort Lee to Piermont, with the exception of two small titles which are in the course of completion. This has been accomplished without asking either State for any further appropriation for the purchase of land or riparian rights than the sums originally asked for and appropriated nine years ago.

"In the intervening nine years New York has appropriated $20,000 for expenses, and New Jersey has appropriated $17,500. This money has been used for surveying and engineering expenses, for improving and building a footpath at the foot of the cliffs from Fort Lee to Alpine — a distance of about seven miles; for protecting the properties and policing the grounds; for searching and insuring titles, for insurance policies, for legal services, printing, clerical and stenographic hire. The personal expenses of the commissioners during the nine-year period have amounted to $457.93.

"The commissioners have acquired about 175 parcels of land in all, including twenty-one homesteads or residences which are still occupied for a nominal rental. Good landing places exist at Fort Lee dock, Carpenter's quarry dock, Englewood dock, Van Wagoner's dock, Laflin & Rand's dock, Brown & Fleming's quarry dock, Huyler's Landing, Alpine, Pearsall's dock, Jordan's dock, Riverview Grove, Forest View dock and Twombly's dock, and these several landings are scattered along through the 500 acres of land embraced in the park district. In fact when the commission took up its work nine years ago the Palisades were practically unknown and rarely, if ever, visited by any one. As the blasting ceased and the cliffs were made somewhat accessible the people of New York and New Jersey began to enjoy this wonderful region. During the summer of 1905 the commission issued twenty-five permits to people to camp on the Palisades. In 1906, 221 permits were issued. In 1907, 395 permits were issued. In 1908, 700 permits were issued, and during the season just closed, 1,000 permits were issued. Under those permits during the past summer approximately 3,000 campers have enjoyed the shores of the Palisades during their holidays and on Sundays. This is in addition to many hundreds of picnicers who have visited the district for a few hours at a time.

"In commemoration of the work for Palisades preservation accomplished by the Federation of Women's Clubs of New Jersey, the commission has set aside a reservation on a commanding bluff, on which a suitable monument is to be erected from funds contributed by their friends; $3,000 raised by the women of New York and New Jersey has already been placed in this fund in honor of the public-spirited men and women of both States, who labored in the cause of Palisades preservation at the beginning of the movement.

"The commission acknowledges with grateful thanks gifts of land and money as follows:

"Mrs. Lydia G. Lawrence, of Palisades, New York, land and right of way to the value of about $3,500.

"Cleveland H. Dodge, of New York City, land and riparian rights to the value of about $16,000.

"A member of the commission, $12,000.

"Two contributions to the commission stand out as conspicuously valuable in the work that has been accomplished. That of Mr. Morgan at a critical moment in the beginning of the commission's efforts, and a donation made last week by Mr. and Mrs.

Hamilton McK. Twombly of 60 acres of land and 3,000 feet of riparian rights, which, including docks and improvements, is valued at $125,000. It is this latter gift that makes it possible for the commission to announce at this time the completion of the task of saving the Palisades and acquiring the entire frontage of same, with the outstanding riparian rights, for park purposes.

"The parcel of land presented by Mr. and Mrs. Twombly has been owned by them for a number of years and during the past thirteen years they have maintained a dock and comfortable recreation grounds, and excursions have been run from the city for people who could not afford the outing themselves. During the past thirteen years 365,000 people from the city have enjoyed the benefits of a ride up the Hudson river, a few hours at this charming landing, and a ride back to New York. In accepting this handsome gift the commission has agreed to maintain this landing and permit all worthy institutions and all accredited individuals to use the property for the same worthy purposes for which Mr. and Mrs. Twombly used it in the past.

"Up to date the commission has but one sole object — to preserve and acquire the face of the Palisades. This has now been accomplished and the commission's forecasts of nine years ago to the people who have helped it and to the States of New York and New Jersey, have been realized.

"In the development of the work the commission has come to appreciate the vast benefits that can accrue to the millions of people living in such close proximity to this absolutely unique piece of territory, and now that the task of saving and acquiring the Palisades has been accomplished the commissioners intend to devote their efforts, with the permission of their respective States and the public, to a fuller development of the park. There are now driveways down the cliffs at Englewood and Alpine. There should be a driveway the entire length of the base of the cliffs from Fort Lee to Piermont. This would make the park accessible from all points for all classes, and would make the most natural and perfect outlet from the city of New York to the good roads that are being laid out in the State of New York.

"Last winter Senator Edmund W. Wakelee, always a consistent friend and worker in the cause of Palisades preservation, introduced a bill in New Jersey, favoring such a driveway, and the bill was passed. A similar bill was introduced in New York by Senator Howard R. Bayne, but did not pass. Such a driveway

would not be as expensive as might be supposed, as it could be built in part with the material at hand along the base of the cliffs.

"The surveys and sketches which the commission has had made in this connection show that a driveway of this kind could be built that, for picturesqueness, could scarcely be equalled anywhere in the world.

"Here, within actual sight of our great throbbing city, is a little world of almost virgin nature, which has been rescued for the people and now stands as a permanent monument to the discovery of the Hudson river. I leave for others to tell of what Nature has done for this unique strip of land. Men can do no more than preserve its natural grandeur and make the park accessible to one and all, and to this end the commission respectfully asks the support of the public and the Governors of the respective States, who are our honored guests at the dedication of this park to-day."

The commissioners desire to announce that the gift of $12,000 mentioned in the foregoing report was made by George W. Perkins, president of the commission.

A recent contribution of $2,500 by Henry Phipps of New York City to further the work of this commission is gratefully acknowledged.

Attention is called to the generous and timely gifts made to this commission, a statement of which is as follows:

J. P. Morgan, of New York City	$125,000 00
Cleveland H. Dodge, of New York City, land and riparian rights	16,000 00
Mrs. Lydia G. Lawrence, of Palisades, New York, land and right of way	3,500 00
George W. Perkins, of New York City	12,000 00
H. McK. Twombly, of New York City, land, improvements and riparian rights	125,000 00
Henry Phipps, of New York City	2,500 00
Total	$284,000 00

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GEORGE W. PERKINS,
President.

Attest:

J. Du Pratt White,
Secretary.

(Seal.)

Financial Statement.

Dr.

Received from State Comptroller from the appropriation made by chapter 433 of Laws of 1909, being the unexpended balance of an appropriation made by chapter 466 of Laws of 1908.....	$2,918 38

Cr

For the protection and policing of park:			
Services of marshals, expenses in maintaining patrol launch		$2,303 40	
General incidental expenses:			
Uniforms	$133 50		
Repairs to engine	179 93		
Labor	33 50		
Flag pole	200 00		
Fire insurance	45 00		
Printing	16 75		
Clerk hire	6 30		
		614 98	
			$2,918 38

A Young Herder.

STATE OF NEW YORK

Sixty-first Annual Report

Agricultural and Industrial School

Industry, Monroe County

SEPTEMBER 30, 1909

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 28, 1910.

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTER
1910

DESCRIPTION.

The buildings of the school are located upon a tract of 1432⅔ acres of land lying in the northwest corner of the town of Rush, Monroe county. The north line of the township forms the north boundary, its east boundary lies for several hundred feet along the river road, the remainder of the distance being farm boundaries. On the south Honeoye creek forms the boundary and the Genesee river extends entirely along the west side of the farm.

The Erie railway crosses the farm from north to south and the main line of the Lehigh Valley from east to west.

Industry Station on the Erie railway lies within the institution grounds about one mile from the north boundary.

The boys for whom the institution cares live in cottages that accommodate not to exceed twenty-five each. There are twenty-six such cottages already erected and occupied. Seventeen of these cottages are widely scattered over the property, none being situated nearer than 400 feet distant from each other and many of them even more remote.

It is nearly two miles and a half between Genesee cottage, which is the most northerly, and Haneayah, which is the most southerly. Near the center of the tract, to the south of the Scottsville road, are located six cottages forming the nucleus of what is to be the industrial group, which, when completed will consist of a group of not to exceed ten cottages, forming the perimeter of an oblong, the center line of which is occupied by the main shop building near one extremity, the bakery, storeroom and cold storage building at the other. In the cottages of the industrial group live the boys who work at trades. The administration building and Catholic and Protestant chapels and assembly hall are located between the Scottsville road and the industrial group. Each of the seventeen outlying cottages has a farm connected with it upon which are barns and other necessary outbuildings. Each of these farm colonies has its equipment of horses, cattle, poultry and swine, for whose care the boys living in each colony are respons-

ible. A man and wife, known as supervisor and matron, have charge of each cottage, whether in the farm group or the industrial group.

There is also a fully equipped hospital for the care of boys requiring it.

Water supply is secured from drilled wells and springs and is pumped by windmills into elevated tanks or reservoirs and then piped to the cottages. Usually there is a windmill and ten thousand gallon tank for each two cottages. The northern group of six cottages and the hospital are supplied by water pumped from a spring to a concrete reservoir located upon the highest point of the institution property.

Several sewage disposal beds, planned under the direction of the State Commissioner of Health, are to care for the sewage.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

Officers of Board, Elected, March, 1908, *for the ensuing year.*

Miss Lura E. Aldridge.....President
William Bausch.....First Vice-President
Urial B. Moses.....Second Vice-President
Andrew H. Bown.....Secretary and Treasurer

Executive Committee.

The President, the Secretary, Chairman of each of the Standing Committees.

Managers.

Term expires February, 1910.

Mr. John F. White, Mr. Urial B. Moses,
Col. George F. Roth, Mr. Wm. Bausch,
Frederick R. Smith, M.D.

Term expires February, 1911.

Miss L. E. Aldridge, Mr. A. H. Bown,
Mr. Patrick H. Cochrane, Mr. R. B. Williams,
Mr. A. H. Tracy, Jr.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD.

Agricultural.

Managers Moses, Tracy and Roth.

Auditing.

President, Secretary and Manager White.

Building.

Managers Roth, Williams and Cochrane.

Health and Sanitation.

Managers Smith, Williams and Cochrane.

Instruction and Discipline.

Managers White, Bown and Bausch.

Parole.

Managers Bausch, Bown and Tracy.

OFFICERS OF THE SCHOOL.

Superintendent.
FRANKLIN H. BRIGGS.

Assistant Superintendent and Steward.
DAVID BRUCE.

Inspector.
JAMES G. ROBERTSON.

Physician.
D. LANSING VAN DERZEE, M.D.

Superintendent of Schools.
Miss HELEN M. SHATTUCK.

General Matron.
Miss CERELIA L. COLLSON.

Supervisor Colony Farms.
JAMES D. EDWARDS.

Acting Protestant Chaplain.
Rev. ALEXANDER M. STEWART.

Catholic Chaplain and Parole Agent.
Rev. MICHAEL J. KRIEG.

Parole Agent.
JOSEPH A. HANVEY.

Optical Surgeon.
NATHANIEL D. MCDOWELL, SC.B., M.D.

Dentist.
ALFRED C. SHADDOCK, D.D.S.

Florence C. E. Walling.....Clerk
Katherine C. Murray.....Stenographer, Supt's Office
Charlotte A. O'Grady.....Executive Clerk
Jesse J. Herbison.....Chief Clerk
Mary C. Sprague.....Clerk, Business Office
Anna M. Lindner.....Superintendent's Clerk
Thomas J. Curtin.....Storekeeper
George H. Stell.....Protestant Organist and Guide
Minnie F. O'Laughlin.....Catholic Organist
Mary E. Guinan.....Matron at Hospital

Colony Teachers.

Anna L. Breen.....Haneayah and Neahga
Lovina Cox.....Otesaga and Tanawunda
Annie V. Finnegan.....Genesee and Tayoga
Julia C. Ganiard.....Algonquin and Onundaga
Helen E. Hayner.....Wyoming and Oatka
Jennie Howell.....Gadageh and Gaskosaga
Maud E. Ellis.....Ganeasos and Iroquois
Jennie McAuliffe.....Ganono and Teugega
Eleanor E. Miller.....Ohagi and Oageh
Mary E. Cullen.....Swenoga and Ahwaga
Laura B. Wilson.....Irondequoit and Nundao
Ella A. Woodward.....Seneca and Ohadi
Martha J. Conway.....Ontario and Oneida

General Teachers.

Elizabeth C. Trussell.....Freehand Drawing
Gertrude L. Douglass.....Vocal Music

Colony Supervisors and Matrons.

Mr. and Mrs. Ulysses G. Spink.....Ahwaga
Mr. and Mrs. Rufus A. Putney.....Algonquin
Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Beals.....Gadageh
Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Dutcher.....Ganono
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Vaughn.....Genesee
Mr. and Mrs. Louis H. Mott.....Haneayah
Mr. and Mrs. Scott O. Nielson.....Irondequoit
Mr. and Mrs. George F. Brandow.....Iroquois

Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy.....Nundao
Mr. and Mrs. William H. Anderson.....Oatka
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew T. Whalen.....Ohadi
Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Armstrong.....Ohagi
Mr. and Mrs. James R. Howard.....Oneida
Mr. and Mrs. Bert S. McNinch.....Ontario
Mr. and Mrs. Floyd I. Pratt.....Onundaga
Mr. and Mrs. Adolph F. Kohler.....Otesaga
Mr. and Mrs. George S. Wilkinson.....Seneca
Mr. and Mrs. Bernard J. O'Brien.....Swenoga
Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Robinson.....Tayoga
Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Reilly.....Teugega
Mr. and Mrs. Deyo W. Wagner.....Wyoming
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Murphy.....Oageh
Mr. and Mrs. Erastus McPhee.....Ganeasos
Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Murphy.....Vacation Relief
Mr. and Mrs. Manly C. Oakes.....Day Relief
Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McCaffrey.....Gaskosaga
Mr. and Mrs. L. J. McKenna.....Neahga

Engineers.

Warren B. Graves.....Chief Engineer
Earl L. Rittenhouse.....Assistant Engineer, Day
George Carroll.....Assistant Engineer, Night
Wm. D. Schindler.....Assistant Engineer

Instructors.

Eugene Jelensperger.....Baking
Adolph F. Kohler.....Blacksmithing
Henry J. Van Dyne.....Carpentry
John T. Flanagan.....Electrical Construction
Edwin Robinson.....Laundering
George T. Lockman.....Machinery
John J. McCaffrey.....Masonry
Charles A. Dutcher.....Painting
Egbert Hoekstra.....Printing
Charles U. Fladd.....Tailoring
Llewellyn J. McKenna.....Tailoring
Fred B. Remington.....Band

Guards, Day.

John R. McKinley.....Tayoga Cottage
Newton H. Baldwin.....Otesaga Cottage
Joseph M. Ferguson.....Gaskosaga Cottage
Elmer E. Washburn.....Teugega Cottage
George H. MacClary.....Teugega Cottage
Frank F. Herrick.....Hospital
Daniel S. Kelly.....Ganono Cottage
William F. Grady.....Storeroom
Theodore Coe, Jr.....Neahga Cottage
Sylvester W. Mathews.....Teugega Cottage

Guards, Night.

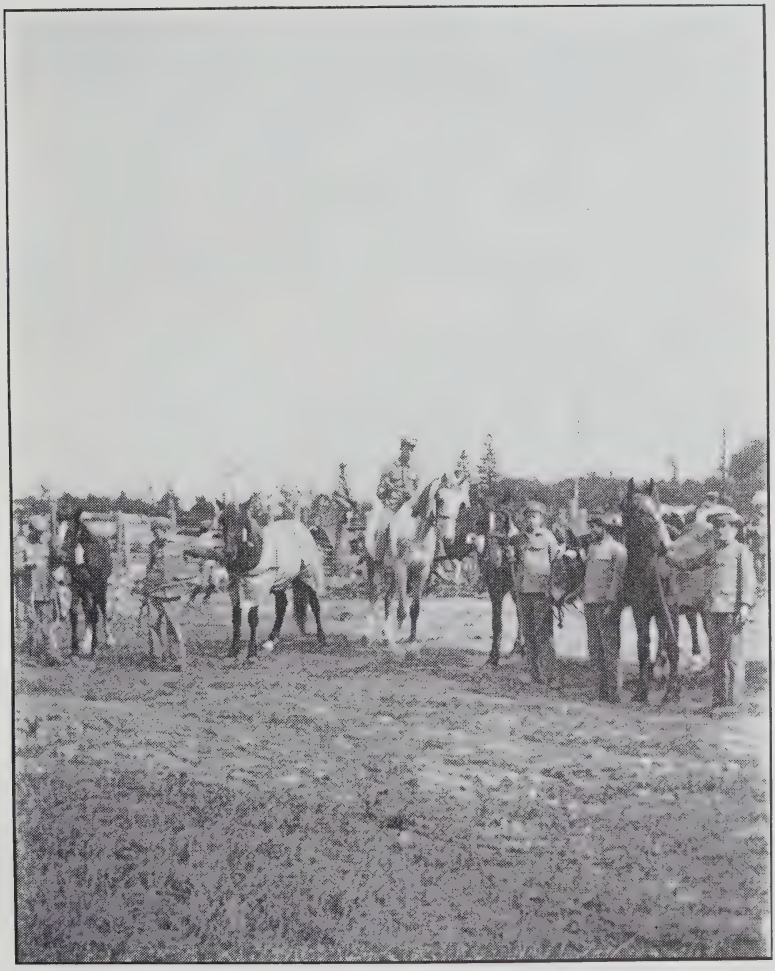
Chester M. Green.....Relief Officer
J. H. Garlock.....Gaskosaga Cottage
E. C. Richardson.....Oneida Cottage
Henry L. Werley.....Tayoga Cottage
Hervey S. Walkley.....Tuegega Cottage
John A. Penn.....Neahga Cottage
Clarence J. O'Connor.....Otesaga Cottage
Lloyd M. Badger.....Ganono Cottage
John H. Sharpe.....Hospital
Edward A. Putney.....Administration Building

Kitchen and Supervisory.

Mrs. Wm. P. Boyd.....Head Cook at Hospital
Sarah A. Jackson.....Matron Teachers' Cottage
Mrs. H. B. Heddon.....Matron Service Cottage
Mrs. Elizabeth J. Heubner.....Matron Onetah Cottage
Margaret Hickey.....Attendant, Administration Bldg.
Mrs. Frank F. Herrick.....Attendant, Creamery

Farm and Garden.

Edwin S. Robinson.....Gardener
William Spink.....Relief Farmer
Caleb W. Hayes.....Coachman, Superintendent's
H. B. Heddon.....Coachman
John M. Weidman.....Teamster



Prize Winners at the Fair.

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 51.

IN ASSEMBLY

March 28, 1910.

REPORT OF THE MANAGERS.

To the Legislature:

In the promotion of new enterprises progress must be considered from year to year rather than from week to week or from month to month, and the review of a year's work at Industry establishes beyond doubt the wisdom of the colony plan above any that has been tried at the State Agricultural and Industrial School in all of its sixty years' existence.

The completion of the administration building early in the year contributed greatly to the comfort and welfare of the superintendent and the entire office force and made a central location for distributing information that has aided materially in adjusting conditions.

Following closely upon the completion of the administration building came the finishing of the superintendent's residence and his removal from the old farmhouse to larger and more attractive quarters on the hill. The site is in every way admirable and the outlook over the country for miles in every direction commends it to all who are drawn within the range of its hospitality. The boys of the various farm colonies are among those who have been privileged to share this hospitality and who have in turn been invited to spend an evening with games, music, refreshments, etc., which has drawn them into closer touch with their superintendent and has brought to many of them an appreciation of the fact that he is always and ever their staunch friend.

The assembly hall has been practically finished for some time and was occupied, although in an unfinished state, for the first time on New Year's Day.

It is the hope of the managers that bowling alleys will some time be established in the basement of this building, providing a place of recreation both attractive and beneficial.

After a series of delays the teachers' cottage was completed in early March and speedily occupied. Removal of the teachers from the Clapp house and from the old farmhouse below the railroad station made possible the use of the former as a home for a colony of boys; the latter has since been occupied as a rooming house or service cottage by certain officers and guards.

The interior of the chapels has been greatly improved during the year and the boys who have labored so faithfully under their instructors in carpenter work and painting deserve all the credit they have received. The beautiful ceilings attract most favorable comment and the handsome Georgia pine lends itself admirably to the style of the buildings.

The altar has been added recently to the Catholic chapel and in its white simplicity lends a finish which is most pleasing. A window of stained glass above the chancel and the placing of the organ we hope to have in the loft directly opposite, would make complete a place of worship worthy the efforts of the faithful chaplain.

Few changes have taken place in the teaching force, which is pleasant to chronicle with the excellent work being done by the women having this in charge. Miss Angelina Pritchett was married during the year, after a record of ten years' good service, and her place has been taken by Miss Cullen. Miss Conway, who came about the 1st of March, has charge of the lads of Oneida and Ontario colonies.

It was with much regret that we accepted the resignation of Rev. Arthur Humphreys last May, Protestant chaplain and friend of the boys, who found he could hardly meet the many duties of the position and give adequate attention to his congregation at North Rush church where he had served a number of years. His residence near the school had made frequent visits possible and his earnest efforts to help the boys to right thinking and right living brought excellent results.

The present acting chaplain, Rev. Alexander M. Stewart, is doing earnest work and has an interest in the boys and their development that cannot fail to help them.

The school is always to be congratulated upon its parole officers, Rev. Michael J. Krieg, who is also the Catholic chaplain and whose interest in his boys could hardly be surpassed, and Mr. J. A. Hanvey, whose labors are unceasing in his desire to find suitable homes for those who go out on parole and encourge them in their efforts to overcome evil tendencies.

The school is also fortunate in its friends who stand ready to further the efforts of officers and teachers in their work of education. Among these we mention very cordially Rev. J. W. A. Stewart, D.D., Dean of the Rochester Theological Seminary, who gave the boys a most interesting and inspiring address upon Abraham Lincoln on the Lincoln anniversary and Hon. Charles E. Ogden, who was present on Washington's birthday and again on the Fourth of July, speaking to the boys on both occasions in a way that held their undivided attention. We are glad to know that speakers comment most favorably upon the always pleasing attention that the boys give to their addresses.

Decoration Day also brought to the school another good friend of the boys, Rt. Rev. Thomas F. Hickey, D.D., Bishop of Rochester, and a former manager of the institution. His address was listened to with the earnest attention his words always inspire and the time taken from his numerous duties to come and speak to the boys and their officers was greatly appreciated.

The second annual exhibition of farm, garden and orchard products, live stock, poultry, etc., was held this fall and drew many visitors. The basement of assembly hall proved a fine place for the display of vegetables, fruits, canned and baked goods and a large collection of miscellaneous articles. The judges found it no easy task to decide where prizes should be given because of the general excellence. Favorable comment was heard on every hand and comparison drawn between the display of vegetables, fruits, flowers and general produce, and the exhibit at any Western New York fair, and it is hardly surprising, yet very gratifying, that local farmers said they desired to attend the instructive lectures at the school in order to keep in the front rank.

In the early springtime the superintendent allowed the boys to cultivate a plot of ground according to their individual tastes or ideas; this proved a great success as it revealed individuality and was an excellent object lesson.

Out of doors and not far from assembly hall, the live stock drew many visitors who were interested in the cages of chickens, geese, guinea hens, doves, cats and kittens. The farm teams, young colts, oxen and swine all came in for comment and the boys displayed their pets with pride.

Local dairy and farmers' institutes have been held during the year, boys preparing and reading their brief papers on care and treatment of stock and poultry with gratifying results therefrom.

Competent supervisors and matrons are in many instances proving better friends to the boys than any they have ever found outside the school and an atmosphere of peace and contentment may be felt in various colonies.

To meet the demands of a large and rapidly growing institution, more land is desired and two additional cottages; since magistrates seem to be impressed with the value of the school's training of the delinquent boy and are sending such from various parts of the State at frequent intervals. Furnishings for new cottages already under contract, repairs that are essential to comfort, equipment and painting of both old and new buildings, additional water supply for so large a family, are some of the immediate and pressing requirements, as well as additional machinery for the new grist mill, a quantity of tile for draining wet land, and to this end the managers respectfully request the Legislature to make the following appropriations for the use of the school:

For maintenance for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1910	$175,000 00
For tile for draining wet land	2,000 00
For nursery stock	1,000 00
For repairs and equipment including silos and painting	15,000 00
For furnishing for three new cottages (under contract)	4,500 00
For additional machinery for grist mill	1,500 00

For additional water supply	$3,000 00
For securing lectures and encouraging scientific agriculture	1,000 00
For organ for Catholic chapel	2,000 00
For additional land	20,000 00
For two additional cottages for boys	25,000 00

Respectfully submitted,

LURA E. ALDRIDGE,

President Board of Managers.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Board of Managers:

I submit herewith superintendent's report for fiscal year ending September 30, 1909:

Statistics.

Movement of Population.

Number of inmates in institution October 1, 1908	586
Number of inmates admitted during fiscal year	500
Received on new commitments	387
Returned for violation of parole	60
Escapes returned	53
Number of inmates discharged or died during fiscal year	444
Deaths	3
Paroled to parents or guardians	305
Paroled to employers	70
Escaped	58
Discharged by court order	5
Transferred to other institutions	2
Surrendered to court	1
Number of inmates in institution October 1, 1909	642

New commitments were from counties as follows:

Albany	26	Dutchess	5
Allegany	2	Erie	59
Broome	13	Essex	2
Cattaraugus	2	Franklin	6
Cayuga	3	Fulton	2
Chautauqua	4	Herkimer	4
Chemung	4	Niagara	15
Chenango	2	Oneida	6
Clinton	4	Onondaga	46
Columbia	4	Ontario	3
Delaware	1	Orange	2

Orleans	1	Lewis	3
Oswego	7	Livingston	3
Otsego	6	Madison	4
Putnam	1	Monroe	31
Rensselaer	13	Montgomery	5
St. Lawrence	6	Nassau	6
Saratoga	10	Warren	4
Schenectady	10	Washington	1
Seneca	1	Wayne	6
Steuben	5	Westchester	22
Tioga	3	Wyoming	4
Tompkins	4	Yates	1
Jefferson	15		
			387

List of Offenses for Which Boys were Committed in the Year 1908–1909.

Arson first degree	1
Assault	2
Assault first degree	1
Assault third degree	2
Assault and ungovernable	1
Burglary	2
Burglary and petit larceny	1
Burglary second degree and petit larceny	1
Burglary third degree	14
Burglary and larceny	9
Burglary third degree and petit larceny	7
Burglary third degree and larceny	4
Burglary third degree and grand larceny second degree	4
Destroying property	1
Disorderly	19
Gambling	1
Grand larceny	5
Grand larceny first degree	1
Grand larceny second degree	10
Improper guardianship	18

In company of thieves	2
Larceny	3
Malicious mischief	2
Obstructing railroad track	8
Petit larceny	160
Public intoxication	2
Receiving stolen property	3
Riding freights	1
Robbery first degree	1
Thowing open railroad switch	1
Truancy	1
Ungovernable	77
Vagrancy	24
Violation Section 645 of the Penal Code	1
Violation Section 675 of the Penal Code	1
Violation Section 505 of the Penal Code	1
	387

Received on New Commitments.

Under the age of 10	2
Under the age of 11	1
Under the age of 12	8
Under the age of 13	74
Under the age of 14	63
Under the age of 15	99
Under the age of 16	140
	387

Parental Relations.

Lost father	57
Lost mother	57
Lost both parents	22
Parents living together	214
Parents living separated	35
Unknown	3
	387

Nativity of Children.

American	318
American Negro	18
Austrian Pole	1
Canadian	8
English	3
French	2
French Canadian	1
German	3
Irish	1
Italian	19
Persian	1
Polish	2
Russian Jew	5
Russian Pole	4
Unknown	1
	387

Nativity of Parents.

American	176
American and English	2
American and Canadian	5
American and American Negress	1
American Negro	17
American and Irish	5
American and French Canadian	1
American and German	3
Austrian Pole	2
Bohemian	1
Canadian	5
Canadian and American	3
Canadian and French	1
Canadian and Irish	3
English	6
English and American	2
English and German	1
English and Irish	2

French	1
French and American	1
French and Irish	1
French Canadian	5
French Canadian and American	1
French and Welsh	1
German	15
German Pole	12
German and American	6
German and Swiss	1
German and Canadian	1
German Jew	3
Greek	1
Holland Dutch and Canadian Negress	1
Irish	21
Irish and American	2
Italian	32
Italian and American	1
Italian and French	1
Italian and English	1
Persian	1
Polish	22
Polish and German	1
Polish and Slav	1
Russian Jew	7
Russian Pole	7
Slav	2
Swiss	1
Unknown	1
	387

Religion.

Protestant	185
Catholic	191
Hebrew	11
	387

Character of Home.

Good	29
Excellent	1
Fair	160
Poor	82
Bad	89
No home	29
Neglected	3
Unknown	3
	387

Social Relations.

Aunt, Insane	6
Epileptic	1
Brother, arrested	88
Auburn Prison	1
Epileptic	2
House of Providence	1
Elmira Reformatory	4
Fremont School	1
Catholic Protectory	1
Ogdensburg Home	1
Orphanage at Cooperstown	1
Penitentiary	3
Rochester Orphan Asylum	1
St. John's Protectory, Buffalo	6
St. Vincent's Utica	3
State Agricultural and Industrial School	16
Syracuse Institution for Feeble-Minded Children	1
Syracuse Orphan Asylum	2
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum	1
Tarrytown	1
Watertown Ophan Home	1
Cousin, arrested	10
Catholic Protectory	1
Elmira Reformatory	2
Insane	1

Father, arrested	71
Intemperate	150
Insane	3
Auburn Prison	3
Alms House	1
Penitentiary	1
Grandfather, arrested	1
Grandmother, insane	2
Mother, arrested	2
Epileptic	5
Insane	5
Intemperate	19
Sister, arrested	3
Albion House of Refuge for Women	1
Epileptic	1
Hudson Orphan Asylum	1
Hudson State Training School for Girls	3
Orphan Home	2
Orphan Home, Ogdensburg	2
Watertown Orphan Home	1
Uncle, arrested	10
Epileptic	2
Insane	5
State Agricultural and Industrial School	1
Great Uncle, insane	1

In Other Institutions or on Probation Previous to Commitment.

Albany Orphan Asylum	10
Auburn Orphan Asylum	2
Berkshire Industrial School	2
Binghamton Catholic Home	1
Brace Farm School	1
Brothers, Albany	1
Charlton Industrial School	1
Charity Home	1
English Orphan Asylum	1
Erie County Penitentiary	1

Fairview Home	2
Gerry Society	1
George Junior Republic	2
Hart Island Reformatory	1
Holy Saviour Orphan Asylum	1
Hopewell Orphan Asylum, N. J	1
House of Providence, Syracuse	
Hudson Orphan Asylum	3
Humane Society	12
Ithaca Home	1
Jail	11
On probation from courts	60
Oneida Orphan's Home	1
Onondaga Orphan Asylum	3
Orphanage at Cooperstown	1
Peekskill Home	1
Port Chester Home	1
Randolph Home	2
Rochester Industrial School	1
Rochester Orphan Asylum	1
St. Benedict's Home	1
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum	3
St. John's Protectory, Buffalo	30
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum	1
St. Joseph's Home, Peekskill	1
St. Joseph's Home, Troy	1
St. Colman's Home	1
St. Vincent's, Utica	24
State Agricultural and Industrial School	4
Susquehanna Valley Home	1
Syracuse Orphan Asylum	2
Troy Orphan Asylum	8
Truant School	28
Utica Orphan Asylum	1
Watertown Farm School	1
Watertown Orphan Asylum	1
Watertown Orphan Home	2
Westchester Temporary Home	5
Westchester Catholic Protectory	5

Expenditures for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 1909.

Salaries of officers and wages of employes	$87,711 63
Expenses of Managers	1,409 23
Provisions	21,126 14
Total cost of maintenance	155,033 47
Per capita cost of maintenance	256 03
Average daily population for fiscal year ending September 30, 1909	605.539

The second fiscal year of the existence of the new institution entirely separated from the old has closed. Its work has been hampered to quite a large extent by the rapid increase of population which has so far outrun the accommodations that not even the opening of two new cottages and the Erminie J. Clapp farmhouse for the use of boys has relieved the congestion. This crowded condition becomes at once apparent when one considers that the average population for the year just closed has been seventy-seven greater than the previous year during which we were seriously overcrowded. The four additional cottages for boys under construction promise to give some relief and the three cottages for boys for which the last legislature made appropriation, and plans for which were virtually completed as the fiscal year closed, will probably provide sufficient housing accommodations to enable the school to go forward with its work under normal conditions.

The underlying principle upon which the organization of the school is based is that each boy shall be assigned to the colony group for which his character, intelligence, and physical development shall best fit him. In many cases during the past year this has been impossible owing to the overcrowded condition of the school. It has been frequently necessary to hold the new boys at the hospital for several weeks waiting for a vacancy to occur in the colony to which they should be assigned and many times we have been compelled, because of the overcrowded condition of the hospital, to send boys to colonies to which under normal conditions they would not have been sent. This congestion has also made it impossible to promote boys from the disciplinary colony to industrial colonies as rapidly as they should

have been promoted. It is unfortunate that the State is unable to provide accommodations sufficiently rapid to keep pace with the increase in the number of its wards.

The opening of the three additional colonies on the first of March, 1909, enabled us to still further extend our industrial group plan. A colony of tailors was installed in Nealga Cottage, a colony of masons in Gaskosaga Cottage, a colony of carpenters in Oneida. The establishment of these three additional industrial colonies has greatly assisted in the work of the school and with the completion and occupancy of the four new cottages now under construction the industrial group will be finally organized. The work of all the industrial colonies has been especially efficient, the mason boys have put the walls of Algonquin, Seneca, Wyoming and Gadageh cottages in shape for the painters, a task which the poor work of the original contractors made very severe, especially at Wyoming and Gadageh. They have also built cement walks six feet in width along the entire front of the chapels and Assembly Hall and from such walks to these buildings and to the side entrances of the Assembly Hall. These buildings being on different levels, the Assembly Hall standing about six feet higher than the Protestant Chapel, the Catholic Chapel about fourteen feet higher than the Assembly Hall, three flights of concrete steps were built to connect the walks on the different terraces. The masons have also put down several square yards of concrete floor in the basement of the Administration building, have done all the concrete work in the installation of the refrigerating and ice plant in the cold storage building, have put in sewer catch basins and done all the other multitudinous mason jobs demanded by a large institution.

The boys of the carpenter colony have devoted their time mainly to putting an ornamental wood ceiling on the Protestant Chapel and partially completing a similar ceiling in the Catholic Chapel, the ceilings in these buildings have been omitted from the original contracts for their construction because of lack of funds. In addition to this work the carpenters have erected water storage tanks on the towers at Onetah and Ogaritah cottages and have done a large amount of repair work beside.

The boys of Ganono colony have painted the exteriors of a

large number of buildings and the interiors of Algonquin, Wyoming, Gadageh, Onetah, have painted and decorated the interior of the Protestant Chapel, filled and varnished the new ceiling, and have done a similar service at the Catholic Chapel so far as the carpenters have completed their work. The exteriors painted have been all the buildings at Oatka, Ontario, Algonquin, Seneca, Wyoming and Gadageh, the barns, other outbuildings, silo and water tank at Ganeasos, the water towers at Onundaga, Gadageh and Haneayah. They have also done the interior painting and wood finishing, including floors, of the Superintendent's new residence and the Administration building, beside doing all the glazing and other necessary work that naturally falls to the lot of painters.

The work of the tailor shop has been carried on by the boys from Neahga colony, working afternoons, and boys from Otesaga working in the morning. They have made and repaired all clothing used by the boys of the school.

The work of the laundry boys has continued to be efficient and satisfactory, while the boys of the blacksmith colony have looked after the horse shoeing and repairing of tools, implements and wagons.

Notwithstanding the severe and continued drought the farm and garden products for the past year show a very gratifying increase over those of a year ago, the amount being $26,881.76 for the year ending September 30, 1908, and $34,469.13 for the year ending September 30, 1909, an increase of nearly $8,000.00. Ganeasos colony, which a year ago received the certificate of award for best farming results, again leads the list of colonies and wins the illuminated trophy donated by Manager Wm. Bausch for the best farming results for the year. The total farm and garden products from this colony in 1907–8 were $3,606.35, for the year ending September 30, 1909, they were $5,007.19, an increase of a little more than $1,400. Several other colonies also show large increases, the chief among them being Oageh, which this year stands second with a total of $4,167.90 to its credit, against $2,792.17 a year ago. Wyoming shows an increase of $925. Haneayah, a colony composed of the smallest and youngest boys of the school, increased its output from $987 in 1907–8.

to $1,588 in 1908–9. Gadageh, Ohadi, Seneca and Swenoga colonies all show very material increases.

Reference to the Steward's report, which gives all productions in detail, will show some of the principal products to have been 1,008 bushels of apples, 16,496 heads of cabbage, 2,188 bunches of celery, 3,076 dozen ears of sweet corn, 3,866 muskmelons, 4,617 bushels of potatoes, 1,047 quarts of strawberries, 409 bushels of ripe tomatoes, 1,480 watermelons, 13,516 pounds of beef, 26,831 pounds of pork, 5,800 pounds of veal, 226,283 quarts of milk, 8,112 dozens of eggs, 2,209 pounds of poultry of all kinds, 6,005 bushels of corn on the ear. The drought shortened the hay crop as well as oats and wheat, our crop of timothy hay being but 185.71 tons this year as opposed 314.93 tons a year ago. The shortage of oats and wheat was not so marked.

The new creamery was equipped with the necessary machines and appliances and manufacturing of butter was begun on the 1st of August. During the two months of the fiscal year remaining after the opening of the creamery, 1,598 pounds of butter were made. With cold storage facilities at its command the school will hereafter be favorably situated to take advantage of the large milk production of May, June and July. It will make a large quantity of butter and store it for use during the season when the supply of milk is necessarily curtailed. In this way a very material economy will be brought about.

The entire herd of cattle has been tuberclin tested during the year and only an insignificant number were found to be infested among the herds found sound the previous year. The infected stock was immediately transferred to the north side herds where the infected animals of the previous years had been segregated. Through the growth and development of heifers raised on the farm, it has been possible to reduce the number of quarantined herds to three, with every probability that by the spring of 1910 the number can be still further reduced. The quality of the dairy herds has been largely bettered by the substitution of heifers born and grown on the property from the cows originally purchased to supply the institution. The system of State supervision of purchases for State institutions is such that the School was not permitted to make its own selection of dairy cows at the outset but

was obliged to purchase at a very moderate cost from dealers in cattle; the result was such as might be reasonably anticipated from such a method. Some of the cows were good, a large number of them were what dairymen call "robbers." It has, therefore, been the task of the school to raise and develop every cow contained in the 19 different herds. Thoroughbred Holstein sires have been used from the outset, careful tests have been made of the milk production of each cow, the robbers have been converted into beef and at the present time the dairy herd will compare favorably with other herds throughout the State, not only as to quantity of milk but as to butter fat as well. The August creamery report showed that for the month, without grain, the butter made averaged 4.22 pounds per hundred pounds of milk and in September, under same conditions as to grain, showed a butter production of 4.66 pounds per hundred pounds of milk.

The slaughter house was completed and ready for use on the 1st of September, and a butcher has been employed so that it is no longer necessary to have slaughtering done at the various colony barns.

The cold storage building was so far completed by April 1, that it was possible to fill the ice chambers directly from the cars, and rooms for the storage of meat, butter, eggs, cheese and lard were put into use at that time and have proven to be very satisfactory and exceedingly convenient. The installation of a refrigerating and ice plant in this building is now going forward and it is hoped will be ready for operation early in the coming fiscal year. The weather of the past winter was such that no ice could be harvested locally, only a very small quantity could be secured from Conesus Lake, it therefore became necessary to purchase ice from Oneida Lake at a very much increased expense. This ice was delivered at the school siding on the Lehigh Valley Railroad and required a much longer haul than the Conesus ice which comes in over the Erie track and is delivered on the storeroom siding within a very short distance of the ice house door.

In November advantage was taken of the unusually favorable weather to grade and improve the Scottsville road from the Erie tracks eastward to the point where the institution road crosses the highway and also to change the grade of the institution road

from the Scottsville road north to the hospital. A large quantity of earth was taken from the top of the hill and drawn into the hollow, thus reducing what had formerly been a very steep grade to a gradual one. Concrete sluiceways were put in. In the spring a large quantity of earth was hauled from near the Erie tracks and used to reduce the grade in the highway west of the Erie tracks and also to grade along the south side of the highway opposite Ganono cottage, preparatory to the laying of cement sidewalks from the depot to the Administration building. The grounds about the Protestant Chapel, Assembly Hall and Catholic Chapel have been partially graded; the amount of labor entailed in this last project, however, has been so great that its completion during the year was impossible. A large amount of grading was also done upon what is to be the athletic field. Much remains, however, to be accomplished before this field will be in completed form, nevertheless sufficient was done so that the Labor Day field sports and School Fair ball games were held on the field. A large amount of filling was done about the Teachers' Cottage. There is still need, however, of a large quantity of earth, in order to properly grade these grounds.

Improvement of cottage lawns and grounds has progressed steadily, most noticeably perhaps at Otesaga cottage where a large amount of earth had to be moved in order to grade the grounds to the proper level. Inasmuch as these grounds lie adjacent to the athletic field and the lawns of the chapels and Assembly hall, their improvement has added much to the general appearance of the institution. The boys at Neahga and Gaskosaga have also done much toward the formation of lawns. The lawns at Ohadi, Wyoming, Swenoga, Gadageh, Nundao, Onundaga, Seneca, Ontario, and Genesee, have all been extended, adding much to the attractiveness of the grounds.

Several hundred trees were set out about the grounds and driveways in the early spring. Mr. B. S. McNinch, supervisor of Ontario colony, generously gave the school nearly two hundred young maples from the woods upon his farm in the town of Conesus, Livingston county. Accompanied by several of the boys of his colony, Mr. McNinch, together with Mr. Edwards, supervisor of colony farms, went to the farm on an early train, dug the trees and trimmed them ready for setting and two of the school

teams hauled them to the school grounds where they were immediately set out.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Martin, near neighbors of the school, who last year gave a Frau Karl Druschki rose to each of the cottages and buildings of the school, this year doubled their generous gift by presenting forty-one each of Soleil d'or and Prince Camille DeRohan and also replaced all Frau Karl Druschki bushes that did not survive from last year's planting and they also expressed their desire to continue their very kind action by giving two additional rose bushes in the future to each of the buildings. A more delightful gift can scarcely be imagined.

In the spring of the present year plats of ground one rod square were allotted to each boy in every colony except Otesaga and Tuegega. The boys were at liberty to plant and till these plats or to leave them unplanted and untilled; such seeds as they desired to plant were issued to them, providing such seeds were within the institution supply, otherwise boys had to provide for such additional seeds as they desired. As a rule great interest was taken in these gardens and the owners thereof reaped large benefit from them. Each boy had the liberty of disposing of the products of his garden as he desired, except, of course, there was no opportunity for them to sell these products, but each boy could consume his own, give them to some other boy, or give them to his parents when they came to visit him. The nineteenth day of June was observed as Garden Day. In anticipation of the day invitations were sent to friends of the school, asking them to visit and inspect the boys' gardens at that time. The boys also were allowed to write to their parents asking them to come and visit them on that day. A large number of these invitations were accepted and on that day the boys had the pleasure, in cases where they had not given their gardens proper thought, not unmixed, of standing each by his own garden while the many visitors, including a committee of judges, inspected the results of their work. Col. S. P. Moulthrop, Miss M. J. Bristol, Miss Rebecca Rosenburg and Miss Helen O'Reilly, all of Rochester, acted as judges.

The twenty-six colonies of the school were divided into four groups for the base ball season: Haneayah, Gadageh, Swenoga, Nundao, Irondequoit and Ganeasos constituted the primary league. Onundaga, Wyoming, Ohadi, Iroquois, Genesee and Ontario

formed the intermediate league, Ahwaga, Algonquin, Seneca, Ohagi, Oageh, Oatka and Tanawunda made up the agricultural league, while the industrial league was composed of Ganono, Gaskosaga, Neahga, Otesaga, Oneida, Tayoga and Tuegega. For each of these leagues a schedule of games was prepared, beginning with the first Saturday in May and closing with the last Saturday of August. Pennants were offered to the winning team of each league and Manager William Bausch donated a silk pennant to the winner of the sweepstakes games which were held on Labor Day. These games aroused great interest and held the attention of the boys all through the season, each Saturday afternoon being set apart for the purpose. Ganeasos won the Primary League pennant, with a total record of 100 per cent. Ohadi won the Intermediate League pennant, Ahwaga the Agricultural and Tuegega the Industrial. In the sweepstakes events, Ohadi won in the game with Ganeasos, and Ahwaga in the game with Tuegega. In the final between Ahwaga and Ohadi the Ahwaga nine were victorious and the sweepstakes pennant adorns the walls of the boys' sitting room of that cottage. At the time of the agricultural fair which was held in September, a splendidly played game of ball between Ahwaga and Seneca, the agricultural league team standing next to Ahwaga, was witnessed by the entire school and a large number of visitors and added greatly to the enjoyment of the afternoon.

The second annual exhibition of the results of the boys' labors in all lines was held on the last Friday and Saturday of September. The large basement of the assembly hall afforded fine opportunity for the display of field, garden and orchard products, together with exhibits in domestic economy, manufactured articles and Indian relics, collections of drawings and toy work. Coops for poultry, pens for live stock, were located on the grounds in front of chapels and assembly hall. The afternoons of two days were given up to the fair this year. Friday afternoon judges and invited guests were present, and Saturday the fair was open to all comers. As will be seen from the special fair appendix, a large number of exhibits of all kinds were made. For the best horses and colts raised on the premises Dr. J. F. McAmmond, of Scottsville, offered a trophy of the value of $10. Manager Dr. Frederick R. Smith offered an annual subscription to the Youth's

Companion to the colony making the best general exhibit at the fair. Onundaga secured the first of these prizes and also the second. Rev. M. J. Krieg, Catholic chaplain, Miss Helen M. Shattuck, Superintendent of Schools, Miss Eleanor E. Miller and others also offered prizes.

The plan of the previous year of assigning to each colony the duty of giving an entertainment in the assembly hall on Saturday afternoon for the benefit of the entire school has been continued. The beautiful and commodious assembly hall was opened for the first of these entertainments on New Year's Day by the Onundaga boys. The change from the basement of the Protestant chapel, where assemblies had formerly been held, to the light, spacious assembly hall with its ample stage room and opportunity for the use of cenery was grateful in the extreme. These entertainments proved to be enjoyable and helpful.

A farmers' institute, under the direction of the New York State Department of Agriculture, was held on the sixth day of February. The instructors were John Jeannin, Jr., of West Sand Lake, who spoke on the Care of Poultry and on the Importance of Good Seed, and Professor O. M. Taylor, of the State Experiment Station at Geneva, who spoke on Growing of Small Fruits and on the Why and How of Spraying.

On the twentieth of February a local poultry institute, conducted by the boys of the school, was held. A paper had been prepared by the boy of each colony who had charge of the poultry. In this paper he described in detail first how he cared for the poultry, what he fed and the results in egg production. Inasmuch as nineteen different boys participated, the institute aroused a great deal of interest and produced the desired result, namely a very substantial increase in egg production. On the twenty-seventh of March a local dairy institute was held at which the care of the dairy, the quantity and kinds of feed and results in milk produced, were read, each farm colony being represented by one paper.

On the tenth of April Mr. T. E. Martin, a well known expert in potato culture, gave the boys an hour's talk on that subject.

Christmas was celebrated with religious services in the morning and an entertainment by Otesaga boys in the afternoon. Lincoln's Birthday, Washington's Birthday, Decoration Day and the Fourth of July were suitably observed with appropriate exercises.

A Prize Pen of Shropshires, from Oatka Colony.

The Rev. J. W. A. Stewart, D.D., Dean of the Rochester Theological Seminary, gave the address at the Lincoln Birthday exercises.

Hon. C. E. Ogden addressed the boys on Washington's Birthday and again on the Fourth of July. The Rt. Rev. T. F. Hickey, Bishop of Rochester, gave the Decoration Day address.

The boys of each of the different farm colonies were invited in turn to spend an evening at the superintendent's house during fall and winter. The supervisor, matron, the teacher, the teacher of vocal music and the superintendent of schools were present in each case. Refreshments were served, and puzzles, music by the phonograph and singing by the boys caused the time to pass very quickly. Social parties were also held at different colonies, the boys acting as hosts and entertaining their guests. Picnics in most cases marked the termination of the school year. All these occasions were greatly enjoyed by the boys and have had their share in the general uplift which has taken place.

The work of the common schools during the past year has continued to be of great benefit to the boys and of assistance in the management of the school. The teachers, as in years past, have been devoted to the interests of the boys under their care and have exerted a potent influence for good in the character building of the boys.

The year has brought with it several changes in the official force of the school, Rev. Arthur Humphreys retiring in May and Dr. D. L. Vanderzee, resident physician, at the close of the fiscal year. Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Travis, supervisor and matron of Oneida, retired on the first of March.

The chaplains have been unceasing in their efforts to develop the moral and religious life of the boys under their care and have been unswerving in their loyalty to the welfare of their charges.

In closing I wish to express my appreciation of the faithful and earnest work of the officers and to tender to the board of managers my grateful acknowledgement of their unswerving loyalty and helpfulness during the year that has just closed.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANKLIN H. BRIGGS,

Superintendent.

REPORT OF BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

To the Superintendent:

Dear Sir.— I submit herewith my report of the business department for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909:

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

Receipts.

Cash on hand October 1, 1908	$41 77	
Maintenance appropriation	155,000 00	
Miscellaneous receipts	1,330 27	
		$156,372 04

Expenditures.

Salaries of officers and employees	$87,711 63	
Expenses of managers, etc	1,409 23	
Provisions:		
Breadstuffs	$8,899 11	
Butter	2,470 04	
Cheese	376 00	
Coffee	743 70	
Eggs	292 49	
Meats and fish	5,023 63	
Sugar, syrup, etc.	1,686 58	
Tea	149 98	
Vegetables and fruits	761 88	
Miscellaneous	722 73	
	21,126 14	
Household stores:		
Articles expendable	$1,392 81	
Bedding	484 52	
Crockery, glassware, etc	181 14	
Furniture and furnishings	1,452 91	
Household and kitchen utensils	553 35	
Miscellaneous	74 44	
	4,139 17	
Clothing:		
Apparel, manufactured	$5,694 10	
Findings	393 83	
Manufacture of clothing	4,380 08	
Miscellaneous	334 02	
	10,802 03	

Fuel and Light:			
Anthracite coal	$11,710 12		
Bituminous coal	1,022 01		
Gasoline	575 82		
Illuminating oil	1,080 72		
		$14,388 67	
Hospital and Medical:			
Medicines	$243 18		
Instruments	19 00		
Supplies	269 47		
Dental	62 77		
Optical	53 60		
		648 02	
Shop, Farm and Garden:			
Farm food	$2,369 56		
Farm and garden seed	535 76		
Farm implements	1,221 83		
Farm stock	936 54		
Blacksmith shop	317 86		
Bakery	19 16		
Boiler room	595 70		
Carpenter shop	39 96		
Electrical construction	511 72		
Laundry	52 25		
Machine shop	11 42		
Mason shop	3 53		
Painting shop	106 65		
Pattern shop	1 87		
Printing shop	91 47		
Steam and gasfitting shop	361 77		
Tailor shop	56 85		
		7,233 90	
Ordinary repairs		1,147 03	
Transportation of inmates		1,692 29	
Miscellaneous:			
Amusements	$397 14		
Educational	389 91		
Stationery	600 49		
Postage	430 60		
General items	2,917 22		
		4,735 36	
Miscellaneous receipts remitted to State Treasurer		1,330 27	
			$156,363 74
Balance on hand September 30, 1909			8 30
			$156,372 04

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

Total receipts	$106,626 42

Expenditures.

Chapter 374, Laws of 1906, and Chapter 466, Laws of 1909.

(QQ)	Completing sixteen cottages and barns..	$240 71
(SS)	Water supply	45 98
(TT)	Sewage disposal	914 56
(WW)	Moving organ	210 00
(YY)	Roads	200 00

Chapter 571, Laws of 1907, and Chapter 433, Laws of 1909.

(A)	Three cottages	19,064 75
(C)	Furnishings	1,491 12
(D)	Assembly hall	10,000 00
(G)	Slaughter house	2,991 00
(H)	Cold storage building	9,960 50
(I)	Creamery building	3,000 00
(J)	Shed for tools	2,618 57
(K)	Grist mill	3,488 12
(L)	Removal of plumbing fixtures	32 75
(M)	Water supply	984 50
(N)	Trade school and laundry equipment.....	2,929 41

Chapter 469, Laws of 1908.

(AA)	Four cottages for inmates.....	25,166 25
(BB)	Industrial building	16 00
(CC)	Five cottages for employees	18 80
(EE)	Three cottages, etc.....	7,982 42
(FF)	Improving buildings, Clapp property.....	753 40
(GG)	Pavilion for contagious diseases	5 40
(HH)	Furnishings	4,498 65
(II)	School, library books, cabinets, etc.....	877 41
(JJ)	Material for cement walks.....	281 75
(KK)	Extending telephone system	39 03
(LL)	Drain tile	956 79
(MM)	Completing chapels and buildings.....	4,062 61
(NN)	Repairs, equipment, etc.....	436 24

Chapter 466, Laws of 1908.

(OO)	Salary of custodian	750 00

Chapter 461, Laws of 1909.

(E)	Equipment cold storage and creamery building	569 60
(F)	Furnishings	142 49
(G)	Repairs and equipment	1,647 61

Chapter 433, Laws of 1909.

(H)	Salary of custodian	250 00
		$106,626 42

Home Products.

Garden Produce.

Apples, bushels	1,008½
Beans, dried, bushels	236½
Beans, Lima, bushels	½
Beans, string, bushels	75¼
Beets, winter, bushels	441⅜
Beets, young, bunches	1,429
Blackberries, quarts	264
Cabbage, heads	16,496
Carrots, bushels	1,198⅝
Cauliflower, heads	130
Celery, bunches	2,188
Chard, Swiss, bushels	79½
Cherries, quarts	401½
Citron, number	24
Corn, green, dozen ears	3,076½
Cucumbers, number	7,506
Currants, quarts	330½
Eggplant, number	84
Gooseberries, quarts	85
Grapes, pounds	349
Greens, beet, bushels	4
Lettuce heads	5,241
Muskmelons, number	3,866
Onions, dried, bushels	320½
Onions, green, bunches	2,782
Parsley, bushels	1½
Parsnips, bushels	127¾
Peaches, bushels	123¾
Pears, bushels	4¼
Peas, green, bushels	99½
Peppers, green, number	497
Pieplant, bunches	376
Plums, bushels	15½
Popcorn, bushels	10
Potatoes, bushels	4,617½
Prunes, bushels	4¾
Pumpkins, number	1,067
Quinces, bushels	1¾
Radishes, bunches	1,674
Raspberries, black, quarts	370
Raspberries, red, quarts	480
Salsify, bushels	34¾
Spinach, bushels	22½
Squash, Hubbard, pounds	2,107
Squash, summer, number	972
Strawberries, quarts	1,047
Tomatoes, green, bushels	67

Tomatoes, ripe, bushels	300¼
Turnips, bushels	409⅞
Vinegar, gallons	29
Watermelons, number	1,480

Farm Produce.

Beef, pounds	13,516
Beets, mangled wurtzel, tons	50.475
Butter, pounds	1,598
Corn, on ear, bushels	6,005
Duck, pounds	37
Eggs, dozens	8,112 1-12
Ensilage, tons	237.575
Fodder, corn, tons	23½
Fowl, pounds	1,798½
Geese, pounds	195
Hay, alfalfa, tons	12.95
Hay, clover, tons	148.197
Hay, timothy, tons	185.71
Hides, number	88
Milk, quarts	226,283
Oats, bushels	2,951¾
Peas, on vine, tons	23.4
Pork, pounds	26,831
Rye, bushels	420¾
Stalks, corn, tons	129.62
Straw, tons	117.958
Turkey, pounds	189¾
Veal, pounds	5,807
Wheat, bushels	1,523 8-10
Wool, pounds	66

Clothing, Etc., Manufactured in Tailor Shop.

Aprons, number	95
Bags, laundry, number	42
Caps, gray, number	40
Caps, khaki, number	7
Cases, pillow, number	482
Coats, denim, number	2
Coats, gray, number	154
Coats, khaki, number	71
Coats, pajama, number	7
Coats, waiters', number	2
Curtain, drop, number	1
Gowns, operating, number	6
Overalls, pairs	734
Overcoats, number	2
Pants, gray, long, pairs	549
Pants, khaki, pairs	621
Pants, pajama, pairs	8

Pants, parole, pairs	9
Pants, waiters', pairs	2
Sheets, bed, number	860
Shirts, day, number	1,178
Shirts, night, number	380
Suits, parole, number	261
Towels, number	10
Vests, parole, number	4

Respectfully submitted,

DAVID BRUCE,

Steward.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

To the Superintendent:

I herewith submit a report of the common schools for the year ending September 30, 1909.

At the beginning of the year schools were opened in 23 colonies and in the receiving ward for new boys at the hospital. On that date there were registered 582. During the year 447 entered, 387 were discharged, leaving a registration September 30, 1909, of 642, an increase of 60 over that of the previous year.

Of the 447 entering, 29 could neither read nor write.

In the first grade were	27
In the second grade	52
In the third grade	91
In the fourth grade	88
In the fifth grade	70
In the sixth grade	50
In the seventh grade	35
In the eighth grade	4
Had entered high school	1

The year began with only one new member on the teaching force, but December first a change was made in drawing, while the opening of Neahga, Gaskosaga and Tanawunda cottages early in March made necessary a complete change of schedule, a partial shifting of teachers and the addition of one to the force. Again in April the resignation of Miss Pritchett made necessary the establishment of a new teacher at Swenoga and Ahwaga and completes the list of a rather more than usual number of changes during the year.

Miss Pritchett had been with us for ten years, had proven herself a capable teacher, greatly interested in her boys and her work, a most loyal friend, carrying with her the best wishes of her associates.

The following text books have again been used for our work: Stepping Stones and Lights to Literature, Dr. Smith's Arith-

A Proud Young Exhibitor, From Nundao Colony.

metic, Dodge Geography, Arnold's Mother Tongue, while a limited number of Montgomery's History, Wentworth's Algebra, Fry's Geography, Boynton's Civics and Blaisdell's Physiology have been purchased for the use of the more advanced boys. In every subject much supplemental work has been prepared by the teacher, no text book being adequate, also the usual talks on current topics, nature study, hygiene, etc., have been given as time permitted and the interest of the boys made them profitable.

The entertainments of the previous year were thought to have been of such value to those taking part and of such interest to the boys in general as to warrant their again being made a feature of the year's work. They began early in the fall, were carefully selected and prepared, showing a great amount of hard work on the part of teacher, matron, supervisor and boys and brought to the latter a pleasant afternoon each week.

Library books were again loaned us by the State Library at Albany, were distributed among the various colonies, were read and enjoyed by a large number of boys.

The special appropriation for equipment furnished us with blackboards, maps, globes, dictionaries and text books, all much needed and adding greatly to the efficiency of the schools.

During the year the boys have made steady advancement, have gained in ability to do independent work, in power of expression, both oral and written, and in the neatness and exactness of their written work.

In my visits to the various classrooms I have found them interested in their work, thoughtful for me, the teacher, and each other, helpful to the backward boys, cheerfully and quietly going about their tasks.

The features of our work that especially commend themselves to a thoughtful observer are the close correlation of home and school life, the individual instruction and the personal contact of the teacher which comes through such instruction. The first, with its accompanying co-operation of teacher, matron, supervisor and boys, is of the greatest mutual help and emphatically for the best good of the boy. Many of the boys now here would never have come had there been a better understanding between parent and teacher, a closer alliance between the home and the school.

The second, individual instruction, has found favor for some years among many of the best educators, but it has been slow to make its way against the graded school system. For us it seems altogether the better way.

Our boys come to us from all over the State, from city schools, from rural schools and from no school at all except the street. Their previous training at home or in school has been in no two cases the same. The majority have had little interest in school, have been very irregular in attendance and the little advancement they have made has not been uniform. Again, they will be in school only a short time and then must go out to earn their living. There is no time to be lost, short cuts must be taken, and the most urgent needs of each boy carefully considered. Stock must be taken of the knowledge he already possesses, of the training or lack of training he has previously had; he must be helped to acquire such further knowledge as he most needs, must be taught how to study, an interest must be aroused that will be lasting by example and encouragement, the good qualities he possesses must be strengthened, he must be helped to forget the evil thoughts and habits of the past.

It requires much patience, perserverance, judgment and above all sympathy for the work; not so much the method as the personal character of the teacher counts. It is her opportunity to come into close touch with each boy and to exercise a lasting influence for good. He may and will forget many things learned in the classroom, but not the people who have helped him to "think exactly and act rightly."

That is what the teachers have endeavored to do during the past year. They have given unsparingly of their time and strength to this work, sympathy and encouragement to the boys and to me intelligent and helpful co-operation.

Respectfully submitted,

HELEN M. SHATTUCK,
Superintendent of Schools.

REPORT DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SANITATION.

To the Superintendent:

Report of the department of health and sanitation for the year ending September 30, 1909, is herewith submitted:

Daily average number in school	605.5
Total number examined for admission to school	345
Total number in hospital October 1, 1908	7
Total number treated in hospital	304
Total number in hospital September 30, 1909	7
Daily average in hospital	9.3
Number treated from colonies	2,110

Owing in great part to good sanitation, proper exercise and open air, the health of the boys has been uniformly good throughout the year.

Of the exanthemata the school was unusually free almost to the close of the year, when two cases of chickenpox and five cases of measles developed. On looking into the source of the latter, we found that the first case to develop it came from a small epidemic in his home town, Bloomingdale, N. Y., and that his three brothers were affected with the disease at the same time he had it.

By means of an early diagnosis due to kopliks spots on the mucous membrane of the mouth, early isolation and treatment. this disease has been checked to a great extent, only two cases being in the hospital at the close of the year.

Below is a list of causes for admission to the hospital:

Abscesses — Alveolar:	
Axilla	1
Face	1
Neck	2
Sublingual	1
Autointoxication	15
Bronchitis	3
Bullet wound of foot	1

Burns:	
Arm	1
Face	1
Bursitis, sub-acute	1
Circumcisions	6
Contusions:	
Face	1
Head	1
Leg	6
Corneal laceration	1
Dermatitis	1
Dermatitis from rhus poisoning	6
Diarrhœa	1
Dislocation toe joint, right foot	1
Eczema corporis	1
Eneuresis	1
Fractures:	
First phalanx, first toe, left foot	1
Potts'	1
Femur	1
Radius	1
Furuncles	5
Gastro-enteritis	2
Heart disease, valvular	1
Hematoma, scalp	1
Herpes, zoster	1
Hernia, inguinal	1
Influenza	9
Iritis	1
Laryngitis	2
Malaria	1
Melancholia	1
Neuralgia, facial	1
Neuritis	1
Observation	1
Operations:	
Adenoids	63
Appendicitis	1
Appendicitis, with abscess	1

Convergent strabismus	1
Otitis media, chronic	1
Phimosis	2
Repair of saddle nose, paraffin injection	1
Septal deviation	2
Tonsillectomies	45
Pharyngitis	1
Pleuritis, acute	2
Pneumonia. lobar, acute	3
Quinsy	3
Rheumatism, acute articular	3
Scabies	13
Specific urethritis	4
Sprained ankle	2
Tape worm	1
Tonsilitis	14
Trachoma	9
Trychophytosis	1
Tuberculosis	1
Turbinate hypertrophy	1
Ulcers:	
Cornea	1
Face	1
Foot	1
Vaccinations	5
Wounds:	
Breast lacerated	1
Eyelid punctured	1
Finger lacerated	1
Finger incised	1
Hand infected	1
Hand lacerated	1
Hand infected	1
Leg lacerated	1
Lip	1

Attention is especially called to the unusually large number of adenectomies and tonsillectomies performed during the past year, it being the general opinion that in benefits enjoyed

there is no more satisfactory operation than the removal of the abnormal growths which, by restricting the proper air supply, retard growth, cause discouragement and discontent and provide fit soil for the propagation of disease and crime.

Our mortality list contains three names. Bert Freer, pulmonary tuberculosis; Frank Faulkner, double pneumonia; George Whitmore, anesthesia narcosis. Following counsel were employed: Dr. W. B. Jones, of Rochester, and Dr. A. G. O'Dell, of Henrietta.

Owing to several changes in the staff of this department during the past year this review is not as comprehensive or complete as if written by the man having this work in charge, but anything not covered by this account will be cheerfully investigated and reported on request.

Our aim is to look especially into the sanitation, early diagnosis and isolation of communicable disease, and with the present well-equipped hospital, and soon to be completed infectious pavilion, we look forward to bright prospects in this direction.

Respectfully submitted,

FREDERICK L. WRIGHT, M.D.,
Chief of Department.

REPORT OF PROTESTANT CHAPLAIN.

To the Superintendent:

The following report covers the time from May twentieth until October first, which is the length of time I have been connected with the school:

Number of sermons and addresses delivered	26
Number of visits to the hospital	37
Number of visits to cottages	35
Books and magazines distributed	250
Number of Protestant boys admitted during year	185

The attendance at the Sunday service has increased in proportion to the increased numbers in the schools. On June thirteenth it was 298 and on August twenty-second it was 321. This is the largest number of boys attending any Protestant service in school. Since this last date there has been a slight decrease in these numbers on account of sickness. To the above may be added a large number of the officers and teachers of the school, whose regular attendance adds to the dignity of the chapel services. At this point should be noted the helpfulness and attention which the boys give to all parts of the Sunday services.

The completion of the improvements of the chapel, which are largely the work of some of the supervisors and boys, has caused a general expression of pleasure among those who attend the Protestant chapel.

In the hospital I have had an opportunity for many intimate talks with boys. From these and other conversations I gather that a large number of the boys go out from the school with a new moral purpose in life.

Three Protestant boys have died: Frank Faulkner and Bert Freer, for whom we held memorial services in the assembly hall, and George Whitmore, whose funeral I attended in Rochester. Our sympathy is extended to the relatives of these boys who have thus suffered bereavement.

In the visits to the cottages no cottage has been omitted. These visits have usually included games or singing or talks on the habits of some wild animals, and stories, followed by a talk on some moral topic, such as self-respect, self-control, helpfulness and similar subjects.

In most cases I have gone as a stranger unannounced to visit the cottages for the first time. I wish, therefore, to take the opportunity to commend the warm-hearted hospitality and the unfailing kindness of the supervisors, matrons and the boys on all these occasions. These calls at the cottages require an entire evening. The number of calls, therefore, which possibly could be made is limited.

All the work with the boys is made pleasant by the interest which they show in anything which is done for them. It may be of value to note here that one of the most interesting topics to the boys is religion.

Very respectfully submitted,

A. M. STEWART,
Acting Protestant Chaplain.

REPORT OF CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN.

To the Superintendent:

I herewith submit the report of the Catholic chaplain and parole agent for the year ending September 30, 1909.

During the past year much the same method has been pursued in caring for the spiritual education of the boys as has been carried on in former years. It is true, strange boys are continually coming to us and frequently new problems arise as the result, but sooner or later these newcomers learn to appreciate the surroundings and benefits which perhaps they have never before enjoyed and become amenable to rule and take pleasure in performing their part of the work of their own reform, without which co-operation perhaps little could be accomplished.

Conditions at the school at the beginning of the year, owing to the uncompleted chapel building, necessitated a great amount of inconvenience in the performance of religious duties. All this has now been improved since the chapel is practically finished. In addition to the usual Sunday morning service, a vesper service has been added during the year. This gave another opportunity to inculcate doctrines conducive to the moral and spiritual uplift of the boys, stimulating them to efforts of an enobling character. Besides this, many visits to boys in their respective cottages and many personal interviews have been a source of encouragement, showing markedly in a gradual improvement in their conduct and general behavior.

A new altar has been erected in the chapel and the untiring efforts of the matrons and friends of the boys in making the chapel attractive for them have been with the one aim to bring the boys to see and appreciate more fully that life has something in store for them and to encourage and stimulate them to greater efforts in their own behalf.

During the year 191 Catholic boys have been received on new commitments, twenty-seven were returned for violation of parole. Of the boys in the school on October 1, 1908, 172 have been

paroled, three discharged by court order and two transferred to other institutions. A total of 390 Catholic boys were in the school at one time or another during the year.

The same method pursued in former years in placing paroled boys has been continued during the past year. As far as possible these boys have been sent to parents and relatives, where such a course was deemed wise. When proper references concerning these relatives and the condition of the home could not be obtained, or where it was considered inadvisable to send the boys to their former homes, owing to detrimental influences, they were sent elsewhere to live with responsible persons.

As a rule, these boys who have been paroled have been doing exceptionally well and results are most promising. 'Tis true we could not hope that all would do their best, some fell into their old bad ways or were led into misconduct or crime which necessitated their return. This was done in order to inculcate more clearly the lesson they either forgot or did not learn sufficiently well.

The boys thus paroled were compelled, as in former years, to return reports at stated intervals. These reports touched on their employment and home life. Many a one must thank him for their This was one way of keeping in touch with them. Again Mr. Martin McDonough of Buffalo has done yoeman service for the boys in that city. Owing to his untiring efforts many boys were prevented from falling again into evil ways. They reported to him regularly and he kept himself informed as to their conduct, employment, conduct, attention to religious duties, home, etc. standing in the community, for he has by the good work that he has performed so cheerfully been able to keep many a one from straying from the straight path. Frequently when boys were out of work he has, by his influence, been able to obtain employment elsewhere or better the financial conditions of his charges. The State, it is true, owes him much for the gratuitous service which he has rendered in striving to make better Christians and consequently better citizens of the boys under his charge.

Personally, I have weekly had the use of an office in the city of Rochester where the boys who have been paroled to that city reported at stated intervals. Here, casting aside all formality,

boys have come to visit and tell of their home environment, their work and their companions and the difficulties with which they have to contend, and truly it has been a great source of satisfaction and encouragement to note how eagerly they have tried to improve and to please. To deal faithfully with them, to better cultivate their acquaintance and confidence, to arouse ambition and instill habits of industry and obedience has not always been an easy task. It has required a great amount of patience and personal sacrifice, but results have proven that the work has not been in vain.

In the city of Syracuse a similar effort has been made, but necessarily the visits have not been so frequent. Often boys have looked forward to this visit and have asked and written to know when the next opportunity would present itself for such a meeting. This interest shown by the boys has been the cause of renewed effort in their behalf.

Respectfully submitted,

M. J. KRIEG,

Catholic Chaplain.

REPORT OF THE PAROLE AGENT.

To the Superintendent:

I herewith submit report of the Protestant parole agent for the year ending September 30, 1909.

The reports show that a large majority of the boys are doing well. While we hoped that all would, it could hardly be expected. During the year there have been ten boys taken from their homes on account of not doing well, and have been placed with employers. Twenty-six boys have been changed from one employer to another. In some of these cases it has been because the employer and boy could not agree, in other cases to better the condition of the boy financially.

During the year fifteen from the ranks of the paroled boys have joined the United States navy, three have joined the United States marine corps and one the United States army.

Number paroled to their own homes or relatives		158
To employers		42
		200
To their own homes and doing well	141	
To their own homes and returned for violation of parole	10	
To their own homes out of State and not doing well	2	
To their own homes, left home and not located	2	
To own home and in trouble	1	
To own home and died	2	
		158
To employer and doing well	34	
To employer and returned for violation of parole	2	
To employer, ran away and not located	5	
To employer and returned, not desirable	1	
		42
		200

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. HANVEY,

Protestant Parole Agent.

REPORT OF THE OCULIST.

To the Superintendent:

The following is a summary of the work done in my department during the year ending September 30, 1909:

Number of boys examined	487
Number having normal vision	347
Number having defective vision in one eye	32
Number having defective vision in both eyes	108
Number requiring glasses	25

The following abnormal conditions and diseases were found and treated:

Convergent strabismus	9
Loss of eyeball	1
Detachment of retina	1
Phlyctenular kerato-conjunctivitis	1
Irido-cyclitis	1
Phlyctenular conjunctivitis	2
Simple conjunctivitis	9
Purulent conjunctivitis	3
Follicular conjunctivitis	6
Leucoma	5
Ulcer of cornea	2
Hordeolum	3
Blepharitis marginalis	7
Trachoma	4
Infected wound of lids	2

Respectfully submitted,

N. D. McDOWELL,
Optical Surgeon.

REPORT OF THE DENTIST.

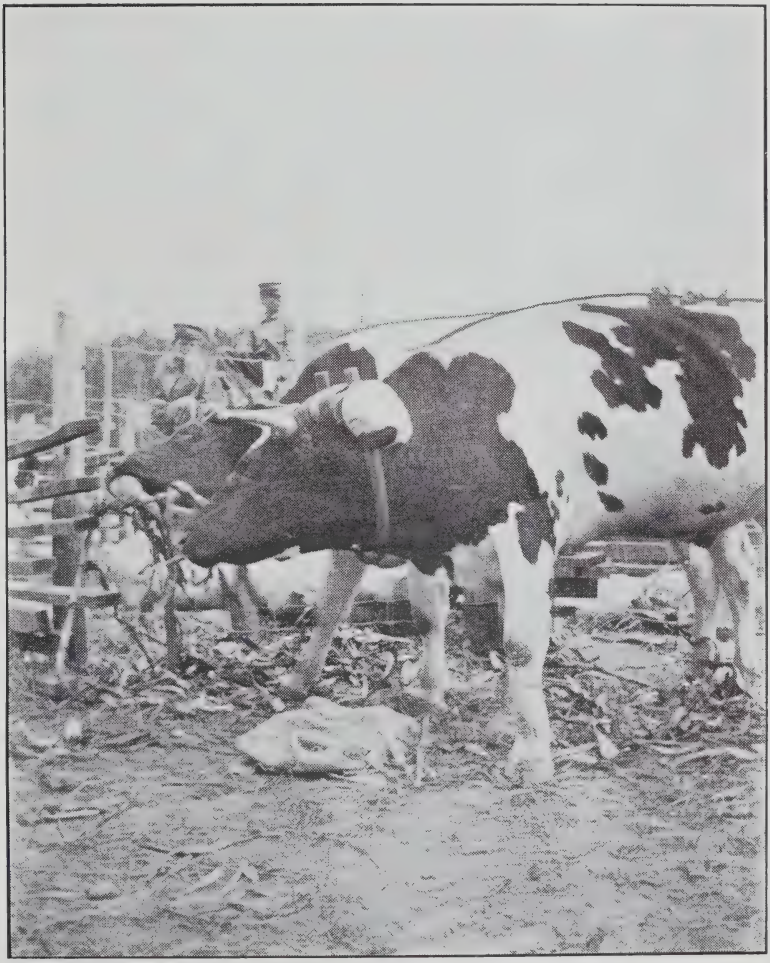
To the Superintendent:

I herewith submit the following report of dental operations performed during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909:

Teeth filled	1,035
Teeth cleaned	189
Tartar removed	112
Teeth extracted	528
Roots treated	21
Gums treated	32
Roots filled	41
Examinations	76

Respectfully submitted,

A. C. SHADDOCK, D. D. S.



Yoke of Oxen Taking First Prize at Fair, from Ohagi Colony.

SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION

OF

FARM, GARDEN AND ORCHARD PRODUCTS,
LIVE STOCK, POULTRY,

AND

MANUFACTURED ARTICLES,

HELD ON THE

SCHOOL GROUNDS,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24-25, 1909.

The following invitation was sent to friends of the school:

The Board of Managers
of the
State Agricultural and Industrial School
invite you to visit the
second annual exhibition of farm, garden and orchard products,
live stock, poultry and manufactured articles,
which will be held on the
School grounds at Industry, N. Y.,
on Friday and Saturday,
Sept. 24–25, 1909.

LIST OF EXHIBITS.

I. STOCK.

Horses.

Three-horse team in harness,
Work team harnessed to wagon,
Team of colts, three years old,
Draft horse, single,
Brood mare and colt,
Colt, four years old,
Colt, three years old,
Colt, two years old,
Colt, one year old,
Colt, spring, over three months old,
Colt, summer, three months old, or younger,
Stallion, two years old, or over,
Stallion, under two years old,
Largest exhibit of colts raised on a single colony farm.

Cattle.

Bull, two years old, or over,
Bull, one year old,
Bull calf, fall,
Bull calf, spring,
Cow, milch, four years old, or over,
Cow, milch, three years old,
Cow, milch, with calf at side,
Heifer, two years old,
Heifer, one year old,
Heifer calf, fall,
Heifer calf, spring,
Herd of calves,
Exhibitor's herd,
Steer, one year old,
Steer calf,
Yoke of oxen, three years old,
Yoke of oxen, two years old,
Yoke of oxen, one year old,
Ox teams shown in yoke.

Sheep.

Thoroughbred Shropshires.

Ram, one year old,
Ram lamb,
Ewes, three years old or over,
Ewes, two years old,
Ewes, one year old,
Ewe lambs,
Exhibitor's flock.

Swine.

Large Improved English Yorkshire.

Boar, one year or over,
Boar pig under one year old,
Brood sow, one year old, or over,
Brood sow, under one year old,
Brood sow with litter by side.
Shoat,
Pen of shoats,
Pen of fat swine.

II. POULTRY.

Barred Plymouth Rock, pen,
Barred Plymouth Rock chicks,
White Plymouth Rock, pen,
White Plymouth Rock, chicks,
Single comb Brown Leghorn, pen,
Single comb Brown Leghorn chicks,

Black Minorca, pen,
Black Minorca chicks,
Buff Rock, pen,
Buff Rock chicks,
Rhode Island Red, pen,
Rhode Island Red chicks,
Single comb White Leghorn, pen,
Single comb White Leghorn chicks,
White Wyandotte, pen,
White Wyandotte chicks,
Rose comb White Wyandotte, pen,
Rose comb White Wyandotte chicks,
Bantam, pen,
Bantam chicks.

PEKIN DUCKS.

Ducks, pen,
Ducklings, pen,
Flock of ducks,

TOULOUSE GEESE.

Geese, pen,
Goslings, pen,
Flock of geese.

TURKEYS.

White, pen,
Bronze, pen,
Brown, pen.

PIGEONS.

Best display of pigeons.

GUINEA FOWLS.

Guinea fowls, pen,

EGGS.

Dozen hen's eggs, White,
Dozen hen's eggs, Brown,
Dozen largest hen's eggs,
Dozen pullet eggs.

III. GRAINS.

CORN.

Six tallest stalks of corn,
Twelve ears State corn,
Twelve stalks with ears, State corn showing largest yield,
Twelve ears Leaming corn,
Twelve stalks with ears, Leaming corn showing largest yield,
Twelve ears White Flint,
Twelve stalks with ears, White Flint showing largest yield,
Best general corn exhibit,
Twelve ears Evergreen corn,
Twelve ears Crosby's Cub Corry,
Twelve ears Yellow Bantam,
Twelve ears white pop corn,
Twelve ears Tom Thumb pop corn,
Twelve ears Red Dent pop corn,
Twelve ears Rice pop corn.

MISCELLANEOUS GRAINS.

Largest head sunflower,
One quart wheat,
One quart oats,
One quart rye,
One quart pea beans,
One quart Lima beans,
One quart butter or golden beans,
One quart German wax beans,
One quart Henderson's bush,
One quart white kidney,
One quart yellow-eyed,
One quart each unknown varieties,
One quart Henderson's peas,
One quart American Wonder,

One quart Abundance,
One quart Canada Field,
One quart timothy seed,
One quart clover seed,
Sorghum,
Sugar cane,
Alfalfa, five-pound bundle,
Any other exhibit brought in will be considered.

IV. VEGETABLES.

Potatoes.

Six Early Harvest potatoes,
Six Green Mountain,
Six Early Ohio,
Six Sir Walter Raleigh.

Other Vegetables.

Three beets, mangel wurzel,
Three beets, table,
Three turnips, strap leaf purple top,
Three turnips, Improved L. I.
Three turnips, rutabaga,
Three carrots, long orange,
Three carrots, yellow Danvers,
Two heads of cabbage, short stem,
Two heads of cabbage, early Jersey Wakefield,
Two heads of cabbage, Danish bald-head,
Two heads of cabbage, Autumn King,
Largest cabbage,
Two pumpkins, cheese,
Two pumpkins, sweet,
Best mammoth pumpkin,
Two squash, Hubbard,
Two squash, crookneck,
Best mammoth squash,
Three tomatoes, early,
Three tomatoes, late.
Three tomatoes, dwarf champion,
Three tomatose, husk,
Three burpees, new dwarf giant,
Six peppers, red Ruby King,
Six peppers, green Ruby King,
Six peppers, red Chinese Bell,
Six peppers, green Chinese Bell,
Two egg plants,
Largest egg plant,
Six cucumbers, long green,
Six cucumbers, white spine,
Two heads cauliflower, early snow-ball,
Two muskmelons,
Two watermelons,
Two citrons,
Six onions, yellow globe,
Six onions, prizetakers,
Six heads parsley, double moss curled,
Six parsnips, hollow crown,
Six radishes,
Six vegetable oysters,
Six roots spinach,
Three heads lettuce, Big Boston,
Three heads Swiss chard,
Six stalks rhubarb,
One plate peanuts,
Six heads celery,
Six vegetable oranges,
Six vegetable lemons,
Any other exhibit will be considered.

V. HOME CURED MEATS.

Pork,
Ham,
Sausage,
Bacon,
Dried beef.

VI. PETS.

Best pair rabbits,
Largest exhibit of squirrels,
Best squirrel,
Best cage of chipmunks,
Pioneer cat,
Largest cat,

Handsomest cat,
Family of cats,
Cat and litter of kittens,
Orphan kittens, spoon fed,
Guinea pigs,
Best canary bird,
Best dog, any breed,
Any other pets will be considered.

VII. FRUIT.

Apples.

a. Best collection of six varieties fall apples, three of each.
b. Best collection of six varieties winter apples, three of each.
c. Best plate of apples, single variety. Plates to contain not less than five specimens of each.

Baldwin,
Blue Pearmain,
Canada Red,
Crab,
Fallawater,
Fall Sweet,
Gideon Sweet,
Gilpin,
Greenbill,
Greening, Rhode Island,
King,
Maiden Blush,
Ox Hearts,
Pippin, Rib,
Pippin, York,
Gilliflower,
Pippin, Fall,
Pippin, Newtowns,
Pippin, Holland,
Pumpkin, Sweet,
Russet, Fall,
Russet, Winter,
Rambo,
Snow,
Sharp,
Spitzenberg,
Spy,
Swaar,
Tolman Sweet,
Twenty Ounce,
Wagner,
Water C.

Pears.

Best plate of pears, single variety. Plates to contain not less than six specimens of each variety.

Bartlett,
Duchess,
Seckel,
Any other variety.

Plums.

Best display any variety.

Peaches.

Best plate of peaches. Plate to contain not less than six specimens of each variety.

Crawford, early,
Crawford, late,
Alberta,
Other varieties as offered.

Grapes.

a. Best of different varieties.
Catawba,
Concord,
b. Best plate of single variety.
Niagara,
Other varieties.

Quinces.

Best plate of quinces any variety.

VIII. INDUSTRIAL ARTS.

Masonry.

Cement blocks.

Cement walks in front of chapel and Assembly hall.

Tailoring.

Khaki uniforms,
Cadet gray uniforms,
Citizens' suits,

Shirts,
Caps.

Blacksmithing.

Neck yokes,
Clevis,
Hook clevis,
Ice tongs,

Chain hooks,
Stove hooks,
Bits.

Bakery.

Bread,

Rolls.

Creamery.

Butter.

Laundering.

Samples of laundry work.

Printing.

Samples of printing, binding, etc.

Carpentry.

Chapel ceiling,
Floor planing.

Painting.

Decorations in chapel,
Painting of cottages and barns,
Glazing.

IX. DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Canned Fruits.

a. Collection of canned fruits, one specimen of each variety.
b. Single sample.

Tomatoes,
Blackberries,
Black raspberries,
Red raspberries,
Red currants,
White currants,
Black currants,
Gooseberries,
Peaches,
Plums, blue,
Plums, pink,

Pears,
Cherries, sweet,
Cherries, sour,
Cherries, Ox-Hearts,
Grapes,
Strawberries,
Rhubarb,
Quinces,
Citron,
Quinces and pears,
Prunes.

Preserved Fruit.

a. Collection of preserved fruit, one sample each variety.
b. Single of each variety mentioned under canned fruit.

Jellies, Jams, Conserves.

a. Best display. One sample of each variety.
b. Single specimen any variety.

Apple,
Crab,
Currant, red,
Grape,
Peach,
Currant, white,
Currant, black,
Plum,
Quince,
Raspberries,
Cherry,
Spiced currant,
Strawberry jam.

Pickles and Relishes.

a. Best collection of pickles and relishes.
b. Best single specimens.

Cucumber, sweet,
Cucumber, sour,
Cucumber, green,
Tomato, green,
Onion,
Watermelon, sweet,
Mixed,
Mustard pickles,
Ripe cucumber pickle,
Sweet pepper pickle,
Green pepper pickles,
Corn salad,
Chili sauce,
Red sauce,
India relish,
Tomato catsup,
Grape catsup,
Spiced pickle,
Tomato relish (uncooked),
Pickle Lili (uncooked),
Higdom uncooked,
Blackberries,
Pears,
Peaches,
Plum catsup,
Chow Chow (uncooked),
Pickled beans,
Vinegar.

Canned Vegetables.

Best display of canned vegetables, one sample of each.

Beans,
Peas,
Tomatoes,
Corn,
Spinach,
String Beans,
Beets.

Baked Goods.

For best loaf of white wheat bread Miss Collson offers first and second prizes.

Loaf wheat bread,
Loaf Graham bread,
Loaf corn bread,
Plate baking powder biscuit,
Mince pie,
Apple pie,
Cherry pie,
Plum pie,
Pumpkin pie,
Blackberry pie,
Custard pie,
Cream pie,
Chocolate pie,
Lemon pie,
Black chocolate cake,
Apple sauce cake,
Plain cake,
Fruit cake,
Marble cake,
Fig cake,

Walnut cake,
Sponge cake,
Molasses cake,
Lemon cake,
Dolly Varden cake,
Plate ginger cookies,
Plate sugar cookies,
Plate molasses cookies,
Plate doughnuts,
Bread pudding.

X. FLORAL DISPLAY.

Miss Shattuck offers first and second prizes for items a, b and c.

a. Best display of flowers.
b. Most artistically arranged vase bouquet.
c. Best display of single variety.

Best display of Asters,
Best display of Nasturtiums,
Best dozen Sunflowers, single,
Sunflowers, double,
Asters,
Nasturtium, dwarf,
Nasturtium, climbing,
Zinnias,
Candytuft,
Dahlias,
Best display of pressed flowers,
Best display of flower seed,
Cosmos,
Mexican Fire Plant,
Portulacca,
Poppies,
Four O'clock,
Golden Glow,
Salvia,
Dianthus,
Celosia,
Best display of Zinnias,
Largest Sunflower plant,
Catalpa tree from seed,
Phlox perennial,
Phlox annual.

XI. BOYS' GARDENS.

Two prizes offered by the Superintendent.
Best Colony display.
Best exhibit from individual boys' garden.

XII. MISCELLANEOUS.

Best sofa pillow,
Best apron,
Best specimen darning,
Best specimen ironing,
Best quilt,
Best hand sewing,
Best machine sewing,
Best sample washing and ironing,
Best made garment,
Best outlining,
Any other unclassified exhibit.

LIST OF JUDGES.

HORSES — Dr. J. F. McAmmond, James C. Martin, Samuel Wilkinson, Charles Diver, Matt Wiard.
CATTLE — Isaac Budlong, William Daniels, Frank O. Todd.
SHEEP — Albert M. Goff, U. B. Moses, Newton McPherson.
SWINE — Pryor F. Martin, William S. Dunn, Fred Brown.
POULTRY — L. T. Dunn, Daniel P. Green.
PETS — King Brown, Archie Fishell.
GRAINS — Robert B. Cox, H. Beckwith, Arthur Pedley.
FRUITS — George W. Dunn, F. B. Booth, L. H. Norris.

Corn — Joseph H. Sherman, Byron Munson, Harry Longfellow.
Potatoes — Frank L. Martin, Charles H. Strong, John C. McVean.
Canned and Preserved Fruits, Jams, Jellies, and Conserves — Mrs. Frank O. Todd, Mrs. Charles Strong, Mrs. J. F. McAmmond.
Culinary Exhibit, Including Home Cured Meats — Mrs. T. E. Martin, Mrs. Charles Diver, Mrs. William Dunn, Mrs. Geo. W. Dunn.
Pickles, Relishes and Canned Vegetables — Mrs. Fred Brown, Miss Emma Sherman.
Display from Boys' Gardens — Martin F. Bristol, Mrs. P. F. Martin, Mrs. D. B. Murphy.
Floral Display — T. E. Martin, Miss M. J. Bristol.
Industrial — Col. S. P. Moulthrop, C. M. Fisk, R. A. Badger.
Vegetables — J. H. Behnke, A. D. Chapman, W. S. Wilson.
Miscellaneous — Mrs. C. L. Hart, Miss Margaret Kramer.

LIST OF PRIZES.

Prizes are offered for the following:
Best farming results during the year — Manager Wm. Bausch.
Finest colony display at the fair — Manager Frederick R. Smith, M. D.
Best display of horses and colts — Dr. J. F. McAmmond.
Best kept team — Rev. M. J. Krieg.
Finest display of flowers — Miss Helen M. Shattuck.
Finest display from individual boys' gardens — Superintendent Briggs.
Best loaf of white wheat bread — Miss C. L. Collson.
General thrift of individual colony — Miss E. E. Miller.
Best black chocolate cake — Miss G. L. Douglass.

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

INSTITUTION FOR THE IMPROVED INSTRUCTION OF DEAF-MUTES

OF

NEW YORK CITY

For the Year 1909

This report is made for the period ending October 15, 1909, but the names of the Board of Trustees, Officers, etc., have been revised to February 14, 1910

(904 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY)

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 28, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Officers.

President.

George Rosenfeld ..... 60 New Street.

First Vice-President.

Felix H. Levy ..... 37 Liberty Street.

Second Vice-President.

Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes ..... 99 Central Park West.

Treasurer.

Clarence J. Housman ..... 20 Broad Street.

Secretary.

Arthur M. Wolff ..... 9 Church Street.

Trustees.

Term expires October, 1910.

Benjamin F. Feiner, David Oberndorf,
Felix H. Levy, George Rosenfeld,
Arthur M. Wolff.

Term expires October, 1911.

Jacob Fischel, L. Napoleon Levy,
Clarence J. Housman, Benjamin Mordecai,
Theodore Sternfeld.

Term expires October, 1912.

Alfred Frank, Hon. Irving Lehman,
Paul Gottheil, William Rosenberg,
Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes.

Assistant Secretary.

James D. MacDiarmid.

LADIES' AUXILIARY COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

Chairman.

Mrs. Felix H. Levy.....268 West Ninety-fourth Street.

Mrs. I. Friedlander,
Mrs. Clarence J. Housman,
Mrs. Emil Heller,
Mrs. Edward S. Levy,
Mrs. L. Napoleon Levy,
Mrs. Mortimer M. Menkin,
Mrs. Samuel Newburger,
Mrs. N. Taylor Phillips,
Mrs. S. Schechter.

MEDICAL BOARD.

Chairman Ex-officio.

David Oberndorf.....260 Church Street.

Consulting Physician.

Dr. A. Jacobi.....19 East Forty-seventh Street.

Attending Physician.

Dr. Sydney A. Stein.....158 East Seventy-second Street.

Oculist and Aurist.

Dr. E. L. Meierhof.....1140 Madison Avenue.

Surgeon.

Dr. Willy Meyer.....700 Madison Avenue.

Dermatologist.

Dr. H. Goldenberg.....Madison Avenue and Sixty-first Street.

Oral Surgeon.

Dr. William Carr.....35 West Forty-sixth Street.

Dentist.

Dr. W. W. Newton, Jr..Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-fifth St.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Principal.

Harris Taylor.

Supervising Teachers.

Edith M. Buell, *Advanced Grades.*
Julia M. Connery, *Intermediate Grades.*
Edith B. Nesbitt, *Primary Grades.*

Teachers.

Edith M. Buell,
Etta Bishop,
Lauretta W. Eves,
Katherine E. Freck,
Ellen I. Culver,
Katherine B. Kidder,
Julia M. Connery,
Mrs. Eliza S. Woddrop,
Grace C. Wheeler,
Edith B. Nesbitt,
T. Brill,
Helen H. Owen,
Gertrude W. Croker,
Ruth Sappington,
Margaret H. Jenkins,
Evelyn O. Taylor,
Mrs. T. F. Driscoll,
Elizabeth Strickland,
Mabel G. Eddy,
Carrie H. Summers,
Sarah L. D. Summers.

Instructor in Physical Training.

Walter S. Kupfer.

Substitute Teachers and Teachers in Training.

Margaret McSherry,
Anna Dickson,
France I. Peterson,
Florence Putnam.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

INSTRUCTORS.

Dressmaking.

Frieda von Schuckman.

Plain Sewing.

Zoe Laporte.

Kindergarten Sewing.

Annie Bernhardt.

Millinery.

Evelyn Brainard.

Cooking.

Louise Nesbitt.

Kindergarten Industrial Occupation.

Lola C. Hine.

Beginning Carpentry.

Hiram Powers.

Carpentry, Cabinet-Making, Painting and Glazing.

Christian Woessner.

Assistants.

Henry J. Miller, Henry Schlamp.

Tailoring.

Jacob Klein.

OFFICERS OF HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent.

Harris Taylor.

Accountant.

James D. MacDiarmid.

Matron.

Mary J. Loughridge.

Stewardess.

Annie Carroll.

Supervisors of Girls.

Florence Hess,
Emma Aaronson,
Margaret Clements,
Mary Gavagan.

Supervisors of Boys.

Walter S. Kupfer,
Diana Michael,
Valide Koehler.

Assistant Supervisors.

Margaret Carr,
Beatrice Jones.

Nurse.

Mrs. Mary Caldwell.

Engineer.

William Barrett.

Watchman.

Thomas Regan.

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 52.

IN ASSEMBLY

MARCH 28, 1910.

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Trustees and Officers of the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes.

(904 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.)
For the Year 1909.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The last annual meeting of our Association was held on the 29th day of October, 1908.

The regular annual meeting, usually held in October, was deferred because of the many and important changes that had taken place since the meeting of October, 1908, and the inability of the new officers to prepare their reports.

The past year has been one of the most eventful in the history of our Association. From its inception, our school, although mainly supported by Jews and under Jewish management, was entirely nonsectarian in its work. The main object of its founders as expressed in the charter was "to introduce the articulate

system of instructing deaf-mutes as practiced in Germany * * * and, as a secondary object, "to provide for the instruction and support of deaf-mutes."

The benefits of the new or oral system were brought prominently before the public by this Institution. Its methods have been copied throughout the United States. Teachers of the deaf, who had received their instruction in our Institution, went from ours to other schools, and there is hardly a school for the deaf in the United States that does not now attempt to teach the use of the voice and how to read the lips.

The school, although entirely successful in its work, has for a number of years suffered from lack of proper financial support. The fact that the Institution was entirely undenominational in its work seemed to deprive it of the private support it should have been entitled to. Efforts to obtain sufficient private support were met by failure.

The finance committee in its report submitted to the last annual meeting repeated its previous prediction that "the Institution must either from private or public sources obtain additional assistance or its efficiency be materially lessened."

Negotiations had been entered into with the City to transfer the Institution to the Board of Education.

Resolutions were passed, placing it within the authority of the board of trustees to transfer the Institution to the City of New York upon certain stated conditions.

On December 7, 1908, your board of trustees received a communication from Mr. Lee Kohns, acting on behalf of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, and a committee having been appointed to confer with the Council on the subject of this communication, there followed on February 8, 1909, a report by the committee to the board of trustees reading as follows:

New York City, *February* 8, 1909.

To the Board of Trustees of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes:

The special committee appointed as hereinafter set forth, begs to submit the following report:

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees held on the 14th day of December, 1908, a special committee of the board, consisting of the president, Hon. Charles M. Hough, and the secretary, Mr. Paul M. Herzog, was appointed for the purpose of conferring with a committee of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions of the city of New York, and explaining to the latter committee the then existing situation with reference to the negotiations pending between our Association and the Board of Education of the City of New York, with reference to the acquisition by the Board of Education of the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes.

Thereafter, at a meeting of the board of trustees of this Association held on the 11th day of January, 1909, a resolution was adopted whereby the said special committee was enlarged by the addition thereto of Mr. George Rosenfeld and Mr. Felix H. Levy; and the said committee was instructed to confer with the committee of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, and to offer to transfer the management of our Institution to the said council upon the same terms and conditions which had theretofore been proposed to the Board of Education of the City of New York and to the Corporation Counsel of the City of New York.

Thereafter, your committee conferred with the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, a member of the committee of the said Council, and, at his request, sent to him a letter setting forth the views of your committee upon the subjects referred to. The following is a copy of the said letter:

"New York City, *January* 18, 1909.

"Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, *County Court House, New York City:*

"Dear Judge Greenbaum: Referring to the conferences had with you recently, and to your request that we should give you in writing, for presentation to the Council, the proposition of the Board of Trustees of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, we submit the following:

"Our Association, laboring under adverse conditions, which it has not been able to overcome, realizing the real necessity for the continued existence of our Institution, and recognizing re-

sponsibility to place it upon such a firm basis that its beneficent work can be continued and enlarged to meet growing demands, after due consideration entered into negotiations with the City authorities which eventually resulted in an offer to the City reading as follows:

"'*September 23d,* 1908.

"'Honorable EGERTON L. WINTHROP, Jr., *President, Board of Education of the City of New York, 4th Avenue and 59th Street, New York City:*

"'DEAR SIR:— The Board of Trustees of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes of the City of New York believe that the mutual interests of the City and of the Institution conducted by them would be best served by its becoming an integral part of the educational system of the City under the direct control of the Board of Education. The Board of Trustees therefore respectfully suggest to your honorable body that measures be taken to effect such a result, and to that end we respectfully propose (if the suggestion meets with the approval of the Board of Education) that a committee of such board be appointed as speedily as possible to confer with the Board of Trustees of the Association and with the Department of Finance with full power to act.

"'The bureau of the Department of Finance in charge of our Institution's relations with the city has, through Dr. Potter, its head, expressed its concurrence with our views.'

"The conditions of the transfer, as briefly outlined in a memorandum given to the Corporation Counsel's office, were:

"1st. That for the remainder of the term of our lease, about sixty odd years, the premises shall be put substantially to the use for which they are now employed.

"2nd. That our present contracts with teachers and employees be carried out, and wherever possible that our old teaching staff be retained under the Board of Education.

"3rd. That our debt to the members of the board of trustees and to strangers (tradesmen and others), which will in no event exceed $60,000, be paid.

"The proposal was promptly approved by the Board of Education and by the Comptroller, and meeting with no substantial

opposition, other than that known to you to have been expressed by the Rev. Dr. Mendes, is now only awaiting the Corporation Counsel's decision as to the proper legal steps necessary to carry out the plan. After our first interview with you, and in view of your desire to submit to the Council the question of taking the Institution primarily for the benefit of the large number of deaf Jewish children of school age and of poor parentage, and who are said to be without means of obtaining education, maintenance and support (for whom a day-school for the deaf, as the city would hereafter conduct our school, would not be suitable), our board of trustees reconsidered the subject. It was decided to give your Council, as representing the Jewish community, the opportunity to obtain the Institution upon the same conditions as proposed to the City, this proposal to your Council being conditional upon our release from our engagement to the city. Our Board is of the opinion that under the control and direction of the Board of Education, the Institution's field of activity can be vastly enlarged and the benefits of oral teaching given to a far larger number than at present; and that in the interest of the public the city plan should be pressed to early completion unless the Council decides to assume charge and can give to the work the liberal financial support which it requires. For this reason, we are compelled to name an early date, say January 25th instant, for the receipt of your reply. It is estimated that the increased income required above the Association's present average annual income is about $12,500 per annum.

"If the Jewish community needs an institution for the education of deaf children, and is able and willing to sustain it, no better arrangement could be made than to take over our Institution. On the other hand, if the Council decides not to take the Institution over, our Board will be pleased to have its co-operation in the plan of increasing the Institution's work by transfer to the City.

"Very respectfully,

"GEORGE RESENFELD,
"PAUL M. HERZOG,
"FELIX H. LEVY,
"Committee."

In reply to the said letter, your committee received a letter from Mr. Louis Marshall, a member of the said Council, of which the following is a copy:

"*January* 19, 1909.

"Messrs. George Rosenfeld, Felix H. Levy and Paul M. Herzog, *Committee of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes:*

"Gentlemen.— Your communication to the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, representing the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, was presented at a meeting of the Council held last evening, and has been referred to the Committee on Dependent Children, of which I am a member, with instructions to communicate with your committee, with a view of taking measures for the organization of a responsible corporation, under Jewish auspices, to take over your Institution on such terms as can mutually be agreed upon, and to make the necessary provision to carry on the work of educating, maintaining and supporting Jewish deaf-mutes.

"There can be no question as to the first of your conditions, that for the remainder of the term of your lease the premises shall be put to substantially the use for which they are now employed; nor to the second, that your present contracts with teachers and employees shall be carried out, and that wherever possible your old teaching staff shall be retained.

"As to the third condition, further information is necessary. You state that your debt 'to the members of the board of trustees and to strangers (tradesmen and others), which in no event will exceed $60,000, is to be paid.' As to this condition, there will be no difficulty, unless it means that the full $60,000 are to be paid at once.

"I am informed that your obligations which are immediately payable amount to $15,000. So far as they are concerned, there will be no difficulty in discharging them, since one of the members of our committee has agreed to make himself responsible for the $15,000 immediately needed, if the committee on dependent children will be able to bring about the formation of such a society as has been indicated. Will you kindly, therefore, in order to

guide our committee, give me a detailed statement of the indebtedness, how secured, and when and to whom payable, so that in making our plans we will be fully advised as to the obligations to be incurred. I have the impression that a large proportion of this indebtedness consists of bonds which do not call for immediate payment, and as to some of which payment will probably not be enforced. Will you kindly send me a form of the bond, if such obligation exists. Unquestionably the new corporation, if one is formed, will bind itself to assume all liabilities of your organization, which, if you shall be satisfied as to the character of those who are to identify themselves with the new institution, would doubtless be all that you would desire.

"Inasmuch as you have given us a very short time in which to render a decision, you will appreciate the importance of an immediate answer.

"Now that it is evident to you, that this matter is being seriously considered, and that we have already a financial pledge of so important a character as I have indicated, which I am positive is only the nucleus of additional pledges from responsible parties, perhaps you may see your way clear to giving us an additional month in which to elaborate our plans.

"Very truly yours,

"LOUIS MARSHALL."

There was also received by one of the members of your committee the following letter from Hon. Samuel Greenbaum:

"SUPREME COURT.

"JUDGE'S CHAMBERS.

"NEW YORK, *January* 20, 1909.

"FELIX H. LEVY, Esq., *No. 32 Nassau Street, City:*

"DEAR MR. LEVY: — Will you kindly inform your committee that the valued communication sent to me relative to the deaf-mute matter was read at a meeting of the council, which unanimously agreed to recommend that steps be forthwith taken to take advantage of the concessions that your society is prepared to make. Incidentally, I may say that one of the members of the

Council immediately subscribed $15,000 for the purpose of meeting the present demands, if the plan became effective.

"It seems to me, however, that the time that your committee fixes within which to finally conclude a plan of operations is entirely too short. The matter has been referred to a special committee, which will act at once, but I think that two or three weeks should be given the committee to complete its arrangements. Can this be done?

"With regards, I am,

"Sincerely yours,

"SAMUEL GREENBAUM."

In response to the request contained in the above letter from Mr. Marshall, your committee sent to him a letter of which the following is a copy:

"New York City, *January* 21, 1909.

"Louis Marshall, Esq., 37 *Wall St., New York City:*

"Dear Sir: — Replying to your letter of the 19th inst., addressed to the undersigned as a committee of the Board of Trustees of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, we would say that we have carefully considered the same, and with every desire to facilitate the contemplated plan, we are, nevertheless, of the opinion that the formation of a new corporation to take over our Institution is impracticable, for a great number of reasons, among which we enumerate the following:

"1st — It would require legislation in order to make applicable to the proposed new corporation the numerous statutes relating to the deaf, and designating our Association by name, which have been enacted during the past fifty years.

"2nd — It would require the transfer to the new corporation of all of our children by the various public authorities, State, City and County, under whose commitment we now receive both pupils and payment. The right to make such transfer would probably require legislation in addition to that above indicated.

"3rd — The new corporation would be deprived of the benefit of legacies in wills now made to the old association, of the existence of some of which the writers are aware.

"4th — It might endanger the continuance of the lease made to the present Association by the City, which lease is not assignable. This lease is at the nominal rental of one dollar annually for sixty odd years to come.

"5th — The new corporation would undoubtedly lose a considerable number of the present members, patrons and donors of the Institution.

"Unless, therefore, your council will abandon the idea of forming a new corporation, we are strongly of the opinion that your undertaking will not prove feasible. If the present corporate form of our Association is retained, our Board of Trustees, in order to enable your Council to assume control, would arrange to resign seriatim, and to elect in their place such person as your Council nominated. The books and records of our Association would also be open to such expert or other examination as your Council may desire to make, so as to enable you to ascertain the precise extent and nature of the obligations which the new management would undertake, if the present corporate form be retained.

"In view of our strong conviction that the plan of a new corporation is impracticable, we are of the opinion that this phase of the subject ought first to be disposed of before considering the detailed subjects as to which you have, in your letter, requested specific information. In our desire, however, to facilitate your committee, we furnish the following information in response to your request:

"We are of the opinion that it will not be necessary to pay the full amount of $60,000 at once. The amount of our outstanding Building Loan Certificates (a form of which is enclosed) is $37,750, and although these have matured we do not believe holders of the same will press for early payment. Interest thereon amounting to about $3,000 has accrued and is in default, and should be paid at once. There is due for a temporary loan made by various members of the Board of Trustees the sum of $14,200, upon which no interest has been or will be charged. This also should be promptly paid. The amount due to tradesmen is about $15,000. Our resources, consisting of earned dues from State and Counties and other items, will reduce the aggregate amount of the above liabilities to under $60,000.

"Regarding your request for an extension of time to perfect your proposition, we believe that if your plan of a new corporation is adhered to, it will render a successful outcome so doubtful as to make any protraction of the matter injudicious, because tending to jeopardize the consummation of the negotiations with the City, which are still pending. On the other hand, if such plan be withdrawn, the success of your proposition would be made so much more likely as to justify our committee in recommending to a special meeting of our board the extension requested by you.

"Yours very truly,

"GEORGE ROSENFELD,
"PAUL M. HERZOG,
"FELIX H. LEVY,
"Committee."

In answer to the foregoing letter, your committee received from Mr. Marshall a letter of which the following is a copy:

"February 4, 1909.

"Messrs. George Rosenfeld, Felix H. Levy and Paul M. Herzog, *Committee of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes:*

"Gentlemen: — I am in receipt of yours of the 21st ult. with regard to the conditions under which it may be possible for the Jewish community of New York to take over the management of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes. I have conferred with various of the gentlemen who are interested in accomplishing that result, and am now prepared to make the following statements:

"First — The suggestion made in my letter of the 19th ult. of transferring the property of your Association to a new corporation, was made because it was understood, and it now seems erroneously, that such was the desire of your board of trustees. For all of the reasons which you have stated, and others equally potent, it is desirable that the present institution shall be continued. Your views on the subject have served greatly to clarify the situation and to make it practicable to carry out our plans.

"Second — As to the indebtedness of your Institution, I am

authorized to say that if you are prepared to turn over its control to such directors as we may designate, arrangements will be made to pay forthwith all of the indebtedness of the Institution, other than the outstanding Building Fund Certificates. It is believed that the payment of $30,000 of floating debt which this plan would entail, would be a sufficient earnest of the good-faith of those who are taking over the Institution that they will meet any other existing obligations of the Institution. The further fact, that it is part of our plan to arrange for such additional annual income as will meet the annual deficits by which you have been heretofore embarrassed, is an additional assurance that all obligations will be met. I am frank to say, however, that it is the hope of those who are ready to take over the Institution, that they may prevail upon the holders of the Building Fund Certificates to forego their rights or extend the time of payment of these certificates. If you should insist upon individual guaranties of the payment of these certificates, it would place the holders in a position which might make it difficult, if not impossible, for us to carry out our plans. Without such guaranty they would certainly be in a better position than they are to-day, because their claims would constitute the only obligation of the Institution.

"Of the $30,000 which it will be necessary for us to raise, $15,000 have already been subscribed, and several other gentlemen have indicated a willingness to contribute to the fund. I can therefore say, without hesitation, that there will be no difficulty so far as the financial phase of this proposition is concerned.

"Third — As to the directorate and policy of the re-organized Institution, I wish to impress upon you that it is the purpose of those who are desirous of taking over the Institution to make it distinctively Jewish in its tendency, which would involve of course the giving of religious instruction in accordance with the doctrines of Judaism, and which would make of the Institution that which it now theoretically is under the ruling of the Corporation Counsel. We would like very much to have such members of your Board as sympathize with these views remain members of the Board, and until the new members whom we would place upon the Board in lieu of those who expect to resign are thoroughly familiar with the nature of the work, it would be

greatly appreciated if your Committee would continue to remain on the Board; in fact, it would be greatly appreciated if you should become permanent members of the re-organized Board.

"I have no doubt that if the views which I have herein expressed are acceptable, we will be in a position to take over the Institution within a very few weeks. The Council of Jewish Communal Institutions has appointed a Committee, of which Mr. Samuel D. Levy is the Chairman, who are engaged in working out the details of the general plan which I have just outlined, and as soon as we have the assurance of your Board of Trustees that you are prepared to have the Institution re-organized on the lines which I have indicated, the execution of the project will be promptly effectuated.

"Very truly yours,
"LOUIS MARSHALL."

From the foregoing correspondence, it will be seen that the representatives of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions have substantially accepted all of the terms proposed by your committee, and which had previously been proposed to the Board of Education; and, in addition, the Council, in accordance with a further requirement of your committee, has undertaken to arrange for such an increase in the annual income as will be necessary to meet the present annual deficit of our Institution, which deficit your committee informed the council would be, approximately, the sum of $12,500 per annum.

If the proposition thus made to the Council, and accepted by it, be approved by this Board, the steps necessary to carry the plan into full effect will be, *first,* to put into proper and binding form in writing the terms and conditions contained in the above correspondence; and, *second,* to carry out the plan for the reorganization of our board, in accordance with the terms of clause third of Mr. Marshall's letter, dated February 4, 1909.

It will be observed that your committee has expressly stated to the Council that all of the foregoing is conditioned upon our Association being released from any obligations under which it may rest to the Board of Education as growing out of the negotiations

which have been pending with the said Board. Accordingly, it will be necessary to take action concerning such obligations before the proposals of the Council can be accepted.

In the event that the Council's proposals are approved by this Board, and are put into effect after the proper authorities of the City of New York shall have released our Association from the obligations above mentioned, the result will be that our Institution will be placed in a most satisfactory financial condition. The burden of debt which has rested so heavily upon the Institution for several years past will be paid off, except as to the Building Fund Certificates, the payment of which will be provided for; and, in addition, the shortage of annual income which has, during the past few years, seriously hampered the efficiency of the Institution, and, for a time, caused some of the branches of instruction to be curtailed, and which, finally, even rendered doubtful the continued existence of the Institution, will be made good by the assurance of such an increase of the annual income as will amply meet all possible requirements.

Inasmuch as the negotiations pending with the city cannot be deemed to be certain to result successfully, and inasmuch as the proposals of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions appear adequately to meet and correct all of the adverse conditions under which our Institution has labored, and even struggled for existence, — your committee is of the opinion that the proposals of the Council, as hereinbefore set forth, should be approved and accepted; and that steps should promptly be taken to carry the same into effect.

Your committee expresses its regret that on account of the illness of Judge Hough, he was unable to participate in the foregoing proceedings of your committee, although he was from time to time kept informed of the progress made.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE ROSENFELD,
PAUL M. HERZOG,
FELIX H. LEVY,
Committee.

The Board of Trustees approved the report of its special committee and the following resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, The Institution conducted by this Association has heretofore been carried on as non-sectarian in its educational work and in its management and, during a period of several years past, has been greatly burdened by debt, which condition has been steadily growing worse, and it has been found impossible to correct such condition because the undenominational nature of the Institution has prevented a successful appeal to any denomination for support; and

"Whereas, The City of New York, by virtue of an opinion of its Corporation Counsel, has designated our Institution as a Jewish school for the deaf, and the Department of Charities and Correction has, in accordance with the said opinion, decided that it will certify only Jewish children to our Institution; and

"Whereas, As a result of the foregoing, our Institution must depend upon the Jewish members of the community for support, if adequate support in addition to that given by the State and City is to be expected at all; and

"Whereas, The Board of Trustees of this Association, in view of our financial situation as above set forth and of the declared policy of the Board of Education to establish a course of deaf-mute instruction as a part of the public school system of the City of New York, deemed it wise to offer to the City to transfer our Institution to the City to be conducted as a public day school, and as part of the public school system of the City; and

"Whereas, Such action has met with opposition within the school and among the public, and especially among representative citizens of the Jewish faith, on the ground that the Institution was established by Jews and has been supported chiefly by Jews, and is urgently needed as a Jewish Home School for the deaf; and

"Whereas, It is authoritatively stated that there are many Jewish children in other schools who are compelled to attend and conform to Christian forms of worship, and that there are many other deaf Jewish children in this city who are not able to enter any school at all, many of whom might be able to enter our Insti-

tution if its activities be enlarged as a result of an augmented income; it is

"*Resolved,* That the proposition made by the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, as contained in the report of the Special Committee appointed to confer with the Committee of the said Council, and this day submitted to the Board, be accepted upon condition that the new management give to Christian and Jewish pupil alike full freedom, while receiving oral instruction in our school, to worship each in his own way according to the worship of his (or her) parents."

"*It was Further Resolved,* That the committee continue their negotiations with full power to act."

The Council of Jewish Communal Institutions in a communication dated March 1, 1909, signed by Mr. Samuel D. Levy, Acting Chairman, expressed the belief that the language of the concluding resolution was somewhat ambiguous and as their communication called for a precise reply the committee was authorized on March 3d to answer and the meaning of the paragraph referred to was explained in the following explicit language:

The Board of Trustees of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, at a meeting held this day, duly considered your letter of the 1st inst., wherein you state that your committee believes that the language of the concluding resolution of our Board which was recently sent to you is somewhat ambiguous, and therefore, so that there shall be no mistake or misunderstanding concerning its meaning, your committee states that it is willing to assure to every Christian pupil now in our Institution, so long as he or she be an inmate thereof, the right to receive religious instruction, it being however understood that the new management shall be under no obligation of providing such instruction or to assume any financial or other responsibilities therefor, but that such religious instruction should be imparted by those of the faith of the parents of said children.

"The Board of Trustees of our Association has instructed me to inform you, in reply, that the interpretation of the said resolution as contained in the foregoing statement is satisfactory to our Board, and that our Board agrees that the same shall be taken to be the correct construction and meaning of the said resolution."

On the 12th of April, 1909, the special committee made a further report to the trustees, reading as follows:

New York City, *April* 12, 1909.

To the Board of Trustees of the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes:

The special committee heretofore appointed by this board for the purpose of conferring with a committee of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions begs to report that on March 24, 1909, your committee, in response to an invitation received from the committee of the said Council, attended at a conference held at the Chambers of Judge Greenbaum in the County Court house in this City, at which were present, in addition to your committee, the following gentlemen representing the said Council, to-wit: Judge Greenbaum, Mr. Louis Marshall, Mr. Edward Lauterbach, Mr. Samuel D. Levy. There were also present, upon the invitation of the said Council, the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes and Hon. Wm. Rhinelander Stewart, the president of the State Board of Charities.

Mr. Samuel D. Levy stated the object of the conference to be the personnel of the new trustees to be nominated by the said Council and also the raising and payment of the sum of $30,000 which the said Council had theretofore agreed to raise and pay over to the Institution. He stated that the sum of $22,000 has been promised or subscribed, and that Mr. Jacob H. Schiff had informed him that the balance of $8,000 required to make up the full sum of $30,000 could be deemed to be disposed of and to be practically available. Mr. Levy further stated that his committee had been giving consideration to the question of the trustees who were to be nominated by the Council, and that they were having some difficulty in obtaining the requisite number of persons for such purpose. He further stated that he had requested Mr. Wm. Rhinelander Stewart to be present at the meeting, and thereupon requested Mr. Stewart to make a statement to the conference in regard to the situation. Mr. Stewart thereupon stated that he had for a period of at least twenty-five years been a close observer of the workings of our Institution, and that he strongly approved the manner in which the Institution had been conducted and believed that the Institution was most efficiently and ex-

cellently conducted, and that he deemed it of great importance that it should continue to be conducted under the management of a Board of Trustees of its own and not as a part of the public school system of the city; that he believed the plan now under consideration of placing the Institution under avowedly Jewish auspices was desirable, on account of the large number of Jewish deaf-mute children of this city, but that he thought that the efficiency of the method of oral instruction employed by the Institution was such as to make it desirable that even though the Institution should hereafter be conducted under Jewish auspices, provision ought to be made to permit Christian parents of deaf children to have such children admitted to the Institution in case their parents should specifically request that they be so admitted. Mr. Marshall thereupon stated, in behalf of the said Council, that it was the purpose of the Council to make such provision.

The question of selecting a new president of the Institution was then discussed, and a number of names were suggested but none of them were considered available or suitable; and thereupon the committee of said Council requested Mr. George Rosenfeld, one of your committee, to accept the presidency. Mr. Rosenfeld stated that he would with great reluctance agree to accept the office in order that thereby the consummation of the pending plans might be expedited and advanced. Mr. Edward Lauterbach then suggested that Mr. Rosenfeld, as president, should have the right to determine the composition of the new Board of Trustees, and that names should be submitted to him for that purpose but that the determination thereof should be left to him. Thereupon a number of names were suggested by the committee of the said Council, and Mr. Rosenfeld stated his approval of two of the said names, to-wit, Dr. Mendes and Judge Irving Lehman, and stated that he would take up the consideration of the selection of the remaining trustees thereafter. The committee of the said Council thereupon stated that they would give all the assistance in their power to the new Board of Trustees, and would also give such active financial support as the circumstances of the Institution might hereafter justify.

(Signed) GEORGE ROSENFELD,
FELIX H. LEVY,
PAUL M. HERZOG.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees held on the 13th of May, 1909, Mr. Samuel D. Levy attended in behalf of and representing the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions. Mr. Levy addressed the Board and having recounted the history of the negotiations between the Council and the Association, presented to the Association checks and pledges aggregating $30,000.

The donors to this fund were as follows:

Jacob H. Schiff	$15,000 00
Adolph Lewisohn	2,500 00
M. Guggenheim's Sons	1,000 00
Louis Marshall	1,000 00
Mortimer L. Schiff	1,000 00
Arthur Lehman	500 00
Mrs. Isaac Rosenfeld	500 00
Temple Emanuel	500 00
Louis Stern	250 00
Gustave Blumenthal	250 00
Lee Kohns	250 00
Chas. A. Wimpfheimer	250 00
Chas. Dittmann	200 00
Samuel Schafer	100 00
Joseph H. Cohen	100 00
James Seligman	100 00
Uriah Herrman	100 00
Ernst Thalmann	100 00
Henry Wollman	73 00
Moses Weinman	50 00
Cyrus L. Sulzberger	25 00
Sol. Kohn	25 00
Samuel D. Levy	25 00
M. Wolfskehl	2 00
Nathan Herrman	500 00
Henry Sidenberg	100 00
Making a total of	$24,500 00

To this was added $5,500, being a contribution by the Horeb School, through the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes.

The contribution of the Horeb School and the collections made through Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes were accompanied by a letter from Dr. Mendes, dated May 12, 1909, inclosing the copy of the resolution passed by the Horeb Home and School for the Deaf on March 22, 1909, which resolution was subsequently changed by request of our Board by resolutions passed by the Horeb School on June 2, 1909.

The contributions and collections amounting in all to $5,500 were by the resolution given "with the express stipulation that this sum is contributed upon condition that the said Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes shall be henceforth conducted as a strictly Jewish institution; that is to say, there shall be Jewish religious services, the Sabbaths and Holydays shall be observed, the Jewish religion shall be taught and the Jewish dietary laws shall be carried out. Christian children willing to receive the benefits of the Institution, subject to the above regulations, shall of course be accepted at the discretion of the trustees or directors of the said Institution."

Mr. Levy assured the Association of the Council's continued interest in its behalf and received and accepted the Board's assurance of its appreciation of the Council's efforts, and of his own invaluable assistance. The Board delivered to Mr. Levy a receipt signed by our treasurer from which the following is copied:

"On behalf of the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, I hereby accept said moneys upon the understanding between the said Council of Jewish Communal Institutions and its Committee on Dependent Children, and the said Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, that the latter Institution is henceforth to be carried on as a Jewish Institution in instruction, dietary, as well as Board of Management."

Thus the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, having carried out all the conditions named by the Board of Trustees, placed the Association on a sound financial basis.

The Board immediately proceeded to pay off its current indebtedness and carried out a reorganization that resulted in the withdrawal of members of the old board in favor of new trustees

who were thoroughly in sympathy with the aim of the Association to care for all the indigent Jewish deaf children of school age who would hereafter be properly committed to our care.

The reorganized board as at present constituted consists of the following members: Benjamin F. Feiner, Esq., Mr. Paul Gottheil, Mr. Clarence J. Housman, Mr. Jacob Fishel, Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes, David Oberndorf, Hon. Irving Lehman, L. Napoleon Levy, Esq., Mr. Benjamin Mordecai, Mr. William Rosenberg, Mr. Arthur M. Wolff, Felix H. Levy, Esq., Mr. George Rosenfeld.

During the spring of 1909, Mr. Elbert A. Gruver, the principal of our Institution, received a favorable offer from the Institution for the Deaf at Rome, N. Y., and with the consent and good wishes of our board, accepted the position offered. His resignation was accepted by our board to take effect on the 31st of August, 1909.

The board has been fortunate in securing as successor to Mr. Gruver, Mr. Harris Taylor, who for many years has been engaged in the education of deaf children.

Mr. Taylor took charge of the school during the summer and has already shown his fitness for the position. His work is in entire harmony with the members of the board and the records of changes made for the benefit of the Institution since his joining us is undoubtedly an encouragement of further good work to come.

As previously stated in this report, the financial condition of the Association for the past few years was anything but satisfactory. The trustees had found it necessary in order to cut down expenses to give up classes in cooking, in sloyd and drawing. Economies in other directions were unwillingly introduced.

That the financial condition at the end of the last fiscal year may be understood and the Institution's requirements appreciated, I will quote the following figures:

At the end of the fiscal year 1908, after strenuous efforts had been made to add to income and cut down expenses the Institution's floating debt (exclusive of Building Loan Certificates, $37,750), was $26,884.47.

At the end of the same period in 1909 its floating debts were only $1,472.77 for current bills.

Cash on hand in 1908 was $2,856.24; in 1909, $10,189.88.

The total available assets on August 31, 1908, were $3,684.39 as against $23,815.72 in 1909.

The new management has also succeeded in increasing the income of the Association from private sources, but in this direction must continue efforts to enlist new patrons, donors and members.

Our budget for the fiscal year ending August 31, 1910, calls for an expenditure of over $77,000, which is more than our estimated income.

As the season runs on, we find ourselves called upon for additional and unexpected outlays.

For the past five years the trustees have had to curtail expenditures for repairs to the building, and the building shows the necessity for more liberal treatment.

Aside from such expenditures, we are confronted with the prospect of a large increase in the number of children committed to us. As the City of New York, by virtue of an opinion of its Corporation Counsel, has designated our Institution as the Jewish school for the deaf, and the Department of Charities and Correction, in accordance with the said opinion, is now sending all deaf Jewish children making application for education to us, it follows that we must make provision to receive and care for all that the public authorities send to us.

It is estimated that the number of Jewish deaf children now in this and other schools at public expense exceeds 400. Our present capacity is for only about 225 children.

We have reason to believe that there are still many deaf Jewish children of school age whose parents have not endeavored to give them the benefits of proper instruction. We are endeavoring to reach these by the aid of the press and undoubtedly the result will be that in the course of a very short time our capacity will be more than taxed.

We have still in the Institution about 25 Protestant children and 15 Catholic children who will only leave us as they have reached the State's limit of twelve years education with a per capita allowance by the State or county.

In order to materially increase the number of our members and supporters we have regraded our memberships and have

amended the by-laws so that there are now the following grades of contributors:

Associate Members	$5 00
Members	10 00
Patrons	25 00
Associate Donors	50 00
Donors	100 00
Contributors	250 00
Life Members	500 00
Life Donors	1,000 00

The Ladies' Auxiliary Committee, which has also heretofore been undenominational, is now in the course of reorganization and we feel assured that the committee, when its new organization is effected, will be of the same material assistance as has heretofore been the case.

The Ladies' Auxiliary Committee is now organized as follows: Mrs. Felix H. Levy, Chairman; Mrs. S. Schechter, Mrs. N. Taylor Phillips, Mrs. Emil Heller, Mrs. Samuel Newburger, Mrs. Edward S. Levy, Temporary Secretary; Mrs. L. Napoleon Levy, Mrs. Clarence J. Housman, Mrs. Mortimer M. Menken, Mrs. I. Friedlander.

Our Institution has suffered a deplorable loss in the death of our attending physician, Dr. L. M. Michaelis. We have had the benefit of Dr. Michaelis' services for seventeen years. He was earnest and constant in his attendance and had the confidence and love of his patients in this Institution.

The Board selected as his successor, Dr. Sydney A. Stein, who for some years past has been attending physician during the occasional absences of Dr. Michaelis.

We are indebted to many friends for various gifts and for kindnesses shown that time will not permit us to enumerate. A list of such donations will appear in the reports submitted to you by other officers and committees.

The Jews have accepted the responsibility placed upon them of educating and maintaining the poor Jewish deaf children of this

City, whether the parents of such children are Orthodox, Reformed or only racially Jews.

Our introduction and maintenance of the Jewish dietary laws (as agreed with the Council) has caused us to lose the assistance of some able and influential ladies and gentlemen from our Auxiliary Committee and Board of Trustees, but we hope that the liberality and tolerance shown by our management for all shades of belief will soon demonstrate that we are entitled to draw workers on our Board and Committees from the entire Jewish community.

GEORGE ROSENFELD,
President.

THE PRINCIPAL'S REPORT.

To the Board of Trustees:

GENTLEMEN.— I herewith submit for your consideration the forty-third annual report of this Institution, for the year ending October 15, 1909.

On the first day of July, 1909, I succeeded Mr. Elbert A. Gruver, who had resigned to accept the principalship of the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, at Rome, New York. Before entering upon the discharge of my duties as principal I had unusual opportunities to become familiar with the methods of instruction and the course of study, also to become acquainted with a large number of the teachers and officers. I found the work of the educational department good and along lines that met with my general approval; the household affairs were maintained at a high standard of excellence; and the industrial department was doing much to prepare pupils for earning a livelihood after leaving school. On all sides I saw evidences of the unusual executive ability of my predecessor.

In the last year there was practically no change in the number of pupils. Without extensive alterations or material changes in the household department, the Institution cannot house more than 226 pupils. I have no doubt, when the nature and purpose of the Institution are more widely known, that there will be as many applicants for admission as can be accommodated under present conditions.

The total number of pupils who received instruction during the year was 249 — three less than during the preceding year, but one more than the average for the last eight years.

The classification of pupils is shown in the following tabular statement:

1908-09.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Pupils in the Institution October 15, 1908	104	106	210
Pupils admitted during the year	22	17	39

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Total number of pupils under instruction during the year.....	126	123	249
Pupils left the Institution during the year	17	22	39
Total number of pupils in attendance October 15, 1909 ...	109	101	210

The 210 pupils in attendance resided as follows:

New York county	148
Kings county	41
Queens county	4
Richmond county	1
Westchester county	7
Columbia county	2
Delaware county	2
Nassau county	1
Orange county	2
Putnam county	1
Washington county	1
Total	210

The pupils in attendance at this date were maintained as follows:

By the State of New York.....	112
By New York city	89
By various counties exclusive of New York city.....	7
By parents and guardians	2
Total	210

The thirty-nine pupils admitted during the year resided as follows:

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
New York county	15	9	24
Kings county	4	6	10

	Boys.	Girls.	Total
Delaware county	1	.....	1
Nassau county	1	.....	1
Orange county	1	.....	1
Westchester county	....	1	1
Columbia county	....	1	1
	22	17	39

No important changes have been made in either the methods or the course of instruction. The objects of the Institution are to give the pupils the highest possible mental development, the greatest mastery of spoken and written English, and to equip them for the duties of life after leaving school. These objects, we are thoroughly convinced, can be best attained through what are known as oral methods of instruction. While in general the methods of the school meet with my approval, I think there should be a revision of the course of study.

No pupils were graduated in June, 1909.

Mr. Timothy F. Driscoll, a teacher of the advanced department, died on the fifth day of January, 1909. After graduating from the Institution, he attended Columbia University, where he ranked high as a student. Mr. Driscoll was a faithful and efficient teacher. As a man, he was of strong character and had an unusual influence for good among the deaf. In June, 1909, Miss Alice I. Crampton resigned to accept a position as teacher in the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes. These vacancies were filled by the appointment of Mr. T. Brill, of the Nova Scotia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, and Miss Margaret Jenkins, of the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes.

In the educational department there are twenty-one teachers, each with a class of ten pupils on the average. This department is under the immediate direction of three supervising teachers: Miss Edith M. Buell, Miss Julia M. Connery, and Miss Edith B. Nesbitt. Miss Buell has charge of six advanced classes; Miss Connery of seven intermediate classes; and Miss Nesbitt of eight primary classes. The supervising teachers frequently meet in

consultation with the principal and with one another, and as often as is necessary hold meetings of the teachers of their respective grades.

For some years it has been the policy to have one or two young persons in the school to prepare to become teachers. This has enabled the Institution readily to fill unexpected vacancies in the corps of instructors. In June, 1909, the number of the teachers in training was increased to four.

Levi Goldenberg prizes, for best general improvement during the school year, were awarded as follows:

First prize — Dora Dunker, $15.

Second prize — Bertha Heft, $10.

Class Prizes.

Class IV — Morris London.
Class III — Annie Hamburger.
Class II — Lillie Robinson.
Class I — James Reddy.
Class E — Gertrude Klein.
Class E — Harry Schoenholtz.
Class D — Jennie Adrachinsky.
Class D — Frank Katler.

In the industrial department beginning carpentry under Mr. Hiram Powers, and cooking under Miss Louise Nesbitt, were discontinued in September, 1908. A year later instruction in these branches was restored under the former instructors. In other respects there seems to have been little change in this department. I think it would be well to consider the advisability of adding printing to the industries taught. Comparatively a large number of former pupils have met with success in engraving, designing and other industrial arts. I think some provision should be made, if practicable, for the instruction of those who show artistic ability. Millinery, which seems to be a profitable industry, can be taught at very little additional expense.

Seventeen pupils were under the care of the Institution during all, or the greater part, of the summer vacation. A small staff of supervisors gave them all necessary attention. Other officers

and friends aided in making the vacation of these children pleasant and profitable.

The health of the pupils, I understand, was very good. I have had no reports of serious illness and very few reports of the diseases common among children. From time to time, Dr. E. L. Meierhof, oculist and aurist, has examined the eyes and ears of the pupils and treated free of charge all sent to his office. For further information on this subject I respectfully call your attention to the reports of Dr. Sydney A. Stein, attending physician, and Dr. W. W. Newton, Jr., dentist.

Extensive repairs and improvements were made during the past summer. The walls and ceilings of the halls and many of the rooms were painted; also the roof and a number of the floors; the boilers were rebuilt, the lavatories and bathrooms repaired, the plumbing overhauled, and the roof of the shower bathhouse rebuilt. Changes were made to give additional rooms on the third and fourth floors, and needed repairs were made in the laundry and elsewhere. New flooring was laid in two dormitories, the kitchen, and one of the dining-rooms. In the kitchen, storerooms, and children's dining-room all repairs and changes necessary for kosher equipment were made.

A large part of the repairing was done by the employees of the Institution and at no cost except for material.

I wish to express my sincere gratitude to the board of trustees for their assistance, and to various members for their advice and valuable suggestions in regard to the conduct of the Institution.

For special contributions our thanks are extended to the following persons:

Mrs. Isaac Rosenfeld, toys and games for pupils.

Ladies' Auxiliary Committee, banner for primary classes.

Mr. Wm. Rosenberg, $12.50 for pupils' party, filing case, and work on varnishing.

Mr. David Oberndorf, $12.50 for pupils' party, tickets for various entertainments, and plants for pupils.

Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes, entertainment for pupils.

The Horeb Society, one hundred Bibles.

Mrs. L. S. Hendricks, ice cream and cakes on several occasions.

Paul Herzog, Esq., tickets for various entertainments.

Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show, tickets for pupils.
Mrs. K. Iminishi, $5 for pupils' New Year's presents.
Ringling Brothers' Circus, tickets for pupils.
Mrs. H. Hamilton, $10 for pupils' New Year's presents.
The Hippodrome, tickets for pupils.
Mrs. Wm. Chamberlain, 12 dressed dolls.
Miss Carola Kip, toys for pupils.
Unknown Friends, various games and toys.
The Children's Aid Society, summer outings for pupils.
Temple Emanu-El, use of vestry room for exhibition of school work.
Standard Oil Co., oil for schoolroom use.
Helix Needle Co., needles for schoolroom use.
Walter Baker Co., cocoa for schoolroom use.
Washburn Crosby Co., flour for schoolroom use.
George H. Clark, thread for schoolroom use.
Corn Products Refining Co., corn products for schoolroom use.

Respectfully submitted,

HARRIS TAYLOR,

Principal.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN.

To the Board of Trustees of the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes:

Gentlemen.— Herewith I have the honor to submit to you my report for the past six months, the time I have served the Institution since the demise of the late lamented Dr. Ludwig M. Michaelis.

We have had no serious cases under treatment. There were twelve cases in the form of a mild epidemic of chicken pox; also three cases of mumps. At the special school inspection which I have instituted to be held after every long vacation, one case of diphtheria was discovered. It was immediately isolated and it speaks volumes for the efficiency of our isolation facilities that we were thus enabled to prevent the further spread of the disease. One case of fracture of the forearm and the usual unimportant illnesses complete the list of diseases which, for an Institution of this character, is a very good record. It speaks for the sanitary, dormitory, and food arrangements as all very excellent.

During my inspection this fall I again noticed the very numerous cases of adenoid vegetations which exist among our pupils. I hope to make a vigorous campaign and be able to report good results therefrom at a subsequent date.

There were no deaths in the Institution.

I wish to thank the officers and teachers for their uniform courtesy and ready co-operation whenever any suggestion was offered for the care or safety of children in their classes.

Respectfully submitted,

SYDNEY A. STEIN,

Attending Physician.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING DENTIST.

To the Board of Trustees:

GENTLEMEN: Your attending dentist has the honor to offer the following annual report for your consideration:

During the past year, the usual cases of abscess and toothache have been treated, and the demand for such treatment has been found to be again continuous with special emphasis upon the new pupils whose teeth always form a contrast that is essentially characteristic. I have noticed some considerable care of the teeth by the older pupils who have received my past attention. Conservation of the deciduous teeth has been sought wherever their function was apparent and their presence not interfering with normal eruption of the permanent teeth. I am happy to record no cases of marked unusual gravity among so many patients. I wish to acknowledge my thanks to Dr. Wm. Carr, for his advice in consultation, in his capacity as consulting oral surgeon, and also the assistance rendered by Miss Hess in capacity as dental nurse and assistant, and to the principal for his support and interest in the dental infirmary. The following list of operations were completed during the past year:

Cases of pulpitis treated	236
Treatment of pericimentitis	102
Chronic indolent abscess	8
Cleanings	387
Extractions for purpose of regulation	131
Extractions for purpose of normal eruption	116
Extractions of divided roots of useless teeth	70
Amalgam fillings	307
Cement fillings	111

Respectfully submitted,

WM. WILBERFORCE NEWTON, JR.

D. D. S.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING AUGUST 31, 1909.

To the Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, 904 Lexington avenue, New York:

GENTLEMEN: The Finance Committee reports that since the last annual meeting the financial condition of our Institution has been greatly improved by the donation through the agency of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions and the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes, of the sum of $30,000. The circumstances connected with such donations and the conditions under which they were made, are set forth in detail in the report of the president. In addition, there has been a further substantial improvement in the financial condition of the Institution by increasing the list of donors, patrons and members, as follows:

New donors	2
New patrons	10
New members	125

The report of the treasurer submitted to this meeting for the fiscal year ending August 31, 1909, departs from the precedent of previous treasurer's reports, in setting forth in much greater detail than heretofore, the financial affairs of the Institution. Your committee refers to such report for the detailed statement of the financial condition of the Institution and the budget for the year 1909-10 therein contained.

The vouchers, receipts and books of the Association and of its officers, have been carefully examined and found correct. The bank books and vouchers of the deposit account, have also been audited, found correct and in good order.

Respectfully submitted,

BENJAMIN MORDECAI,

Chairman.

Dated New York, January 30, 1910.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER FOR THE FISCAL YEAR FROM AUGUST 31, 1908, TO AUGUST 31, 1909.

Receipts.

New York State	$31,681 14	
New York county	22,618 15	
Kings county	5,578 38	
Queens county	444 89	
Albany county	30 00	
Columbia county	130 81	
Delaware county	300 00	
Nassau county	30 00	
Orange county	60 00	
Putnam county	30 00	
Washington county	300 00	
Westchester county	1,830 00	
		$63,033 37
Pay pupils		450 00
Dues of members		2,530 00
Dues of patrons		1,000 00
Donations		30,678 70
Dues of donors		600 00
Interests on deposits		90 61
Samuel Sachs, special guarantee fund		845 00
Estate of Philip Walter		250 00
From all other sources		433 84
Total receipts		$99,911 52
Balance on hand August 31, 1908		2,856 24
		$102,767 76

Disbursements.

Industrial school supplies	$315 06
Salaries and wages	31,517 42

Provisions and supplies	$20,951 71
Clothing, boots and shoes	6,122 54
Fuel and light	7,298 00
Medicine and medical services	379 35
Furniture, beds and bedding	1,622 21
Printing and postage	464 00
Ordinary repairs	4,005 76
Insurance and taxes	683 27
School supplies	506 86
Miscellaneous	1,096 21
Exchange	2 99
Interest payable	3,412 50
Borrowed money	14,200 00
Total expenditures	$92,577 88
Balance on hand August 31, 1909	10,189 88
	$102,767 76

Earnings.

Dues of pupils, invoiced	$72,030 80	
Dues of pupils accrued but not invoiced	4,814 00	
Donations	30,678 70	
Dues of members	2,530 00	
Dues of patrons	1,000 00	
Dues of donors	600 00	
Legacy	250 00	
Interest on deposits	90 61	
Total earnings		$111,994 11

Expenses.

Industrial school supplies	$341 30
Provisions and supplies	15,846 58
Clothing, boots and shoes	5,623 52
Fuel and light	4,392 00

Medicine and medical services.....	$248 55	
Furniture, beds and bedding.....	1,562 82	
Printing, postage	437 12	
Ordinary repairs	3,626 86	
School supplies	478 74	
Insurance and taxes.....	681 27	
Salaries and wages.....	31,552 42	
Miscellaneous	750 21	
Total expenses		$65,541 49
Excess earnings over expenses.....		$46,452 62

DONATIONS RECEIVED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING AUGUST 31, 1909.

Received from the Committee on Dependent Children of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, by the hand of Samuel D. Levy, Acting chairman, checks for the following amounts:

Jacob H. Schiff	$15,000 00	
Horeb school through Dr. H. Pereira Mendes	5,500 00	
Adolph Lewisohn	2,500 00	
Guggenheim Sons	1,000 00	
Louis Marshall	1,000 00	
Mortimer L. Schiff	1,000 00	
Arthur Lehman	500 00	
Mrs. Isaac Rosenfeld	500 00	
Temple Emanu-El	500 00	
Nathan Herrman	500 00	
Louis Stern	250 00	
Gustave Blumenthal	250 00	
Lee Kohns	250 00	
Chas. A. Wimpfheimer	250 00	
Chas. Dittman	200 00	
Samuel Schafer	100 00	
Joseph H. Cohen	100 00	
James Seligman	100 00	
Uriah Herrman	100 00	
Ernst Thalman	100 00	
Henry Sidenberg	100 00	
Henry Wollman	73 00	
Moses Weinman	50 00	
Cyrus L. Sulzberger	25 00	
Sol. Kohn	25 00	
Samuel D. Levy	25 00	
M. Wolfskehl	2 00	
		$30,000 00

Direct Donations:		
Dr. L. M. Michaelis	$225 00	
A "Friend" in memory Dr. L. M. Michaelis	10 00	
Estate, Edward Lewisohn	50 00	
S. S. Stroock & Co.	50 00	
Silas Schwartz	10 00	
Frederick Goldsmith	100 00	
Ladies' Auxiliary	216 70	
Four little children of Long Branch:		
Ida Goldstein	1 00	
Alma Goldstein	1 00	
Elsa Merowitz	1 00	
Alva Meyer	1 00	
Children of Congregation of Adjudeth Jeshorim	13 00	
		$678 70
		$30,678 70

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF THE ASSOCIATION.

In the Matter of the Application of "The Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes" to Become a Body Corporate.

The subscribers being of full age, citizens of the United States and citizens of and residents within the State of New York, hereby certify that they desire to associate themselves together for benevolent, charitable and scientific purposes hereinafter expressed; and that they and their successors may become a body politic and corporate under and by virtue of the act of the Legislature of the State of New York for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies, passed April 12, 1848, and the acts amendatory thereof, they do hereby, in compliance with the same acts, make, sign and acknowledge this certificate in writing as follows, to wit:

Firstly.

The name and title by which such society shall be known in law is "The Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes."

Secondly.

The business thereof shall be conducted in the city and county of New York.

Thirdly.

The particular business and objects thereof shall be:

To introduce the articulate method of instructing deaf-mutes as practiced in Germany, by the establishment of an institution based upon the eclectic system.

To provide for the instruction and support of poor deaf-mutes.

Fourthly.

The trustees of this society shall be fifteen in number.

Fifthly.

The names of the trustees of such society for the first year of its existence as a corporation are as follows: Mark Blumenthal, Isaac Rosenfeld, Jacob Silberman, Cornelius Rose, Adolphus G. Mandel, Isaac S. Solomon, S. D. Rosenbaum, Lewis J. Phillips, Philip Frankenheimer, Jonas Senneborn, I. Solis Ritterband, James H. Hoffman, S. M. Peyser, Siegmund T. Meyer, Leopold Bamberger.

In witness whereof they have hereunto set their hands and seals at the city of New York, this 7th day of January, 1869.

[L. S.] MARK BLUMENTHAL.
[L. S.] L. J. PHILLIPS.
[L. S.] JACOB SILBERMAN.
[L. S.] JAMES H. HOFFMAN.
[L. S.] CORNELIUS ROSE.
[L. S.] ISAAC ROSENFELD.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
City and County of New York, } *ss.:*

On the seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, before me personally appeared Mark Blumenthal, Lewis J. Phillips, Jacob Silberman, James H. Hoffman, Cornelius Rose and Isaac Rosenfeld, to me known to be the individuals described in and who execute the foregoing certificate and severally acknowledge to me that they signed and executed the same for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

MEYER S. ISAAC,
Notary Public, New York City.

ENDORSEMENT.

I approve of the within certificate as to its form and manner of execution, and consent that it be filed in the office of the Secretary of State of New York and clerk of the city and county of New York.

Dated, New York, January 8, 1869.

D. P. INGRAHAM,
Justice.

(Filed January 11, 1869.)

STATE OF NEW YORK,
City and County of New York, *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding with the original certificate of incorporation of The Association for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, with the acknowledgment thereto annexed, filed in this office on the ninth day of January, 1869, and hereby certify the same to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said certificate.

Witness my hand and seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

D. WILLIERS, JR.,
Deputy Secretary of State.

BY-LAWS.

Article 1.— Of the Members.

Section 1. There shall be nine grades of members, to wit: associate members, members, patrons, associate donors, donors, contributor life members, life donors and honorary members.

§ 2. Any person may become an associate member, a member, a patron, an associate donor, a donor or a contributor, on being proposed at a regular meeting of the board of trustees or of the association, and elected thereat, or at any subsequent meeting of the board, by a unanimous vote of those present and entitled to vote at such meeting. Associate members shall pay five dollars annually, members shall pay ten dollars annually, patrons shall pay twenty-five dollars annually, associate donors shall pay fifty dollars annually, donors shall pay one hundred dollars annually, and contributors shall pay two hundred and fifty dollars annually.

§ 3. Any person, on payment of five hundred dollars may, in the same manner, be elected a life member; and any person on payment of one thousand dollars may, in the same manner, be elected a life donor.

§ 4. The board of trustees shall have power to elect as honorary members persons of distinction, and such as have rendered eminent service to the association. The said board, by a three-fourths vote of the members present at any regular meeting, shall also have the power to strike from the roll for good and sufficient causes, such as are or may hereafter be elected honorary members, provided notice of such intended action shall have been given at a previous meeting, and the member afforded a reasonable opportunity to present his objection.

§ 5. Members, patrons, associate donors, donors, contributors, life members and life donors only, shall have the privilege of voting or holding office.

§ 6. The board of trustees shall have power to remit the annual dues of any member who shall at the time of the passage of this amendment be a member in good standing of the association.

§ 7. A member of any class who shall be more than twelve months in arrears in the payment of his dues may be stricken from the roll, at any meeting of the board of trustees, without any notice to such member, by a majority vote.

Article II.— Of Meetings.

Section 1. The annual meeting of the association shall take place during the second half of the month of October, at such time and place as the board of trustees shall appoint; written notice thereof shall be sent to each member at least ten days before the date set therefor. At such meeting the trustees for the ensuing year shall be elected, the annual report of the board read, and such other business transacted as may properly come before the meeting. Before the election of trustees at such meeting, two inspectors of election shall be chosen by the members present. They shall act as tellers of the vote, and shall report the result thereof to the president.

§ 2. A special meeting of the members of the association may be called at any time by the board of trustees, and shall be called at any time upon the written application of ten members, duly signed by them and addressed to the secretary.

§ 3. Written notice of any special meeting of the association shall be sent every member at least five days before the day set therefor, and the object of such meeting shall be stated in the call.

§ 4. The members present at any regular meeting of the association shall constitute a quorum. To constitute a quorum at any special meeting at least twenty voting members must be present.

Article III — Of the Board of Trustees.

Section 1. The board of trustees shall consist of fifteen members, who shall be chosen as hereinafter set forth. In it shall be vested all executive powers of the association, and, in particular, the care, maintenance and supervision of the institution carried on by it. It shall have power by a two-thirds vote of all its members to pledge the credit of the association by proper instrument or any other method to borrow money to carry out the purposes of the association.

§ 2. At each annual meeting of the board, five trustees shall be elected by a majority of all the votes cast, who shall take the place of the five trustees whose terms of office then expire. They shall serve for three years, or until their successors respectively are elected or appointed.

§ 3. It shall, at the first meeting following the annual meeting, elect from among its members a president, a first vice-president, a second vice-president, a treasurer, and a secretary, each of whom shall hold office for one year, or until his successor is appointed. It shall, at that meeting, appoint an assistant secretary, who shall hold his position at the pleasure of the board.

§ 4. It shall also at that meeting select from among its members the members of the following committees:

(*a*) The house committee.

(*b*) The school committee.

(*c*) The finance committee.

(*d*) The library and entertainment committee.

And it shall appoint the chairman thereof. Each of these committees shall consist of at least three members.

§ 5. The board shall, at its meeting next preceding the annual meeting of the association, appoint a committee of three, which shall prepare a slate of officers for the ensuing year to submit to the board at its succeeding meeting. The committee shall consist of members of the board or of members of the association, or of both.

§ 6. The board shall have power to appoint special committees at any time, and for any purpose deemed proper by it, and to delegate to such special committees any of its powers.

§ 7. The board of trustees shall submit to the annual meeting of the association a detailed report of the affairs of the association and of the proceedings of the board and of its committees.

§ 8. The board shall fill any vacancy among its members until the next annual meeting of the association.

§ 9. The board shall meet regularly at least once in every month, except in the months of July and August. Special meetings of the board may be called at any time by the president, or by any three trustees by written application duly signed by them addressed to the secretary, and stating the object of the meeting.

Eight members shall constitute a quorum. At any regularly called meeting where less than a quorum shall be present, however, at least five members of the board may constitute themselves an executive committee of the board for the purpose of passing the regular duly audited bills and the transacting of necessary routine business and taking action on such matters as may not bear delay.

§ 10. Written notice of every meeting of the board shall be sent by mail to every member at least three days before the date set therefor.

Article IV.— Of the Officers, Committees and Principal.

Section 1. The president shall preside at all meetings of the members of the association and of the board of trustees; appoint all special committees unless otherwise ordered by the board; sign all orders for the payment of money, and authenticate all documents when so directed by the board. He shall be ex-officio a member of all committees. In the absence of the president the vice-president shall act as president pro tem. In the absence of the president and first vice-president, the second vice-president shall act as president pro tem. In the absence of the president and both vice-presidents the board shall appoint a president pro tem.

The Vice-Presidents.

Section 2. Either vice-president, or any president pro tem, appointed by the board in case of the absence of the president and vice-presidents, or their inability to perform the duties of the office, shall, during such absence or disability, be competent to perform all acts pertaining to the office of president.

The Treasurer.

Section 3. The treasurer shall, before entering upon his duties, give a bond approved as to form and amount by the board of trustees, which shall cover his tenure of office, and be conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties. He shall collect all money due the association, which shall be deposited in the name of the association in banks or trust companies designated by the board; sign orders for all money directed to be paid by the board;

lay before the board at every stated meeting thereof an account of the receipts and expenditures for the preceding month, and of the financial status of the association. He shall have charge of all bonds, mortgages and other securities belonging to the association, which shall be kept under the direction of the committee on finance, and he shall annually submit to the board a detailed list of the same, and shall, prior to the annual meeting of the members of the association in October, submit to the president his annual report up to the fifteenth day of October. In case of the absence of the treasurer, or of his inability to act, he shall appoint for the period of such absence or inability a treasurer pro tem from among the members of the board, who shall incur all obligations and perform all duties incident to the office of treasurer, without, however, relieving the treasurer of his bond.

The Secretary.

Section 4. The secretary shall keep correct minutes of all meetings of the association and of the board of trustees, fair copies of which shall be kept at the institution for the inspection of members of the association. He shall conduct the correspondence of the board, unless otherwise ordered. He shall have the custody of the seal and authenticate all documents when so ordered by the board. He shall countersign all orders for the payment of money. He shall also keep an alphabetical list of the members of the association and submit the same to the inspection of the trustees when so requested. He shall give notice of all meetings of the association and of the board of trustees. The assistant secretary shall be under the supervision and control of the secretary and shall perform the detail work connected with the office.

The House Committee.

Section 5. The house committee shall, under the direction of the board, have charge of the domestic management of the whole institution, of all buildings and repairs thereto. All household supplies and materials for the buildings under its control shall be purchased under its supervision, and it shall carefully examine the monthly salary list of the household officers, the payroll of wages, and all bills, before submitting them to the board for pay-

ment, and no such bill shall be presented to the board unless certified to by a member of the committee in writing; it shall purchase such articles as may be required for the use of the institution in its department; have a careful supervision of the buildings under its control and of the general economy of the institution, and of the health, comfort and safety of the inmates. The chairman may, at his discretion, call a special meeting of the committee on one day's notice, and shall do so on the written request of two members, stating the object thereof. The committee shall keep minutes of its proceedings and make a report thereof to the board at every regular meeting.

The School Committee.

Section 6. The school committee shall, under the direction of the board, have charge of the educational work of the institution, including the industrial department. It shall appoint all teachers, and instructors in industrial work; it shall approve of all school books before the same are introduced into the school; it shall see that the school is properly supplied with all articles requisite for the proper instruction of the pupils; it shall submit to the board any measure which in its opinion would advance the education of the pupils. It shall carefully examine the monthly salary list of the teachers and instructors and all bills for educational supplies before presenting them to the board for payment, and no such bills shall be presented to the board unless certified to by a member of the committee in writing; it shall purchase such articles as may be required for the use of the institution in its department; it shall have charge of the admission and dismissal of pupils. It shall be its duty to enforce all educational regulations in the institution, to punish any infraction thereof, to see that proper discipline is maintained in the school rooms; it shall provide for an annual examination of the pupils. The principal shall be a member of the school committee and shall act as its secretary. The chairman may call a special meeting of the committee on one day's notice, and shall do so on the written request of two members of the committee, stating the object thereof. The committee shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings and make a report thereof to the board at every meeting.

The Finance Committee.

Section 7. The finance committee shall, under the direction of the board, have charge of the finances of the association, and shall see to the insurance of its property, and shall in conjunction with the treasurer, make such investments as the board may authorize and examine and audit the treasurer's annual account. It shall make a detailed report of the condition of the finances of the association whenever requested. It shall make up for the annual meeting of the association the budget for the ensuing year, which shall be incorporated in the report of the board, and shall before that meeting submit to the president a detailed statement of the financial transactions of the association during the preceding year.

The Library and Entertainment Committee.

Section 8. The library and entertainment committee shall have general charge of the library and supervision over the librarian. It shall provide for the suitable entertainment and recreation of the pupils.

The Principal.

Section 9. The institution shall be under the direct management and supervision of a principal who shall be appointed by the board of trustees. He shall be its responsible representative, and shall be accountable to it and to its committees for the orderly management of all departments of the institution. His duties shall be more particularly defined by the board of trustees and its committees, and he shall be at all times subject to their instructions.

Article V.— Of Funds.

Section 1. None of the funds of the association shall be paid out except upon order of the board or its executive committee, and then only upon a warrant of its president and treasurer, duly countersigned by the secretary. In the case of the inability or absence of the president, such warrants shall be signed by the first or second vice-president, and in the case of the absence or inability of the secretary, it shall be countersigned by the chairman of the finance committee.

Article VI.— Order of Business.

Section 1. Order of business for the meetings of the board of trustees shall be as follows:

1. Reading of minutes.
2. Reports by the chair.
3. Treasurer's report.
4. Reports of standing committees.
5. Reports of special committees.
6. Nomination and election of members.
7. Unfinished business.
8. New business.

§ 2. Order of business for annual meetings of the association shall be as follows:

1. Reading of minutes.
2. Annual report of the board of trustees.
3. Reports of special committees.
4. Election of trustees.
5. Unfinished business.
6. New business.

Article VII.— Amendments.

Section 1. These by-laws may be amended at any meeting of the board of trustees by a vote of two-thirds of the members present, provided that the general form of the proposed amendment shall have been embodied in the notice of the said meeting and sent to all the members of the board at least one week before the meeting.

REGULATIONS OF THE MEDICAL BOARD.

I. The medical board shall consist of five members, to wit: the regular attending physician, an oculist and aurist, a dermatologist, a surgeon, a consulting physician and the chairman of the house committee of the board of trustees. The latter shall be chairman of the medical board.

II. The members of this board shall be appointed annually by the board of trustees during the months of January in each year, and shall hold their office during the pleasure of the board of trustees. There shall also be appointed a regular dentist to the institution.

III. The duties of the attending physician shall be:

1. To promptly examine each proposed pupil, and report as to his acceptability to the principal.

2. To visit the institution upon Monday and Friday of each week.

3. To make such an examination of each pupil during the month of October in each year, and at such intervals thereafter as shall, in his opinion and the opinion of the medical board, be necessary to properly safeguard the health of the pupils. There shall, however, be not less than three such examinations during each school year.

4. To keep, or cause to be kept, in a book to be provided for that purpose, an accurate record of the medical condition of each pupil in the institution, showing his condition at entrance and at each examination held as above provided for, together with such additional medical history of each of said pupils.

5. To investigate any cases of disease or illness occurring within the institution in pupils or other inmates, and to take such measures as may be proper to protect the health of the pupils and inmates of the institution.

6. To examine into and take measures to safeguard the sanitary condition of the institution and its inmates.

7. To make a report to the regular monthly meeting of the

board of trustees of the medical and sanitary condition of the institution and its pupils.

IV. It shall be the duty of the aurist to promptly examine each admitted pupil and to cause the result of his examination to be incorporated in the medical records of the institution. He shall also take such measures to improve the conditions of the organs of the pupils examined by him as his investigation shall show to be proper, provided there is no objection made by the parent or guardian after due notice.

V. It shall be the duty of the various specialist members of the medical board to attend such cases as shall lie within their province; these cases shall be sent to them by the attending physician whenever in his opinion his services shall be required.

VI. There shall be a meeting of the medical board during the month of February in each year, the exact date of which shall be fixed by the chairman. There shall be meetings of the medical board at such other times as the chairman shall consider necessary. A meeting of the board shall be called at any time by the chairman at the request of any two of its members.

RULES GOVERNING LADIES' AUXILIARY COMMITTEE.

First.— The Ladies' Auxiliary Committee shall consist of not more than fifteen members, who shall be appointed by the board of trustees annually at the first meeting after the annual meeting.

Second.— The committee shall meet at the institution at least once a month; it shall organize itself into subcommittees for the proper superintendence of its work.

Third.— The committee, by its subcommittees, shall visit the schoolrooms, the sewing classes, the linen-room, and the living-rooms and dormitories; it shall have full right and opportunity to inspect any part of the building, and shall confer with the officials of the institution from time to time.

Fourth.— The committee shall report in writing to the chairman of the school or house committee, throughout the month, as circumstances may dictate, and the chairman of these respective committees shall act immediately on all points in these reports within their jurisdiction. These reports, together with the regular monthly report of the Ladies' Auxiliary Committee, shall then be read by the secretary at the next regular monthly meeting of the board of trustees.

LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK RELATIVE TO THE CARE AND EDUCATION OF THE DEAF.

CHAPTER 325.

An Act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf-mutes under the age of twelve years, as amended April twelfth, eighteen hundred and seventy.

Passed April 25, 1862.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Whenever a deaf-mute child, under the age of twelve years shall become a charge for its maintenance on any of the towns or counties of this state, or shall be liable to become such charge, it shall be the duty of the overseer of the poor of such town, or of any supervisor of the county where such child may be, to place such child in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, or in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes.

§ 2. Any person, guardian or friend of a deaf-mute child, within this state, over the age of six years and under the age of twelve years, may make application to the overseer of the poor of any town, or to any supervisor of the county where such child may be, showing by satisfactory affidavit or other proof that the health, morals or comfort of such child may be endangered, or not properly cared for, and thereupon it shall be the duty of such overseer or supervisors, if satisfied that the parents or natural protectors of such child are, or such child is, in indigent circumstances, to place such child in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, or in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes.

§ 3. The children placed in said institution, in pursuance of the foregoing sections, shall be maintained therein at the expense of the county from whence they came, provided that such expense shall not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars each per year, until

they attain the age of twelve years, unless the director of said institution shall find, as to any such child, that it is not a proper subject to remain in said institution.

§ 4. The expense for the board, tuition and clothing of such deaf-mute children, placed as aforesaid in said institution, not exceeding the amount of one hundred and fifty dollars per year, above allowed, shall be raised and collected as are other expenses, for the support of the poor of the county from which said child shall be received; and the bills therefor, properly authenticated by the principal, or one of the officers of said institution, shall be paid to said institution by said county; and its county treasurer or chamberlain, as the case may be, is hereby directed to pay the same on presentation, so that the amount thereof may be borne by the proper county.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

CHAPTER 725.

AN ACT to increase the compensation authorized by an act entitled "An act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf-mutes under the age of twelve years," passed April twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Passed April 24, 1867.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The expenses of the board, tuition and clothing of the children under the age of twelve years placed in the New York Institution for the Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, or in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, pursuant to the provisions of the third and fourth sections of chapter three hundred and twenty-five, laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-three, shall, until otherwise directed by law, be estimated at the rate of two hundred and thirty dollars per capita, instead of the amount therein provided.

§ 2. This act shall take effect September first, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

[Extract from Chapter 552, Laws of 1864, title 1, section 8.]

Every indigent person, resident of this state, between twelve and twenty-five years of age, whose parent or parents, or if an orphan, whose nearest friend, shall have been resident in this state for three years preceding, and who may make application for that purpose, shall be received, if deaf and dumb, in the Institution for Deaf and Dumb; provided his or her application be approved by the superintendent of public instruction; and in those cases where, in his opinion, absolute indigence is not established, he may approve of such application, and at the same time may impose conditions whereby some proportionate share of the expenses of educating and clothing such pupils shall be paid in the treasury by their parents, guardians or friends, in such way and manner, and at such time or times as he shall designate, which condition he may subsequently modify as he shall deem expedient.

CHAPTER 180.

An Act relative to the care and education of deaf-mutes.

Passed April 12, 1875; three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Sections one and two, an act entitled "An act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf-mutes under the age of twenty years" passed April twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, are severally hereby amended by adding to and inserting therein after the words "New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb" whenever the same occur in said sections, respectively, the words following, viz., "or the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes."

§ 2. All provisions of law now existing, fixing the expense of the board, tuition and clothing of children under twelve years placed in the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, shall apply to children who may, from time to time be placed in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of

Deaf-Mutes, in the same manner and with like effect as if said last-mentioned institution had also been originally named in the acts fixing such compensation, and as if said acts had provided for the payment thereof to the institution last-mentioned, and the bills therefor, properly authenticated by the principal, or one of the officers of the last-mentioned institution, shall be paid to said institution by the counties respectively from which such children were severally received, and the county treasurer or chamberlain, as the case may be, is hereby directed to pay the same on presentation, so that the amount thereof may be borne by the proper county.

§ 3. Sections nine and ten of title one of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the general acts relating to the public instruction," passed May second, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, are hereby amended, so that the same shall extend and apply to the said "Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes," in the like manner and with the like effect as if the said last-mentioned institution as well as the other therein mentioned, had originally been named in the said sections respectively.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

CHAPTER 213.

AN ACT relative to the care and education of deaf-mutes.

Passed April 29, 1875; three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter three hundred and twenty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-three, entitled "An act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf-mutes under the age of twelve years, as amended by chapter one hundred and eighty of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy, and chapter five hundred and forty-eight of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one," is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

§ 1. Whenever a deaf-mute child, under the age of twelve

years, shall become a charge for its maintenance on any of the towns or counties of this state or shall be liable to become such charge, it shall be the duty of the overseer of the poor of the town, or of the supervisors of said county, to place such child in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, or in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, or in the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes in the city of Buffalo, or in the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes in the city of Rome, or in any institution in the state for the education of deaf-mutes.

§ 2. Section two of chapter three hundred and twenty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-three, as amended by chapter one hundred and eighty of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy, and chapter five hundred and forty-eight of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one, is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

§ 2. Any parent, guardian or friend of a deaf-mute child, within this state, over the age of six years and under the age of twelve years may make application to the overseer of the poor of any town, or to any supervisor of the county where such child may be, showing by satisfactory affidavit or other proof, that the health, morals or comforts of such child may be endangered, or not properly cared for, and thereupon it shall be the duty of such overseer or supervisor to place such child in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, or in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, or in the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes in the city of Buffalo, or in the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes in the city of Rome, or in any institution in the state for the education of deaf-mutes.

§ 3. Sections three and four of chapter three hundred and twenty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 3. The children placed in said institutions, in pursuance of the foregoing sections, shall be maintained therein at the expense of the county from whence they came, provided such expense shall not exceed three hundred dollars each per year, until they attain the age of twelve years, unless the directors of the institution, to

which a child has been sent, shall find that such child is not a proper subject to remain in said institution.

§ 4. The expenses for board, tuition and clothing for such deaf-mute children, placed as aforesaid in said institutions not exceeding the amount of three hundred dollars per year, above allowed, shall be raised and collected as are the other expenses of the county from which such children shall be received; and the bills therefor, properly authenticated by the principal or one of the officers of the institution, shall be paid to said institution by the said county; and its county treasurer or chamberlain, as the case may be, is hereby directed to pay the same on presentation, so that the amount thereof may be borne by the proper authorities.

§ 5. Sections nine and ten of title one of chapter five hundred and fifty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-four, entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to public instruction," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 9. Every person resident in this state, between twelve and twenty-five years of age, whose parent or parents, or if an orphan, whose nearest friend shall have been a resident in this state for the three years preceding, and who may make application for that purpose, shall be received into one of the following-named institutions, viz.: The New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes in the city of Buffalo, or the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes in the city of Rome, or in any institution in this state for the education of deaf-mutes,* either of the institutions aforesaid shall be provided with board, lodging and tuition, and the directors of said institution shall receive for each pupil so provided for the sum of three hundred dollars per annum, in quarterly payments, to be paid by the treasurer of the state, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the treasurer of said institution, on his presenting a bill showing the actual time and number of such pupils attending the institution, and which bill shall be signed by the president and secretary of the institution, and verified by their oaths. The regular term of instruction of such pupil shall be five years; but the superintend-

* So in original.

ent of public instruction may, in his discretion, extend the term of any pupil for a period not exceeding three years. The pupils provided for in this and the preceding section of this title shall be designated state pupils, and all the existing provisions of law applicable to state pupils now in said institution shall apply to pupils herein provided for.

§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

CHAPTER 36.

AN ACT to further amend an act, entitled "An act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf-mutes under the age of twelve years (chapter three hundred and twenty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-three)," passed April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Approved by the governor, February 18, 1892; passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two of chapter three hundred and twenty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-three, as heretofore amended, is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

§ 2. Any parent, guardian or friend of a deaf-mute child, within this state, over the age of five years and under the age of twelve years, may make application to the overseer of the poor of any town or to any supervisor of the county where such child may be, showing, by satisfactory affidavit or other proof, that the health, morals or comfort of such child may be endangered, or not properly cared for, and thereupon it shall be the duty of such overseer or supervisor to place such child in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, or in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, or in the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes in the city of Buffalo, or in the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes in the city of Rome, or in the Albany Home School

for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf at Albany, or in any institution in the state for the education of deaf-mutes, as to which the board of state charities shall have made and filed with the superintendent of public instruction a certificate to the effect that said institution has been duly organized and is prepared for the reception and instruction of such pupils.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

1. This institution is intended for children who are either entirely or partially deaf, in consequence of congenital or adventitious deafness, and who cannot be educated in common schools.

2. Candidates for admission must be over five and under fourteen years of age, of ordinary intelligence and constitutional vigor, and free from contagious disease. They must pass a satisfactory medical examination regarding these points.

3. Pay pupils are charged $300 for the scholastic year, payable semi-annually in advance. This sum provides for tuition, board, washing and medical treatment in ordinary cases of sickness. Pay pupils who do not board and lodge in the institution are charged $225 a year.

4. Pupils between the ages of five and twelve years to be supported at public expense are admitted to the institution by a certificate from the county supervisor. Those over twelve must procure, either directly or through the principal of the institution, a certificate from the Commissioner of Education at Albany. Blanks and all information as to these requirements will be cheerfully furnished on application to the principal.

5. All pay pupils entering the institution are admitted for the current school year. No deduction will be made from the annual charge in consequence of absence or on any account whatsoever, nor will the tuition fee, or any portion thereof, be refunded in case of withdrawal of pupils before the expiration of the school term.

6. The board of trustees reserves to itself and its officers the right to dismiss any pupil.

7. The regular scholastic work of the school extends from the first Wednesday in September to the third Wednesday in June. The school building is open all the year round.

8. All inquiries and applications for the admission of pupils must be made to the principal at the institution.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell
Hon. Charles C. Burlingham
James C. Colgate, Esq.
Hon. Charles M. Hough
Dr. Abraham Jacobi
Hon. Eugene A. Philbin
Hon. Samuel Greenbaum

LIFE MEMBERS.

Asiel, E.
August, Elias
August, Geo.
Baer, Morris B.
Bernheim, Chas. L.
Bliss, Hon. Cornelius N.
Blumenthal, Mrs. George
Blumenthal, George
Bonn, Wm. B.
Budge, Henry
Chaim, Dr. L. M.
Einstein, David L.
Fischel, Jacob
Goldman, Mrs. M.
Goldsmith, Daniel
Goldsmith, Louis
Grissler, Gottleib
Guggenheim, Daniel
Hammerslough, Edward
Heidelbach, Alfred S.
Heilburn, Adolph
Herrman, Nathan
Herzog, Max
Ickelheimer, Henry R.
Juillard, A. D.
Krohn, Franz
Levy, Samuel
Lewisohn, Adolph
Loth, Joseph
Loth, Mrs. Joseph
MacLean, A.
Mandel, Leon
Marshall, Louis
Mandell, Kaufmann
Mertens, Wm.
Meyer, Max
Munzesheimer, H.
Nathan, Harmon H.
Nathan, Max
Naumberg, E.
Neustadt, Sigmund
Rosenbaum, S. D.
Rothfeld, Sol
Rothschild, Jacob
Rothschild, Ludwig
Rothschild, William
Sachs, Samuel
Schiffer, L. G.
Schoolherr, Louis
Seeberger, Louis
Shepard, Fred M.
Sidenberg, Henry
Siedenburg, Rhinehard
Smith, John L.
Speyer, James
Stein, A. N.
Stieglitz, Edward
Straus, Adolph
Straus, Hon. Oscar S.
Townsend, F. R.

Victor, George F.
Warburg, F. M.
Weill, Alexander
Wendell, Jacob
Wiemuth, Carl
Yankauer, E.
Zucker, Alfred

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Hirschhorn, Charles
Hirschhorn, Frederick
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Gottheil, Paul
Schiff, Jacob H.

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Mordecai, Benjamin

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Davis, H. C.
Dreyfus, Ludwig
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Goldenberg, Samuel L.
Guggenheim, Mrs. William
Guggenheim, Max
Harrison, Hon. F. Burton
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Heyman, Samuel
Hineman, M.
Hirsh, Samuel
Housman, Clarence J.
Housman, Fred
Isaacs, Bendet
Knapp, H. K.
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Lehman, Meyer H.
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Lewisohn, Jesse
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Plaut, Albert
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Sachs, Harry
Sachs, Samuel

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Sielcken, Herman
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Stern, Mrs. B.
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Straus, Isidor
Valk, Edward

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[Names of regular members printed in italics are paying members.]

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Goldsmith, August
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THE

Society of the New York Hospital

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR 1909

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 31, 1910

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1910

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ALBERT F. VEEDER . . . . . (House of Relief).

ENDOWED BEDS.

Chapter XIX of the By-laws provides that a donation of five thousand dollars ($5,000) to the general funds of the Hospital shall entitle the donor thereof and his of her successors in perpetuity to nominate a patient from time to time to use and occupy one bed in the general wards of the main Hospital, free of charge.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON GERRY
1886.

ANNA PEABODY WAINWRIGHT
IN MEMORY OF
JOHN TILLOTSON WAINWRIGHT
1901.

MARGARET J. PLANT
(TWO BEDS)
IN MEMORY OF HER BROTHER
SIMON LOUGHMAN
1902.

NATHANIEL WHITMAN
1903.

HOWARD WILLETS
IN MEMORY OF HIS SON
JACK WILLETS
1904.

HARRIETTE M. ARNOLD
ST. GEORGE BED
HICKS ARNOLD
1904.

MARIA L. CAMPBELL
IN MEMORY OF DUNCAN PEARSALL CAMPBELL
GOVERNOR 1818–1827.
1905.

HENRY F. AND BLANCHE QUIGGLE SHOEMAKER
IN MEMORY OF THEIR SON
WILLIAM BROCK SHOEMAKER
1906.

CATHERINE L. R. CATLIN
IN MEMORY OF HER BROTHER
N. W. STUYVESANT CATLIN
1906.

KATE FEARING WELMAN
IN MEMORY OF HER FATHER
CHARLES EDWARD STRONG
1908.

FANNY A. HAVEN
IN MEMORY OF HER HUSBAND
GEORGE GRISWOLD HAVEN
1909.

JOEL S. MASON
IN MEMORY OF HIS PARENTS
JOEL WHITNEY MASON
AND
MARY ELIZABETH MASON
1909.

ELIZABETH M. BLISS
1909.

ANNUAL ENDOWED BEDS.

Chapter XIX of the By-laws provides that a donation of three hundred dollars ($300) to the general funds of the Hospital shall entitle the donor for one year to nominate a patient from time to time to use and occupy one bed in the general wards of the main Hospital, free of charge.

NEW YORK TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION NUMBER SIX

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 53

IN ASSEMBLY

MARCH 31, 1910

TO THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

The Governors of the Society of the New York Hospital respectfully present their Annual Report of the state of the Institutions under their charge for the year 1909, as required by law.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE GOVERNORS OF THE SOCIETY OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITAL FOR THE YEAR 1909.

In conformity with the provisions of its charter, granted by Royal authority June 13, 1771, in the reign of King George III, the Governors of the Society of the New York Hospital present their Annual Report, consisting of the report of the Treasurer and of the several institutions under their control and management, as follows:

The Hospital at Fifteenth Street, the Private Hospital at Sixteenth Street, the House of Relief at Hudson Street, the Department for the Treatment of Mental Diseases, known as Bloomingdale and the Convalescent cottages at White Plains, Westchester County.

The number of individuals who received care and treatment in all departments during the past year reached the surprising total of 63,709, divided as follows:

NEW YORK HOSPITAL, FIFTEENTH-SIXTEENTH STREETS:		
In Wards	11,032	
Private Rooms	440	
Out-Patient Department	16,720	
Treated by Ambulance Surgeons and not brought to the Hospital	1,809	
		30,001
HOUSE OF RELIEF, HUDSON STREET:		
In Wards	3,015	
Out-Patient Department	28,191	
Treated by Ambulance Surgeons and not brought to the House of Relief	1,462	
		32,668
BLOOMINGDALE HOSPITAL, WHITE PLAINS:		
Psychopathic Department		476
CONVALESCENT COTTAGES, WHITE PLAINS:		
Men	89	
Women	158	
Children	317	
		564
		63,709

In addition, it may be noted that the two city branches, at Fifteenth Street and Hudson street, together received no less than 8,839 ambulance calls.

These large figures suggest in some measure the great scope and variety of the work of this Society, and the vast amount of relief it affords in cases of sickness and accident. The annexed reports serve to show more fully the results accomplished as well as the nature of certain features of the work, which are not capable of presentation by mere statistics.

From an examination of these reports it will be apparent that this great work is now carried on under serious difficulties, that many avenues of usefulness are closed for lack of means, and that the Society is spending the whole of its present income in current expenses and in essential renewals and replacements. Moreover, the demands upon the funds of the Society continually increase. To take a single instance, what is called Social Service — watching over those who have been discharged from the wards, or guiding and advising those who are treated in the Out-Patient Departments, particularly in cases of tuberculosis — is a most promising field of endeavor which may, in time, require the expenditure of much more money than at present, if it is to be thoroughly cultivated.

The Society of the New York Hospital already possesses large means which, it is believed are being used to excellent advantage. Its high record of achievement during much more than a century, is a guarantee of sound methods and fine traditions. And a relatively moderate addition to its income would enable it to increase very greatly the beneficent results of its many-sided work.

Already the Society is annually caring for more than sixty-three thousand persons suffering from accident or disease. That number might be almost doubled and the causes of medical education and research might be greatly advanced by the gift to this Society of a sum of money really trifling in comparison with what would be needed to attain anything like the same results through a new institution.

The City of New York is growing and the standards both of medical science and charitable endeavor are higher every day. The New York Hospital cannot stand still.

The Governors of the Hospital, therefore, earnestly invite attention to the great public benefits resulting from the several institutions under their charge, and to the importance of enlarging the means of usefulness of those establishments in order to meet the rapidly increasing demands of this cosmopolitan city.

We regret the loss of the distinguished services of Dr. George L. Peabody and Dr. Lewis A. Stimson. Dr. Peabody was for twenty-six years Attending Physician to the Hospital, and Dr. Stimson served as Attending Surgeon to the hospital and House of Relief for twenty-two years. We would also record our sense of the loss to the Hospital and the community in the death of Dr. William T. Bull, formerly Attending Surgeon to the Hospital and the House of Relief, and at the time of his death a Consulting Surgeon to the Hospital. The Board adopted resolutions expressing their appreciation of the service these gentlemen had rendered the Hospital.

On May 1st, Dr. Thomas Howell assumed the duties of Superintendent of the Hospital in West 15th and 16th streets, succeeding Mr. George P. Ludlam. Dr. Howell, before accepting this position, was Superintendent of the Worcester City Hospital, Worcester, Mass.

In October, Mr. Herman A. Knoll resigned as Assistant Superintendent of the House of Relief and was succeeded by Miss Susan V. Gifford, formerly Matron of the same institution.

The Governors gratefully acknowledged the following gifts: From Mrs. Elizabeth M. Bliss, $5,000, for endowing a bed in the Hospital; from Mrs. Fanny A. Haven, $5,000, for endowing a bed in the Hospital in memory of her husband, George Griswold Haven; also a legacy of $5,000 from the estate of Joel S. Mason, for endowing a bed in the Hospital in memory of his parents, Joel Whitney Mason and Mary Elizabeth Mason.

GEORGE L. RIVES,
President.

HENRY W. CRANE,
Secretary.

New York, *February* 1, 1910.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR 1909

INCOME.				
Balance Cash on hand, January 1, 1909			$23,894.26	
Balance Certificate of Deposit, January 1, 1909			44,414.58	
RENTS, INTEREST, ETC.:				
Ground Rents, 5th Ward	$144,440.00			
Interest on Bonds, etc.	110,522.35			
Ray Trust Income (For Pathological Dept.)	3,000.00			
Fogg Trust Income (For general purposes)	800.00			
Green Trust Income (For Bloomingdale Psychopathic Dept.)	8,120.38			
Rents 317–319 Braodway	21,744.22			
Interest on balances U. S. Trust Co	1,685.44			
Interest on balances Bloomingdale Deposits	696.32			
		$291,008.71		
RECEIPTS FROM PATIENTS:				
Patients' Board, 15th–16th Sts. Hospital	$65,597.09			
Out-Patients & Sundries 15th–16th Sts. Hospital	12,736.85			
Patients' Board, Out-Patients and Sundries, House of Relief	5,350.33			
Patients' Board, Bloomingdale, Psychopathic Dept.	279,430.66			
		363,114.93		
SUNDRY RECEIPTS:				
Typographical Union No. 6, Annual Endowment of Bed	$300.00			
Sundry Gifts	140.00	440.00	654,563.64	
				$722,872.48
PRINCIPAL.				
COLLECTIONS:				
Mortgages, etc., paid off			$341,303.83	
Endowed Beds			10,000.00	
Legacy			5,000.00	
Sale of Real Estate, 12th Ward			7,750.00	
Payment of fire loss, Bloomingdale Stable			9,267.39	
Building and Endowment Fund (Accumulated Interest on Investments)			5,836.82	
Membership Election Fees (4)			160.00	
				379,318.04
Insurance (Unearned premium paid in 1908)				11,569.02
				$1,113,759.54

TREASURER'S REPORT.

PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR 1909.

CURRENT EXPENSES:			
Corporation Expenses, Salaries		$7,424.50	
15th–16th Streets Hospital	$256,713.05		
Pathological Dept.	5,810.56		
		262,523.61	
House of Relief		48,984.45	
Bloomingdale (Psychopathic Dept.)		276,157.46	
Bloomingdale (Campbell Convalescent Cottages)	$28,264.42		
Bloomingdale (Men's Convalescent Cottage)	1,298.00		
		29,562.42	
Legal Services		3,323.10	
Printing, Auditing, and Sundry Expenses		5,307.54	
Taxes, 317–319 Broadway		7,886.78	
			$641,169.86
PRINCIPAL.			
PAYMENTS:			
Investments in Bonds and Mortgages		$85,000.00	
Investments in Railroad and other Bonds		255,452.50	
Furnishings 15th–16th Sts. Hospital		998.05	
Additions to Buildings, 15th–16th Sts. Hospital (Fire Escape)		1,897.00	
Additions to Buildings and Boiler Plant 15th–16th Sts. Hospital (Extraordinary Expense)		20,186.31	
Alterations to House of Relief (Extraordinary Expense)		3,007.01	
Rebuilding Stable, Bloomingdale, destroyed by fire		15,980.50	
Laying Concrete Walk and Playground at Bloomingdale		843.60	
			383,364.97
Insurance (Unearned Premium, 1909)			7,230.13
BALANCE CASH ON HAND, DECEMBER 31, 1909:			$1,031,764.96
General Fund (Income Acct.)	$72,181.70		
General Fund (Income Acct.) (Psychopathic Dept.)	12,715.32		
		$34,897.02	
Green Memorial Fund:			
Income Account	$165.89		
Principal Account	318.41		
Sinking Fund for New York City Bonds	660.19		
		1,144.49	
		$36,041.51	
Less Temporary Overdraft of Principal in Investment of Building and Endowment Fund		4,046.93	
			81,994.58
			$1,113,759.54

The foregoing accounts have been examined and found correct.

TOWNSEND, DIX AND YALE, *Accountants.*

NEW YORK, January 27, 1910.

EDWARD W. SHELDON, *Treasurer.*

RICHARD TRIMBLE,
AUGUSTINE J. SMITH,
J. WOODWARD HAVEN, } *Auditing Committee.*

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT, JANUARY, 1910.

To the Board of Governors: January, 1910.

Gentlemen:—I beg to submit the following report:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS 1908 AND 1909.

Administration Expenses.

	1909.	1908.
Salaries, officers and clerks	$25,010.82	$22,961.33
Office expenses	644.50	464.54
Stationery, printing and postage	2,169.99	2,034.59
Telephone and telegraph	2,028.37	2,067.35
Miscellaneous	92.85	333.45
Total Administration Expenses	$29,946.53	$27,861.26

PROFESSIONAL CARE OF PATIENTS.

Salaries and Wages:				
Physicians	$3,034.00		$3,010.00	
Superintendent of nurses, assistants and instructors	3,681.00		3,834.00	
Nurses	20,107.27		16,962.89	
Special nurses	1,255.36		734.50	
Orderlies	10,228.37		9,362.68	
Ward employees	1,680.00		1,680.00	
Private patient building employees	1,266.00		1,266.00	
Seamstresses	702.70	$41,954.70	658.80	$37,508.87
Equipment for Nurses:				
Uniforms	.....		611.91	
Books	21.40		75.12	
Instruments	.....	21.40	.....	687.03
Medical and Surgical Supplies:				
Apparatus and instruments	1,404.88		1,160.27	
Medical and surgical supplies	13,646.55		16,043.19	
Alcohol, liquors, wines, etc	1,109.67	16,161.10	1,098.44	18,301.90
Dispensary:				
Salaries and labor	4,988.72		4,321.96	
Supplies	4,834.35	9,823.07	5,146.97	9,468.93
Emergency Ward		1,374.87		1,566.86
		$69,335.14		
Less cash received from nurses for uniforms		209.70		
Total Professional Care of Patients		$69,125.44		$67,533.59

DEPARTMENT EXPENSES.

		1909.		1908.	
AMBULANCE:	Labor	$779.30		$783.18	
	Supplies	815.71	$1,595.01	4,230.06	$5,013.24
PATHOLOGICAL LABORATORY:	Labor	4,876.00		4,872.00	
	Supplies	913.58	5,789.58	999.10	5,871.10
HOUSEKEEPING:	Labor	22,034.48		15,223.88	
	Supplies	5,119.55	27,154.03	12,118.63	27,342.51
KITCHEN:	Labor	3,330.54		3,289.53	
	Supplies	1,061.48	4,392.02	442.64	3,732.17
LAUNDRY:	Labor	4,903.24		5,010.59	
	Supplies	5,277.56	10,180.80	1,419.93	6,430.52
STEWARD'S DEPARTMENT:					
Labor		2,076.78		2,084.86	
PROVISIONS:					
Bread		2,751.54		2,564.81	
Milk and Cream		13,476.73		13,205.90	
Groceries		7,697.26		7,151.24	
Butter and eggs		13,565.03		13,193.09	
Fruits and vegetables		7,833.53		8,297.06	
Meat, poultry and fish		24,073.27		24,684.39	
			71,474.14		71,181.35
Total Department Expenses			$120,585.58		$119,570.89

GENERAL HOUSE AND PROPERTY EXPENSES.

Electric lighting	$797.15		$614.22	
Fuel, oil and waste	16,966.22		17,502.37	
Gas	493.12		1,290.50	
Ice	1,164.16		1,284.57	
Insurance	2,221.94		2,308.39	
Maintenance real estate and buildings	3,898.46		8,332.23	
Maintenance machinery and tools	10,268.12		10,965.72	
Plumbing and steam fitting	899.41		1,982.65	
Photography	2,716.20		1,664.48	
Miscellaneous	3,441.28		996.00	
Total General House and Property Expenses		$42,866.06		$46,941.13
Total Operating Expenses		$262,523.61		$261,906.87

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF STATISTICS, 1909.

Hospital Wards and Private Rooms.

	1909.		1908.	
PATIENTS IN HOSPITAL FIRST OF YEAR:				
In Medical Wards, Male	35		48	
Female	25		24	
		60		72
In Surgical Wards, Male	54		46	
Female	38		38	
		92		84
In Private Rooms, Male	6		9	
Female	10		5	
		16		14
Total		168		170
PATIENTS ADMITTED DURING YEAR:				
To Medical Wards, Male	713		859	
Female	426		551	
		1,139		1,410
To Surgical Wards, Male	972		1,040	
Female	895		887	
		1,867		1,927
To Private Rooms, Male	191		162	
Female	217		165	
		408		327
Total		3,414		3,664
TOTAL PATIENTS TREATED IN HOSPITAL WARDS AND PRIVATE ROOMS DURING YEAR:				
Male	1,971		2,164	
Female	1,611		1,670	
		3,582		3,834
PATIENTS DISCHARGED DURING YEAR:				
Cured	1,445		1,868	
Improved	1,226		1,370	
Unimproved	145		116	
Transferred to other institutions	110		67	
Died	468		415	
Total		3,394		3,836
PATIENTS IN HOSPITAL END OF YEAR:				
In Medical Wards, Male	51		35	
Female	27		25	
		78		60
In Surgical Wards, Male	45		54	
Female	48		38	
		93		92
In Private Rooms, Male	6		6	
Female	11		10	
		17		16
Total		188		168

	1909.	1908.
TOTAL PATIENT DAYS TREATMENT:		
Free Ward	59,801	55,803
Endowed Bed	240	329
Pay Ward	12,218	14,028
Private Room	8,773	6,843
Total	81,032	77,003
PERCENTAGE:		
Free Ward Days	.69	.724
Endowed Bed Days	.01	.004
Pay Ward Days	.19	.182
Private Room Days	.11	.09
	.100	1.000
AVERAGE PATIENTS PER DAY:		
Free Ward	140	141
Endowed Bed	1	1
Pay Ward	33	35
Private Room	24	17
Total	198	194
Average time per patient in Hospital Wards	19	18
Daily average cost per private room patient	$5.57+	$6.39+
Daily average cost per ward patient	2.74+	2.74+

This cost for both ward and private patients was arrived at by a schedule of percentages which was largely conjectural, but which was adopted after conference by the Hospital officials.

Emergency Ward.				
Patients under treatment first of year, Male	1		4	
Female	0	0	2	
		1		6
Patients admitted during year, Male	4,788		4,699	
Female	1,302		1,199	
		6,090		5,898
Total patients treated during year, Male	4,789		4,703	
Female	1,302		1,201	
		6,091		5,904
Dispensary.				
Total patients treated during year		16,720		14,906
Visits made to dispensary during year		63,184		60,539
Average visits per day		238		199+
Average visits per patient		3.8		4+
Daily average cost per dispensary patient		.31+		.32+
Ambulance.				
Ambulance calls during year		4,286		3,191
Average calls per day		11+		8+
Patients brought by Ambulance Surgeon		2,301		1,975
Patients treated by Ambulance Surgeon and left at place of call or transferred direct to other institutions		1,809		1,242
Summary.				
Total patients treated during year in all departments		28,191		25,909
Average patients per day in all departments		457		413
Daily average number of employees boarded in Hospital		294		294
Daily cost per capita for provisions for all persons supported		.4019		.4191

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS 1908 AND 1909.

AT THE HOUSE OF RELIEF.

Administration Expenses.

	1909.	1908.
Salaries officers and clerks	$4,576.50	$4,299.96
Office expenses	529.43	397.54
Stationery, printing and postage	445.28	387.92
Telephone and telegraph	224.79	301.29
Miscellaneous	208.23	50.00
Total Administration Expenses	$5,984.23	$5,436.71

Professional Care of Patients.

Salaries and Wages:				
Nurses	$870.71		$1,040.00	
Orderlies	3,012.09	$3,882.80	2,640.26	$3,680.26
Medical and Surgical Supplies:				
Apparatus and instruments	364.64		767.94	
Medical and surgical supplies	2,808.02		3,136.17	
Alcohol, liquors, wines, etc	29.15	3,201.81	28.18	3,932.29
Dispensary:				
Salaries and labor	660.00		660.00	
Supplies	3,432.02	4,092.02	4,014.11	4,674.11
Total Professional Care of Patients		$11,176.63		$12,286.66

Department Expenses.

Ambulance:	Labor	$1,019.94		$1,015.97	
	Supplies	2,169.12	$3,189.06	2,440.82	$3,456.79
Pathological Laboratory:	Supplies	156.24	156.24	79.48	79.48
Housekeeping:	Labor	2,697.31		3,024.84	
	Supplies	2,148.63	4,845.94	1,747.80	4,772.64
Kitchen:	Labor	825.30		756.00	
	Supplies	89.90	915.20	197.81	953.81
Laundry:	Labor	778.12		761.00	
	Supplies	37.34	815.46	224.25	985.25
Steward's Department:					
Provisions:					
Bread		721.46		429.71	
Milk and cream		1,869.65		1,808.81	
Groceries		1,501.74		1,604.76	
Butter and eggs		1,811.34		1,797.07	
Fruits and vegetables		508.22		1,107.41	
Meat, poultry and fish		2,718.77	9,131.18	2,755.08	9,502.84
Total Department Expenses			$19,053.08		$19,750.81

GENERAL HOUSE AND PROPERTY EXPENSES.

	1909.		1908.	
Electric lighting	$215.82		$203.42	
Fuel, oil and waste	3,186.94		3,253.87	
Gas	18.92		130.80	
Ice	380.45		304.32	
Insurance	487.91		22.59	
Maintenance, real estate and buildings	2,941.62		2,138.97	
Maintenance machinery and tools	4,488.49		4,256.98	
Plumbing and steam fitting	361.98		1,553.71	
Photography	160.88		12.81	
Miscellaneous	527.50		214.05	
Total General House and Property Expenses		$12,770.51		$12,091.52
Total Operating Expenses		$48,984.45		$49,565.70

COMPARATIVE ITEMIZED TABLE.

	1909.	1908.	Increase.	Decrease.
Patients in hospital beginning of year	168	170	.....	2
Patients admitted during year (including all departments except out-patient department)	11,303	9,568	1,735	.....
Total number of patients treated during year (excluding out-patient department)	11,472	9,768	1,703	.....
Total days of hospital care (including wards, emergency wards, private patients, staff and nurses, but not including guests).	80,551	77,003	3,548	.....
Total days in private rooms—patients	8,078	6,843	1,235	.....
Total days in private rooms—guests	214	329	.....	115
Total days in private rooms—staff and nurses	695	.....	.....	.....
Number of private patients treated during year	440	327	123	.....
Number of guests occupying rooms during year	20	23	.....	3
Total days of pay patients in hospital—wards	12,218	14,028	.....	1,810
Total days—ward patients—including emergency wards	72,954	70,166	2,788	.....
Percentage of pay patients in hospital wards	18+	21	.....	2+
Highest daily census	226	220	6	.....
Lowest daily census	165	161	4	.....
Average daily census	198	194	4	.....
Average days per patient (including reception and emergency cases)	6+	7+	.....	.....
Average days hospital ward patients	19	18	1	.....
Average days private room patients	$18\frac{3}{10}$	20	.....	.....
Ambulance calls	4,286	3,191	1,095	.....
Average calls (ambulance) per day.	11+	8+	3	.....
Ambulance transfers	118	67	51	.....
Emergency cases treated in minor operating room	6,091	4,456	1,634	.....
Emergency cases treated in reception ward	1,799	1,448	351	.....
Total number of patients treated in private rooms and wards (excluding reception ward)	3,582	3,507	75	.....
Total days cases treated in reception ward	2,525	1,995	530	.....
Receipts from private patients, room rates	$47,683.84	$39,901.43	$7,782.41	.....

COMPARATIVE ITEMIZED TABLE — Continued.

	1909.	1908.	Increase.	Decrease.
Receipts from private patients, board of nurses	$5,197.00	$4,405,00	$792.00	.....
Receipts from private patients, special nurses	15,448.00	13,155.00	2,293.00	.....
Receipts from private patients, professional fees	5,876.00	1,767.00	4,109.00	.....
Receipts from pay patients in wards	18,328.47	21,043.00	.....	$2,714.53
Receipts from pay patients in out-patient department	7,119.65	6,854.40	265.25	.....
Receipts from pay patients for X-Rays	296.00	378.00	.....	82.00
Total collection and disbursements by cashier	104,756.29	92,397.54	12,358.75	.....
Total deposits with treasurer, hospital receipts	82,162.29	75,062.29	7,099.75	.....
Total cost of maintenance of patients	262,523.61	261,906.87	616.74	.....
Excess of cost over receipts	180,361.32	186,844.33	.....	6,483.01

AGGREGATE SERVICE.

The total number of individuals receiving relief at the hands of the Hospital (including the House of Relief) was 62,269. They were distributed as follows:

	1909.	1908.
At the Hospital	30,001	25,909
At the House of Relief	32,668	33,843
Total	62,269	59,752

Seventy-one per cent. of those who were admitted to the Hospital wards received gratuitous treatment (not including 7,889 treated in Accident and Reception Wards, all of whom were treated without charge). At the House of Relief 94.7 per cent. were treated gratuitously.

COST OF MAINTENANCE.

The total cost of maintenance of the Hospital for the year was $616.74 more than for the preceding year. The expenditure for medical and surgical supplies showed a decrease of over $4,000.

By washing absorbent gauze a saving of $2,370.41 was made. A saving of over $400 was made on rubber gloves.

The members of the medical and surgical staffs are entitled to credit for the spirit of economy they have displayed in their use of hospital supplies.

As we furnish an excellent quality of inspected milk our expenditure for this item is large, over $13,000 annually. We believe, however, the extra expenditure for this item is a justifiable one.

The expenses of our Engineering Department are excessive, owing to antiquated equipment. The plant has, however, recently been thoroughly overhauled, and some decrease in expenses is anticipated.

IMPROVEMENTS AND REPAIRS.

The repairs and improvements made during the year were quite extensive, and included among others the following:

The rooms in the west basement of the main building, occupied by the emergency department, were put in first-class shape. The walls and floors were tiled throughout.

Part of the large room in the east basement of the main building, occupied by the Apothecary, was set aside for the new department of admissions. The walls and floor were tiled. New plumbing and sanitary fixtures were provided in the examination rooms.

A large amount of painting was done, the wards, corridors and nurses' home being painted throughout, as was the House of Relief.

Over $8,000 were expended in improving the steam plant.

A room in the Help's Dormitory, adjoining the Pathological Laboratory, was equipped as a laboratory for research work. Owing to the lack of money with which to pay salaries the work in this department has not yet been started.

A mangle of large capacity, and a conveyor dry-room were installed in the laundry. This additional equipment was made necessary by the great increase in the number of pieces laundried. In 1904 only 400,000 pieces passed through the laundry while in 1909 the number was 1,654,000.

A Kirker Bender Fire Escape was constructed at the rear of the main building. It consists of a spiral slide enclosed with sheet steel. It is about 85 feet high, and is entered from the ward pantries on the different floors. This in connection with the other fire escapes, the stand pipes, and the chemical extinguishers would seem to furnish ample protection in case of fire. The weekly fire drill has been continued.

CHILDREN'S WARD.

The rather frequent outbreaks of contagious disease in this ward seriously curtail its usefulness. We have no facilities for isolating children for two or three days on admission to the Hospital in order to allow any contagious disease they may be harboring to manifest itself before they come in contact with other children. The result is that contagious disease is frequently brought in, and the children are exposed to it.

This is to be regretted. It cannot be overcome in our present building without making radical changes.

The Christmas tree was much enjoyed by the occupants of this ward.

When active treatment is no longer required many of the children are sent to the Campbell Convalescent Cottages, to their great benefit.

CONVALESCENT COTTAGES.

The Campbell Convalescent Cottages at White Plains are gradually coming to play a more important rôle in the Hospital's work.

They are deservedly popular. Children do especially well there.

Parents have learned that a few weeks' sojourn in the country is very beneficial to children who are convalescing from illness. And they are very anxious to have their own children sent there, even for a short time.

An Isolation Ward, for cases of contagious diseases developing among the children, was built during the year, and is now ready for occupancy.

This will enable us to extend our work for it will be no longer necessary to quarantine the entire institution whenever a case of contagious disease occurs.

The cottages, with the exception of that for men, are now kept open throughout the year.

Details of the work appear elsewhere in this report. It may be summarized as follows:

	1909				1908			
	Number	From N. Y. H.	From other Hosps.	Hospital Days.	Number	From N. Y. H.	From other Hosps.	Hospital Days.
Men.....	89	89		1,298	70	70		1,083
Women.....	158	152	6	2,914	105	103	2	1,651
Children.....	317	263	54	12,409	93	72	21	2,935
Total.....	564	504	60	16,621	268	245	23	5,669

The managers of the Babies' Convalescent Home at Sea Cliff, L. I., kindly extended the privileges of that Institution to our convalescent patients.

X-RAY DEPARTMENT.

The work in the X-Ray Department, under the direction of Dr. Busby, was greater than ever before. The assistance of high-class X-Ray work is now regarded as essential not only by the Surgical Staff, but also by the Medical Staff.

During the year a new interrupterless X-Ray apparatus was installed. The old coil was slow and uncertain; the new one is rapid and certain.

With the new machine it is possible to easily and successfully skiagraph thick parts which were skiagraphed with the old machine only with much difficulty.

The following table shows the separate radiographs taken. As a large proportion, however, demanded more than one view, it is estimated that the total number was about 2,300:

X-RAYS TAKEN IN 1909.

Head	29
Neck	10
Thorax	66
Shoulder	93
Upper arm	15
Elbow	119
Forearm	53
Wrist and Hand	266
Abdomen	103
Pelvis and hips	101
Thigh	31
Knee	66
Leg	52
Ankle	79
Foot	57
Total	1,140

AMBULANCE SERVICE.

A second electric ambulance was added to the Hospital's equipment late in the year. This renders it unnecessary to longer continue the horse ambulance service, excepting one horse held in reserve.

Our territory, which now extends from Fourteenth Street to Forty-second Street, and from Fourth Avenue to the North River, is so large that, especially in hot weather, the runs are too long for horses. And besides the motor ambulance gives a more prompt and comfortable service than does the horse-drawn vehicle.

The number of calls at the Hospital was greater than those of last year by 1,095, and at the House of Relief by 133.

The average daily number of calls at the Hospital was approximately 12, as compared with 8 last year.

The average daily number of calls at the House of Relief was 12, the same as in 1908.

The details of the service are as follows:

	Hospital.		House of Relief.	
	1909.	1908.	1909.	1908.
Total calls	4,286	3,191	4,553	4,420
Brought to Hospital	2,301	1,975	2,456	2,493
Treated and left at place of call	729	367	1,462	1,927
Taken from scene of call to other hospitals, precincts or home	1,080	756	358	.....
Dead on arrival	142	119	126	147
Nothing found at place of call	94	51	151	.....
Transferred to other hospitals	118	.....	1,480	1,595

SOCIAL SERVICE WORK.

During the year our corps of visiting nurses has been increased. In addition to the visiting nurse for tuberculous patients we now have a nurse who devotes her entire time to children.

She visits the homes and gives the mothers practical demonstrations in the feeding, bathing, and general care of infants and young children.

In addition to this she assists the dispensary doctors and arranges fresh-air outings for children and their mothers.

Over 300 children were given outings, and 132 were sent to the Campbell Convalescent Cottages at White Plains.

The Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor kindly donated the services of a nurse during the summer months. This nurse assisted in the department for children.

Miss Irene Sutliffe, former Superintendent of the Training School, volunteered her services as social worker, and has done very valuable work along this line.

Miss Sutliffe visits the patients in the Hospital wards, and ascertains the needs not only of the patients, but also of their families, and then proceeds to render any assistance in her power. She has the coöperation of a number of institutions and individuals.

There can be no doubt of the great value of this work. Any one who is at all familiar with the social condition of hospital patients will

readily understand how valuable a nurse animated with the spirit of helpfulness can make herself to patients and families during sickness. A family in fairly comfortable condition during health, in sickness may soon become dependent. A little assistance at the right time may prevent them from becoming habitual dependents.

Not a small part of the visiting nurse's duties is the teaching of personal hygiene and the means to be taken in the prevention of disease. The results of this teaching are already becoming apparent in tenement house districts.

OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT.

The work in this Department was somewhat greater than in 1908. While there were more patients treated the number of prescriptions was less. We are hampered in this department by inadequate facilities. The work of the year was as follows:

	1909.	1908.	Increase.	Decrease.
New patients	16,720	14,906	1,814	.....
Total visits	63,184	60,539	2,645	.....
Total prescriptions issued	43,117	43,374	.....	257
Total receipts	$7,119.65	$6,854.40	$263.95	.....

The distribution of milk and eggs to needy tubercular patients has been as follows:

	1909.	1908.
Eggs, dozen	1,966½	1,854½
Milk, quarts	7,932	7,260
Total issues	6,060	5,388
Cost	$1,219.88	$1,007.47

HYDRATIC DEPARTMENT.

In this department treatment is furnished free of charge to ward, private room and out-patients.

Men and women are treated on alternate afternoons. Expert operators are in constant attendance.

The average daily number treated in 1909 was 9+, contrasted with 8+ in 1908.

The number treated during the year is as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.	From Wards.	From O. P. Dept.	Total Treatments.	Average Treatments Day.
January	24	35	59	3	56	355	14+
February	23	27	50	7	43	304	12+
March	30	31	61	12	49	310	11+
April	26	27	53	9	44	318	12+
May	24	22	46	9	37	250	10
June	20	33	53	6	47	268	10+
July	21	26	47	1	46	209	8+
August	22	16	38	4	34	174	6+
September	17	16	33	0	33	171	6+
October	23	16	39	1	38	215	8+
November	22	19	41	2	39	252	9+
December	28	21	49	2	47	245	9+
Totals	280	289	569	56	513	3,071	9

HOSPITAL RECEIPTS.

The total receipts of the cashier were larger than last year by $7,099.75. The receipts from private patients were $7,782.41 greater than in 1908.

The receipts from ward patients showed a decrease of $2,714.53, with substantially no change in the number of patients cared for.

This undoubtedly was due, in part, to the fact that the Twenty-second Police Precinct was added to our ambulance territory during the year. Of the patients brought in from this precinct comparatively few are able to pay anything to the Hospital.

HOUSE OF RELIEF.

This institution continues to do most excellent work. Great numbers of patients are cared for in limited quarters, and at comparatively small expenditure. The doors are never closed to the sick and injured, irregardless of whether or not they belong to the so-called emergency class. As a result the service is an intensely active one.

All interior walls and woodwork were painted during the fall, and the institution now presents quite an attractive appearance. Numerous repairs and improvements were made.

Mr. Herman A. Knoll, who for fourteen years had served faithfully and capably as Assistant Superintendent, resigned in September. He

was succeeded by Miss Susan V. Gifford, who has occupied the position of matron for a number of years.

Dr. Lewis A. Stimson, Attending Surgeon, reached the retiring age, and left the service of the institution at the close of the year. Dr. Stimson had devoted himself to the House of Relief for many years, and much of its success is directly attributable to his indefatigable industry, professional skill and executive ability.

The professional work has been placed in charge of the Medical Board of the Hospital.

Complete details of the medical and surgical work done will be found in the "Report of the Attending Physician and Surgeon," which appears elsewhere in this report.

Subjoined is a brief résumé of the year's work.

	1909.	1908.
Patients treated in the wards	3,015	3,082
Patients treated in Out-Patient Department	28,191	28,834
Patients treated and left by ambulance surgeon	1,462	1,927
Total treated	32,668	33,843
Total days of hospital care	13,748	13,351
Total days of pay patients	727	627
Total days of non-paying patients	13,021	12,724
Percentage of free patients	94.7	95.4
Average daily census	37+	36+
Average days per patient	4+	4+
Number of major operations	182	172
Number of deaths	277	256
Number of ambulance calls	4,553	4,420
Average calls per day	12+	12+
Dead on arrival	126	147
Number of transfers	1,480	1,595
Brought to hospital	2,456	2,493
Total prescriptions	40,441	41,341
Receipts from ward patients	$1,798.29	$1,310.70
Receipts from Out-Patients	3,715.79	3,694.45
Miscellaneous receipts	323.02	168.72

GIFTS.

The Hospital has been the recipient during the year of a large number of donations, such as books, toys, flowers, fruit, etc. These gifts while ordinarily inexpensive have as a whole assisted much in rendering hospital life more attractive, especially for the children. We desire to encourage these donations.

We are under renewed obligations to the Employment Society of St. Thomas' Church for a large amount of sewing done without expense to the Hospital.

In taking up the work laid down by Mr. Ludlam after an enthusiastic and very efficient service covering a period of thirty-two years, I did so with a partial realization of the difficulties which would be encountered in the process of adjustment. To succeed a capable, earnest man is always difficult, but in this instance the long duration of Mr. Ludlam's service made it doubly so. Fortunately he left a corps of loyal assistants who have, I believe, carried on the work to your satisfaction.

We have enjoyed at all times the benefit of Mr. Ludlam's valuable advice.

I am grateful to the Board of Governors for the support and encouragement they have given me during this first year of my service.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS HOWELL,
Superintendent.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL BOARD OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1909.

To the Board of Governors:

GENTLEMEN:— The increase in the work of the Hospital for the year 1909 over that of the preceding year may be seen in the following table:

	1909.	1908.
Patients treated in Hospital	11,472	9,738
Out-patients	16,720	14,906
Out-patient visits	63,184	60,539
Operations	1,509	1,404
Ambulance calls	4,286	3,191
Ambulance transfers	118	67

Of the total 11,472 patients, 6,091 were treated in the Accident Room during the hours when the Out-Patient Department is closed. These cases were mainly surgical and many of them were referred to the Out-Patient Department for further treatment. In the wards were treated 5,381 patients, of whom 1,799 did not pass beyond the Reception Ward and the remaining 3,582 were treated in the general wards.

In the Medical Wards 1,139 patients with medical diseases were treated and the larger groups were as follows:

Alcoholism	8
Arteriosclerosis	33
Bronchitis	45
Cerebral hemorrhage	25
Cirrhosis of liver	19
Endocarditis	88
Epilepsy	5
Gastritis	38
Gastroenteritis	31
Graves disease	11
Meningitis	17
Nephritis	102
Neurasthenia	22
Myocarditis	25

Pleurisy	53
Pneumonia, lobar	171
Poisoning by gas	11
Rheumatism, articular	80
Pulmonary tuberculosis	49
Tonsilitis	22
Malarial fever	32
Typhoid fever	85

In the Surgical Wards 1,867 patients with surgical diseases and injuries were treated. The larger groups were:

Fractures of skull	61
Gunshot wounds	12
Dislocations, major	15
Fractures, major	166
Appendicitis	254
Hernia	206
Cancer	96
Other malignant tumors	7
Non-malignant tumors	89
Liver and gall bladder	26
Kidney	35
Salpingitis	103
Ectopic gestation	9
Bladder and prostate	23
Uterus	121
Empyema of chest	11
Rectum and anus	108

In the private rooms the number of patients treated was 440, and in the private operating room 288 operations were performed.

In the general operating rooms of the Hospital 1,509 operations were performed, with 74 deaths, a mortality slightly below 5 per cent.

OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT.

The work of the year is indicated by the following report from the Associate Physicians and Surgeons:

The Out-Patient Department, in carrying on its work during the year, has followed for the most part the plans developed in the past.

Certain details, however, have been altered or adopted which have resulted in improvement of the service.

The number of patients treated has continued to increase, as is shown by the following comparison with last year:

	1908.	1909.
New patients	14,906	16,720
Total number visits	60,539	63,184
Total number prescriptions	43,374	43,117

The distribution of the work between the Surgical and Medical Divisions was as follows:

Surgical, meeting every morning, except Sunday, from 10–12:

	1908.	1909.
New patients	8,895	10,625
Total number visits	41,928	43,400

Medical, daily, except Sunday, from 2–4 p. m.:

	1908.	1909.
New patients	6,011	6,095
Total number visits	18,611	19,784

The work in tuberculosis is developing satisfactorily. Only those cases have been treated which could not be placed in a hospital or sanatorium. The efficiency of a dispensary is not to be measured by the number of cases in regular attendance.

Our position as a member of the Association of Tuberculosis Clinics continues a highly satisfactory arrangement. One result of this membership is the assigning of two extra nurses to our district by the Department of Health.

Number of cases of tuberculosis treated	440
Average daily attendance at clinic	8
Total number of visits, Tuberculosis Department	2,221
Number incipient cases placed in Sanatoria	30
Number advanced cases placed in Hospitals	46

We have continued to examine the children of all cases of tuberculosis in attendance and proper disposition has been made of them.

A few of those positive cases whom we were unable to send away form a special class in weekly attendance.

In April, 1909, an additional nurse was put at our disposal by the Board of Governors for work in the Children's Department. During the summer her work was a continuation of that of a special nurse in 1908 in the investigation and relief of a certain number of cases of infant feeding. Another group of similar cases were followed to be used as a control series. This work will be reported in greater detail later. During the winter months this nurse has charge of tuberculous children.

A trial was made at the beginning of the year of having a masseur in attendance three mornings a week. This proved of so much value that at present a trained masseur and two assistants, all of whom give their services, are kept constantly busy three mornings a week from 10–12. By this treatment the period of disability which follows many fractures and dislocations is materially diminished, while it has proved a valuable accessory in the treatment of many other conditions.

The Department of Hydrotherapy, while used somewhat less than last year, fills a definite need and was of great value in a limited number of cases.

The services of a specialist in skin diseases was available in the Surgical Clinic during a large part of the year and proved of value in many doubtful cases for diagnosis and treatment.

The Orthopædic Department has been considerably developed and improved by Drs. Fiske and Steinhardt.

The changes made in the arrangement of rooms, especially that relating to the Drug room, has proved satisfactory. Under the present system the filling of prescriptions and the distribution of drugs is greatly expedited.

James C. Greenway,
Eugene H. Pool.

PATHOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

The work of the department in 1909 was somewhat less than that of the preceding year. In the Pathologist's report it is noted that the number of bacteriological and histological examinations, as well as the number of chemical analyses, was below that of 1908, and in addition there was a material decrease in the number of autopsies. In 1907 there were 241 autopsies, in 1908, 189 autopsies, and in 1909, 149 autopsies, and

during these years there was no corresponding decrease in the number of deaths or any change in the mortality percentage to explain the falling off in the number of autopsies. It is a matter of extreme importance to the work of the department, and it is to be hoped that it will receive practical attention and that steps may soon be taken to improve matters in this direction. It is also to be hoped that funds may be forthcoming for obtaining the services of a physiological chemist, as the development of the work along these lines is necessary and will be of scientific and practical benefit to the Hospital.

The X-Ray Department continues to be of great value to the medical and surgical work, and during the year its usefulness has been increased by the purchase of new and improved apparatus, but the want of additional room restricts the work of the department.

In 1908 a committee of the Medical Board, in conjunction with the Superintendent, took up the question of the increased consumption of medical and surgical supplies, absorbent gauze and rubber gloves in particular, and initiated measures which have resulted in a considerable saving of these articles. In 1907 about $8,000 was expended for absorbent gauze, in 1908 the amount was reduced to $6,000, while in 1909 it was further reduced to $4,000. In April, 1908, all clean absorbent gauze, which had been used, was sent to the laundry to be washed, and after sterilization in the Operating Room Department was used a second and even a third time. In 1908, 12,012 yards of this "washed" gauze was used, and in 1909 the amount used was increased to 36,003 yards. It is sent for use in the Accident Room and in the Out-Patient Department, and has practically supplanted the use of new gauze in these departments. A considerable saving in rubber gloves has also resulted and, during the past year, in the Operating Room, which is the chief consumer of gloves, there was a saving of 561 pairs over the preceding year.

It is quite evident that the present Hospital is inadequate for the proper performance of the work, which increases yearly. The sunlight, together with the fresh air, is steadily being cut off by the erection of high buildings in the near vicinity and in a few years the Hospital will be entirely surrounded and shut in. It is the unanimous opinion of the Medical Board that, in order to meet the serious problems which confront the work of the Hospital and to maintain a high standard, it will be necessary in the near future to erect a new and modern Hospital on a site admitting of abundant sunshine and fresh air.

HOUSE OF RELIEF.

The work in 1909, as compared with that of the preceding year, is indicated in the following table:

	1909.	1908.
Patients treated in wards	3,015	3,082
Out-patients	28,191	28,834
Out-patient visits	64,526	66,397
Ambulance calls	4,553	4,420
Ambulance transfers	1,480	1,595

Four hundred and four patients with surgical diseases were admitted. Of these 21 died, 8 by existing sepsis, 2 by cancer, 6 by strangulated hernia, 2 by perforating gastric ulcer with general peritonitis, 1 by perforating duodenal ulcer with general peritonitis, 1 by shock following complete hysterectomy.

One thousand and fifty-three patients were admitted with surgical injuries. Of these 59 died, 19 by multiple injuries, 26 by fracture of the skull, 9 by gunshot and stab wounds, 3 by dislocated and fractured vertebræ, 2 by burns.

There were 304 operations upon ward patients, with 25 deaths, of which 20 followed operation within the abdomen for disease or injury, 3 compound fracture, 1 pyæmia with pectoral abscess, 1 decompression for cerebral hemorrhage.

Fifteen hundred and forty-two medical cases were admitted, with 138 deaths. The larger groups were as follows:

Alcoholic intoxication	125
Bronchitis	41
Cerebral hemorrhage	48
Cerebro-spinal meningitis	6
Delirium tremens	65
Endocarditis	50
Other heart diseases	26
Epilepsy	134
Gastritis	53
Insanity	15
Malaria	36
Nephritis	100
Pleurisy	21
Pneumonia	134

Gas poisoning	18
Rheumatism	100
Tuberculosis	96
Typhoid fever	34

We regret to note the death of Dr. W. T. Bull, who served the Hospital loyally from 1876 to 1900, when he was made a Consulting Surgeon.

Dr. G. L. Peabody, after twenty-five years of devoted service as Attending Physician, resigned in September.

Dr. L. A. Stimson, after twenty years of faithful service as Attending Surgeon to both the Hospital and the House of Relief, retired in December.

The resignation and retirement of these distinguished colleagues from the Attending Staff is noted with great regret.

It is a matter of great satisfaction, however, that your Honorable Board has elected these colleagues to the Consulting Staff, thus enabling us to enjoy in the future the benefit of their counsel and advice.

FRANCIS W. MURRAY,
President.

LEWIS A. CONNER,
Secretary.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE TRAINING SCHOOL.

To the Board of Governors of the New York Hospital:

GENTLEMEN:— I herewith submit the report of the thirty-third year of the Training School.

The Staff of the Training School on duty at the close of the year is as follows:

Officers of Instruction:

Superintendent	1
Assistant Superintendent	1
Night Supervisor	1
Clerical Assistant	1
In charge of the Private Patients' Building	1
In charge of the Out-Patient Department	1
Visiting Nurses (Out-Patient Department)	2
Operating Room Nurses	3
Head Ward Nurses	9

Pupils:

Seniors	32
Intermediates	14
Juniors	43

The Training School consists of 89 pupils of whom 69 are assigned to duty in the general Hospital and Private Patients' Building; 10 to the House of Relief; 6 to the Lying-in Hospital, and 4 to the Sloane Maternity Hospital. Fourteen hundred and seventy applications were received; 56 probationers entered, 45 accepted; 7 pupils disqualified and 3 resigned.

The total days of illness has been 609, the increase over previous years being due to the long isolation necessary in several cases. The room in the Private Patients' Building assigned to the use of nurses during

illness has been occupied 620 days, of which 388 were by graduate nurses, and 232 by members of the Training School. This privilege continues to be gratefully appreciated.

Forty pupils finished the course, passed the final examinations successfully, and were awarded diplomas in 1909. The graduating exercises were held March 3d and were largely attended by the friends of the School. Mr. George L. Rives, President of the Hospital, presided and made the introductory address. The Reverend Edward B. Coe, D.D., made a most eloquent and practical address to the Graduating Class. These exercises were held in the Governors' Room and were followed by a reception in the Nurses' Home.

The Post-Graduate Course for instruction in institutional management was organized October 1st. This course of six months' duration is open to graduates only. It includes practical experience in all executive departments. Two graduates are now in training and the undertaking promises good results.

During the Hudson-Fulton Celebration, four nurses of our Training School were assigned to work in connection with the Red Cross Association, and were on continuous duty during the days covered by the celebration.

The work being accomplished by the School is satisfactory and encouraging. The enthusiasm of the pupils, their fidelity and loyalty are most commendable and furnish increasing inspiration and incentive to the teaching staff. The need of increased accommodation is still pressing. If this could be furnished, the work of the School would be greatly facilitated.

SOCIAL SERVICE.

It is gratifying to note the steady growth of the Social Service work in the Hospital.

Mrs. Jameson, in charge of the Tuberculosis Clinic in the Out-Patient Department, by her devotion and efficiency, has maintained a high standard and steadily increased the value of that work. She has averaged 100 visits a month to patients in their homes and given instruction in the care of these tubercular patients and in precautionary measures. She has also dispensed 7,932 quarts of milk and 1,969 dozens of eggs to needy tubercular patients.

In May, 1909, Miss Elizabeth Price was appointed Visiting Nurse to the Children's Clinic in the Out-Patient Department. Since that date she has made 569 visits and the majority of these have included practical

demonstrations to mothers regarding feeding, bathing, and the general care of infants and children. In addition to this, fresh-air outings were secured for 298 mothers and children, and also 110 children were sent to the Campbell Convalescent Cottage, White Plains, thus proving that it will be possible to keep this Convalescent Home entirely filled by patients from the New York Hospital.

Until recently, the work was necessarily restricted to the above special classes in the Out-Patient Department. Its conspicuous success there demonstrated its usefulness and stimulated the desire to extend it over a wider sphere. During the year this wish was gratified by the volunteering of Miss Irene H. Sutliffe, so long connected with the New York Hospital as the honored and successful Superintendent of the Training School, to devote her time to this department, and the Hospital is to be congratulated upon her return to active work. She entered upon the work in the autumn, and ministers to patients in all departments of the Hospital and House of Relief, except those special cases in the Out-Patient Department already referred to. Miss Sutliffe has been ably assisted by Miss Jessie States, a graduate of our School, whose voluntary service has been appreciated and is hereby recognized.

It is hoped that this small beginning of a work in our Hospital which has proved so invaluable elsewhere will secure the attention it deserves, and will lead to the establishment and maintenance of a corps of social workers who will do their share in completing what has been so aptly called "the unfinished work of the hospitals."

Respectfully submitted,

ADELINE HENDERSON,

Superintendent of Training School.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SOCIETY OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITAL, BLOOMINGDALE, WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK.

To the Board of Governors:

GENTLEMEN:— In compliance with a By-law of your Honorable Board, the following report of the operation of the Psychopathic Department of the Hospital for the year 1909 is respectfully submitted:

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1909.

	Men.	Women.	Total.
There were under treatment January 1, 1909	157	197	354
There were admitted during the year	59	63	122
There were treated during the year	216	260	476
The discharges were: Recovered	13	27	40
Improved	20	20	40
Unimproved	8	19	27
By death	14	8	22
Total	55	74	129
There were under treatment December 31, 1909	161	186	347
The average number under treatment was	157	186	343
The lowest number was: Men, in November	150	....	....
The lowest number was: Women, in November and December	....	178	....
The lowest total number was in November	....	....	328
The highest number was: Men, in February, June, and August	161	....	....
The highest number was: Women, in January	....	194	....
The highest total number was, in January	....	....	352

There were 122 cases, 59 men and 63 women, admitted during the year. There were 6 fewer patients than cases, 4 men and 2 women having been discharged and readmitted during the year. Sixteen patients, 6 men and 10 women, had been discharged from the institu-

tion prior to January 1, 1909. Two men had been discharged three times, 2 men twice, and 2 men had been discharged once. One woman had been discharged six times, 1 woman four times, 3 women twice, and 5 women had each been discharged once.

Of those readmitted for the first time, 1 man and 2 women had been discharged as recovered, and 1 man and 3 women as improved.

One man had been discharged twice as recovered, and 1 man once as recovered, and once as improved, 1 man three times as recovered, and 1 man twice as improved, and once as recovered. One woman had been discharged five times as recovered, and once as improved, 1 woman four times as recovered, 2 women once as recovered, and once as improved, and 1 woman twice as improved.

Ninety-one of the admissions, 45 men and 46 women, were first attacks, of which 60, 27 men and 33 women, were admitted first to Bloomingdale. Deducting from the whole number of admissions 14 cases that had been admitted in previous years, and 60 admissions in first attack, leaves 48 cases that have either been treated at home, or at some other institution previous to admission here.

Fifty-six patients were admitted three months or less after the first symptons of mental disease were noticed by their friends; 17 between 3 and 6 months, 9 between 6 and 12 months, and 40 more than a year.

DISCHARGES.

The total number of discharges during the year 1909 was 129; 55 men and 74 women. The number of recoveries was 40; 13 men and 27 women. They were 31 per cent. of all discharges, including deaths, 24 per cent. of the men who were discharged or died, and 36 per cent. of the women who were discharged or died.

Twenty patients, 8 men and 12 women, recovered from the first attack, 2 men and 7 women from the second, 1 man and 2 women from the third, 2 men and 3 women from the fourth, and 3 women from the seventh attack.

In the 40 cases that recovered the average duration of the disease from invasion to recovery was 9 months and 18 days; of the men 8 months and 4 days, and of the women 10 months and 9 days. The average duration of treatment was 5 months and 17 days; of the men, 6 months and 10 days, and of the women, 5 months and 7 days. The disease was reported to have existed before admission an average of 4 months and 1 day; in the men 1 month and 24 days, and in the women 5 months and 2 days. The longest period of treatment in

those recovered was 1 year, 2 months, and 25 days in the case of 1 man, and 1 year, 2 months, and 11 days in the case of 1 woman; the shortest was 7 days in 1 man, and 30 days in each of 2 women.

Three alcohol habitués, 1 man and 2 women, were discharged as recovered.

Two cases of morphine habit, 1 man and 1 woman, were discharged as recovered.

Forty cases, 20 men and 20 women, were discharged as improved. In the cases of 4 men and 9 women, it seemed probable, at the time of their discharge as improved, that they would have recovered if continued under treatment.

Of the 27 patients, 8 men and 19 women, who were discharged unimproved, it seemed probable that 2 men and 2 women would also have recovered if continued under treatment.

GENERAL REMARKS.

There were 2 fewer admissions this year than last.

The average number of patients in the institution was 343, 4 less than the average of the preceding year.

The number of weeks' board and treatment furnished for patients was 17,838 2/7. The average expenditure per patient was $12.94 per week, which includes the total cost of maintaining the property at White Plains and the patients upon it, and is for all salaries and wages, repairs, supplies, and maintenance of every kind, except that our high-paying patients repay us for the exclusive services of their attendants, and we deduct this sum from the total expense.

Forty-eight women were beneficiaries of the John C. Green Memorial Fund during the year 1909. The amount of income received from that Fund and expended for these women in 1909 was $7,294.30. The total charitable expenditures during the year 1908 in caring for and treating patients (preferably acute and presumably hopeful cases) was $54,664.04. Two hundred and thirty-seven individuals shared in this charitable assistance, some being entirely and others partially supported. The sum of $47,369.74 was expended for this purpose from the earnings of Bloomingdale during the year 1909, from which earnings charitable assistance to patients was given to the extent mentioned above. Over 10 per cent. of the patients treated contributed nothing whatever to their support; 51.4 per cent. of the patients paid sums varying from nothing to the bare cost of their care. Only 48.6 per cent. paid a rate which secured a surplus for the institution. The total support and

partial assistance rendered to patients unable to pay for their entire cost to the Hospital was equivalent to maintaining 81 free beds.

The graduates of the Training School for Attendants, including the eight who graduated this year, amount to 98 since the school was first started in 1894, of whom 5 men and 21 women remain in the employ of the institution.

The year 1909 was a very successful one for Bloomingdale Hospital, both from a medical and financial standpoint.

All the usual modes of treatment, which have proved themselves of benefit, were continued, with special reference to the cases involved. A large number of lumbar punctures were made in cases where the diagnosis was paresis, or pseudo-paresis, and the observations made were compiled, and will shortly appear in the *New York Medical Journal.*

This work was done by Dr. Amsden, special pathologist of the Hospital, who also carried on certain investigations of the Wasserman test for syphilitic infection.

Dr. Amsden is now increasing his information on these subjects at the laboratories and clinics of Professors Alzheimer, Jung, Plaut, Kraeppeling, and others, and the Hospital will have the benefit of his further experience.

The occupation department has proved valuable to the moral treatment of patients, and owing to the good work which they have done, has been less expensive than was expected. A considerable demand has existed for the fancy work, which has appealed to various women who visited the institution, so that there is every encouragement to pursue it.

What might be called our Annual Occasion took place on May 27th, at which time the Graduates of our Training School for Attendants received their certificates of efficiency, and as many of the Governors as were able to arrange to attend the exercises were present, and made a general inspection of the Hospital.

Bloomingdale Hospital was able during the year 1909 to secure a particularly attractive small cottage, almost surrounded by the water of Long Island Sound, which was easily accessible, but at the same time very secluded; 98 different patients enjoyed either the day visits, or spent more or less time continuously at the cottage during the season. It was kept open from the earliest balmy weather until it became too cool to be safe and pleasant.

The usual outdoor diversions were utilized during the year for the benefit of the patients.

The patients admitted during 1909 were of a rather higher natural intelligence than those admitted in some of the former years, and showed a greater appreciation, both while here and after leaving, of the advantages which they had enjoyed, and the effort made for their benefit.

The Convalescent Cottage for men is conducted by Bloomingdale Hospital for such patients of the New York and allied Hospitals as are convalescing from general diseases, to whom a short stay in the country may be beneficial, and 89 different men spent from a few days to several weeks at this cottage during the season of 1909, for whom we furnished 1,291 days board. The cottage was conducted with little drain upon the time of the physicians and officers, and no doubt contributed very materially to the restoration to their work of this large number of patients.

Dr. August Hoch, who had been First Assistant Physician since July 1, 1905, received an appointment as head of the Pathological Department of the State Lunacy Service on Ward's Island, and left here July 1st, going abroad to utilize some months, before entering on his new duties, in bringing his medical information up to date. His place was filled by Dr. Theodore I. Townsend, who has had twelve years' service in State Hospitals, and who has proved to be a most valuable officer to Bloomingdale Hospital. Dr. Allen V. Laing, who came to this Hospital as Clinical Assistant the latter part of 1908, still remains, and in addition to performing his usual duties in the Hospital, in connection with the male department, and the drug store, is also attending the ordinary cases at the Campbell Convalescent Cottages. Cases of an unusual severity and of a contagious nature have been attended by Dr. H. E. Schmid of this village, this being done in the latter cases in order to prevent the spread of infection among other departments.

I wish to commend those employed in all departments of Bloomingdale Hospital for their faithful and efficient service, which seems to be not alone to secure the moderate amount of pay which the Hospital is able to afford, but from a high sense of duty.

Attached to this is a report of Miss Alice C. Ellison of the Campbell Convalescent Cottages for women and children.

Respectfully submitted,

SAMUEL B. LYON,
Medical Superintendent.

CAMPBELL CONVALESCENT COTTAGES, 1909.

To the Board of Governors:

GENTLEMEN:— The winter of 1908 and 1909 was the first enjoyed by either women or children in the Convalescent Cottages. Women patients had been admitted to the original cottage during the summer season, for several years, but it was a question whether they would appreciate its advantages in cold weather. All doubt on this point has been removed, as women were admitted continuously throughout last winter. The children's beds were all occupied during the entire season.

During the first three months of the present year the number of children admitted was as usual, but by April the number of beds had been increased by fifteen, and this proved to be none too great.

Since the month of June, no children have been admitted from other sources than our own Hospital and its branches.

A large number of needy dispensary cases had hitherto been sent to various summer camps, but through the earnest coöperation of Miss Elizabeth Price, these children have been placed in our Convalescent Cottages, where they receive medical care during winter as well as summer months.

The number of applicants has increased rapidly, and there is now a waiting-list at all times.

Many sickly children with a tuberculous inheritance have received great benefit during the cold weather, whereas at home they would have been losing what health they possess in rooms filled with all that invites disease and sickness.

One girl was almost the last surviving member of a family from which six children had been claimed by tuberculosis before the age of thirteen.

The children's happiness and daily comfort are considered, as well as their physical improvement, and many steps have been taken to this end. Cement walks and a large court-yard were laid, which made it possible for the children to play freely in almost any weather. Large swinging seats, a covered sand pile, and rides in a Bloomingdale auto-

mobile add to the delights of summer, while winter sleds add greatly to the children's pleasure.

The two portable cottages, which were the children's original home, have been connected, and will now be used in case of isolation.

They have been remodelled, and are furnished with every necessary equipment of modern device.

In October there were four cases of scarlet fever, three children and the night nurse. They were all isolated, but the new isolation quarters not having been completed, it was necessary to utilize rooms in the women's cottage for that purpose.

Advantage was taken of the period of quarantine which followed, to have the children's quarters plastered and painted. Its execution occupied a longer period than was anticipated, thus making it impossible to readmit women as soon as we had hoped.

Several other improvements have been added to the children's cottage. An oak wainscoting protects the walls, while a number of bright pictures have been secured for the corridors and sun parlor. A library is about to be established, which we hope will become a very useful factor in the children's mental recreation.

Christmas was a very happy season, and the children were indebted to friends of the Campbell Cottages for unexpected kindnesses.

The entire year has been one of outdoor life, and it is a very rare occasion when the majority of the children are not out a great portion of the day. The result is evidenced in feeble appetites becoming keen, pale faces ruddy, and a spring in the once lagging step.

Everything indicates a very busy future, which will have resulted from coöperation and sympathetic encouragement in an interesting work.

CAMPBELL CONVALESCENT COTTAGES.

SUMMARY.

CHILDREN'S SERVICE, 1909.

Number patients treated	317
Number hospital days	12,409
Average number days per patient	39
Average age per patient	7½
Average gain in weight, in pounds	2½
Number patients cured	87
Number patients improved	207
Number patients unimproved at present	20
Number patients died	3
Number patients requiring dressings	38
Number patients from New York Hospital	84
Number patients from O. P. D., New York Hospital	177
Number patients from Hudson Street Hospital	2

Number patients from Roosevelt Hospital	7
Number patients from St. Mary's Hospital	25
Number patients from Ruptured and Crippled	5
Number patients from St. Luke's	6
Number patients from Vanderbilt Clinic	1
Number patients from Rhinelander	10

Women's Service.

Number patients treated	158
Number hospital days	2,914
Average days per patient	18
Average age per patient	28
Average gain per patient in weight, in pounds	3
Number patients cured	38
Number patients improved	94
Number patients unimproved	16
Number patients died	0
Number patients requiring dressings	12
Number patients from wards of New York Hospital	111
Number patients from O. P. D., New York Hospital	36
Number patients from Hudson Street	5
Number patients from other Hospitals	6

	Number.	Hospital days.
Children	317	12,409
Women	158	2,914
Total	475	15,323

Donations to the Campbell Convalescent Cottages for 1909.

Mr. George L. Rives	Pictures.
Mr. Waldron P. Brown	Magazines for the year.
Mr. Edward W. Sheldon	Books for Library.
Mr. Augustine J. Smith	Balls.
Mr. David B. Ogden	Toys for Easter and Christmas.
Dr. Rose Pringle	Toys, etc.
Mrs. Derbyshire	Toys, dolls, games, play-wagon.
Mrs. Longstreet	Fifty pairs bedroom slippers.
Mrs. Murray	Christmas books.
Miss Blanchard	Toys, clothing, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

ALICE C. ELLISON.

THE SOCIETY OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITAL.
BLOOMINGDALE, WHITE PLAINS.

GENERAL TABLE OF STATISTICS,

Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Institution.

YEAR.	Admitted.	Whole number during the year.	Whole number discharged and died.	Recovered.	Improved.	Not Improved.	Died.	Voluntary, not insane.	Remaining at end of year.	Average number.
1821 to 1871.....	6325	....	6150	2769	1460	1109	812	....	....	.....
1872.....	124	299	129	46	37	25	21	....	170	176
1873.....	115	285	96	31	29	24	12	....	189	174
1874.....	110	299	124	25	56	24	19	....	175	183
1875.....	112	287	96	34	31	8	23	....	191	182
1876.....	98	289	115	35	33	26	21	....	174	186
1877.....	81	255	93	18	34	19	22	....	162	167
1878.....	109	271	83	25	43	6	9	....	188	178
1879.....	77	265	81	29	34	11	7	....	184	182
1880.....	114	298	84	24	30	7	23	....	214	202
1881.....	129	343	119	46	48	9	16	....	224	226
1882.....	106	330	107	39	34	11	23	....	223	233
1883.....	141	364	120	36	39	27	18	....	244	235
1884.....	136	380	136	55	27	27	27	....	244	253
1885.....	176	420	148	53	43	24	28	....	272	261
1886.....	177	449	178	67	45	28	37	1	271	272
1887.....	202	473	185	42	62	57	23	1	288	283
1888.....	187	475	179	52	53	36	38	...	296	306
1889.....	169	465	159	42	65	27	25	....	306	306
1890.....	161	467	162	34	75	21	32	....	305	304
1891.....	148	453	155	39	63	15	38	....	298	300
1892.....	144	442	136	43	36	19	38	....	306	298
1893.....	164	470	168	51	59	25	33	...	302	302
1894	128	433	144	40	56	17	31	....	289	294
1895.....	145	434	126	40	39	19	28	...	308	299
1896.....	128	436	122	33	47	19	23	....	314	312
1897.....	133	447	106	30	37	12	27	2	341	318
1898.....	91	432	106	26	35	18	27	1	326	323
1899.....	108	434	93	24	35	16	18	6	341	331
1900.....	98	439	99	25	43	8	22	1	340	339
1901.....	91	431	100	26	33	14	27	23	331	328
1902.....	95	426	94	24	37	12	21	19	332	329
1903.....	124	456	111	31	35	18	27	29	345	336
1904.....	127	472	132	34	60	10	28	38	340	340
1905.....	111	451	100	34	43	8	15	27	332	342
1906.....	101	452	112	32	43	12	25	25	340	335
1907.....	127	467	123	44	35	22	22	18	344	340
1908.....	124	468	114	33	30	24	27	33	354	347
1909.....	22	476	129	40	40	27	22	40	347	343
Totals.....	11158	....	10814	4151	3084	1841	1735	264	....	.....

GOVERNORS

OF

The Society of the New York Hospital.

The following is a list of the names of Governors from its organization to the first of January, 1910, with the date of their respective elections and the length of time they continued in office:

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
A.				
Charles Ward Apthorp	1770	1784	14 years	
William Axtell	1770	1784	14 years	
John Alsop	1784	1788	4 years	
Gilbert Aspinwall	1799	1809		
Gilbert Aspinwall	1811	1812	15 years	Died in office, 1819.
Gilbert Aspinwall	1815			
John Atkinson	1800	1809	9 years	
John Aspinwall	1814	1817	3 years	
John Adams	1818	1854	36 years	
Stephen Allen	1823	1830	24 years	Died in office, 1852.
Stephen Allen	1835			
Augustine Averill	1848	1857	9 years	
John Jacob Astor	1860	1864	4 years	
George W. Abbe	1877		2 years	Died in office, 1879.
William W. Astor	1879	1882	3 years	
James W. Alexander	1904	1905	1 year	
B.				
Gerardus William Beekman	1770	1777	7 years	
George Bowne	1770	1784	26 years	
George Bowne	1785	1797		
William Bayard	1777	1784	9 years	
William Bayard	1800	1802		
Robert Bowne	1784		34 years	Died in office, 1818.
Aaron Burr	1784	1792	8 years	
James Beekman	1785	1787	2 years	
Theophylact Bache	1785	1797	12 years	
Thomas Buchanan	1785	1800	15 years	
Francis Basset	1785	1787	2 years	
William Backhouse	1787	1792	5 years	
Nicholas Bayard	1794	1798	4 years	
John Barrow	1795	1807	12 years	
Samuel Bowne	1796	1797	1 year	
Walter Bowne	1800	1805	5 years	
Dr. Samuel Bard	1801	1802	1 year	
Rev. Abraham Beach	1801	1806	5 years	
Thomas Buckley	1802	1842	40 years	
John Bogert	1804	1817	13 years	
John L. Bowne	1810	1815	5 years	
Abraham Barker	1813	1816	3 years	
Robert H. Bowne	1815	1827	12 years	
William Bayard, Jr.	1818	1823	5 years	
John L. Buckley	1842	1855	13 years	
James W. Beekman	1850	1854	23 years	Died in office, 1877
James W. Beekman	1858			

LIST OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
Nathaniel P. Bailey	1858		33 years	Died in office, 1891.
James M. Brown	1861		29 years	Died in office, 1890.
Theodore B. Bronson	1864	1868	4 years	
James H. Banker	1869	1876	8 years	
James William Beekman	1884		24 years	Died in office, 1908.
Cornelius N. Bliss	1885	1899	14 years	
Cornelius N. Bliss	1901	1908	7 years	
George S. Bowdoin	1887	1903	16 years	
Waldron Post Brown	1887		23 years	Continues in office.
Thomas H. Barber	1898	1903	5 years	
George F. Baker	1899		11 years	Continues in office.
Charles S. Brown	1904		6 years	Continues in office.
Henry G. Barbey	1909		1 year	Continues in office.
Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr	1909		1 year	Continues in office.
C.				
David Clarkson	1770	1777	7 years	
Matthew Clarkson	1792	1822	30 years	
John Campbell	1794	1797	3 years	
John B. Coles	1796	1798	2 years	
Isaac Collins	1800	1808	8 years	
John T. Champlin	1801	1811	10 years	
John G. Coster	1801	1803	2 years	
Samuel Corp	1801	1802	1 year	
Richard Cunningham	1812	1814	2 years	
Cadwallader D. Colden	1812	1827	15 years	
Nathan Comstock	1818	1823	5 years	
Duncan P. Campbell	1818	1827	9 years	
John Clark, Jr	1819	1834	15 years	
Isaac Carow	1826		24 years	Died in office, 1850.
Robert C. Cornell	1832		13 years	Died in office, 1845.
Stacy B. Collins	1846	1864	18 years	
Henry Chauncey	1848	1852	4 years	
James N. Cobb	1855	1861	6 years	
David Clarkson	1856	1865	9 years	
Frederick A. Conkling	1857		34 years	Died in office, 1891.
Henry Chauncey, Jr	1859	1865	6 years	
Israel Corse	1864	1869	5 years	
Joseph H. Choate	1877		33 years	Continues in office.
Hermann H. Cammann	1882		28 years	Continues in office.
John Claflin	1901	1904	3 years	
D.				
Oliver Delancey	1770	1784	14 years	
Elias Desbrosses	1775		3 years	Died in office, 1778.
James Duane	1784	1789	5 years	
William Denning	1784	1792	14 years	
William Denning	1805	1811		
Jacob de la Montagnie	1797	1802	5 years	
Frederick De Peyster	1809	1818	9 years	
Cornelius Dubois	1814	1818	4 years	
James F. De Peyster	1827	1869	42 years	
James Donaldson	1843	1856	17 years	
James Donaldson	1858	1862		
William Dennistoun	1865		10 years	Died in office, 1875.
Henry J. Davison	1873		17 years	Died in office, 1890.
William Alexander Duer	1890	1901	11 years	

LIST OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
Henry W. de Forest	1890		20 years	Continues in office.
George G. De Witt	1892		18 years	Continues in office.
E.				
Andrew Elliott	1770	1784	14 years	
Lawrence Embree	1784	1796	12 years	
William Edgar	1787	1798	11 years	
Thomas Eddy	1793		34 years	Died in office, 1827.
William Edgar, Jr	1819	1823	4 years	
F.				
Walter Franklin	1770		11 years	Died in office, 1781.
Dr. John Fothergill (*London*)	1770	1773	3 years	
George Folliott	1770	1784	14 years	
Samuel Franklin	1781	1794	13 years	
Sampson Fleming	1789	1792	3 years	
Gabriel Furman	1794	1797	3 years	
Thomas Franklin	1796	1798	28 years	
Thomas Franklin	1803	1829		
John Franklin	1806	1808	2 years	
Matthew Franklin	1807	1815	8 years	
Moses Field	1817	1818	1 year	
Augustus Fleming	1837	1856	19 years	
Thos. Hall Faile	1855		18 years	Died in office, 1873.
William H. Fogg	1877		7 years	Died in office, 1884.
G.				
Hugh Gaine	1790	1806	16 years	
John I. Glover	1796	1802	6 years	
Archibald Gracie	1802	1803	1 year	
Jonathan Goodhue	1823		25 years	Died in office, 1848.
John C. Green	1856		19 years	Died in office, 1875.
Sheppard Gandy	1864	1901	37 years	
Geo. D. H. Gillespie	1866	1872	6 years	
Elbridge T. Gerry	1878		32 years	Continues in office.
H.				
Whitehead Hicks	1770		11 years	Died in office, 1781.
Henry Haydock	1777	1794	17 years	
Joseph Hallet	1785	1787	2 years	
Abijah Hammond	1794	1795	1 year	
Henry Haydock, Jr	1797	1802	5 years	
Valentine Hicks	1809	1812	3 years	
Philip Hone	1823	1840	17 years	
James Heard	1829	1843	14 years	
John Hone	1831		1 year	Died in office, 1832.
Jacob Harvey	1838		10 years	Died in office 1848.
William M. Halsted	1841	1856	15 years	
George F. Hussey	1849	1859	10 years	
Abram S. Hewitt	1857	1859	2 years	
William J. Hoppin	1866	1867	1 year	
William B. Hoffman	1866		14 years	Died in office, 1880.
Meredith Howland	1873		4 years	
William M. Halsted	1875		20 years	Died in office, 1895.
William Warner Hoppin	1877		33 years	Continues in office.
George G. Haven	1892		16 years	Died in office, 1908.
J. Woodward Haven	1908		2 years	Continues in office.

LIST OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
J.				
James Jauncey	1777	1784	7 years	
Samuel Jones	1784	1790	8 years	
Samuel Jones	1792	1794		
John Jay	1787	1789	2 years	
William Jauncey	1797	1802	5 years	
John Jones	1799	1802	3 years	
William Johnson	1804	1824	20 years	
Peter A. Jay	1809	1833	24 years	
Edward R. Jones	1834	1837	3 years	
James I. Jones	1840		18 years	Died in office, 1858.
Geo. F. Jones	1854	1867	13 years	
Jas. Boorman Johnston	1859	1876	17 years	
Edward S. Jaffray	1867	1878	11 years	
Augustus D. Juilliard	1895		15 years	Continues in office.
K.				
Lawrence Kortright	1770	1786	16 years	
Archibald Kennedy	1770	1779	9 years	
John Keese	1787	1794	7 years	
William Kenyon	1795	1797	2 years	
Rev. John C. Kunzie	1797	1806	9 years	
James Kent	1797	1798	4 years	
James Kent	1827	1830		
John Kane	1806	1809	3 years	
David S. Kennedy	1845		8 years	Died in office, 1853.
Robt. Lenox Kennedy	1853		34 years	Died in office, 1887.
William M. Kingsland	1885	1888	3 years	
Edward King	1888		20 years	Died in office, 1908.
David H. King, Jr.	1898	1901	3 years	
L.				
Robert R. Livingston	1770		6 years	Died in office, 1776.
Abraham Lott	1770	1777	10 years	
Abraham Lott	1784	1787		
Leonard Lispenard	1770	1777	10 years	
Leonard Lispenard	1784	1787		
Philip Livingston	1770	1777	7 years	
Peter Van Brugh Livingston	1770	1777	8 years	
Peter Van Brugh Livingston	1784	1785		
John Livingston	1777	1786	9 years	
William Laight	1787	1803	16 years	
R. R. Livingston, Jr.	1787	1794	7 years	
John Lawrence	1787	1794	7 years	
Jonathan Little	1798	1803	25 years	Died in office, 1826.
Jonathan Little	1806			
Richard R. Lawrence	1798	1799	1 year	
Dr. John C. Lettsom (*London*)	1800	1804	4 years	
Herman Le Roy	1803	1804	1 year	
Jacob Le Roy	1804	1805	1 year	
John B. Lawrence	1808		37 years	Died in office, 1845.
James Lovett	1824	1847	23 years	
Edward W. Laight	1830	1831	1 year	
Edward M. Lawrence	1837	1853	16 years	
Robert J. Livingston	1865		26 years	Died in office, 1891.
Herman R. Le Roy	1875	1884	9 years	

LIST OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
M.				
Roger Morris	1770	1773	10 years	
Roger Morris	1777	1784		
Abraham Mortier	1770		1 year	Died in office, 1771.
William McAdam	1770		10 years	Died in office, 1780.
Nathaniel Marston	1770	1772	2 years	
John Murray	1773	1775	30 years	Died in office, 1809.
John Murray	1781			
David Matthews	1776	1784	8 years	
Charles McEvers	1777	1784	7 years	
Robert Murray	1784	1787	3 years	
Lindley Murray	1784	1785	1 year	
Richard Morris	1784	1793	9 years	
William Maxwell	1784	1792	8 years	
Alexander McDougall	1784	1787	3 years	
John Murray, Jr	1787		32 years	Died in office, 1819.
Alexander McComb	1788	1792	4 years	
William Minturn	1796	1802	6 years	
John McVicker	1798	1802	4 years	
Benjamin G. Minturn	1799	1802	3 years	
Robert Mott	1800	1802	2 years	
Samuel Mansfield	1803	1809	6 years	
Andrew Morris	1804	1823	19 years	
John R. Murray	1806	1837	31 years	
Samuel Mott	1810	1814	4 years	
Peter Mesier	1810	1819	9 years	
Robert I. Murray	1816		42 years	Died in office, 1858.
John McComb, Jr	1818	1837	19 years	
Samuel F. Mott	1837	1846	9 years	
E. D. Morgan	1850	1859	9 years	
D. Colden Murray	1853	1882	29 years	
William H. Macy	1869		18 years	Died in office, 1887.
Harry M. Morris	1874	1876	2 years	
William D. Morgan	1882		5 years	Died in office, 1887.
Fordham Morris	1891	1909	18 years	
N.				
George Newbold	1808	1810	48 years	
George Newbold	1811	1857		
Russel H. Nevins	1852		1 year	Died in office, 1853.
O.				
Samuel Osgood	1792	1795	3 years	
D. W. C. Olyphant	1848	1850	2 years	
Geo. Talbot Olyphant	1855	1864	13 years	Died in office, 1873.
Geo. Talbot Olyphant	1869			
Wm. H. Osborne	1876	1879	3 years	
Frederick P. Olcott	1888	1889	1 year	
David B. Ogden	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
P.				
Thomas Pearsall	1772	1777	16 years	
Thomas Pearsall	1784	1795		
Daniel Phoenix	1784	1787	3 years	
Edmund Prior	1795	1803	8 years	
Jotham Post	1795	1796	2 years	
Jotham Post	1801	1802		
Elijah Pell	1798	1799	1 year	

LIST OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
William Post	1800		5 years	Died in office, 1805.
John V. Provost	1802	1805	3 years	
Henry Post, Jr	1803	1810	7 years	
Benjamin D. Perkins	1808	1809	1½ years	Died in office, 1810.
Benjamin D. Perkins	1810			
Henry L. Pierson	1858	1863	5 years	
R.				
Isaac Roosevelt	1774	1777	13 years	
Isaac Roosevelt	1784	1794		
Walter Rutherford	1784	1788	4 years	
Alexander Robertson	1790	1793	3 years	
Cornelius Ray	1792	1797	5 years	
Moses Rodgers	1792	1799	7 years	
Henry Rutgers	1794	1798	4 years	
William Robinson	1797	1802	5 years	
Herman G. Rutgers	1801	1803	2 years	
John P. Ritter	1806	1813	7 years	
Benjamin W. Rodgers	1818	1855	37 years	
Nathaniel Richards	1827	1851	24 years	
Edmund D. Randolph	1890		20 years	Continues in office.
James R. Roosevelt	1891	1897	6 years	
John Harsen Rhoades	1894	1896	2 years	
Archibald D. Russell	1898	1899	1 year	
George L. Rives	1904		6 years	Continues in office.
S.				
William Smith	1770	1777	12 years	
William Smith	1779	1784		
William Shotwell	1794	1795	1 year	
Peter Schermerhorn	1795	1802	7 years	
Paschal N. Smith	1790	1802	12 years	
James Scott	1802	1814	12 years	
Jacob Sherred	1809	1819	10 years	
Ebenezer Stevens	1809		14 years	Died in office, 1823.
Allen Shepherd	1809	1810	1 year	
Rev. F. C. Shaffer	1819	1827	8 years	
Thomas R. Smith	1822		25 years	Died in office, 1847.
Benjamin L. Swan	1827	1857	30 years	
John A. Stevens	1828	1869	41 years	
Peter G. Stuyvesant	1833	1838	5 years	
Frederick Sheldon	1837	1855	18 years	
Caleb Swan	1851	1854	3 years	
Thos. B. Stillman	1855		11 years	Died in office, 1866.
Otis D. Swan	1858		19 years	
Jackson S. Schultz	1865	1890	25 years	
Charles E. Strong	1877		20 years	Died in office, 1897.
Philip Schuyler	1880		26 years	Died in office, 1906.
James O. Sheldon	1881	1907	26 years	
J. Edward Simmons	1892		18 years	Continues in office.
Francis Lynde Stetson	1896	1898	2 years	
Augustine J. Smith	1902		8 years	Continues in office.
Edward W. Sheldon	1906		4 years	Continues in office.
Frank K. Sturgis	1907		3 years	Continues in office.
T.				
John Thurston	1797	1804	7 years	
Najah Taylor	1810	1860	50 years	

LIST OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Governors.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
Thomas C. Taylor	1817	1829	12 years	
George Taylor	1827	1827	½ year	
George T. Trimble	1846		26 years	Died in office, 1872.
Jonathan Thorne	1868	1875	7 years	
Merritt Trimble	1872	1897	25 years	
Samuel Thorne	1877	1888	11 years	
William Turnbull	1878		15 years	Died in office, 1893.
Frederick D. Tappen	1892		10 years	Died in office, 1902.
Richard Trimble	1898		12 years	Continues in office.
Howard Townsend	1899		11 years	Continues in office.
Henry A. C. Taylor	1902		8 years	Continues in office.
U.				
William Ustick	1777	1784	7 years	
William Ustick, Jr	1799	1802	3 years	
V.				
Augustus Van Cortland	1777	1786	9 years	
Augustus Van Horn	1780	1785	6 years	
Augustus Van Horn	1793	1794		
Richard Varick	1794	1795	3 years	
Richard Varick	1802	1804		
Gulian Verplanck	1798	1799	1 year	
Wynant Van Zandt, Jr	1806	1808	2 years	
Gulian C. Verplanck	1823	1865	42 years	
Hubert Van Wagenen	1835	1838	3 years	
W.				
John Watts	1770	1784	14 years	
Hugh Wallace	1770	1784	14 years	
Henry White	1770	1773	10 years	
Henry White	1777	1784		
Jacob Walton	1773	1777	4 years	
Gerard Walton	1789	1799	10 years	
Robert Watts	1791	1792	1 year	
James Watson	1792	1799	8 years	
James Watson	1801	1802		
Gilbert C. Willett	1794	1797	3 years	
William W. Woolsey	1799	1802	8 years	
William W. Woolsey	1829	1834		
Joshua Waddington	1801	1802	1 year	
Henry I. Wyckoff	1802	1809	16 years	
Henry I. Wyckoff	1830			Died in office, 1839.
Dr. Hugh Williamson	1814		5 years	Died in office, 1819.
Ezra Weeks	1823	1834	11 years	
Charles Wilkes	1827	1828	1 year	
John David Wolfe	1854		18 years	Died in office, 1872.
Joseph Walker	1855		11 years	Died in office, 1866.
Samuel Willets	1860		23 years	Died in office, 1883.
George Cabot Ward	1865		22 years	Died in office, 1887.
John Earle Williams	1869		8 years	Died in office, 1877.
Theodorus B. Woolsey	1873		34 years	Died in office, 1907.
James T. Woodward	1907		3 years	Continues in office.
Bronson Winthrop	1907		3 years	Continues in office.

Officers of the Board of Governors
OF
THE SOCIETY OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITAL.

Officers:	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
Presidents.				
John Watts	1770	1784	14 years	
John Alsop	1784	1788	4 years	
Richard Morris	1788	1790	2 years	
Isaac Roosevelt	1790	1794	4 years	
Theophylact Bache	1794	1797	3 years	
Gerard Walton	1797	1799	2 years	
Matthew Clarkson	1799	1822	23 years	
Thomas Eddy	1822	1827	5 years	
Peter Augustus Jay	1827	1833	6 years	
George Newbold	1833	1857	24 years	
George T. Trimble	1858		14 years	Died in office, 1872.
John C. Green	1872		3 years	Died in office, 1875.
Robert Lenox Kennedy	1875	1882	7 years	
William H. Macy	1882		5 years	Died in office, 1887.
James M. Brown	1887		3 years	Died in office, 1890.
Robert J. Livingston	1890		1 year	Died in office, 1891.
Merritt Trimble	1891	1897	6 years	
Sheppard Gandy	1897	1901	4 years	
Cornelius N. Bliss	1901	1903	2 years	
Philip Schuyler	1903		3 years	Died in office, 1906.
Theodorus B. Woolsey	1906		½ year	Died in office, 1907.
George L. Rives	1907		2 years	Continues in office.
Vice-Presidents.				
Andrew Elliott	1770	1784	14 years	
Abraham Lott	1784	1787	3 years	
Richard Morris	1787		1 year	Elected President, 1788.
Isaac Roosevelt	1788		2 years	Elected President, 1790.
Theophylact Bache	1790		4 years	Elected President, 1794.
Gerard Walton	1794		3 years	Elected President, 1797.
Matthew Clarkson	1797		2 years	Elected President, 1799
Hugh Gaine	1799	1805	6 years	
Robert Bowne	1805	1818	13 years	
Thomas Eddy	1818		4 years	Elected President, 1822.
Peter Augustus Jay	1822		5 years	Elected President, 1827.
Thomas Buckley	1827	1833	6 years	
Najah Taylor	1833	1837	4 years	
Isaac Carow	1837	1849	12 years	
George T. Trimble	1850		8 years	Elected President, 1858.
Gulian C. Verplanck	1858	1865	7 years	
John David Wolfe	1865		7 years	Died in office. 1872.
Robert Lenox Kennedy	1872		3 years	Elected President, 1875.
James W. Beekman	1875		2 years	Died in office, 1877.
Samuel Willets	1877	1882	5 years	
James M. Brown	1882		5 years	Elected President, 1887.
Robert J. Livingston	1887		3 years	Elected President, 1890.
Merritt Trimble	1890		1 year	Elected President, 1891.
Nathaniel P. Bailey	1891			Died in office, 1891.
Sheppard Gandy	1892		5 years	Elected President, 1897.
Theodorus B. Woolsey	1897		9 years	Elected President, 1906.
Henry W. de Forest	1906	1907	1 year	
Howard Townsend	1907		2 years	Continues in office.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS — Continued.

Officers.	Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
Treasurers.				
Peter Van Brugh Livingston	1770	1777	7 years	
Henry Haydock	1777	1792	15 years	
John Murray	1792	1808	16 years	
Thomas Eddy	1808	1818	10 years	
John Adams	1818	1854	36 years	
John A. Stevens	1854	1862	8 years	
Robert Lenox Kennedy	1862	1872	10 years	
William Dennistoun	1872		3 years	Died in office, 1875.
William H. Macy	1875		7 years	Elected President, 1882.
George Cabot Ward	1882	1885	3 years	
William D. Morgan	1885		2 years	Died in office, 1887.
Cornelius N. Bliss	1887	1897	10 years	
J. Edward Simmons	1897	1908	11 years	
Edward W. Sheldon	1908		1 year	Continues in office.
Assistant Treasurers.				
Benjamin W. Rogers	1818	1822	4 years	Office then abolished.
Robert H. Bowne	1822	1827	5 years	
Secretaries.				
John Moore	1770	1784	14 years	
John Murray, Jr	1784	1787	3 years	
John Keese	1787	1794	7 years	
Thomas Eddy	1794	1799	5 years	
John Barrow	1799	1800	1 year	
Thomas Eddy	1800	1806	6 years	
Henry Post, Jr	1806	1807	1 year	
Thomas Buckley	1807	1824	17 years	
Robert I. Murray	1824		34 years	Died in office, 1858.
D. Colden Murray	1858		27 years	Died in office, 1885.
Henry W. Crane	1885		24 years	Continues in office.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

The following is a list of the Physicians and Surgeons who have served the Institution in the order of their appointment, together with the date of their resignation or death, and their respective periods of service:

Physicians and Surgeons.		Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
P.	Samuel Bard	1774	1797	23 years	
P.	Peter Middleton	1774	1791	17 years	
P.	John Jones	1774	1791	17 years	
P	Malachi Treat	1774	1794	20 years	
P	John Charlton	1791	1792	1 year	
P.	Thomas Jones	1791	1792	4 years	
S.	Thomas Jones	1792	1795		
S.	Richard Bayley	1792	1805	13 years	
S.	James Tillary	1792	1792	1 month	
S.	Wright Post	1792	1821	36 years	Died in office, 1828.
*Cons'g S.	Wright Post	1821			
S.	Richard S. Kissam	1792	1796	29 years	Died in office, 1822.
S.	Richard S. Kissam	1797			
P.	Samuel Nicholl	1792	1796	4 years	
P.	William P. Smith	1792	1796	4 years	
P.	J. R. B. Rodgers	1794	1807	13 years	
S.	Samuel Borrowe	1795	1817	22 years	
S.	Valentine Seaman	1796		21 years	Died in office, 1817.
P.	Elihu H. Smith	1796		2 years	Died in office, 1798.
P.	Samuel L. Mitchell	1796	1817	21 years	
P.	David Hosack	1797	1806		
P.	David Hosack	1807	1826	34 years	Died in office, 1832.
Cons'g P.	David Hosack	1826			
P.	William Hamersley	1798	1817	31 years	Died in office, 1833.
*Cons'g P.	William Hamersley	1821			
P.	Edward Miller	1806		6 years	Died in office, 1812.
P.	James S. Stringham	1807		10 years	Died in office, 1817.
P. to L. A.	Archibald Bruce	1808	1817	9 years	
P.	John C. Osborne	1809		8 years	Died in office, 1817.
P.	Benjamin Dewitt	1809	1810	1 year	
S.	Valentine Mott	1817	1837	48 years	Died in office, 1865.
Cons'g S.	Valentine Mott	1837			
S.	Alex. H. Stevens	1817	1839	52 years	Died in office, 1869.
Cons'g S.	Alex. H. Stevens	1839			
P.	John Watts	1817	1829	14 years	Died in office, 1831.
Cons'g P.	John Watts	1829			
P.	John Neilson	1817	1819		
P. to L. A.	John Neilson	1819	1829	13 years	
C. P. to B. A.	John Neilson	1829	1830		
P. to L. A.	William Handy	1817	1819	2 years	
P.	Peter C. Tappan	1817	1824	7 years	
P.	Thomas Cock	1819	1834	50 years	Died in office, 1869.
Cons'g P.	Thomas Cock	1834			
S.	John C. Cheesman	1821	1856	41 years	Died in office, 1862.
Cons'g S.	John C. Cheesman	1856			

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS — Continued.

Physicians and Surgeons.		Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
S.	J. Kearney Rodgers....	1822		29 years	Died in office, 1851.
P.	Samuel W. Moore.....	1824	1828	4 years	
P.	Stephen Brown.....	1826	1832	6 years	
P.	Fr. U. Johnston.....	1828	1848	30 years	Died in office, 1858.
Cons'g P.	Fr. U. Johnston.....	1848			
P. to B. A.	James Macdonald.....	1829	1830	6 years	
	James Macdonald.....	1832	1837		
P.	Joseph M. Smith.....	1829		37 years	Died in office, 1866.
P. to B. A.	Guy C. Bayley.....	1830	1832	2 years	
P.	John B. Beck.....	1832	1843	11 years	
P.	Edw. Delafield.....	1834	1838	4 years	
S.	Alfred C. Post.....	1836	1853	50 years	Died in office, as Consulting Surg., 1886.
Cons'g S.	Alfred C. Post.....	1853			
S.	R. K. Hoffman.....	1836	1851	24 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1860.
Cons'g S.	R. K. Hoffman.....	1851			
S.	John G. Adams.....	1837	1837		
S.	Gurdon Buck.....	1837		40 years	Died in office, 1877.
P. to B. A.	Benjamin Ogden.....	1837	1839	2 years	
P.	James Macdonald.....	1838	1843	5 years	
P. to B. A.	William Wilson.....	1839	1844	5 years	
S.	John Watson.....	1839	1863	24 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1863.
Cons'g S.	John Watson.....	1863			
P.	John A. Swett.....	1842		12 years	Died in office, 1854.
P.	John H. Griscom.....	1843	1866	23 years	
P. to B. A.	Pliny Earle.....	1844	1849	5 years	
P.	Henry D. Bulkley.....	1848		24 years	Died in office, 1872.
P. to B. A.	Chas. H. Nichols.....	1849	1852	15 years	Died in office, 1889.
M. S. to B. A.	Chas. H. Nichols	1877			
S.	Thaddeus M. Halsted..	1851	1865	19 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1870.
Cons'g S.	Thaddeus M. Halsted..	1865			
S.	Thomas M. Markoe....	1852	1892	49 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1901.
Cons'g S.	Thomas M. Markoe....	1892			
P. to B. A.	D. Tilden Brown.....	1852	1877	25 years	
S.	Wm. H. Van Buren....	1853	1860	23 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1883.
Cons'g S.	Wm. H. Van Buren....	1867			
P.	John T. Metcalf.....	1854	1855	1 year	
P.	Thomas F. Cock.....	1855	1878	41 years	Died in office as Consulting Phys., 1896.
Cons'g P.	Thomas F. Cock.....	1878			
S.	Willard Parker.....	1856	1867	28 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1884.
Cons'g S.	Willard Parker.....	1867			
S.	George A. Peters.....	1860	1884	34 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1894.
Cons'g S.	George A. Peters.....	1884			
P.	Thomas B. Dash.....	1862	1867	5 years	
P.	William H. Draper.....	1862	1889		
Cons'g P.	William H. Draper....	1889	1893	39 years	Died in office as Consulting Phys., 1901.
P.	William H. Draper....	1893	1896		
Cons'g P.	William H. Draper....	1896			
S.	Henry B. Sands.....	1863	1882	20 years	
Cons'g S.	Henry B. Sands.....	1882	1883		
S.	Charles M. Allin.....	1865		15 years	Died in office, 1880.
P.	Gouverneur M. Smith..	1866	1879	32 years	Died in office as Consulting Phys., 1898.
Cons'g P.	Gouverneur M. Smith..	1879			
P.	Charles E. Hackley....	1866	1885	44 years	Continues in office as Cons'g Phys.
Cons'g P.	Charles E. Hackley....	1885			

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS — Continued.

Physicians and Surgeons.		Elected.	Resigned.	Served the Institution.	
P.	James W. McLane.....	1867	1884	43 years	Continues in office as Cons'g Phys.
Cons'g P.	James W. McLane.....	1884			
S.	Ernst Kracowizer.....	1867		8 years	Died in office, 1875.
P	Woolsey Johnson.....	1872		15 years	
S.	Robert F. Weir.....	1876	1900	34 years	Continues in office as Cons'g Surgeon.
Cons'g S.	Robert F. Weir.....	1900			
S. to H. of R.	William T. Bull.....	1876	1888	12 years	
S.	William T. Bull.....	1883	1900	26 years	Died in office as Consulting Surg., 1909.
Cons'g S.	William T. Bull.....	1900			
P.	George L. Peabody....	1884	1909	26 years	Continues in office as Cons'g Phys.
Cons'g P.	George L. Peabody....				
P.	A. Brayton Ball.....	1888	1905	20 years	Died in office as Cons'g Phys., 1908.
Cons'g P.	A. Brayton Ball.....	1905			
P.	Edward L. Partridge...	1888	1892	21 years	Continues in office as Cons'g Phys.
Cons'g P.	Edward L. Partridge...	1893			
S.	Lewis A. Stimson.....	1888	1909	22 years	Ret. 1909, age limit.
S. to H. of R.	Lewis A. Stimson.....	1888	1909	22 years	Ret. 1909, age limit.
Cons'g S	Lewis A. Stimson.....	1909			Continues in office as Cons'g S.
P.	W. Gilman Thompson..	1889	1895	6 years	
M. S. to B. A.	Samuel B. Lyon.....	1890		20 years	Continues in office.
S.	Frank Hartley.....	1892		18 years	Continues in office.
S.	Francis W. Murray....	1893		17 years	Continues in office.
Cons'g P.	L. Duncan Bulkley....	1894		16 years	Continues in office.
P.	Henry B. Loomis.....	1895		12 years	
P.	Samuel W. Lambert...	1896		14 years	Continues in office.
P. to H. of R.	Lewis A. Conner.....	1896	1909	14 years	
S.	Francis H. Markoe.....	1899		8 years	Died in office, 1907.
Cons'g S.	Charles McBurney.....	1900		10 years	Continues in office.
S.	Percival R. Bolton.....	1900		10 years	Continues in office.
S.	Alex. B. Johnson.....	1900		10 years	Continues in office.
P.	Lewis A. Conner.....	1905		5 years	Continues in office.
A. P.	Hughes Dayton.....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. P.	Nellis B. Foster.....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. P.	Joseph C. Roper.....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. P.	James C. Greenway...	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. S.	William A. Downes....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. S.	Percy R. Turnure.....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. S.	Eugene H. Pool.....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.
A. S.	James M. Hitzrot.....	1908		2 years	Continues in office.

Note.—The above abbreviations are: P. for Attending Physician, S. for Attending Surgeon Cons'g P. Consulting Physician, Cons'g S. Consulting Surgeon, B. A. Bloomingdale Asylum M. S. to B. A. Medical Superintendent to Bloomingdale Asylum, S. to H. of R Attending Surgeon to House of Relief, P. to H. of R. Attending Physician to House of Relief, A. P. Associate Attending Physician, A. S. Associate Attending Surgeon.

*There is no evidence that the position of Consulting Physician or Surgeon was created before 1821.

LIST OF MEMBERS.

The following official persons, for the time being, are Members of the Society of the New York Hospital, by virtue of the Charter, viz.:

The Mayor of New York.
" Recorder "
" Aldermen "
" Assistants "
" Rector of Trinity Church.
" President of Columbia College.
" Senior Minister of the Reformed Dutch Protestant Church.
" Minister of the Ancient Lutheran Church.
" Senior Minister of the Presbyterian Church.
" Minister of the German Reformed Calvinist Church.
" Minister of the New Lutheran Church.
" Minister of the Anabaptist Congregation.
" Minister of the French Church.
" Minister of the Moravian Church.
" Minister of the Scotch Presbyterian Church.

Members of the Society of the New York Hospital.

The asterisk (*) denotes that the persons to whose names it is prefixed are dead.

A.

*Charles Ward Apthorp..... 1771
*William Axtell..... "
*John Alsop..... "
*Francis Atkinson.....
*Josiah Adams.....
*Gilbert Aspinwall..... 1795
*John Atkinson..... 1797
*William Adamson.....
*John Jacob Astor..... 1808
*John Aspinwall..... 1810
*Stephen Allen..... "
*John Adams..... "
*Samuel Akerly, M.D..... 1815
*James Anderson..... 1823
*David Austin..... 1827
*Saul Alley..... 1829
*Moses Allen..... "
*William Adamson, Jr..... "
*William H. Aspinwall..... 1845
*William B. Astor..... "
*George T. Adee..... "
*Augustin Averill..... "
*William H. Appleton..... 1852
*Loring Andrews..... 1856
*John L. Aspinwall..... "
*John Alstyne..... "
*John Jacob Astor, Jr..... 1860
*John G. Adams, M.D..... 1874
*George W. Abbe..... 1877

*Richard T. Auchmuty..... 1878
*Alexander McLane Agnew..... 1878
*Lloyd Aspinwall..... "
Thatcher M. Adams..... "
William W. Astor..... 1879
James W. Alexander..... 1903

B.

*Samuel Bard..... 1771
*William Bayard..... "
*John Bogert..... "
*Gerard William Beekman..... "
*George Bowne..... "
*John Beekman..... "
*Samuel Bowne..... "
*Samuel Broome..... "
*Samuel Bowne, Jr..... "
*James Beekman..... "
*Theophylact Bache..... "
*Grove Bend..... "
*Evert Bancker..... "
*Thomas Buchanan..... "
*Andrew Barclay..... "
*William Brownjohn..... "
*Francis Basset..... "
*William Backhouse..... 1787
*Thomas B. Bridgen..... 1794
*William Bowne..... 1795
*Robert Bowne..... "
*Joseph Byrnes..... "
*Samuel Bowne..... "
*Dr. John Bard, M.D..... "
*Samuel Belamy..... "
*Walter Bowne..... "
*Thomas Buckley..... 1802
*Dirk Brinkerhoff.....
*Benjamin Booth.....
*Abraham Brinkerhoff.....
*Walter Buchanan.....
*Goldsboro Banyer.....
*John Bogert..... 1804
*John Barrow..... 1809
*Aaron Burr..... "
*Gerard G. Beekman..... "
*J. E. R. Birch..... "
*Thomas H. Brantingham..... "
*John L. Browne..... "
*Abraham Bell..... "
*Abraham Barker..... 1809
*Gerard G. Beekman, Jr.....
*James Bowne.....
*James Buck.....
*Samuel Burling.....
*Robert L. Bowne.....
*Egbert Benson..... 1810
*J. E. K. Berck..... 1811
*Divie Bethune..... "
*Robert H. Bowne..... 1814
*William Bayard, Jr..... 1816
*Benjamin Butler..... "
*Joseph Blackwell..... "
*Abraham Brinkerhoff, Jr..... "
*Philip Brasher..... "
*James Boyd, Jr..... "
*James Boorman..... "
*Robert Blake..... 1823
*John Bolton..... 1829
*J. D. Beers..... "
*William G. Bucknor..... "
*Michael Burnham..... "
*James Boggs..... "
*Gurdon Buck..... "
*John L. Buckley..... 1842
*James Brown..... 1845
*James W. Beekman..... 1850
*Sidney Brooks..... 1853
*August Belmont..... "
*George Bruce..... "
*William G. Bull..... "
*Mrs. Maria Banyer..... "
*Mrs. Isaac Burr..... "
*Silas Bronson..... "
*A. O. Brodie..... "
*Mrs. Arthur Bronson..... "
Miss Mary Bronson..... "
*Frederick Bronson..... "
*George Bell..... "
*Japhet Bishop..... "
Robert H. Berdell..... "
*Wyllis Blackstone..... 1857
*James Barnes..... "
*Joseph Battell..... "
*Nathaniel P. Bailey..... "
*George Hunter Brown..... 1859
*James M. Brown..... 1861
*Theodore B. Bronson..... 1864

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

Ann D. Brown..... 1866
*David W. Bishop..... 1866
*James H. Banker..... "
*T. Alston Bishop..... "
*J. Muhlenberg Bailey..... "
*Benjamin F. Butler..... 1868
*John Bridge..... 1869
*William Tilden Blodgett..... "
*Heber R. Bishop..... 1877
*James W. Beekman..... 1878
*William Allen Butler..... "
*Christopher C. Baldwin..... "
George S. Bowdoin..... 1880
Waldron Post Brown..... 1882
Cornelius N. Bliss..... 1883
Edmund L. Baylies..... 1885
Temple Bowdoin..... 1893
*Thomas H. Barber..... 1895
Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr..... "
George F. Baker..... 1899
Charles S. Brown..... 1903
Henry G. Barbey..... 1908

C.

*Isaac U. Coles..... 1771
*Alexander Colden..... "
*David Clarkson..... "
*Cornelius Clopper..... "
*John Harris Cruger..... "
*John Crook..... "
*Isaac Corsa..... "
*Peter Clopper..... 1784
*Henry Cruger.....
*Robert Crommelin.....
*Matthew Clarkson..... 1792
*Henry Cruger, Jr.....
*Cadwallader Colden.....
*Major Edward Clark.....
*Daniel Cotton..... 1795
*James Constable.....
*William Constable.....
*Francis Childs.....
*Isaac Cock..... 1795
*John B. Coles.....
*Isaac Collins..... 1802
*De Witt Clinton..... 1807
*John Church..... "
*W. O. Champlin..... 1808
*John Clark..... 1809
*Samuel Corp..... "
*John T. Champlain..... "
*John G. Coster..... "
*Uriah Oliver Champlain..... "
*Thomas Collins..... "
*Richard Cunningham..... "
*Israel Corse..... "
*John Clark, Jr..... "
*Willett Coles..... "
*Levinus Clarkson..... 1810
*Duncan Pearsall Campbell..... "
*William Cairns..... "
*Peter Crary, Jr..... "
*Isaac Carow..... "
*David Clarkson, Jr..... "
*Matthew Clarkson, Jr..... "
*William Bayard Clarkson..... "
*Thomas Cadle..... "
*James Conklin..... "
*Thomas S. Clarkson..... "
*Cadwallader D. Colden..... 1812
*Benjamin U. Coles..... 1816
*William Crary..... "
*George Chance..... "
*Nathan Comstock..... 1817
*Isaac Collins..... 1821
*Stacy B. Collins..... "
*Joseph B. Collins..... "
*Thomas G. Cary..... 1829
*Robert C. Cornell..... "
*John S. Crary..... "
*Henry Cary..... 1834
*Henry Crary..... 1845
*George J. Cornell..... "
*T. B. Collins..... "
*Henry Chauncey..... 1848
*Wm. Bayard Campbell..... 1852
*Frederick A. Conkling..... "
*Jonathan I. Coddington..... 1853
*James N. Cobb..... 1855
*Francis Cotenet..... 1856
*John Clapp..... "
*James Chambers..... "
*Luther Clark..... "
*Jay Cooke..... "
Enoch W. Clark..... "
*George Carpenter..... "

*John H. Contoit..... 1856
*William F. Carey..... "
*Samuel T. Carey..... "
Mrs. Margaret Cheesbrough..... "
*Horace B. Claflin..... "
*Edwin Clark..... "
*R. Smith Clark..... "
*Hanson K. Corning..... "
*Timothy M. Cheesman, M. D.... 1858
*Henry Chauncey, Jr..... 1859
James Cassidy..... 1863
*Israel Corse..... 1864
*John J. Cisco..... 1868
*John Caswell..... 1869
Joseph H. Choate..... 1877
Wm. Bayard Cutting..... 1878
Charles Collins..... "
*John Carey, Jr..... "
Hermann H. Cammann..... "
John L. Cadwalader..... "
Henry W. Crane..... 1886
John Claflin..... 1900
George P. Cammann..... 1901
*Catharine B. Campbell..... "
Maria L. Campbell..... "

D.

*Oliver Delancey..... 1771
*Joshua Delaplaine..... "
*James Duane..... "
*Gerardus Duyckinck..... "
*Gerardus De Peyster..... "
*Abraham Duryee..... "
*Walter Du Bois..... "
*Elias Desbrosses..... 1775
*Magdalen Desbrosses .....
*William Denning .....
*Daniel Dunscomb, Jr..... 1795
*J. L. Dodge..... 1808
*William Duncan, London..... 1809
*George Duncan ..... "
*Frederick De Peyster..... "
*Patrick Dennis..... "
*David L. Dodge ..... "
*John B. Dash ..... "
*R. H. John Lord Drummond....
*Jacob Doty .....
*James F. De Peyster..... 1810
*Robert G. L. De Peyster..... "
*Frederick De Peyster, Jr..... "
*Abraham De Peyster..... "
*Matthew L. Davis ..... "
*Cornelius Dubois ..... "
*Rufus R. Davenport..... 1816
*Jacob Drake 1824
*John Delafield 1829
*Charles Debevoise..... 1840
*James Donaldson 1843
*Henry C. DeRham 1845
*Franklin H. Delano..... "
*George Douglas 1856
*Charles A. Davis ..... "
Henry Dwight, Jr..... "
*William E. Dodge..... "
*William W. De Forest..... "
*William Douglas ..... "
W. Butler Duncan..... "
*Miss Susan M. C. De Peyster.... "
*Mrs. Ann De Peyster..... "
*Simeon Draper ..... "
*Philip Dater ..... "
*John H. Dykers ..... "
*Cornelius Du Bois ..... "
Edward Dodge..... "
*Frederick J. De Peyster..... 1863
*William Dennistoun 1865
*J. Ashton De Peyster..... 1866
*David Dows..... 1869
*Henry J. Davison 1871
*William Alexander Duer..... 1890
Henry W. de Forest..... "
Charles D. Dickey, Jr..... 1892
George G. De Witt..... "
Alexander Butler Duncan..... 1894

E.

*Andrew Elliott 1771
*Lawrence Embree 1784
*William Edgar 1787
*Thomas Eddy 1793
*Effingham Embree 1795
*Thomas Ellison .....
*John Elliott 1811
*William Edgar, Jr..... 1818

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

*Charles Ely 1856
*David S. Eggleston..... 1866
Ambrose K. Ely 1869
*Jonathan Edwards 1878

F.

*John Fothergill, M. D., London... 1771
*Walter Franklin, Sr..... "
*George Folliott..... "
*Samuel Franklin 1781
*Sampson Fleming 1789
*George Fox 1795
*Thomas Franklin..... "
*Thomas Franklin, Jr..... "
*Caleb Frost ..... "
*Col. Edward Fanning.....
*Johnson Fairholme .....
*John Franklin, Jr..... 1806
*Thomas Fisher 1807
*Henry Franklin ..... "
*Francis Fleming .....
*John Franklin .....
*Abraham Franklin .....
*Whitehead Fish 1810
*Matthew Franklin 1813
*George Fitch ..... "
*Moses Field 1817
*John W. Francis, M. D..... 1823
*Hickson W. Field..... 1829
*Samuel Flewelling ..... "
*John Fleming ..... "
*Preserved Fish ..... "
*Hamilton Fish 1836
*Augustus Fleming 1837
*Samuel M. Fox..... 1845
*Thomas H. Faile ..... "
*Benjamin H. Field..... 1850
*Edward G. Faile..... 1856
*Cyrus W. Field ..... "
*John M. Furman..... "
*Andrew Foster, Jr..... "
*Henry S. Fearing..... 1865
*Frederick G. Foster..... 1866
*Wm. H. Fogg 1869
Seth B. French..... 1900

G.

*Peter Goelet 1771
*Hugh Gaine 1790
*Andrew Gautier .....
*Nicholas Gouverneur .....
*Robert Gray .....
*Edward Goold .....
*Adam Gilchrist .....
*John J. Glover .....
*Archibald Gracie .....
*John Greene 1808
*Maltbie Gelston 1809
*Cornelius Grinnell, Jr..... "
*George Griswold..... 1810
*Peter P. Goelet..... 1814
*John Greenfield 1816
*John Graham ..... "
*John P. Groshon 1817
*Jonathan Goodhue..... 1823
*Nathaniel L. Griswold..... 1824
*William Green, of England..... "
*George Griffin 1829
*Peter Goelet..... 1833
*John L. Graham..... 1835
*James L. Graham..... "
*Francis Griffin 1845
*John C. Green ..... "
*James Gallatin ..... "
*Jasper Grosvenor ..... "
*Seth Grosvenor ..... "
*Robert C. Goodhue..... 1849
*Charles C. Goodhue..... 1856
*John Gihon ..... "
*William W. Gilbert ..... "
*Edward M. Greenway..... "
*Mrs. Jonathan Goodhue..... "
*William C. Goodhue..... "
*E. Boonen Graves..... "
*Frederick C. Gebhard ..... "
*William H. Gebhard..... "
*Thomas Garner ..... "
*James G. Garner ..... "
*Sheppard Gandy 1864
*George Griswold ..... "
Mrs. E. Boonen Graves..... 1866
*Geo. D. H. Gillespie..... "
*Robert Gordon..... 1868

Elbridge T. Gerry 1868
*Horace Gray 1869
Robert Livingston Gerry 1886
Peter Goelet Gerry ..... "
*James B. M. Grosvenor 1891
Robert M. Gallaway 1896
R. Horace Gallatin 1906
Robert Goelet 1909

H.

*Daniel Horsemanden 1771
*Henry Haydock ..... "
*Joseph Hallet ..... "
*George Harrison ..... "
*Whitehead Hicks ..... "
*Jacob Hallett 1785
*Abijah Hammond 1794
*Nathaniel Hawxhurst 1795
*Henry Haydock, Jr 1796
*David Hosack, M. D 1806
*Benjamin Huntington 1807
*Goold Hoyt 1808
*Valentine Hicks ..... "
*Henry Hammond .....
*Oliver Hicks 1809
*William Hartshorn ..... "
*Philip Hone 1810
*John Haggerty ..... "
*John Hone ..... "
*Elias Haines ..... "
*John Hunter ..... "
*William Hill 1813
*William Howard ..... "
*Samuel Hicks 1816
*Isaac Heyer ..... "
*Jacob Halsey ..... "
*William Hammersley, M. D ..... "
*Alexander Eddy Hosack, M. D 1827
*James Heard 1829
*Isaac S. Hone ..... "
*John C. Hamilton 1835
*Silas Holmes 1839
*William M. Halsted 1840
*Townsend Harris 1847
*George F. Hussey 1848
*Jacob Harvey 1850
*William Howard .....
*Edwin Hoyt 1856
*William R. Hitchcock 1856
*Charles A. Heckscher ..... "
*Henry Hopkins ..... "
Edward M. Hopkins ..... "
*Peleg Hall ..... "
*William Hoge ..... "
Thomas P. Huntington ..... "
*James Hewitt ..... "
*David Hadden ..... "
*Joshua J. Henry ..... "
*William F. Havemeyer ..... "
*Valentine G. Hall ..... "
*Irad Hawley ..... "
*Thomas Hunt ..... "
*Wilson G. Hunt ..... "
*Abram S. Hewitt 1857
Edward S. Hall 1863
*William J. Hoppin 1866
*William B. Hoffman ..... "
*Eben V. Haughwout ..... "
*Samuel V. Hoffman 1868
Meredith Howland 1873
*William M. Halsted 1875
William W. Hoppin 1877
*William H. Hoople 1878
*James W. Husted 1890
Anson W. Hard 1891
George G. Haven ..... "
Henry R. Hoyt 1904
Samuel V. Hoffman ..... "
Charles F. Hoffman 1907
J. Woodward Haven 1908

I.

*Isaac Iseline 1816
*Charles Inglis ..... "
*Elizabeth Irving 1862
*William B. Isham 1869

J.

*John Jones, M. D 1771
*Sir William Johnson, Baronet ..... "
*Simon Johnston ..... "
*Nicholas Jones ..... "
*James Jauncey 1777
*Samuel Jones 1791

*John Jay .....
*Thomas Jones .....
*Col. Thomas James.....
*William Johnson 1804
*Peter A. Jay..... 1809
*John Jones 1810
*Horace Johnson ..... "
*Joshua Jones ..... "
*Samuel Jones, Jr..... "
*William Jauncey .....
*Amasa Jackson .....
*Naphthali Judah 1810
*John Jones 1816
*Edward R. Jones..... "
*Sylvanus F. Jenkins ..... "
*James Jenkins 1818
*John Johnston 1823
*Jeromus Johnson 1829
*James I. Jones..... 1840
*Edward Jones 1845
*George F. Jones..... 1852
*Hezron A. Johnston..... 1856
*John T. Johnston ..... "
*James P. Johnston..... "
*Miss Nancy Jay..... "
*Miss Mary S. Jones..... "
*John Q. Jones ..... "
*Bradish Johnson ..... "
*Elizabeth Jones 1863
*Edward S. Jaffray..... 1866
Mary H. Johnston..... 1868
Margaret T. Johnston..... "
*D. Willis James..... 1872
*Frederick Rhinelander Jones.... 1885
Augustus D. Juilliard 1895

K.

*Archibald Kennedy 1771
*Lawrence Kortright ..... "
*Peter Kettletas ..... "
*John Keese 1787
*William Kenyon 1810
*John Knox .....
*Joseph Kettletas 1810
*John Tabor Kemp .....
*Robert J. Kemble .....
*Isaac Kibbe 1810
*Benjamin Kissam .....
*William Kelly .....
*John Kane .....
*Peter Kemble .....
*James Kent 1810
*Elias Kane..... "
*John A. King .....
*Joseph Kernochan 1829
*Harry Kneeland ..... "
*James G. King..... "
*David S. Kennedy..... 1845
*Morris Ketchum..... "
*Robert Kermit ..... "
*Robert Lenox Kennedy..... 1853
*Shepherd Knapp 1856
*Leonard W. Kipp ..... "
Richard Kipling ..... "
*Daniel C. Kingsland..... "
*James Lenox Kennedy..... "
*Nicholson S. Kane..... 1878
*William M. Kingsland..... 1884
*Samuel Keyser 1885
*Edward King 1888
David H. King, Jr..... 1897
Gustav E. Kissel..... 1904

L.

*Robert R. Livingston..... 1771
*Philip Livingston ..... "
*Leonard Lispenard ..... "
*William Livingston ..... "
*Abraham Lott ..... "
*Peter Van Brugh Livingston..... "
*Isaac Low ..... "
*William Ludlow ..... "
*Gabriel H. Ludlow..... "
*John Livingston, Sr..... "
*Jacob Le Roy..... "
*John Leake ..... "
*William Laight 1787
*John Lawrence .....
*John C. Lettsom, M. D., London.. 1798
*William Lovett 1808
*John H. Livingston, D. D..... 1809
*John Leboyteux ..... "
*Philip P. Livingston.....
*Robert P. Livingston..... 1809

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

*Robert R. Livingston, Jr..... 1809
*Richard R. Lawrence.....
*Caleb Lawrence .....
*Catherine Lawrence 1809
*Cornelius P. Low.....
*Thomas Leggett 1809
*Leffert Lefferts ..... "
*John Lamb .....
*Daniel Ludlow .....
*Nicholas Low .....
*William Lawrence .....
*John B. Lawrence 1809
*Dirk Lefferts .....
*Herman Leroy 1809
*Jonathan Little ..... "
*Richard M. Lawrence..... "
*Thomas Lawrence ..... "
*John T. Lawrence..... "
*William Leffingwell ..... "
*Edward Lyde, Jr 1810
*Jacob Leroy ..... "
*Elisha Leavenworth ..... "
*Gulian Ludlow ..... "
*David R. Lambert ..... "
*Robert Lennox 1811
*Thomas H. Leggett 1816
*James Lovett ..... "
*Jacob Lorillard ..... "
*Joseph Lloyd ..... "
*Jonathan H. Lawrence..... "
*Henry Laverty ..... "
*John G. Leake 1818
*Herman LeRoy, Jr..... "
*Eleazer Lord 1824
*General Lafayette ..... "
*Cornelius W. Lawrence..... 1829
*David Lee ..... "
*John W. Leavitt ..... "
*Rufus L. Lord..... "
*Edward W. Laight..... 1830
*Gideon Lee ..... "
*William Beach Lawrence..... 1836
*Joseph Lawrence 1845
*Cornelius Low ..... "
*Nicholas Low ..... "
*George N. Lawrence ..... "
*Daniel Lord ..... "
*James Lenox ..... "
*Charles M. Leupp 1855
*Miss Jennet Lenox..... 1856
*Miss Henrietta A. Lenox..... "
*Peter Lorillard ..... "
*James F. D. Lanier..... "
*George Law ..... "
*James Lees ..... "
*Mrs. Robert Livingston..... "
*George Lovett ..... "
*Schuyler Livingston ..... "
*Jacob R. Le Roy..... "
*Robert E. Livingston..... 1863
*Robert J. Livingston..... 1865
*Josiah O. Low 1868
*George W. Lane..... "
*Herman R. Le Roy..... 1875
*Joseph Larocque 1878
Charles Lanier ..... "
J. Bowers Lee ..... "
*William Libby 1882
Woodbury Langdon 1890
Newbold T. Lawrence 1892

M.

*Peter Middleton, M. D..... 1771
*Roger Morris ..... "
*Abraham Mortier ..... "
*Abraham Mesier ..... "
*Richard Morris ..... "
*John Moore ..... "
*William M'Adam ..... "
*Nathaniel Marston ..... "
*John Meyer ..... "
*Charles McEvers ..... "
*Alexander McDougall .....
*John Murray 1773
*John Murray, Jr..... 1784
*Lindley Murray .....
*William Maxwell .....
*Robert Murray .....
*Samuel Mansfield 1803
*Andrew Morris 1804
*John R. Murray..... 1806
*Jonas Minturn 1808
*Alexander M'Comb 1809
*Benjamin G. Minturn..... "
*Robert Mott ..... "
*Mordecai Meyers ..... "

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

*Nathaniel G. Minturn..... 1809
*Samuel Mott ..... "
*Robert I. Murray ..... "
*William Minturn .....
*John Marslin .....
*Thomas Maule .....
*Mary McEvers .....
*James Magee .....
*John McVickar 1810
*Peter J. Munro ..... "
*Peter Mesier ..... "
*James McVickar ..... "
*Stephen B. Munn..... "
*John Mason ..... "
*Samuel L. Mitchell, M. D..... 1813
*John B. Murray..... 1816
*Benjamin Marshall ..... "
*Samuel M'Coun ..... "
*John M'Comb 1817
*John Mason, Jr..... "
*John M'Comb..... 1829
*Samuel S. W. Moore, M. D..... "
*Samuel F. Mott 1837
*Robert B. Minturn..... 1845
*Robert McCoskry ..... "
*Edwin D. Morgan..... "
*David Colden Murray..... 1850
*John R. Murray 1853
*Samuel Marsh 1856
*Charles H. Marshall ..... "
*Matthew Morgan ..... "
*Josiah Macy ..... "
*William H. Macy ..... "
*Francis H. Macy..... "
*John H. Macy..... "
*John D. Maxwell ..... "
*Miss Mary Murray..... "
*Miss Harriet Murray..... "
*Daniel S. Miller ..... "
*Edward Minturn ..... "
George Merritt ..... "
*William Mackay ..... "
Charles Moran ..... "
*Daniel E. Moran ..... "
*Sidney Mason 1858
*T. Bailey Myers 1869
*Harry M. Morris..... 1872
George N. Miller..... 1878
*Robert I. Murray..... 1878
*Fordham Morris ..... "
George Maculloch Miller ..... "
Henry Lewis Morris..... "
*William D. Morgan 1882
*William Bard McVickar..... 1892
J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr..... 1893
Clement March 1900

N.

*William Neilson 1809
*George Newbold ..... "
*John Neilson, M. D..... 1822
*Russel H. Nevins 1829
*Adam Norrie 1845
*David H. Nevins..... 1856
Mortimer O. H. Norton ..... "
*Thomas H. Newbold..... "
*William Niblo ..... "
*William H. Neilson 1873

O.

*Samuel Osgood 1792
*Thomas L. Ogden 1810
*David B. Ogden..... "
*Andrew Ogden ..... "
*William Osborn 1829
*John Oothout 1845
*David W. C. Olyphant..... 1848
*David Olyphant 1853
*George Talbot Olyphant ..... "
Robert M. Olyphant 1856
*William B. Ogden 1869
*Alexander E. Orr..... "
*William H. Osborn 1876
Robert Olyphant 1879
*Frederick P. Olcott..... 1887
David B. Ogden 1907

P.

*David Provost 1771
*Thomas Pearsall ..... "
*Lewis Pintard ..... "
*John Pell .....
*Daniel Phoenix .....
*Henry Post, Jr..... 1803
*Benjamin Douglass Perkins..... 1806
*William M. Plyment 1807
*Joseph Pearsall 1809

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

*Edmund Prior 1809
*Frederick Pigou ..... "
*Frederick Phillips ..... "
*Jotham Post, Jr..... "
*Allison Post ..... "
*Nathaniel Prime ..... "
*Thomas Pearsall .....
*Elijah Pell .....
*William Post .....
*Thomas C. Pearsall..... 1810
*Isaac Pierson ..... "
*Stephen Price 1813
*James P. Parke..... "
*Amos Palmer 1816
*Gideon Pott ..... "
*Wright Post, M. D..... "
*Henry Parish 1829
*J. Phillips Phoenix..... "
*Thomas W. Pearsall..... 1837
*Waldron B. Post 1845
*Edward Prime ..... "
*Pelatiah Perit 1856
*John J. Palmer..... "
*James Phalen ..... "
*Royal Phelps ..... "
*Thomas Paton ..... "
*Henry L. Pierson..... 1858
*Jehiel J. Post..... "
William H. Pomeroy 1866
*Edmund Penfold 1869
*William Paton ..... "
*Temple Prime 1877
Henry Parish 1878
*Thomas W. Pearsall ..... "
*Orlando B. Potter 1879
Henry E. Pellew 1880
Charles A. Peabody, Jr..... 1891

R.

*Walter Rutherford 1771
*Isaac Roosevelt ..... "
*Henry Rutgers, Jr..... "
*Alexander Robinson .....
*Cornelius Ray .....
*Moses Rodgers .....
*Jacobus Roosevelt .....
*Elizabeth Richards .....
*Hendrick Rutgers .....
*John Reid .....
*William H. Robinson..... 1808
*Nehemiah Rogers 1809
*William T. Robinson..... "
*Sylvester Robinson ..... "
*John W. Russell ..... "
*Herman G. Rutgers .....
*John Peter Ritter .....
*Benjamin W. Rogers..... 1810
*Nathaniel Richards ..... "
*Jacob Radcliffe ..... "
*William Rogers ..... "
*George Richards 1816
*Henry Remsen ..... "
*Philip Rhinelander 1818
*John Rathbone, Jr..... 1823
*Henry Rogers ..... "
*Morris Robinson 1829
*Peter Remson ..... "
*Robert Ray ..... "
*Charles H. Russell..... 1845
*William J. Roome..... "
*George P. Rapelye 1853
*Guy Richards 1855
*Cornelius V. S. Roosevelt..... 1856
*James Robb ..... "
*William C. Rhinelander ..... "
*George A. Robbins..... "
*Christopher R. Robert 1864
*S. Howland Robbins 1869
*Theodore Roosevelt 1876
*Alfred Roosevelt 1878
James R. Roosevelt ..... "
*Robert G. Remsen ..... "
Edmund D. Randolph..... 1884
*John Harsen Rhoades..... 1892
J. Hampden Robb..... 1894
Archibald D. Russell 1896
George L. Rives..... 1904
Harry Pelham Robbins..... "

S.

*William Smith 1771
*John Moran Scott..... "
*Thomas Smith ..... "
*Richard Sharpe ..... "

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

*Isaac Sears	1771
*Nicholas Stuyvesant	"
*Gerard Stuyvesant	
*Miles Sherbrook	
*Christopher Smith	
*Allen Shepherd	1808
*William Shotwell	1809
*George Stafford	"
*Comfort Sands	"
*John Stiles	"
*Reuben Smith	"
*Jacob Schieffelin	"
*Jacob Sherred	"
*Drake Seymour	"
*Jesse Smith	
*William Seton	
*Edmund Seaman	
*William Shedden	
*Henry Sadler	
*Thomas Stoughton	
*Christopher M. Slocum	
*Ebenezer Stevens	
*James R. Smith	
*Peter Schermerhorn	
*Pascal N. Smith	
*James Scott	
*Isaac Sebring	1810
*John Slidell	"
*Benjamin Strong	"
*Gamaliel Smith	"
*Garrit Stephens	"
*Robert Seaman	1811
*Jesse Schofield	1816
*Jacob Storm	"
*Ferdinand Suydam	"
*Stephen Storm	"
*James Sterling	"
*Josiah Sturges	"
*Thomas H. Smith, Jr	"
*Nathaniel Smith	1817
*Alexander H. Stevens, M. D	"
*Rev. Dr. John Stanford	1819
*Thomas R. Smith	1820
*Peter Sharpe	1824
*Garrit Storm	1826
*Peter Skinner	1827
*Benjamin L. Swan	"
*John A. Stevens	"
*Allan Shepherd	1827
*George Strong	1829
*Joseph S. Shotwell	"
*Frederick Sheldon	"
*John Suydam	"
*Thomas Suffern	"
*Peter G. Stuyvesant	1833
*Peter Augustus Schermerhorn	1845
*Joseph Sampson	"
*Jonathan Sturges	"
*Aquilla G. Stout	"
*Caleb Swan	1851
*Thomas B. Stillman	1855
*Robert L. Stuart	1856
*Alexander Stuart	"
*George L. Schuyler	"
Melancthon L. Seymour	"
*John Fisher Sheafe	"
*William W. Stone	"
*Joseph Steele	"
*John C. Stevens	"
*Leonardo S. Suarez	"
*William H. Smith	"
*Edward F. Sanderson	"
*Rutsen Suckley	"
*J. J. Stuart	"
*Rufus R. Skeel	"
*Horatio G. Stevens	"
*David Stewart	"
*Gerard Stuyvesant	"
*Mrs. William A. Spencer	"
*Joseph Shipley, of Brandywine	"
Frederick J. Sheldon, Jr	1857
*Otis D. Swan	1858
*James O. Smith, M. D	"
*Eleanor F. Strong	1862
*Jackson S. Schultz	1865
*Benjamin B. Sherman	1866
*Francis Skiddy	1869
*Paul Spofford	"
George Smith	"
*James Stokes	"
*Charles E. Strong	1877
*Francis A. Stout	1878
*Mahlon Sands	"
*Philip Schuyler	"
*John Sherwood	"
*James O. Sheldon	1880

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

Charles A. Schermerhorn..... 1884
James Stillman 1885
*James T. Swift ..... "
*John Sloane 1891
J. Edward Simmons ..... "
Francis Lynde Stetson..... 1896
Henry C. Swords..... "
Augustine J. Smith 1899
*Henry Steers 1900
S. Franklin Stanton..... 1902
Edward W. Sheldon..... 1905
Frank K. Sturgis..... 1907

T.

*John Thurman 1771
*John Thurston 1795
*John Titus 1802
*John Townsend 1806
*Najah Taylor 1809
*Robert Troup 1815
*Jeremiah Thompson 1816
*Francis Thompson ..... "
*Hugh K. Toler..... "
*Thomas C. Taylor..... 1817
*George Taylor, Jr..... "
*Sam'l Tuke, of the City of York, England 1819
*Wilson Taylor 1823
*Joseph R. Taylor ..... "
*Elihu Townsend 1829
*Frederick A. Tracy..... "
*Jonathan Thompson ..... "
*Elisha Tibbets ..... "
*Daniel Trimble 1845
*George T. Trimble..... "
*John R. Townsend ..... "
*Thomas Tileston ..... "
*Merritt Trimble 1850
*Jonathan Thorne 1856
*Charles N. Talbot ..... "
*Mary B. Trimble..... "
*David Thompson ..... "
*John Trenor, M. D..... "
*Mrs. Cornelia Trimble..... "
*Edward H. Tracy..... 1857
*James H. Titus 1868
Samuel Thorne 1876
*William Turnbull 1877
*John P. Townsend..... 1878
*Hamilton McK. Twombley..... 1887
Walter Trimble 1890
Richard Trimble ..... "
*Frederick D. Tappen..... 1891
William Turnbull, Jr..... 1893
Howard Townsend 1898
Henry A. C. Taylor..... 1901
George C. Turnure..... 1909

U.

*William Ustick 1777
*William Ustick, Jr..... 1795
*Benjamin Underhill ..... "
*Gustaphus Upsom .....

V.

*Jacobus Van Zandt .....
*John Van Cortlandt..... 1771
*Augustus Van Cortland..... "
*David Van Horn..... "
*Samuel Verplanck ..... "
*Augustus Van Horne ..... "
*Henry Van Vleck.....
*Theodorus Van Wyck.....
*Peter Vandervoort .....
*James Van Varick.....
*Gulian Verplanck .....
*Richard Varick 1794
*Wynant Van Zandt, Jr..... 1806
*John Van Blarcom..... 1810
William L. Vandervoort..... "
*William Vandervoort 1811
*John V. B. Varick..... 1816
*Gulian C. Verplanck..... 1822
*Myndert Van Schaick 1827
*Hubert Van Wagenen..... 1835
*Washington R. Vermilye..... 1856
*Alexander Van Rensselaer 1869
*Cornelius Vanderbilt 1878

W.

*John Watts 1771
*Hugh Wallace ..... "
*Henry White ..... "
*Thomas White ..... "
*Jacob Watson ..... "
*John Weatherhead ..... "
*Casper Wistar ..... "

LIST OF MEMBERS — Continued.

*Erasmus Williams .....
*Thomas Wooldridge .....
*Richard Waldron .....
*William Walton .....
*Gerard Walton .....
*Henry Wyckoff 1802
*Isaac L. Winn 1809
*Gilbert C. Willett ..... "
*William W. Woolsey ..... "
*Joshua Waddington ..... "
*Jacob Walton ..... "
*John R. Wheaton ..... "
*Eliphalet Williams ..... "
*Robert Watts .....
*James Watson .....
*Charles Watkins .....
*Henry Ward 1810
*Charles Wilkes ..... "
*Lemuel Wells ..... "
*Stephen Whitney ..... "
*Ezra Weeks ..... "
*Oliver Wolcott 1813
*Jasper Ward ..... "
*Dr. Hugh Williamson ..... "
*Samuel Wood 1815
*John G. Warren 1816
*Isaac Wright ..... "
*Samuel Ward ..... "
*Thomas W. Ward ..... "
*Abijah Weston ..... "
*Cornelius T. Williams 1817
*Isaac Wood, M. D. 1818
*John Watts, M. D. ..... "
*A. W. V. Worey ..... "
*Joseph Walker 1834
*Samuel Ward 1845
*John Ward ..... "
*Benjamin R. Winthrop 1847
*Samuel Willetts 1850
*Stephen C. Williams 1853
*John David Wolfe 1854
*Richard H. Winslow 1856
*James Winslow ..... "
*Edward J. Woolsey ..... "
*Eli White ..... "
*Robert R. Willetts ..... "
John M. Wisdom ..... "
*Oliver Wetmore ..... "
*Augustus Wetmore ..... "
Miss Abby G. Williams ..... "
*Daniel T. Willetts ..... "
*Benjamin M. Whitlock ..... "
*John Watson ..... "
*William H. Webb ..... "
*William Whitlock, Jr. ..... "
*William E. Wilmerding ..... "
*Gouverneur W. Wilkins ..... "
*Christopher Wolfe ..... "
*Theodorus B. Woolsey 1864
*George Cabot Ward 1865
*John Earle Williams 1869
*Francis T. Walker 1876
*William H. Wickham 1878
James T. Woodward 1883
John D. Wing 1890
Bronson Winthrop 1900
Frederick W. Whitridge 1902
Samuel Woolverton 1903
Howard Willets 1904
William Woodward 1909
William H. Wheelock 1909

Y.

*Richard Yates .....
*Lawrence Yates .....
*Hamilton Young .....

NEW YORK HOSPITAL.

House Physicians and House Surgeons.

1792-1909

William Dickson, Jr.	Jan.,	1792	Jan.,	1793	Surgeon.
Walter Forbes	"	1793	July,	1794	"
Nicholas Bayard	August,	1794	March,	1795	Physician.
" "	Jan.,	1795	May,	1795	Surgeon.
Jesse Woodhull	July,	1794	Jan.,	1795	"
Hugh McClean	March,	1795	Dec.,	1795	Physician.
Gilbert Smith	Dec.,	1795	March,	1796	"
Joseph Bailey	May,	1795	July,	1796	Surgeon.
John Neilson	March,	1796	May,	1797	Physician.
Robert G. Merritt	July,	1796	"	1797	Surgeon.
Adolph Lent	May,	1797	April,	1798	Physician.
Samuel Barnum	"	1797	June,	1799	Surgeon.
James Boyd	"	1798	May,	1799	Physician.
J. Van Buren	June,	1799	Jan.,	1800	Surgeon.
Samuel Hayes	May,	1799	April,	1800	Physician.
Jacob V. Brower	Jan.,	1800	May,	1801	Surgeon.
Henry C. Kunzie	June,	1800	August,	1801	Physician.
Richard L. Walker	May,	1801	June,	1802	Surgeon.
Nicholas Quackenboss	August,	1801	Nov.,	1802	Physician.
Isaac Foster	June,	1802	June,	1803	Surgeon.
James D. Gallatin	Nov.,	1802	Oct.,	1803	Physician.
Benjamin R. Robson	June,	1803	June,	1804	Surgeon.
John Huyler	Nov.,	1803	July,	1805	Physician.
Thomas Cock	June,	1804	June,	1805	Surgeon.
James Faitoute	May,	1805	April,	1806	Physician.
Stephen D. Beekman	June,	1805	May,	1807	Surgeon.
Samuel Akerly	April,	1806	August,	1807	Physician.
James Vose	May,	1807	Sept.,	1807	Surgeon.
Elias Black	August,	1807	August,	1808	Physician.
Thomas Van Beuren	Sept.,	1807	Jan.,	1809	Surgeon.
Guy Carlton Bayley	August,	1808	August,	1809	Physician.
Peter H. Cole	"	1809	"	1811	"
Caspar Wister Eddy	Feb.,	1810	Feb.,	1811	Surgeon.
John C. Cheesman	"	1811	"	1812	"
Peter C. Tappan	August,	1811	August,	1812	Physician.
William Van Dewsen	"	1812	"	1813	"
James Inderwich	Feb.,	1812	Feb.,	1813	Surgeon.
James C. Bliss	"	1814	"	1815	"

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

Daniel W. Kissam	August,	1813	August,	1814	Physician.
Peter B. Helme	"	1814	"	1815	"
Isaac Wood	Feb.,	1815	Feb.,	1816	Surgeon.
James W. Warburton	August,	1815	August,	1816	Physician.
J. K. Rodgers	Feb.,	1816	Feb.,	1817	Surgeon.
Edward Delafield	August,	1816	August,	1817	Physician.
Benjamin R. Kissam	Feb.,	1817	Feb.,	1818	Surgeon.
J. M. Campbell	August,	1817	August,	1818	Physician.
Robert M. Sullivan	Feb.,	1818	Feb.,	1819	Surgeon.
James W. Pendleton	August,	1818	August,	1819	Physician.
James C. Townsend	Feb.,	1819	Feb.,	1820	Surgeon.
Francis U. Johnston	August,	1819	August,	1820	Physician.
Benjamin Ogden	Feb.,	1820	Feb.,	1821	Surgeon.
John W. Weed	August,	1820	August,	1821	Physician.
John Neilson, Jr.	Feb.,	1821	April,	1822	Surgeon.
Samuel Burrowe	August,	1821	Sept.,	1822	Physician.
David L. Rogers	April,	1822	April,	1823	Surgeon.
Benjamin McVicker	Sept.,	1822	Sept.,	1823	Physician.
Marinus Willett, Jr.	April,	1823	April,	1824	Surgeon.
John R. Rhinelander	Sept.,	1823	Sept.,	1824	Physician.
Frederick G. King	April,	1824	May,	1825	Surgeon.
Joseph W. Duval	Sept.,	1824	August,	1825	Physician.
Philip E. Milledollar	May,	1825	Nov.,	1825	Surgeon.
George Wilkes	August,	1825	Feb.,	1826	Physician.
Amos S. Miller	Nov.,	1825	May,	1826	Surgeon.
Isaac De Lima	May,	1826	Oct.,	1826	"
Alfred Wagstaff	Oct.,	1826	May,	1827	"
Jacob T. Guilford	Nov.,	1826	April,	1827	Physician.
Peter D. Vroom	May,	1827	Oct.,	1827	Surgeon.
Samuel S. Lawrence	Oct.,	1827	April,	1828	Physician.
James E. Cornell	Nov.,	1827	May,	1828	Surgeon.
John D. Ogden	April,	1828	Oct.,	1828	Physician.
David A. Edgar	May,	1828	"	1828	Surgeon.
William H. Hobart	Oct.,	1828	April,	1829	Physician.
Edgar Olcott	Nov.,	1828	May,	1829	Surgeon.
William T. Thurston	April,	1829	Oct.,	1829	Physician.
Jared Linsly	May,	1829	Nov.,	1829	Surgeon.
Lynde C. Ferrez	Oct.,	1829	April,	1830	Physician.
James A. M. Gardiner	Nov.,	1829	May,	1830	Surgeon.
Gurdon Buck, Jr.	April,	1830	Oct.,	1830	Physician.
Henry A. Du Bois	Oct.,	1830	April,	1831	"
Alfred C. Post	May,	1830	Nov.,	1830	Surgeon.
Thomas G. Swain	Nov.,	1830	May,	1831	"
John C. Jay	April,	1831	Oct.,	1831	Physician.
James J. Brownlee	May,	1831	Nov.,	1831	Surgeon.
Thomas T. Devan	Oct.,	1831	April,	1832	Physician.

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

Joshua S. Felters	Nov.,	1831	May,	1832	Surgeon.
John H. Griscom	April,	1832	Oct.,	1832	Physician.
Austin L. Main	May,	1832	Nov.,	1832	Surgeon.
John L. Vandervoort	Oct.,	1832	April,	1833	Physician.
" "	July,	1833	Oct.,	1833	"
John Watson	Nov.,	1832	May,	1833	Surgeon.
George W. Leach	April,	1833	July,	1833	Physician.
John B. King	May,	1833	Nov.,	1833	Surgeon.
Stephen Wood	Oct.,	1833	April,	1834	Physician.
Lorenzo T. Warren	Nov.,	1833	May,	1834	Surgeon.
Robert W. Cairnes	April,	1834	Oct.,	1834	Physician.
Thomas Lee Smith	May,	1834	Nov.,	1834	Surgeon.
William P. Turpin	Oct.,	1834	April,	1835	Physician.
Abel J. Starr	Nov.,	1834	May,	1835	Surgeon.
Thomas C. Chalmers	May,	1835	Nov.,	1835	"
Alonzo Clark	Oct.,	1835	April,	1836	Physician.
Benjamin W. McCready	April,	1835	Oct.,	1835	Surgeon.
William Jackson	May,	1835	Nov.,	1835	"
Nelson Shook	"	1836	"	1836	Physician.
Chauncey L. Mitchell	Oct.,	1836	April,	1837	"
David L. Eigenbrodt	July,	1836	Nov.,	1836	Surgeon.
William A. Matthews	Nov.,	1836	May,	1837	"
Henry R. Lott	April,	1837	Oct.,	1837	Physician.
James W. B. Greenhow	May,	1837	Nov.,	1837	Surgeon.
Arthur B. Stout	Oct.,	1837	April,	1838	Physician.
George Adam	Nov.,	1836	May,	1837	Surgeon.
William M. Smith	May,	1837	Nov.,	1837	"
William H. Maxwell	April,	1838	April,	1839	"
John S. Heard	May,	1838	May,	1839	"
William S. Tompkins	Nov.,	1837	"	1838	"
James B. Gould	May,	1838	"	1839	"
William Sharrock	"	1839	"	1840	"
William H. McNeven	"	1840	"	1841	"
Thaddeus M. Halsted	"	1839	"	1840	"
Aaron J. Henriques	March,	1839	April,	1840	Physician.
Benjamin J. Raphael	May,	1840	May,	1841	Surgeon.
E. T. Richardson	April,	1840	April,	1841	Physician.
James R. Greacen	May,	1841	May,	1842	Surgeon.
Thomas M. Markoe	"	1841	"	1842	"
Peter J. McLaren	April,	1841	April,	1842	Physician.
Hugh Walsh	May,	1842	May,	1843	Surgeon.
W. P. Wanewright	"	1842	"	1843	"
A. H. Wotherspoon	April,	1842	April,	1843	Physician.
John Conger	May,	1843	May,	1844	Surgeon.
William W. Jones	April,	1843	"	1844	Physician.
" "	May,	1844	"	1845	Surgeon.

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

J. M. Julian	May,	1843	May,	1844	Surgeon.
Augustus G. Elliot	"	1843	April,	1844	Physician.
Henry Cook	"	1844	May,	1845	Surgeon.
John J. Crane	April,	1845	April,	1846	"
Israel Moses	"	1845	"	1846	Physician.
Charles E. Washburn	May,	1846	Feb.,	1847	Surgeon.
S. Allen Paddock	"	1845	May,	1846	"
Robert H. Little	"	1846	"	1847	"
Edward H. Delafield	April,	1846	April,	1847	Physician.
George A. Peters	Feb.,	1847	May,	1848	Surgeon.
John Thomson	June,	1847	"	1848	"
James Bathgate	April,	1848	"	1849	Physician.
Henry W. Buell	May,	1848	May,	1849	Surgeon.
John B. Arden	"	1849	April,	1850	Physician.
James R. Merritt	"	1849	May,	1850	Surgeon.
Benjamin Vreeland	June,	1849	"	1850	"
Frederick D. Lente	May,	1850	"	1851	"
William Henry Church	"	1850	"	1851	"
Frank P. Colton	April,	1850	April,	1851	Physician.
Joseph M. Cleveland	"	1851	"	1852	"
Frederick G. Le Roy	May,	1851	May,	1852	Surgeon.
Charles M. Allin	"	1851	"	1852	"
Edwin Van Deusen	April,	1852	April,	1853	Physician.
George Suckley	May,	1852	May,	1853	Surgeon.
James Cooper	"	1852	"	1853	"
H. Sedgewick Swift	April,	1853	April,	1854	Physician.
John McComb	May,	1853	May,	1854	Surgeon.
Cornelius R. Agnew	"	1853	"	1854	"
John B. Chapin	April,	1854	Sept.,	1854	Physician.
DeWitt C. Peters	May,	1854	"	1854	Surgeon.
Edward W. Derby	"	1854	May,	1855	"
F. Markoe Wright	Sept.,	1854	"	1855	"
Henry B. Mills	May,	1855	March,	1856	Physician.
Thomas B. Dash	"	1855	May,	1856	Surgeon.
A. Henry Thurston	"	1855	"	1856	"
Oscar G. Smith	March,	1856	Dec.,	1856	Physician.
Henry Van Blarcom	May,	1856	"	1856	Surgeon.
Sylvanus S. Mullford	Dec.,	1856	August,	1857	Physician.
Henry D. Noyes	"	1856	"	1857	Surgeon.
George E. S. Keater	May,	1856	"	1857	"
John C. Du Bois	August,	1857	April,	1858	"
Robert Ray, Jr.	"	1857	"	1858	"
Bradford L. B. Baylies, Jr.	April,	1858	Dec.,	1858	"
Bartow Darrach	"	1858	"	1858	Physician.
John M. Hooker	"	1858	"	1858	Surgeon.
George F. Shrady	Dec.	1858	August,	1859	"

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

George A. Quimby	Dec.,	1858	August,	1859	Surgeon.
Patrick Nolan	"	1858	"	1859	Physician.
Clarence Cameron	August,	1859	April,	1860	"
Joseph J. Hull	"	1859	"	1860	Surgeon.
Henry N. Fisher	"	1859	"	1860	"
Samuel S. Harris	April,	1860	Dec.,	1860	Physician.
Alexander T. Bell	"	1860	"	1860	Surgeon.
Robert F. Weir	"	1860	"	1860	"
" "	Dec.,	1860	March,	1861	Physician.
Samuel B. Tuthill	"	1860	April,	1861	Surgeon.
Thomas B. Ward	"	1860	"	1861	"
James L. Little	August,	1861	"	1862	"
D. B. St. John Roosa	"	1861	"	1862	"
John T. Kennedy	Oct.,	1862	August,	1863	"
Frederick D. Sturges	"	1862	June,	1863	"
Normand Smith, Jr	Dec.,	1862	August,	1863	Physician.
Frank P. Foster	August,	1863	April,	1864	Surgeon.
L. de Forest Woodruff	"	1863	"	1864	"
Thomas H. White	"	1863	"	1864	Physician.
William F. Cushman	April,	1864	Dec.,	1864	Surgeon.
George G. Wheelock	"	1864	"	1864	"
Thomas H. White	August,	1865	April,	1866	"
A. Brayton Ball	April,	1864	Dec.,	1864	Physician.
Woolsey Johnson	Dec.,	1864	August,	1865	Surgeon.
David Magie, Jr	"	1864	"	1865	"
James W. McLane	"	1864	July,	1865	Physician.
Thomas T. Sabine	August,	1865	April,	1866	Surgeon.
John H. Emerson	July,	1865	"	1866	Physician.
William W. Hoppin, Jr	April,	1866	Dec.,	1866	Surgeon.
John F. Gignoux	"	1866	"	1866	"
William Thurman	"	1866	"	1866	Physician.
Zechariah E. Lewis	Dec.,	1866	August,	1867	Surgeon.
Charles T. Poore	"	1866	"	1867	"
Edward C. Seguin	"	1866	"	1867	Physician.
Christopher M. Bell	August,	1867	April,	1868	Surgeon.
Charles Washburn	"	1867	"	1868	"
Thomas Skelding	"	1867	"	1868	Physician.
Stuyvesant F. Morris	April,	1868	Dec.,	1868	Surgeon.
William A. M. Wainwright	"	1868	"	1868	"
James Vanderpool	"	1868	"	1868	Physician.
John N. Beekman	Dec.,	1868	April,	1869	Surgeon.
Thomas E. Satterthwaite	"	1868	"	1869	"
Albert H. Buck	"	1868	"	1869	Physician.
Charles Laight	August,	1869	Feb.,	1870	Surgeon.
Fred F. Harral	April,	1869	August,	1869	"
Lucius D. Bulkley	"	1869	"	1869	Physician.

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

*Erastus P. Swasey	Dec.,	1868	Feb.,	1870	Surgeon.
*George A. Hathaway	"	1868	"	1870	Physician.
*Edward Frankel	"	1868	"	1870	"
*Charles H. Bailey	August,	1869	"	1870	Surgeon.
*William M. Hodges	"	1869	"	1870	Physician.

(Hospital closed from February, 1870, to March, 1877, during the erection of new building on West Fifteenth Street.)

Charles H. Knight	March,	1877	Oct.,	1877	Physician & Sur.
Holt C. Wilson	Oct.,	1877	April,	1878	"
Samuel S. Kahn	April,	1878	Oct.,	1878	"
W. S. Halsted	July,	1878	"	1878	Physician.
Royal W. Amidon	Oct.,	1878	April,	1878	"
Charles Slaughter	"	1878	"	1879	Surgeon.
T. R. Chambers	April,	1879	Oct.,	1879	Physician.
G. Lee Knapp	"	1879	"	1879	Surgeon.
William G. Stone	Oct.,	1879	April,	1880	Physician.
Alexander M. Fisher	"	1879	"	1880	Surgeon.
Frederick M. Townsend	April,	1880	Dec.,	1880	Physician.
" "	Dec.,	1881	June,	1882	Surgeon.
Francis H. Markoe	April,	1880	Dec.,	1880	"
Walter Mendelson	Dec.,	1880	June,	1881	Physician.
George W. Leonard	"	1880	"	1881	Surgeon.
George M. Tuttle	June,	1881	Dec.,	1881	Physician.
John S. Hawley	"	1881	"	1881	Surgeon.
Henry J. Kelly	Dec.,	1881	June,	1882	Physician.
William G. Thompson	June,	1882	Dec.	1882	"
John Vanderpoel	"	1882	"	1882	Surgeon.
Alexander Duane	Dec.,	1882	June,	1883	Physician.
" "	"	1883	"	1884	Surgeon.
William A. Bartlett	"	1882	"	1883	"
Henry W. Stevens	June,	1883	Nov.,	1883	Physician.
" "	"	1884	Dec.,	1884	Surgeon.
Robert Bowne, Jr.	"	1883	Nov.,	1883	"
Edwin T. Doubleday	Nov.,	1883	June,	1884	Physician.
Edwin C. Spencer	"	1883	"	1884	Surgeon.
Francis E. Dwight	June,	1884	Dec.,	1884	Physician.
Victor A. Robertson	"	1884	"	1884	Surgeon.
Edwin H. Norton	Dec.,	1884	June,	1885	"
George B. Phelps	"	1884	"	1885	"
Jonathan Wright	"	1884	"	1885	Physician.
Frederick A. Manning	June,	1885	Dec.,	1885	Surgeon.
James R. Hayden	"	1885	"	1885	"
George R. Lockwood	July,	1885	June,	1886	Physician.
Bern B. Gallaudet	Dec.,	1885	"	1886	Surgeon.
William C. Deming	"	1885	"	1886	"
Howard Van Rensselaer	June,	1886	Dec.,	1886	Physician.

* Services not completed owing to closing of the Hospital in February, 1870, but received from the Governors a diploma for the services rendered.

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS—Continued.

James W. Markoe	June,	1886	Dec.,	1886	Surgeon.
Calvin T. Adams	"	1886	"	1886	"
Walter J. Vought	Dec.,	1886	June,	1887	Physician.
Frank K. Hallock	"	1886	"	1887	Surgeon.
Henry W. Hughes	"	1886	"	1887	"
George A. Richards	June,	1887	Dec.,	1887	Physician.
John L. Adams	"	1887	"	1887	Surgeon.
Ernest H. Lines	"	1887	"	1887	"
William L. Wilson	Dec.,	1887	June,	1888	Physician.
" "	"	1888	"	1889	Surgeon.
William Gordon	"	1887	"	1888	"
George E. Steel	"	1887	"	1888	"
Hersey G. Locke	June,	1888	Dec.,	1888	Physician.
Edward W. Clarke	"	1888	"	1888	Surgeon.
Ellsworth Eliot, Jr	"	1888	"	1888	"
Wilbur F. Martin	Dec.,	1888	June,	1889	Physician.
Clarence W. Sheldon	"	1888	"	1889	Surgeon.
George H. Cobb	July,	1889	Jan.,	1890	Physician.
John L. Buel	"	1889	"	1890	"
William L. Culbert	"	1889	"	1890	Surgeon.
Forbes R. McCreery	Jan.,	1890	July,	1890	Physician.
Frank P. Wilson	"	1890	"	1890	Surgeon.
William B. Coley	"	1890	"	1890	"
Henry A. Griffin	July,	1890	Jan.,	1891	Physician.
Harry M. Hallock	"	1890	"	1891	Surgeon.
William G. Schauffler	"	1890	"	1891	"
Morison T. Hutchinson	Jan.,	1891	July,	1891	Physician.
John McGrath	"	1891	"	1891	Surgeon.
Albert C. Stanard	"	1891	"	1891	"
Lewis A. Conner	July,	1891	Jan.,	1892	Physician.
Charles F. Adams	"	1891	"	1892	Surgeon.
Percy R. Bolton	"	1891	"	1892	"
James Pedersen	Jan.,	1892	July,	1892	Physician.
Elton J. Sherow	"	1892	"	1892	Surgeon.
Edward M. Foote	"	1892	"	1892	"
Harmon A. Vedder	July,	1892	Jan.,	1893	Physician.
John Rogers	"	1892	"	1893	Surgeon.
Henry S. Leake	"	1892	"	1893	"
James J. Mapes	Jan.,	1893	July,	1893	Physician.
C. Churchill Carmalt	"	1893	"	1893	Surgeon.
George Sherrill, Jr	"	1893	"	1893	"
Charles Howard Peck	July,	1893	Jan.,	1894	Physician.
Frank Sidney Fielder	"	1893	"	1894	Surgeon.
Frank W. Chamberlin	"	1893	"	1894	"
Donald McLean Barstow	Jan.,	1894	July,	1894	Physician.
William H. Rockwell, Jr	"	1894	"	1894	Surgeon.
Joseph J. Higgins	"	1894	"	1894	"

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

William J. Greannellé	July,	1894	Jan.,	1895	Physician
Albert Martin Judd	"	1894	"	1895	Surgeon.
William Van Valzah Hayes	"	1894	"	1895	"
Vanderpoel Adriance	Jan.,	1895	July,	1895	Physician.
Charles Howard Peck	"	1895	"	1895	Surgeon.
Henry Smith Mathewson	"	1895	"	1895	"
James J. Phillips	July,	1895	Jan.,	1896	Physician.
Horace J. Whitacre	"	1895	"	1896	Surgeon.
James Ives Edgerton	"	1895	"	1896	"
Benjamin Tilton	Jan.,	1896	July,	1896	"
Linnaeus E. La Fétra	"	1896	"	1896	"
Edward W. Brown	"	1896	"	1896	Physician.
Dever S. Byard	July,	1896	Jan.,	1897	"
Edward L. Keyes, Jr	"	1896	"	1897	Surgeon.
Vertner Kenerson	"	1896	"	1897	"
William R. Williams	Jan.,	1897	July,	1897	Physician.
William N. Harrison	"	1897	"	1897	Surgeon.
Alfred S. Taylor	"	1897	"	1897	"
Joseph Roby	July,	1897	Jan.,	1898	"
Robert McEwen Schauffler	"	1897	"	1898	"
Adrian V. S. Lambert	"	1897	"	1898	Physician.
Francis Eppes Shine	Jan.,	1898	July,	1898	"
Robert S. Tracy	"	1898	"	1898	Surgeon.
James R. Whiting	"	1898	"	1898	"
Sidney L. Lasell	July,	1898	Jan.,	1899	"
William A. Downes	"	1898	"	1899	"
Theodore B. Barringer	"	1898	"	1899	Physician.
Louis A. Waldron	Jan.,	1899	July,	1899	"
Adrian V. S. Lambert	"	1899	"	1899	Surgeon.
Edwin O. Parker	"	1899	"	1899	"
Francis Eppes Shine	July,	1899	Jan.,	1900	"
Victor C. Pedersen	"	1899	"	1900	"
James H. Kenyon	"	1899	"	1900	Physician.
Hughes Dayton	Jan.,	1900	July,	1900	"
John B. Solley	"	1900	"	1900	Surgeon.
Percy R. Turnure	"	1900	"	1900	"
Robert H. Nesbitt	July,	1900	Jan.,	1901	"
William C. Clarke	"	1900	"	1901	"
Frederick L. Keays	"	1900	"	1901	Physician.
Fellowes Davis	Jan.,	1901	July,	1901	"
Eugene H. Pool	"	1901	"	1901	Surgeon.
James H. Kenyon	"	1901	"	1901	"
Frank C. Yeomans	July,	1901	Jan.,	1902	"
Karl A. Connell	"	1901	"	1902	"
Henry S. Patterson	July,	1901	Jan.,	1902	Physician.
Albion W. Hewlett	Jan.,	1902	July,	1902	"
Adam W. Hubschmitt	"	1902	"	1902	Surgeon.

HOUSE PHYSICIANS AND HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

Arthur S. Chittenden	Jan.,	1902	July,	1902	Surgeon.
Louis V. Hamman	July,	1902	Jan.,	1903	Physician.
Ernest A. Wells	"	1902	"	1903	Surgeon.
James H. Lewis	"	1902	"	1903	"
Karl A. Connell	Jan.,	1903	July,	1903	Physician.
James R. Judd	"	1903	"	1903	Surgeon.
Nelson A. Luddington	"	1903	"	1903	"
Philip Bissell	July,	1903	Jan.,	1904	Physician.
James M. Hitzrot	"	1903	"	1904	Surgeon.
Benjamin S. Barringer	"	1903	"	1904	"
George A. Bridge	Jan.,	1904	March,	1904	Physician.
Nellis B. Foster	March,	1904	July,	1904	"
Charles M. Mix	Jan.,	1904	"	1904	Surgeon.
Lawrence Lee	"	1904	"	1904	"
James M. Kent	July,	1904	Jan.,	1905	Physician.
Victor C. Thorne	"	1904	"	1905	Surgeon.
Lloyd H. Mills	"	1904	"	1905	"
Frank M. Huntoon	Jan.,	1905	July,	1905	Physician.
James P. Erskine	"	1905	"	1905	Surgeon.
Robert S. Reid	"	1905	"	1905	"
Frederick B. Humphreys	July,	1905	Jan.,	1906	"
Carl G. Burdick	"	1905	"	1906	"
Herman O. Mosenthal	"	1905	"	1906	Physician.
James C. Greenway	Jan.,	1906	July,	1906	"
David H. M. Gillespie	"	1906	"	1906	Surgeon.
Harold Lathrop	"	1906	"	1906	"
Edward Cussler	July,	1906	Jan.,	1907	Physician.
Waters F. Burrows	"	1906	"	1907	Surgeon.
Charles E. Farr	"	1906	"	1907	"
Frederick H. Bartlett	Jan.,	1907	July,	1907	Physician.
George F. Cottle	"	1907	"	1907	Surgeon.
Walter B. Mount	"	1907	"	1907	"
Rollin Hills	July,	1907	Jan.,	1908	Physician.
Otto Goehle	"	1907	"	1908	Surgeon.
Norman S. Shenstone	"	1907	"	1908	"
Wilson G. Wood	Jan.,	1908	July,	1908	Physician.
Samuel Stewart	"	1908	"	1908	Surgeon.
Edward D. Truesdell	"	1908	"	1908	"
Arthur H. Martin	July,	1908	Jan.,	1909	Physician.
Lucius A. Wing	"	1908	"	1909	Surgeon.
Richard W. Bolling	"	1908	"	1909	"
Charles J. Harbeck	Jan.,	1909	Jan.,	1909	"
Fred H. Foucar	"	1909	"	1909	"
George W. Wheeler	"	1909	"	1909	Physician.
Cary Eggleston	July,	1909	July,	1910	"
Henry Beeuwkes	"	1909	"	1910	Surgeon.
Nathan C. Foot	"	1909	"	1910	"

HOUSE OF RELIEF.

HOUSE SURGEONS

1875-1909

Charles B. Kelsey.....July 5, 1875—September 1, 1875.
William T. Bull.....September 1, 1875—September 15, 1875.
Thomas R. Savage.....September 15, 1875—December, 1876.
Walter A. Jayne.....December, 1876—March, 1877.
Alonzo Blauvelt.....March, 1877—September, 1877.
Addison S. Diossy.....September, 1877—April, 1878.
George D. Clift.....April, 1878—October, 1878.
William Tell Kudlich.....October, 1878—April, 1879.
George W. Davis.....April, 1879—October, 1879.
Charles H. Wilkins.....October, 1879—April, 1880.
George E. Moore.....April, 1880—October, 1880.
William F. Wright.....October, 1880—April, 1881.
Andrew J. McCosh.....April, 1881—October, 1881.
Francis W. Murray.....October, 1881—February, 1882.
Allen M. Thomas, Jr.....February, 1882—June, 1882.
Charles A. Jersey.....June, 1882—October, 1882.
William H. Murray.....October, 1882—February, 1883.
Charles G. Weld.....February, 1883—June, 1883.
D. W. Montgomery.....June, 1883—October, 1883.
Mortimer V. Wilkie.....October, 1883—February, 1884.
Robert B. Jessup.....February, 1884—June, 1884.
Charles A. Powers.....June, 1884—October, 1884.
Charles S. Mack.....October, 1884—February, 1885.
Edward K. Morton.....February, 1885—June, 1885.
N. A. Kirby.....June, 1885—October, 1885.
Frank A. Hathaway.....October, 1885—February, 1886.
Paul E. Outerbridge.....February, 1886—June, 1886.
Charles M. Garrison.....June, 1886—October, 1886.
Charles R. Parke.....October, 1886—February, 1887.
Paul E. Tiemann.....February, 1887—June, 1887.
Edward B. Dench.....June, 1887—October, 1887.
Lute L. von Wedekind.....October, 1887—February, 1888.
George K. Swinburn.....February, 1888—June, 1888.
Paul T. Kimball.....June, 1888—October, 1888.
George R. Harris.....October, 1888—February, 1889.
Thomas S. Southworth.....February, 1889—June, 1889.
N. Darrow Harvey.....June, 1889—October, 1889.
James W. Proctor.....October, 1889—February, 1890.
Carter S. Cole.....February, 1890—June, 1890.

HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

James C. Hancock..... June, 1890—October, 1890.
Fred L. Wells..... October, 1890—February, 1891.
Joseph R. Crofton..... February, 1891—June, 1891.
John Van Rensselaer..... June, 1891—October, 1891.
Joseph S. Manning..... October, 1891—February, 1892.
Clayton P. Bennett..... February, 1892—June, 1892.
William S. Stone..... June, 1892—October, 1892.
Clinton Stevenson..... October, 1892—February, 1893.
Edward Staehlin..... February, 1893—June, 1893.
James B. Wood..... June, 1893—July, 1893.
C. Churchill Carmalt..... July, 1893—October, 1893.
William B. Brinsmade..... October, 1893—February, 1894.
Matthias Nicoll, Jr..... February, 1894—June, 1894.
Cornelius D. Van Wagonen..... June, 1894—October, 1894.
Fielding Lewis Taylor..... October, 1894—February, 1895.
James B. Cutter..... February, 1895—June, 1895.
Charles R. Grandy..... June, 1895—October, 1895.
Clyde S. Ford..... October, 1895—February, 1896.
Vertner Kenerson..... Feb. 1st to 7th, 1896 (trans. to N. Y. Hospital).
Clyde S. Ford..... February, 1896—October, 1896.
John S. Richardson..... June, 1896—October, 1896.
Philip E. Johnson..... October, 1896—February, 1897.
Moses A. Stivers..... February, 1897—June, 1897.
Edward W. Brown..... June, 1897—October, 1897.
Edmund J. Labbe..... October, 1897—February, 1898.
Edwin Holmes..... February, 1898—June, 1898.
Clinton H. Catherwood..... June, 1898—October, 1898.
Harry H. Rodman..... October, 1898—February, 1899.
Joseph C. Roper..... February, 1899—June, 1899.
George E. Dodge..... June, 1899—October, 1899.
James W. MacNider..... October, 1899—February, 1900.
Howard H. Baily..... February, 1900—June, 1900.
John E. McWhorter..... June, 1900—August, 1900 (resigned).
Arthur L. Sherrill..... August, 1900—February, 1901.
John A. Smith..... February, 1901—July, 1901.
John R. Page..... July, 1901—Jan., 1902. (Phys. and Surgeon).
Hugh T. Nelson..... July, 1901—Jan., 1902. " "
Philip V. K. Johnson..... Jan., 1902—July, 1902. " "
Arthur S. Corwin..... Jan., 1902—July, 1902. " "
Edward H. H. Old..... July, 1902—Jan., 1903. " "
Julian R. Beckwith..... July, 1902—Jan., 1903. " "
Norborne P. Cooke..... Jan., 1903—July, 1903. " "
Monti S. Rea..... Jan., 1903—July, 1903. " "
James F. Rice..... July, 1903—Jan., 1904. " "
Samuel A. Marshall..... July, 1903—Jan., 1904. " "

HOUSE SURGEONS — Continued.

Edwin N. Riggins	Jan., 1904—July, 1904.	(Phys. and Surgeon).	
W. H. Alonzo Warner	July, 1904—Jan., 1905.	"	"
Stephen Rushmore	Jan., 1904—July, 1904.	"	"
C. Sumner Gould	July, 1904—Jan., 1905.	"	"
Edward T. Hull	Jan., 1905—July, 1905.	"	"
H. Russell Stone	Jan., 1905—July, 1905.	"	"
Gordon C. Hale	July, 1905—Jan., 1906.	"	"
James McMaster Long	July, 1905—Jan., 1906.	"	"
Thomas H. Cherry	Jan., 1906—July, 1906.	"	"
Charles A. Vance	Jan., 1906—July, 1906.	"	"
George A. Merrill	July, 1906—Jan., 1907.	"	"
Horatio B. Williams	July, 1906—Jan., 1907.	"	"
Charles T. Leslie	Jan., 1907—July, 1907.	"	"
Mason D. Bryant	Jan., 1907—July, 1907.	"	"
Henry Beeuwkes	July, 1907—Jan., 1908.	"	"
Elliott C. Burrows	July, 1907—Jan., 1908.	"	"
Edwin J. Kibbe	Jan., 1908—July, 1908.	"	"
Edgar E. Stewart	Jan., 1908—July, 1908.	"	"
Ralph G. Stillman	July, 1908—Jan., 1909.	"	"
Chas. W. Norton	July, 1908—Jan., 1909.	"	"
Thomas F. Laurie	Jan., 1909—July, 1909.	"	"
Ralph W. Hellenbrand	Jan., 1909—July, 1909.	"	"
Charles A. Lamont	July, 1909—Jan., 1910.	"	"
William H. Roberts	July, 1909—Jan., 1910.	"	"

BLOOMINGDALE ASYLUM.

BLOOMINGDALE, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

Medical Superintendents and Assistant Physicians.

1821-1909

John Neilson	Physician to Bloomingdale Asy'm.			App'nted	1821	Resigned	1829
Jos. Macdonald	"	"	"	"	1829	"	1830
Guy C. Bayley	"	"	"	"	1830	"	1832
Jos. Macdonald	"	"	"	"	1832	"	1837
Benjamin Ogden	"	"	"	"	1837	"	1839
William Wilson	"	"	"	"	1839	"	1844
Pliny Earle	"	"	"	"	1844	"	1849
Chas. H. Nichols	"	"	"	"	1849	"	1852
D. Tilden Brown	"	"	"	"	1852	"	1877
Chas. Corey, Jr	1st Ass't Physician			"	1857	"	1865
Horace K. Wheeler	1st "			"	1865	"	1867
Edward C. Porter	1st "			"	1867	"	1872
Dwight R. Burrell	2d "			"	1869	"	1872
Dwight R. Burrell	1st "			"	1872	"	1876
Wm. H. McDonald	2d "			"	1873	"	1875
Wm. H. McDonald	1st "			"	1875	"	1879
Chas. H. Nichols	Medical Superintendent			"	1877	Died	1889
Wm. B. Goldsmith	2d Ass't Physician			"	1877	Resigned	1878
Wallace J. Herriman	2d "			"	1878	"	1880
Wm. B. Goldsmith	1st "			"	1879	"	1880
Chas. E. Woodbury	1st "			"	1880	"	1881
Sanger Brown	2d "			"	1880	"	1881
Sanger Brown	1st "			"	1881	"	1886
William E. Dold	2d "			"	1881	"	1885
William Noyes	2d "			"	1885	"	1889
Sam'l B. Lyon	Ass't Medical Superintendent (Appointed Medical Supt.)			"	1886	"	1890
William E. Dold	1st Ass't Physician			"	1886	"	1898
Henry S. Williams	2d "			"	1889	"	1892
Sam'l B. Lyon	Medical Superintendent			"	1890	Continues in office.	
Charles E. Atwood	2d Ass't Physician (Appointed 1st Ass't Physician)			"	1892	Resigned	1898
Albert Durham	3d Ass't Physician (Appointed 2d Ass't Physician)			"	1892	"	1898
Charles E. Atwood	1st Ass't Physician			"	1898	Resigned	1905
Albert Durham	2d "			"	1898	Continues in office.	
Rose Pringle	Woman Physician			"	1898	Continues in office.	
August Hoch	1st Ass't Physician			"	1905	Resigned	1909

Graduates of the New York Hospital Training School for Nurses.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1883	Miss E. J. Atwater		Died, May 3, 1905.
1885	Miss M. A. Adams (Mrs. J. E. Nicholson.)	At Home	New York City.
1885	Miss M. Ardagh	At Home	New York City.
1887	Miss L. P. Adgate (Mrs. E. Beckwith.)	At Home	Pleasant Valley, N. Y.
1889	Miss M. J. Allen	At Home	Honolulu, H. T.
1891	Miss F. M. Ardagh (Mrs. H. Raikes.)	At Home	Innesfall, Alberta, Canada.
1895	Miss J. F. Annis (Mrs. Frank Harroun)	At Home	Spencerport, New York.
1897	Miss L. E. Anderson		Brooklyn, N. Y.
1900	Miss J. Armsby		Died, 1808.
1903	Miss S. M. Armstrong	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss Maud Aberneathy	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss E. W. Apthorp	At Home	Daytona Beach, Fla.
1909	Miss B. A. Anderson	At Home	Hamilton, Canada.
1878	Miss J. Baker		Died, Sept. 7, 1885.
1881	Miss S. Bradley	At Home	Chatalangnac, N. Y.
1881	Miss E. M. Briggs (Mrs. G. T. Elliott.)	At Home	New York City.
1880	Mrs. A. S. Burd	Private Nurse	Flushing, L. I.
1882	Miss E. Bonsall	At Home	Shelton, Conn.
1883	Miss E. S. Barker (Mrs. Hunter.)		Unknown.
1883	Miss C. M. Burt (Mrs. Joseph Bell.)	At Home	Minetto, N. Y.
1884	Miss J. Best	At Home	Utica, N. Y.
1885	Miss A. C. Bouck (Mrs. E. F. Hoffman.)	At Home	Hornell, N. Y.
1885	Miss S. A. Black	At Home	Montreal, Canada.
1886	Miss D. L. Baker	At Home	Pompey, N. Y.
1887	Miss A. E. Bird (Mrs. H. Forman.)		Died, 1896.
1887	Mrs. M. S. Banks	At Home	New York City.
1887	Miss M. K. Brown	Private Nurse	New York City.
1887	Miss F. A. Brooks		Brooklyn, N. Y.
1889	Mrs. E. C. Beck (Mrs. R. Culbert.)	At Home	New York City.
1890	Miss M. E. Brown (Mrs. W. D. Van Blarcum.)		Unknown.
1890	Miss N. Benedict		Died, Sept. 3, 1894.
1890	Miss E. Brown (Mrs. W. J. Hunt.)	At Home	Glens Falls, N. Y.
1890	Miss E. Bowe	Private Nurse	Roseville, N. J.

GRADUATE NURSES —Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1891	Miss M. M. Brewster		Died, Sept. 16, 1901.
	(Mrs. W. S. Booth.)		
1892	Miss A. S. Bridges	At Home	Bensonhurst, L. I.
	(Mrs. W. A. Matthie.)		
1892	Miss H. R. Beary		New York City.
1894	Miss M. H. P. Bridges	District Nurse	Malden, Mass.
1894	Miss E. Benz	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss H. R. G. Bellamy	At Home	Arlington, Mass.
1894	Miss M. Bellinger	Private Nurse	Stamford, Conn.
1895	Miss E. J. Brown	At Home	Caldwell, N. J.
	(Mrs. James Bowers.)		
1895	Miss L. C. Babcock	At Home	Westerly, R. I.
	(Mrs. H. R. Segar.)		
1896	Miss C. T. Birdsall	Private Nurse	New York City.
1897	Miss A. M. Bryson	At Home	Montreal, Canada.
1897	Miss M. E. Bryson	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1900	Miss L. G. Barrett	Private Nurse	New York City.
1900	Miss A. Barker	At Home	Bisbee, Arizona.
	(Mrs. F. E. Shine.)		
1902	Miss E. I. Boyd	Private Nurse	New York City.
1903	Miss M. Beard	At Home	New York City.
1903	Miss E. S. Ballou	At Home	Boonville, N. Y.
1903	Miss F. Buchan	Private Nurse	New York City.
1903	Miss L. Bushnell	At Home	Watertown, N. Y.
1903	Miss K. V. Berry	At Home	Lawrence, Ind.
	(Mrs. H. F. McFeely.)		
1904	Miss E. Bishopric	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss E. M. Bower	Operating Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss K. L. Bowers	At Home	Amityville, L. I.
	(Mrs. G. Alexander, Jr.)		
1905	Miss D. Browning	Private Nurse	Mexico City, Mexico.
1905	Miss E. Burroughs	Private Nurse	Mexico City, Mexico.
1906	Miss S. A. Baldwin	Private Nurse	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1907	Miss E. P. Barbee	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Mrs. E. E. Bennett	Private Nurse	Newark, N. J.
1907	Miss Jean K. Buckham	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
	(Mrs. James H. White.)		
1908	Miss M. L. Baumann	At Home	New York City.
	(Mrs. Alexander L. Torelli.)		
1908	Miss L. V. Boyd		Died, August 26, 1909.
1908	Miss Elizabeth J. Blott	Private Nurse	Buffalo, N. Y.
1909	Miss R. Birdsall	District Nurse	Riverdale, N. Y.
1909	Mrs. V. B. Baillie	At Home	Stuarts Draft, Va.
1880	Miss A. Cately	Died, March, 1910	Cortland, N. Y.
	(Mrs. H. Ettling.)		

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1882	Miss M. Carpenter	At Home	New York City.
1885	Miss M. D. Cochrane		Devon, England.
1886	Miss K. M. Clarke	Private Nurse	New York City.
1887	Miss E. A. Cummings (Mrs. E. D. Stetson.)	At Home	New Bedford, Mass.
1887	Miss C. P. Covert		Allegheny, Pa.
1888	Miss M. W. Cameron (Mrs. Wm. Gordon.)	At Home	New York City.
1888	Miss C. T. Clarke		Unknown.
1889	Miss L. E. Collyer (Mrs. Louis P. Gillespie.)	At Home	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
1890	Miss G. A. Crispell (Mrs. E. A. Tucker.)	At Home	New York City.
1890	Miss H. B. Conant		Died, Jan. 28, 1896.
1891	Miss A. B. Close (Mrs. H. F. Minsher.)	At Home	Providence, R. I.
1891	Miss E. L. Cordes	Physician	Paris, France.
1892	Miss A. A. Clarke		Died, June, 1906.
1892	Miss F. E. Coggeshall	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss C. Cady	At Home	Sag Harbor, N. Y.
1894	Mrs. S. Cutler	Supt. Danbury Hospital	Danbury, Conn.
1894	Miss B. F. Chaffee (Mrs. C. H. Peck.)	At Home	New York City.
1896	Miss S. M. Coleman (Mrs. D. Miller.)		Unknown.
1896	Miss F. H. Coe (Mrs. H. R. Reed.)	At Home	Englewood, N. J.
1897	Miss H. Collins (Mrs. W. S. Charles.)	At Home	Hornell, N. Y.
1898	Miss M. E. Cruso	At Home	Cobourg, Can.
1901	Miss M. Cuthbertson (Mrs. James Henry Swan.)	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1903	Miss J. G. Crotty	Medical Student	Chicago, Ill.
1903	Miss J. B. Cardiff	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss F. M. Creighton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss M. Collins	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss M. L. Catlin (Mrs. Edward Cussler.)	At Home	New York City.
1906	Miss M. Creighton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss F. Cobban	Nurse at Campbell Cottage	White Plains, N. Y.
1906	Miss C. E. Case (Mrs. Bruce M. Kilpatrick.)	At Home	Roxbury, N. Y.
1907	Miss J. Caccianino (Mrs. Raffaele Medici.)	At Home	Rome, Italy.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1907	Miss J. Crane	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss H. Colchester	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss R. C. Clarke (Mrs. R. G. Macgill)	At Home	Arlington, Md.
1908	Miss H. N. Coffin	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss R. L. Cromwell	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1909	Miss G. R. Class		Colorado Springs, Colo.
1879	Mrs. M. E. Dilts	District Nurse	New York City.
1879	Miss M. Dinwoody (Mrs. Finlayson.)		Died, Dec. 22, 1900.
1880	Mrs. E. J. Davenport	Private Nurse	New York City.
1880	Miss P. Denniston	At Home	Waldon, N. Y.
1881	Mrs. F. N. Davies (Mrs. Catto.)		Unknown.
1881	Miss H. DuBois (Mrs. G. M. Bache.)	At Home	Hallstead, Pa.
1882	Miss M. Davies		Died, April 21, 1900.
1884	Miss R. A. Day	At Home	Cleveland, Ohio.
1884	Mrs. E. J. Dascombe		Unknown.
1886	Miss G. H. Dowie (Mrs. N. H. Korff.)	At Home	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1886	Miss L. K. Decker (Mrs. L. K. Lloyd.)	At Home	Hamilton, N. Y.
1889	Miss E. Denike	Masseuse	New York City.
1890	Miss D. Dwight	Supt., N. Y. Hosp. Nurses Club	New York City.
1890	Miss E. A. Davis	Private Nurse	Orwell, N. Y.
1891	Miss N. O. Duncan (Mrs. E. Reid.)	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1893	Miss A. B. Duncan	Visiting Nurse	New York City.
1893	Miss H. J. Dickson (Mrs. D. Hitchcock.)	At Home	Honolulu, H. T.
1894	Miss M. Dolson	At Home	New York City.
1895	Miss E. M. Dinehart	Private Nurse	New York City.
1895	Miss E. N. Danaher	Private Nurse	New York City.
1896	Mrs. D. L. Diehl (Mrs. E. C. Crawford.)	Cripple School Nurse	New York City.
1899	Miss J. L. DeFreest	Private Nurse	New York City.
1901	Miss B. L. Dickson	Supt., McCosh Infirmary	Princeton, N. J.
1902	Miss F. Dakin	Ass't Housekeeper, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1904	Miss M. E. Davis	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1904	Miss J. M. Dunlop	At Home	Hackensack, N. J.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1906	Mrs. A. F. Dwight.....	Social Serv. Worker, Vanderbilt Clinic.	New York City.
1908	Miss M. Devereaux.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1908	Miss M. K. Dumbell.....	Private Nurse.....	Goshen, N. Y.
1908	Miss K. I. Despard.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1909	Miss V. L. Dousman..... (Mrs. Edward Blake Young.)	At Home.....	St. Paul, Minn.
1881	Miss M. T. Etheridge..... (Mrs. H. H. Warden.)	At Home.....	Duxbury, Mass.
1883	Miss C. Edmonston.....		Boston, Mass.
1889	Miss S. G. Estelle..... (Mrs. W. S. Pratt.)		Died, Aug., 1904.
1890	Mrs. E. D. Ewing.....	Office Nurse.....	Flushing, L. I.
1892	Miss L. H. Ellis..... (Mrs. P. A. Waring.)		Died, 1906.
1896	Miss J. B. Emery..... (Mrs. Elisha K. Camp.)	At Home.....	New York City.
1900	Miss A. E. Earle.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1901	Miss L. A. G. Earle....	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital..	New York City.
1901	Miss A. Elliott.....	Office Nurse.....	New York City.
1903	Miss F. A. Everett..... (Mrs. Frank Watts.)	At Home.....	Frostburg, Md.
1905	Miss A. C. Ellison.....	Ass't Supt., Campbell Cottage.....	White Plains, N. Y.
1907	Miss I. C. Earle.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1879	Miss H. Fitzhugh..... (Mrs. F. Smith.)	Superv'g N't Nurse, New York Hosp.	New York City.
1886	Miss I. Frost.....		White Plains, N. Y.
1887	Miss M. A. Frederick.....		New York City.
1888	Miss D. A. Fallon.....		Died, May 11, 1909.
1892	Miss W. Falconer..... (Mrs. J. A. Hart.)		Died, Feb., 1903.
1895	Miss E. Foster.....	At Home.....	Englewood, N. J.
1897	Miss W. Fligg.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1899	Miss A. Fletcher.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1900	Miss L. Finney.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1902	Miss S. E. M. Ferguson..	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1902	Miss A. C. Fraser.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1902	Miss M. B. Fanning.....	Private Nurse.....	Mexico City, Mexico.
1903	Miss F. E. Fraser.....	School Nurse.....	New York City.
1905	Miss E. Fligg..... (Mrs. George Sengel.)	At Home.....	Fort Smith, Ark.
1905	Miss G. I. A. Forbes.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1908	Miss J. A. Fearing.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1908	Miss M. K. Falconer.....	Private Nurse.....	New York City.
1878	Miss M. E. Golden.....		Died, Oct., 1885.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1879	Miss M. E. Gillette (Mrs. O. N. Smith.)		Unknown.
1880	Miss E. H. Gray		Unknown.
1880	Mrs. M. L. Greer	At Home	New York City.
1883	Miss M. J. Garvin		Washington, D. C.
1884	Miss J. A. Gavette (Mrs. A. W. Ferris.)	At Home	New York City.
1885	Miss M. S. Gorton (Mrs. W. Ritchie.)		Died, Feb. 18, 1904.
1886	Miss C. Griffin		New York City.
1887	Miss L. Gaylord (Mrs. F. Jones.)	At Home	Lafayette, N. Y.
1888	Miss G. A. Goodhart (Mrs. F. Uhlenhaut, Jr.)	At Home	Whitestone, N. Y.
1890	Miss N. Gillette	Supt., J. N. Norton Mem'l Infirmary.	Louisville, Ky.
1890	Miss J. Gahring		Died, Feb., 1900.
1891	Miss J. Graham (Mrs. E. Slocum.)	At Home	Glen Ridge, N. J.
1892	Miss A. W. Goodrich	Supt. Train'g Sch'l Bellevue and Allied Hospitals	New York City.
1893	Miss L. O. Grafton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1893	Miss M. M. Goodrich	Supt. Train'g Sch'l, N. Y. Infirmary for Women and Children	New York City.
1893	Miss S. L. Gladwin	Private Nurse	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
1894	Miss S. R. Green	Private Nurse	Stamford, Conn.
1894	Miss E. E. Golding	Private Nurse	New York City.
1895	Miss M. Green (Mrs. E. M. Burke.)	At Home	New York City.
1895	Miss E. Grobert (Mrs. Ernst.)	At Home	Perth Amboy, N. J.
1896	Miss S. V. Gifford	Ass't Supt., House of Relief	New York City.
1900	Miss G. Gates (Mrs. G. G. Teft.)	At Home	New York City.
1900	Miss F. L. Giddings	Private Nurse	New York City.
1900	Miss M. A. Graham	Private Nurse	New York City.
1900	Miss B. Gibson	Nurse in charge Private Pts. Bldg., N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1901	Miss O. E. Gill	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1901	Miss F. M. Gowan	Private Nurse	New York City.
1902	Miss A. M. Grant (Mrs. David MacIlwraith.)	At Home	St. Marys, Canada.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1905	Miss F. L. Golding (Mrs. J. H. Lewis.)	At Home	Buffalo, N. Y.
1905	Miss I. Gordon	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss V. Grayson	Office Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss P. Gravitt	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss A. V. Gluck	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1908	Miss M. T. Geisser	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss C. E. Greenwood	Private Nurse	New York City.
1878	Mrs. E. W. Harrnacker	At Home	Rome, N. Y.
1878	Mrs. K. Hennessey	Private Nurse	Laurel Hill, N. Y.
1878	Miss A. Hodson (Miss A. Hodgson.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1878	Miss I. Hodson		Died, March, 1890.
1881	Miss V. Hunter	District Nurse	New York City.
1882	Miss E. Hurd	Physician	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1883	Miss M. Himrod	Physician	Unknown.
1883	Miss E. A. Hodkinson		Died, April, 1887.
1884	Miss M. A. Hutchinson	Private Nurse	Ann Arbor, Mich.
1884	Miss S. A. Hubbard		Unknown.
1885	Miss M. K. Howell (Mrs. W. R. Palmer.)	At Home	Johnsonburgh, Pa.
1887	Miss J. E. Hatton	Physician	Brooklyn.
1887	Miss J. A. Hungerford (Mrs. C. deQuesada.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1888	Miss M. E. Hustler (Mrs. E. Matthews.)	At Home	Zanesville, Ohio.
1888	Miss C. Hampton (Mrs. W. Halsted.)	At Home	Baltimore, Md.
1888	Miss M. H. Hunt	Private Nurse	New York City.
1889	Miss M. L. Hall	At Home	Albany, N. Y.
1889	Miss L. A. Hollister (Mrs. Wilson Potter.)	At Home	New York City.
1889	Miss C. M. Harned	Private Nurse	Plainfield, N. J.
1890	Miss M. G. Harris (Mrs. H. M. Carpenter.)		Unknown.
1890	Miss A. Hugo (Mrs. R. A. White.)	At Home	New York City.
1891	Miss K. Herbert (Mrs. Percy Thompson.)	At Home	Montreal, Canada.
1891	Miss J. E. Hitchcock	District Nurse, Nurses' Settlement	New York City.
1892	Miss A. H. Hinchliff	School Nurse	New York City.
1892	Miss A. Henderson	Supt. Train'g Sch'l, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1892	Miss S. W. Hornby	Private Nurse	New York City.
1892	Miss C. Hatch (Mrs. Chas. G. James.)	At Home	Chicago, Ill.

GRADUATE NURSES—Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1892	Miss J. Hodson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1893	Miss C. E. Horton	District Nurse, Nurses' Settlement	New York City.
1893	Miss E. D. Holt (Mrs. L. Pierce Clark.)	At Home	New York City.
1894	Miss E. S. Hart	Private Nurse	New York City.
1895	Miss A. B. Hill	At Home	Bath, Somerset, England.
1895	Miss M. J. Hunter		Died, Aug., 1905.
1895	Miss A. Houston	Private Nurse	New York City.
1896	Miss A. E. Holmes	Supt., Mills Training School	New York City.
1896	Miss M. E. Hutchison	Principal Training School, Sloane Maternity Hosp.	New York City.
1897	Miss S. A. Heinsohn (Mrs. John J. Hartley.)	At Home	Muncie, Ind.
1898	Miss S. S. Higinbotham		Died, Sept., 1906.
1898	Miss J. Hill	Private Nurse	New York City.
1899	Miss F. M. Holmes	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1900	Miss M. Hinch	Supt., Gen'l Hosp.	Paterson, N. J.
1900	Miss L. Hall (Mrs. E. W. Brown.)	At Home	Northampton, Mass.
1900	Miss A. J. Hatton	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1900	Miss W. L. Hartley (Mrs. V. C. Pedersen.)	At Home	New York City.
1901	Miss A. C. Henderson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss A. A. Hastings	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss M. A. Harding	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss G. E. Hay	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Mrs. E. J. Hosking	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss M. Hunt	Private Nurse	Winnipeg, Manitoba.
1906	Miss E. S. Harding	At Home	Elmira, N. Y.
1906	Miss M. Henderson	Nurse at Campbell Cottage	White Plains, N. Y.
1907	Miss E. L. Hornibrook	Private Nurse	Rome, Italy.
1908	Miss L. E. Huyck	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss E. B. Halsey	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss L. M. Hubbard	Nurse at Campbell Cottage	White Plains, N. Y.
1890	Miss L. Ingraham (Mrs. J. F. Nichols.)	At Home	New York City.
1891	Miss H. I. Irwin (Mrs. J. Wilmot Johnson.)		Unknown.
1907	Miss F. T. Innes	Private Nurse	New York City.
1881	Miss J. A. C. Jackson	At Home	Brandon, Vt.
1881	Miss K. Johnston		Died, Feb. 15, 1904.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1882	Miss A. F. Jones (Florence Leigh-Jones, M. D.)	Physician	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1883	Miss M. Jackson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1883	Miss E. Johnson (Mrs. Evert Van Slyke.)	At Home	Riverdale, N. Y.
1885	Miss L. V. Jones	Supt., Roper Hosp.	Charleston, S. C.
1885	Miss C. E. Jerome	Private Nurse	Utica, N. Y.
1886	Miss H. Johnson (Mrs. Phipps.)	At Home	Spokane, Wash.
1887	Miss E. L. James (Mrs. E. H. Lines.)	At Home	New York City.
1889	Miss M. Jacobs (Mrs. J. T. Sabin.)	At Home	Montpelier, Vt.
1891	Miss S. E. Johnson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss M. G. Jenkins		New York City.
1895	Miss E. R. Joyce	Private Nurse	New York City.
1898	Miss E. F. Jackes	Private Nurse	New York City.
1900	Miss J. Jones (Mrs. Herman Aaron.)	At Home	New York City.
1901	Miss H. L. Josephi	At Home	Portland, Oregon.
1902	Miss M. H. Jordan	Supt., Train'g Sch'l French Hospital.	New York City.
1907	Miss M. M. Jouffret	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss C. M. L. Jouffret	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss F. M. Johnson	Dispensary Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss M. G. Jones	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss M. Johnston	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss E. M. James	Private Nurse	New York City.
1883	Miss H. R. Kernohan (Mrs. W. L. Fulton.)	At Home	Alberta, Can.
1883	Miss H. L. Knudsen (Mrs. Burnet.)	At Home	Newark, N. J.
1886	Miss S. A. Kiernan (Mrs. Ziegler.)	At Home	New York City.
1888	Miss A. S. Kline (Mrs. H. M. Hallock.)		Died, August, 1896.
1893	Miss A. A. Kelly	At Home	Newark, N. J.
1898	Miss A. M. Kyle	Private Nurse	New York City.
1901	Miss M. J. King (Mrs. A. W. Currie.)	At Home	Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
1906	Miss A. S. Keator	At Home	Roxbury, N. Y.
1906	Miss G. Kelshaw (Mrs. Geo. McCarthy.)	At Home	Wyoming, N. J.
1908	Miss M. L. Kidney	Private Nurse	New York City.
1882	Mrs. J. Lee	At Home	Greenwich, N. Y.
1884	Mrs. A. McD. Leese		Died, May, 1892.
1887	Miss L. E. Littell (Mrs. F. R. Randolph.)	At Home	Richmond, W. Va.

GRADUATE NURSES—Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1888	Miss E. Long	Private Nurse	New York City.
1889	Miss G. E. N. Livingston	Supt., Montreal General Hospital.	Montreal, Can.
1889	Mrs. A. M. Lawson	Supt., Gen. Mem. Hospital	New York City.
1890	Miss K. Lasher	Private Nurse	New York City.
1891	Miss R. Lamphear	Cripple School Nurse	New York City.
1893	Miss F. M. Linton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss L. C. Lynch	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss P. Larned		New York City.
1896	Miss E. Lindgren	Masseuse	New York City.
1896	Miss F. H. Linton (Mrs. Brock Carey.)		Died, 1904.
1901	Miss C. E. Leonard (Mrs. Wm. Bailey.)	At Home	Auburn, R. I.
1902	Miss A. M. Linton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1903	Miss M. H. Lawrence	Private Nurse	Paris, France.
1903	Miss E. Leger (Mrs. James A. Van Wagenen.)	At Home	New York City.
1904	Miss H. B. Leach	Supt. Nurses, Swedish Hospital	Minneapolis, Minn.
1906	Miss E. P. Lee	Private Nurse	Holyoke, Mass.
1906	Miss I. L. Lund (Mrs. Harold W. Lathrop.)	At Home	New York City.
1909	Miss B. L. Lammiman	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss M. S. Lewis	Private Nurse	New York City.
1881	Miss D. T. March		Died, Sept. 2, 1907.
1881	Mrs. M. Mason		Died, March 30, 1889.
1883	Miss P. Morton	Physician	Rochester, N. Y.
1884	Miss H. A. Mitchell		Webahuck, N. Y.
1884	Miss J. H. McVean	Sanitary Inspector	New York City.
1886	Miss C. K. A. MacMartin		Died, July, 1906.
1887	Miss J. H. MacMartin	Private Nurse	New York City.
1887	Miss K. A. Malloy (Miss K. A. Mallory.)		Died, December, 1902.
1888	Miss H. E. Macdonald	Private Nurse	Norwalk, Conn.
1888	Miss M. A. Munn	Supt., N. Y. Infirmary for Women and Children.	New York City.
1889	Miss C. M. McLaury (Mrs. H. Rhynsburger.)	At Home	Pella, Iowa.
1889	Miss N. Mitchell		Unknown.
1889	Miss M. M. Mills	At Home	Springfield, Mass.
1889	Miss M. D. Munn (Mrs. H. R. Collins.)	At Home	Leyden, N. Y.

GRADUATE NURSES—Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1889	Miss M. W. Mack (Mrs. W. C. Van Antwerp.)		Bound Brook, N. J.
1889	Miss E. G. Manter	At Home	Wayne, Me.
1891	Miss S. F. McQuade (Mrs. T. R. McCreery.)		Died, March 3, 1909.
1891	Miss E. E. Meyrowitz		Died, Oct. 3, 1893.
1891	Miss A. E. Monaghan	At Home	New York City.
1892	Miss K. Macdiarmid	Housekeeper, New York Hospital.	New York City.
1892	Miss S. J. MacKenzie	Private Nurse	Norwalk, Conn.
1893	Miss R. A. McKay (Mrs. A. E. Stevens.)	At Home	Kamloops, B. C.
1894	Miss H. Moesle	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss M. Morice	At Home	Montreal, Canada.
1895	Mrs. H. W. Montague (Mrs. H. S. Mathewson.)	At Home	San Francisco, Cal.
1896	Miss A. L. R. Mines (Mrs. Pickens Bacon.)	At Home	Tryon, N. C.
1896	Miss F. L. Morris (Mrs. Arthur H. Wilson.)	At Home	Portsmouth, N. H.
1897	Miss A. T. Madden	Private Nurse	New York City.
1898	Miss E. D. McCulloch (Mrs. Peter Roughhead.)		Died, 1906.
1898	Miss H. G. Mathews (Mrs. Charles Trow.)	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1898	Miss H. F. Mewhort	Private Nurse	Montreal, Canada.
1898	Miss A. L. MacDonnell (Mrs. S. J. Bodger.)	At Home	New York City.
1899	Miss M. I. Mackenzie	Private Nurse	New York City.
1899	Miss I. L. Munroe (Mrs. J. L. Fearing.)	At Home	Chicago, Ill.
1901	Miss M. C. MacCurdy (Mrs. W. J. Evans.)	At Home	East Providence, R. I.
1901	Miss N. McCrae	Private Nurse	New York City.
1901	Miss L. Muirheid	Private Nurse	New York City.
1902	Miss L. B. Moore	Private Nurse	New York City.
1902	Miss C. McCall	At Home	Toronto, Can.
1903	Miss G. M. Miller	School Nurse	New York City.
1903	Miss E. L. Moreau (Mrs. Frank C. Yeomans.)	At Home	New York City.
1903	Miss K. Moore	Private Nurse	New York City.
1903	Miss M. S. McFadden	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss M. McMurray (Mrs. Ormond S. Mitchell.)	At Home	Weyburn, Canada.
1904	Miss C. E. Marks (Mrs. Morice J. Elsing.)	At Home	Bisbee, Arizona.
1905	Miss M. J. McCabe	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss M. F. Moir (Mrs. Wm. D. Cutter.)	At Home	Bisbee, Arizona.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1906	Miss E. McPhedran	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Mrs. E. Morse	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss H. Maher	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss A. B. McAllister	Private Nurse	Fergus, Can.
1907	Miss J. M. Moment	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss A. O. McDougall	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss E. D. McNamara	Private Nurse	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1907	Miss G. McCall	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss F. A. Mosher	Office Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss G. Morton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss B. A. MacMurchy	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1909	Miss M. Moss	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss F. M. McCoy	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss E. L. Montagu	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1909	Miss M. L. Millan	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss R. A. Mackie	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss A. H. Meier	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1880	Miss L. I. Nichols		Youngstown, O.
1881	Miss H. L. Nelden		Died, August, 1890.
1882	Miss I. Newell	At Home	Waterbury, Conn.
1888	Miss S. J. Neff (Mrs. D. H. MacLaury.)	At Home	West Milford, N. J.
1890	Miss S. M. Nelson (Mrs. Robert A. Frey.)	At Home	Illyria, Ohio.
1893	Mrs. M. L. Nuttall	At Home	South Orange, N. J.
1894	Miss M. L. Nicolai (Mrs. Arthur M. Flinn.)	At Home	Stamford, Conn.
1895	Miss E. C. Nourse (Mrs. Charles Wilson.)	At Home	Ridgeway, N. J.
1900	Miss S. Naruse (Mrs. Toshio Momosaki.)	At Home	Kobe, Japan.
1900	Miss F. Nash	Private Nurse	New York City.
1900	Miss I. Nudel	Supt. White Plains Hospital	White Plains, N. Y.
1901	Miss F. E. Nelson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss A. Nudel	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss P. V. Nash (Mrs. Charles Turner Sands.)	At Home	Silver City, New Mexico.
1908	Miss G. H. Nelson (Mrs. Wm. Callahan.)	At Home	Prestonburg, Ky.
1908	Miss E. Nicodemus	Private Nurse	New York City.
1878	Mrs. E. G. O'Neill		Unknown.
1894	Mrs. L. Orleman	At Home	Peekskill, N. Y.
1899	Miss M. A. J. O'Geran		Lakewood, N. J.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1907	Miss C. Osborne	At Home	Brooklyn, N. Y.
	(Mrs. Hendrik A. S. van Daalen.		
1907	Miss J. S. Oliver	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss N. S. Oliver	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss S. C. Olmsted	Ass't Supt. Nurses, N. Y. Infirmary for Women & Children.	New York City.
1883	Miss M. C. Perry		Died, April, 1883.
1884	Miss L. M. Plumley	At Home	Stamford, Conn.
	(Mrs. A. N. Phillips.)		
1886	Miss F. G. Pryce-Jones		Unknown.
1887	Mrs. A. L. Pomfret		Unknown.
	(Mrs. A. L. Falke.)		
1887	Miss M. L. Page	At Home	Armidale, New South Wales, Australia.
	(Mrs. Joseph C. Tregear.)		
1888	Mrs. E. F. Prehn	Parish Nurse, St. John's Ch. House.	Stamford, Conn.
1889	Miss S. C. Pendleton		Unknown.
1890	Miss E. Price	Visiting Nurse, N. Y. Hospital.	New York City.
1892	Miss E. M. Pearl	At Home	Clinton, N. Y.
1893	Miss E. O. Price	Private Nurse	Richmond, Va.
1895	Miss N. C. Pugsley	Private Nurse	Dover Plains, N. Y.
1895	Mrs. M. H. Pearsall	At Home	Bainbridge, N. Y.
1896	Miss F. E. Pope	At Home	New York City.
	(Mrs. Arthur Colgate.)		
1896	Miss I. H. Peet	At Home	So. Vineland, N. J.
	(Mrs. Edward Gardner.)		
1896	Miss A. E. Parsons	At Home	New York City.
	(Mrs. L. E. LaFetrá.)		
1897	Miss S. C. Plumb	Private Nurse	Paris, France.
1897	Miss E. A. Porter	At Home	Brooklyn, N. Y.
	(Mrs. Thos. A. Buys.)		
1899	Miss M. V. Post	Private Nurse	New York City.
1900	Miss M. Palser	Supervising Nurse, Home of Relief.	New York City.
1901	Miss M. L. Peck	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss A. K. Paget	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss M. Paisley	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss I. B. Phymister	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss M. F. Pfouts	At Home	New York City.
	(Mrs. Jules Eckert Goodman.)		
1908	Miss M. Phair	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss M. M. Pugh	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Mrs. W. Purman	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital.	New York City.
1909	Miss E. Powell	Private Nurse	New York City.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1889	Miss F. Quaife	Matron	Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
1880	Miss J. Ritchie (Mrs. Edward Bullard.)	Missionary	India.
1882	Miss L. M. Rorick	Private Nurse	New York City.
1886	Miss S. F. Raymond (Mrs. E. L. Wakelee.)	At Home	Bridgeport, Conn.
1888	Miss I. Ross (Mrs. Samuel Hodge.)	At Home	Syracuse, N. Y.
1888	Miss K. M. Reid (Mrs. John Duncan.)	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1889	Miss I. M. Root	Supt., Littauer Hosp.	Gloversville, N. Y.
1894	Miss M. M. Russell	Supt., Sloan Maternity Hospital.	New York City.
1894	Miss E. Robertson (Mrs. J. H. McGregor.)	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1894	Mrs. J. L. Robertson	Private Nurse	Chicago, Ill.
1895	Miss H. C. Richardson	At Home	Oshawa, Canada.
1895	Miss E. M. Robarts		New York City.
1896	Miss M. M. Ryerson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1896	Mrs. M. L. Rogers	Supt., Tr. School, Brooklyn Hosp.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1898	Miss I. D. Richmond	Supervis'g Nurse, Gen. Mem. Hosp.	New York City.
1898	Miss A. M. Rykert	At Home	St. Catherines, Canada.
1900	Miss H. E. Reilly	Private Nurse	New York City.
1901	Miss M. Ranken	Private Nurse	New York City.
1903	Miss I. Rowland		Fortress Monroe, Va.
1903	Miss M. A. Robinson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1903	Mrs. M. R. Robinson	Private Nurse	Paris, France.
1904	Miss A. L. Reutinger	Ass't Supt., Train'g School, N. Y. Hosp.	New York City.
1904	Miss N. M. Rough	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1904	Miss R. L. Riddell	Clerical Asst., N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1904	Miss E. M. M. Rose	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1905	Miss E. Y. Richmond	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss A. H. Richardson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss D. Robillard (Mrs. A. M. Bezanson.)		Died, December, 1908.
1908	Miss C. E. Robinson	Private Nurse	Olongapo, P. I.
1908	Miss L. A. Raymond	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss H. M. Rosenmüller	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss M. R. Randall	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss E. E. Robinson	Nurse at Campbell Cottage	New York City.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1880	Miss I. L. Sutliffe	At Home	New York City.
1880	Miss I. H. Sutliffe	Social Serv. Work, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1881	Miss A. B. Stewart	House Mother, Grace Mission House	New York City.
1881	Miss C. P. Searcy	Nurse at McCosh Infirmary	Princeton, N. J.
1883	Miss C. N. Stevens	At Home	Newport News, Va.
1883	Miss F. M. Sutliffe		New York City.
1884	Miss C. B. Sutliffe	At Home	Cohoes, N. Y.
1885	Miss M. D. Spratt (Mrs. W. B. Nivin.)		Died, 1898.
1885	Miss G. M. Spratt (Mrs. W. B. Nivin.)	At Home	New York City.
1885	Miss E. T. Spafford	Private Nurse	Denver, Colo.
1885	Miss M. F. Secord	Private Nurse	Richmond Hill, L. I., N. Y
1885	Mrs. L. Shafer	Private Nurse	Newburgh, N. Y.
1888	Miss A. Schneider (Mrs. C. D. Karr.)		Died, August, 1891.
1889	Miss E. Siegel	At Home	Erie, Pa.
1889	Miss R. H. Slocum (Mrs. E. A. Bulkley.)	At Home	Santa Barbara, Cal.
1890	Miss M. L. Schnebley (Mrs. J. A. Clairmonte.)		Died, August 5, 1897.
1890	Miss K. Sanborn	Supt. of Nurses, St. Vincent's Hosp.	New York City.
1890	Miss E. L. Simpson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1891	Miss E. R. Smillie		New York City.
1891	Miss M. Shalter	Physician	Canal Dover, Ohio.
1892	Miss B. L. Sinnott	Private Nurse	New York City.
1893	Miss M. A. Samuel	Supt., Train'g Sch., Roosevelt Hosp.	New York City.
1893	Miss E. S. Saunders (Mrs. E. W. Jenks.)		Died, 1905.
1894	Mrs. M. L. Simons (Mrs. C. Victor Twiss.)	At Home	New York City.
1895	Miss L. C. Scott (Mrs. S. E. Bowdle.)	At Home	Cincinnati, Ohio.
1895	Miss F. A. Springer (Mrs. L. R. Curtis.)	At Home	Chicago, Ill.
1895	Miss M. W. Selden	At Home	West Winsted, Conn.
1896	Miss J. C. States	Private Nurse	New York City.
1896	Miss R. E. Shoebridge (Mrs. John Sebastian Haubert.)	At Home	New York City.
1897	Miss M. R. Somerville (Mrs. Brock Carey.)	At Home	Santa Rosa, Cal.
1897	Miss M. A. Smith	Supt., Babies' Hosp.	New York City.
1898	Miss E. S. Stannard (Mrs. R. Oscar Mead.)	At Home	Brewster, N. Y.

GRADUATE NURSES—Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1899	Miss S. E. M. Stanbury (Mrs. Archibald H. Busby.)	At Home	New York City.
1900	Miss A. A. Strombom	Private Nurse	New York City.
1902	Miss M. E. L. Simpson	At Home	New York City.
1902	Miss K. I. Sutcliffe (Mrs. Charles F. Harris.)	At Home	Alameda, Cal.
1903	Miss Z. Stupplebeen	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss B. D. Seeley	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss N. Silva	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss N. G. Sinnott	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1904	Miss H. R. Stewart	School Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss M. E. Samuel (Mrs. John Bryson.)	At Home	Montreal, Can.
1904	Miss M. A. Swarr (Mrs. John Fabre.)	At Home	New York City.
1904	Miss L. M. Sewell	Private Nurse	New York City.
1904	Miss I. B. Swan	Hospital Nurse N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1904	Miss K. I. Smardon	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss C. Straub (Mrs. Beverdy V. W. Estell.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss W. Salter	Private Nurse	Mexico City, Mexico.
1905	Miss E. L. Smardon	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss V. C. Smith	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1906	Miss H. N. W. Smith	At Home	Hamilton, Canada.
1906	Miss L. M. Simpson (Mrs. Charles Marks.)	At Home	New York City.
1906	Miss L. Skuse	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1906	Miss G. T. Seely	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss G. M. Smiley	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss J. M. Smith (Mrs. Thomas Harwood Rothwell.)	At Home	New York City.
1908	Miss L. T. Smellie	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss J. C. Stimson	Supt. of Nurses, Harlem Hosp.	New York City.
1908	Miss E. J. Stubbs	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss M. A. Symons	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss G. E. Sayers	Private Nurse	New York City.
1879	Miss L. J. Tallman	Died, 1879.	
1879	Miss E. Ticknor (Mrs. C. E. Vredenburg.)	Dispensary Nurse	New York City.
1881	Miss E. F. Thorpe (Mrs. J. F. Durrall.)	At Home	Boston, Mass.
1884	Miss A. Tietjen (Mrs. E. W. Schade.)	At Home	New York City.
1884	Miss M. E. Thompson (Mrs. T. Rhys Smith.)	At Home	Cos Cob, Conn.

GRADUATE NURSES—Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1887	Miss E. M. Thompson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1887	Miss A. I. Twitchell	Supt., Passavant Hospital	Jacksonville, Ill.
1890	Miss A. A. Taylor	Private Nurse	New York City.
1891	Miss H. M. Turner	Private Nurse	New York City.
1892	Miss J. E. Tucker	Private Nurse	Paris, France.
1892	Miss L. H. Thomas	School Nurse	New York City.
1893	Miss E. M. Turner	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss N. M. Thomas (Mrs. Geo. E. Gallaway.)	At Home	Rahway, N. J.
1895	Miss A. Tucker (Mrs. A. L. T. McIntyre.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1895	Miss M. H. Thomson (Mrs. J. H. Cooper.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1896	Miss F. Taylor		Cobourg, Canada.
1899	Miss A. C. Thomson	Private Nurse	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1899	Miss R. M. Thompson (Mrs. A. D. Reid.)	At Home	Glen Ridge, N. J.
1899	Miss O. L. Tappen (Mrs. E. J. Labbie.)	At Home	Portland, Ore.
1902	Miss K. Tybjerg	Private Nurse	Paris, France.
1903	Miss M. H. Trigg	Supt., Sanitarium	Greenville, Miss.
1904	Miss L. M. Thompson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Miss H. B. Tallatscheck. (Mrs. G. Kuhne.)	At Home	New York City.
1905	Miss A. A. Todd		Died, 1906.
1907	Miss G. D. Traver	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss R. Thompson	Private Nurse	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1909	Miss M. E. Tom	Private Nurse	New York City.
1881	Miss A. Van Vranken (Mrs. A. Wright.)	At Home	Los Angeles, Cal.
1881	Miss S. Von Hatton	Private Nurse	New York City.
1885	Miss E. Van Zellar	Private Nurse	Philadelphia, Pa.
1888	Miss K. Van Wie (Mrs. S. T. Jameson.)	Visiting Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1892	Miss A. Vedin	Physician	New York City.
1893	Miss M. A. Vreeland (Mrs. H. T. Perry.)	At Home	New York City.
1894	Miss M. Voorhis (Mrs. Joseph Sturtevant.)	At Home	New York City.
1896	Miss M. Vroom	Ass't Sup't, Train'g School, Brooklyn Hospital	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1904	Miss E. M. Vanderburg (Mrs. James B. Morgan, Jr.)	At Home	Pittsburg, Pa.
1905	Miss H. Van Meter	Private Nurse	New York City.
1905	Mrs. M. W. Van Huzon	Private Nurse	New York City.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1879	Mrs. I. Waldron		Unknown.
1880	Miss C. S. Weeks (Mrs. Cyrus Shaw.)	At Home	Mountainville, N. Y.
1881	Miss Z. E. Whitaker	Private Nurse	St. Louis, Mo.
1882	Miss P. B. Washburne (Mrs. J. L. Spicer.)	At Home	New Dorp, S. I., N. Y.
1882	Miss E. L. Warr	Supt., Training Sch'l, City Hosp.	St. Louis, Mo.
1884	Miss H. L. White	Private Nurse	Riverdale, N. Y.
1884	Miss F. E. Wallis	Parish Worker	Grand Rapids, Mich.
1885	Miss H. E. Whitehead	School Nurse	Charleston, S. C.
1885	Miss E. F. Woods	At Home	Stapleton, S. I.
1885	Miss H. A. Woodruff	Private Nurse	Plattsburg, N. Y.
1886	Miss M. M. Windram (Mrs. E. T. Pierce.)	At Home	New Bedford, Mass.
1886	Miss L. W. Westcott		Unknown.
1886	Miss M. C. Wiebur (Mrs. G. H. Brown.)	At Home	Highland Falls, N. Y.
1886	Miss A. M. Whitmore (Mrs. W. T. Windram.)	At Home	Boston, Mass.
1887	Miss M. S. White	Private Nurse	Buffalo, N. Y.
1888	Miss L. A. Walden	At Home	Brooklyn, N. Y.
1889	Miss E. Westervelt (Mrs. S. J. Miller.)	At Home	Freeville, N. Y.
1889	Miss S. J. Witbeck		Died, May, 1894.
1889	Miss M. E. Whitehouse	Private Nurse	New York City.
1890	Miss E. Wallace	Private Nurse	New York City.
1890	Mrs. L. Wilson	Prop'r Priv. Hosp'l	New York City.
1890	Miss A. L. Withington	At Home	New York City.
1891	Miss L. D. Wald	In Charge, Nurses' Settlement.	New York City.
1891	Miss M. Wheeler	At Home	New York City.
1892	Miss C. E. C. Woodrow (Mrs. G. C. Schenck.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1892	Mrs. S. M. Weller	At Home	Chicago, Ill.
1893	Miss L. M. Weston (Mrs. Hartley.)	At Home	Toronto, Canada.
1893	Miss A. L. Witbeck		Albany, N. Y.
1893	Miss C. Wetmore (Mrs. Henry F. Dawes.)		Died, 1907.
1894	Miss J. A. Wright	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss F. A. Wilds (Mrs. F. H. McDowell.)	Private Nurse	New York City.
1895	Miss D. S. Walker (Mrs. W. T. Finkel.)	At Home	Pittsburg, Pa.
1895	Miss I. J. Walton	Hospital Nurse, New York Hospital	New York City.
1895	Miss A. Warnecke	Res. Phys., N. Y. S. Custodial Asyl'm.	Newark, N. Y.

GRADUATE NURSES — Continued.

Year of Graduation.	Name.	Present Occupation.	Address.
1895	Miss Z. I. Whitman	At Home	Hartford, Conn.
	(Mrs. Chas. P. Cooley.)		
1895	Miss M. Washburn	At Home	Newark, N. J.
	(Mrs. J. G. Whitelaw.)		
1896	Miss J. M. Whitelaw	School Teacher	New York City.
1896	Miss G. L. Wilkie	Deaconess	Bronx, N. Y.
1896	Miss A. A. Williamson.	Supt., Tr. School, California Hosp..	Los Angeles, Cal.
1896	Miss M. H. Walker		Unknown.
	(Mrs. Basil Dutcher.)		
1897	Miss B. Wylie	At Home	New York City.
	(Mrs. A. J. McDougall.)		
1898	Miss Marian H. Wilson	Ass't Sup't, N. Y. Hospital Nurses' Club.	New York City.
1898	Miss M. Weir		Died, July, 1900.
1899	Miss H. B. Wilsey	Private Nurse	New York City.
1899	Miss H. J. Weakley	At Home	Minneapolis, Minn.
	(Mrs. Edgar Brown.)		
1901	Miss L. M. Wygant	Private Nurse	New York City.
1902	Miss F. S. Wright	Sup't., Tr. School, Italian Hospital.	New York City.
1903	Miss C. H. Weller		Cobourg, Canada.
	(Mrs. B. J. Quipp.)		
1903	Miss M. C. Whitman	Private Nurse	Paris, France.
1904	Miss A. F. Wilson	At Home	St. Mary's, Canada.
1904	Miss P. C. Woodruff	At Home	Newark, N. J.
1905	Miss L. T. White	At Home	New York City.
	(Mrs. Alexander B. Johnson.)		
1905	Miss A. G. Warren	Private Nurse	New York City.
	(Mrs. H. F. Diegnan.)		
1906	Miss L. Wood	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss M. Weatherhead	At Home	Calgary, Alberta, Canada.
	(Mrs. Thomas Martin.)		
1906	Miss B. G. Webster	Private Nurse	New York City.
1906	Miss O. Wait	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss E. Wentworth	Private Nurse	New York City.
1907	Miss E. Welles	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss M. Wilsey	Private Nurse	New York City.
1908	Miss A. C. Winnants	Private Nurse	Staten Island.
1909	Miss H. L. Work	Ass't Nurse, Private Hosp. Assoc.	New York City.
1909	Miss Margaret H. Wilson.	Hospital Nurse, N. Y. Hospital	New York City.
1909	Miss L. Wilson	Private Nurse	New York City.
1909	Miss J. G. Woods	Private Nurse	New York City.
1891	Miss M. H. Young	Private Nurse	New York City.
1892	Miss A. R. Young	Medical Student	Boston, Mass.
1901	Miss F. Young	Private Nurse	New York City.
1894	Miss A. M. Zieger	Private Nurse	Pasadena, Cal.
	(Mrs. F. P. Shull.)		

STATE OF NEW YORK

FINAL REPORT

OF THE

Commission to Inquire Into Courts of Inferior Criminal Jurisdiction in Cities of the First Class

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE APRIL 4, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 54.

IN ASSEMBLY

April 4, 1910.

FINAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSION TO INQUIRE INTO THE COURTS OF INFERIOR CRIMINAL JURISDICTION IN CITIES OF THE FIRST CLASS.

To the Governor:

The Commission appointed, pursuant to chapter 211 of the Laws of 1908, to inquire into the manner in which justice is administered in the courts of inferior criminal jurisdiction in cities of the first class, herewith submits its final report.

On November 24, 1908, the Commission began its inquiry in the city of New York, and, under date of February 3, 1909, submitted a preliminary report, briefly setting forth the progress of its investigation into the condition of the courts of special sessions and magistrates' courts in that city. The Commission next pursued its investigations in the city of Buffalo, and, under date of March 20, 1909, submitted its final report in regard to the Buffalo courts, and thereafter resumed its work in the city of New York. On May 21 and 22, 1909, the Commission held hearings in the city of Rochester, and thereafter again continued its investigations in the city of New York, having heard many witnesses, taken in all over 5,000 pages of testimony, including exhibits, and having visited court houses and other institutions related to the work of these courts.

The Commission has pursued its labors upon the theory that it was charged with the duty of inquiring into the system, methods and procedure of these courts, rather than to investigate specific

complaints against individual officials or employees. It has believed its duty to be to make recommendations as to substantive legislation, leaving to the proper authorities the prosecution, in the appropriate tribunals, of specific acts of wrongdoing.

City Court of Buffalo.

The report on the administration of the courts in the city of Buffalo contained recommendations for a radical change in the system there prevailing and was accompanied by a proposed bill establishing the City Court of Buffalo. This bill became law, and is now chapter 570 of the Laws of 1909.

Under this statute, a court having both inferior civil and criminal jurisdiction was created and provision was made for a chief judge and five associate judges.

Three judges, whose terms would not expire, were continued in office, and a chief judge and two associate judges were required to be elected at the general election in November, 1909.

These officials were chosen at the last general election and the court has now been organized in accordance with the provisions of the statute establishing it.

So far as the Commission is able to judge, at present, there appears to be an earnest desire on the part of the judges of the new City Court of Buffalo to carry out the purposes and spirit of the enactment. The Commission is gratified to learn that, as a result of its inquiry and of the enactment in question, a detention home for children and suitable quarters for the various parts of the court, including the children's part, have been provided by the city of Buffalo. Among the other immediate reforms brought about through the establishment of the City Court of Buffalo may be mentioned the elimination of the police station "morning courts;" the discontinuance of the custom of confining children in police station cells; the separation of the trials of male and female prisoners; the establishment of a part of the court for the hearing of cases involving domestic relations, and the unification and extension of the work of probation among minor offenders. The larger benefits which the Commission hopes the city of Buffalo will derive from this act will, in its opinion, result even more from the correct principles upon which it believes the structure of the court to be based, and the system of administration provided for than from any direct inhibition or mandate as to matters of detail, contained in the enactment.

Police Court in Rochester.

In the city of Rochester there is one police judge and one court house for the hearing and trial of the cases of adults, and a room situated in another building for the hearing of children's cases.

The police court is well situated and well arranged. The clerical force, the probation officers and the attendants impressed the Commission most favorably as being intelligent and enthusiastic in their work and as taking an active, personal interest in the problems presented to a court of this jurisdiction.

There has been a commendable effort by means of a card index to perfect a useful system of identification, which, with the cooperation of the police officials, seems to be working effectively.

The police judge, who had followed the reports of the proceedings of the Commission in the city of New York, shortly before the visit of the Commission, had established a separate hearing for women. There is a complete separation not only in the detention of male and female defendants in the courthouse, but the judge hears the female defendants in a room on another floor from that where he sits in the hearings and trials of male defendants. This seems entirely practicable, owing to the comparatively small number of cases and small territorial jurisdiction of the court. While the experiment was too new for the Commission to express a final judgment, it nevertheless seemed to the Commission that there was every prospect that the plan would work out advantageously.

The police judge was of the opinion that the accommodations in the children's part were too limited, and it seemed to the Commission that provision for better accommodations would soon be necessary. This, however, is a subject with which the local authorities are able adequately to deal.

For the present, one police court seems ample for the city of Rochester; but provision should be made for the temporary appointment by the mayor for a period not to exceed thirty days of an attorney to perform the duties of the police judge in the event of his sickness or other disability, and to allow him a reasonable vacation. This work is now done by the municipal court judges, but they should not be taken from their regular duties for this purpose. With this exception, the Commission is of the opinion that no changes are necessary at this time.

Preliminary Report — New York City.

The preliminary report in regard to the courts in the city of New York, submitted by the Commission to the Governor, briefly called attention to some of the subjects under consideration and recommended a plan to relieve, temporarily, the congested condition of the calendar of the court of special sessions of the first division.

On January 28, 1909, there were pending in that court 5,958 untried bail cases, and the court was about eleven months in arrears in the trial of these cases.

As the result of the recommendation of the Commission, chapter 90 of Laws of 1909 was enacted. This act empowered the mayor of the city of New York to designate two magistrates to sit as justices of the court of special sessions in the first division until December 1, 1909, or until such earlier time as the justices of the court certified to the mayor that only 300 bail cases were remaining upon their calendar awaiting trial.

The act went into effect on March 17, 1909, and the mayor promptly designated two magistrates in accordance therewith.

A second part of the court was organized, with the result that in eight months (April to December, 1909) 14,947 cases were disposed of in the two parts of the court and on December 1, 1909, there were pending only about 525 untried bail cases.

Thus, at very slight expense to the city for additional clerical help, the accumulation of a large number of untried bail cases has been substantially ended, and if the legislation which the Commission recommends is enacted there is every reason to believe that misdemeanors can be promptly tried henceforth and that long delays need not again occur.

The addition of a temporary second part of the court of special sessions has also given to the Commission the opportunity of deciding from experience whether such an addition is permanently necessary, and has enabled the Commission to reach more intelligently its final conclusions.

The Courts of Inferior Criminal Jurisdiction.

It is desirable at the outset briefly to outline the relations to each other of the courts of inferior criminal jurisdiction in the city of New York.

The magistrates' court is the court of first instance and is held by a city magistrate. To this court are brought persons charged

with the commission of (1) a felony, or (2) a misdemeanor, or (3) a violation of a law or ordinance not classified either as felony or misdemeanor. It is the duty of the magistrate to determine whether he shall hold to await the action of the grand jury a person charged with committing a felony, or hold for trial at the court of special sessions a person charged with committing a misdemeanor, while in respect of the third class of cases he has summary power and jurisdiction to determine guilt and to sentence accordingly.

Under the present law, there are two divisions of the magistrates' courts, each having its own organization, consisting of a board of city magistrates, with a president selected by the magistrates annually from their own number. The first division comprises the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx, and the second division, the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond.

The court of special sessions is separated into two similar territorial divisions.

The court of special sessions of the first division has two parts; one for the trial of misdemeanors committed by adults, and the other, known as the children's part, having jurisdiction of all offenses committed by children under the age of sixteen years, in the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx, except capital cases.

The jurisdiction of the court of special sessions of the second division is similar to that of the first division, except that there is a separate children's part only for the borough of Brooklyn, none having as yet been established for the boroughs of Queens and Richmond. In those boroughs offenses committed by children under the age of sixteen years are tried by the magistrates and hearing held separate and apart from the trial of adults.

In the year 1908 there were 175,371 arraignments in the magistrates' courts of Manhattan and The Bronx, being 37,324 in excess of 1907; while in the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond the total number of arraignments for 1908 was 60,185, being 7,388 more than in 1907.

These totals of arraignments do not, however, represent the number of different individuals, because in many instances the same persons have been arrested more than once, but up to the present time there has been no means of ascertaining how many different individuals have been arrested in the city of New York in any one year, and statistics in such regard cannot be accu-

rately compiled until a comprehensive system of identification shall have been established. Nevertheless, even allowing for repeating offenders, the total number of persons arraigned in the city has undoubtedly been upwards of 200,000, and, in addition to these, many other persons have been brought into these courts by the service of summons, of which no record is kept. It has been estimated that the total number of summonses issued is upward of 100,000 annually, so that it is probable that somewhere in the neighborhood of 300,000 people are annually brought before the magistrates to answer to some charge or complaint made against them.

It thus becomes important to follow the procedure from the time of arrest until arraignment.

The Code of Criminal Procedure requires that a defendant, when arrested, must in all cases be taken before the magistrate without unnecessary delay, and that he shall not be subjected to any more restraint than is necessary for his arrest and detention (Code of Criminal Procedure, sections 165, 172). The Greater New York charter (section 338) specifically provides that "each member of the police force, under a penalty of ten dollars fine or dismissal from the force at the discretion of the police commissioner, shall, immediately upon an arrest, convey in person the offender before the nearest sitting magistrate, that he may be dealt with according to law. If the arrest is made during the hours that the magistrate does not regularly hold court, or if the magistrate is not holding court, such offender may be detained in a precinct or station-house thereof until the next regular public sitting of the magistrate and no longer, and shall then be conveyed without delay before the magistrate, to be dealt with according to law."

These plain provisions of the Greater New York charter enacted in pursuance of the general policy of the State as expressed in the Code of Criminal Procedure for the purpose of assuring a prompt hearing before the nearest sitting magistrate, have been repeatedly violated by the police, and from the testimony it appears that prisoners from time to time have been brought before a magistrate who is not "the nearest sitting magistrate." The practice is indefensible and has received the condemnation of the courts. (People ex rel. Gow v. Bingham, 57 Misc. 66.)

The intent of the charter provision was also to prevent the selection, by the prosecuting authorities, of the judicial officer before whom the defendant should be heard, and the protection thus assured by the charter should be vigorously safeguarded. By virtue of section 1844 of the Penal Law, it is a misdemeanor for a public officer, having arrested any person upon a criminal charge, willfully and wrongfully to delay to take such person before a magistrate having jurisdiction to take his examination, and therefore it should be the affirmative duty of the magistrate, in cases of delay, to ascertain the reason therefor, and where the magistrate is not "the nearest sitting magistrate," he should decline to hear the case and should order the defendant to be taken forthwith to "the nearest sitting magistrate."

It is, of course, to be remembered in this connection that the nearest sitting magistrate, within the meaning of this section of the charter, is not necessarily the magistrate sitting within the distance physically nearest to the place of arrest. The jurisdiction of the respective magistrates' courts must be arranged territorially, with a view to the situation and distribution of the police precincts, but there can be no question that "the nearest sitting magistrate" means that magistrate sitting at the courthouse to which are required to be brought all persons arrested for offenses committed within that territorial jurisdiction.

Before the prisoner is arraigned, he is usually detained in what is known as the detention pen.

The detention pens in the various courthouses are in charge of the police, and in many instances are in immediate proximity to the courtroom. In the construction of these courthouses, or in the adaptation for use as courthouses of buildings originally designed for other purposes, little thought seems to have been given either to appropriate accommodations or to the complete separation of male from female defendants.

Detention Pens; First Division.— In the First District Magistrates' Court, situated in the Criminal Courts building on Centre street, the detention pens are separated by a sheet iron division, with the women on one side and the men on the other. Police officers pass back and forth all the time, with more or less resultant disorder. In the Second or Jefferson Market Court, where the night court is held, the detention pens, to use the language of Magistrate House, "are in a horrible condition. There is a little bit of a lobby and two large pens. One

side the women and the other side the men. In the women's detention pen, over in the corner of a little jog, is a toilet, but no door and no screen to shut it off. In order to pass these detention pens, you have to pass through a door that takes the prisoners back into the prison that is under the supervision of the Commissioner of Corrections, provided the prisoner is held for trial, is fined or is held for examination."

The Commission, upon the occasion of its several visits to the night court held at Jefferson Market, was shocked by the conditions resulting from these primitive and inadequate detention pens. Women were huddled together, young and old, first and hardened offenders, some innocent and subsequently discharged, and this women's pen immediately adjoins the men's pen similarly crowded. On several occasions there were more prisoners than these pens could accommodate, even with all the crowding, and the prisoners, men and women indifferently, stood in front of and beyond these pens. Some of the prisoners were engaged in loud talking, and the young and often the innocent were subjected to the indignity of being compelled to hear vile and blasphemous language.

Such a condition is disgraceful to a great, civilized community, and should no longer be tolerated. It must always be remembered in this connection that the person thus detained in the detention pen has not yet been arraigned before the magistrate and, under the law, is presumed to be innocent, and yet this detention is frequently an infinitely worse punishment than the small fine which is imposed for some minor offense.

To this and the other courts are brought large numbers of respectable persons, who are not charged with any offense involving moral turpitude, but merely with the breach of some regulative law or ordinance.

In the Third or Essex Market Court, the condition of the pens has been notoriously bad for years. In the Fourth or East Fifty-seventh Street Court there are two pens; one in which the women are detained, and, in the other immediately adjoining, the men. Owing to lack of facilities in this courtroom and in order to avoid noise and confusion as much as possible, benches are placed in the back of the room where these pens are situated. The police officers thus come into easy contact with the men and women prisoners, a condition which is most undesirable in the opportunity it affords

for influencing such prisoners in the selection of lawyers or advising as to their conduct when arraigned.

In the Fifth District or Harlem Court the pens for the men and women are likewise adjoining. The Seventh or West Fifty-fourth Street Court is in somewhat better condition. The Sixth District or Bronx Court is temporary in character, awaiting the completion of the new courthouse now under construction at One Hundred and Sixty-first street and Third avenue. The Eighth or Westchester Court has as yet so very few prisoners that no complaints in respect thereof have been made.

Detention Pens; Second Division.— In the courts in the borough of Brooklyn the same conditions prevail, in the majority of instances, of inadequate accommodations and improper proximity of the pens for men to the pens for women and in some instances the conditions are not only reprehensible but absolutely intolerable.

These conditions are specially noticeable in the First District or Adams Street Court; the Second District or Butler Street Court; the Fourth District or Bedford Avenue Court; the Fifth District or Manhattan Avenue Court and the Tenth District or New Jersey Avenue Court.

The number of prisoners detained at any one time in the courts in Queens and Richmond is, in comparison with the other boroughs, so few that the Commission has not received any complaints in reference thereto.

Obviously, no provision can be made by statute to remedy these evils, except a directory requirement that the detention pens for men shall be separated as completely as practicable from the pens for women. The detention home for women, in connection with the women's night court, hereinafter recommended, will however, in itself, lessen to a great extent, the evils here indicated. The Commission, nevertheless, calls sharp attention to these conditions in order that, in the erection or adaptation of buildings for courthouses in the future, regard shall be had for the construction of proper detention pens; and the Commission brings this subject to the attention of the local authorities, so that these existing conditions may be remedied as soon as possible.

Court-rooms and Their Arrangement.— The next step in the progress of the prisoner is the arraignment before the magistrate.

Here the methods of the First and Second Divisions differ in several important particulars.

In the First Division the courtrooms are constructed on the following general plan: There is a magistrate's bench behind which sit the magistrate, the police clerk, police clerk's assistants, the stenographer and the interpreter. In front of the bench is a raised platform behind which is a rail. This platform has long been called, in the parlance of these courts, "the bridge." The complainant, who is in most instances a police officer, stands on "the bridge," close to the magistrate. The prisoner stands below the rail, or, as it is called, below "the bridge." The police clerk's assistants, who sit at one side of the magistrate, are preparing the complaints, and for that purpose necessarily engaged in conversation with the complainant and his witnesses. At the other side of the magistrate the police clerk is receiving money in payment of fines and making a record of such receipt.

Beyond "the bridge" is a space where prisoners about to be arraigned, and the policemen who have made the arrests, are ordinarily waiting in line until their cases come before the magistrate. Beyond this space is a railing or grating separating it from the general public.

The ordinary scene in the magistrates' court is one of confusion and utter lack of dignity, resulting from the noise of conversation between complainants, witnesses and court clerks, and this noise not infrequently interferes with the orderly conduct of the case under hearing before the magistrate.

While the hearing is going on, the complaining witness, in most instances a police officer, stands close to the bench, with his back to the defendant, often giving his statement or testimony in a voice so low that the defendant, when he is below "the bridge," cannot possibly hear him; the magistrate himself likewise frequently speaks in tones so subdued as to be inaudible to the prisoner, with the result that the policeman who is stationed on "the bridge" plays entirely too important a part, frequently conveying in laconic sentences to the prisoner the nature of the charge and the questions of the judge, and then conveying back to the judge the mumbled answers of the prisoner. On a number of occasions it was apparent to the Commission that the prisoner did not know what was going on, and that the hearing was one only in name. There being no witness chair, the whole proceeding lacked even the semblance of judicial procedure. Frequently, there are so many persons on and around the bridge that it is almost impossible for the prisoner to see the magistrate. The interior ar-

rangement of these courtrooms thus briefly described, and this method of conducting hearings are disgraceful in an enlightened community and should be forthwith ended once and for all.

The rearrangement of these courtrooms so as to abolish "the bridge" and give the prisoner the same opportunity to hear and be heard as the witnesses against him, would involve a comparatively small expenditure and would bring about a substantial improvement in the method and manner of conducting hearings and examinations in the Magistrates' Courts.

The magistrates in many instances bring the prisoner to the bench from below "the bridge," thus indicating that the present arrangement of these courtrooms is not conducive to a full and fair hearing.

We are not unmindful of the fact that frequently persons are arraigned who are in such physical condition that they cannot be brought to the bench, and that they must stand at some distance from the magistrate, but in such cases the magistrate can readily arrange the hearing so that the defendant at least knows what is going on, if he is in the mental condition to understand. It has been urged that any procedure which would make for a more deliberate hearing would involve much time and cause much delay. This argument does not appeal to the Commission. These are practically courts of last resort in most instances, and the examination or trial of the defendant should be conducted in such manner, and surrounded with such safeguards as to assure a full, fair and deliberate hearing. While there is a congestion in some of these courts at the beginning of the day's calendar, the magistrate has plenty of time to dispose competently of all cases before him, without doing so with undue haste. The clerks framing the complaints should not be in the courtroom, but provision should be made for them in a separate room, so that the courtroom may be relieved of the noise and confusion incident upon the preparation of these papers, and also that these clerks may have a better opportunity to hear fully the statements of the persons concerned and, as a result, more carefully and competently to draw the complaints.

The attendants, posted throughout different parts of the room, are police officers, detailed to the magistrates' courts by the police commissioner. The Commission has no desire to include in a general criticism those officers who are courteous and respectful, but it is well known that many of these officers are discourteous,

cells attached to this court are very poorly ventilated and at times prisoners have escaped by reason of the cells being poorly secured. This building is all on one floor, the clerks' room and the magistrate's room being separated by a board partition from the courtroom; the toilet attached to the court is next to the clerk's office and is in a very unsanitary condition.

All prisoners arrested by the police of the 149th Precinct, located at 318 Adams street (same building as First District Court) and also by the police attached to the 150th Precinct located at 69 Fulton street, and the greater part of the prisoners arrested by the officers detailed to Police Headquarters in State street, are arraigned in the First District Court. The police of the 145th, 147th and 148th Precincts, which precincts are south of Atlantic avenue, bring their prisoners to the Second District Court. If there could be erected a suitable courthouse midway between the First and Second District Courts as at present located, say at Atlantic avenue, then the magistrates of the First and Second Districts could each hold sessions in such building, having two separate courtrooms.

The Third District Court, at the corner of Myrtle and Vanderbilt avenues, and the Sixth District Court, 495 Gates avenue, could also be consolidated in the same way. While the Third District courtroom is of itself properly equipped for the purposes of its use, yet by reason of the noise of the elevated road which passes the door and of the trolley on the side street it is almost impossible to conduct the examination of witnesses and this is particularly true in the warm weather when the windows are open. By sending the prisoners from the 157th Precinct to the First District Court it would not be inconvenient to have the precincts which now send their prisoners to the Third and Sixth District Courts, send them to the Sixth District Court and two magistrates could sit in one building.

The Fourth District Court is held in the three-story building 186 Bedford avenue, the first floor of which is occupied by the cells and clerk's room, the second floor by the courtroom and the third floor by the clerk's offices.

The Fifth District Court is held in a two story and basement brick building, corner of Manhattan avenue and Power street; the basement is used by the clerks for the taking of complaints, the next floor as the courtroom and the top floor for the clerk's offices and the magistrate's room. Neither of these buildings was

originally erected for court purposes and they are situated about a mile apart.

If a central location, midway between these two courts, could be had and a courthouse erected having ample accommodation for two magistrates, the work of these courts would be expedited and the convenience of the public subserved.

The Seventh District Court, at 31 Snider ave., is properly equipped except that the present rooms are hardly sufficient to comfortably accommodate the clerks, magistrate and public, and as this court is situated in a section of the borough which is increasing rapidly in population, a larger courtroom will soon be needed.

The Eighth District Court, at West 8th street, Coney Island, is properly equipped.

The Ninth District Court, corner 23rd street and Fifth avenue, was formerly used as a public hall but is now well suited for use as a court.

The Tenth District Court, on New Jersey avenue is in a two-story building, the cellar of which is used for the reception of prisoners; the first floor is used as a courtroom and the second floor for clerk's offices. In order to reach the clerk's office it is necessary to ascend a lengthy stairway, to the great inconvenience of the public. While the courtroom itself answers the purpose, yet the location of the cells and clerks' rooms is a matter of just complaint.

COURTROOMS OF THE COURTS OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Adult Parts.— The present courtroom of the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division is situated in the Criminal Courts building and is well adapted for the uses of the court.

On the establishment of the second part of this court, to which reference will be more fully made hereinafter, it seems highly desirable that accommodations should be found in the same building. This will subserve convenience, save time and assist in centralizing the work of the clerk's office.

The present Criminal Courts building is very much crowded, but it would seem to be practicable for the local authorities to assign the rooms now occupied by the coroners to the Court of Special Sessions, finding some other place for the coroners' offices and courtroom.

In the Second Division the Court of Special Sessions is now held at the corner of Atlantic avenue and Clinton street. Here

the court is excellently housed and the courthouse is in every way creditable to the city.

Children's Courts.— The Children's Court of the First Division is situated at Eleventh street and Third avenue, in the borough of Manhattan, and for a considerable time has been entirely too small and otherwise insufficient for the purposes of the court. An appropriation was recently made for the erection of a new courthouse upon this site. In designing this building the introduction of several desirable new features is contemplated, among them a nursery for the smaller children and accommodations which will permit the mothers or other female relatives of the children to wait in a convenient place until their cases are reached.

In the construction of this Children's Court there is an excellent opportunity for the erection of a model court building for that purpose. In many of the jurisdictions throughout this country and abroad, the room in which the child's case is heard is small, and the usual features of the courtroom are eliminated. This is regarded by some experienced judges and students of the subject as the proper arrangement for the hearing of children's cases, so that each child's case can be heard by itself and privately without a curious audience, and in order also that the judge may come into a closer relation with the child, parental rather than judicial.

We recognize, however, that there are conditions and circumstances, in the administration of children's courts in the city of New York, which present problems that cannot necessarily be solved upon the same lines as in smaller jurisdictions.

Among the children brought to this court are many who are charged with serious offenses, such as breaking into cars, picking pockets, etc. A considerable proportion of these children cannot be dealt with successfully if the court and its proceedings impress them as too gentle and amiable. Besides, in very many instances, it is the effort of the court not merely to control the child but to impress responsibility upon the parent. Many of these parents are of foreign birth, who have recently immigrated to this country and who have much respect for dignified forms, and it is the opinion of experienced judges that their success in dealing with children's cases would be impaired if the formal surrounding of the courtroom were taken away. There should be no difficulty, however, in so constructing the courtroom that the child can come even physically closer to the judge than

at present, and that the space in front of the judge's bench can be more conveniently arranged.

It seems clear also that after a child has been placed on probation, a closer personal relation can be aided by the judge hearing the child and conversing with it in a direct way in some room other than the court room, and where the interview may be private.

As the new courthouse for this Children's Court will presumably be in use for many years, we suggest to the judges the most careful consideration of every detail of its construction. Such a courthouse will no doubt be expected to be a model for many others throughout this country, and therefore there is imposed upon the present judges a highly responsible duty.

The Children's Court of the borough of Brooklyn at 102 Court street, seems adequate for the present, but in the event of the construction at a future date of a new Children's Court in that borough, the judges will be charged with a similar responsibility.

Territorial Jurisdiction and Redistricting of Magistrates' Courts.

The present boundaries of the various Magistrates' Courts districts have not been changed for many years.

By virtue of the provisions of section 205 of the Greater New York charter, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have the authority, upon the application of the Board of City Magistrates, to designate additional places for the holding of Magistrates' Courts.

The legislative intent as to the principle governing the location and jurisdiction of these courts is aptly expressed in requiring that such courts shall be held at such places as may seem "most conducive to the public convenience," or, as stated in another section of the charter, referring to certain court districts (§ 1390), the districts shall be divided "in such manner as to make access to the courts convenient to the residents * * * and otherwise conserve public interest."

In the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx, it is apparent that there should be a readjustment of the territorial jurisdiction of these courts, based on convenience and ready access and also upon the location of the various police precincts.

In the borough of Brooklyn, there are two more day courts than in the borough of Manhattan, although the number of persons arraigned in that borough is only about a third of the number

arraigned in the borough of Manhattan. Owing to the large territorial extent of the borough of Brooklyn more courts are needed than the number of cases seem to justify, but some of the courts should be consolidated, as hereinbefore pointed out.

In the borough of Queens, likewise by reason of its large area, four courts seem essential.

In the borough of Richmond, there are but two courts, which are sufficient for the amount of business there transacted. These courts, however, are far distant from certain parts of the borough and some arrangement should be made by which the present magistrates could sit from time to time in the Tottenville section of the borough.

The power to change the district territorial lines from time to time as necessity may arise should be conferred upon the Mayor, the Commissioner of Police and the Chief City Magistrate (reference to whom will be hereinafter made) of the division affected.

Realizing the many duties of the Mayor, authority should be given to him to designate, in his discretion, the President of the Board of Aldermen to perform this duty on his behalf. In the event of the passage of the legislation which we shall recommend the redistricting should take place promptly.

Duties and Assignments of Justices and Magistrates, Clerks and Employees, and Defects in Existing System.

Special Sessions.—The Court of Special Sessions has two divisions, as already described, each having jurisdiction of the trial of misdemeanors committed in the division within which it sits, and, in addition, having original jurisdiction in bastardy cases. Each has a part for the trial of adults and a separate part for the trial of children, except that in the Second Division there is a separate children's part only for the borough of Brooklyn.

In each division there are six justices, three of whom are assigned each month to sit in the court for the trial of adults and one in the children's part, the remaining two being unassigned. While the child has the right to demand a trial by three justices, such demand has never been made since the organization of these children's parts, and, in practice, a single justice presides in such parts.

The Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division sits three days each week in the borough of Brooklyn for the trial of misdemeanors and one day in each of the boroughs of Queens and Richmond.

In a sense, all the work of the court is judicial, but it is, perhaps, a more exact classification to divide the work into the judicial and the administrative.

The judicial work of the court consists in the hearing of cases and in the disposition of convicted persons.

The administrative side of the court has to do with the making up of calendars, the keeping of records and statistics, the supervision of the clerical force and the general overseeing of the conduct of the officers and employees of the court.

Under the present system in each division, no one justice is charged with this part of the work, which is so essential to the effective performance of the judicial duties of the court. There is in no sense any chief judge, either provided for by statute or selected by the members of the court. Under the system of rotation prevailing in the two divisions of this court, there are various months in the year, or parts of months, when a justice is sitting in the adult court or the children's court or when he is unassigned, and it is, of course, impossible for a justice sitting in one part of the court to supervise the condition of the calendars in the other, and as the justice presiding at the trials changes each month, there is no continuing presiding justice.

In the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division, the inquiry of the Commission showed utter lack of supervision of the clerk's office and led to an investigation which resulted in the clerk's retirement. That court was found to be far behind in its work. Up to 1907, the court had been abreast of its work and both bail and prison cases were tried with reasonable dispatch, but after that, partly because of the failure of the court to try bail cases in the summer months, partly because of the increase in the number of cases, and partly because of inadequate clerical force, there had accumulated a large number of untried bail cases. As the Commission stated in its preliminary report:

> "The long delays have resulted in many instances in a practical denial of justice either to the prosecution or to the defense; and in others, in a practical nullification of laws enacted for the peace and safety of the community. Witnesses have died, disappeared or removed; penalties imposed by statute upon conviction have not attached; and because of the immunity occasioned by delay, certain classes of misdemeanors have been repeated with impunity."

The delay in the trial of many of these cases could have been partly obviated by hearing bail cases in the summer months, but the failure so to do, together with the other causes referred to, resulted in long postponed trials, more especially of disorderly house, liquor tax and motor vehicle cases.

The manifest result was that the delays amounted to a continuing license, so that in the case, for instance, of disorderly house keepers, there was no abatement of the offense, because of the long postponed trials.

The Court should sit every day in the summer months (except Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) to dispose promptly of prison cases.

Magistrates' Courts.— In the first division there are eight day courts, one night court and sixteen magistrates.

In the borough of Brooklyn there are ten day courts and ten magistrates.

In the borough of Queens there are three day courts, and a fourth is nearing completion, and there are four magistrates.

In the borough of Richmond there are two day courts and two magistrates.

The Board of Magistrates in each division elects annually its presiding magistrate. The presiding magistrate thus has not a permanent tenure of his office nor a permanent responsibility, and his control over the clerks is greatly restricted. The assignment of the magistrates to the various courts is made by themselves, with no directing head.

In the Second Division of the Magistrates' Courts there have been unusual and unexplained delays in the trial of liquor tax and disorderly house cases, which classes of cases the magistrates of the First Division have usually disposed of promptly.

These results, both in the Courts of Special Sessions and in the Magistrates' Courts, have been due in some measure to a lack of adequate and authoritative supervision. Under a proper system, attention would have been promptly called to unwarrantable delays and to the lax methods and conduct of employees.

Removal of Cases from Court of Special Sessions.— Some of the delays, however, have not been due to any fault of the court, but to the dilatory tactics of defendants, who have availed themselves of the provisions of section 1409 of the Greater New York Charter to postpone motions for the removal of cases to the Court of General Sessions until the very last moment, and some remedy must be found to cover such instances.

A defendant desiring to remove a case to the Court of General Sessions or the Supreme Court, should be required to make application for the certificate of removal within ten days after the date that his case is first on for pleading.

Reforms Adopted During Inquiry.— It is gratifying to the Commission to observe that, as an immediate result, partly of its inquiry, and partly of temporary relief by legislation enacted upon its recommendation, these delays have in great measure ceased. Part I of the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division disposed of 3,767 cases during the months of June, July and August, 1909, and Part II disposed of 1,026 cases in June, 1909, adjourning during July and August to give the members of the court an opportunity for vacation.

In some other respects, changes have been effectuated or improvements made by these courts at the suggestion of the Commission or as the result of its inquiry, where the change or improvement seemed simple and obvious to the Commission.

Thus, it was found that much time was spent by the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division for the trial of adults in the hearing of reports in probation cases, when a single justice could receive these reports, thereby not only saving time for the trial of cases, but also serving the convenience of witnesses and giving a fuller opportunity for a careful hearing of these reports.

In the Magistrates' Courts of the First Division it appeared that with few exceptions the police clerks deposited the moneys collected by them with their own funds. This practice had gone on for years and it was not until after the Commission had examined these clerks that the magistrates made a rule requiring the clerks to keep their official accounts separate from their private accounts.

In the Magistrates' Courts of the Second Division, a number of the magistrates had paroled defendants held to await trial in the Court of Special Sessions, without any authority in law so to do. This questionable practice has, as we understand, been discontinued.

Other illustrations could be given, but enough has been shown to point out that the absence of central authority has led to lack of individual responsibility and, as a consequence, that little effort has been made to correct obvious errors or to improve lax methods.

Necessity for Centralized Responsibility.— In nearly all the higher courts, one judge, usually the chief, is charged with the

general supervision of the clerk's office, and such, it is understood, is the practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Appeals of this State and the various Appellate Divisions. The essential feature of the Chicago inferior court system, adopted by the Legislature of 1909 in the law recommended by this Commission establishing the City Court of Buffalo, is the fixing of responsibility for the administrative work of the court upon a chief judge.

This principle, we believe, should be applied to and adopted for the Court of Special Sessions and the Magistrates' Courts.

The chief judge should be charged with comprehensive administrative duties. He should prescribe the hour for the opening of the various parts of the court and for the attendance of the judges, clerks and other employees. He should establish and supervise a system for keeping the records of the court and should have authority to appoint the chief clerk and the chief probation officer.

All the judges of these courts, however, acting as a board, should select all of the clerks and other employees of the court, except the chief clerk and the chief probation officer. Thus, while the other judges would not be relieved of their just responsibility and each judge would be required to perform his judicial duties in accordance with his conscience and judgment, the chief judge would be the administrative head upon whom would rest the responsibility in the first instance for the conduct of the employees of the court, the condition of the calendars and the proper establishment and keeping of all records.

Assignment of Justices and Magistrates.— The chief justice of the Court of Special Sessions, in addition, should assign the justices to the various parts of the court.

The board of magistrates of each division should, by rule or regulation, assign the respective magistrates to the various courts in the division upon the principle of rotation, except, however, that the chief magistrate of the division should have authority to designate the magistrates to sit in the night courts and the courts of domestic relations.

The rotation should be genuine and the vicious so-called "Home Court" system prevailing in the borough of Brooklyn should be abolished. Under this system a magistrate sits two weeks out of each month in his so-called "Home Court," and we are of the opinion that this has led to evils among which may be

mentioned the constant adjournment of liquor tax and disorderly house cases.

Subpœna Servers; Attendants and Other Employees.— The Courts of Special Sessions at present employs its own subpœna servers. In accordance with the suggestions already made, each of the courts to be constituted as hereinafter recommended should have one chief clerk and other necessary clerks, one chief probation officer and other necessary probation officers, stenographers, interpreters, civilian attendants and such other employees as from time to time may be deemed necessary.

Owing to the present inadequate number of subpœna servers in the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division, a subpœna is rarely served personally, and in nearly all instances the subpœenas are sent by mail. Under such a system, witnesses necessary for the prosecution of the People's case are frequently overlooked or do not respond, and often through no fault of their own in cases where the mail is delivered after the person sought to be subpœnaed has left his home for the day.

The district attorney's office is equipped for this duty and should perform it, thereby having full opportunity to prepare his case properly and to subpœna such witnesses as he may think necessary for that purpose.

The present subpœna servers in the Courts of Special Sessions can either be retained for clerical work by arrangement with the local authorities or transferred to the district attorney's office.

Police Officers Detailed to the Courts.— The police officers detailed to these courts should be withdrawn. There is no sound argument for retaining them. The magistrates have only a qualified control over men who necessarily remain under the jurisdiction of the police commissioner. The assignment of these men by the police commissioner and their withdrawal from time to time have been the occasion for friction in the past and may be at any time in the future, as so frequently occurs in cases of divided jurisdiction.

It has been suggested by some of the magistrates that these officers are necessary for the purpose of keeping order and to prevent or repress riotous or dangerous acts.

There seems to be no force in this suggestion, first, because there are always police officers, necessarily in attendance at these courts with their prisoners sufficient in number to protect against any emergencies, and, second, because experience has shown that

uniformed civilian officers or attendants are entirely competent to do the work now done in these courts by these police attendants.

At the Court of General Sessions and at the criminal terms of the Supreme Court, civilian attendants are employed, even though the defendants there arraigned are indicted for the commission of grave crimes.

It is, moreover, the belief of the Commission that civilian attendants, under the control of the magistrates and removable at pleasure, will prove to be more considerate and courteous than the average police officer assigned to these courts, and that they will be fully as capable of performing the duties required of them.

There is no economy in keeping these detailed police officers in the Special Sessions Magistrates' Courts. We are informed by the police commissioner that the total number assigned to these courts is 189, of whom 8 are lieutenants, each receiving a salary of $2,250 per annum, 12 sergeants at $1,500 per annum, 167 patrolmen at $1,400 per annum, and 1 patrolman at $1,250 per annum, making a total of $271,050 which the city is spending for the pay of these men.

No doubt civilian attendants can be obtained at a salary less than that now paid to police officer attendants and with a lesser number of such civilian attendants than the present number of detailed police officers, it is not unlikely that the city would save $75,000 to $100,000 per annum, by the proposed change, while the police department would regain for full duty the services of this large number of men.

The Police Commissioner, however, should, from time to time, assign to the Magistrates' Courts such number of officers as the magistrates may certify to be necessary, for the sole purpose of serving warrants, and while such officers are thus assigned they should be under the jurisdiction and immediate direction of the magistrates and subject only to their orders when engaged in the business of the court.

Jurisdiction Recommended for Special Sessions.

The Courts of Special Sessions were established for the purpose of relieving the courts of superior criminal jurisdiction of the trial of misdemeanors, and to enable persons charged with the commission of such offenses to have a speedy trial.

Some suggestions have been made that the Court of Special Sessions should be abolished and that there should be a return to

the system prevailing prior to 1895 of a single court of magistrates with the assignment from time to time of three members thereof to act as justices of the Court of Special Sessions. These suggestions have not impressed the Commission favorably, and while such a plan might be workable in a smaller community, the Commission believes that it would be unsuccessful in dealing with the situation in the city of New York.

Parts for the Trial of Adults.— It has also been urged that in the event of the continuance of the Court of Special Sessions separate from the Magistrates' Courts, the magistrates should be empowered to hear and determine certain classes of misdemeanors which are now tried by the Court of Special Sessions. Some of the magistrates have presented the view that the magistrates should have power to dispose of cases of misdemeanor where the defendant pleads guilty and should also have power of final disposition in the trial of minor offenses classified as misdemeanors.

The Commission has made thorough inquiry to determine the merits of these suggestions and has concluded that the jurisdiction of the magistrates should not be enlarged except in two specific instances to which reference will presently be made. In most cases of misdemeanor, the defendant may be sentenced to a penitentiary for a term of one year and in addition there may be imposed upon him a fine of five hundred dollars, in default of which he must serve one day for each dollar unpaid, thus aggregating really a sentence of two years, four and one-half months. It is vital to the proper administration of justice that the trial of a case which may lead to so serious a result should be carefully safeguarded, so as to assure a calm and just judgment. The experience of those who have been and now are justices of the Court of Special Sessions is warrant for the statement that a discussion between three judges, both upon the law and the facts and as to the punishment, if any, to be administered in case of guilt, is of great value, and frequently results in a conclusion which represents a proper accommodation of views originally widely divergent. In considering this subject it must always be remembered that the fundamental principle of American criminal jurisprudence is trial by jury and any departure therefrom must not only be constitutional, but must be of a character which will assure to the People and to the defendant not only a speedy but a fair trial, unaffected by passion, prejudice or clamor.

It not infrequently occurs that the public is greatly aroused in regard to certain classes of offenses. A person charged with a

violation of law, is entitled to a fair hearing and has the right to be released on reasonable bail. Yet instances have occurred where magistrates, responsive to public clamor and regardless of the particular case before them, have imposed excessive bail for which there was no justification. If the power were confided in such instance and at that time to a single judicial officer both to hear and determine, the defendant might not have the protection to which he is entitled. Too much care cannot be taken to prevent hasty or unjust action, and while in the city of New York, because of its large, varied and complex population and the great number of charges of misdemeanor, trial by jury is impracticable and Courts of Special Sessions, with complete jurisdiction over misdemeanors, are necessities, yet by reason of these same complex conditions, the authority to try misdemeanors generally should be restricted to a court of three justices and not extended to a single justice or magistrate.

In addition to its jurisdiction in cases of misdemeanors, the Court of Special Sessions has original jurisdiction in bastardy cases.

In these cases there is usually a sharp conflict in the testimony and the task of determining the truth is very difficult. It would be unwise to disturb the present jurisdiction of the Court of Special Sessions in this regard. Rules should be made, however, aimed to conserve public decency, so far as is not inconsistent with the constitutional safeguard as to a public trial. Many curious spectators attend at the court and means should be taken to exclude them.

There are, however, minor misdemeanors which can now be summarily tried by the magistrates.

Thus, under existing law, a violation of the Sanitary Code constitutes a misdemeanor. Some of these violations, such as the adulteration of milk and food, are serious in character and have been and should be tried in the Court of Special Sessions, but other violations can readily be disposed of by the magistrates.

Pursuant to section 1265 of the Greater New York Charter, full authority is now vested in the Department of Health to have cases tried by the magistrates and not by the Court of Special Sessions. In fact, the case must proceed before the magistrate unless the Department of Health applies, before the trial is commenced, for the removal of the case to the Court of Special Sessions.

The Commission is of the opinion that this very important power which may be at times essential to the welfare of the people

and the city, should not be taken from the Department of Health nor in any manner impaired. Nevertheless, by conference between the officials of the Department of Health and representatives of the Court of Special Sessions and Magistrates' Courts, it should at all times be easy to determine what classes of cases should be triable by the magistrates and not by the Court of Special Sessions.

In the case, however, of violation of the motor vehicle law, first offense, where the defendant pleads guilty, the magistrate should be empowered to impose the punishment.

The testimony before the Commission is that in many of these cases persons charged with these violations are anxious to plead guilty before the magistrate and have their cases promptly disposed of.

It often happens that the charge for violating the speed limit of motor vehicles is not accompanied by any suggestion that the vehicle was traveling at a dangerous rate of speed, and the person charged is ready and anxious to have his case promptly disposed of. This not infrequently occurs with non-residents to whom it is a hardship to be compelled to return for trial at the Court of Special Sessions. The acceptance of pleas of guilty in such cases by the magistrates would eliminate many cases in the Court of Special Sessions, which consume time and which could be adequately dealt with by the magistrates.

The objection made to this suggestion is that there would be great difficulty in ascertaining whether the person was a first offender. This objection can be overcome by the enactment by the Legislature of a satisfactory law upon this subject, providing, among other things, that the license card of the driver should show by indorsement the number of convictions for violation of the statute. If no such law is enacted, there need be no difficulty in having as competent a system of identification as now exists in the information bureau of the district attorney's office. In that bureau a blotter or index is kept containing the names of persons convicted of violation of the Motor Vehicle Law. All the information on this subject can be transmitted to the magistrates, and each Magistrate's Court can likewise keep a record which through the office of the chief clerk can be transmitted daily to the various courts throughout the city, and thus a check kept in regard to convictions for violation of this law.

The magistrates should also be empowered to impose punishment upon a plea of guilty to the charge of cruelty to animals. The Commission, in making this recommendation, has the fullest appreciation of the gravity of this offense, but it appears from the testimony that in a very large number of cases the Court of Special Sessions has found the alleged cruelty of a character so slight as to warrant only a suspension of sentence or a very small fine. For many years the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was the only society of that character in the city of New York, but since the advent in 1906 of the New York City Humane Society which is also engaged in prosecutions of this character, the total of arrests has increased appreciably. From the testimony adduced before the Commission, it would appear that the cases where pleas of guilty are interposed can be adequately and promptly disposed of by the magistrates, who, in most instances, can if they desire examine the animal within a very short time of the commission of the offense. Such disposition will eliminate from the calendar of the Court of Special Sessions a considerable number of cases in which the result would be no different than if more promptly disposed of in the Magistrates' Courts.

Children's Courts. Prior to September 1, 1902, children under the age of 16 were arraigned in or brought to the Magistrates' Courts. In 1902, the Legislature conferred upon the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division the power to try all cases affecting children under 16 years of age, except capital cases.

In 1903, similar jurisdiction was conferred upon the Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division for the borough of Brooklyn.

In the year ending December 31, 1908, there were brought to the Children's Court of the First Division 11,409 children and to the Children's Court in the borough of Brooklyn, 4,475 children. These children may be divided, broadly, into two classes, (1) those charged with the violation of some ordinance or law or with being ungovernable and (2) those who are the victims of improper guardianship.

During the short time that these courts have been in existence in the city of New York, great progress has been made in the study of the problems affecting the dependent and delinquent child and in the development of children's courts throughout the country. The problems, however, which are presented in the

city of New York are vastly more difficult than those presented in any other jurisdiction, for in some other parts of the country where much has been said and written about children's courts, the number of children brought before the judge in a year is less than the number brought before the two children's courts in the city of New York in a fortnight. Besides, in other jurisdictions, there is not the difficulty of so varied a population, with parents most of whom do not understand the English language and who are not yet fully familiar with American customs and requirements. Here, more than anywhere else in the country, the population is constantly shifting, and the effort to deal with the child is frequently made additionally embarrassing by the removal from the neighborhood of the family of which the child is a member. Therefore, although profiting by experience in other jurisdictions, the problems of the children's courts in New York must be approached with careful regard to difficulties peculiarly their own.

The Commission has been urged to follow the precedent of certain other jurisdictions and to recommend the establishment of a court in the nature of a court of chancery to which the child should be brought by civil process. The constitutional and legal difficulties involved in an attempt to confer such jurisdiction, except in the Supreme Court where it now resides, would not warrant such an experiment.

The Commission has also been urged to recommend the establishment of a children's court separate and apart from the Court of Special Sessions.

It has been argued that the judge of the Children's Court should devote all his time to that work and that a limited number of judges, selected for a completely separate court, would more efficiently carry on this important work.

The Commission is in entire sympathy with the proposition that the Children's Court requires something more than brief or temporary sittings of a judge.

The judge sitting at the Children's Court should so far as practicable follow the case of a child from the beginning until its final disposition. Under the present system, the justices in the First Division sit for a term of one month only twice each year and in the Second Division for a term of two months only once in each year, unless by voluntary arrangement they exchange their assignments. This is a radical defect which needs

remedying; for the Commission is of the opinion that it is vital to the successful administration of this work that the justice before whom the child is originally brought shall follow the course of that child through all the stages, which end either in permitting the child finally to go at large or in committing the child to a reformatory institution. The justice before whom the child originally comes is familiar with the details of the case, has presumably caused to be investigated every fact or circumstance throwing light upon the child's conduct, history and surroundings, has formed his own estimate of the child and his theory of what can be done with it, and he should follow that case in every judicial detail to completion.

Our observation has shown us that there are certain of the justices of the two divisions of this court who are peculiarly adapted for the work of Children's Courts who have the patience and enthusiasm which are so necessary to successful accomplishment, and who would be glad to devote themselves for long periods of time to this particular branch of work.

On the other hand, other justices, fully as capable in other directions, are not by temperament fitted to deal so well with the children.

More than this, a justice passing on the cases of children should fully acquaint himself with the character and conditions of the institutions to which he must commit these children. He must be so fully informed that he knows exactly what he is doing in each case. He must keep himself in touch with the general work and discussions engaged in by all interested in this subject. To do all this will require time beyond that of the hours during which the court is in session. To attain this equipment, a justice must be permitted to sit in the Children's Court for a reasonably long period of assignment.

It is not necessary, however, to establish a separate court to assure the assignment to this work of equipped judges for substantial periods of time. It is impossible in the selection of the judge to determine beforehand whether he will be successful in handling children, and if a separate children's court were established, there would be no way of removing a judge who might prove to be temperamentally unfit, although in every respect an upright and conscientious man. Provision must also be made for the contingencies of vacation, sickness or other disability, and

the probabilities are that if a separate children's court were established five judges would be required for the greater city. It is much better for the city to avail itself of the present force of judges, with such additions as the Commission will recommend, for out of this number there can be assigned to this work those justices peculiarly fitted for it. There should be a directory provision that in the assignment of a justice to sit at the children's court, consideration be had to the fitness of the justice and the permanency of the assignment, and the intention of the Legislature should be made clear that so far as practicable the justice assigned to the children's court should devote his sole attention to that work.

The Commission has also been urged to codify the laws relating to children.

Such a codification whenever attempted should be State wide, but the Commission at this time cannot see any necessity for such codification. The statutes affecting children have been construed to such an extent that few appeals or arguments on writs of habeas corpus are presented to the courts, and the fundamental and substantial legal questions involved are well settled.

It may be that the various provisions found in the Penal Law, the Code of Criminal Procedure and other statutes might be more conveniently arranged in one codification, but the courts and judges dealing with the subject matter in the first instance soon become specialists familiar with these statutes.

Children's courts are as yet so new in our jurisprudence that the Commission believes it to be safer that the development of the law governing their administration be along careful and steady lines of gradual improvement based upon the experience of actual administration in the various Juvenile Courts throughout the state, than that there be adopted at this time any departure, experimental in character, which involves in the main the application of theories not yet fully tried out. Children under sixteen should, however, be relieved, where possible, of the stigma of conviction for crime.

The Legislature last year enacted chapter 478 of the Laws of 1909, amending section 2186 of the Penal Law, and, with the same purpose in view, upon the recommendation of this Commission, incorporated section 92 in the law establishing the City Court of Buffalo.

The statute first mentioned makes it mandatory, when a child is found guilty of any act or omission which, if committed by an adult, would be a crime (except where punishable by death or life imprisonment), that the child shall not be deemed guilty of any crime, but of "juvenile delinquency" only.

In the opinion of the Commission, the term "juvenile delinquency" is too comprehensive and if applied in all cases, as provided in the statute, would defeat the very purpose for which it is intended.

To illustrate, a judge might find it necessary to hold a child guilty of a violation of some minor ordinance or law. Thus a child might be found guilty of playing ball in the streets, playing "shinney," indulging in some boyish prank or striking another child in a childish quarrel. Under the statute referred to, the judge, if he finds a child guilty, must find him guilty, not of a violation of the ordinance, nor of the particular infraction, but of "juvenile delinquency," and thus the child would receive a designation which would likewise be applied to a child who had been found guilty of breaking into a store or of picking a pocket or of some other more or less serious offense. It has seemed to the Commission that the safer plan is to give to the judge the largest measure of discretion.

With that purpose in view, it was provided in the Buffalo City Court Act, to which reference has been made, that whenever a child is charged with an offense which, if committed by an adult, would be a misdemeanor or a felony,

> "The judge sitting in the Children's Court shall as far as is consistent with the interest of the child and of the State consider the child not as upon trial for the commission of a crime but as a child in need of the care and protection of the State: to that end he may, if the child or either parent or any guardian or custodian of such child shall so request, before proceeding with the trial of the child for the offense charged, or at any stage of the trial and before conviction, suspend the trial and inquire into all the facts and surrounding circumstances of the case, and if the judge shall so find, he may in his discretion in lieu of proceeding with the trial, adjudge the child to be in need of the care and protection of the State and thereupon he shall deal with such child in all respects in the manner provided in section 486 of the penal law in the case of a child not having proper guardianship."

This provision was drawn, having in mind the question of treating the child, not as a criminal, but rather as needing the protection of the State, or, in the language of the Court of Appeals in the Knowack case (158 N. Y. 482), as coming within the class "where the State intervenes to care for and protect the homeless and destitute child."

In explaining its recommendation, the Commission, in its report to the Governor, stated:

> "By virtue of this provision it is intended that at any time before or during the trial of a child the judge, at the request of the child, its parents or guardian, may suspend the trial and inquire into the facts and surrounding circumstances of the case and, in lieu of proceeding with the trial, adjudge the child to be in need of the care and protection of the State and thereupon deal with the child as provided in the case of a child not having proper guardianship.
>
> "Under this method where the judge is of the opinion that such a course is consistent, both with the interest of the child and of the State, he may relieve the child of conviction for crime and treat the child rather as an unfortunate around whom the State throws its protecting arm.
>
> "Having adjudged the child in need of the State's protection, the judge, in his discretion, may then place him on probation, commit him to the detention hom, or to a charitable or reformatory institution. Thus existing procedure is added to but not disturbed and we believe that any judge assigned to the work of the Children's Court will take such course in these respects as he may consider proper both in the interest of the child and the community in which it lives."

After extended discussion and deliberation, the Commission is of the opinion that the principles involved in both of the statutes under consideration can be readily and consistently combined, so that the Children's Court or judge shall have all the power conferred under the provisions of the Buffalo Act, except that if the child be adjudged guilty of a crime which, if committed by an adult, would be a felony, then the child shall not be adjudged guilty of a crime but of "juvenile delinquency."

In this manner the judge in any case is at liberty to do what he thinks best, provided, however, that if he concludes that the child must be convicted of what would be felony in the case of an

adult, he shall be adjudged guilty only of "juvenile delinquency," while, if the judge is constrained to find the child guilty of a minor infraction, he can so adjudge without being compelled to adjudge the child guilty of "juvenile delinquency."

Having thus considered the jurisdiction of the Court of Special Sessions, it becomes necessary to determine whether the present system of two divisions should be continued.

NECESSITY FOR SINGLE COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

We took occasion in our preliminary report to call attention to the lack of uniformity in the interpretation of the law and in the administrative methods of the Courts of Special Sessions of the respective divisions.

In prosecutions for selling liquor without a liquor tax certificate, the Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division (some justices dissenting) held that, unless the person who has trafficked in liquor can be shown to be the proprietor, he is not guilty of a violation of law. The Court of Special Sessions of the First Division has properly held to the contrary. Thus, the extraordinary situation arose that defendants were being sent to jail by the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division, where a misdemeanor was committed in the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx, while other defendants, who had committed precisely the same character of offense in the borough of Brooklyn, Queens or Richmond, were escaping, upon a question of law, the consequences of their acts and were being acquitted by the Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division.

On the other hand, the testimony shows that where a conviction was had in the same class of cases, to wit, the traffic in liquor without a liquor tax certificate, in the Second Division the justices pursued a policy of refusing to substitute a brief imprisonment in default of payment of the statutory fine, while in the First Division the contrary practice prevailed, thus releasing some of these convicted persons after a very short period of imprisonment. Certain justices of the Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division have held, where a defendant charged with selling liquor in violation of law testified that he knew the person to whom the liquor was sold to be a police officer, that such sale is not a violation of law, but is made under duress and without intent to commit a crime, and is, therefore, not a crime. The contrary view of the law is held, and, as we believe, properly, by the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division.

In the First Division, the testimony of an officer that the liquor he tasted was beer or whiskey, is sufficient for a *prima facie* case, while in the Second Division, some magistrates have required chemical analysis and the testimony of experts.

The practice and procedure in the two divisions vary greatly, as do the methods of conducting calendar practice, keeping records and applying the probation system.

The Court of Special Sessions of the First Division has police probation officers, while that of the Second Division has not.

In the Children's Court of the First Division, there are no official probation officers, while in the Second Division there are official probation officers representing the respective religious faiths.

These courts, having the same jurisdiction in different sections of the same city, should administer the law in such manner as to prevent the mere accident of residence making a difference in result. It seems too obvious for argument that a man should not be acquitted in one borough for an offense of which he would have been convicted in another, or *vice versa*.

These conditions and this lack of uniformity have led the Commission to the conclusion that there should be one Court of Special Sessions for the entire city, with a sufficient number of justices and such clerical and other force as may be necessary to perform its important work.

As a part of this plan for uniformity, the jurisdiction of children's cases in the boroughs of Queens and Richmond should be transferred from the magistrates to the Court of Special Sessions.

In the borough of Queens, the population is rapidly increasing and last year the children's cases exceeded by about 100 the total number of the previous year. The justices of the Second Division and the superintendent of the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children have assured the Commission that there will be no practical difficulty in handling this work, and the children of these two boroughs should be subject to the same treatment, methods and jurisdiction as the children of the other boroughs.

COMPOSITION OF PROPOSED COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

To carry out the views hereinbefore expressed, it will be necessary that there should be, in all, fifteen justices of the Court of Special Sessions, seven of whom should be residents of the territory now known as the First Division, seven of the territory now known as the Second Division, and one from any part of the city, irrespective of residential qualification. Three justices would thus be added to the existing number. The mayor should have authority to designate any one of the present justices or any one of the three additional justices to be the chief justice.

The assignment of the justices to sit in various parts of the greater city, irrespective of residence, must necessarily develop a more comprehensive view and tend to a better understanding of the conditions existing commonly throughout the city as well as those peculiar to respective localities. In the assignment of the justices, however, it should be required that in the court for the trial of adult misdemeanants there should always sit one justice who is a resident of the section of the city in which the court is held.

With fifteen justices, it should be possible to dispose promptly and efficiently of the cases coming to this court. There would always be a part for the trial of adults accused of misdemeanors committed in the borough of Manhattan or The Bronx; similarly, an adult part for the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond; a children's court for Manhattan and The Bronx; and a children's court for Brooklyn. For this work eight justices would be needed. There would remain seven justices (of whom one would be the chief justice), three of whom would be available to hold a second part for the trial of adults in the borough of Manhattan, when the business of the court required, and one to take pleas in the borough of Brooklyn while the part for the trial of adults was sitting in the borough of Queens or Richmond, or *vice versa*. There would be in reserve a sufficient number of justices to attend to the hearing of children's cases in the boroughs of Queens and Richmond, and to dispose of such other work as might be assigned therein, and there would be enough unoccupied time to allow for reasonable vacations as well as for illness, disability or other emergency.

As much time can be saved, more especially in what is now known as the Second Division, if one justice is empowered to take pleas, that power should be clearly conferred.

In addition to the chief clerk, there should be five clerks of parts, three for the adult courts and two for the children's courts.

The court should be empowered to appoint such clerical force, stenographers, interpreters, attendants, messengers and other employees as may be necessary for the proper conduct of its business.

COMPOSITION OF MAGISTRATE'S COURTS; CHANGES PROPOSED.

The Commission is of the opinion that it will not be practicable to have one Board of Magistrates for the greater city. The large number of separate courts renders it necessary to retain the existing divisions in order to provide for efficient supervision.

Therefore, there should be, as now, the Magistrates' Courts of the First and Second Divisions, the former to be comprised of those courts situated in the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx and the latter of those in the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond. In each division there should be a chief city magistrate, designated by the mayor.

There are now 16 magistrates in each of the two divisions and, in the opinion of the Commission, it will be necessary to add only one magistrate to each division.

In the Second Division at least 10 of the magistrates should be residents of the borough of Brooklyn, at least four of the borough of Queens and at least two of the borough of Richmond, thus leaving the mayor free to appoint one magistrate from any part of the territory comprised in the Second Division.

In order that the magistrates may become acquainted with the work of the courts throughout the greater city, the magistrates of both divisions should meet together at least twice in each year.

By means of these conventions, it is hoped that the magistrates may agree on uniform rules of practice and procedure, so far as practicable, and may also interchange views leading to results advantageous to the administration of justice in these courts. There may be details of practice and procedure peculiarly applicable to various localities, but, generally speaking, the same a uniform system as to essentials should be ultimately established.

Each chief city magistrate should have the power to appoint at will a chief clerk, who, subject to his direction, should have supervision of the clerical force and should be secretary of the Board of Magistrates. All other clerks, stenographers, interpreters and attendants should be appointed by a majority of the magistrates.

THE SUMMONS IN THE MAGISTRATES' COURT.

The evidence shows that a very large number of papers called summonses are issued each year by the various magistrates. No records are kept of the summonses and therefore the total can only be estimated. It is not an exaggeration to put this estimate at well over one hundred thousand.

The summons as employed is a very useful means of settling controversies which might otherwise lead to a warrant with consequent serious hardship or injustice. The magistrate in this regard has a very useful function to perform and is frequently the means of composing petty disputes, of bringing quarreling relatives or neighbors together and effectuating amicable adjustments of their grievances. In cases of more serious import, the magistrate, after inquiry, may determine that a warrant should not issue, and thus save the person complained against from what might otherwise have been a grave wrong.

On the other hand, it is supposed that the summons is sometimes used by those imposing upon the court, for the purpose of extorting money settlements in cases where there are only civil remedies. Doubt as to the legality of the summons has been expressed and there should be statutory authority for its issuance. A record should be kept of the summonses issued.

SUMMONS IN LIEU OF ARREST FOR MINOR OFFENSES.

In 1908, in Manhattan and The Bronx, 32,322 persons were arraigned for violations of corporation ordinances, 6,724 for violations of the Sanitary Code, and 3,709 for violations of the Motor Vehicle Law. In the Second Division, 6,378 were arraigned for violations of corporation ordinances, 975 for violations of the Sanitary Code, and 933 for violations of the Motor Vehicle Law; total 51,041.

Many of the persons so arraigned could have been easily identified and in many of these instances the violation of a regulative ordinance or statute was not willful, nor did it involve moral turpitude. The arrest of a citizen under such circumstances frequently leads to unnecessary hardship and humiliation, and, at the same time, deprives the city of the services of a police officer whose time is thus occupied in conveying the prisoner to the station house and thence to the court, if open, or otherwise, to the court the following day.

In England and in many of the Continental countries, such arrests are rarely made and only in cases involving either peculiar circumstances or where the person charged with a violation is unable satisfactorily to identify himself.

Drivers in charge of trucks and delivery wagons of all kinds carrying perishable or other goods, who violate some traffic regulation, are frequently delayed, to the great inconvenience and possibly the financial loss of the business concern shipping or receiving the goods. Where the violation of the Motor Vehicle Law is a violation of the speed limit without any attending circumstances of danger or nuisance, such arrests work unnecessary inconvenience in many instances where the violation is no fault of the persons in the vehicle other than the driver.

Householders or janitors whose residence is ordinarily well known and fixed, are similarly subjected to arrest for the violation of some regulative ordinance. These arrests swell the total of arrests in the city of New York to an enormous figure and the city has suffered from a reputation unjustly attributed because of this undue number or arrests. The subject demands remedy if possible.

The Commission has devised a plan which is the result of its own labors and of conference with the police commissioner and his assistants. It is much more difficult to initiate a workable plan here than in countries like France or Germany, where there is a complete system of police registration and supervision. We would be glad to recommend an extensive change but we deem it advisable to be conservative in an initial departure of this kind.

We believe that if the plan recommended by the Commission is adopted, it will be a substantial forward step and that persons resident in or frequently coming to the city of New York will, by their own conduct, bring the plan into public favor.

In devising any plan it must be remembered that some features must be made mandatory. This is because the police officials will not exercise discretion vested in them by statute, the subordinate officers, fearing that if they err in the exercise of discretion they will be subjected to disciplinary punishment by their superiors.

The Legislature has, in numerous instances, given a fair measure of discretion to the police, which, if properly exercised, would prevent unnecessary annoyance, but such authority has not been availed of.

To illustrate, subdivision 3, section 554 of the Code of Criminal Procedure provides that if a person is charged with the violation of a corporation ordinance, conviction whereof would render him liable to imprisonment for thirty days or less, then the captain, sergeant (lieutenant) or acting sergeant (lieutenant) of police has authority to parole the prisoner on his promise to appear on the following day before the proper magistrate.

Inquiry of the police officials elicited the response that none of them could ever recall an instance where this very desirable authority had ever been exercised by any captain or other officer in charge of a precinct. They frankly stated that none of these subordinate officers would take the chance of paroling a prisoner, for fear that, if he did not appear at court, they would be reprimanded or punished.

In view of the foregoing, the Commission recommends that, within a reasonable period after the taking effect of the act, the police commissioner shall prescribe a card or token of identification which may be obtained free of charge by any person who applies to the police department and is satisfactorily identified.

In the event that the holder of such card or token violates a corporation ordinance or violates the speed provisions of the Motor Vehicle Law, the officer shall be prohibited from arresting him if he produces his identification card.

In lieu of arrest the officer shall issue to him a summons, setting forth the date, hour and court when and where he shall appear. The summons shall be returnable at the Magistrate's Court in the precinct nearest to the place where the arrest was made, at the opening of the court on the morning following the arrest, unless otherwise provided by unanimous rule adopted by the chief city magistrate of the division and the police commissioner. The chief city magistrate and the police commissioner can by conference and consultation determine whether summonses for persons charged with these violations, or any of them, shall be returnable at the Night Court (if in the First Division) or on the following day or the day after. Thus appropriate rules can be made for the convenient distribution of the business of the courts, with due regard to the practical questions and difficulties of police administration. If it should appear that it is desirable to have these summonses returnable at the Night Court, the rules may so provide. On the other hand, the disposition of the platoons on duty may be

such that the following day or the second day may be the more convenient method. Due regard can also be had for the convenience of the citizen who might be able more readily to attend at one time than the other. A sane and sensible administration of this provision will undoubtedly result in great benefit, both to the persons who may be affected thereby and the administration of the police department.

The faithful service of these notices by the police can be readily safeguarded by providing the police officer on patrol with a proper book of numbered blanks and corresponding stubs upon which he shall make entry, a report of which shall be made by him to his superior officer who shall transmit a list or copy of the summonses thus served to the various courts at which they are returnable.

In order, however, to insure obedience to these summonses, provision should be made for severe punishment in the event of failure to appear in accordance with the terms thereof.

Doubtless, it will be necessary to except from the provisions of this act, cases of persons who are not in a condition to take care of themselves, or are engaged in conduct in the streets tending to a breach of the peace.

The present system of issuing licenses in the city of New York is inadequate and confused. The result is that there is no practicable method of identifying by the number of the license many of those who are engaged in business in public thoroughfares, such as peddlers, certain classes of hackmen, hucksters, etc. Likewise, under the present Motor Vehicle Law, there is no adequate means of identifying a chauffeur or other person driving a motor car, by reason of the fact that there is no sufficient check upon the use or transfer, temporarily at least, of a license obtained from the Secretary of State.

In many other instances there is no power in law to compel a person to take out a license.

While the details of the card of identification are to be left to the police commissioner, the problem seems easy of solution. The police department will probably require that the card of identification shall contain a photograph of the person entitled to the same, and there should be no difficulty in applying this regulation to violations of the Motor Vehicle Law as to speed, where no danger to any person or property has occurred. We are informed by the police commissioner that one of the large taxicab companies has

already arranged to have its chauffeurs photographed, and this plan will no doubt be followed by other individuals and companies conducting the business of carrying passengers or goods on the public thoroughfares.

It appears that upon some of the railroads where passes are issued pursuant to law to police officials, the requirement is that the official have a small photograph, which is made a part of a small pass book. It is well known that those desiring commutation books on the Swiss and other railways must have a photograph for purposes of identification. Thus to have an identification card will involve no humiliation, because the photograph is carried by the person himself and is his means of identification for a privilege; that is to say, to be spared the annoyance and humiliation of arrest, and to be served with a summons instead. Under the system proposed, it seems to the Commission that persons constantly traveling the public thoroughfares in vehicles of one kind or another, proprietors of shipping establishments, department stores, express companies, truck and van drivers, and others similarly occupied, will be glad to take advantage of this opportunity for the avoidance of arrest of themselves or their employees.

A system of summonsing is in practical effect at present in regard to violations of the Sanitary Code, whereby the magistrates issue in blank large numbers of summonses to the health squad of the police force and the police officers fill in the names and serve these summonses instead of making arrests.

It has also occurred to the Commission that there may be many instances of persons who are temporarily sojourning in the city, or of residents, who may not obtain such cards. and yet who can be easily identified. The Commission believes that the police commissioner should be empowered to make such rules and regulations from time to time and issue such orders to the police force as he may deem wise, for the avoidance of arrest of persons charged with violating ordinances or the Motor Vehicle Law who can be satisfactorily identified even though they have not an identification card.

If this innovation works successfully, succeeding legislatures can enlarge the scope of the experiment. If faithfully carried out, there is every reason to believe that the number of arrests in the greater city will be decreased by many thousands.

The testimony is that there are many cases brought to the attention of the magistrates where wives claim that their husbands do not support them. These cases require the most patient and careful investigation, and cannot be quickly disposed of, because if the claim of the complainant be sustained, it involves the making of an order against the husband to support the wife or his commitment to the work-house.

Many times these unfortunate women must sit for hours in the magistrates' court until other business is disposed of, because in the daily routine the magistrate first hears those cases which constitute "the watch;" that is to say, the prisoners arrested during the night preceding, and then the bail cases returnable before him, many of which require extended and careful examination. It is after this business is disposed of that the magistrate calls for those who desire to see him, and among these are nearly always some unfortunate women left penniless by their husbands.

The magistrate may deem it wise to issue a warrant or a summons against the husband returnable at a future day, and when the husband is brought into court upon the warrant or summons another magistrate in the course of rotation may be sitting. The wife must repeat her story to the new magistrate and he may decide to place the defendant on probation upon his promise to pay the wife a certain amount. When complaint for failure to comply with the magistrate's order or direction is to be made, the wife frequently must return to the court and perhaps finds still another magistrate, who, to satisfy himself, may desire to hear the whole story over again.

Many of the magistrates consider their work in this regard as of the highest importance, for they feel that they have an opportunity of not merely saving the wife from distress, but of uniting and preserving the family, and with hardly an exception they strongly favor the establishment of a separate part of the court in which all the work relating to this subject matter can be concentrated. In this view they are strongly supported by various charitable organizations, who have given the subject matter close study and inquiry.

It frequently happens that the unfortunate woman must take with her to court one or more young children, because there is no one with whom she can leave them while absent from her home. One of the reasons which animated the establishment of Chil-

dren's Courts was to keep young children away from the environment of the criminal courts. With a central domestic relations part or court, the decent woman who has her child or her children with her, who has committed no crime but is merely poor and unfortunate, will find herself in a court where it is hoped there will be a patient and consistent effort to do justice. The magistrates have said that it is very difficult for them to give the time they should like in the ordinary grist of the Magistrates' Court to this important work, and that they would welcome the opportunity of dealing with the subject in a specialized way.

The only objection which is made to such a separate part is that the women will, in some instances, have a considerable distance to go.

There is very little force in this objection, because in those meritorious cases where the complaint against the husband is sustained, and the husband pays pursuant to the magistrate's order, the wife must at present go to the office of the Department of Charities in each borough, which frequently involves a long trip. The office for Manhattan and the Bronx is in East Twenty-sixth street, and for the borough of Brooklyn, is in Schermerhorn street.

Against this single objection are many advantages. A magistrate can be assigned to this part who may be specially fitted for this class of work, and in any event magistrates will, no doubt, be assigned to this part for a reasonable period of time. The clerks and other court employees will, presumably, be permanently assigned to such part during good conduct, and they will become familiar with the persons and the cases.

We recommend that a branch office of the Superintendent of Outdoor Poor of the Department of Charities be established in the building in which is located the Domestic Relations Court, or adjoining or convenient thereto, so that it may work in complete harmony with the court and for the convenience of the parties concerned. The various philanthropic societies, institutions and organizations which are interested in these cases, will have an opportunity of concentrating their investigators or other employees in a single place in each borough, and thereby they will be enabled to co-operate effectively with the courts.

In this court should also be tried the cases now brought in the Court of General Sessions to compel the support of aged and infirm parents by their children.

NIGHT COURTS.

The night court was established pursuant to the provisions of chapter 598 of the Laws of 1907. The purpose of the enactment was to put a stop to the evil known as the station-house bond. It was claimed that certain of the police and certain bondsmen were in league, so that by constant arrests of prostitutes these women were compelled to get bail in order to be released until the following morning, and for that bail to pay heavily to the professional bondsmen.

The testimony before the Commission is somewhat conflicting as to the results of the night court. Apparently the business of the professional bondsman in this regard has been in great measure impaired. But unfortunately other evils have sprung up, for there always seems to be some new scheme or device invented to meet every effort of the law maker to stop or repress such evils. From the testimony before the Commission it would seem that the modern method is for certain of these unfortunate women of the streets to have a working arrangement with certain houses of assignation, called hotels, whereby, upon the imposition of a fine upon conviction, the woman, if without money, sends a messenger to some one in authority in one of these hotels and receives from that source the means whereby to pay the fine. In return it is manifest that she must work out her debt by bringing men to the resort.

While this and other evils no doubt continue, nevertheless the night court has been of much service. One direction in which it has been highly useful is the opportunity of many persons who have been arrested for minor offenses to have a prompt hearing, and, even though convicted, to be punished in such a manner that they may be released in time to go to their business or work the following day without running the chances of discharge from employment. Many persons are arrested for intoxication who, after a few hours, are fit to go home. The previous police commissioner issued an order, without authority so far as we can ascertain and contrary to statute, limiting the cases to be tried in the night court. We think that there are probably very few cases, where the accusation is one of felony, which should be undertaken at the night court, but there are many cases of charges of misdemeanor where the magistrate should examine the case as soon as possible if the defendant so demands and the police commissioner should have no

authority to regulate what prisoners should be brought to the night court.

On many nights there is a very large number of prisoners brought to this court. The cases are disposed of sometimes at the rate of a case per minute. Obviously appropriate attention cannot be given under such circumstances.

The Commission personally observed a striking illustration of the injustice which may be done by failure to inquire thoroughly into all the circumstances and fully to hear the prisoner. The failure to do so in the case of a defendant charged with violating a minor corporation ordinance resulted in the imposition of a fine of two dollars or the alternative of two days' imprisonment. Upon investigation the Commission ascertained that the defendant was not guilty of any violation but was fully within his rights, having received a lawful permit to do the very act which was charged against him as being a violation of law. Seven other persons had been unjustly convicted earlier in the evening upon precisely the same charge and were imprisoned for non-payment of the fine, and had it not been for the Commission's investigation all of these defendants would have been compelled to pay a sum of money large to them, or would have been imprisoned until the following midday. How many had been compelled unlawfully to pay a fine, could not be ascertained. Such instances naturally have an evil influence, for the person improperly convicted feels that he has been the victim of injustice and that the courts do not extend to him the protection to which he is entitled. It has frequently been stated, and correctly, that failure to accord to a defendant, and more especially to those of foreign birth, a fair hearing breeds discontent, dissatisfaction and in many instances defiance of the law.

The treatment of the cases connected with prostitution will be more fully discussed hereinafter, but it is sufficient at this point to say that this subject requires much more careful attention than it has thus far received. The mingling of women with men, more especially when so many women are arraigned at the night court, is unwise and has a demoralizing tendency. The character of work imposed upon the magistrates when women are arraigned at night differs very greatly from their work in the cases of men.

Further, a person arrested at half past 3 or a quarter of 4 in the afternoon, has no opportunity to be heard until 9 o'clock at the earliest and the result is that when the court opens at 9 o'clock at

night, there are not infrequently upwards of 100 people waiting to be heard.

Two Night Courts Necessary.— We have concluded that there should be two night courts in the First Division; one devoted entirely to the cases of women and one devoted entirely to the cases of men.

Our view is to leave the matter of the location of these courts to the magistrates, but it seems to us that the present night court at Jefferson Market would be well situated for the cases of women, while the East Fifty-seventh Street Court would be for the present centrally located for the cases of men. These courts should open at 7 o'clock in the evening instead of 9 as now, and close no earlier than 3 in the morning.

By opening these courts earlier, persons arrested after half past 3, during the afternoon, can be heard at a reasonable hour and by distribution over this longer period there will not be such a congestion as we have on several occasions noticed in the night court. Vagrants and persons who are found habitually intoxicated can be handled with much greater discrimination if at night the court has more time, while those who are unjustly charged or who have committed some trivial offense may be more speedily heard.

The night courts can also be made more useful for the purpose of giving bail. It seems, by reason of the provisions of section 550 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, as amended by chapter 411 of Laws of 1909, that where a defendant is held to appear for examination, bail for such appearance may be taken only by the magistrate who issued the warrant or before whom the same is returnable, except in cases where either magistrate is incapacitated or absent from the jurisdiction.

If, therefore, a magistrate during the session of the court in the day time has fixed bail for examination before him, the defendant cannot be enlarged on bail, although he is able to furnish the bail at night, unless he can find the magistrate who has originally fixed the bail, or unless the magistrate sitting at the night court was the one before whom the warrant was returnable. If this provision of the Code is properly amended, then the magistrate sitting at either of the night courts can take bail and thus save much inconvenience and occasional hardship.

While each magistrate is required to take bail except where there is specific statutory restriction, yet the magistrates are entitled to

be relieved wherever practicable of this duty at night, and at the same time the person desiring to give bail should be so situated that he may apply therefor as a matter of right and without any sense of favor or embarrassment involved in applying to a magistrate after the day courts have closed. The amendment of the law in this respect will add one more element of usefulness to the work of these courts.

Night Court for Women.— The establishment of a night court for women only will undoubtedly limit the number of doubtful male characters who are seen from time to time among the spectators at the night court. It will give an opportunity for concentration of effort in relation to cases of women and will enable those philanthropically inclined more effectively to give their assistance to the prisoners as well as to the magistrates and probation officers.

In connection with a night court for women, there should be established under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction detention rooms in or convenient to the court, for defendants waiting to be heard and also for those who are held for examination or trial.

It should be the duty of the officials in charge to separate, so far as practicable, the older and more hardened offenders from the younger and less hardened. Thus a young girl or woman charged with petit larceny should not be compelled to come into close association with a prostitute or vagrant.

The attention of the Commission has been called to several instances where women charged with abduction for immoral purposes were detained in the same cell with the young girls whom they were charged with abducting.

The conditions which result in indiscriminately mingling prisoners in the detention pens and district prisons are intolerable.

THE CUMULATIVE SENTENCE LAW.

Section 707 et seq. of the Charter.—If a person convicted upon a charge of vagrancy, is a prostitute between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one, she may be committed to certain reformatory institutions. All other persons convicted upon a charge of vagrancy, including persons convicted as prostitutes and not committed to a reformatory, are committed in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, to the workhouse on Blackwell's Island, in the borough of Brooklyn to the penitentiaary of that borough and in the other boroughs to a county jail for the term of six months.

Upon a charge of public intoxication or disorderly conduct, tending to a breach of the peace, the court or magistrate may (1) impose a fine not exceeding $10 or (2) commit the person so convicted in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx to the workhouse, in the borough of Brooklyn to the penitentiary of that county and in the other boroughs of the city to a county jail or to the workhouse or to the penitentiary to be detained for the term of six months, or (3) require any person convicted of disorderly conduct to give surety for his good behavior for a period of time to be recited in the commitment of not more than six months.

In cases of public intoxication and disorderly conduct, the term of the commitment is automatically determined pursuant to the provisions of the statute by the number of times that the person has been previously committed under the so-called Cumulative Sentence Law, which is familiarly called the Cumulative Sentence Law, and an order of discharge is accordingly made by the Commissioner of Correction without further consent or intervention by the magistrates. Upon the first offense the term is five days; upon the second, twenty days, and upon succeeding offenses an increased number of days, until the maximum term of six months.

In case, however, of a person committed upon conviction for vagrancy, no order for the discharge of such person before the period fixed by the warrant of commitment, can be made without the written consent endorsed upon such order of the court or magistrate by which or whom such vagrant was committed.

A careful record should be kept by the magistrates of each and every case in which they consent to the discharge of a prisoner and the reasons for such discharge should be briefly set forth and filed in the clerk's office.

The law was passed in 1895 as the result of extended discussion as to the best method of dealing with these classes of recidivists. It is said that prior to that time commitments for vagrancy, public intoxication and disorderly conduct were made in haphazard fashion, without sufficient regard to the previous record of the prisoner.

The difficulties of identification at the time of arraignment and conviction of the prisoner were realized and the system above described was devised. The Legislature did its part, but the administrative authorities have failed to do theirs. Since 1905, the statute has made it mandatory that the Bertillon system shall be

installed at the workhouse. Our information is that the sum of $4,500 was requested by the Department of Correction in its annual estimate for the budget of 1907, to establish the Bertillon system, and that this request was granted by the Board of Estimate, but that the Department has not utilized the funds for this purpose. The result is that the clear command of the Legislature has been disregarded and that identification at the workhouse is entirely one of memory, dependent upon the recognition of some of the veteran matrons and keepers. As a consequence, the Cumulative Sentence law has not had a fair trial.

The testimony adduced before the Commission shows that under the existing system many mistakes and cases of injustice have occurred. It is asserted that persons have been released earlier than they should have been had they been properly identified, and it is believed that as the result there has been an impression among many of this class of offenders that from time to time favor and improper influence have prevailed.

Under the Cumulative Sentence law it is provided that if a person has not been convicted for the period of two years he should be treated as a first offender. This is a wise provision calculated to encourage and reward efforts at reform. Strangely enough, this provision of law has been interpreted by the administrative authorities to mean that at the end of two years the person's previous record should be wiped out, even though during that two years he or she may have been frequently convicted. Thus instances came to the attention of the Commission where, notwithstanding that habitual drunkards and vagrants were frequently sent to the workhouse, yet at the end of two years, upon a new conviction, they were required to serve only the term imposed on first offenders.

This condition clearly calls for remedy. It should be the affirmative duty of the chief magistrate of the respective divisions to ascertain from time to time in what manner the statute is applied, and, if not properly applied by the administrative authorities, that fact should be called to the attention of the Mayor.

Until an efficient system of identification can be put in practical operation in each magistrate's court, it will be necessary to continue the cumulative sentence in relation to certain offenses.

This brings us now to a consideration of the classes of offenses referred to in section 707 *et seq.* of the charter.

Vagrancy.— Cases of vagrancy (Code of Criminal Procedure section 887) may be divided broadly into the following classes:

1. Habitual vagrant.

2. The person who lives wholly or in part on the earnings of prostitution.

3. The prostitute who has no lawful employment whereby to maintain herself.

4. The person not giving a good account of himself and the criminal convicted more than once, found loitering in public places.

5. The temporary unfortunate who is out of work and unable to provide for himself.

(1) The habitual vagrant is a constant menace to and a drain upon society. He is a parasite whom the State must support at the expense of the taxation, in one form or another, of the industrious and self-supporting.

Many persons of this class treat the City of New York as a haven where they can find comfortable housing during the winter months and gain release in the early spring or summer, so as to enable them to enjoy the benefits of the pleasant weather throughout the country, only to return again in the late fall or winter.

These cases in many instances have been disposed of by some magistrates without careful consideration, and it is not infrequent for magistrates to give to the vagrant exactly the term of imprisonment which the vagrant himself requests. Thus a vagrant states to a magistrate that he is out of work and desires to be committed for a certain period of time and the magistrate accommodatingly complies with his request. In such instances the magistrate looks solely at the vagrant's point of view and considers that if this unfortunate or delinquent wishes to be housed and fed for a certain period of time, no less nor no longer period of commitment should be imposed upon him.

The city, however, has a very large interest in these cases and carries a heavy burden for the support of such persons. The Legislature has been urged by those who have given this important subject careful study to establish farms throughout the State where such men and women shall be compelled to work and in that manner contribute to their own support. Until such legislation shall have been enacted, there can only be a makeshift treatment in a great city like New York of this very important problem.

But the magistrates themselves can do much toward decreasing the return of these recurring offenders. If magistrates will commit in such manner, wherever practicable, as to make these offenders serve during the pleasant months of the year, it will doubtless be found that they will seek other refuges than the City of New York. To commit such persons during the winter months, letting them go in the spring or summer, is equivalent to an invitation to return. If genuine vagrants realize that they are not to be thus gently dealt with, such information will soon be spread abroad in the peculiar way in which such news travels among these men. If to a more careful administration of this branch of work is added an effective system of identification at the workhouse, the evil will be at least to some extent diminished.

(2) The person who lives wholly or in part upon the earnings of prostitution, or who in any public place solicits for immoral purposes, is of an unspeakably vile character. Section 887 of the Code of Criminal Procedure defines as a vagrant (subdivision 9),

"Every male person who lives wholly or in part on the earnings of prostitution, or who in any public place solicits for immoral purposes. A male person who lives with or is habitually in the company of a prostitute, and has no visible means of support, shall be deemed to be living on the earnings of prostitution."

A construction has been placed on this statute by which it has been regarded as necessary to show that the person accused has not visible means of support. It seems clear that the legislative intent was to create a presumption and thus to point out that a person who lives with or is habitually in the company of a prostitute, and has no visible means of support, is living wholly or in part on the earnings of prostitution, unless by proof adduced by him he can show that such is not the fact.

We are of the opinion that this section can be clarified so as to accomplish the purpose intended by changing the word "deemed" in the statute to "presumed," the word "presumed" having a well defined legal signification. As hitherto construed, the second sentence of the statute has been regarded as the definition of the offense, when it was intended merely as a legal presumption, and we are of the opinion that the difficulty will be overcome by the suggested change.

At present, the maximum punishment for this offense is only six months, which, for the first offense, can be reduced to five days, with the consent of the magistrate, under the operation of the Cumulative Sentence Law.

The Commission is of the opinion that this subdivision should be taken out of section 887 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and that the offense should be made a misdemeanor.

(3) The subject of the prostitute will be considered hereinafter.

(4) Cases arising under this classification call for no comment.

(5) In the cases of persons who are not persistent vagrants, but who are temporarily out of employment and unable to take care of themselves, the workhouse commitment is a harsh and unsuitable remedy. Such persons, however, may apply for admission to the almshouse which they can leave whenever they please. Greater care should be taken in these cases to explain to an unfortunate but worthy person that the effort to be admitted to the almshouse should be first exhausted before he is committed to the workhouse. This, however, is a matter of administration which depends upon good judgment and co-operation between the magistrates and the heads of departments dealing with these subjects, and cannot be automatically regulated by statute.

Public Intoxication.— The Commission learned, both from the testimony before it and from its visit to the workhouse, and conversations with the officials in charge, that there were many cases of persons who were habitual drunkards, and, indeed, not a few cases of those who have practically lived at the workhouse, or in the almshouse or other institutions, for periods of ten to twenty years, being released only long enough to become again intoxicated and to be again committed.

This subject like that of vagrancy cannot be adequately dealt with until institutions are established and systems applied which will have for their purpose the cure of drunkenness, wherever possible, and, in any event, the doing of useful work by the inmates. A bill to accomplish this result is now pending in the legislature.

The workhouse, penitentiary or county jails are not kept for such purposes nor can they ever be so kept. The commitments to a workhouse or jail for short periods of time result in little good, and the prisoner in many cases is discharged only to return soon again. Cases of this character present very difficult problems to the magistrates, and they are unable to deal with them effectively because there are not any proper institutions to which to commit such offenders.

The Cumulative Sentence Law can be made more effective if persons convicted of public intoxication can be properly identified, and it should be required that records and identification should be made and kept of all those confined in the workhouse, whether committed under the Cumulative Sentence Law or otherwise.

There are cases where the magistrate, from information furnished to him, believes that the commitment to the workhouse, under the Cumulative Sentence Law, would not be a satisfactory disposition of the case, while at the same time the imposition of a fine would not be an adequate deterrent. He may be of the opinion that the defendant should be committed for a period longer or shorter, as the case may be, than he would be detained under a Cumulative Sentence law commitment. The Commission is, therefore, of the opinion that the fullest discretion should be conferred upon the magistrates and that they should have power, in these cases, to fine or to sentence under the Cumulative Sentence law or to sentence for a definite term.

Prostitution.—No subject of greater difficulty is presented to the police authorities, the magistrates, courts and departments of Charities and Corrections than that of prostitution.

Women of this class are arrested upon various charges, such as vagrancy, soliciting for purposes of prostitution, disorderly conduct, violation of the Tenement House Law, etc.

It is practically impossible to obtain accurate statistics on this subject because some are convicted as vagrants under the Code of Criminal Procedure, some of disorderly conduct under subdivision 2 of section 1458 of the Consolidation Act and some under other provisions of law. The magistrates differ widely as to the disposition of such cases. It is a problem so old and so difficult that there is of necessity a conflict of opinion as to how such cases should be disposed of. At present, some magistrates pursue a practically consistent course of sending these women to the workhouse. Others quite as consistently impose fines, and others discharge, while nearly all place on probation some cases which suggest in their opinion possibilities of reform. The magistrates realize that each of these dispositions has serious defects and leads to resultant evils of one kind or another, and in justice to them it may be said that the Commission fully appreciates the difficulty and the gravity of the problem.

If a young woman is committed to the workhouse or county jail, she is thrown into association with older and more hardened offenders. Often she returns from imprisonment to find that what little possessions she had have been stolen or have disappeared. Her incarceration has done her no good, for if it be her first imprisonment she is detained but five days. She has no opportunity to learn a useful occupation, and she returns, perforce, to her previous method of living. If she is fined, she must in some manner earn the money thus lost by the fine, and she earns it in the same way as before and, possibly, also by thievery.

On the other hand, if she is discharged, she becomes defiant and plies her occupation the more flagrantly upon the public thoroughfare. The cumulative sentence as applied to prostitutes works most inequitably. Thus, instances have come to the attention of the Commission where a prostitute has been fined many times and yet when she is committed to the workhouse, if that be her first commitment, she can be detained only five days, while on the other hand another woman who has been convicted, perhaps for the first or second time, may be punished to an equal or greater extent than the constant offender. This condition has largely arisen because of the almost complete lack of any system of identification at the magistrates' courts. Unless the magistrate is satisfied from the testimony that the prostitute has previously been convicted, he has no means of ascertaining her previous record and through no fault of his own, frequently imposes a punishment which is unjust as compared with the punishment which he might have inflicted upon some other woman at the same sitting of the court where the information furnished him has been more or less complete.

It is also stated that through lack of identification at the workhouse, women there confined have exchanged the passes given to them upon release, so that some have been permitted to go at large prior to the conclusion of their sentence.

The difference of views of the magistrates as to the disposition of cases of this character leads to other results. If a magistrate has the reputation of sending these women to the workhouse, the public streets are much less patrolled by them than if the magistrate has the reputation of fining or discharging. Some of the magistrates who commit to the workhouse fear that the severity of the punishment leads to greater opportunity for oppression by police officers, because such a woman will more readily accede to

extortion where she fears that she may be imprisoned. We have no desire to stigmatize the police force for the offenses of individual members, but in dealing with this problem it must be remembered that there are on record not a few instances of police officers who have disgraced their uniform by extorting money from these unfortunates who have been convicted of that offense. It is apparent that some step must be taken to deal more adequately and intelligently with this problem, and although the Commission realizes that no law which can be devised at this time will solve the problem, nevertheless steps can be taken which may at least to some extent diminish the attendant evils.

It seems clear that the cumulative sentence has proven of no service in dealing with the problem and the Commission is therefore of the opinion that it should not be applied to cases of this character.

We believe that the first step in the combating of this problem is an accurate and ready means of identification.

By the establishment of the night court for women, it will be possible to install at that court an efficient system of identification.

In the event of a conviction for any offense connected with prostitution, the magistrate would not find himself imposing punishment blindly or upon unsatisfactory or doubtful identification. Therefore the Commission recommends that after conviction and before disposition of the prisoner, the magistrate shall direct that the identification of the convicted person be taken by the finger print system and that there be presented to him the record, if any, of such convicted person.

Testimony has been adduced before the Commission (see test. Katherine Bement Davis, Superintendent of Bedford Reformatory and Dr. Frederic Bierhoff), showing the prevalence of contagious and infectious venereal diseases, thus making these women the means of spreading these dread afflictions.

We hold the view that a court has the authority to take into consideration the physical condition of any prisoner and that, where such condition is of a character calculated to spread contagion or infection, the court can deal with the case accordingly.

This is not a novel view, for it is now provided in section 887, subdivision 3, of the Code of Criminal Procedure, that "a person who has contracted an infectious or other disease, in the practice of drunkenness or debauchery, requiring charitable aid to restore him to health," is a vagrant. See also section 1, chapter 11 of Laws of 1833.

Physical Examination.— We deem it wise, therefore, to recommend that in every case where a woman is convicted of an offense connected with prostitution, such woman must be examined by a woman physician detailed for that purpose by the Board of Health and such physician shall certify to the magistrate the results of her examination. We recommend, where such certificate shows that the woman has a venereal disease, that the magistrate shall be required to commit her for an indeterminate sentence of not to exceed one year. A transcript of this certificate should accompany the commitment to the officers of the institution to which the woman is committed and these officers should be empowered to discharge the woman at any time between the minimum and maximum periods of the indeterminate sentence, upon the certificate of a physician connected with such institution that the woman is cured.

Thus under the plan proposed, the magistrate when he is called upon to make disposition of the case will have before him, first, all the facts and surrounding circumstances connected with the particular offense charged; secondly, the identification and record of the woman, and, thirdly, the fact as to whether the woman is a menace to the community because of her affliction with disease. With all these data before him he will be enabled to act intelligently.

The power above referred to should be in addition to and not exclusive of the power to commit to reformatory institutions which have authority to detain inmates for more than one year.

The magistrate should have the fullest power to deal with each case upon its merits, placing on probation if he thinks wise, or taking such other steps as he may deem proper, with the limitation, however, that he must commit to an institution in a case of disease as above described.

We are aware that there is at present a lack of proper institutions to which women of this character can be committed and receive adequate medical attention, but for the time being by segregation in such cases, where necessary, in existing institutions to which commitments may be made much can be accomplished. We have hestitated to go beyond this suggestion because we belivee that the best results are attained by gradual steps.

RECORDS, STATISTICS AND MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION.

In the Court of Special Sessions the records are unsatisfactory in so far as they fail to furnish ready statistical information. This is in some measure due to the fact that there is no provision of law requiring an annual report, and the only mandatory report is that required under section 942 of the Code of Criminal Procedure to be made to the Secretary of State. This report is quarterly and limited in its scope to convictions, so that there are no means at hand for readily ascertaining the work of the court in its various details. The importance of accurate statistics carefully and scientifically prepared and arranged cannot be overestimated. From such statistics data are available from time to time whenever necessary upon which, among other things, to determine what recommendations for legislation, if any, shall be made. Such data also are highly useful to public officials and others making inquiry into and study of conditions and administration.

Provision is made for an annual report to the Mayor by the president of each board of magistrates, and the annual report is of service. There is not, however, a sufficiently careful analysis of offenses owing to the fact that different kinds of offenses are grouped under one statutory offense.

The magistrates' records, are lacking in any orderly arrangement, either by an alphabetical or card index system. This is due in some measure to lack of sufficient clerical force, but, as we have pointed out, the greatest deficiency is in the almost complete lack of identification as applied more especially to recurring offenders, such as vagrants, drunkards and prostitutes. Here the magistrate must depend almost entirely upon the personal recollection of himself, the police or probation officers or the clerks or other attaches of the court.

Establishment of System of Identification at Workhouse.— The complete failure of previous administrative authorities to establish the Bertillon system at the workhouse in obedience to law, leads us to call the subject to the attention of the present local authorities. Provision for the installation of a proper method of identification should be promptly made by the local fiscal authorities.

The Commission has inquired into the different methods of identification and is convinced that the so-called finger print system is most effective and that the possibility of mistake of

identification under that system is so remote as to be negligible. This view is arrived at by the Commission, not only upon the comprehensive explanation of former Deputy Police Commissioner Woods, but by personal investigation, on the part of some members of the Commission, of the practical application of this system. The Commission is also impressed with the value of the Bertillon system, but the finger print system seems simpler and more easy of application. The Bertillon system can of course be employed, in addition, if deemed advisable.

Identification of Prostitutes.— For the purpose of carrying out the recommendations of the Commission, it should be required that the finger print system be installed in connection with the night court for women and such day court in each borough as the chief city magistrate of each division may designate. This system can readily be installed under the supervision of the Police Department, which is already equipped in this regard, and the experts of that department can promptly furnish the information required by the magistrate presiding.

From time to time the magistrates with the co-operation of the administrative officials can extend the application of this system of identification as experience may dictate. We have deemed it advisable, however, to limit the mandatory provisions until an opportunity is had for a full trial of an efficient identification system at the workhouse, the county jails, the night court for women and such day court in each borough as the chief city magistrate of each division may designate.

MESSENGER SERVICE IN DISTRICT PRISONS.

Attached to many of the magistrates' courts is the district prison to which defendants are committed, either for a few days in default of payment of fine, or pending examination. Prisoners are frequently anxious to communicate with their family or friends but unless they have funds they are in many instances unable to do so.

In each of these district prisons is a prison messenger. He is not a city employee, but for many years these messengers have had the privilege of so acting under the administration of the Commissioner of Correction. Tales are frequent of the extortions of these men but it is most difficult to ascertain the truth of such charges, because many prisoners are afraid to bring the matter to the notice of the authorities, while others do not wish to make

known the fact that they have been arraigned in a police court. The warden in charge of the district prisons testified that there were certain rules regulating the amount of charges of these messengers and that in certain of the prisons there were messenger boxes by means of which an American District messenger boy could be called. The examination of the Commission disclosed that in a number of these prisons there were no American District Telegraph messenger boxes, and that there was no notice of any kind whereby the prisoner could be informed of his opportunity, at reasonable cost, to communicate with his friends.

If a prisoner has no funds, he can only succeed in reaching his family or friends by the good offices of one of these messengers, who, to use his own descriptive language, stated that in such cases, "If the party looked good to him, he would take a chance" on delivering the message.

As a result of the Commission's inquiry, the warden in charge of the district prisons has caused to be placed in each district prison a notice in several languages, informing the prisoners of their right to send for a messenger and setting forth the rates of service.

There is no assurance, however, that these notices come to the attention of many of the prisoners.

Any person arrested, whether having funds or not, should have the fullest opportunity to notify his family or friends and this opportunity should be accorded to him from the time he is brought to the police station. We recommend, therefore, that it shall be the duty of the lieutenant or other officer in charge at the police station to inform the prisoner that he may have an opportunity to communicate with his friends, and the officer in charge should be required to telephone free of charge to three numbers given to him by the prisoner, in the effort to reach his friends.

If the prisoner is detained in a district prison, the keeper or other person in charge should similarly inform the prisoner and similarly telephone without cost to three numbers and at the option of the prisoner give him a two cent stamped envelope free of charge or at cost an envelope with necessary postage for a special delivery letter. It should be required that there should be posted conspicuously in each place of detention, whether police station or district prison, a notice in various languages that the prisoner has the opportunity of notifying his family or his friends by telephoning in the manner stated, and in

each place of detention no person shall be permitted to charge for telegraph messenger service more than the customary rate for a similar service charged by any telegraph messenger company, and the same shall apply to the charges for telephone service where it has not been possible to communicate with the persons desired by calling up three telephone numbers.

It should be the duty of the magistrate to inform a defendant committed by him of his rights and privileges thus accorded by statute, and, if the person does not understand English, to cause the information to be fully and clearly conveyed to him. It is hoped in this way that a fair opportunity will be given to persons under arrest to communicate with their friends.

The matter is one concerning which the magistrates seem to have little information, but we regard it as highly important for protection against abuse of ignorant or unfortunate persons. The subject should be one of constant supervision by the heads of the Police and Correction Departments.

PROBATION.

In the past few years the theory and practical application of probation have greatly progressed. Instead of the alternative of immediate suspension of sentence or of commitment to a penal institution, the Legislature and the courts have appreciated the wisdom of giving to a defendant, under proper circumstances and surroundings, an opportunity to redeem himself and, by proving his worthiness to the satisfaction of the court, to be released in due time on a susupended sentence.

We know of no more marked step forward in the administration of criminal jurisprudence than the probation system.

Court of Special Sessions, Adult Part.— In the adult part of the Court of Special Sessions in both divisions, the justices have given this matter much consideration and have accomplished a great deal. The civilian officers, male and female, in both divisions, impressed the Commission favorably and evidently had a competent grasp of their work as well as the enthusiasm necessary for success.

In addition to the civilian officers, in the First Division, there were four police officers, assigned by the police commissioner, as probation officers to the justices of the court. Of these four, one has done no probation work at all, another very little, while the remaining two have apparently been conscientious in their

investigation work, but under the orders of the Court they are not probation officers, but investigators only, who gather information and data under the direction of the male civilian probation officer. In addition to these, in the First Division a representative of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul has served as a probation officer without pay from the city.

In the Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division the probation work is done entirely by one male and one female probation officer.

It is manifest that the amount of work which the male probation officer in the First Division is required to perform is physically beyond the limit of one man. If that work is to be thorough and efficient, the court and the probation system must be provided with an adequate corps of civilian officers.

Children's Courts.— From about September, 1902, when the Children's Part of the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division was opened, until March, 1908, the superintendent of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children was the chief probation officer of that court. Since his resignation in March, 1908, as such probation officer, there has not been any probation officer in this Children's Court.

It is true that various philanthropic organizations have assigned to the court representatives for the purpose of doing the best they can with children allowed to go on parole, but these persons are merely volunteers, who do not represent in any manner the court or its justices. What they do is done in aid of the cause but without official standing. The justices of the Court of Special Sessions have proceeded upon the theory of placing the child either on parole or on probation with its parents, when in many instances it is the parent who is at fault and who is manifestly an unfit person to be in any sense a probation officer.

In the law creating the Children's Court in the First Division, there was no requirement as to the appointment of any particular number of persons to serve as probation officers, but there has always been the fullest authority under the provisions of section 11-a of the Code of Criminal Procedure to appoint probation officers, and the legislative mandate is clear that it is the policy of the State that "When practicable, any child under the age of sixteen years, placed on probation, shall be placed with a probation officer of the same religious faith as the child's parents" (Code of Crim. Pro. § 483).

This mandate must no longer be disregarded. It is not for the justices to determine whether it shall be obeyed. The most important field of probation is with the children. Its office is preventive. It is an agency for making good citizens at the time when the prospect is most encouraging. It demands the most sympathetic and thoughtful consideration from the judicial officers who have this great privilege of dealing with the young. Provision, therefore, should be made requiring the justices of the Court of Special Sessions to appoint probation officers for the Children's Court and in selecting them to have in mind the long settled policy of the State expressed in section 483 of the Code of Criminal Procedure above referred to.

The statute creating the Children's Court for the borough of Brooklyn (Laws of 1903, chapter 150) provided that "The justice (children's part) shall have authority to appoint or designate not more than three discreet persons of good character to serve as probation officers during the pleasure of the court." Pursuant thereto, three probation officers have been appointed, representing, respectively, the Protestant, Catholic and Jewish faiths. These officers as yet do not receive salaries, but are paid by private philanthropic or charitable associations.

So far as we can ascertain there is the greatest harmony existing between the court, its probation officers, the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and the various philanthropic organizations representing different faiths, who follow with keen interest the affairs of this court.

In view of the needs of the Court of Special Sessions as proposed to be established, we are of the opinion that a chief probation officer and at least twelve additional probation officers will be required for the new court.

The chief probation officer should have general supervision of all of the probation officers, subject in turn to the supervision of the chief justice, doing such probation work as his supervisory duties permit. The twelve probation officers should be distributed as follows: For the adult court in Manhattan and the Bronx, four; for the adult court for the other boroughs, two; for each of the two children's courts now existing, three.

It is not our intention to provide in the proposed law for the salaries of these officers, but we call the attention of the local administrative authorities to the importance of the work and the desirability of making it of an attractive and permanent char-

acter and for that reason of giving those who engage in it at least living salaries.

Magistrates' Courts, First Division.— In the first division each magistrate has a police officer who is assigned to the individual magistrate and follows him in his rotation and is not assigned when the magistrate is off duty. The police probation officer is required to report at the First District Court in Center street, each day, for the purpose of the police department's records, but when the magistrate is not on duty the probation officer is practically without supervision.

These officers, apparently, are appointed under the authority of section 11-a of the Code of Criminal Procedure. Such appointment, while lawful, seems nevertheless to have been in clear defiance of the legislative intent, as indicated by section 707 of the Greater New York charter, which provides:

> "The board of city magistrates of each division of the city of New York shall have authority to appoint such number of discreet persons of good character, either men or women, to serve as probation officers, as said boards may deem necessary, to serve during the pleasure of the court of board of magistrates appointing them. The board of city magistrates of each division of the city of New York shall assign the probation officers appointed by it to the various city magistrates' courts in its division and each probation officer shall act only as an officer of the city magistrates' courts to which he is assigned. * * * If two or more probation officers are attached to any city magistrates' court, the board of magistrates shall designate the officer under whose charge each person on probation shall be placed."

From the foregoing it is apparent that the Legislature intended that the appointment of probation officers should be by the board and that these officers were to be assigned to the various city magistrates' courts, and not as personal officers or attaches of the magistrates.

The account which many of these probation officers gave of themselves was highly discreditable. There were a few who apparently were earnest and faithful in their work, but the remainder evidenced neither the capacity, industry nor disposition necessary for this important work. The supervision by the magistrates has been ineffective and inadequate. These officers have

been required to meet twice each week at the West Fifty-fourth Street Court and on one of these evenings the women probation officers have been present. The magistrates have rarely attended.

Women of all ages, who were on probation for various kinds of offenses, including drunkenness, disorderly conduct and offenses connected with prostitution, have been required to report at night — in other words, at the very worst time for them. The attempted justification for this system of reporting is that the probation officers might become acquainted with the name and especially with the features of probationers, so that they might be informed sufficiently to advise magistrates as to the previous record of prisoners, in the event of their being arraigned at a future time.

The reason advanced for the meetings at the West Fifty-fourth street court is obviously at variance with the fundamental idea of probation and it is plain that no good purpose is served by the holding of these meetings.

Some of the police probation officers frequently and others occasionally failed to attend. There apparently was no attempt by the magistrates to punish such remissness or in any manner to discipline these men. The blame for this system is almost wholly with the magistrates.

Another difficulty in the assignment of police officers for probation work is illustrated by the friction which has heretofore arisen, under a previous administration, between the police commissioner and certain magistrates. If a magistrate is dependent upon the police commissioner for the assignment of a police officer, there is no assurance of permanency in the work, for the police commissioner is at liberty to withdraw the officer at any time and for any or no reason.

The magistrate is frequently confronted with grave problems in certain classes of cases. If the husband who has failed to support his wife or who has become intoxicated is sentenced to imprisonment, nothing is gained. The wife becomes an object of public or private charity and the husband returns from his incarceration usually worse than he was before. In the case of youths, imprisonment frequently results in further degradation and degeneration, instead of improvement or reform. The young girl who has taken her first false step is more likely injured than helped by commitment to a penal institution.

On the other hand, a person supervised by an intelligent, capable and sympathetic probation officer has at least the opportunity of saving himself for a decent career. The probation officer can bring the husband and wife together, assist in preserving the home, watch the young man or woman sufficiently to prevent them from returning to evil associates, and, in brief, render invaluable service not only to the persons themselves but to society at large. No probation system, however, can be fully effective unless the probation officers are subject to the watchful eye of the court and unless the court insists, so far as practicable, upon personal information, and unless the probationer realizes, if discharged, that such discharge comes from the court, and not from the probation officer. In very many instances in the first division the magistrates discharge merely upon the recommendation of the probation officer, and do not have brought before them the probationer himself. This, we believe, is both an unwise and unsound method, and it is our view that when the probationer is to be discharged he should be brought before the magistrate and should be made to realize the reasons and the conditions of his discharge. Magistrates have contended that this is difficult because of the system of rotation and because such discharges frequently occur while they are off duty. This, we think, is a trifling objection, which can be easily disposed of by appropriate arrangement.

These and other defects of the system can be cured and in any event improved by orderly methods, supervised by competent authority. Each chief city magistrate should have the authority to appoint at pleasure a chief probation officer. Each board of magistrates should have authority to appoint a sufficient number of probation officers for the needs of this important branch of the work of the Magistrates' Courts. In our opinion there will be needed in the First Division at least ten male officers and ten female officers, and in the Second Division the same number of civilian male officers and female officers as are now employed. The statute should prohibit the appointment or retention of police probation officers and these men should be returned to the police department.

Period of Probation.— The Court of Special Sessions should have power to place adult defendants upon probation for two years, and the Children's Court should have power to extend probation over a period of three years, and within such limit should

have jurisdiction over the child after it has reached the age of sixteen.

The magistrates should have power to place a person on probation for one year. These recommendations are made in view of the fact that there is some question now as to whether the Court of Special Sessions has power to place on probation for more than one year and the magistrates for more than six months and the Children's Courts after the child has reached the age of sixteen.

Method of Appointment of Probation Officers.— The probation officers hold a place of trust second only to that of the justice or magistrate, and they stand in a peculiarly confidential relation to the court, and should be selected with the greatest possible care.

The chief probation officer should be appointed without examination by the chief justice or the chief city magistrate of each division, as the case may be. All other probation officers should be appointed in like manner by the Court of Special Sessions or by the respective boards of magistrates, as the case may be, and not by the individual justices or magistrates.

In order that the fullest responsibility shall be imposed upon the justices and magistrates, and a full measure of watchfulness attained, the chief probation officer and all other probation officers should be removable at will by the chief justice or chief city magistrate or by a majority of the justices or magistrates of the respective courts, as the case may be.

BAIL.

As heretofore indicated, section 550 of the Code of Criminal Procedure should be amended so as to authorize a magistrate sitting at a night court in the borough of Manhattan to admit to bail.

The chief city magistrate of the Second Division should designate a magistrate resident in any of the other boroughs, to take bail from the time of the closing of the courts until two o'clock the following morning. Such designation should not be exclusive of the power of any other magistrate to take bail, but should be for the purpose of enabling the public to know that a particular magistrate may be conveniently applied to for that purpose.

Under the present system a defendant cannot give cash bail at the Magistrates' Court, but if he desires to give such bail he must deposit the cash with the chamberlain. This is frequently im-

practicable, more especially if the defendant be arraigned late in the day. Provision should be made whereby defendants may deposit cash bail with the clerk of the Magistrates' Court, who shall be required to make report and return of the same, in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed by the city chamberlain.

COMPLAINTS AGAINST ATTORNEYS.

Much complaint is heard from time to time of the conduct of a certain class of lawyers, who, it is said, impose on the poor and ignorant who come to the courts of Special Sessions and the Magistrates' Courts. Every person has the constitutional right to be defended by counsel, and in many cases counsel is needed. There is no statute which can be devised to regulate automatically the conduct of attorneys of this kind. To each of these courts are detailed officers whose duty it is to serve warrants issued by the magistrates, and it has been supposed that an alliance has existed between some of these officers and some of the attorneys, of the kind mentioned. It is exceedingly difficult to obtain competent proof upon the subject.

Only recently the Board of Magistrates of the First Division has caused to be posted in the Magistrates' Courts notices in different languages, informing persons that there is no need of employing counsel upon an application for the issue of a summons. This may be of some service but the whole subject is a difficult one and should have the constant vigilance of the magistrates.

As a necessary record the name and address of counsel appearing in any case should be endorsed on the papers. The chief city magistrates will be in a peculiarly advantageous position to investigate information or complaint as to the unprofessional conduct of attorneys and measures should be taken to devise means for protecting the ignorant from deception and imposition by the unscrupulous.

We are of the opinion that it is impossible to prescribe a remedy by statutory enactment but that the improvement in the situation must come from constant supervision and appropriate regulation, from time to time, as experience may suggest and that these results can be attained under the system of centralized responsibility which we have recommended.

DEPUTY ASSISTANT DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

The assignment of a deputy assistant district-attorney to each Magistrate's Court can also be of great service in protecting the rights of defendants as well as of the people.

If there were a realization of the fact that it is the duty of the district-attorney to move for the dismissal of a case where he believes that such course is right, and in the interest of justice, many persons would be discharged in the Magistrates' Courts who are now held because the magistrate hesitates to assume the responsibility of discharge. A deputy assistant district-attorney would also be of great service in examining complaints drawn by court clerks and, generally, in making a proper investigation of cases brought before the magistrates. A competent administration of this work would also result in protecting many defendants against imposition by attorneys of the kind to which we have already referred, and if it becomes known that the district-attorney is seeking, not for convictions, but for just results, the poor or ignorant will soon find that there will be no need of employing counsel in minor and petty cases.

It may be remarked in this connection, however, that the Commission does not look with favor upon the designation of a representative of the district-attorney's office at the Children's Court, for in line with modern development the hearing in the cases of children is not to be deemed as a prosecution for crime, and the judges are much better able to do this important work, if permitted to bring out the facts in their own way. While this report has been in preparation, the present district-attorney of the county of New York has applied to the local authorities for an appropriation sufficient to enable him to appoint and designate deputy assistants to the various Magistrates' Courts, thus carrying out a policy which the Commission favors.

We do not recommend that the attendance at the Magistrates' Courts by a deputy assistant be made mandatory, for the reason that in some of the courts in the greater city the number of cases presented might not justify such mandatory requirement.

The appropriation of sufficient funds for this purpose is within the power of the local authorities, and if such appropriation be made and the work of deputy assistant district-attorneys prove successful, a mandatory provision can at any time hereafter be incorporated in the statute relating to these courts.

INSTITUTIONS TO WHICH COMMITMENTS ARE MADE.

The Commission visited various institutions, including the penitentiary, the workhouse, certain of the city hospitals and the New York City Reformatory for Misdemeanants situated at Hart's Island.

The workhouse is entirely inadequate for its purposes and the accommodations are shockingly insufficient. Upon the occasion of the visit of the Commission, the workhouse was so crowded that as many as eight men were in one cell.

The workhouse authorities are making efforts to utilize the labor of the inmates and to teach them some useful occupation, but they are unable to accomplish anything of value in cases of short commitment.

At the time of the visit of the Commission to Hart's Island, the institutions there were likewise wholly inadequate. Former Commissioner of Correction Barry obtained from the city authorities a substantial appropriation, which when applied will undoubtedly improve conditions.

This institution is one of the very greatest importance in correctional and reformatory work in a class of cases coming from the Magistrates and Special Sessions Courts.

By an amendment to the Greater New York charter (§ 698), passed in 1904, "The New York City Reformatory for Misdemeanants" was required to be established. Up to that time the curious anomaly had existed that there was no reformatory to which to send males, between the ages of 16 and 30 years, convicted of misdemeanors, although there had long been reformatories to which could be committed males between these ages convicted of felony. Thus, to illustrate, in the case of a youth of sixteen who had stolen any sum up to $25, the Courts of Special Sessions had no option, if the case was not one for suspension or probation, except to send such a boy to the city prison or the penitentiary, while a youth of the same age, who was convicted of grand larceny or graver offenses, could be sent to a reformatory where he would have an opportunity of learning a useful trade.

The purpose of establishing "The New York City Reformatory for Misdemeanants" was to reform these young men convicted of lesser offenses and also to give them an opportunity to obtain some education and, if possible, to learn a useful trade.

Such an institution deserves well of the city of New York and the money necessary to develop it to a proper state of efficiency would be well expended.

The Commission from its investigation was astounded to learn in how many cases these youths were illiterate and unacquainted with and untrained in any useful occupation. Obviously, if such youths are taught to read and write and obtain a reasonable equipment in mathematics as well as a knowledge of some trade, they will be much better fitted to earn a living and will cease to be a burden on the taxpayer.

This institution is under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction as to its administrative features and of a board of parole which passes upon applications for discharge. This board consists of a representative of the Court of Special Sessions and of the Board of Magistrates in each division, the Commissioner of Correction, and four citizens appointed by the mayor. The board has manifested an earnest interest in the work and has done much for the institution.

VISITING OF INSTITUTIONS BY JUSTICES AND MAGISTRATES.

The Commission was surprised to learn that justices and magistrates, with some exceptions, rarely if ever visited the institutions to which they have authority to commit.

It seems plain that they would have a much better understanding of the disposition to be made in cases if they knew the condition of the institution to which they were making commitments and, in addition, their visits would have a valuable effect upon the institutions themselves. Thus, the activity of the members of the board of parole of the New York City Reformatory for Misdemeanants, contributed in no little degree to obtaining for that institution a substantial appropriation for its betterment. Had the magistrates examined into the reasons for the inadequate identification at the workhouse and the failure to install the Bertillon system, they could have called it sharply to the attention of the city authorities.

The same comment may be made in regard to the conditions of the detention pens and the messenger service in the district prisons. There is no reason why many of the observations made by the Commission should not have been made by the justices and magistrates. Indeed, there should be a complete spirit of co-operation between the magistrates, the police department, the department of correction and the various reformatory and other institutions which receive commitments. Only in this way can there be comprehensive and intelligent administration.

In view, however, of the failure to carry out in practice this point of view, the Commission recommends that each justice and magistrate be required to visit at least once in each year those institutions in the city of New York to which he is empowered to make commitments and that he visit such institutions outside of the city from time to time as he may be directed by the chief justice or the chief city magistrate, as the case may be.

The justices and magistrates should be required to report in writing to the chief justice or chief city magistrate, as the case may be, the observations made by them upon their visits, and such recommendations as they may deem proper.

TENURE AND SALARIES OF JUSTICES, MAGISTRATES, CLERKS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES.

Terms of Office and Removal.— The terms of the justices and magistrates should be ten years as now, and all the clerks of the courts five years.

It was urged by the police clerks that their term of office should be during good behavior, but it must be remembered that upon their efficiency depends much of the success of the administration of these courts, and the magistrates should not be unduly hampered in regard to their appointment.

It may very well be that it would be impossible to sustain the removal of a clerk "for cause," and yet he might not possess those qualities which entitle him to reappointment. The magistrates have reappointed in many instances clerks who have served faithfully and the tenure of five years is a fair term.

Justices and magistrates should be removable by the Appellate Division for cause.

The chief clerk of the Court of Special Sessions should be removable for cause by a majority of the justices or by the Appellate Division.

Similarly, the chief clerk of each of the Board of Magistrates should be removable for cause by a majority of the magistrates or by the Appellate Division.

The clerks of the various parts of the Court of Special Sessions and of the various Magistrates' Courts, should be removable for cause by a majority of the justices and magistrates, as the case may be, or by the Appellate Division.

All other employees (except probation officers, removable at will) should be removable as now provided by section 1,407 of

the Greater New York charter, after an opportunity to make an explanation.

In addition to the chief clerks of these courts, the clerks of the various parts of the Court of Special Sessions, the clerks of the various Magistrates' Courts and the chief probation officers, should be exempt from civil service examination and appointed at will.

The chief justice and the chief magistrates should have power to suspend any clerk or other employee for a period not to exceed thirty days.

Salaries of Justices and Magistrates.— The salary of the justices of the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division is $9,000 per annum and of the Second Division $6,000 per annum.

The salary of the magistrates resident in the First Division is $7,000 per annum; of the magistrates in the borough of Brooklyn, $6,000 per annum; and of the magistrates in the boroughs of Queens and Richmond, $5,000 per annum. It will be noted that the justices of the Court of Special Sessions of the Second Division receive the same salary as the magistrates resident in the borough of Brooklyn.

The Commission does not feel at liberty to recommend an increase in salaries by mandatory legislation. It would seem but just, however, that with the creation of a single Court of Special Sessions, all of the justices should receive the same salaries, and we think the local authorities should equalize the salaries at $9,000 per annum.

The chief justice of the Court of Special Sessions should receive a salary of $10,000 per annum; the chief magistrate of the First Division, $8,000 per annum, and of the Second Division, $7,000 per annum.

Salaries of Clerks.— The clerk of the Court of Special Sessions receives $5,000 per annum, the deputy clerk $4,500 per annum, and the clerk of the Children's Court, $3,000 per annum. In the Second Division, the clerk of the court receives $3,000 per annum and the clerk of the Children's Court $3,000 per annum.

The police clerks receive $2,500 per annum, and the police clerks' assistants $2,000 per annum, and the latter, under the existing statute, cannot receive more than that amount.

The Commission was impressed by the argument made on behalf of the police clerks that the salary of $2,500, more especially when compared with the salary of $3,000 accorded to these clerks some years ago and the salaries of clerks of other courts, is

inadequate. These clerks must be on duty practically every day in the year and their vacations are limited. If the recommendations of the Commission are adopted, additional responsibility will be cast upon them, such as the taking of cash bail and the preparation of more elaborate and complete records and statistics.

The Commission cannot see any good reason why the police clerks' assistants should be prohibited from receiving more than $2,000 per annum.

Salaries of Interpreters.— In addition to the inquiries of this Commission, the Commissioner of Immigration, appointed by the Governor, made an exhaustive investigation into the qualifications of interpreters and found that, in many instances, these men lacked the special knowledge which is necessary in order competently to perform their duties. (Report of the Commission of Immigration. Transmitted to the Legislature April 5, 1909, pp. 55–61.)

A very large number of persons coming to these courts are unable to speak the English language and the various dialects of some languages are especially difficult. Some of the interpreters are men of excellent education and well equipped, while others are seriously lacking in an acquaintance with the various languages and dialects which are so frequently heard in these courts.

It is obvious that the magistrate is seriously hampered and that injustice may be done where there is not a correct interpretation of the statements of persons speaking in foreign tongues.

As the Commission of Immigration stated:

"The insufficiency of the present staff of interpreters seems to be due largely to two causes — the low salaries paid and the perfunctory methods of the Civil Service Commission in choosing men."

The interpreters are frequently employed to assist in clerical work, and thus a large part of the interpreter's time is diverted from the duties for which he is appointed.

In the Second Division, notwithstanding a great increase in the foreign population of Brooklyn and Queens, no corresponding increase has been made in the number of official interpreters, and, thus, in many instances interpreters are required to cover two or more courts.

It is not remarkable that there should be difficulty in obtaining competent men, in view of the inadequate salary of $1,500 per

annum paid to interpreters. These men naturally look for promotion to clerkships or other interpreters' positions paying larger salaries, and frequently when they become highly useful they leave the service.

Under the circumstances it seems to the Commission that the salaries of competent interpreters should be equivalent at least to the salaries of the police clerks' assistants, and the Commission commends this subject to the careful consideration of the local authorities.

The Commission is of the opinion that great improvement can be made by the Municipal Civil Service Commission in the examinations for interpreters, so as to obtain practical results. It is especially important that interpreters should be qualified in the various dialects. A man may be well versed in the classic phraseology of some foreign tongue and yet be utterly unable to make himself understood in the dialect spoken by the person appearing before the court.

It is also manifestly absurd to appoint from the Civil Service Commission a person who is qualified, for instance, in Italian, when an interpreter in Yiddish is needed, or *vice versa*.

It seems to us that with the appointment of the chief justice and of the chief city magistrates there will be a closer watchfulness and more concentrated responsibility in regard to the selection and assignment of interpreters.

Salaries of Stenographers.— These courts require a high degree of efficiency on the part of stenographers. The evidence is quickly given and frequently in broken language, and as a result accurate work can be performed only by those possessing a high degree of skill. The stenographers receive $2,000 per annum, with very little opportunity of making fees from transcripts.

The adequacy of the compensation of these men might well be examined into by the local authorities, for, as in the case of interpreters, when they become highly proficient in the peculiarly difficult work of the Magistrates' Courts, they leave for more lucrative employment.

Salaries of the Other Employees.— The salaries of all officers and employees of these courts other than those of the justices should be fixed by the local authorities. We therefore call the attention of the local authorities to the necessity and the wisdom of fixing the salaries of all of these employees at an amount sufficient to attract honest and capable men to this very important public service.

DISPOSITION OF FINES.

Heretofore the relation between the clerks to whom fines are paid and the city has been in the nature of debtor and creditor, the clerk being required to make returns on or before the 5th day of each month of the sums paid to him during the previous month, and many of the clerks having deposited these funds in their private accounts.

This practice has led to evil results and should be completely discontinued. This was the practice of the clerk of the Court of Special Sessions of the First Division and of many of the clerks of the Magistrates' Courts, until the Commission's inquiry directed sharp attention to the subject. Hereafter, the funds received by the clerks should be regarded as public moneys from the moment of their receipt and they should be deposited in such depositaries as may be directed by the local fiscal authorities and in accordance with such rules and regulations as to the keeping of accounts and the making of returns as may be prescribed by such authorities.

Where defendants after commitment pay fines to the Department of Correction, that department should be required to furnish to the clerks of these courts an exact statement of the fines thus received.

FINES PAYABLE TO VARIOUS SOCIETIES.

By virtue of various statutes passed from time to time, the fines paid by defendants to the Courts of Special Sessions and Magistrates' Courts in certain instances go, in whole or in part, to certain societies, such as the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the New York Humane Society, and the Medical, Dental, Pharmacy, Pedic and Veterinary Societies and the Association of State Nurses.

The disposition of these moneys in this manner can no longer be justified, for all such sums are paid in satisfaction of a violation of law and belong initially to the people. They should be paid into the city treasury and become city moneys. The city authorities, in making their appropriations to various of these societies, may take such course as they deem best and as the law may permit, but the specific fine should not be earmarked as belonging to any society or association of a private of even a quasi-public character.

PROVISION FOR ADDITIONAL JUSTICES AND MAGISTRATES, ADDITIONAL PARTS AND TEMPORARY APPOINTMENTS.

It should be within the power of the local authorities from time to time to provide for the appointment of additional justices and magistrates, when needed, without application to the Legislature. The Commission, therefore, recommends that whenever a majority of the justices of the Court of Special Sessions or a majority of the respective Boards of Magistrates may certify to the Board of Estimate that there is need of additional justices or magistrates, as the case may be, the Board of Aldermen, upon recommendation of the Board of Estimate, may, by ordinance approved by the mayor, provide for such increase. In this connection, the local authorities should be fully empowered to provide such additional accommodations as may be necessary from time to time.

In the administration of these courts, the chief justice and the respective chief city magistrates, or a majority of the justices and a majority of the magistrates should have full authority (with the concurrence of the local fiscal authorities wherever funds are needed), to establish additional parts of these courts.

Thus, if it should be deemed desirable to establish a night court in Brooklyn, the chief city magistrate or a majority of the magistrates of the Second Division should have the power so to do without any further enactment of the State Legislature, and similarly, in regard to the establishment of any other parts which may be deemed necessary or desirable.

In order to provide against the contingencies of physical or mental disability, the mayor should be empowered to appoint a temporary city magistrate for a period of not to exceed thirty days, upon the certificate of either of the chief city magistrates that, owing to such disability of any magistrate or magistrates, the public business of these courts requires the appointment temporarily of a person in the place of the magistrate or magistrates thus disabled. Upon similar certificates, the mayor should have authority, at the end of each thirty days, to renew such appointment from time to time for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Where a magistrate has faithfully served and is overtaken by illness, it seems unjust and harsh to require his removal unless it is apparent that he cannot serve again. At the same time the business of these courts is liable to fall behind, and an undue

burden is thus placed upon the remaining magistrates, which can be relieved by the appropriate exercise by the mayor of the power to make temporary appointments.

JUSTICES AND MAGISTRATES HOLDING OFFICE AS EXECUTIVE MEMBERS OF PARTY ORGANIZATIONS.

The Commission regards it as inconsistent with the duties of the office for a justice of the Court of Special Sessions or a magtrate to hold the position of executive member of any party organization, or, as it is familiarly known, the position of "district leader."

It is not any answer to the impropriety involved to state that a judge holding a district leadership may nevertheless be upright and impartial in the discharge of his duties. For these courts and judges to be efficient, there must be no belief in any quarter that political influence can be successfully brought to bear in judicial administration. The impression created upon many of those who come or who are brought into these courts, can only be unfavorably affected if the judge is actively in charge of political affairs. In addition, the duties of the "district leader" are onerous and occupy much time which must entrench upon that which a judge should give to the duties of his office. There are few instances of justices or magistrates holding district leadership and the great body of these judicial officers are united in the opinion that a justice or magistrate should not be a district leader.

JUSTICES AND MAGISTRATES SHOULD BE APPOINTED AND NOT ELECTED.

From the plan outlined by the Commission it will appear that the purpose is to have a Court of Special Sessions whose jurisdiction shall not depend upon the residences of the justices. Similarly, in respect of the Magistrates' Courts in the two divisions, it is clear that several of the features now in existence and those herein recommended look to a broad, comprehensive plan by which these respective divisions can be considered as a unit, rather than as being separated into subdivisions bounded by the territorial limits of each Magistrates' Court.

The plan for night courts for men and for women, for a domestic relations' court, for a comprehensive system of probation, of records and identification, for adequate supervision exercised by and responsibility imposed upon a chief magistrate, a chief

clerk and a chief probation officer, would utterly fail if the Magistrates' Courts were treated as district courts of the locality. The Commission has been urged to favor the election of magistrates, but, irrespective of any arguments which may be advanced in favor of the election or appointment of these judicial officers, the Commission recommends the appointment of these officers as a necessary part of the general plan herein outlined.

The Court of Appeals, in the case of People v. Dooley, 171 N. Y. 74, considered the question of jurisdiction of magistrates elected from districts.

Judge Werner writing the opinion of the court said:

"But since some of our brethren think we ought to decide the question whether it was constitutional to elect magistrates by districts, we may add that we fully concur in the opinion of Judge Cullen upon that question."

Chief Judge Cullen, after stating that he inclined to the belief that the principle underlies our form of government that all public officers must be elected by constituencies, coextensive with their jurisdiction, unless express provision is made to the contrary, said:

"I think that the Legislature might create in cities district criminal courts as well as district civil courts with justices to be elected by the electors of the districts, but in such case the courts must be really district courts; that is to say, courts held for the districts, and the jurisdiction of whose magistrate is in some way limited to, or at least connected with, the districts, of which there is not a trace in the present case."

Not only is the Commission practically unanimous in believing that these justices and magistrates should be appointed and not elected but the effect of the decision of the Court of Appeals is, in its opinion, conclusive upon the question.

INFERIOR CRIMINAL COURTS ACT FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The statutes affecting the administration of these courts are scattered about in various codifications and enactments. The charter of the city of New York contains many of the provisions applicable to these courts, and also many penal provisions which have no place in that instrument.

While sections of the Penal Law and of the Code of Criminal Procedure of general application throughout the State should be omitted, all the provisions peculiarly applicable to the adminis-

tration of the Court of Special Sessions and of the Magistrates' Courts in the greater city should be comprised within one statute, so that ready reference may be had thereto and amendments thereof conveniently made.

With this purpose in view, the Commission has been drafting such a proposed law in which will be incorporated those provisions of existing law which the Commission believe should be retained, and to which will be added the various changes or additions here recommended.

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS.

The principal recommendations herein made by the Commission may be summarized as follows:

Court of Special Sessions.—1. A Court of Special Sessions for the city of New York, having in the first instance exclusive jurisdiction in all cases of misdemeanor except (a) charges of libel, (b) pleas of guilty for violation of Motor Vehicle Law, first offense, and (c) pleas of guilty for violation of the laws relating to the prevention of cruelty to animals.

2. The court to consist of a chief justice, designated by the mayor, and fourteen associate justices, seven of whom shall be residents of the territory comprised within the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, and seven of the territory comprised within the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond.

3. The present justices to be continued in office and the additional justices to be appointed by the mayor within ninety days of the taking effect of the act.

4. The chief justice to have full power to assign the justices, and in the assignment to the Children's Court the controlling features to be permanency of assignment and fitness for this particular work.

5. The transfer from the court to the district attorney of the duty of serving subpoenas.

6. The appointment of civilian probation officers and civilian attendants and the elimination of police probation officers and police attendants; the chief justice to appoint the chief probation officer.

7. The installation, under the jurisdiction of the chief justice, of a complete system of records, and the requirement that the chief justice shall report to the mayor annually.

8. All applications for removal of the trial of cases from the Court of Special Sessions to the Supreme Court or the Court of General Sessions, to be made within ten days after the case is first on for pleading.

9. Children's Courts to be extended so as to comprehend Children's Courts in the boroughs of Queens and Richmond, transferring that jurisdiction from the magistrates to the Court of Special Sessions.

10. Power in the Children's Court to suspend a trial at any time and adjudge the child in need of the care and protection of the State, and, in any event, not to permit the conviction of a child for an act which, if committed by an adult would be felony, but to require that the conviction in such case shall be of juvenile delinquency.

11. The mandatory appointment by the justices of probation officers for the Children's Courts, so that, so far as practicable, children shall be placed on probation with persons of like religious faith.

12. Extension of the period of probation, (a) for children to three years, and within that limit to apply to children after they have reached the age of sixteen; and (b) for adults to two years.

Magistrates Courts. 13. The magistrates to have, in addition to their present jurisdiction, authority to impose sentence in cases where defendants plead guilty to violations of the Motor Vehicle Law, first offense, and to violations of statutes for the prevention of cruelty to animals.

14. A Board of Magistrates for the First and for the Second Divisions, the former comprising the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx, and the latter the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond.

15. In the First Division, a chief city magistrate and sixteen city magistrates, all seventeen residents of the boroughs of Manhattan or The Bronx.

16. In the Second Division, a chief city magistrate, selected from any part in said division, and ten magistrates resident of the borough of Brooklyn, four of the borough of Queens and two of the borough of Richmond.

17. The redistricting of the various Magistrates' Court districts in the two divisions on or before September 1, 1910 by the mayor (or the president of the board of aldermen upon the

designation of the mayor), the chief city magistrate of the division and the police commissioner.

18. Each chief city magistrate to have authority in his division to assign the magistrates to the courts for domestic relations and to the night courts, but, otherwise, the Boards of Magistrates to make assignments on the principle of rotation.

19. The establishment in the First Division of a night court for men and a night court for women, each of which shall open at seven o'clock in the evening and remain open until three o'clock in the morning. The establishment of a detention place convenient to the night court for women where persons may be detained both before and after being heard and where the young and less hardened shall be segregated as far as practicable from the older and more hardened offenders.

20. The establishment in the First Division and in the borough of Brooklyn of a central court of domestic relations.

21. The appointment by each chief city magistrate of a chief clerk and a chief probation officer.

22. The appointment of a clerk for each Magistrates' Court, and all other probation officers, clerks, stenographers, interpreters, attendants and other employees, by a majority of the magistrates of the respective divisions.

23. The appointment of civilian probation officers and civilian attendants, instead of police probation officers and police attendants.

24. The establishment of a system of records and statistics.

25. The abolition of the cumulative sentence in cases where women are convicted of offenses connected with prostitution, and the compulsory installation of the finger print system of identification in connection with the night court and other courts at which women charged with these offenses are arraigned.

26. Compulsory medical examination of all women convicted of prostitution and indeterminate sentence where defendant thus convicted is suffering from venereal disease, for a minimum period to be fixed by the magistrate and a maximum period not to exceed one year except in those cases where he commits to an institution having authority to receive inmates for detention for a period of more than one year.

27. Probation in cases where the magistrate has summary jurisdiction to be for a period of not to exceed one year.

28. The summons to be legalized and a record to be kept of the issuance thereof.

29. In lieu of arrest for violation of the Motor Vehicle Law or for breach of ordinances, except in cases where persons are unable to take care of themselves, or are charged with conduct tending to a breach of the peace, the service of a summons if the person has a card or other token of identification. The Police Commissioner to prescribe a card or token of identification for such purpose and to make rules and regulations from time to time for the service, by police officers, of the summonses above referred to.

30. Provision for the complaint clerks in a room separate from the courtroom and reference to the local authorities of the conditions of the court houses, detention pens and arrangement of the courtrooms so to abolish "the bridge" and enable the defendant in all cases to have the same opportunity to be heard as the complainant.

31. Provision whereby persons detained in police stations or district prisons may promptly notify relatives or friends by letter or telephone.

General Provisions.— 32. Salary and compensation of all officers and employees except justices and magistrates to be fixed by the local authorities.

33. Power to be conferred upon the local authorities to provide for additional justices and magistrates from time to time as necessity may require.

34. No justice or magistrate to be the executive member of any political organization.

35. All justices and magistrates to visit institutions to which they have the power to commit persons, (a) once in each year if situated in the city of New York; (b) other institutions whenever required by the Chief Justice or the Chief City Magistrate as the case may be.

36. All fines now payable in whole or in part to private societies to be paid to the city.

CONCLUSION.

It has been the effort of the Commission to present in condensed form the result of personal observations and of the examination of many witnesses. Details of great interest have, of necessity, been omitted for purposes of brevity and conclusions

expressed in a paragraph have been arrived at only after extended discussion and consultation.

In the observations which the Commission has made it has been impossible to refer to the work of particular justices or magistrates. With the view of ascertaining its quality and effectiveness the Commission has necessarily considered the work as a whole.

It is interesting to note that many of the defects pointed out have not been due to lack of statutory provisions, but to failure to observe them; for existing laws show that the legislature has considered almost every subject herein referred to.

We have called attention, however, to what we regard as essential recommendations looking to the betterment of the procedure which begins with arrest and ends with the discharge or the commitment of the prisoner. There are many details of a technical character which must be embodied in any proposed legislation, but reference to which in this report is not deemed necessary. We have pursued our investigations and arrived at our conclusions with an appreciation of the fact that laws alone cannot compel intelligent and conscientious administration. Over and above all in importance is the judge himself,—upon whom depends, in greatest measure, the careful and wise disposition of these thousands of cases dealing with people and subjects which touch the city's life at every point.

Trite as the expression may be, we may well repeat that the humble, the defenseless and the ignorant, gain their impressions of American institutions in large degree from these judges and courts, and to them these are the courts of last resort. Whether they shall be convinced that justice is patient and even handed, rests almost entirely upon the treatment they receive from these courts and judges. It is not enough to discharge mechanically though conscientiously the daily duty, but the judge should contribute his share to the study and the solution of the many complexities of city life in regard to which he has, perhaps, greater opportunities of observation than any other public officer. There should be a spirit of co-operation, a desire to undertake the solution of some of these problems, and we are confident that if this spirit generally animated these judicial officers, they would find a greater tendency on the part of the public to accord to them the respect and confidence which their important and dignified offices and duties should command. It is the hope of the Commission that its recommendations if enacted into law, will be of service to

these courts and to the administration of justice. The rest depends upon the judges themselves.

Bills embodying our recommendations will be promptly submitted.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated, New York, April 4, 1910.

ALFRED R. PAGE, *Chairman,*
THOMAS F. GRADY,
JAMES A. FRANCIS,
CHARLES F. MURPHY,
ALFRED E. SMITH,
BRONSON WINTHROP,
JOHN ALAN HAMILTON,
Commission.

Bird's-Eye View of the New York Catholic Protectory.

Forty-Seventh Annual Report

of the

New York Catholic Protectory

to the

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

and to the

BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

OFFICE AND HOUSE OF RECEPTION:

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ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

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Attending Physician:

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Administration Building.

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According to the By-Laws, the President is a member of all Committees, except the Law Committee

The New York Catholic Protectory

Westchester, N. Y. City

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MYLES J. TIERNEY, M. D...Otologist and Laryngologist
WILLIAM H. STACK, D. D. S., Surgeon Dentist, Female Dept.
A. H. XIQUES, D. D. S.....Surgeon Dentist, Male Dept.

Male Department.

BROTHER HENRY.....Rector
" JAMES.....Assistant "
" BASIL..... " "
" DIONYSIUS..... " "
" WILLIAM..... " "

Lincoln Agricultural School,

Lincolndale, N. Y.

BROTHER BARNABAS.....Rector

St. Philip's Home for Industrious Boys,

417 Broome Street, N. Y. C.

BROTHER PAULIAN.....Rector

Brothers superintend the following Departments: Printing, Electrotyping, Book-binding, Shoe-making, Tailoring, Brick-laying, Plumbing, Manual Training, Music, Refectory, Laundry, Kitchen, Baking, Farming, Gardening, Blacksmithing, Wheelwright, Carpentry, Machinery, Electric Lighting and Painting. Others are Teachers, Perfects, Infirmarians, etc.

Female Department.

REV. SISTER M. ANTONINUS.....Superioress
With forty-six assistants.

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 55.

IN ASSEMBLY

APRIL 4, 1910.

FORTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE NEW YORK CATHOLIC PROTECTORY

To the Honorable, the Legislature of the State of New York and the Board of Aldermen of the City of New York.

In accordance with the provisions of its Charter, the New York Catholic Protectory has the honor to present its 47th Annual Report.

While gratified in being able to announce constant improvement in the facilities of the institution for caring for and educating the inmates, this progress is not accomplished without many anxieties and disappointments. The past year we have been deprived by death of two valuable associates. Mr. James R. Floyd, a former President and a member of the Board of Managers since 1871, died on the 6th of April. For this long period Mr. Floyd was a zealous worker for the welfare of the institution, and no member took greater pleasure or satisfaction in its service. Mr. Robert J. Hoguet, who was elected a member of the Board in 1883, and served as Treasurer for a number of years, died on the 8th of October. Always earnest, and ready to assist in every measure proposed to benefit the children and to promote the progress of the

Protectory, his death is greatly deplored by his associates. Testimonial resolutions adopted by the Board are appended to this report.

The number of children present on the 30th of September 1908, was		2,481
Received on commitment:		
From New York City (Courts)	1,206	
From New York City (Department of Charities)	243	
Received from Westchester County	100	
Received from other counties	30	
Intrusted by parents and guardians	97	
Received free	17	
Returned from trial	91	1,784
Total number cared for		4,265
Discharged to parents and guardians	240	
Discharged to parents and guardians on trial	1,086	
Discharged to parents and guardians out of the State	41	
Placed in homes, including St. Philip's Home	221	
Returned to Court	32	
Transferred to Parental School, hospitals, etc	192	
Absconded	12	
Died	4	1,828
Remaining 30th of September, 1909		2,437
Of which were—Boys	1,595	
Girls	540	
Small boys	302	
The number actually present this date, December 31st, 1909, is		2,320

Protectory Photo Class.

Band.

The average time of residence of 1,508 boys discharged was 15⅔ months; of 250 girls, 32½ months, and of 115 small boys, 18 months. 6,708 visits have been made by our examiners of homes, and they report on the examination of 642 cases of children discharged on trial, as follows:

Found doing well	505	
Doing fairly well	27	
Doing poorly and doubtful	24	
Returned to the Protectory	32	
Committed to other institutions	23	
Died	3	
Not found	28	— 642

Few of the Catholic children coming under the control of the Department of Charities have been committed to this institution in recent years. There has been, however, an increased number received during the past year, presumably as the result of a careful examination by Commissioner Hebberd, in November, 1908, of the Female Department—an inspection of the inmates and the care exercised in their classification and education. We have claimed constantly, and shall continue to urge, that the Girls' Department cannot be considered a reformatory, or even a home for delinquent children.

In the investigation of homes preparatory to discharge and after children have been paroled, the Protectory has for several years taken an advanced position, and realizes that the good work done in the institution becomes of no avail in a great number of cases, unless intelligent probation work follows the discharge. Volunteer probation work by the Society of St. Vincent De Paul, the Juvenile Probation Association of Brooklyn, the Big Brothers and others, accomplishes much, but it is believed that probation practised and supervised by officers

connected with the institution where the child has resided for a considerable time, can be more effective and beneficial. It is hoped that the provision now made by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for the supervision of children placed in foster homes, will be extended to all those paroled to their parents and relatives, thus enabling us to provide additional probation officers. The influence of this supervision on the relatives of the children, largely responsible for their faults, is equally important to that exercised over the children themselves.

It is with satisfaction that we allude to the action of the Legislature of 1909, in amending Section 2186 of Chapter 88 of the Laws of 1909, preventing the conviction of children under sixteen years of age of crime. As we understand the purpose of this law, it is undoubtedly to avoid the placing of any stigma upon the children for thoughtless or wayward acts, the nature of which, because of their surroundings and neglect, they cannot understand, and for which, therefore, they should not receive punishment. There are some Justices of the Court who do not seem to realize the benevolent purpose of the Legislature, and when committing children for "juvenile delinquency," as required by the law, load the commitment with a detailed description of facts which constitute a crime, thus virtually nullifying the intent of the law.

The Commission on Inferior Criminal Courts, appointed in 1908 by Governor Hughes, has made careful study of the practice of the Childrens Courts, and it is expected will make valuable suggestions to the Legislature which will result in further improvement in the methods of these courts.

The amendment of Section 667 of the Greater New York Charter, permitting the commitment of children to institutions giving manual and industrial training approved by the State Board of Charities, until they shall attain the age of eighteen

years, was another beneficent act of the Legislature of 1909. It will enable large boys committed to institutions, and without relatives or proper homes to care for them, to acquire a trade which will permit them to more readily obtain employment and save many from returning to evil companions on their discharge. Heretofore many of such boys have been prematurely discharged without equipment or preparation for life's work.

The Protectory has had the pleasure of assisting at the National and State Conferences of Charities held during the year. The President and Rev. Brother Barnabas, Director of the Lincoln Agricultural School, were privileged to attend the Conference on the Care of Dependent Children in Washington, called by President Roosevelt in January. Contrary to the practice of the National Conference and the various State Conferences of Charities and Correction, this Conference, after two days of interesting and instructive discussion of child-caring work, adopted a platform comprised in a series of resolutions, which expressed the consensus of opinion of the Conference. This platform had the unanimous approval of the members, and has been published with the proceedings as Senate Document No. 721.

The placing out of such of our inmates as have no proper homes to receive them, after a reasonable time passed in the institution, continues to receive our constant attention. Two additional agents have been employed, and we may hope to make provision for a larger number of boys and girls in foster homes, and to give them more efficient supervision.

St. Philip's Home, under Rev. Brother Paulian, has sustained its previous reputation, and is accomplishing the same results with a larger number of children than in previous years. The committee in charge has given its most cordial support and assistance.

It was expected that the two buildings in course of con-

struction last year at the Lincoln Agricultural School would be ready to receive children in August. The later decision of the Board of Managers to construct a central building in which would be located the heating and lighting apparatus, the kitchen, class-rooms, etc., has delayed the use of the new plant at Lincolndale. We expect, however, to have the three buildings completed in February. This school, under Rev. Brother Barnabas, has already demonstrated, with about fifty boys housed in the two frame cottages found on the premises, what can be done to elevate and instruct the poor boys of the city into self-respecting, happy youth in the open country, with rural pursuits and free from the restrictions of the walled institution. The new structures nearly completed at Lincolndale have cost $225,000. This added to the cost of the farms, new dairy barn and repairs of old houses, barns, etc., has raised the investment there to the amount of $400,000.

It is claimed by the management of the Protectory that the provision of this school, with St. Philip's Home, and the attention given to the placing out of children, places the institution in the front rank. For several years we have received no considerable contributions from the public to aid in the development of this extensive work. Fortunately, the wisdom of the founders of the Protectory provided it with lands in Westchester which have so improved in value that we have been able to realize from the sale of fifteen acres, and by increasing the mortgage, about $250,000, to apply to the expenditure at Lincolndale. The mortgage on the Westchester institution is now $420,000. It may not be practicable or advisable to move all of our population to Lincolndale, and therefore we shall probably be under the necessity of sustaining two institutions for some years, if not permanently. Shall we not receive financial aid from those interested in the welfare of the poor children of our city and the rescuing of thousands from

evil environment and bad example? What greater good can be accomplished than the provision of proper surroundings and educational opportunities, so that these children may be changed into healthy, intelligent and ambitious youth, preparing them for honest service to society and the State?

Thankful for the co-operation and courtesy of the Justices of the Childrens Court, the Commissioner of Charities, the Comptroller and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, we commend the zeal of Rev. Brother Henry and his Brother assistants, and of Rev. Sister Antoninus and the Sisters of Charity, and look forward to the higher and more perfect usefulness of this institution in the coming years.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE B. ROBINSON,

President.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MALE DEPARTMENT

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

I hereby submit a detailed account of the progress of the Male Department for the past year.

In this era of great advancement (and almost constant development) along all the lines of human endeavor, it behooves us, from time to time, to make a thorough study of the workings of our Institution, under the light of recent social and economic developments and according to the best pedagogic thought, in order that the school may be abreast with what is most suitable and becoming and appropriate in the training of our young charges. From its inception, the history of the Protectory shows a series of readjustments to meet vital requirements. More than forty years ago, when the Institution was founded, it applied the most advanced educational principles to the training of youth, and in the light of recent educational thought and practical utility, the wisdom of this course has been demonstrated.

The shapers of the policies of the Institution have always recognized the principle that the training of the hand should accompany the usual school studies, and that vocational studies should not be postponed till mature years, but should be begun

earlier, so as to accustom the boy to what may afterward prove to be the means of earning his own livelihood, when he shall have left the Institution. The large place that these vocational studies have acquired in the modern curriculum, and the enthusiasm with which these studies are pursued throughout the country, have long ago proved the wisdom of the founders of these courses.

During the past year, and at considerable labor and expense, several of our industrial training departments and classes have been reorganized and enlarged, and every field of activity throughout the Institution has been put on a sound educational basis, so that while hands are busy, reasons are given as to the best manner in which the simplest things should be done.

Printing in all its branches, tailoring, shoemaking, laundry work, manual training in various forms, industrial and ornamental drawing, painting, sign painting, wheelwrighting, blacksmithing, bricklaying and stone work, baking in its different branches, plumbing and carpentry, keep hundreds of our boys busy; while the boiler room, engine room, and dynamo room afford a valuable training for many others. Laziness is a great cause of waywardness, and all the efforts that can be made to overcome it receive cordial encouragement.

In opening the Lincoln Agricultural School, the Institution has branched out, or rather enlarged a part of the work which was begun at the foundation of the Institution, but which was somewhat arrested by multiplying activities in the industrial departments. The rapid growth of the city around the Protectory, and the open condition of our farm, gave us but little encouragement to work the land, as a considerable part of the produce would be taken by outsiders. The acquisition of the property at Lincolndale has so far given us hope that a large number of the boys of the Protectory will be trained in agricultural pursuits, and thus enable them to begin life on

a farm, with a taste and a training for the work, and the probability that they will make it their life-work. However, if they do not elect to remain on the farm, and return to the city later on in life, they will have passed the trying period of their lives under conditions that will help them to be good men and assist them in many ways in after-life.

A large number of the boys know next to nothing of ordinary school branches when they come to us. They have gone to school but seldom, have been truant players, and have a very strong disinclination to study. To overcome this indisposition is at times very difficult, and entails great labor on the part of the teacher; it is indeed very trying to have them acquire some of the ordinary facts and training that are so essential. One of the prominent educators of our state recently spoke of the atrocious intellectual slovenliness, inaccuracy and vagueness which to-day characterize pupils in all American schools, colleges and universities. Are we to marvel, then, that we meet with so many characters which, notwithstanding the liberality of our great Metropolis, fail to make use of the many advantages for intellectual improvement which are to be met with almost at their very doors? Is it not the restless spirit which our modern life seems to foster that is responsible for a large share of this intellectual and moral slovenliness, which teachers find so great a foe to normal advancement?

Owing to the large number of boys received and discharged, our classes have constantly to be re-formed and re-graded. Monthly competitions and examinations are made and the progress of each boy noted.

If children who have been for several years attending school only desultorily, come to us with a small amount of elementary knowledge, it is not always within our power to advance them as much as we feel they need, and as far as modern requirements demand. The endowment and equipment of each in-

Protectory Photo Class.

Band Practicing.

dividual vary. Some instructors have been slow to admit the fact, but a more general recognition of the truth has become apparent in modern programmes of study.

The courses of lectures so kindly provided by the Department of Education have been of service to the mental life of the boys, and have opened up new vistas of thought. The Institution has provided other lectures on various topics of interest, so that the boys receive a large share of knowledge of general value that helps to broaden their minds and give them proper ideas on subjects of great utility.

The following is the course of lectures given by the Board of Education:

Tuesday, October 6th: Mr. Henry George, Jr.—"Wonders of New Japan." The scenic beauty of the Empire, and the great economic, political, educational and scientific changes in the last four decades. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, October 13th: Mr. Elias W. Thompson—"A Week in an Indian Camp." Indian Territory; the civilized and uncivilized tribes; the camp at Medicine Bluff. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, October 27th: Mr. Herbert N. Casson—"The Evolution of Kindness." The growth of humaneness in American civil and social life. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, November 3d: James Rosedale, M: D.—"Manners and Customs of Palestine." The physical features of the country; its people; its past grandeur and the reasons for its downfall. Illustrated by customs and stereopticon views.

Tuesday, November 17th: Mr. Clinton G. Abbott—"Our Native Birds." Observations of bird life; the habits of different specie; personal experiences in photographing birds. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, November 24th: Mr. Frank S. Colburn—"Uncle Sam's Own Story of the Declaration of Independence." The days of '76, the scene in Independence Hall, and the immortal men who signed the Declaration.

Tuesday, December 8th: Dr. James A. Cruikshank—"Hunting Wolves on Snow Shoes." Three weeks winter camping in Ontario, and the adventures which befell; the habits of the wolf, and the necessity of protecting game. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, December 15th: Subject and Lecturer to be announced.

Tuesday, January 5th: Mr. Paul Kamerer—"From Reveille to Taps." Illustrated with songs, readings and bugle calls.

Tuesday, January 19th: Mr. Edward R. Perry—"Success." The men who have done well in the arts, sciences, literature, and the political and social world. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, January 26th: Mr. Oliver Bainbridge—"The Savage South Seas." New Zealand, the Fiji group, the Solomon Islands; Papua; strange customs of a nearly unknown people. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, February 9th: Francis L. Strickland, Ph. D.—"The Picturesque Rhine." The history and legend of the river, and the people who live along its banks. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, February 16th: Isaac C. Sturges, L. H. D.—"The American Flag and the National Anthem." Development of American flag from emblems of the past to its present form, its significance in history. The story of "The Star Spangled Banner." Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, March 2d: Mr. Charles S. Braddock—"Land of the Panung and Yellow Robe." Life, customs and man-

ners in Siam and the Malay Peninsula. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Tuesday, March 16th: MR. EDMUND SEVERN—"Violin and Piano Recital." Showing the cause of variety in national music. Illustrated by musical selections.

Tuesday, March 30th: Subject and Lecturer to be announced.

Tuesday, April 13th: MR. FRANK S. COLBURN—"Uncle Sam's Own Story of the Declaration of Independence." The days of '76; the scene in Independence Hall, and the immortal men who signed the Declaration.

Tuesday, April 27th: MR. GARDNER RICHARDSON—"The Fishing Fleets of the Grand Banks." The life of a Gloucester fisherman told by one who has lived with the men and has experienced the joys and trials of their lives. Illustrated by stereopticon views.

Our stereopticon and moving picture machines have been constantly employed throughout the year. Both are gifts to the Institution; one was presented many years ago, and the other last year. These machines have been very beneficial in teaching and in providing amusement. If your Honorable Body would provide us with a reflectoscope, it would enlarge our facilities for broader instruction in the current topics of the day. These pictures increase and intensify impressions, and cause a development in the child's mind that is hardly possible in any other way.

The National and Church holidays have been appropriately celebrated. Their meaning, bearing and influence have been brought out, and patriotism diligently fostered. Our cosmopolitan population must be taught a proper recognition of our country, its laws and its institutions; hence the necessity for a suitable celebration of our National festivals as a means of fostering a National spirit. Games and sports of various kinds have been cultivated, and the spontaneous and hearty manner

in which the boys engage in them cannot fail to please all lovers of children. Proper accommodations for the children's amusement are as necessary as any others in an institution. Few schools devote such extensive areas to playgrounds as does the Protectory. Play properly engaged in is a great help to cheerfulness, and good, wholesome discipline.

The band has maintained its high grade of efficiency, by constant teaching and skillful practise. The orchestra is doing well. Both organizations teach several hundred boys each year, and while many do not remain long enough to make the best use of the opportunity afforded them, still the greater number profit by their advantages and attain a considerable amount of musical knowledge, and ability to play different instruments. Professor Michael Ryan, leader of the band, and Professor Chas. Van Ghele, leader of the orchestra, should feel proud of their work, and are to be congratulated on their results. Our choir of nearly four hundred voices is making commendable progress under the direction of Professor Joseph Marcks.

I am deeply grateful that legal enactment has taken away the stigma of crime from any culpable act committed by a child under sixteen years of age. To blight a growing career because one has committed some wrong act when young, is to dampen desire for well-doing and prevent one from achieving the full measure of one's future good impulses. New York is to be congratulated on the wisdom of its legislation.

Religion is the basis of all sound morality and national betterment. As President Taft says, "The better the man keeps the laws of the Church, the better American citizen he will be." Our motto is, for God and Country. A boy who is true to the Ten Commandments will be true to the laws and institutions of his country. Hence the Brothers lay great stress on the systematic and careful training of the boys in religious knowl-

Interior of Chapel, Male Department.

edge as the only true foundation for proper conduct. The ignorance of religion which so many of the boys display when received, can hardly be credited. Each year the boys go through the exercises of a spiritual retreat, conducted by members of a religious order. It lasts a week, but does not interfere with the ordinary school work. This retreat, by its powerful sermons and instructions, has a stimulating influence in eradicating evil and promoting good.

I am very thankful to all who have contributed to the well-being of the Institution. It is well to bear in mind that no institution has so many receptions and discharges as our own. The responsibility resting upon us is very great, and it is our constant thought to do all the good we possibly can to the boys committed to our care, so that their stay in the Protectory may be of the greatest service.

St. Philip's Home is a great adjunct to the work we have on hand. The Lincoln Agricultural School will give us opportunities which, I trust, will prove of great utility. These two departments of the Institution demand a considerable part of my time and attention. It is to be hoped that the boys requiring special medical treatment at Lincolndale will not be returned to the parent Institution, but that some other provision be made for them.

The condition of the House of Reception and Eye Department demands that they be replaced as soon as possible by a suitable building.

We are very thankful to you, gentlemen of the Board of Managers, for the great interest you have taken in the affairs of the Institution. This has been displayed in so many ways that it would require a large amount of space to enumerate them.

The death of Mr. Robert J. Hoguet is felt as a personal loss by all the Brothers. My relations with him were of the most

friendly and intimate character. In him the Protectory and Catholic interests in general have lost a powerful friend. His own excellent work for the welfare of the Protectory, and the noble traditions of his venerated father, remain with us as prolific sources of consolation and encouragement. One of his last public acts was to place his old family residence on Riverside Drive at the service of the boys so they might witness the naval parade of the Hudson-Fulton celebration.

To our Chaplains, Rev. John J. Hopkins and Rev. Louis Riccio, we are grateful for the systematic course of sermons preached during the past year. Brothers and boys fully realize the value of those sermons. I wish to express to these reverend gentlemen my thanks for their personal courtesy to me and the Brothers in general, and for the interest they take in the Institution. By their teaching, sermons, exhortations and the administration of the sacraments, they have greatly aided in the improvement of the boys.

A glance at the reports of our excellent and painstaking physicians will convey an impression of the great work that they have done for the health and well-being of the boys. The frequent examinations, the attention, etc., have all aided in the harmonious running of the Protectory.

I wish also to express my hearty thanks to the following named clergy and Rectors of the Bronx, who came to help in the hearing of the monthly confessions during the past year:

Rt. Rev. Monsignor McKenna, Rector, St. Raymond's; Rev. Peter J Farrell, Rector, St. Joseph's, Tremont; Rev. Francis Fagan, Rector, St. Pius'; Rev. Denis O'Neil, Chaplain, Clason Point Military Academy; Rev. John Carr, Rector, Williamsbridge; Rev. John McGrath, Rector, St. Thomas', New York City; Rev. Daniel J. Curley, Rector, Our Lady of Solace; Rev. Denis Coyle, Rector, St. Thomas Aquinas', West Farms; Rev. Father Stehle, Rector, Church of the Holy Family; Rev.

Father Cassineto, Rector, Williamsbridge; Rev. Father Devivo, Rector, Van Nest; Rev. Michael Walsh, St. Raymond's; Rev. Michael Kelleher, Our Lady of Solace; Rev. Gregory O'Brien, St. Pius'. Rev. Walter Gilmore, who was changed from the Protectory, and who does not forget the very pleasant year he spent among us, offers his services whenever needed. I congratulate Father Gilmore on his promotion, and wish him God-speed in his new field of labor.

I have to express my thanks to Rev. Brother E. Victor, Visitor, who gives so much of his time to the studies of the classes, and who tries to meet the particular requirements of each teacher. His examinations are of great value both to boys and teachers.

It is with deep sorrow that I announce the death of Rev. Brother Joseph. In him the boys lost a dear friend—a friend who was deeply interested in their moral and intellectual training. Although Brother Joseph is dead, he still lives with us in his works, and we know him now better than we did before. R. I. P.

To Mr. Geo. B. Robinson, President, we owe much, for his ever ready willingness to help, for his weekly visits and encouraging words. Mr. Robinson's time is wholly given to the Protectory, and given gratuitously. And to you, gentlemen of the Board, I will add an expression of my unqualified appreciation of the wisdom you at all times display in the management of the affairs of the Institution. I thank you for your unvarying kindness to me and your hearty co-operation in all things pertaining to the advancement of the children and to the best interests of the Protectory. I am more than satisfied with the manner in which all the members of the Board have discharged their duties toward the children committed to our care.

Respectfully submitted,

BROTHER HENRY, *Rector.*

REPORT OF THE DIRECTRESS OF THE FEMALE DEPARTMENT

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN :

As we open our report for the year 1909, the centennial of the founding of the American Sisters of Charity by Mother Elizabeth Seton, we cannot but remember how intense was her interest in, how maternal her love for poor children. Could that saintly foundress have foreseen the establishment of such an institution as the Catholic Protectory, with its hundreds of poor children guided and taught by her daughters, it would have more than compensated for the trials and sufferings of her initial work under southern skies.

The year has brought us much to be thankful for—excellent health on the part of our numerous family; intellectual, industrial, and moral progress in the various departments; harmony and good feeling among the many whose labors and interests are intertwined in this great undertaking. The work of the schoolrooms has moved steadily forward; and on the occasion of the examination of the classes by the Reverend Samuel A. Ludlow, Assistant Supervisor of Catholic Charities, this gentleman expressed himself well pleased with the scholastic conditions, the department of little boys being especially commendable.

Protectory Photo Class.

Violin Class.

The older girls are encouraged to prepare for the regents semiannual examinations, and many have done themselves credit, some even securing honors. It is difficult to make ready for these periodical tests, because of the frequent changes in the classes, by withdrawal or admission.

The industrial training, which includes sewing, knitting, the making of dresses and other garments, and domestic work of various kinds, is carefully carried on. At the present day, when so much is said and written of manual training, it is well to remember that, from the beginning, this has been one of the distinctive features of the Protectory. Over and above its other merits, manual work is also an outlet for energy that might otherwise be expended not quite so profitably.

Last spring, the Sacrament of Confirmation was conferred on a band of children by the Right Reverend Thomas F. Cusack, Auxiliary Bishop of New York. The Bishop afterward visited the Female Department, imparting his blessing, and, by his kindly words, making glad the hearts of his hearers.

The annual retreat is becoming more and more an essential element in the year's moral training. To have made even once in a life-time, such a series of spiritual exercises as was here conducted by the Reverend Terence Shealy, S. J., is a soul-education in itself. It cannot fail to make an ineffaceable impression. More than food and clothing, more than any merely temporal good, is a retreat to these youthful strugglers who must soon go forth to face life's battles.

The institution was highly honored last May by a visit from the Most Reverend Archbishop Falconio, Apostolic Delegate, accompanied by a number of distinguished gentlemen. His Excellency addressed the children in the assembly hall, expressing much pleasure at their bright and cheerful appearance. His blessing was bestowed and a holiday granted, making the occasion a red-letter day, indeed.

Many necessary repairs have been accomplished, very economically, however, as the major part of the work was performed by our local carpenter, painter and plumber. A wire fence which has been put in place, is a marked improvement, and adds much to the appearance of the grounds.

We regret that a note of sadness should enter into our report; but we must be permitted to express our deep sorrow at the loss, by death, of two tried and lifelong friends of the institution, Mr. James R. Floyd and Mr. Robert J. Hoguet. Their memory shall ever be held in affectionate and grateful veneration at the Protectory.

With sincere thanks to our devoted Chaplains, Reverend J. J. Hopkins and Reverend L. Riccio, for devotedness to the spiritual care of the children; to Doctor R. A. Joyce, Doctor C. C. Bradley, Doctor M. J. Tierney, and Doctor W. G. Stack, for their untiring labors in their respective fields of service; to our honored President and the gentlemen of the Board, for their paternal goodness to us all,—we conclude this brief retrospect of the year just closed.

Respectfully submitted,

SISTER M. ANTONINUS.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN, MALE DEPARTMENT

NEW YORK, October 31st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following is the report of the cases treated during the year ending September 30th, 1909:

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Measles	1
Parotitis	14
Intermittent Fever	9
Diphtheria	1
Purpura Hemorrhagica	2
Dysentery	2
Leucæmia	1
Syphilis, Congenital	6
Pulmonary Tuberculosis (Latent and Chronic)	25
Erysipelas	1
Influenza	23
Acute Rheumatism	14
Typhoid Fever	5

DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

Tonsillitis	40
Acute Catarrhal Enteritis	26
Acute Catarrhal Gastritis	27
Acute Gastro Enteritis	30
Acute Gastritis	1
Acute Duodenitis	2

DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

Acute Bronchitis	3
Acute Pleurisy	6
Acute Lobar Pneumonia	6
Acute Broncho Pneumonia	4
Double Central Pneumonia	2
Acute Laryngitis	2

DISEASES OF THE HEART AND BLOOD VESSELS.

Acute Endocarditis	2
Acute Pericarditis	3
Chronic Valvular Lesions	6

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Epilepsy	1
Chorea	2
Hysteria	3

DISEASE OF THE SKIN.

Acne	7
Eczema (Acute and Chronic)	16
Scabies	2
Tinea Tonsurans	2
Herpes Zoster	5
Psoriasis	1
Dermatitis	3
Ichthyosis	1
Erythema	6

Cadets. St. Joseph's Division

SURGICAL.

Abscesses	36
Abscesses (Tuberculous)	1
Necrosis of the Bone	1
Appendicitis	3
Osteomyelitis	1
Cellulitis	4
Enlarged Glands	4
Hernia	4
Varicocele	2
Wounds	30
Fractures	9
Burns and Scalds	9

DEATHS.

Leucæmia	1
Chronic Pneumonia	1
Osteomyelitis	1

During the year, no epidemics of contagious or infectious diseases occurred. The nearest approach to a general infection manifested itself in the mild outbreak of typhoid fever noted above. The focus of infection in this instance originated outside of the institution, the disease developing among a group of newly-received boys, and through isolation spreading no further.

In the case of pulmonary tuberculosis, the usual happy results followed the outdoor treatment customarily employed. Comparatively few transfers to tuberculosis hospitals were necessary, those afflicted in this manner regaining a fair degree of health as a common result of treatment, and in certain cases obtaining virtually a cure. The boys who were, owing to their grave condition, removed to tuberculosis hospitals, were—with the exception of one fatal case—returned to the Protectory with

the disease quiescent or, for the time being, cured. With the special attention given them here upon their return, they have, in general, continued well, and are no longer active sources of contagion. In this connection, it may be remarked that no such effects were obtainable a decade ago. They demonstrate the gratifying improvement in the understanding and care of pulmonary tuberculosis, particularly as respects the hospitals which are given to work of this character.

For many years the Protectory was a veritable dumping-ground for various correctional homes and orphan asylums having children physically and mentally deficient under their care. No hesitation seems to have been felt, under such circumstances, in having their undesirable wards turned over to this institution. In consequence of such arrangement, boys who would not be received elsewhere were admitted here. While the purpose in receiving them was charitable, the presence of mentally insufficient, delicate and crippled children of necessity hampered the Brothers and the medical staff in their work. With the present wise policy of the Board of Managers, such boys are now transferred to hospitals or to homes which are properly equipped to care for their respective conditions. In this manner the class of children mentioned find asylums fitted to their needs, which it is not possible to provide for here, and the Protectory is enabled to procure a uniformity of results in its medical work—especially in the special branches—which heretofore it has been unable to obtain.

The general health of the boys has been excellent. Notwithstanding their large number and, necessarily, illness proportionate to their number, during the year now ended the mortality was low, there being but three deaths. The provisions made by the Protectory for the care of the boys in accordance with the teachings of hygiene and sanitation, without overlooking their requirements in the way of recreation, mental as well as phy-

sical, together with the resulting contentment and cheerfulness, have contributed in large measure to the production of a standard of health which has enabled the boys to ward off infections and to withstand disease. The Brother Infirmarian, with his many years of experience and untiring devotion, and his able assistants, are further factors in this satisfactory outcome.

Respectfully submitted,

JOSEPH W. DROOGAN,
Attending Physician.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN, FEMALE DEPARTMENT

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following is the report of cases treated during the year ending September 30th, 1909:

CASES TREATED.

Rheumatism (Chronic)	1
Rheumatism (Acute)	3
Pneumonia (Acute-Lobar)	11
Bronchitis (Acute)	8
Tonsillitis	13
Tuberculosis of Lungs	1
Pleurisy (Acute)	1
Diphtheria	9
La Grippe	3
Parotiditis	1
Tubercular Knee Joint	1
Scarlatina	1
Varicella	1
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis	1
Malarial Fever (different types)	13

Cadets Exercising. St. Aloysius Division

Manual Training. Draughting Room.

Acute Nephritis	1
Disease of Heart (Organic)	2
Appendicitis (Operation)	1
Diarrhœa (Simple)	20
Entero Colitis	1
Constipation (Obstinate)	7
Chorea	6
Synovitis Knee Joint	1
Ex Ophthalmic Goitre	1
Hysteria	2
Convulsions (due to indigestion)	2
Concussion of Brain (due to fall)	1
Neurasthenia	1
Abscesses	18
Fracture of Thigh	2
Contusions of Arm	1
Incised Wound of Hand	1
Ringworm of Scalp	2
Herpes Zoster	2

Deaths—Pneumonia, 1; Acute Nephritis, 1; Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis, 1. Total, 3.

Respectfully submitted,

R. A. JOYCE, M. D.,

Attending Physician.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN OF THE HOUSE OF RECEPTION, 415 Broome Street

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NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following report of cases is of all children received and examined at the House of Reception, No. 415 Broome Street, New York City, during the year 1908-1909:

PULMONARY DISEASES.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis	10
Bronchitis	7

CARDIAC DISEASES.

Organic	8
Functional	5

EYE DISEASES.

Trachoma	52
Conjunctivitis, Catarrhal	2
Conjunctivitis, Purulent	6
Blepharitis Marginalis	8
Strabismus or Squint	10
Hordeolum or Stye	2
Cataract	2

Nose and Throat Diseases.

Enlarged Tonsils	37
Acute Tonsillitis	2
Follicular Tonsillitis	3
Rhinitis	5
Adenoids (marked symptoms)	12

Skin Diseases.

Scabies or Itch	36
Pediculosis	10
Impetigo Contagiosa	6
Ichthyosis or Fish Skin	2
Tinea Circinata or Ring Worm of Body	2
Alopecia Circumscripta	1
Furuncle or Boil	1
Hypertrichiasis	1
Nevolipoma	1
Eczema	2
Psoriasis	5

Nervous and Mental Diseases.

Epilepsy (History)	4
Imbecility	1
Chorea	1
Defective Mental Development	2

Genito-Urinary Diseases.

Gonorrhœa	1
Syphilis (Hereditary)	19
Masturbation, Excessive (admitted)	8
Varicocele	18
Rhinitis	1
Epispadias	3

CONTAGIOUS AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Influenza	1
Measles	1
Diphtheria	1

MALFORMATION AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Hernia, Abdominal	1
Hernia, Umbilical	2
Hernia, Right Inguinal	7
Hernia, Left Inguinal	2
Hernia, Right Scrotal	3
Hernia, Left Scrotal	3
Scoliosis (Lateral Curvature of Spine)	1
Hip Joint Disease	1
Congenital Double Hip Joint Dislocation	1
Genu Varum or Knock Knee	2
Ankylosis of Joints	1
Deformity of Left Forearm Due to Fracture	1

MALFORMATIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Deformities due to Burns	7
Pigeon Breasted	4
Fracture of Forearm (Colles)	2
Paralysis of Arm	1
Paralysis of Face	1
Excision of Cervical Glands	2
Cyst of Neck	1
Anæmia	1

The House of Reception, as the name implies, receives children under commitment, where their records are taken, they are examined for contagious diseases, and vaccinated.

The regular routine of examination is as follows: Inspection of eyes, throat, and body. They are then questioned regarding any history of Tuberculosis, Epilepsy, etc. Should

Protectory Photo Class.

Carpenter Shop.

Protectory Photo Class.

Machine Shop.

any symptom or indication of a physical defect be observed, they are taken aside and a thorough examination made. In this way contagious and other diseases are at times discovered and forwarded to their respective hospitals. Following these examinations, the children are vaccinated, and their records taken as to number, age, nativity, with condition of health. With the exception of girls and small boys, they are then transferred to the Westchester Home by wagon about four o'clock. The children are not usually received at this office long before this time, and it is obvious that during the short stay a thorough physical examination of each and every child is impossible, and no doubt cases of Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Heart Lesions and some minor ailments are liable to be received at the Institution. However, through examination and continual observation, these cases are detected and cared for at the Protectory.

Among the diseases above tabulated, Trachoma, Enlarged Tonsils and Scabies will be found most prevalent. Is it surprising, considering the unhygienic surroundings, habitude and predisposition which most of these children are subject to before entering?

A marked difference is at onced noticed in those returning home, that have been at the Institution for a time. They are well nourished, and their healthy, bright appearance, mannerisms, etc., all tend to show what has been accomplished for these children.

In reference to St. Philip's Home (as during the previous year), the health of the boys has been exceptionally good, requiring practically no medical attention, with the exception of a few cases in the early part of the year. This is no doubt due to the excellent care they receive under the continual supervision of our worthy Rev. Brother Paulian.

Respectfully submitted,

OTTO CHAS. THUM, M. D.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING OPHTHALMOLOGIST

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following is the report of the Ophthalmological cases treated in the Male and Female Departments of the New York Catholic Protectory at Westchester, from October 1st, 1908, to October 1st, 1909:

MALE DEPARTMENT.

Blepharitis Marginalis	9
Chalazion (Operation)	8
Conjunctivitis (Simple)	154
Conjunctivitis (Follicular)	46
Conjunctivitis (Phlyctenular)	11
Contusion of Eyeball	13
Corneal Opacities (Old)	14
Hordeolum	12
Hyphaema	5
Iritis	2
Keratitis (Phlyctenular)	2
Keratitis (Interstitial)	3
Keratitis (Trachomatous)	4
Keratitis (Traumatic)	3
Strabismus (Operation)	3
Trachoma	111
Trachoma (Operation)	26

During the year, 93 of the newly-admitted children showed Trachoma, and 106 some other form of conjunctival disease.

Of the Trachoma cases treated during the year (111), there have been 86 discharged cured.

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Blepharitis Marginalis	2
Conjunctivitis (Simple)	22
Conjunctivitis (Follicular)	7
Conjunctivitis (Phlyctenular)	14
Hordeolum	2
Keratitis (Phlyctenular)	4
Keratitis (Trachomatous)	1
Trachoma	16

During the year, 9 of the newly-admitted children showed Trachoma, and 15 some other form of conjunctival disease.

In the Male Department, 7.7 per cent. showed Trachoma on admission, and 9.4 per cent. some other form of conjunctival disease, making a total of 17.1 per cent.

In the Female Department, 2 per cent. showed Trachoma on admission, and 3 per cent. some other form of conjunctival disease, making a total of 5 per cent.

In 1908, the percentage in the Male Department was 20 per cent., and in the Female Department, 9.9 per cent.

The lessening of the percentages in the admissions during the past year can be explained by the excellent work carried on by the Health Board in the Public Schools, where their system of inspection, and insistence on treatment of detected cases, is proving one of the greatest boons to the people of our great city.

Of the newly-admitted boys, 151 showed defective vision (12.5 per cent.). Of these, 91 showed defective vision of both eyes, and 60 of but one eye. Of the newly-admitted girls, 34

showed defective vision. As many of the girls and young boys admitted to the Female Department are of a tender age, the general percentage could not be estimated.

The defective vision of very many of the cases was due to accidents, injuries or disease, and not to a refractive error. Where it was possible, and necessary, glasses were prescribed, particular care being given to the myopic children, and to those engaged in work that might entail strain on their eyes.

All children are tested on entrance, as formerly, and later, those having shown defective vision are re-tested carefully, although many, owing to their short periods of commitment, return home not greatly benefited.

The same careful segregation of the contagious cases, as formerly, is carried on, and frequent inspections of all the inmates act as a safeguard against relapsing or new cases.

One can not extoll too greatly the unremitting care given to the children by the Rev. Sisters and by the Rev. Brothers, which is shown by the excellent appearance of the children.

We are indebted, as ever, to the Infirmarians in each Department, for their very great assistance in the care of the ocular cases, and to the Rev. Directress, and to the Rev. Director, for their valuable advice on questions concerning the work of our department.

Respectfully submitted,

C. Cole Bradley, M. D.,

Attending Ophthalmologist.

(616 Madison Avenue.)

Protectory Photo Class.

Printing Department. Composing Room.

Protectory Photo Class.

Printing Department. Section of Press Room.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING DENTAL SURGEON, MALE DEPARTMENT

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following is a report of the boys examined and work done during the past year:

Extractions	1,531
Silver Fillings	191
Cement Fillings	111
Combination Fillings (Cement and Silver)	41
Gutta Percha Fillings	24
Treatments	225
	2,123
Mouths examined	4,005

The above report shows a marked decrease in extractions and increase in permanent fillings compared to last year, which proves that we are doing our utmost to improve the condition of the boys under our care, and in doing so, to render the best possible permanent aid in our power.

We have instituted a system whereby the boys, immediately after their first examination by me, are instructed as to the cleaning of their teeth, and we note with pleasure the pride and interest already aroused in the boys as to the necessity and benefit derived from a healthy condition of their mouths and teeth.

During the past year, we have periodically examined all the classes and yards, and can safely state that the condition of the boys' mouths in the N. Y. Catholic Protectory is as good and perhaps better than can be found in any other institution in the United States.

Very few, probably one or two, cases of aggravated abscessed conditions have presented themselves, which is proof that the boys are taking interest in the work, and upon their detecting a slight cavity they present themselves for treatment, instead of waiting until a painful condition exists, as was formerly so often the case.

Dental societies all over the United States are repeatedly appealing for legislative assistance upon humanitarian and charitable grounds for the attending of the teeth of Public School children, which good work is now being more generally recognized by the public at large than heretofore. There is less show of resentment upon the part of intelligent citizens than formerly, at what was regarded as unwarranted extension of paternalism upon the part of the State and Municipal authorities, when efforts having for their object the physical improvement of school children were put into practical operation. The reports on this good work show already a marked improvement in the healthy condition of the children.

We, therefore, in the New York Catholic Protectory are doing our part in this good and charitable work, and no doubt the parents of our wards will recognize the benefits derived therefrom.

In conclusion, I wish to thank the able assistance rendered me by the Rev. Brother Infirmarian and others, and as reported last year, not a single case of serious results has occurred.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. XIQUES, D. D. S.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING DENTAL SURGEON. FEMALE DEPARTMENT

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following is the report of the Dental cases in the Female Department of the New York Catholic Protectory from October 1st, 1908, to September 30th, 1909:

Children Examined	319
Teeth Filled with Amalgam	34
Teeth Filled with Cement	9
Alveolar Abscesses	7
Teeth Extracted	341
Teeth Treated	43

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM H. STACK, D. D. S.

REPORT OF THE ATTENDING LARYNGOLOGIST AND OTOLOGIST

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

The following is a résumé of the work in Otology and Laryngology done during the past year in the Male and Female Departments:

MALE DEPARTMENT.

Examined	1,865
Adenoids Removed	577
Tonsils Removed	338
One Tonsil Removed	17
Cerumen Removed	432
Foreign Body in External Canal	20
Resection of Inferior Lubinate	1
Removal of Septal Ridge	4
Circumscribed External Otitis	3
Chronic Purulent Otitis Media	42

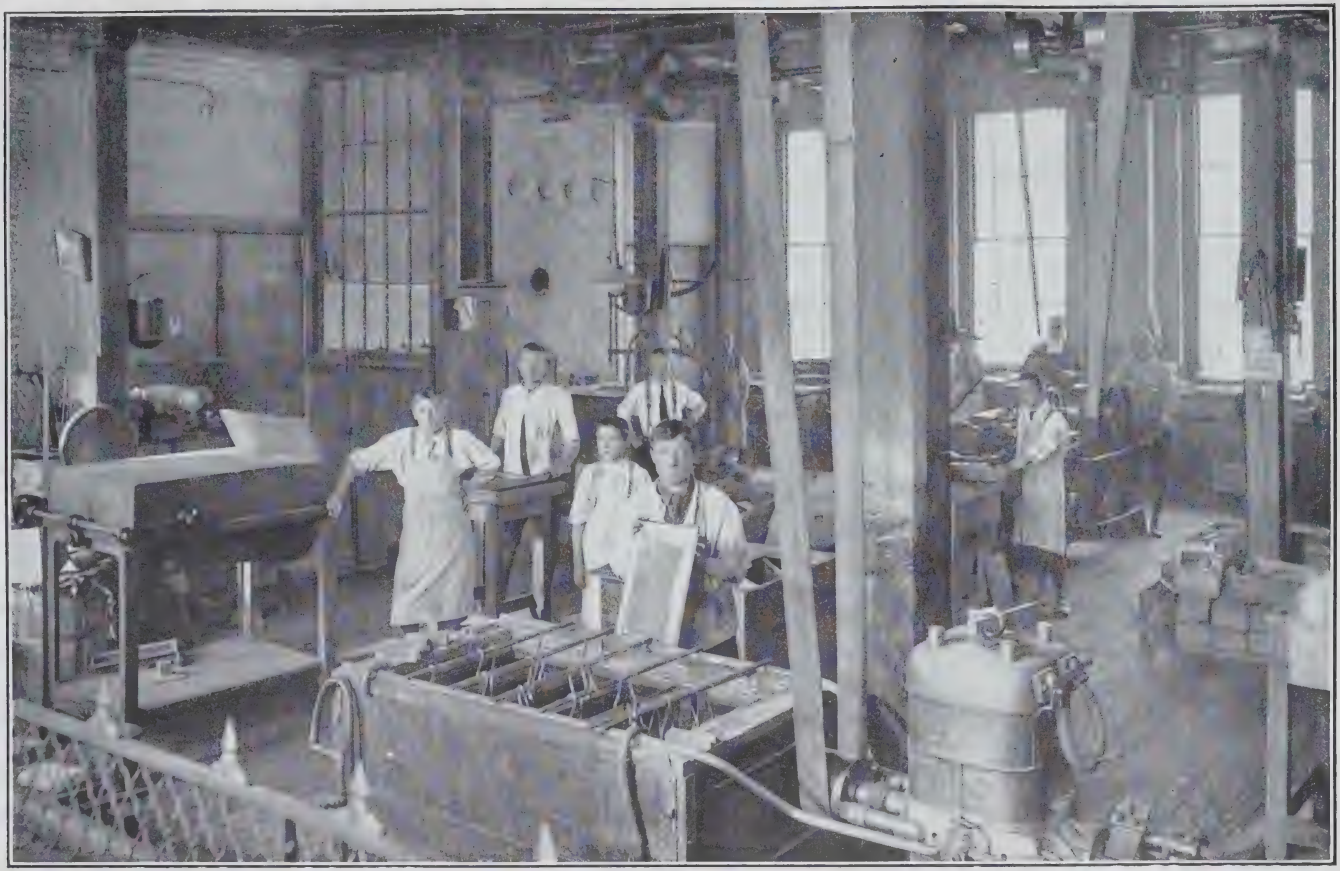
FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Adenoids Removed	160
Tonsils Removed	77
Plastic Operation on Auricle	1
Chronic Purulent Otitis Media	25
Ulcerative Stomatitis	1

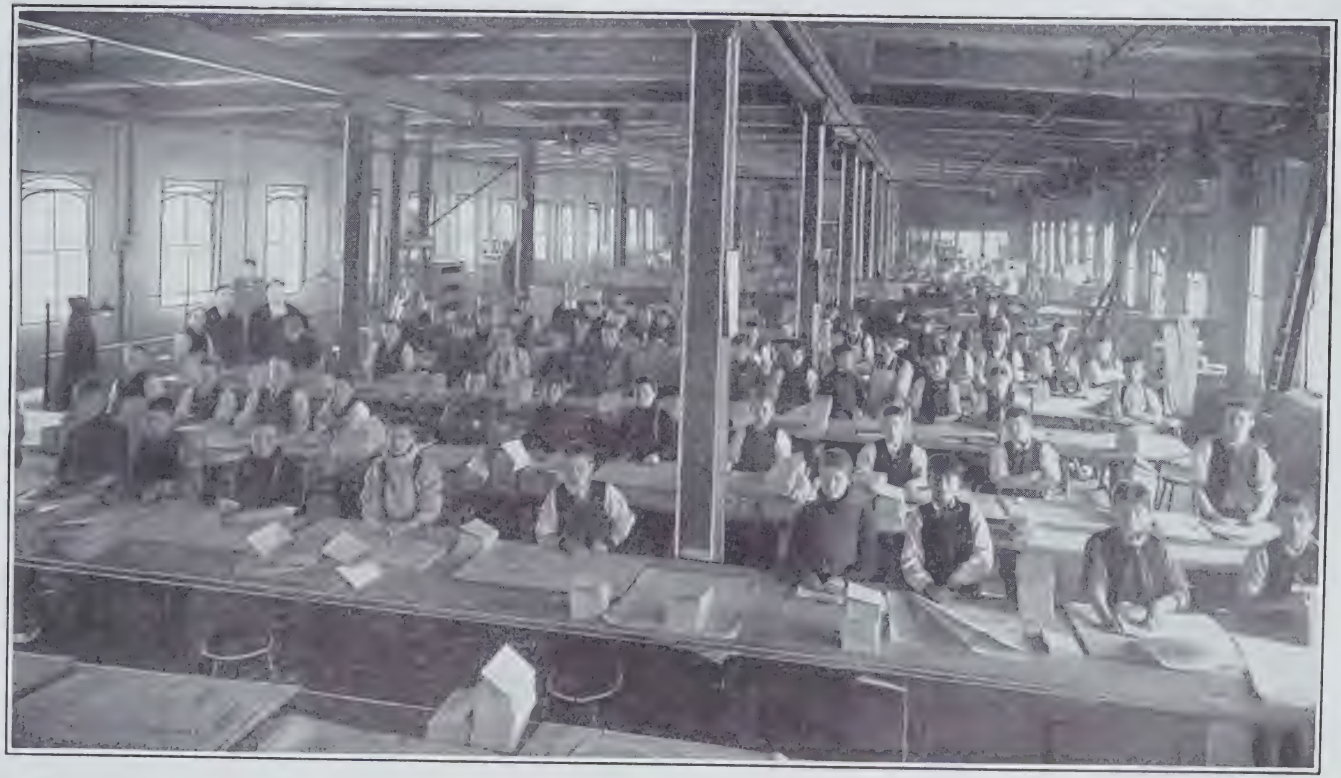
All the operative cases made an uncomplicated recovery. For this freedom from all accidents our grateful thanks are due to the zealous Infirmarians, whose care has made such a record possible.

Respectfully submitted,

MYLES J. TIERNEY, M. D.



Printing Department. Electrotype Room



Printing Office, Book Bindery.

REPORT OF THE PLACING OUT BUREAU

LINCOLNDALE, N. Y., October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN :

I beg herewith to submit to your Honorable Board the report of the Placing Out Bureau for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1909.

The most gratifying feature of the year, as affecting the work of the Placing Out Bureau, is the opening of the Lincoln Agricultural School. As your Board knows, almost every boy coming under the supervision of our bureau finds a home among the farming communities of the State. Heretofore, we have been working at a great disadvantage, because the boys we had to offer for placement were entirely ignorant of farm life, and had no conception of the duties expected of them. In fact, the good people of the country districts had to teach them how to handle the most simple of farm implements, oftentimes at a season of the year when almost every waking moment of the farmer's time was taken up with active farm work. If, under such conditions, your bureau has met with such success in the placement of your young wards, how much greater success is to reward its efforts when, through the agency of the Lincoln Agricultural School, it will receive boys who are not only conversant with the duties of farm life, but are practical and intelligent workers in every department of farm work.

There is no question but that, more than ever, the farmers are in crying need of intelligent and capable farm help, more workers who are interested in their work, and who combine with that interest the ability to make a success of it. Every section of the state has the same cry to-day: "We cannot get the right kind of men; none but tramps and ne'er-do-wells come our way, and we must take them or try to do all the work ourselves." As Professor Bailey, in his address on the occasion the laying of the corner-stone of the new buildings of the Lincoln Agricultural School, well said:

> "I consider this an auspicious day, not only for your particular institution, the corner-stone of which you have laid to-day, but an auspicious day for country life in New York State and in the United States. We are coming to a time when we recognize that agricultural and country life subjects are capable of being the means of training the minds of men and women."

We have, therefore, every hope that the boys trained by the Lincoln School will be just the kind of boys who will be welcomed with open arms by the farmers of our state, who will find in them the practical solution of the help problem.

It naturally will benefit the boys, because, coming, as they do, equipped for what probably will be a life work, their standing will be at once on a higher plane, and they will enter more fully into the spirit of their particular community.

Several of the boys so trained have this year been placed by your Bureau in farm homes, and their letters to us indicate their lively and intelligent interest in all that pertains to their new home. They speak of their crops, the prospect of a good or poor harvest, their cows and horses and chickens. Such is the result of their preliminary training at the Lincoln Agricultural School.

The general health of the boys under our supervision this year has been very good, there being only four cases of illness worthy of mention. These cases have been attended in hospitals, and great improvement or entire cure has resulted.

1 case tumor on nose—Removed.

1 case cataract on eye—Removed.

1 case cripple—Sent to home for cripples at White Plains.

1 case St. Vitus' dance—Much improved through hospital treatment.

The district schools have been visited by our agent, and the reports in most instances have been quite satisfactory. The school attendance in general has been remarkably good, and shows that the families feel the great responsibility upon them to do all possible for the education of the children entrusted to them. We also find a proper spirit both among the families and the children with regard to their religious duties. The pastors who have been visited report very favorably upon the attendance of the children.

We keep in constant and close touch both with the families and the children by correspondence. We find this a most important and gratifying feature of our work, because it supplements our work of visitation, and tends to make more satisfactory our general supervision over the children.

The statistics given on separate sheets furnish more in detail the information regarding the work of the year.

Respectfully submitted,

BROTHER BARNABAS.

Boys on list October 1st, 1908	339	
Boys placed during the year	119	458
Boys returned to Protectory	6	
Boys returned to relatives	15	
Discharged from supervision, being of age or self-supporting	101	
	122	
Boys on list October 1st, 1909	336	458
Original placements for the year	119	
Second placements or transfers	68	
Total placements for the year		187
Letters received during the year		1,550
Letters sent during the year		2,490
Applications received		285
Applications approved	187	
Rejected or cancelled	57	
Held on waiting list for further investigation	41	285
Boys placed at wages during year		35

DETAIL OF ORIGINAL PLACEMENTS.

Age	5-14	14-16	Over 16	Total
Children	36	41	42	119

AVERAGE TIME IN INSTITUTION BEFORE PLACEMENT.

	Less than one year	1-3	3-5	5-7	7-9	9-11	Total
Children	16	44	27	23	6	2	118
Non-Protectory placement							1
							119

AVERAGE TIME IN OTHER INSTITUTIONS BEFORE BEING IN NEW YORK CATHOLIC PROTECTORY.

	Less than one year	1-3	3-5	5-7	7-9	9-11	11-15	Total
Children	2	1	5	7	5	5	2	27

AVERAGE AGE OF CHILDREN TRANSFERRED DURING YEAR

Age	5-14	14-16	Over 16	Total
Children	12	27	29	68

REPORT OF ST. PHILIP'S HOME FOR INDUSTRIOUS BOYS, 417 Broome Street

NEW YORK, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

It is a very agreeable duty that devolves upon me at this season, of presenting our annual report on the condition of St. Philip's Home and of the boys confided to our care. It is all the more pleasant to do this when we have only favorable things to say, and when we have to say these things to men who have shown themselves so kind and zealous as you gentlemen have shown yourselves in the past.

During the past year we have been singularly blessed in the matter of health among the boys; so much so that it has been suggested to us, on several occasions, that our establishment should be called a sanitarium, because the vast majority of our boys steadily improve in physical condition from the day they enter till that on which they pass out through our portals to win their way in life.

There is no need to comment on the causes which bring about this very important result. They are too patent to require even a brief mention: What with their regular hours of work and play, their sleep and rest, their well-chosen and well-prepared food, and their cleanly and sanitary dwelling, it would be strange indeed were the outcome other than it is.

Our Villa must receive its due meed of praise for the health of our boys. Who that has even casually visited that charming spot could fail to note the effect it must necessarily work in those fortunate enough to pass half the year in its salubrious environment? The spacious ball-field affords ample facilities for indulging in our national game, the beneficial results of which show themselves in a variety of ways. This one feature of the Villa alone is sufficient reason for its existence, for it keeps our boys in healthful and moral surroundings; and when we add that our garden supplies not only a much-needed change in the activities of the growing youths, who jealously cultivate and watch their growing "patch" of vegetables, but it also loads their tables with an abundance of food that really and truly "complies with the pure food law," we have an additional glimpse of the causes that enter so largely into the physical well-being of our boys.

The bathing facilities enjoyed at the Villa are also conducive to that cleanliness of body which is an absolute necessity for good health. In a word, the Villa is a godsend to our boys, who spend the major part of the day indoors, in offices, stores and workshops in which they are employed. Their return to the open air of country life on the hillside overlooking the picturesque Hudson, sends their young blood bubbling on its way, and straightens them up for a new day's work on the morrow.

All our boys are in good positions: some learning office work, others in workshops, still others as factory hands. The reports from their various employers are not only favorable, but most gratifying and encouraging; and it is no little consolation to know that our boys are eagerly sought after and advanced in their different grades. We are unable to supply the many demands made upon us by merchants to send them boys from St. Philip's. These merchants tell us that they hear

such good reports from other stores about our boys in regard to their intelligent service, their honesty, politeness, and integrity, that they are anxious to secure them for positions of trust in their own establishments.

We have a large waiting list of applications, which we have no means of filling. The desire of business men to have our boys is a source of much consolation, and we feel that your object in founding St. Philip's is being fully realized, and that your Honorable Body must feel content and satisfied that your intentions are being faithfully carried out.

The inception of the "News-Letter" has been prolific of good results. The youths now with us vie with one another in having articles of interest appear therein, and thus improve themselves, pleasantly and effectively, in speaking and writing our mother tongue. The former members of the Home are faithful to keep in touch with us and with one another, generally through this medium, and thus a bond of union and good-fellowship has been established, which cements more and more those family ties and associations formed while they were with us.

St. Philip's Society, composed of former members, is of great value in that it takes an interest in everything that concerns the general welfare of present and past members. It looks out for suitable situations for the younger ones, and seeks the promotion and advancement of those already in good places.

By means of monthly reunions, interchange of views and relation of incidents in the experience of each, the entire body is benefited. The Moderator is enabled at these frequent meetings to keep in touch with the older boys, and, by counsel or warning, remind them of their duties, both social and religious. It is very gratifying to know that the great majority of these are doing well, and are living up to the principles so

earnestly and so frequently inculcated at St. Philip's in the various lessons given in the evenings, and in the regular courses of religious instruction.

The evening course of studies is progressing in a very satisfactory manner. Our typewriting and stenography classes seem to attract the boys in a special manner, and it is a pleasant sight to see them, after their day's work in shop or office, manipulate the keys, or strive for speed in the hieroglyphics of shorthand. They evidently realize that time thus spent not only prevents them from idle converse or street-corner lounging, but it is a very safe investment, certain to yield them a profitable income in the not distant future.

The classes in elocution are doing their part nobly, and we have no doubt that many of our young men will make themselves heard and felt to advantage in championing the laudable interests of the various avocations they may hereafter follow.

Individual necessities in the matter of elementary instruction are carefully attended to. This one receives help in primary studies, that one in grammar, and so on; all in accordance with personal wants. Penmanship, orthography and English are cared for in a practical way, and the correspondence of the boys is subjected to a scrutiny which begets a more careful style. In this way, the habit of correctly expressing thought is easily and unconsciously acquired.

We have secured permanent homes for many of the boys during the past year. The majority of these were otherwise friendless, their parents being dead or unknown. In every case we investigated the homes, and took information in regard to their social and religious bearing before allowing the boy to leave us.

Generally the boy so placed has been fortunate, and found kindly treatment as a member of the adopted family. He growns up to regard the children thereof as his brothers and

sisters, or at all events warm personal friends, to whom he can turn for help and guidance in his perplexities. Indeed, the success that has attended our boys after leaving St. Philip's has been gratifying to a remarkable degree, and solves the question: "After the institution, what?" It has served to bridge over the difficulty hitherto experienced in transforming the "institution boy" into the family or social being; and we confidently trust that facilities may not be wanting, so that many a "St. Philip's Home" may be established to take over every child from every charitable institution not otherwise provided with natural guardians qualified to care for him.

We find from the reverend pastors of the various parishes in which our graduates have settled, that, as a rule, they are attentive to their religious duties, approaching the sacraments regularly, assisting at Holy Mass, and contributing their mite "to the support of their pastor"; thus serving as excellent models for others placed in better conditions both socially and financially.

Our St. Philip's has thus far been the agency by means of which nearly nine hundred "institution boys," wards of the New York Catholic Protectory, have been saved to society and made valuable members thereof. Eight hundred and sixty-five boys have passed through the Home since its inauguration eight years ago, and statistics show that about ninety per cent. of them are to-day self-supporting young men, winning their livelihood in a decent, honest way, and gaining the respect and confidence of their employers and co-laborers.

By its success, St. Philip's has demonstrated the necessity and utility of a bridge spanning the dangerous chasm that lies between the "institution" and practical, every-day life. For this success much credit is due to the members of the Committee on St. Philip's, for their unflagging zeal and indefatigable

efforts in all that appertains to the welfare of our boys and their family-like home.

We wish also to extend a word of praise and thanks to the members of the Board of Managers in general, for we fully realize and greatly appreciate the many tokens of interest which all have manifested toward us in the past. We hope to grow less unworthy of this same interest as the days pass on.

I have the honor, Mr. President and Board of Managers, to remain,

Very respectfully,

BROTHER PAULIAN.

SUMMARY.

Boys in Home, October 1st, 1908	65	
Received during the year	108	173
Boys for whom boarding homes have been secured during the year	119	
Returned to N. Y. Catholic Protectory	1	
	120	
Remaining in Home, September 30th, 1909	53	173

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE LINCOLN AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, LINCOLNDALE, N. Y.

LINCOLNDALE, October 1st, 1909.

To the President and Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory.

GENTLEMEN:

I respectfully beg to submit herewith report on the work of the new Agricultural development, now known as the Lincoln Agricultural School, for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1909.

This new departure inaugurated by your Honorable Board is eliciting widespread interest and attention throughout the state and country, as it is looked upon as an innovation in charitable endeavor, and one that is in accordance with the best and most advanced thought of the day for the proper care and development of dependent children. Every endeavor, therefore, has been to keep in view the desire of the Board, that all construction, all working organization be in harmony with the new ideas of child caring, and as a result, it is certain that the buildings and equipment which will be turned over to your Board will be fully up to expectations.

At this date, both the north and the south cottages are almost completed, and the central building is being pushed along rapidly. As the mechanical plant is installed in the latter building, we will not be able to occupy the cottages until we have light and heat.

Much has been done during the year just closed to improve

the working equipment and to organize the different departments for harmonious co-operation. When the property was purchased, many of the frame buildings were in a run-down condition and practically unfit for service. All the barns have been repaired, repainted, and the floors concreted, thus enabling us to properly house and care for an increased herd of cattle. Many alterations have been made in the cottages in which the boys are housed, to make them more suitable for our needs.

In the Dairy Department we have thoroughly systemized the details of the work, so that the boys participate in it daily; that is, they receive instruction in the different phases of the work, and then put it into practice, under the daily supervision of their instructors. The progress thus far made by the boys has been gratifying indeed. Our aim is to produce absolutely clean milk. Our dairy is a model from point of construction and sanitation, and, united with our efforts to have all the work done with scrupulous cleanliness, we are producing results equal to any dairy in the country.

The Farm Department has had a very successful year. We have had a very good crop of corn for ensilage, and both silos have been filled. The potato crop will aggregate something like 800 barrels. A fair crop of hay has also been harvested. We are now experimenting with alfalfa, as we believe the soil adapted for growing it.

Our vegetable gardens have also been uniformly successful. Every boy has had a little plot of his own to cultivate, and in addition has contributed to the work in the general garden.

We believe there is a splendid field in New York State for trained dairymen, gardeners and agriculturalists, and we purpose to leave no stone unturned to equip every boy in the Lincoln Agricultural School with such a practical knowledge of

the work that the School will become favorably known for the class of graduates it turns out. There is a position waiting for every one of them, and with the means of a good livelihood within their grasp, there is no reason why our work should not be highly successful. We hope from now on to have monthly lectures on farm and dairy topics by the faculty of the New York State College of Agriculture at Cornell University, to whom we are already much indebted for kindly co-operation.

The educational department is receiving careful attention. Our aim is to equip each boy with a Christian education, so that his knowledge will be practical and thorough. This means that every boy will receive as much individual attention as he requires.

One hundred and thirty-four (134) boys have been benefited by the School during the past year. Of these, after due preparation, sixty-five (65) have been placed in homes in the farming sections, and eight (8) have been discharged to relatives. The number of boys at present at the School is fifty-seven (57).

Respectfully submitted,

BROTHER BARNABAS.

The Board of Managers, at a meeting held the sixth day of May, 1909, caused the following Minute to be spread upon its records:

The Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory, on being informed of the death of Mr. James R. Floyd, caused the following Minute to be spread upon its records:

This Board is deeply grieved to hear of the death of our associate, Mr. James R. Floyd. He became a member of the Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory in 1871, but a short time after the organization of the institution, and since then he remained in the Board continually, faithfully attending its meetings and zealously guarding its interests down to the time of his death; and for a number of recent years his name has stood at the head of the list of its managers as the oldest member of the Board.

During this long period of service he has filled many positions of importance and honor in the Protectory. For more than ten years he was a member of the Executive Committee, and for several years its chairman. He became First Vice-President in the year 1876, occupied that position for several years, and was elected President in the year 1897, serving in that capacity for two years.

He was esteemed by all of us as a valued friend and a wise adviser.

The older Managers of the Protectory who knew him during his younger years, remember and appreciate the energy that Mr. James R. Floyd devoted to the service of the Protectory and the active interest he took in its affairs.

His death is a great loss to the institution and a grief to us, his fellow-members of the Board, and we make this Minute as a testimony of our appreciation of the example that he has given of many years service in the cause of charity well and faithfully performed.

(Signed) FRANCIS HIGGINS,
ROBERT J. HOGUET,
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
MICHAEL COLEMAN,
C. V. FORNES.

At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the New York Catholic Protectory, held on the sixth day of November, 1909, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

This Board is called upon to perform the sad duty of recording upon its minutes the death of its Treasurer, Mr. Robert J. Hoguet. It desires while so doing to also record its appreciation of the loss this institution has sustained in parting with so useful and so zealous an officer, and to express the sorrow that the members of the Board feel in the death of an old and valued associate.

Mr. Hoguet came into this Board in 1883. From that time until his death he faithfully and ably performed the duties that were imposed upon him. These were numerous and arduous. He was for years a member of the Executive Committee, he served on many other committees, and was for several years prior to his death Treasurer of the Protectory. These positions called upon him to devote much of his time and energy to the service of this institution, and these calls Mr. Hoguet cheerfully obeyed. This Board feels deeply the loss of a member so faithful in the discharge of his duties.

Resolved—That this Minute be spread upon the records of this Board, and that a copy suitably engrossed be sent to Mr. Hoguet's family.

(Signed) C. V. Fornes,
Richard O'Gorman,
William H. Hurst,
Myles Tierney,
John Burke.

THE FOLLOWING FACTS REFER TO THE CHILDREN PRESENT AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1909:

CIVIL CONDITION OF CHILDREN.

Orphans	167
Half-orphans	909
Both parents living	1,344
Unknown	17
Total	2,437

RELIGION.

	Father	Mother	Child
Catholic	2,291	2,364	2,386
Hebrew	10	6	6
Protestant	134	65	43
Unknown	2	2	2
Totals	2,437	2,437	2,437

HOW SUPPORTED.

Wholly by the Institution	73
By Relatives and Friends	87
By Counties	213
By Cities, Towns and Villages	2,004
Total	2,437

MONEYS DONATED TO AND RECEIVED

BY THE

New York Catholic Protectory

From October 1, 1908, to September 30, 1909

DONATIONS.

James J. Crawford		$100.00
Siegel-Cooper Co		15.00
Myles Tierney		5,000.00

ANNUAL DUES OF MANAGERS.

Robert J. Hoguet	for 1908	$10.00
George B Robinson	"	10.00
Francis Higgins	"	10.00
Richard O'Gorman	"	10.00
Robert Louis Hoguet	"	10.00
Edmund J. Curry	"	10.00
Joseph J. O'Donohue, Jr	"	10.00
William H. Hurst	"	10.00
Michael J. Drummond	"	10.00
Myles Tierney	"	10.00
John Burke	"	10.00
Thomas P. Fitzsimons	"	10.00
Michael Coleman	"	10.00
John J. Pulleyn	"	10.00
Hugh O'Donoghue	"	10.00
Lorenzo Ullo	"	10.00
Thomas F. McAvoy	"	10.00
Charles V. Fornes	"	10.00
Rt. Rev. Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney	"	10.00
James Clarke	"	10.00
Frederick W. Floyd	"	10.00
Michael E. Bannin	"	10.00
William E. Paine	"	10.00
Michael J. Mulqueen	"	10.00
James J. Deery	for 1909	10.00

SPECIAL DONATIONS TO MALE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Peter Doelger....Year's Supply Malt and Hops for Bakery
Siegel-Cooper Company $15.00
John Wanamaker.....150 copies Life of Lincoln
Mr. Robert J. Hoguet.....Auto Car
Mr. Robert J. Hoguet.....Large Terrestrial Globe

SPECIAL DONATIONS TO FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Mrs. Peter Doelger.....100 lbs. Candy
Mr. John Burke.....100 lbs. Candy
Mr. Francis Higgins.....100 lbs. Candy
Sayles, Zahn & Co..... 90 lbs. Candy
International Mfg. Co.....25 doz. Handkerchiefs
J. Kayser & Co.....$10.00 for Christmas Gifts
H. B. Claflin & Co..... 10.00 for Christmas Gifts
Conron Bros..... 10.00 for Christmas Gifts

Statistics of the N. Y. Catholic Protectory for the Year Ending September 30, 1909

Number of Inmates in the Institution October 1, 1908 (as per last report)

	Boys over 16	Girls over 16	Boys 14 to 16	Girls 14 to 16	Boys 5 to 14	Girls 5 to 14	Boys 2 to 5	Girls 2 to 5	Boys under 2	Girls under 2	Totals
Rec'd by Judicial Commitment for Destitution.	.....	15	4	7	28	26	1	4	.....	.....	85
Rec'd by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency	91	33	410	34	557	33	.....	1	.....	.....	1,159
Rec'd by Judicial Commitment for Improper Guardianship	40	21	163	49	295	131	3	6	.....	.....	708
Rec'd by Commitment of Poor Law Officers..	17	8	36	7	207	78	16	10	1	.....	380
Rec'd from Parents and Guardians—Boarders.	6	1	12	7	62	18	7	2	.....	.....	115
Rec'd from Parents and Guardians—Free.....	4	2	.....	.....	17	6	3	2	.....	.....	34
Totals.....	158	80	625	104	1,166	292	30	25	1	.....	2,481

Received During Year Ending September 30, 1909

	Boys over 16	Girls over 16	Boys 14 to 16	Girls 14 to 16	Boys 5 to 14	Girls 5 to 14	Boys 2 to 5	Girls 2 to 5	Boys under 2	Girls under 2	Totals
By Judicial Commitment—For Destitution...	.....	1	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
By Judicial Commitment—For Delinquency..	14	2	405	41	662	41	3	6	.....	.....	1,174
By Judicial Commitment—For Improper Guardianship.....	2	1	51	11	116	46	9	10	.....	.....	246
By Commitment of Poor Law Officers.....	1	1	7	2	142	77	41	16	.....	.....	287
By Parents and Guardians—Boarders	4	.....	22	2	41	22	7	4	.....	.....	102
By Parents and Guardians—Free.....	5	.....	3	.....	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	14
Totals.....	26	5	490	57	964	189	60	38	.....	.....	1,829

Total number of inmates cared for during year, 4,310.

Of this total number, 3,877 were supported by Public Funds, and 433 by Private Funds.

Discharged During the Year Ending September 30, 1909

	Boys over 16	Girls over 16	Boys 14 to 16	Girls 14 to 16	Boys 5 to 14	Girls 5 to 14	Boys 2 to 5	Girls 2 to 5	Boys under 2	Girls under 2	Totals
Returned to Parents and Guardians	116	29	441	50	611	89	21	10	.....	.....	1,367
Placed in Free Homes by Placing Out Bureau	21	.....	30	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90
Placed Out to Service	.....	27	.....	6	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	37
Placed at St. Philip's Home	50	.....	37	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94
Transferred to Other Institutions	9	3	60	4	146	2	2	4	.....	.....	230
Left without Permission	9	.....	6	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19
Returned to Court	3	.....	6	14	4	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	32
Died	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Totals	208	59	580	75	812	102	23	14	.....	.....	1,873

Of the total number discharged, 41 were sent out of the State.

Number of Inmates Remaining in Institution September 30, 1909

	Boys over 16	Girls over 16	Boys 14 to 16	Girls 14 to 16	Boys 5 to 14	Girls 5 to 14	Boys 2 to 5	Girls 2 to 5	Boys under 2	Girls under 2	Totals
Rec'd by Judicial Commitment for Destitution	10	5	8	8	32	26	3	6	.....	.....	98
Rec'd by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency	83	18	374	34	459	23	1	.....	.....	.....	992
Rec'd by Judicial Commitment for Improper Guardianship	33	21	138	45	352	140	5	4	.....	.....	738
Rec'd by Commitment of Poor Law Officers	10	9	28	3	225	128	38	16	1	.....	458
Rec'd from Parents and G'dians—Boarders	4	2	16	6	54	31	5	4	.....	.....	122
Rec'd from Parents and Guardians—Free	4	2	•3	.....	10	9	1	.....	.....	.....	29
Totals	144	57	567	96	1,132	357	53	30	1	.....	2,437

The Average Number of Inmates during the Year was twenty-five hundred and twenty-seven (2,527).

RÉSUMÉ FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1909

	Boys	Girls	Juniors	Totals
Children Remaining September 30, 1908	1,719	501	261	2,481
Children Received during Year ending September 30, 1909	1,357	289	183	1,829
Juniors sent to Lincoln Agricultural School during year	*27	.....	.....	.....
* Changes from one Department to another.				
Totals	3,103	790	444	4,310
Children Released during Year ending September 30, 1909	1,508	250	115	1,873
Children Remaining September 30, 1909	1,595	540	302	2,437
Children transferred to Lincoln Agricultural School during Year	.....	.....	*27	4,310
* Not commitments.				
Totals	3,103	790	444	.....
Net Decrease during the Year	.....	.....	.....	44
	.....	.....	.....	.....
Of the above, the following were Public Charges and Received during the Year ending September 30, 1909:				
From New York City	1,084	215	150	.....
From Westchester County	62	23	15	.....
From Other Counties of the State	25	3	2	.....
From State and Alien Poor	2	.....	.....	.....
Totals	1,173	241	167	.....

The Number who received the Benefits of the Institution was 4,310

Paid for by Public Funds	3,877
Paid for by Private Funds	433
	4,310

Average Attendance, 2,527—or Boys, 1,728; Girls, 509; Juniors, 290.

CONDENSED CASH ACCOUNT

Dr. **CONDENSED CASH ACCOUNT FROM**

To Balance, October 1st, 1908		$ 3,925.97
" Comptroller, City of New York.		
Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx, for July, August and September, 1908	$44,246.89	
October 1st, 1908, to July 31st, 1909	166,447.03	
		210,693.92
" Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens, for August and September, 1908	13,371.47	
October 1st, 1908, to July 31st, 1909	75,923.49	
		89,294.96
" Borough of Richmond, for August and September, 1908	181.40	
October 1st, 1908, to July 31st, 1909	1,105.52	
		1,286.92
" Board of Children		6,951.05
" Superintendent of Poor, Westchester County		13,417.24
" Board of Education, New York City		22,486.01
" Board of Education, Elmira		203.68
" Board of Education, Albany		85.81
" Board of Education, Middletown		74.87
" Board of Supervisors, Ulster County		487.93
" Board of Supervisors, Dutchess County		773.50
" Board of Supervisors, Greene County		27.74
" Board of Supervisors, Cumberland County, Pa		54.96
" Board of Supervisors, Suffolk County		803.36
" Board of Supervisors, Nassau County		657.29
" Board of Supervisors, Orange County		193.65
" City of Kingston		514.55
" Fishkill Landing		12.17
" Annual Dues of Managers		250.00
" Interest on Investment, "John Kelly Fund," at credit of some Deserving Boys		71.50
" Discount on Bills		160.57
" Interest on Deposits		24.97
" Donations		115.00
" Borrowed on Notes Payable		10,000.00
" Borrowed on Bond and Mortgage		150,000.00
" Interest on Sundry Mortgages Receivable		8,564.56
" Proceeds from Sundry Mortgages paid during year		29,313.00
" Interest on Trust Fund		23.71
" All other sources		1,897.05
		$552,355.94

Entrance to the Main Building, Female Department.

Main Building, Female Department.

OCTOBER 1, 1908, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1909

By Interest paid on Mortgage Debt	$12,150.00
" Sundry Creditors, for Bills contracted prior to October 1st, 1908, and paid since	28,183.28
" Annual Expenses, General Accounts	27,958.05
" Annual Expenses, Male Department	208,086.12
" Annual Expenses, Female Department	78,173.82
" New Construction at Lincolndale	131,754.02
" Expenses Agricultural Department at Lincolndale	57,439.82
	$543,745.11
Balance on Hand, September 30th, 1909	8,610.83
	$552,355.94

LIST OF

Children Remaining in the Institution

OCTOBER 1, 1908,

And of Children Received During the Year,

From OCTOBER 1, 1908, to OCTOBER 1, 1909.

Chapel, Female Department.

Grove on the Grounds, Female Department.

LIST OF BOYS.

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
39339	April 23,1906	Albers, Peter	New York	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Neither	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
39340	April 23, 1906	Albers, Lawrence	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	"	.....
40015	Aug. 6,1906	Aydellatte, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	"	.....
40461	Nov. 1, 1906	Albino, Michael	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40618	Nov. 30, 1906	Antoscicca, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A675	April 22, 1907	Ardiff, Mark	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A936	May 31, 1907	Adrat, Peter	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A972	June 4, 1907	Aquina, Nicholas	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1668	Dec. 8, 1907	Ahearn, Patrick	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1675	Dec. 10, 1907	Abbruzzo, Joseph	Poland	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1678	Dec. 11, 1907	Anderson, William	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1679	Dec. 11, 1907	Abarno, Antonio	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1828	Jan. 27, 1908	Amaroso, Eugene	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1829	Jan. 27, 1908	Amaroso, George	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1843	Feb. 20, 1908	Avallone, George	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1860	Feb. 25, 1908	Abdoo, Sheffie	Syria	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1817	Mar. 27, 1908	Angona, Carmine	Italy	9	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2041	Mar. 26, 1908	Acampora, Frank	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	"	....	Transferred
A2140	April 29, 1908	Alfredo, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2269	May 16, 1908	Angevine, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A418	May 20, 1908	Allen, John	N. Jersey	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40579	May 20, 1908	Aquino, Erico	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2313	May 23, 1908	Aquino, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2348	June 1, 1908	Assenzia, Frederick	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2374	June 3, 1908	Auman, Henry	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2413	June 15, 1908	Ario, Alfonso	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2433	June 22, 1908	Allen, William	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2479	July 23, 1908	Anderson Alfred	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2535	July 24, 1908	Albero, Salvatore	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2557	July 30, 1908	Ambrosia, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
31740	Aug. 25, 1908	Auinger, Edward	Virginia	4	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2627	Sept. 10, 1908	Agliato, Peter	Italy	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2634	Sept. 14, 1908	Armati, James	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
35405	Nov. 7, 1903	Bonheim, Richard	New York	8	Homeless	"	"	" "	None	Both	Mother	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35703	March 17, 1904	Burnsfield, James	"	8	New York	"	"	Letters	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	"
35151	Sept. 30, 1904	Bell, William	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....

37967	Aug. 7, 1905	Bridger, Geo.	New York	12	New York	Good	Cath.	None.....	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
38718	Jan. 13, 1906	Beil, William	"	10	"	"	Prot.	Reads and writes	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
38835	Jan. 30, 1906	Barrett, James	Peekskill	10	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
38858	Feb. 1, 1906	Boldack, William	Poland	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
38962	Feb. 21, 1906	Bailey, Geo.	Brooklyn	13	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39093	March 14, 1906	Brady, Chas.	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39091	March 13, 1906	Burns, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39722	June 9, 1906	Byrnes, John	England	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39795	June 19, 1906	Bronshaw, Thos.	Sweden	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
40056	Aug. 14, 1906	Bahan, James	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
40295	Oct. 18, 1906	Baker, Joseph	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
40382	Oct. 20, 1906	Borak, Adolph	Russia	13	"	"	Heb.	None.....	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
40587	Nov. 4, 1906	Boletto, Geo.	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	"	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
40630	Dec. 3, 1906	Bostick, Harold	Boston	10	"	"	Prot.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	...	.....	"
40776	Dec. 26, 1906	Barry, John	New York	9	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
40789	Dec. 31, 1906	Brown, Thos.	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A30	Jan. 8, 1907	Bidegan, Albert	Phila.	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	...	.....	.....
A59	Jan. 11, 1907	Butler, Ernest	New York	13	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A127	Jan. 24, 1907	Brown, Raymond	Staten Is.	11	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A160	Jan. 31, 1907	Butler, Wm.	New York	11	New York	"	Cath.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A215	Feb. 9, 1907	Brennan, Jos.	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A393	March 14, 1907	Boyle, Edw.	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A566	April 4, 1907	Bill, Stewart	"	12	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	...	.....	.....
A589	April 11, 1907	Brady, John	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A607	April 12, 1907	Broidy, William	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A637	April 17, 1907	Begonno, Charles	Italy	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A638	April 17, 1907	Bowe, Antonio	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A704	April 24, 1907	Brennan, Patrick	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A877	May 25, 1907	Beradelli, Ortento	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A881	May 25, 1907	Bohme, George	Mt Vernon	13	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A893	May 25, 1907	Banger, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A915	May 23, 1907	Bero, Joseph	"	13	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A929	May 29, 1907	Burke, Thomas	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A948	May 31, 1907	Borelli, Francis	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A958	June 3, 1907	Byrnes, Arthur	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1078	June 15, 1907	Broderick, Matthew	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A1079	June 15, 1907	Brown, Henry	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1082	June 17, 1907	Burke, George	Long Is.	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A1091	June 18, 1907	Benson, Joseph	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	.....
A1118	June 22, 1907	Basile, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A1129	June 26, 1907	Burckhardt, Peter	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1130	June 26, 1907	Begansky, Andrew	Poland	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1232	Aug. 6, 1907	Byrnes, Harry	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A1236	Aug. 7, 1907	Ballier, Eugene	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A1250	Aug. 12, 1907	Baldauf, Roger	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	"
A1287	Aug. 22, 1907	Beekman, Peter	New York	11	New York	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1298	Aug. 27, 1907	Brown, Andrew	"	11	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1400	Sept. 20, 1907	Bellows, Frank	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A1406	Sept. 20, 1907	Banahan, Edward	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A1457	Oct. 10, 1907	Busacca, Carmello	Italy	14	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A1527	Nov. 1, 1907	Bohlen, August	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1566	Nov. 13, 1907	Brophy, Daniel	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1573	Nov. 14, 1907	Barbrieri, Gerardi	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1582	Nov. 18, 1907	Bottino, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1592	Nov. 20, 1907	Byrnes, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1618	Nov. 26, 1907	Blessington, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1623	Nov. 27, 1907	Borghini, Vasco	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1633	Dec. 2, 1907	Boos, Ernest	Staten Is.	11	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A827	Dec. 4, 1907	Broidy, Joseph	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1686	Dec. 14, 1907	Basunio, Pietro	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1700	Dec. 17, 1907	Barry, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	"	.....
A1733	Dec. 30, 1907	Bergamia, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1754	Jan. 8, 1908	Burke, Anthony	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1795	Jan. 17, 1908	Bucci, Vincenzo	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1799	Jan. 17, 1908	Burns, Joseph	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1833	Jan. 29, 1908	Brown, William	Ireland	9	"	"	Diff.	" "	Fair	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A1864	Feb. 25, 1908	Bassano, Louis	New York	10	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1866	Feb. 26, 1908	Babino, Louis	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1874	Feb. 28, 1908	Bayone, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
27163	Mar. 6, 1908	Brant, John J.	"	3	"	"	"	None	Poor	Both	Father	"	....	....	....	"
A1893	Mar. 4, 1908	Byrnes, John	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1911	Mar. 9, 1908	Boylan, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1925	Mar. 11, 1908	Barrington, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1932	Mar. 12, 1908	Bernardt, Jesse	"	10	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1952	Mar. 16, 1908	Braccini, Leo	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1983	Mar. 18, 1908	Burke, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2007	Mar. 20, 1908	Ball, August	"	15	"	"	Diff.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2023	Mar. 23, 1908	Byrnes, Joseph	Brooklyn	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	Mother	"	"	....	....	.....
A2024	Mar. 23, 1908	Byrnes, Harry	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A2053	Mar. 28, 1908	Bigley, Joseph	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2071	Mar. 31, 1908	Butler, Harry	Conn.	15	Homeless	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2150	April 29, 1908	Blayek, Stephen	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2161	May 1, 1908	Burns, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	"	....	Transferred
A304	May 1, 1908	Barbella, Daniel	Italy	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....

A2175	May 4, 1908	Burns, Dennis	Boston	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A927	May 6, 1908	Boletto, Alfred	New York	9	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2199	May 7, 1908	Baker, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2212	May 8, 1908	Boyce, Harry B.	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2311	May 23, 1908	Byrne, Charles	"	10	"	"	Diff.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2354	June 2, 1908	Benners, Thomas	New York	11	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2381	June 5, 1908	Blazo, Antonio	Newark	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2405	June 11, 1908	Brown, Frederick	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2412	June 23, 1908	Brennan, Michael	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2452	June 25, 1908	Boyle, Thomas	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2453	June 25, 1908	Brady, Eugene	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	Transferred
A2455	June 25, 1908	Baldasarro, Rino	Italy	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2478	July 3, 1908	Brennan, William	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2510	July 16, 1908	Bersinsky, Arthur	New York	8	New York	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2524	July 21, 1908	Banano, Michael	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2529	July 22, 1908	Bruno, Frank	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2533	July 24, 1908	Blostock, Joseph	Poland	15	Brookland	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2587	April 11, 1908	Berenice, John	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2630	April 12, 1908	Botti, Guiseppe	"	13	New York	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2643	April 18, 1908	Bruiso, Frank	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2649	April 22, 1908	Burns, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2673	April 28, 1908	Beatty, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2679	April 29, 1908	Baia, Arthur	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
35230	Sept. 11, 1903	Cox, Frank	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
35186	Aug. 11, 1903	Collins, Thomas	Penn.	8	"	"	"	Letters	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35328	Oct. 9, 1903	Collins, William	New York	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35407	Nov. 7, 1903	Campo, Peter	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
36234	July 6, 1904	Cleary, Edward	"	10	Brooklyn	"	"	None.....	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
36369	Aug. 3, 1904	Carney, Patrick	Brooklyn	15	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
35358	Sept. 30, 1904	Condon, Patrick	New York	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
36993	Feb. 20, 1905	Ceppaglia, Philip	Italy	11	"	"	"	None.....	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
34846	Feb. 23, 1905	Clancey, Charles	New York	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	"
37491	May 19, 1905	Carter, Clement	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
37629	June 29, 1905	Coppo, Joseph	Penn.	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
37810	July 1, 1905	Cody, William	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
38107	Sept. 16, 1905	Curran, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38356	Nov. 2, 1905	Connors, Patrick	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38393	Nov. 8, 1905	Cloonan, James	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38416	Nov. 11, 1905	Conway, James	"	10	New York	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
38577	Dec. 14, 1905	Cody, Peter	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38686	Jan. 6, 1906	Carter, John	Penn.	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
38772	Jan. 23, 1906	Carroll, James	Chicago	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
38864	Feb. 3, 1906	Cappa, Thomas	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38898	Feb. 8, 1906	Conklin, John	Staten Is.	13	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38909	Feb. 9, 1906	Calhoun, Joseph	Buffalo	10	New York	"	Diff.	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38957	Feb. 20, 1906	Cerino, Gaetano	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38983	Feb. 24, 1906	Carpinelli, Alfonso	Italy	9	"	"	"	None.....	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39022	Mar. 5, 1906	Comar, William	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	Mother	"	"	....	....	On Trial

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
39251	April 11, 1906	Culhane, William	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Father	Father	Committed	"	....	....	.....
39326	April 20, 1906	Cullen, Daniel	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39373	April 27, 1906	Cummings, James	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39410	May 25, 1906	Colwell, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39789	June 18, 1906	Collins, Samuel	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39335	June 26, 1906	Conway, James	New York	13	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39389	July 3, 1906	Coyle, Owen	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
39323	July 13, 1906	Coyle, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39374	July 24, 1906	Carter, Joseph	N. Jersey	12	N. Jersey	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
34073	June 29, 1906	Coleman, William	Ireland	9	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40137	Aug. 31, 1906	Creaton, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40170	Sept. 11, 1906	Curtis, Peter	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40171	Sept. 11, 1906	Curtis, George	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40204	Sept. 20, 1906	Connolly, Edward	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40207	Sept. 20, 1906	Campbell, Harry	"	12	"	"	Diff.	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40489	Nov. 5, 1906	Collins, Frank	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40490	Nov. 5, 1906	Collins, James	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40574	Nov. 22, 1906	Cunningham, Robert	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40632	Dec. 4, 1906	Comiskey, Peter	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40710	Dec. 14, 1906	Callaghan, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A24	Jan. 8, 1907	Clements, Claude	Phila.	13	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A32	Jan. 8, 1907	Crotty, Michael	Brooklyn	13	L. Island	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A80	Jan. 16, 1907	Currier, Tony	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A92	Jan. 18, 1907	Casselli, Vincent	Italy	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A210	Feb. 7, 1907	Callahan, Michael	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A307	Mar. 2, 1907	Carney, Frank J.	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A313	Mar. 4, 1907	Cavanagh, William	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A384	Mar. 13, 1907	Casey, Joseph J.	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A397	Mar. 15, 1907	Castrieli, Rizieri	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A443	Mar. 20, 1907	Clark, Thomas	Conn.	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A481	Mar. 23, 1907	Campbell, John	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A591	April 12, 1907	Conmerton, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A699	April 24, 1907	Carretore, Michael	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A758	May 1, 1907	Corey, Edward T.	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A782	May 3, 1907	Connolly, Thomas	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A802	May 7, 1907	Costanzo, Dom.	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"

A891	May 25, 1907	Carroll, Cornelius	New York	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A908	May 28, 1907	Casey, John	"	11	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A951	June 1, 1907	Callaghan, Vincent	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A952	June 1, 1907	Callaghan, George	"	9	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A992	June 5, 1907	Corbo, Michael	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A1119	June 22, 1907	Collechui, Louis	Italy	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	"
A1128	June 25, 1907	Cusick, Thomas	New York	11	New York	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	"
A1252	August 12, 1907	Celleruelo, Charles	"	13	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A1282	August 20, 1907	Closhacy, John	"	10	New York	"	Cath.	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	.....
A1294	August 26, 1907	Conroy, George	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A1308	Sept. 9, 1907	Cox, John	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	....	.....
A1313	Sept. 10, 1907	Connery, Thomas	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
34455	Sept. 11, 1907	Cooney, Thomas	"	6	"	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39252	Sept. 11, 1907	Culhane, John	"	8	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1343	Sept. 20, 1907	Captani, Alphonso	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1350	Sept. 21, 1907	Compano, Joseph	L. Island	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1362	Sept. 21, 1907	Croddick, James	New York	11	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1363	Sept. 21, 1907	Croddick, Eugene	"	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1382	Sept. 24, 1907	Cullen, James	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1398	Sept. 20, 1907	Connors, Peter	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1399	Sept. 20, 1907	Connors, Lawrence	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1402	Sept. 20, 1907	Caffery, James	.....	....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	....	On Trial
A1456	Oct. 10, 1907	Cordella, Tony	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1487	Oct. 17, 1907	Caggiano, Charles	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35185	Oct. 18, 1907	Collins, Joseph	Penn.	11	New York	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1496	Oct. 19, 1907	Carroll, John J.	New York	13	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1607	Nov. 25, 1907	Chouler, Celestine	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A252	Nov. 26, 1907	Clarens, Harry	"	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1636	Dec. 2, 1907	Collins, John	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1641	Dec. 3, 1907	Connors, Patrick	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1645	Dec. 4, 1907	Connors, Thomas	New York	9	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1673	Dec. 10, 1907	Clinton, William	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1674	Dec. 10, 1907	Crowley, John	New York	16	New York	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1683	Dec. 14, 1907	Cleary, William	Ireland	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Unk'n	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1692	Dec. 16, 1907	Campanari, Frank	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1735	Dec. 30, 1907	Culhane, Michael	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1745	Jan. 3, 1908	Cassidy, John	"	13	New York	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1764	Jan. 10, 1908	Catalona, Nicholas	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1765	Jan. 11, 1908	Calandro, Alphonso	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1797	Jan. 17, 1908	Capidicci, Bernard	Brooklyn	15	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1854	Feb. 24, 1908	Crotty, Timothy	New York	10	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1869	Feb. 26, 1908	Caderoli, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1877	Feb. 28, 1908	Callahan, Andrew	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1883	Mar. 2, 1908	Carney, George	New York	15	New York	"	Diff.	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
36193	Mar. 6, 1908	Cleary, Joseph	"	10	"	"	Cath.	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	"
A1888	Mar. 3, 1908	Coletta, Frank	Italy	11	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A1895	Mar. 4, 1908	Calanduicci, Rocco	New York	9	"	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A1921	Mar. 11, 1908	Conroy, Edward	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	"

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2018	March 23, 1908	Cardone, Carmillo	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2031	March 24, 1908	Corso, Joseph	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2057	March 28, 1908	Coffey, Timothy	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	....
A2062	March 30, 1908	Cullen, Robert	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2063	March 30, 1908	Casey, William	Ireland	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2075	March 31, 1908	Cippaglia, Vito	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2130	April 25, 1908	Crinion, Charles	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2137	April 28, 1908	Carbone, Philip	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2195	May 5, 1908	Caffone, Angelo	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2215	May 9, 1908	Cunningham, Joseph	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2216	May 9, 1908	Cunningham, Francis	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	"	"
A2227	May 11, 1908	Carroll, Ross	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2243	May 13, 1908	Coppinger, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2244	May 13, 1908	Campagna, Fred.	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2248	May 14, 1908	Connors, Charles	N. Jersey	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2249	May 14, 1908	Conlon, Dominick	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2257	May 15, 1908	Collins, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2289	May 20, 1908	Carnovale, Louis	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2339	May 29, 1908	Colosina, Nicholas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2352	June 2, 1908	Curran, William	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2359	June 3, 1908	Cardone, Amendo	Phila.	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2372	June 3, 1908	Considine, Ambrose	Penn.	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2390	June 6, 1908	Collins, Maurice	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2451	June 24, 1908	Christie, Victor	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2458	June 26, 1908	Cornell, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2473	July 1, 1908	Casteglioni, Gaetona	Italy	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2487	July 8, 1908	Costello, George	Brooklyn	8	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2495	July 13, 1908	Campbell, Edward	England	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2493	July 13, 1908	Camerato, Emilio	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2498	July 15, 1908	Conde, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2501	July 15, 1908	Clark, Richard	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2521	July 20, 1908	Columbia, Frank	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2528	July 21, 1908	Ceresce, Ambrose	"	9	"	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2534	July 23, 1908	Criss, Henry	"	13	"	"	Diff.	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2537	July 24, 1908	Ceratto, Bartolio	New York	11	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2551	July 29, 1908	Corrigan, Edward	"	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred

A2555	July 29, 1908	Casey, Herbert	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A2507	Aug. 19, 1908	Cristiana, Frank	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38573	Aug. 25, 1908	Collins, Joseph	"	8	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2633	Sept. 15, 1908	Ciriglione, Rocco	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2351	Sept. 23, 1908	Callahan, Joseph	N. Jersey	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2362	Sept. 25, 1908	Christy, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A723	Sept. 30, 1908	Curley, Edward	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
31439	May 9, 1902	Davenport, Herbert	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35107	July 19, 1903	Doyle, William	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
35103	July 17, 1903	Doyle, Andrew	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
29951	Oct. 31, 1903	Dillon, Martin	"	10	"	"	"	None	None	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35497	Dec. 24, 1903	Dillen, Frank	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38170	Sept. 28, 1905	Doran, Edward	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38605	Dec. 19, 1905	De Temple, Martin	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38632	Dec. 26, 1905	De Gaetona, Nich.	Italy	10	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39533	May 16, 1906	De Grote, Charles	N. Jersey	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39879	July 2, 1906	Downie, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40100	Aug. 23, 1906	Davids, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40166	Sept. 11, 1906	Deiser, Grover	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40266	Oct. 2, 1906	De Groat, Harold	Nyack	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40395	Oct. 22, 1906	De Baum, Albert	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40460	Oct. 31, 1906	Damore, John	"	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40479	Nov. 2, 1906	Dunigan, Patrick	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40566	Nov. 21, 1906	Deegan, James	Ireland	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40582	Nov. 22, 1906	Deegan, John	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
40583	Nov. 22. 1906	Deegan, Thomas	New York	8	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
40657	Dec. 7, 1906	D'Antoni, Carmine	Italy	9	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
40667	Dec. 7, 1906	Dietz, Lawrence	Brooklyn	14	L. Island	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
40721	Dec. 15, 1906	Donovan, Joseph	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	"
40735	Dec. 18, 1906	Donato, Salvatore	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A159	Jan. 31, 1907	Devine, John	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A191	Feb. 4, 1907	Donegan, Joseph	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A351	Mar. 8, 1907	Davis, Herman	Russia	15	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A414	Mar. 16, 1907	Doyle, Frank	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A561	April 4, 1907	De Rocco, Tony	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A900	May 27, 1907	Delucca, John	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A920	May 28, 1907	Duffy, Walter	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A922	May 29, 1907	De Marzo, Vincent	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A928	May 29, 1907	De Lucca, Peter	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A999	June 6, 1907	De Negris, Joseph	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1003	June 6, 1907	Duffy, Charles W.	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1009	June 7, 1907	Doyle, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1012	June 7, 1907	Distasio, Frank	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1109	June 21, 1907	De Lorenzo, Guis.	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1112	June 21, 1907	Direnzo, Joseph	New York	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1120	June 22, 1907	Dombardo, Joseph	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1144	June 28, 1907	Deegan, Harold	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1265	Aug. 14, 1907	Devlin, James	Staten Is.	13	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A1272	Aug. 16, 1907	De Santi, Frank	Italy	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	....	"	....	.....
A1288	Aug. 22, 1907	Deas, Robert	S. Carolina	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1304	Sept. 6, 1907	Donohue, James	Brooklyn	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
A1314	Sept. 10, 1907	De Stefano, Pasquale	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
38428	Sept. 11, 1907	Duggan, Charles	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1364	Sept. 21, 1907	De Salvo, Romeo	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1365	Sept. 21, 1907	De Salvo, Thomas	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1385	Sept. 25, 1907	De Rosso, Louis	Italy	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1429	Oct. 3, 1907	Darsey, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1207	Oct. 4, 1907	Doherty, Edward	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1474	Oct. 14, 1907	Deegan, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1477	Oct. 14, 1907	Donohue, John	Ohio	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1536	Nov. 6, 1907	Dowling, James	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40533	Nov. 20, 1907	Donohue, William	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1634	Nov. 30, 1907	Dunckley, Thomas	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1652	Dec. 5, 1907	Derleth, George	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1660	Dec. 7, 1907	Dalton, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1740	Dec. 31, 1907	Donozio, Generoso	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1753	Jan. 7, 1908	Doyle, Edmund	"	15	"	"	Diff.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1761	Jan. 10, 1908	Doyle, Francis	"	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1784	Jan. 15, 1908	Doyle, Wilfred	"	12	"	"	Diff.	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1793	Jan. 17, 1908	Diatota, John	"	10	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1808	Jan. 21, 1908	Donecker, Jacob	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1810	Jan. 21, 1908	D'Emilio, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1822	Jan. 22, 1908	Devito, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1863	Feb. 26, 1908	Duranti, Dominick	Italy	9	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1871	Feb. 28, 1908	De Pierro, James	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1881	March 2, 1908	Davis, Moses	Georgia	12	"	"	Prot.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
36403	March 6, 1908	Dugan, Thomas	New York	7	"	"	Cath.	Letters	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1940	March 13, 1908	Dolan, William	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	Unk'n	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1949	March 14, 1908	Donohue, Dennis	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1964	March 16, 1908	Daly, Daniel	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2002	March 19, 1908	Daly, Frank	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2038	March 26, 1908	Dwyer, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2098	April 3, 1908	De Vito, Frank	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2110	April 3, 1908	Davina, Gaetano	Italy	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
									Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A2133	April 28, 1908	Dichiacchia, Alfred	Italy	15	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2147	April 29, 1908	Deleimascoli, Chas.	"	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A991	April 29, 1908	Duffy, John	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2294	May 20, 1908	De Salvo, George	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2330	May 27, 1908	Donargo, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2359	June 2, 1908	Doyle, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2391	June 6, 1908	Derveno, Daniel	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2393	June 8, 1908	Domenican, Tony	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2419	June 16, 1903	Dolan, John	N. Jersey	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2421	June 16, 1903	Dedmento, Thomas	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2423	June 17, 1903	De Lucca, Dominick	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2467	June 29, 1908	Daw, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2500	July 15, 1908	De Groat, Leo	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2548	July 29, 1908	Dunn, Peter	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2560	July 31, 1908	Delio, Frank	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2584	Aug. 11, 1908	De Casro, Vincent	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2588	Aug. 11, 1908	De Vito, Frank	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2305	Aug. 19, 1908	Dimaria, Thomas	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2320	Aug. 24, 1908	Downing, James	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
33428	Aug. 25, 1908	Dominto, Donato	"	4	"	"	"	None.....	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2663	Sept. 25, 1908	Doyle, Peter	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2669	Sept. 23, 1908	Demato, Tony	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A720	Sept. 30, 1908	Donovan, Richard	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
36259	July 5, 1904	Emmirs, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
36826	Jan. 10, 1905	Errard, William	"	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38888	Feb. 7, 1905	Esposito, Alex.	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40269	Oct. 3, 1906	Edmundson, Thos.	New York	12	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40568	Nov. 21, 1903	Elliott, James	Long Is.	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A558	April 3, 1907	Elliott, James	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A779	May 2, 1907	Etzel, Herman	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1103	June 20, 1907	Early, Archibald	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
37160	Nov. 14, 1907	Ernest, James	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1656	Dec. 7, 1907	Everell, Philip	Long Is.	15	Long Is.	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1723	Dec. 24, 1907	Edmunds, Alfred	N. Jersey	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1892	Mar. 3, 1908	Eddy, Fred	New York	12	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1927	Mar. 12, 1908	Ellis, George	Virginia	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1983	Mar. 17, 1908	English, Daniel	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2097	April 2, 1908	Evelene, Anthony	Maryland	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2228	May 11, 1908	Edgworth, Patrick	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2236	May 12, 1908	Ericson, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
31356	May 26, 1908	English, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2441	June 23, 1908	Engster, Sylvester	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
35850	April 27, 1904	Fresche, Charles	Long Is.	10	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35925	May 11, 1904	Fenton, Colbert	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
36512	Sept. 30, 1904	Ferry, Edward	France	8	Homeless	"	"	Letters.....	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
36783	Dec. 21, 1904	Forbes, John	New York	11	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	On Trial
38256	Oct. 13, 1905	Fogarty, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38850	Jan. 31, 1905	Foley, Frank	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
39504	May 14, 1906	Fecher, Eddie	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
39555	May 18, 1906	Fagan, Christopher	Ireland	10	"	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
36693	June 16, 1906	Flaherty, Joseph	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40071	Aug. 16, 1906	Fantino, Frank	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	....
A85	Jan. 19, 1907	Freer, Lawrence	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A167	Jan. 31, 1907	Fisher, Harold	Baltimore	10	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A172	Jan. 31, 1907	Ferranti, August	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A322	March 4, 1907	Fay, Mark	"	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A376	March 11, 1907	Ferris, Harry	"	13	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	"	....	"
A574	April 4, 1907	Franklin, Louis	"	11	"	"	Heb.	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A592	April 12, 1907	Ferro, Battisto	Italy	10	"	"	Cath.	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A690	April 23, 1907	Fromme, Andrew	Brooklyn	13	L. Island	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A709	April 25, 1907	Fitzpatrick, John	New York	11	New York	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A805	May 7, 1907	Fitzgerald, William	"	9	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A956	May 31, 1907	Forto, Mello	Italy	10	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1209	July 11, 1907	Famming, John	Brooklyn	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1258	Aug. 14, 1907	Ferguson, Lawrence	L. Island	11	L. Island	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1270	Aug. 15, 1907	Frizziola, Dominick	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1306	Sept. 7, 1907	Ford, Michael	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1336	Sept. 21, 1907	Flannigan, Charles	New York	9	Homeless	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1337	Sept. 21, 1907	Fallon, John	"	12	New York	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1415	Sept. 30, 1907	Fitzpatrick, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1420	Oct. 2, 1907	Farrell, John	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1441	Oct. 7, 1907	Fahey, Lawrence	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1442	Oct. 7, 1907	Feeley, Martin	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1455	Oct. 10, 1907	Falcone, Peter	Italy	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1503	Oct. 23, 1907	Faviano, James	"	14	New York	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1553	Nov. 12, 1907	Flanagan, James	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1635	Dec. 7, 1907	Ferdinand, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1680	Dec. 11, 1907	Fagan, Nicholas	"	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1684	Dec. 14, 1907	Furgerson, August	Conn.	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1699	Dec. 17, 1907	Fox, Thomas	New York	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1734	Dec. 27, 1907	Fleming, George	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1803	Jan. 18, 1908	Fauvell, Frederick	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1831	Jan. 23, 1908	Fitzgerald, Edward	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40272	Feb. 24, 1908	Fusco, Dominick	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"

A1882	March 2, 1908	Fitzgerald, James	New York	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A1933	March 12, 1908	Flaherty, Jerre	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1938	March 13, 1908	Fortmeyer, Wm.	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
39822	March 25, 1908	Foley, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2015	March 23, 1908	Furguson, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
38477	March 28, 1908	Flannery, Joseph	Ireland	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2059	March 30, 1908	Filepelli, Nicolo	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2096	April 2, 1908	Fogarty, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
38645	April 29, 1908	Farmicola, Ciro	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2196	May 6, 1908	Fruehwirth, Charles	Penn.	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	Mother	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2225	May 11, 1908	Fiori, John	Italy	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2247	May 14, 1908	Freel, Walter	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2250	May 14, 1908	Foley, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	Father	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2232	May 15, 1908	Fairchild, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A703	May 18, 1908	Feola, Louis	New York	10	New York	"	Cath.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2288	May 20, 1908	Fesselmeyer, Walter	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2322	May 25, 1908	Flynn, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2336	May 28, 1908	Famaliari, Thomas	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	Father	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A457	June 1, 1908	Ferro, Charles	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2394	June 8, 1908	Feloso, Angelo	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2420	June 16, 1908	Fields, John	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2425	June 17, 1908	Ferrari, Frank	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2435	June 29, 1908	Forrester, Edward	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2483	July 6, 1908	Forase, Nicholas	Italy	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2511	July 16, 1908	Forvit, Nicholas	Bohemia	9	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2513	July 16, 1908	Fennley, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2530	July 22, 1908	Fontanio, Nunzio	Italy	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2552	July 29, 1908	Farrell, Harry	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2562	July 31, 1908	Fighiola, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2587	Aug. 4, 1908	Feeney, John	Ireland	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2539	Aug. 6, 1908	Freeman, Thomas	Brooklyn	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2570	Aug. 6, 1908	Felrose, Ralph	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2578	Aug. 10, 1908	Finnegan, James	"	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2585	Aug. 11, 1908	Fereri, Charles	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2588	Aug. 11, 1908	Fargasio, Joseph	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2594	Aug. 13, 1908	Falkowsky, Anton	Russia	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2595	Aug. 13, 1908	Falkowsky, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2600	Aug. 17, 1908	Fleming, Joseph	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2611	Aug. 20, 1908	Fels, Jacob	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
34793	Aug. 25, 1908	Fitzgerald, Michael	Ireland	6	"	"	"	None.....	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
39303	Sept. 30, 1908	Fox, Leo	New York	8	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
34734	April 22, 1903	Gillon, James W.	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
34840	May 18, 1903	Gretz, Louis	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
36312	July 21, 1904	Gilhooley, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
38105	Sept. 16, 1905	Garven, Frank	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
38663	Jan. 2, 1906	Green, John	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	Mother	"	"	.....	.....	.....
39299	April 18, 1906	Griffen, Peter	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
39337	April 21, 1906	Grancher, Theodore	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
39965	July 21, 1906	Gallagher, Peter	Brooklyn	14	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Neither	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
40049	Aug. 13, 1906	George, Daniel	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40102	Aug. 23, 1906	Gargan, John	New York	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40181	Sept. 14, 1906	Glynn, Joe	Italy	10	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40221	Sept. 25, 1906	Greenfield, Morris	New York	13	"	"	Heb.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40404	Oct. 23, 1906	Gaston, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Homeless	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40680	Dec. 10, 1906	Gorman, John, Jr.	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34431	Dec. 17, 1906	Gizat, Guiseppe	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40755	Dec. 20, 1906	Gallagher, Anthony	L. Island	14	L. Island	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A75	Jan. 15, 1906	Gallagher, William	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A192	Feb. 4, 1906	Gaylock, Stephen	"	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A240	Feb. 18, 1906	Green, John	Virginia	11	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A317	March 4, 1906	Greenwalt, William	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A409	March 16, 1906	Gilson, Joseph	"	12	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A442	March 20, 1906	Gush, Louis	Russia	15	New York	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A503	April 12, 1906	Griffin, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A820	May 8, 1906	Garguilo, Stephen	Italy	11	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A909	May 28, 1906	Ghesti, August	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A913	May 28, 1906	Golden, Harry	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A944	May 31, 1906	Gutoff, Frank	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A984	June 4, 1906	Grantner, Adam	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	None	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A985	June 4, 1906	Grantner, Peter	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A998	June 6, 1906	Gill, Michael	New York	11	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1002	June 6, 1906	Gill, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1186	July 6, 1906	Grebe, Max	Phila.	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1197	July 9, 1906	Gallagher, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	"	.....
A1237	Aug. 7, 1906	Grady, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1342	Sept. 10, 1906	Green, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1523	Oct. 29, 1906	Gavio, Michael	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1543	Nov. 8, 1906	Guilfoyle, Thomas	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1571	Nov. 14, 1906	Greer, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1583	Nov. 18, 1906	Goffredo, Charles	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1586	Nov. 19, 1906	Golden, Patrick	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1620	Nov. 20, 1906	Gerado, Tony	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1630	Nov. 29, 1906	Genonio, Frederick	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1777	Jan. 13, 1908	Guilfoyle, Henry	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

A1785	Jan. 15, 1908	Gasparino, Angelo	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A1798	Jan. 17, 1908	Garguilo, Amado	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A1807	Jan. 20, 1908	Grenner, Jacob	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1818	Jan. 22, 1908	Gammell, Eward	"	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A1853	Feb. 24, 1908	Gavio, James	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A1910	March 9, 1908	Gibilisco, Albert	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	"
A1942	March 13, 1908	Gruppo, Adolph	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A1982	March 17, 1908	Guilfoyle, Harry	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2009	March 20, 1908	Green, Joseph	Virginia	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2145	April 29, 1908	Ghetto, Charles	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
39912	April 22, 1908	Gaskins, John	S. Carolina	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2162	May 1, 1908	Greco, Frank	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2170	May 4, 1908	Geeraerts, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2193	May 6, 1908	Geradame, John	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2226	May 11, 1908	Gerarda, Dominick	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2261	May 15, 1908	Guidetta, Raffael	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2297	May 21, 1908	Grimaldi, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A341	May 21, 1908	Gerodi, Nicholas	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2302	May 22, 1908	Gianci, Lorenzo	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2312	May 23, 1908	Glasson, John	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2331	May 27, 1908	Gentile, Andrea	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2338	May 28, 1908	Gannon, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2350	June 2, 1908	Gerrard, John	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2385	June 5, 1908	Gildea, Frank	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A448	June 22, 1908	Gentile, John	Italy	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2445	June 23, 1908	Glassey, John	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2447	June 24, 1908	Glennon, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2469	June 30, 1908	Green, George	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2475	July 2, 1908	Grieco, Raffaele	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2486	July 6, 1908	Guiseppe, Dominick	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2502	July 15, 1908	Grummell, William	"	14	"	"	Diff.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2518	July 17, 1908	Gardina, John	New York	15	New York	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2543	July 28, 1908	Guilienio, Anthony	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2547	July 28, 1908	Gentile, Andrew	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2534	Aug. 1, 1908	Goetz, Harry	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2565	Aug. 1, 1908	Goetz, John	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
33968	Aug. 25, 1908	Golden, George	"	5	"	"	"	None	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
33969	Aug. 25, 1908	Golden, James	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
36313	Aug. 25, 1908	Gilhoolen, Eugene	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2633	Sept. 14, 1908	Gloor, Harry	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
36035	May 27, 1904	Howard, John	Ireland	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
36778	Dec. 16, 1904	Hempe, Arthur	Germany	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
37227	April 11, 1905	Healey, Martin	New York	10	Richmond	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	"
37474	May 17, 1905	Harris, John	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	"
38423	Nov. 13, 1905	Hennessy, Michael	Ireland	14	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
38955	Feb. 20, 1906	Higgins, Leslie	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
39314	April 18, 1906	Hanlon, Leo	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	None	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
39315	April 18, 1906	Hanlon, Vincent	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....				

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
39357	April 25, 1906	Hoffman, James	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
39845	June 27, 1906	Healy, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
40030	Aug. 10, 1906	Hennessy, Harry	Ontario	12	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
40176	Sept. 14, 1906	Hyman, John	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
40246	Sept. 29, 1906	Henehan, Martin	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
40351	Oct. 16, 1906	Hynes, James	L. Island	12	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
40413	Oct. 24, 1906	Heffernan, Harry	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
40729	Dec. 17, 1906	Healey, Spencer	"	14	L. Island	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A164	Jan. 31, 1907	Howard, Colbert	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A303	March 2, 1907	Horan, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A349	March 8, 1907	Higgins, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A550	April 2, 1907	Houston, Arthur	N. Jersey	15	New York	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A689	April 23, 1907	Homat, Rocco	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1035	June 11, 1907	Hayes, Daniel	N. Jersey	11	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1199	July 10, 1907	Holland, Philip	New York	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1234	Aug. 6, 1907	Hughes, Frederick	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1248	Aug. 12, 1907	Hill, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1249	Aug. 12, 1907	Hill, Charles	"	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1253	Aug. 14, 1907	Huggard, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1284	Aug. 20, 1907	Hagan, David	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1288	Aug. 21, 1907	Harty, Raymond	New York	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1443	Oct. 8, 1907	Hafner, Albert	"	10	New York	"	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1443	Oct. 9, 1907	Hauben, Francis	"	9	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1452	Oct. 10, 1907	Hammond, Edward	"	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1559	Nov. 12, 1907	Healey, Jere	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1617	Nov. 23, 1907	Higgins, Herbert	Staten Is.	11	Staten Is.	"	"	"	Fair	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	"	.....
A1703	Dec. 18, 1907	Hofbrauer, Joseph	New York	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1748	Jan. 6, 1908	Haas, Joseph	"	15	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1757	Jan. 8, 1908	Hart, James	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1768	Jan. 11, 1908	Harrigan, Thomas	"	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A1779	Jan. 14, 1908	Hayes, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1790	Jan. 15, 1908	Hodge, Albert	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1845	Feb. 21, 1908	Harris, Vincent	"	14	"	"	"	"	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1858	Feb. 25, 1908	Hynes, Robert	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1889	March 3, 1908	Hennessy, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A1913	March 10, 1908	Harris, Clarence	"	11	"	"	Prot.	"	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....

A1947	March 13, 1908	Haley, George	Tuckahoe	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Father	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A1952	March 14, 1908	Harper, Robert	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1993	March 19, 1908	Happel, Adolph	"	13	"	"	Diff.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2063	March 30, 1908	Higgins, Clarence	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2069	March 30, 1908	Hackett, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2125	April 24, 1908	Haywood, Robert	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2129	April 25, 1908	Healy, Royal	N. Jersey	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2157	April 30, 1908	Holly, Leo	New York	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2251	May 14, 1908	Hick, Roy	Brooklyn	13	"	"	Diff.	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2275	May 18, 1908	Herbst, Harry	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2319	May 26, 1908	Hoffmiss, James	"	12	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2320	May 26, 1908	Hoffmiss, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1682	June 2, 1908	Hordynczk, Tony	Russia	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2417	June 5, 1908	Handschuck, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2435	June 22, 1908	Hibbard, Frank	L. Island	15	New York	"	Diff.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2433	June 22, 1908	Hackett, Thomas	New York	11	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2444	June 23, 1908	Hughes, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2445	June 24, 1908	Hadden, Joseph	N. Jersey	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2449	June 24, 1908	Halligan, Joseph	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2470	June 30, 1908	Hobson, Arthur	New York	11	New York	"	Diff.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2471	July 6, 1908	Heenan, Charles	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2482	July 11, 1908	Herman, William	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2491	July 13, 1908	Horff, Henry	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2494	Aug. 13, 1908	Hayes, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2591	Aug. 20, 1908	Harvey, James	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2609	Aug. 20, 1908	Hordansky, Charles	Hungary	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2610	Aug. 24, 1908	Hordansky, Sultan	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2622	Aug. 24, 1908	Hallback, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2645	Sept. 18, 1908	Hannigan, Frank	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A275	Sept. 19, 1908	Halloran, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2660	Sept. 25, 1908	Hennis, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38918	Sept. 30, 1908	Hanbury, Patrick	"	8	"	"	"	None	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A404	Sept. 30, 1908	Hughes, Francis	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A188	Feb. 4, 1907	Irving, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1235	Aug. 7, 1907	Irwin, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1361	Sept. 21, 1907	Irwin, Charles	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1609	Nov. 25, 1907	Immell, Jacob	Germany	12	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	Transferred	"	....	....	.....
A1857	Feb. 25, 1908	Imperato, Philip	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2036	March 24, 1908	Igoe, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A979	May 21, 1908	Iomosi, Michael	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2397	June 9, 1908	Irwin, John	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2550	July 29, 1908	Iaconi, Nicholas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39951	July 18, 1906	Johnson, Sylvester	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A272	Feb. 23, 1907	Joyce, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1369	Sept. 21, 1907	Johnson, Walter	New York	11	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1392	Sept. 27, 1907	Jennings, Thomas	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	Letters	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1589	Nov. 20, 1907	Jime, Rocco	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1591	Nov. 20, 1907	Jennings, Albert	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2092	April 1, 1908	Jaycox, Raymond	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	Good	Diff.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
40437	May 29, 1908	Joyce, Martin	New York	11	New York	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2566	August 3, 1908	Jaehne, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2574	August 7, 1908	Jones, John J.	"	11	"	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2599	August 17, 1908	Jackson, George H.	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33348	Feb. 13, 1902	Kerns, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34883	May 23, 1903	Kellerman, Frank	Germany	8	L. Island	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33939	Oct. 3, 1904	Keiley, Andrew	New York	7	New York	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
36567	Oct. 10, 1904	Kelly, William H.	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
37951	August 2, 1905	Katzer, George	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	"
38065	August 31, 1905	Klapshaw, William	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Unk'n	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38672	Jan. 3, 1906	Katz, Samuel	Russia	11	"	"	Heb.	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39131	March 23, 1906	Keenan, Patrick	New York	12	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40180	Sept. 14, 1906	King, Charles	Brooklyn	13	Homeless	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40242	Sept. 28, 1906	King, Joseph	L. Island	12	L. Island	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40481	Nov. 2, 1906	Kaminski, Peter	Poland	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40638	Dec. 5, 1906	Kane, Eddie	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40751	Dec. 20, 1906	Kadzik, John	Brooklyn	10	"	"	Diff.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A61	Jan. 11, 1907	Krick, Joseph	"	11	Homeless	"	Cath.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A62	Jan. 11, 1907	Krick, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A178	Feb. 1, 1907	Kranz, Louis	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A639	April 17, 1907	Krick, Peter	"	13	L. Island	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A745	April 29, 1907	Keyes, James	New York	12	New York	"	"	None.....	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A778	May 2, 1907	Kerrigan, Aubrey	Alabama	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1202	July 10, 1907	Kelly, John	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1293	August 23, 1907	Kilbride, Thomas	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1401	Sept. 20, 1907	Kessler, Charles	"	7	"	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37648	Oct. 7, 1907	Kesmetrowitz, Wm.	Russia	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A28	Oct. 28, 1907	King, Thomas	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	"	....	.....
A1576	Nov. 15, 1907	Killeen, Michael	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1614	Nov. 25, 1907	Kelly, Eugene	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1713	Dec. 19, 1907	Kane, Harold	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1802	Jan. 17, 1908	Keyborn, Thomas	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1836	Jan. 31, 1908	Katz, Peter	Russia	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1893	March 3, 1908	Koscieska, Konstanti	Poland	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1902	March 6, 1908	Kennington, Thomas	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A1907	March 7, 1903	Kane, Charles	Albany	15	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	...	....	....	Transferred
A1908	March 7, 1908	Keough, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1915	March 10, 1908	Keegan, William	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1922	March 11, 1908	Knight, Bernard	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1929	March 12, 1908	Kane, Peter	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2039	April 1, 1908	Kofka, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	...	....	....	"
A2213	May 9, 1908	Kelly, Andrew	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2214	May 9, 1908	Kelly, Edward	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2233	May 12, 1908	Klass, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
A2253	May 15, 1908	Kurth, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2305	May 22, 1908	Kirby, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1038	May 25, 1908	Kelly, Frank	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2352	June 3, 1908	Kenny, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2377	June 4, 1908	Kiernan, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2401	June 10, 1908	Kavanagh, Frank	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	"	....	.....
A2405	June 11, 1908	Kaufman, Adam	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2411	June 12, 1908	Kish, Anthony	Hungary	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2422	June 17, 1908	Kane, William	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2437	June 23, 1908	Kavanagh, Chris.	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2512	July 16, 1908	Kenny, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2540	July 25, 1908	Kelly, Edward	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2561	July 31, 1908	Kerns, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
29357	August 25, 1908	Kingsley, John	New York	2	New York	"	"	None.....	None	Both	Mother	"	"	....	....	.....
A1226	August 25, 1908	Keller, Fred.	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A2628	Sept. 11, 1908	Kirk, Harry	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2338	Sept. 15, 1908	Koronkewie, Brimy	Russia	7	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2639	Sept. 16, 1908	Kennedy, James	New York	15	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2358	Sept. 25, 1908	Kelly, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2359	Sept. 25, 1908	Kerr, Clarence	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
A855	Sept. 30, 1908	Kelly, James	"	10	S. Island	"	"	None	None	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
36497	Sept. 23, 1904	Law, George	"	8	New York	"	Prot.	Reads and writes	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36752	Dec. 3, 1904	La Cicero, Joseph	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36954	Feb. 3, 1905	Lawless, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
38058	August 30, 1905	Lipkin, Elias	Russia	11	New York	"	Heb.	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38110	Sept. 18, 1905	Leonard, Thomas	New York	11	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38193	Oct. 4, 1905	Lynch, William	W. Chester	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
38458	Nov. 22, 1905	Lesler, Edward	Albany	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38493	Nov. 29, 1905	Lutz, Joseph	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
38873	Feb. 3, 1906	Ligiardrio, Michael	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38915	Feb. 10, 1906	Lyons, Jeremiah	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39101	Mar. 15, 1906	Liner, Henry	"	15	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39507	May 24, 1906	Lee, Arthur	"	11	"	"	Diff.	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40054	August 14, 1906	Learde, Salvatore	Italy	11	"	"	Cath.	None	None	Neither	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
40213	Sept. 22, 1906	Larkin, William	New York	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40214	Sept. 22, 1906	Larkin, John	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40325	Oct. 12, 1906	Lanesi, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40578	Nov. 22, 1906	Larkin, Philip	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A95	Jan. 19, 1907	Lyons, William	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education	Religious Instruction	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A277	Feb. 25, 1907	Lafera, Tony	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	...	....	....	On Trial
A290	Feb. 27, 1907	Lindsay, Robert	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A461	March 22, 1907	Lightbourne, Edw.	Jackson'le	12	New York	"	Bapt.	" "	None	"	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A578	April 5, 1907	Livingston, Herman	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A597	April 12, 1907	Loomis, William	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A846	May 13, 1907	Lenehan, Thomas	Staten Is.	9	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"		....	"	.....
A874	May 25, 1907	Lambe, Edward	Penn.	15	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A910	May 28, 1907	Lawler, Louis	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"		....	....	"
A1005	June 7, 1907	Lattanzio, Mario	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"		....	....	"
A1102	June 20, 1907	Lafferty, Harry	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A1103	June 20, 1907	Larrett, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1136	June 27, 1907	Lavine, William	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1143	June 28, 1907	Leon, George	Hoboken	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1189	July 6, 1907	Luff, Charles	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A1201	July 10, 1907	Lattagio, Vincent	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1246	Aug. 10, 1907	Lyons, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1232	Aug. 14, 1907	Lemenzi, Joseph	Switz'l'nd	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1278	Aug. 17, 1907	Labato, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1297	Aug. 27, 1907	Lenihan, Frank	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1348	Sept. 20, 1907	Larkin, Joseph	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1394	Sept. 20, 1907	Labarbera, Sebast.	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Transferred	...	....	....	"
A1395	Sept. 20, 1907	Labarbera, Emilo	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1520	Oct. 29, 1907	Leska, Frank	Hungary	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A1698	Dec. 16, 1907	Lapollo, Antonio	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1733	Dec. 27, 1907	Luna, Nicholas	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1747	Jan. 4, 1908	Langford, Joseph	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1838	Feb. 20, 1908	Leechan, Daniel	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1844	Feb. 20, 1908	Larkin, Thomas	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1977	March 17, 1908	Leone, Joseph	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A1992	March 19, 1908	Logan, James	New York	7	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2034	March 24, 1908	Little, Walter	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2035	March 24, 1908	Little, David	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A169	March 23, 1908	Luby, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2040	March 25, 1908	Lacere, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2054	March 23, 1908	Liebel, Adam	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38874	March 30, 1908	Lattara, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

A2072	March 31, 1908	Letu, John	New York	12	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A2073	March 31, 1908	Letu, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2108	April 1, 1908	Lee, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A2107	April 4, 1908	Lafanto, Coney	"	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A2109	April 13, 1908	La Gana, John	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2259	May 15, 1908	Lagrassi, Theodore	Brooklyn	10	"	"	"	" "			.....	"		....	....	.....
A2315	May 25, 1908	Lynch, John	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair		.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2316	May 25, 1908	Lerson, John	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"		....	....	.....
A2323	May 27, 1908	Lembo, Pasquale	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A2329	May 27, 1908	Lefieri, Anthony	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"		....	....	Transferred
A2351	June 1, 1908	Lavaggi, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A2379	June 4, 1908	Leier, Albert	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"		....	....	"
A2395	June 9, 1908	Long, Edward	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"		....	....	"
A2424	June 17, 1908	Lennon, Matthew	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"		....	....	"
A1774	June 22, 1908	Laradoni, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2440	June 23, 1908	Longstreet, Theo.	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2466	June 29, 1908	Lorenzo, Peter	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2488	July 9, 1908	Lewis, Henry	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2503	July 16, 1908	Leavey, Charles	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
38824	Aug. 3, 1908	Lardino, Carmello	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
38448	Aug. 5, 1908	Ladidid, Francesco	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	"
A2589	Aug. 12, 1908	Lefaro, Dominick	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2598	Aug. 14, 1908	Lonardo, John	Italy	15	L. Island	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2619	Aug. 22, 1908	Law, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2632	Sept. 12, 1908	Lynch, Ambrose	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2653	Sept. 24, 1908	Leslie, George	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A2668	Sept. 23, 1908	Laughren, Charles	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
35345	Jan. 26, 1904	Murphy, Thomas	New York	8	New York	"	"	None	Poor	Father	.....	"		....	....	.....
36280	July 9, 1904	Maher, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
33847	Sept. 30, 1904	Meinhardt, James	"	9	"	"	"	None	"	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
30709	Sept. 30, 1904	Masseca, Rooney	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
36722	Nov. 25, 1904	Muller, Herman	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	Letters	Fair	Unk'n	.....	"	"	....	....	"
36747	Dec. 1, 1904	Murphy, William	Brooklyn	8	"	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
37001	Feb. 23, 1905	Morris, Edward	"	8	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
38035	Aug. 21, 1905	Maisonet, Desidero	Spain	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"		....	....	Transferred
38044	Aug. 23, 1905	Marks, Miles	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38434	Nov. 16, 1905	Murphy, James	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
38463	Nov. 23, 1905	Maude, George W.	L. Island	13	"	"	Diff.	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
38524	Dec. 4, 1905	Murtagh, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	"
38583	Dec. 14, 1905	Mullen, Thomas	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38943	Feb. 17, 1906	Mazaret, Andrew	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
38953	Feb. 20, 1906	Michaels, Roy	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
38966	Feb. 21, 1906	Meyers, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"		....	....	"
39007	Feb. 28, 1906	Muldoon, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	Father	"		....	....	"
39084	March 13, 1906	Martin, Nicholas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
39399	April 30, 1906	Meyers, Charles	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"		....	....	.....
39721	June 9, 1906	Moon, Elmer	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
39977	July 24, 1903	Martell, Richard	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....			....	....	"

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
40082	Aug. 17, 1906	Moody, Charles	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	"	.....
40131	Aug. 31, 1906	Mulcare, Cornelius	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40271	Oct. 4, 1906	Mead, Francis	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40290	Oct. 6, 1906	Mulligan, Charles	"	10	Long Is.	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40419	Oct. 25, 1906	Madigan, Patrick	"	11	New York	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40420	Oct. 25, 1906	Madigan, James	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40540	Nov. 15, 1906	Mallon, Robert	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40549	Nov. 17, 1906	Marica, Paul	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
40593	Nov. 24, 1906	Matarazza, James	Italy	13	"	"	"	None	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40619	Nov. 30, 1906	Mullally, Thomas	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40620	Nov. 30, 1906	Mullally, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40623	Dec. 1, 1906	Mullen, Leo	Long Is.	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	"	.....
37107	Dec. 31, 1906	Mullen, Arthur	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A176	Feb. 1, 1907	Maher, Frank	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
36291	Feb. 15, 1907	Moyan, William	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A230	Feb. 14, 1907	Markey, Francis	"	13	"	"	"	None	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A264	Feb. 20, 1907	Mangen, Frank	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A265	Feb. 20, 1907	Mackey, Charles	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A330	March 5, 1907	Miller, Joseph	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A377	March 11, 1907	Mooney, James	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A427	March 18, 1907	Milano, Benjamin	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A490	March 25, 1907	Monahan, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A582	April 8, 1907	Malzoni, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A646	April 18, 1907	Masterson, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A647	April 18, 1907	Masterson, Edward	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A681	April 23, 1907	March, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A771	May 2, 1907	Merritt, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A788	May 4, 1907	Mastarino, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A792	May 6, 1907	Murray, Charles	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A811	May 8, 1907	Murillo, Fred.	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1008	June 7, 1907	Marcella, Tony	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1065	June 14, 1907	Mell, Henry	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1074	June 15, 1907	Murphy, Daniel	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1086	June 17, 1907	Morino, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1089	June 18, 1907	Morino, John	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1139	June 28, 1907	Mitchell, Lawrence	Long Is.	11	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A1178	July 5, 1907	Marino, John	N. Orleans	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A1205	July 11, 1907	Murphy, Peter	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1241	Aug. 8, 1907	Monteforte, Michael	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1254	Aug. 13, 1907	Muscato, Frank	Italy	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	
A1303	Sept. 6, 1907	Miller, George H.	Yonkers	9	Yonkers	"	Diff.	" "	None	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1311	Sept. 9, 1907	Mone, Thomas	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1331	Sept. 14, 1907	Meehan, James	New York	14	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
32323	Sept. 11, 1907	Merlein, Robert	"	6	New York	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1370	Sept. 21, 1907	Murphy, James	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1418	Oct. 1, 1907	Micedona, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1431	Oct. 4, 1907	Mulligan, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1453	Oct. 10, 1907	Manfre, Charles	Italy	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1491	Oct. 18, 1907	Munson, Rennsler	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1473	Oct. 10, 1907	Mazzi, Donato	Italy	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1506	Oct. 23, 1907	Mullen, Frank	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1517	Oct. 28, 1907	Muzzio, Frank	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1555	Nov. 12, 1907	Maratico, Seneo	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1569	Nov. 14, 1907	Muccio, Nicholas	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1577	Nov. 16, 1907	Minetti, Louis	"	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1578	Nov. 16, 1907	Meehan, Peter	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1585	Nov. 19, 1907	Mulligan, Alfred	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1595	Nov. 21, 1907	Massi, Frank	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1610	Nov. 25, 1907	Moore, George E.	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1621	Nov. 27, 1907	Margot, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1629	Nov. 29, 1907	Moriarity, Michael	Boston	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1661	Dec. 7, 1907	Mercurio, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1662	Dec. 7, 1907	Mercurio, Victor	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1670	Dec. 9, 1907	Maye, Harold	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1676	Dec. 10, 1907	Micezhowski, Boles.	Poland	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	
A1677	Dec. 11, 1907	Maliske, John	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1723	Dec. 24, 1907	Maselli, Tony	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1738	Dec. 31, 1907	Murphy, Andrew	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1739	Dec. 31, 1907	Murphy, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1772	Jan. 11, 1908	Mahoney, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1788	Jan. 15, 1908	Morasco, Tony	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
39464	Feb. 21, 1908	Monaco, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1852	Feb. 24, 1908	Mulligan, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1887	March 3, 1908	Montanaro, Angelo	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1898	March 4, 1908	Micchio, Joseph	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1901	March 5, 1908	Mayer, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1928	March 12, 1908	Martin, Claude	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1972	March 17, 1908	Mahoney, Thomas	Ireland	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2022	March 17, 1908	Murtha, Edward	New York	8	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2039	March 26, 1908	Muscato, Salv.	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2051	March 28, 1908	Margassi, Peter	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2065	March 30, 1908	Meehan, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2070	March 30, 1908	Monascalco, Peter	Italy	10	"	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	
38644	April 1, 1908	Munks, James	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2099	April 3, 1908	Maturo, James	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2100	April 3, 1908	Morello, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2106	April 4, 1908	Montonino, Tony	"	7	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2131	April 25, 1908	Macchiavelli, Car.	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2133	April 25, 1908	Murphy, Raymond	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A2141	April 29, 1908	Mooney, Richard	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2155	April 30, 1908	May, August	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2158	April 30, 1908	Maxwell, Robert	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2210	May 8, 1908	Mackasek, Alfred	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2220	May 9, 1908	Masi, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2235	May 16, 1908	Marshall, William	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2272	May 16, 1908	Minitir, Walter	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2282	May 16, 1908	Marshall, William	New York	12	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2292	May 20, 1908	Mackin, John	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2304	May 22, 1908	Mitchell, Charles	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2328	May 28, 1908	Moonis, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2345	June 1, 1908	Maloney, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2365	June 2, 1908	Marrone, Angelo	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2378	June 4, 1908	Murillo, Edward	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2382	June 6, 1908	Metro, Nicholas	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2396	June 9, 1908	Murray, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2407	June 11, 1908	Masca, Robert	Penn.	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2459	June 27, 1908	May, Frank	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2430	June 27, 1908	Misfeedt, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2433	June 29, 1908	Murray, Joseph	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2489	July 11, 1908	Mead, Edgar	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2563	Aug. 1, 1908	Moeller, William	Germany	13	New York	"	Diff.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2573	Aug. 6, 1908	Mancuso, John	Italy	11	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2575	Aug. 7, 1908	Miller, Frank	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	"	.....
40322	Aug. 25, 1908	Mullally, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2637	Sept. 15, 1908	Meara, Joseph	P'keepsie	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2640	Sept. 17, 1908	Melia, John	Peekskill	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Unk'n	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2644	Sept. 18, 1908	Mazzio, Pasquale	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2654	Sept. 25, 1908	Maloney, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2681	Sept. 30, 1908	Monahan, Thomas	New York	8	New York	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34928	June 2, 1903	McEnroe, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

35507	Dec. 30, 1903	McCarthy, Patrick	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	Committed	...	.....	....	On Trial
36634	Oct. 27, 1904	McGonigle, James	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
37200	April 6, 1905	McSorley, William	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
38109	Sept. 18, 1905	McDonald, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
38392	Jan. 8, 1906	McCabe, Frank	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
38747	Jan. 17, 1906	McCaffrey, Terrance	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	"
38952	Feb. 19, 1906	McGeough, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	"
39345	April 24, 1906	McGlynn, Percy	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	"
39588	May 22, 1906	McGovern, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
39903	July 9, 1906	McKeegan, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
40210	Sept. 21, 1906	McGovern, Joseph	Long Is.	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	Father	"	"	.....	....	.....
40502	Nov. 8, 1906	McCarthy, John	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	....	.....
40541	Nov. 15, 1906	McKeogh, Arthur	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
36232	Dec. 1, 1906	McCleary, Matthew	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	.....
A57	Jan. 10, 1907	McGrath, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A329	March 5, 1907	McManus, Owen	Ireland	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A382	March 13, 1907	McDonald, Alan	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	....	.....
A810	May 7, 1907	McMahon, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A882	May 25, 1907	McNamara, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A917	May 28, 1907	McGuire, Joseph	Kentucky	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A933	May 29, 1907	McGuire, Michael	Georgia	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1016	June 8, 1907	McAvoy, John	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1017	June 8, 1907	McAvoy, Patrick	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	.....
A1055	June 13, 1907	McConnell, Frank	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1073	June 15, 1907	McDonough, Tim.	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1127	June 24, 1907	McKay, James J.	"	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	"
A1277	Aug. 17, 1907	McCarthy, Thomas	Boston	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	"
35302	Sept. 11, 1907	McGarty, Joseph	New York	7	"	"	"	Letters	None	Father	.....	"	...	.....	....	"
A1355	Sept. 20, 1907	McGuire, Harry	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1380	Sept. 23, 1907	McCoo, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1371	Sept. 21, 1907	McCourt, James	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1372	Sept. 21, 1907	McNabb, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1339	Sept. 27, 1907	McEnroe, Harold J.	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1448	Oct. 9, 1907	McKeever, Charles	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
40457	Oct. 22, 1907	McGrane, John	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1584	Nov. 18, 1907	McCarthy, David	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1631	Nov. 29, 1907	McNally, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	...	.....	....	Transferred
A1635	Nov. 30, 1907	McDermott, James	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1702	Dec. 18, 1907	McMahon, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1733	Jan. 10, 1908	McGlone, James J.	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1833	Jan. 27, 1908	McCarthy, Thomas	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1835	Jan. 30, 1908	McCarthy, Walter	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1853	Feb. 25, 1908	McGowan, Michael	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A1981	March 17, 1908	McCormack, Mich.	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A1989	March 18, 1908	McMahon, David	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	....	.....
A2091	April 1, 1908	McGrath, Joseph	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	...	.....	....	.....
A2143	April 29, 1908	McPartland, Wm.	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	...	.....	....	On Trial
A2237	May 12, 1908	McHugh, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	...	.....	....	Transferred

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health When Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2256	May 15, 1908	McCarthy, Cornelius	New York	12	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A642	May 20, 1908	McLaughlin, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2299	May 21, 1908	McNally, Arthur A.	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2337	May 28, 1908	McAllister, Randall	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2375	June 4, 1908	McKeon, Ernest	England	15	"	"	"	" "	Good		.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2409	June 12, 1908	McGonigle, Alex.	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2418	June 16, 1908	McKim, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2426	June 18, 1908	McDonald, James	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2457	June 26, 1908	McGurn, Joseph	N. Jersey	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2508	July 16, 1908	McConnell, Hugh	Long Is.	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2519	July 17, 1908	McGonigle, John	Michigan	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2549	July 29, 1908	McCarthy, Joseph	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2603	August 18, 1908	McAuliff, Arthur	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34131	August 25, 1908	McCormack, Patrick	"	5	"	"	"	None.....	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40024	August 25, 1908	McGee, William	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2656	Sept. 24, 1908	McNamee, James	N. Jersey	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2676	Sept. 29, 1908	McCauley, James	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35508	Sept. 30, 1908	McMahon, James	"	6	"	"	"	None.....	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35870	April 29, 1904	Neuca, Elton	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36143	June 14, 1904	Nugent, Thomas	Staten Is.	11	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
36668	Nov. 2, 1904	Newell, James	Italy	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37597	June 1, 1905	Novota, William	Germany	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39275	April 14, 1906	Numerick, William	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39976	July 24, 1906	Nihill, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40227	Sept. 26, 1906	Nolan, James	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40581	Nov. 22, 1906	Nicarus, Tony	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None		.....	"	....	....	....	"
A280	Feb. 25, 1907	Niffer, John C.	Brooklyn	12	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A950	May 31, 1907	Nicarus, Carmine	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A974	June 4, 1907	Nedeio, Rocco	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1030	June 10, 1907	Nunziato, James	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1031	June 10, 1907	Nunziato, Tony	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1310	Sept. 9, 1907	Neary, Walter	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
34199	Sept. 11, 1907	Nevins, Joseph	New York	7	New York	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1379	Sept. 23, 1907	Nichols, George	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1542	Nov. 8, 1907	Noble, Louis	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1626	Nov. 27, 1907	Natelli, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A1794	Jan. 17, 1908	Neilson, William	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A1861	Feb. 25, 1908	Nola, Frank	"	15	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	On Trial
A153	March 16, 1908	Nollio, Connio	Penn.	12	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....
A2012	March 23, 1908	Neuber, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2321	May 26, 1908	Noonan, Thomas	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2464	May 27, 1908	Natale, Savariano	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2472	July 1, 1908	Nugent, Charles	Staten Is.	12	Staten Is.	"	Diff.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2608	August 19, 1908	Nastro, Salvatore	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2612	August 20, 1908	Nunia, Philip	Porto Rico	15	Porto Rico	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....
34200	Sept. 30, 1908	Nevins, John	New York	6	New York	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
36669	Sept. 30, 1908	Newell, William	Brooklyn	6	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	Father	"	.....	.....	On Trial
32492	July 11, 1901	O'Brien, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	Letters	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
35802	April 16, 1904	O'Connor, Thomas	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
38945	Feb. 17, 1906	O'Hearn, Michael	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
39095	March 14, 1906	O'Mara, John	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39095	March 14, 1906	O'Mara, Timothy	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39301	June 20, 1906	O'Grady, Joseph	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
40092	July 31, 1906	O'Grady, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
40340	Oct. 15, 1906	O'Leary, George	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
40341	Oct. 15, 1906	O'Leary, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
40342	Oct. 15, 1906	Olsen, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
36179	Dec. 14, 1906	O'Connor, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
36824	Dec. 1, 1906	O'Donnell, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A69	Jan. 14, 1907	O'Donnell, James	Long Is.	14	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	"
A233	Feb. 14, 1907	Osgood, Charles	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A333	March 6, 1907	O'Brien, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A346	March 7, 1907	O'Byrne, Francis	Long Is.	15	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A375	March 11, 1907	O'Donnell, Frederick	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A769	May 2, 1907	O'Keefe, Richard	Long Is.	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A976	June 4, 1907	O'Toole, Terrence	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A994	June 5, 1907	O'Neill, James	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A995	June 5, 1907	O'Neill, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A1037	June 8, 1907	Owens, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
36662	May 29, 1907	Oliver, Tony	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A1150	July 1, 1907	O'Connor, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A1152	July 2, 1907	Oliver, Raymond	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1179	July 5, 1907	Oddo, Charles	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A1309	Sept. 9, 1907	O'Rourke, Vincent	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A1378	Sept. 23, 1907	Oliver, Chauncey	New York	9	New York	"	Prot.	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A1410	Sept. 29, 1907	O'Neill, Thomas	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Transferred	"	.....	.....
A1564	Nov. 13, 1907	O'Brien, Frank	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A1656	Dec. 6, 1907	O'Neill, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A1669	Dec. 9, 1907	Otto, Emil	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A1787	Jan. 15, 1908	Olivette, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A1825	Jan. 25, 1908	Orsek, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A1879	Jan. 28, 1908	O'Rourke, Bernard	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A1974	March 17, 1908	Oddo, Louis	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2011	March 21, 1908	O'Connell, Richard	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2017	March 23, 1908	Orlando, Michael	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2169	May 4, 1908	O'Dell, Walter	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	Father	"	....	....	....	"
A2300	May 21, 1908	Ovington, Edward	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2387	June 5, 1908	O'Connor, David	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2399	June 9, 1908	O'Neill, Charles	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2410	June 12, 1908	O'Keefe, Francis	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2480	July 3, 1908	O'Keefe, Richard	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2520	July 17, 1908	O'Donnell, Frank	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2604	Aug. 18, 1908	Oram, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37626	Aug. 25, 1908	O'Neill, Joseph	New York	8	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39505	Aug. 25, 1908	O'Hara, William	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2631	Sept. 12, 1908	Orsino, Dominick	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2365	Sept. 25, 1908	O'Neill, Michael	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	"	....	.....
A2371	Sept. 28, 1908	O'Brien, Joseph	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
35044	July 4, 1903	Parks, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
36435	Sept. 8, 1904	Price, Eugene	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36466	Sept. 8, 1904	Price, Arthur	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37571	May 29, 1905	Pochap, Rudolph	New York	11	New York	"	"	None.....	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38459	Nov. 22, 1905	Pooret, Joseph	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38432	Nov. 23, 1905	Pesco, Michael	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38753	Jan. 19, 1906	Peterson, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
38825	Jan. 29, 1906	Pelletieri, Stafano	Italy	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39428	May 4, 1906	Pattanati, Lorenzo	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
39858	June 29, 1906	Proto, Salvatore	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40097	Aug. 22, 1906	Pollock , James	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40307	Oct. 10, 1906	Pacillo, Frank	Italy	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
40372	Oct. 18, 1906	Price, John	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40444	Oct. 27, 1906	Philips, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40551	Nov. 17, 1906	Pellechia, Frederick	Italy	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A111	Jan. 22, 1907	Petzold, Frederick	New York	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A338	March 6, 1907	Pfeiffer, Frank	"	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A776	May 2, 1907	Pagano, Mannuelo	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A789	May 4, 1907	Petchell, Michael	Long Is.	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1090	June 18, 1907	Pierro, Lorenzo	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1213	July 12, 1907	Petruzzi, Dominick	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1323	Sept. 12, 1907	Peconzo, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"

Parlor at St. Philip's Home.

St. Philip's Society and Committee.

Camping Out at St. Philip's Villa.

A1333	Sept. 16, 1907	Parker, Willard	New York	13	New York	Good	Diff.	Reads and writes	Good	Neither	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
31910	Sept. 11, 1907	Pelati, Salvatore	Italy	5	"	"	Cath.	None	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1353	Sept. 20, 1907	Pirozzi, Salvatore	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1409	Sept. 20, 1907	Partredge, John	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Transferred	"	....	....	.....
A1414	Sept. 30, 1907	Peterson, Oscar	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Neither	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A1512	Oct. 25, 1907	Penuti, Jerry	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1518	Oct. 28, 1907	Pepe, Frank	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1532	Nov. 4, 1907	Perling, Cunie	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1538	Nov. 14, 1907	Pecchio, Angelo	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A259	Nov. 25, 1907	Pistoria, Salvatore	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1663	Dec. 7, 1907	Perrone, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1688	Dec. 16, 1907	Prutcher, Emil	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1775	Jan. 13, 1908	Pavia, Philip	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1776	Jan. 13, 1908	Pavia, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1783	Jan. 15, 1908	Ponzio, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1785	Jan. 15, 1908	Ponzio, Albert	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1873	Jan. 23, 1908	Perchio, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A1951	March 14, 1908	Poggi, Antonio	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1953	March 16, 1908	Purtell, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1991	March 18, 1908	Peterson, William	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2004	March 19, 1908	Painz, Harold	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2044	March 27, 1908	Piola, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2045	March 27, 1908	Piola, Santa	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2061	March 30, 1908	Plaskett, Lambert	W. Indies	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2149	April 29, 1908	Pallidoni, Michael	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2101	April 3, 1908	Patrisiso, Joseph	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40528	April 30, 1908	Pelletiere, Salvatore	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2153	April 30, 1908	Pierce, Sylvester	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2172	May 4, 1908	Paoni, Joseph	Italy	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2191	May 6, 1908	Pelletieri, Tony	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2234	May 12, 1908	Percio, Nicholas	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2274	May 18, 1908	Pingaro, Louis	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2276	May 18, 1908	Porca, Albert	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2363	June 2, 1908	Pitito, Michael	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2337	June 3, 1908	Pororaro, Giovanni	Italy	8	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2404	June 11, 1908	Payne, Elmer	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2450	June 24, 1908	Percillo, Pasquale	Italy	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2514	July 16, 1908	Pirarnick, Stephen	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2533	July 24, 1908	Pugni, Joseph	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2559	July 30, 1908	Perry, Tony	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39229	Aug. 25, 1908	Phayre, William	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2635	Aug. 14, 1908	Pierson, Victor	Long Is.	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2642	Sept. 17, 1908	Pacella, Carlo	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
33894	Sept. 30, 1908	Pecora, Pietro	Italy	8	New York	"	"	None	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
34380	Nov. 12, 1902	Quirk, David	New York	8	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
32713	Sept. 25, 1903	Quinn, John	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A286	Feb. 27, 1907	Quinn, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1024	June 10, 1907	Quinine, Thomas	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

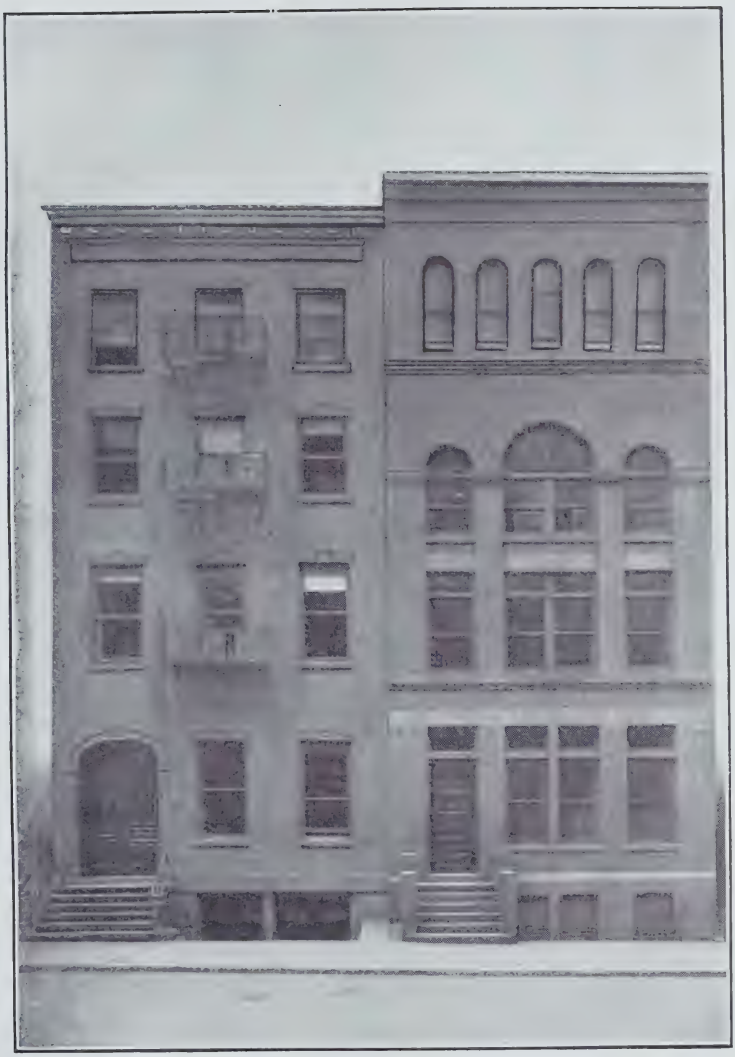
Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A1690	Dec. 16, 1907	Quinn, Chas.	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	....	...	....	On Trial
A1923	March 11, 1908	Quigley, Edward	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	...	"	....	.....
A2077	March 31, 1908	Quogliori, Luigi	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A2309	May 23, 1908	Quilty, Timothy	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
36808	Dec. 31, 1904	Ryan, Stephen	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
38165	Sept. 29, 1905	Ryan, James	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
38494	Nov. 29, 1905	Robinowitz, Isidore	New York	11	New York	"	Heb.	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	...	....	"
38617	Dec. 21, 1905	Rodeck, Edward	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
38811	Jan. 26, 1906	Ryan, John	"	12	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
39257	April 12, 1906	Rodden, Joseph	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40139	Sept. 1, 1906	Rustin, Mortimer	N. Roch'le	10	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40143	Sept. 4, 1906	Rogers, Alfred	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40144	Sept. 4, 1906	Rogers, Martin	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40236	Sept. 28, 1906	Robinson, Carroll	"	10	"	"	"	Letters	None	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40403	Oct. 23, 1906	Recifo, Frank	Italy	10	"	"	"	None	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40508	Nov. 9, 1906	Regana, Patrick	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
40550	Nov. 17, 1906	Raymond, Antonio	New York	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
40585	Nov. 26, 1906	Rodraguez, Antonio	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
34484	Dec. 1, 1906	Reilly, James	"	7	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A295	Feb. 27, 1907	Roske, Henry	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Father	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
A328	March 4, 1907	Roche, Michael	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A570	April 4, 1907	Roche, Joseph	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
A740	April 29, 1907	Raffo, Louis	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	...	....	.....
A754	April 30, 1907	Rizzo, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	...	....	On Trial
A848	May 13, 1907	Ridenour, Sidney	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A1032	June 14, 1907	Radice, Tony	Italy	8	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
A1141	June 29, 1907	Reilly, James	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	...	....	"
A1230	August 14, 1907	Russo, Frederick	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	...	....	"
A1390	Sept. 27, 1907	Ryan, Charles	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A1435	Oct. 4, 1907	Rizzo, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
A1449	Oct. 9, 1907	Radigan, Frank	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	...	....	"
A1482	Oct. 16, 1907	Ruggiano, Angelo	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	....	...	....	"
A1509	Oct. 24, 1907	Reilly, William	"	10	New York	"	"	Letters	None	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A1561	Nov. 12, 1907	Richardson, Gordon	"	13	"	"	Diff.	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	....	...	....	Transferred
A1654	Dec. 5, 1907	Ricco, Louis	Italy	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
A1659	Dec. 7, 1907	Robinson, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....

A1706	Dec. 19, 1907	Rock, Albert	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A1729	Dec. 26, 1907	Reise, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1730	Dec. 23, 1907	Rizzo, Angelo	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A1780	Jan. 14, 1908	Russ, George M.	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1789	Jan. 15, 1908	Roam, Patrick	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1793	Jan. 17, 1908	Rasasco, Augusto	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1804	Jan. 18, 1908	Roach, Thomas	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A1872	Feb. 28, 1908	Romoglia, Michael	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40323	March 3, 1908	Robin, Frank	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	Letters	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1900	March 4, 1908	Rosso, Salvatore	Italy	11	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1976	March 17, 1908	Roche, Edwin	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1987	March 18, 1908	Rose, Louis	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A1990	March 18, 1908	Ryan, Philip F.	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	Transferred	....	....	....	On Trial
A2016	March 23, 1908	Rasarelli, Ernest	Naly	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	Committed	....	....	....	"
A2042	March 25, 1908	Russell, James	Itew York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2055	March 28, 1908	Reda, Louis	Naly	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2074	March 31, 1908	Roe, John	Itew York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2087	April 1, 1908	Rese, Salvatore	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39512	April 3, 1908	Reichs, Ernest	N. Jersey	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2144	April 29, 1908	Rubando, Carmello	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2163	May 1, 1908	Reilly, James	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2181	May 5, 1908	Reid, Edward	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2182	May 5, 1908	Reid, Lawrence	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2197	May 7, 1908	Rosello, Augusto	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2205	May 8, 1908	Reilly, Bernard	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2207	May 16, 1908	Rogers, Hugh	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
A2268	May 16, 1908	Reilly, John	"	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2277	May 18, 1908	Roino, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2298	May 21, 1908	Rivardi, Robert	"	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2310	May 23, 1908	Reynolds, Albert	N. Jersey	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2370	June 3, 1908	Reynolds, Patrick	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A938	June 17, 1908	Rice, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2431	June 20, 1908	Roscali, Tony	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2461	June 29, 1908	Reilly, James	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2477	July 3, 1908	Rennick, William	Phila.	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2546	July 28, 1908	Rodden, George	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2542	July 28, 1908	Russo, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2554	July 29, 1908	Reid, Robert	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2306	Aug. 19, 1908	Ricardo, Pipi	Italy	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34485	Aug. 25, 1908	Reilly, Cornelius	New York	6	New York	"	"	None	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A741	Aug. 25, 1908	Regano, John	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2650	Sept. 22, 1908	Robinson, John	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34381	Sept. 30, 1908	Reilly, John	New York	6	New York	"	"	None.....	None	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
A2670	Sept. 28, 1908	Robinson, Adolph	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
40045	Sept. 30, 1908	Russo, Joseph	"	9	"	"	"	Letters	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A858	Sept. 30, 1908	Robinson, Leonard	Hav'straw	9	Brooklyn	"	Prot.	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
34841	May 18, 1903	Slavco, William	Poland	8	New York	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35370	Oct. 23, 1903	Staudt, William	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

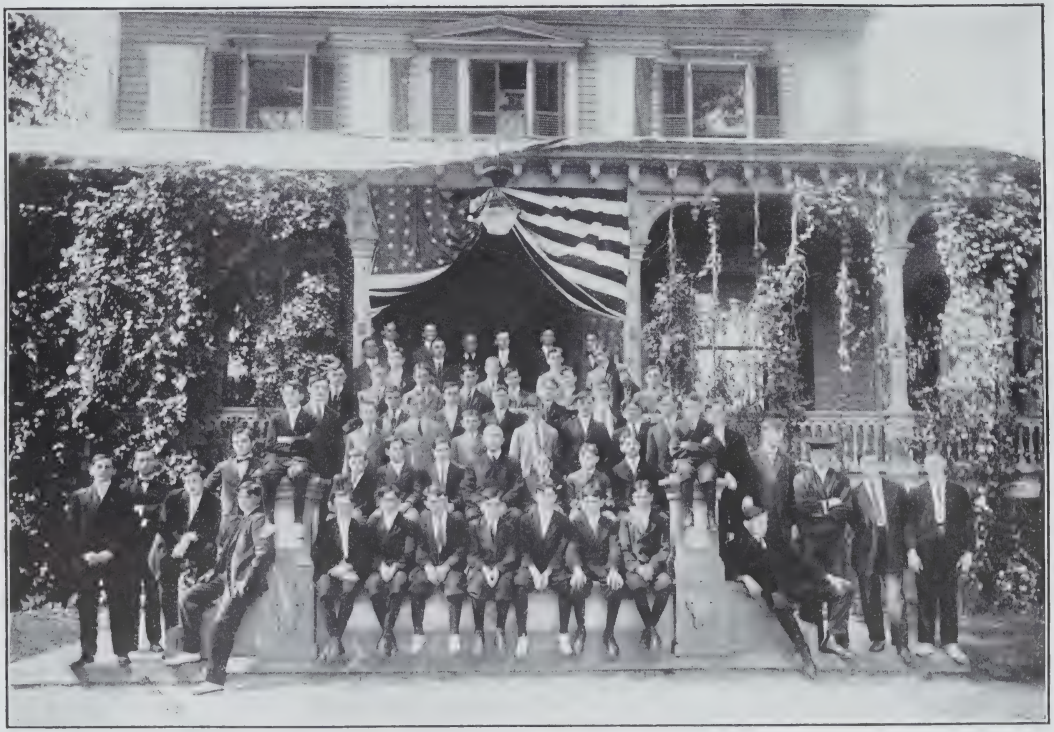
LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1st, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
36008	May 23, 1904	Smith, Louis	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
36404	Aug. 18, 1904	Sullivan, John	"	10	Homeless	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
28500	Sept. 30, 1904	Senior, Walter	"	9	New York	"	"	None.....	None	Father	Father	Transferred	....	....	....	On Trial
36583	Oct. 13, 1904	Sturgis, Clarence	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	Neither	.....	Committed	....	....	....	.....
38820	Jan. 6, 1905	Stevens, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
37215	April 10, 1905	Shaughnessy, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
37451	May 15, 1905	Simpson, Samuel	Penn.	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
37519	May 23, 1905	Sharkey, Patrick	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37607	June 2, 1905	Smith, James	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
37832	July 6, 1905	Salatino, Lesandrie	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38244	Oct. 11, 1905	Sarno, Guiseppe	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38725	Jan. 15, 1906	Schlinck, John	New York	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38862	Feb. 2, 1906	Servedo, Giovanne	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39016	March 2, 1906	Sullivan, Timothy	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39033	March 7, 1906	Sparks, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39195	April 4, 1906	Supple, Timothy	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39427	May 4, 1906	Sherlock, Robert	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39500	May 12, 1906	Smith, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39502	May 23, 1906	Sheehy, Richard	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39539	May 29, 1906	Sullivan, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39553	June 3, 1906	Shelton, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39701	June 7, 1906	Scarabino, Alex.	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39795	June 19, 1906	Schuff, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39800	June 20, 1906	Spaltro, Salvatore	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
40004	Aug. 1, 1906	Spence, Walter	N.Carolina	14	"	"	"	None	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40119	Aug. 28, 1906	Strang, Walter	New York	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40123	Aug. 30, 1906	Smith, Frank	"	14	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40405	Oct. 23, 1906	Schmidt, William	"	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40522	Nov. 13, 1906	Sagarese, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40595	Dec. 13, 1906	Sparta, Theodore	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A10	Jan. 3, 1907	Sullivan John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A216	Feb. 9, 1907	Strepanek, Vogteck	Bohemia	15	"	"	"	None.....	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A430	March 19, 1907	Scappatori, Santo	New York	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A462	March 22, 1907	Sheridan, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A510	March 28, 1907	Sparta, Joseph	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A511	March 28, 1907	Sparta, Dominick	Kansas C.	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"

St. Philip's Library.



St. Philip's Home.



St. Philip's Villa and Members of Home.

A653	April 19, 1907	Stevens, Frank	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes		Poor	Both		Committed			
A722	April 25, 1907	Slattery, John	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"		"			
A752	April 30, 1907	Smith, Albert	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			
A787	May 3, 1907	Slattery, Hogan	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither		"			On Trial
A791	May 6, 1907	Sanicola, Joseph	Italy	13	New York	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"			"
A822	May 8, 1907	Stanton, William	Penn.	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			
A883	May 25, 1907	Starr, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			
A947	May 31, 1907	Stefano, John	New York	11	New York	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother		"			On Trial
A982	June 4, 1907	Sforza, Peter	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"			"
A1081	June 17, 1907	Smith, Joseph	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"		"			"
A1158	July 2, 1907	Sprague, John	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			"
A1187	July 6, 1907	Sisco, Sylvester	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	None	Father		"			"
A1194	July 9, 1907	Skelly, William	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	Both		"			"
A1203	July 11, 1907	Stanzione, Michael	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			"
A1237	Aug. 14, 1907	Sacco, Frederick	Italy	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	Father		"			"
A1299	Aug. 27, 1907	Simoni, William	New York	8	New York	"	"	"	"	None	"		"			
A1317	Sept. 10, 1907	Schredner, John	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither		"			On Trial
A1373	Sept. 21, 1907	Sheppard, Walter	"	10	New York	"	"	"	"	"	Father		"			
A1374	Sept. 21, 1907	Snei, Raymond	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"			
A1375	Sept. 21, 1907	Shields, James	England	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			On Trial
A1373	Sept. 21, 1907	Shields, William	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			
A1417	Oct. 1, 1907	Sullivan, Dennis	New York	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			On Trial
A1419	Oct. 1, 1907	Shannon, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Fair	Neither		"			"
A1433	Oct. 4, 1907	Schiavone, Joseph	Italy	13	New York	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"			"
A1485	Oct. 17, 1907	Sheehan, William	N. Jersey	12	"	"	"	Letters		"	Father		"			"
A1500	Oct. 21, 1907	Simura, James	W. Plains	13	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes		Good	Both		"			
A1543	Nov. 8, 1907	Sheehan, Albert	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Father		"			
40264	Nov. 12, 1907	Spedatti, William	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"			On Trial
A1594	Nov. 20, 1907	Strashiem, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	None	"		"			
A1643	Dec. 3, 1907	Summers, Tony	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"		"			On Trial
A1543	Dec. 4, 1907	Satriano, Michael	"	12	New York	"	"	"	"	None	"		"			"
A1664	Dec. 7, 1907	Sullivan, James	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"		"			
A1712	Dec. 19, 1907	Saffiote, Paul	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"		"			
A1750	Jan. 7, 1908	Stevens, Samuel	New York	12	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother		"			
A1763	Jan. 11, 1908	Sirchia, Angelo	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both		"			On Trial
A1767	Jan. 11, 1908	Spaltro, Nicholas	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	None	"		"			"
A1778	Jan. 8, 1908	Scarone, Carmine	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both		"			"
A1821	Jan. 22, 1908	Shannon, John W.	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	"		"			"
A1834	Jan. 30, 1908	Skaats, George	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	"	Poor	"		"			"
A1850	Feb. 21, 1908	Sparese, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"		"			
A1894	March 3, 1908	Spencer, John	England	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Fair	Father		"			
A1897	March 4, 1908	Seckler, Philip	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	"	None	"		"			On Trial
A1899	March 4, 1908	Shannon, Andrew	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Both		"			Transferred
A1930	March 16, 1908	Schultz, Floyd	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"		"			"
A1934	March 17, 1908	Sweeney, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother		"			
A2005	March 19, 1908	Scholl, Charles	Baltimore	15	"	"	Diff.	"	"	None	Both		"			
A2047	March 27, 1908	Sommartino, Thos.	Italy	12	New York	"	Cath.	"	"	"	"		"			On Trial
A2030	March 30, 1908	Sarli, Rocco	New York	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother		"			

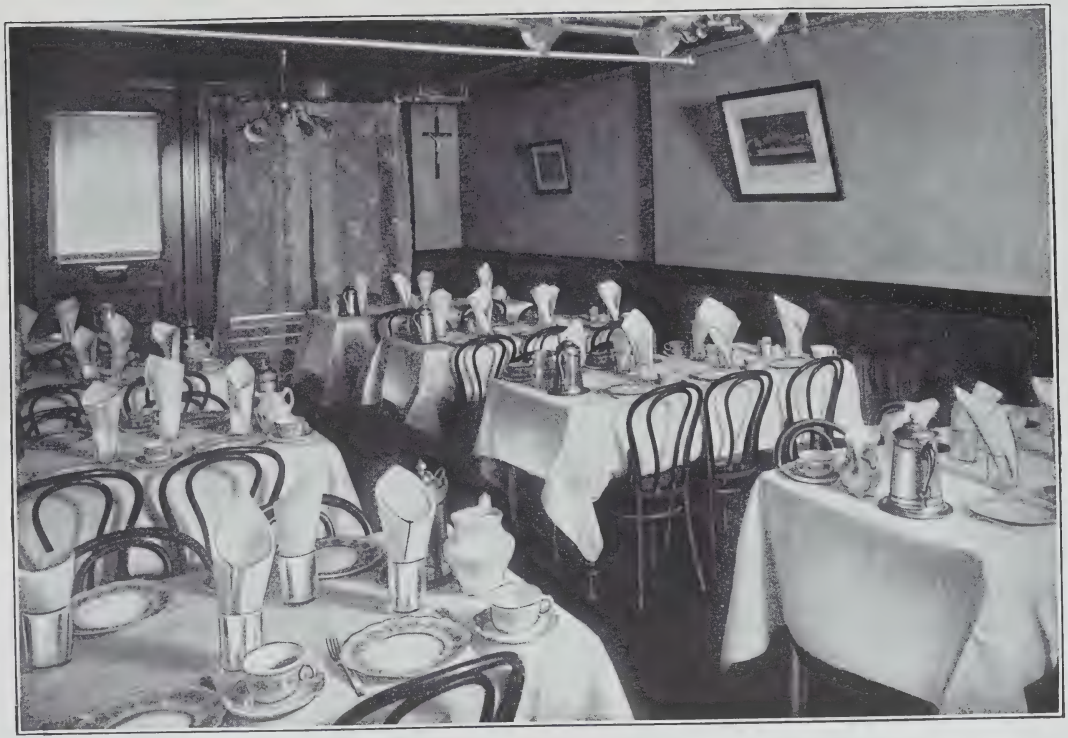
LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2094	April 22, 1908	Spaltro, Joseph	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A2124	April 24, 1908	Stanley, Budd	Chicago	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2128	April 25, 1908	Simpino, Alfonso	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
39024	April 28, 1908	Sheridan, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2159	May 1, 1908	Steo, Thomas	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2164	May 1, 1908	Sciacca, Frank	Italy	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2173	May 4, 1908	Stantaro, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2200	May 7, 1908	Sullivan, William	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2222	May 11, 1908	Stabile, Angelo	Brazil	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2225	May 15, 1908	Stockler, Henry	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2295	May 21, 1908	Secker, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2308	May 22, 1908	Shaughnessy, Thos.	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2323	May 26, 1908	Sperguleurtz, M'cey	Poland	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2324	May 27, 1908	Smith, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2344	May 29, 1908	Salepa, Andrew	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2364	June 3, 1908	Sinchock, Andrew	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2373	June 3, 1908	Schirico, Dominick	Italy	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2383	June 5, 1908	Schwartz, Richard	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2416	June 15, 1908	Sheehan, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2427	June 19, 1908	Sessa, Antonio	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2443	June 23, 1908	Smith, Peter P.	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2455	June 25, 1908	Shanley, John	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A2476	July 2, 1908	Smith, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2484	July 7, 1908	Schaltzer, Joseph	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2509	July 16, 1908	Susquardo, Joseph	Italy	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2515	July 17, 1908	Schneider, Tony	Brooklyn	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2553	July 28, 1908	Savarino, Frank	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2572	Aug. 6, 1908	Sanicola, Thomas	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2582	July 23, 1908	Sherwood, Walter	"	13	Homeless	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2316	Aug. 21, 1908	Schwenck, Charles	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2621	Aug. 24, 1908	Salvia, Joseph	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
40229	Aug. 25, 1908	Stewart, William	New York	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2652	Sept. 24, 1908	Scanlon, Thomas	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2666	Sept. 26, 1908	Smith, Howard	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2667	Sept. 26, 1908	Sweeney, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
33584	Sept. 30, 1908	Sheehan, John	New York	4	New York	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"

53733	Sept. 30, 1908	Sheridan, Michael	New York	5	New York	Good	Cath.	None	Poor	Both		Committed	"			
38750	Jan. 18, 1906	Taylor, Jessie	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	None	"		"				On Trial
40430	Oct. 23, 1906	Thalman, Henry	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother		"				"
A38	Jan. 9, 1907	Toquet, Bernard	France	15	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"	"			
A139	Jan. 28, 1907	Tully, Arthur	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother		"				On Trial
A380	March 2, 1907	Turner, Robert H.	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	"	None	Neither		"	"			
A676	April 22, 1907	Turturella, Chas.	New York	13	New York	"	Cath.	"	Fair	Both		"				On Trial
A748	April 30, 1907	Treadwell, Thomas	"	13	"	"	Prot.	"	None	Father		"				"
A785	May 3, 1907	Taylor, Robert	N. F'dland	12	"	"	Cath.	"	Fair	Both		"	"			
A828	May 9, 1907	Tangney, Thomas	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	"		"				On Trial
A942	May 31, 1907	Tolan, Harry	Ireland	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"		"		"		
A949	May 31, 1907	Tritto, Salvatore	Italy	11	New York	"	"	"	None	"		"				On Trial
A978	June 4, 1907	Trunka, Thomas	New York	10	"	"	"	"	"	"		"		"		
A1058	June 13, 1907	Tucker, Harry	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Father		"				On Trial
A1110	June 21, 1907	Thompson, Alex.	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"		"				"
A1233	Aug. 6, 1907	Tracey, Joseph	Ireland	9	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both		"	"			
33695	Sept. 11, 1907	Tiffany, Walter	New York	8	"	"	"	"	Poor	"		"	"			
A1489	Oct. 18, 1907	Turner, Walter	Baltimore	15	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither		"				
A1495	Oct. 19, 1907	Toddino, Tony	Italy	15	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother		"	"			On Trial
A1501	Oct. 22, 1907	Tighe, William	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Both		"				
A1593	Nov. 22, 1907	Tomasulla, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	"	"		"	"			On Trial
A1672	Dec. 10, 1907	Toarello, John	"	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	"		"				
A1751	Jan. 7, 1908	Townsend, John	"	10	"	"	"	None	None	"		"	"			On Trial
A1832	Jan. 28, 1908	Tanzley, Edward	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Father		"	"			
A1842	Feb. 23, 1908	Trussi, August	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	None	Both		"	"			
A2027	March 23, 1908	Tierney, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	"		"				
40435	March 30, 1908	Tommaso, Michael	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	None	"		"				On Trial
A2103	April 4, 1908	Tallen, James	Scotland	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother		"				"
36303	May 1, 1908	Tilley, Charles	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	"	None	Both		"	"			
A2190	May 6, 1908	Thompson, Walter	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Good	"		"				On Trial
A2203	May 8, 1908	Temminella, Tony	Italy	9	"	"	"	"	Poor	"		"				"
40432	May 20, 1908	Traina, Biaga	"	10	"	"	"	"	None	"		"				"
A2231	May 20, 1908	Telandis, Joseph	Penn.	15	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother		"	"			
A2343	June 1, 1908	Torrento, Angelo	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"				Transferred
A2432	June 22, 1908	Travers, John	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"		"	"			
A2439	July 15, 1908	Tarallo, Vincent	"	13	"	"	"	"	None	"		"				On Trial
A2573	Aug. 8, 1908	Terhune, John	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother		"				"
A2601	Aug. 18, 1908	Tierney, Michael	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Both		"	"	"		
A2617	Aug. 21, 1908	Thomas, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"		"	"			
A2623	Sept. 10, 1908	Tierney, Charles	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	"	"		"	"			
A2372	Sept. 29, 1908	Thatcher, Everett	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	Mother		"	"			
A1728	Dec. 24, 1907	Ugueto, Manuel	Venezuela	15	New York	"	"	"	Good	Both		"				On Trial
40563	Nov. 20, 1906	Verlini, Alfred	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	"		"	"			
A218	Feb. 9, 1907	Vollett, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"		"				On Trial
A831	May 9, 1907	Vanacoro, Joseph	Italy	15	"	"	"	"	"	"		"				"
A1095	June 19, 1907	Vitello, Joseph	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Poor	"		"				"
A1200	July 10, 1907	Vorback, Philip	"	14	"	"	"	"	None	"		"				"
A1558	Nov. 12, 1907	Vincenzo, Natale	Italy	11	"	"	"	"	"	"		"				Transferred

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A1572	Nov. 14, 1907	Vetrano, Carlo	Italy	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1574	Nov. 14, 1907	Vousdan, James	N. Jersey	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	Transferred
A1587	Nov. 19, 1907	Valente, Tony	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A1633	Nov. 30, 1907	Vettel, Nicholas	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1685	Dec. 14, 1907	Vallone, Frank	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1876	Feb. 26, 1908	Volpi, Louis	N. Jersey	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2112	April 11, 1908	Vacano, Vinzone	Italy	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2194	May 6, 1908	Vecchio, Louis	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2342	May 29, 1908	Vousden, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
38451	June 6, 1908	Vacarella, Joseph	Long Is.	11	Long Is.	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2454	June 25, 1908	Volpe, Nicholas	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2481	July 3, 1908	Vitale, Frank	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2583	Aug. 11, 1908	Volpe, Vincent	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	"
A2515	Aug. 21, 1908	Villini, Michael	New York	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
28854	April 20, 1899	Welsh, James	Boston	9	New York	"	"	None	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
34202	Aug. 26, 1902	Ward, Clarence	New York	15	Homeless	"	"	Letters	None	Both	.....	Transferred	.....	.....	.....	.....
34683	April 3, 1903	Walters, Peter	"	8	New York	"	"	Reads	Good	"	.....	Committed	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
36450	Aug. 31, 1904	Walsmer, William	"	9	"	"	"	None	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
38441	Nov. 17, 1905	Wood, Robert	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
38847	Jan. 31, 1906	Wardlaw, Robert	S. Carolina	13	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
39429	May 4, 1906	Wallace, John	New York	12	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
39443	May 7, 1906	Williams, George	"	9	New York	"	"	Letters	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
39509	May 14, 1906	Walsh, James	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
39505	May 24, 1906	Wright, Robert	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
39846	June 26, 1906	Wase, George	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
40287	Oct. 6, 1906	Waldheim, Harry	New York	14	New York	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
40375	Oct. 19, 1906	Whitelaw, James	"	14	Homeless	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
40768	Dec. 24, 1906	Walmer, Emil	Georgia	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A238	Feb. 16, 1907	Wishnowitzky, Benj.	Russia	11	"	"	Heb.	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A318	March 4, 1907	Wenck, James	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A319	March 4, 1907	Wenck, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A340	March 7, 1907	Wennager, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
34717	March 19, 1907	Whalen, Michael	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
33213	March 19, 1907	Whalen, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A627	April 16, 1907	Wishnovsky, Stephen	Poland	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A705	April 24, 1907	Weidner, Frederick	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial



St. Philip's Dining Room.

St. Philip's Home. Meal Time.

Protectory Painting Class.

A1212	July 12, 1907	Wilson, Edward	N. Jersey	12	New York	Good	Diff.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A1274	August 17, 1907	Walsh, John	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	Both	"	"	.....	.....
A1473	Oct. 14, 1907	Wilbur, Herbert	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1481	Oct. 15, 1907	Welsted, Charles	Long Is.	14	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1488	Oct. 18, 1907	Whalen, James	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	.....	Transferred
A1510	Oct. 24, 1907	Winters, Harry	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	"
A1551	Nov. 9, 1907	Walsh, Edward	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A1632	Nov. 30, 1907	Westervelt, Wm.	N. Jersey	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	"
A1640	Dec. 2, 1907	West, Wallace	Brooklyn	14	"	"	Diff.	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1705	Dec. 18, 1907	Winkelseth, Walter	"	15	"	"	Cath.	None	None	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1727	Dec. 24, 1907	Wilman, Anthony	New York	13	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A1743	Jan. 3, 1908	Weeks, William	N. Jersey	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	"
A1749	Jan. 7, 1908	White, Leon	S. Carolina	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1755	Jan. 8, 1908	Wall, Edward	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1773	Jan. 13, 1908	Whitehead, Wm.	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1781	Jan. 15, 1908	Walker, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A1823	Jan. 23, 1908	White, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	"
A1914	March 10, 1908	White, Harry	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1943	March 13, 1908	Wade, Charles	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1944	March 13, 1908	Wade, James	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1950	March 14, 1908	Whalen, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2055	March 28, 1908	Wick, Peter	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	"
A2084	April 1, 1908	Whitehorn, Robert	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2086	April 1, 1908	Wickler, Michael	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2132	April 25, 1908	Warkley, James	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2219	May 9, 1908	Whalen, Michael	"	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	"
A2235	May 12, 1908	Walsh, Thomas	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2284	May 20, 1908	Walsh, Stephen	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	"
A2340	May 29, 1908	Walsh, Joseph	"	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2343	May 29, 1908	Wisnieuski, John	Russia	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2384	June 5, 1908	Wood, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	"
A2415	June 15, 1908	Wheeler, Michael	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2434	June 22, 1908	Wallace, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2468	June 29, 1908	Walsh, James	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	"
A2493	July 13, 1908	Wier, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	Mother	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2532	July 23, 1908	Whalen, John	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2571	August 6, 1908	West, George	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2613	August 20, 1908	Willis, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A674	August 21, 1908	Walsh, Leonard	New York	7	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
34718	August 25, 1908	Whalen, John	"	6	"	"	"	None	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
A2625	Sept. 9, 1908	Warn, George	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2661	Sept. 25, 1908	Walters, James	Georgia	11	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	Transferred
32532	Sept. 30, 1908	Whalen, Michael	New York	6	"	"	Cath.	None	"	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
39355	Sept. 30, 1908	Woods, William	"	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
40765	Dec. 22, 1906	Youska, George	N. Jersey	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A58	Jan. 10, 1907	Young, Bertram	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A663	April 20, 1907	Young, Louis	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1329	Sept. 13, 1907	Yodice, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.—*Concluded*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A1667	Dec. 9, 1907	Yockel, Frank	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A2293	May 20, 1908	Yagovetta, Louis	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
37206	April 5, 1905	Zoelisch, John	New York	11	New York	"	Diff.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40611	Nov. 28, 1905	Zaccaro, Leonard	Italy	9	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40782	Dec. 28, 1905	Zimmerman, Benj.	New York	11	"	"	Heb.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A499	March 25, 1907	Zehman, John	Hungary	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1211	July 12. 1907	Zassante, Frank	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A1687	Dec. 16, 1907	Zimmer. Martin	Brookly n	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1701	Dec. 17, 1907	Zoltowski, Sigmund	New York	15	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2278	May 18, 1908	Zarewick, Vincent	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2365	June 2, 1908	Zatrepalek, Charles	Bohemia	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A2414	June 15, 1908	Zemenza, Frank	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"

BOYS RECEIVED DURING YEAR

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2689	Oct. 1, 1908	Mehlin, John J.	New York	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2690	Oct. 1, 1908	Solona, David	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2691	Oct. 1, 1908	Solona, Frank	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2697	Oct. 2, 1908	Waters, Patrick	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2698	Oct. 2, 1908	Rolandelli, Sylvester	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2702	Oct. 3, 1908	Fay, George	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	None	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2703	Oct. 3, 1908	Sherped, Jacob	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2704	Oct. 3, 1908	Sullivan, Jere	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2705	Oct. 3, 1908	Gugliemo, Dominick	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2703	Oct. 3, 1908	Moretto, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2710	Oct. 5, 1908	Lesanti, Gerardi	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2715	Oct. 6, 1908	Di Florio, Lbuis	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	"	.....	.....
A2716	Oct. 6, 1908	Maturo, Carmine	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2717	Oct. 6, 1908	Hurley, Edward	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2718	Oct. 6, 1908	Wren, Charles	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2719	Oct. 6, 1908	Wren, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2720	Oct. 6, 1908	Quinn, Charles	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2721	Oct. 6, 1908	Keating, Malick	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2722	Oct. 6, 1908	Keenan, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2723	Oct. 6, 1908	Mallon, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2724	Oct. 6, 1908	Mallon, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2725	Oct. 6, 1908	Dellio, Joseph	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2726	Oct. 6, 1908	Burns, Patrick, Jr.	Rockaway	12	Queens	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2727	Oct. 7, 1908	Lomasci, Dominick	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2728	Oct. 7, 1908	La Boliva, Peter	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2729	Oct. 7, 1908	Limperio, Nicola	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A2730	Oct. 8, 1908	Beldon, Joseph	N. Jersey	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2731	Oct. 8, 1908	Podolak, Edward	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2732	Oct. 8, 1908	Sapole, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2733	Oct. 9, 1908	Maloney, Patrick	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2734	Oct. 10, 1908	Bruver, Thomas	Canada	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A2735	Oct. 10, 1908	Miraglia, Paul	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2736	Oct. 10, 1908	Ciselli, Michael	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
31495	Oct. 10, 1908	Byrnes, Thomas	.....	..	.....	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
33859	Oct. 10, 1908	Martindale, Joseph	.....	..	.....	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
35937	Oct. 10, 1908	Cardalle, Joseph	.....	..	.....	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"

St. Philip's Home. Bed Room.

St. Philip's Home. Our Athletes.

A2737	Oct. 12, 1908	Lemosch, Frank	Italy	14	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	.....	.....
A2738	Oct. 12, 1908	Hickey, Thomas	New York	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2740	Oct. 13, 1908	Arrighi, George	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2741	Oct. 13, 1908	Giordano, Vincent	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2742	Oct. 13, 1908	Ledonne, Tony	New York	9	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	On Trial
A2743	Oct. 14, 1908	McMahon, James	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2744	Oct. 14, 1908	Birgarde, Nicholas	"	9	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2745	Oct. 14, 1908	O'Connor, Leo	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	On Trial
A2746	Oct. 14, 1908	Cuzza, Frank	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2748	Oct. 15, 1908	Guiseppe, Dominick	Italy	9	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2749	Oct. 15, 1908	Libello, Louis	New York	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2751	Oct. 16, 1908	Viggiano, Dominick	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2752	Oct. 17, 1908	Carbo, Nicholas	New York	10	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2753	Oct. 17, 1908	Genovese, Vincenzo	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2755	Oct. 19, 1908	O'Connell, Daniel	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....
A2756	Oct. 19, 1908	Pelletiere, Charles	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2757	Oct. 19, 1908	Hevey, Thomas	New York	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2758	Oct. 19, 1908	Santasieri, Ralph	"	13	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	Transferred
A2759	Oct. 20, 1908	Yetman, Edward	Brooklyn	12	Queens	"	Prot.	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2760	Oct. 20, 1908	Babacity, John	New York	11	"	"	Cath.	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	On Trial
A2761	Oct. 20, 1908	Ferriola, Frederick	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2762	Oct. 21, 1908	Costanzo, Vincent	Italy	10	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	On Trial
A2763	Oct. 21, 1908	De Brusco, Angelo	New York	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2764	Oct. 21, 1908	Jichetti, Kale	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2765	Oct. 22, 1908	Kavanagh, John	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2766	Oct. 24, 1908	Bacone, Vito	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2768	Oct. 23, 1908	Corey, John	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	.....	On Trial
A2769	Oct. 24, 1908	Galante, Vilardo	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....
A2770	Oct. 26, 1908	Grimes, Joseph	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2771	Oct. 26, 1908	Grimes, James	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2772	Oct. 26, 1908	Cornish, Isaiah	"	11	New York	"	Prot.	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2773	Oct. 26, 1908	Dobbins, Richard	"	11	"	"	Cath.	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2774	Oct. 26, 1908	Demelya, John	"	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2775	Oct. 26, 1908	McKenna, James	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2776	Oct. 26, 1908	Roach, Joseph	"	12	Queens	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2778	Oct. 27, 1908	Hubert, Frank	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2779	Oct. 28, 1908	Gill, Leon	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....
A2780	Oct. 28, 1908	Fiorito, Frank	Italy	15	Brooklyn	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....
A2781	Oct. 28, 1908	Simmonetti, Emilo	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....
A2782	Oct. 29, 1908	Carpenter, James	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	None	.....	"	.....	.....
A2784	Oct. 29, 1908	Strickland, Robert	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....
A2789	Oct. 29, 1908	Pinkard, Lawrence	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....
A2790	Oct. 29, 1908	O'Neill, Arthur	"	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2791	Oct. 30, 1908	Houseman, Charles	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A2792	Oct. 30, 1908	Bulled, John	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	Transferred
A2793	Oct. 31, 1908	Graines, Samuel	"	11	New York	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....
A2794	Oct. 31, 1908	McNamara, William	"	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....
A2795	Oct. 31, 1908	Taurello, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....

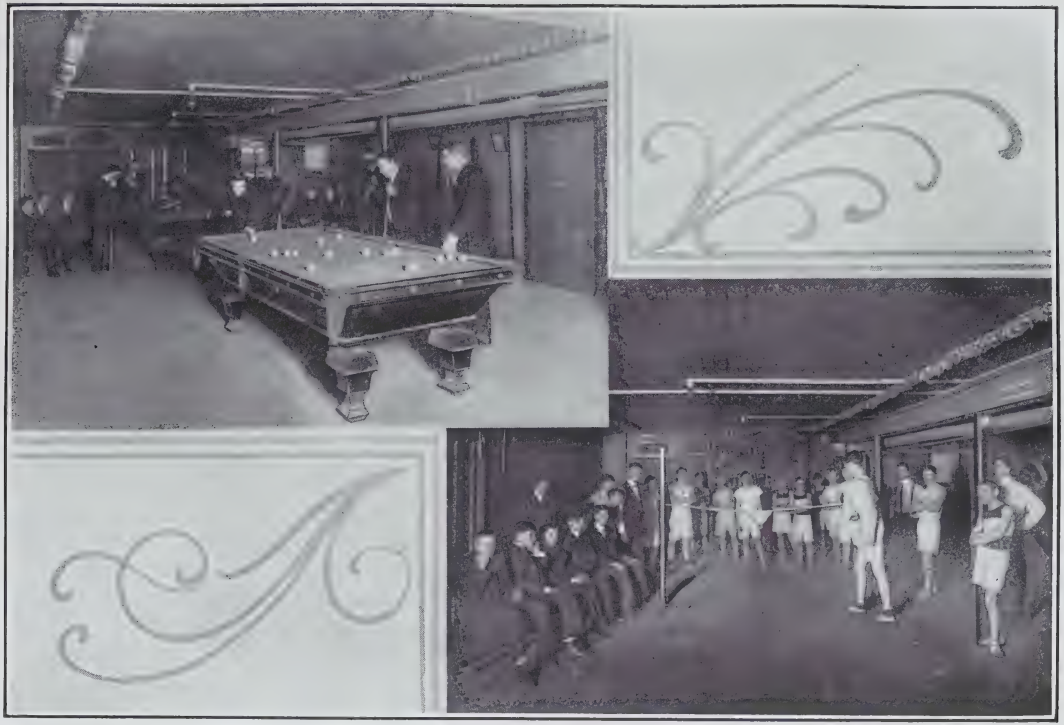
LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2796	Oct. 31, 1908	Hart, Thomas T.	New York	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	....	"	....	.....
A2797	Nov. 2, 1908	Downey, George	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2802	Nov. 2, 1908	Bulled, Edward	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2803	Nov. 2, 1908	McConvelle, Joseph	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2805	Nov. 4, 1908	Mangone, Vito	"	9	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2807	Nov. 4, 1908	Hanrahan, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2808	Nov. 4, 1908	Griffith, William	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2809	Nov. 4, 1908	Romalewski, Tony	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2811	Nov. 5, 1908	Connolly, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2812	Nov. 5, 1908	Tabia, Beneditto	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2813	Nov. 6, 1908	Clifford, Eugene	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2814	Nov. 6, 1908	Kirby, Daniel	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2815	Nov. 6, 1908	Kirby, George	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2816	Nov. 6, 1908	Kelly, Arthur	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2817	Nov. 7, 1908	Finley, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2818	Nov. 7, 1908	Norton, John	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2823	Nov. 7, 1908	O'Leary, Jerome	"	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	Mother	"	....	"	....	.....
A2824	Nov. 7, 1908	Schlosser, Arthur	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2825	Nov. 9, 1908	Daley, George	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2826	Nov. 9, 1908	Fretwell, Cyril	England	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2827	Nov. 10, 1908	Hughes, Edward	Brooklyn	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2828	Nov. 10, 1908	Otturey, Stephen	Poland	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2829	Nov. 10, 1908	Fox, John	Brooklyn	10	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2830	Nov. 10, 1908	Passero, Angelo	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2831	Nov. 11, 1908	Sgatine, William	Brooklyn	12	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2832	Nov. 11, 1908	Healey, Martin	England	12	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2834	Nov. 12, 1908	Ennis, John	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2835	Nov. 12, 1908	Bellotta, Amato	Italy	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2836	Nov. 13, 1908	Limperio, Nicholas	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A2837	Nov. 13, 1908	Hortan, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2838	Nov. 13, 1908	Gentile, Joseph	Italy	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2839	Nov. 13, 1908	Elliott, Thomas	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2840	Nov. 13, 1908	Dolan, Edward	"	15	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2841	Nov. 14, 1908	Martin, William	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2842	Nov. 14, 1908	Crowley, Joseph	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2843	Nov. 14, 1908	Crowley, Patrick	"	8	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

A2344	Nov. 14, 1908	Anderson, George	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A2345	Nov. 14, 1908	Ward, Daniel	Ireland	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2343	Nov. 16, 1908	Killwasser, Alfred	New York	11	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2347	Nov. 16, 1908	Sardi, Michael	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2348	Nov. 16, 1908	McGloin, Joseph	New York	9	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2349	Nov. 17, 1908	Trancreda, Pasquale	"	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2350	Nov. 17, 1908	Coyle, Thomas	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2351	Nov. 17, 1908	Davitt, Thomas	"	15	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2352	Nov. 18, 1908	Bednarick, Frank	Poland	15	New York	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2353	Nov. 18, 1908	Negelbauer, John	New York	13	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2354	Nov. 19, 1908	Donovan, William	Albany	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2355	Nov. 19, 1908	Dockweiler, John	Penn.	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2356	Nov. 21, 1908	O'Connor, Thomas	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2357	Nov. 21, 1908	Ford, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....
A2359	Nov. 23, 1908	Venezio, Aurelio	"	10	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2360	Nov. 23, 1908	Venezio, Salvatore	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2361	Nov. 23, 1908	Scopfer, Kurth	Germany	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2362	Nov. 23, 1908	Lever, Valentine	New York	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2363	Nov. 23, 1908	Sisto, Vincent	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....
A2364	Nov. 23, 1908	Bertini, James	"	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2365	Nov. 23, 1908	Montague, Salvatore	Italy	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2366	Nov. 23, 1908	Heatherington, Rob't	New York	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2367	Nov. 23, 1908	Lombordi, Filippo	Italy	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2368	Nov. 23, 1908	Rotchford, William	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	"	None	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A260	Nov. 23, 1908	Debriona, Frank	New York	9	New York	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2372	Nov. 25, 1908	Corrigan, James	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2373	Nov. 25, 1908	Febra, Richard	"	13	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2374	Nov. 28, 1908	Gunderson, Peter	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2375	Nov. 25, 1908	Miller, Theodore	New York	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A731	Nov. 25, 1908	Sullivan, John	"	13	New York	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
39112	Nov. 25, 1908	Sullivan, Timothy	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2370	Nov. 24, 1908	Sardoni, Joseph	Italy	10	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2378	Nov. 27, 1908	Veleques, Leonto	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2379	Nov. 27, 1908	Horgan, Arthur	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2380	Nov. 27, 1908	Baldwin, George	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2381	Nov. 27, 1908	Nolan, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2382	Nov. 28, 1908	Connelly, Thomas	New York	12	Homeless	"	"	"	"	Unk'n	.....	Transferred	"	.....	.....
A2383	Nov. 28, 1908	Edwards, William	"	12	New York	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A2384	Nov. 28, 1908	Auld, Stewart	"	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A2385	Nov. 28, 1908	St. John, James	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
40370	Nov. 29, 1908	Sandreschi, George	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2387	Nov. 30, 1908	Atrope, Lorenz	"	13	"	"	Prot.	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2388	Nov. 30, 1908	Joell, Milton	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2389	Nov. 30, 1908	Seeders, William	Long Is.	14	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2390	Nov. 30, 1908	Holodyak, George	Yonkers	14	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2391	Dec. 1, 1908	Jaegg, George	Rockaway	11	Long Is.	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2392	Dec. 1, 1908	Paganelli, Alfred	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2393	Dec. 1, 1908	Kiley, Ernest	Long Is.	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2894	Dec. 1, 1908	Jecko, George	New York	9	New York	Good	Dif.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A2895	Dec. 1, 1908	Fornicaso, Frank	Italy	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2896	Dec. 2, 1908	Halpin, Martin	Long Is.	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1833	Dec. 3, 1908	McCarthy, Thomas	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2898	Dec. 3, 1908	Kreisch, Joseph	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2904	Dec. 4, 1908	Paszouski, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2905	Dec. 4, 1908	Lebello, Tony	Brazil	12	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2906	Dec. 4, 1908	Kelly, John	New York	12	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2907	Dec. 4, 1908	Cissoretti, Nicholas	Long Is.	13	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2908	Dec. 7, 1908	Casey, Michael	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2909	Dec. 5, 1908	McDonough, Charles	Long Is.	14	Long Is.	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2909	Dec. 7, 1908	Melia, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2910	Dec. 7, 1908	Kessler, Joseph	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2911	Dec. 7, 1908	O'Keefe, Patrick	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
40095	Dec. 7, 1908	Wizerinska, Alex.	Poland	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
40175	Dec. 8, 1908	Franco, Vincenzo	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2913	Dec. 8, 1908	Murphy, Martin	Ireland	14	New York	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2914	Dec. 8, 1908	Meinhofer, Albert	New York	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2915	Dec. 8, 1908	Spero, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2916	Dec. 8, 1908	Branchini, Romeo	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2917	Dec. 8, 1908	Pagano, Frank	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	"
A2918	Dec. 8, 1908	Oefinger, Charles	New York	15	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2919	Dec. 9, 1908	Labarro, Joseph	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
38527	Dec. 9, 1908	Heilferty, Henry	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1557	Dec. 11, 1908	Crawford, Thomas	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2922	Dec. 11, 1908	Mahoney, Alexander	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2923	Dec. 11, 1908	Bowie, Jerome	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2924	Dec. 11, 1908	Prodiomani, Joseph	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2825	Dec. 11, 1908	Conway, Peter	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	"
A2926	Dec. 11, 1908	Wagner, Michael	Conn.	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2927	Dec. 11, 1908	Konzyanski, Frank	Poland	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
38305	Dec. 16, 1908	DeTemple, Martin	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
33934	Dec. 13, 1908	Logan, James	New York	7	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2929	Dec. 19, 1908	Gianantonio, Leon.	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2930	Dec. 19, 1908	Quirk, John	Ireland	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2931	Dec. 19, 1908	Finley, William	Brooklyn	8	Brooklyn	"	"	Letters	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....



St. Philip's Home. Billiard Room and Gymnasium.

Senior. St. Philip's Baseball Teams. Midget.

Boys Ready for Placement

A2932	Dec. 19, 1908	Gorney, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	.....	.....	.....
A1276	Dec. 21, 1908	Dougherty, George	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2933	Dec. 21, 1908	Marnigelo, Andrew	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2934	Dec. 21, 1908	Neckerman, James	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2935	Dec. 22, 1908	Pulford, George	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2936	Dec. 22, 1908	Negro, Michael	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2937	Dec. 22, 1908	Laico, Antonio	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2938	Dec. 22, 1908	Albino, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2939	Dec. 22, 1908	Ferris, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2940	Dec. 22, 1908	Doyle, Thomas	Phila.	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2941	Dec. 22, 1908	Doyle, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2942	Dec. 22, 1908	Carr, Michael	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2843	Dec. 22, 1908	Gillen, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2945	Dec. 23, 1908	Mastrapola, Seb.	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2946	Dec. 23, 1908	Enigan, Arthur	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2947	Dec. 24, 1908	Passoni, Harry	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A2948	Dec. 24, 1908	Passoni, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	
A2949	Dec. 24, 1908	Sturne, Carl	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2952	Dec. 26, 1908	Lamb, James	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2953	Dec. 28, 1908	Frazio, Joseph	Italy	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2954	Dec. 28, 1908	Holmes, Royal	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A2931	Dec. 29, 1908	Vistole, James	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2932	Dec. 29, 1908	Lynch, Edward	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2933	Dec. 30, 1908	Wilson, Henry	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2934	Dec. 30, 1908	Lynch, Thomas	N. Jersey	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2935	Dec. 30, 1908	O'Connor, Francis	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2936	Dec. 31, 1908	Mallaly, William	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2937	Dec. 31, 1908	Hoey, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2938	Dec. 31, 1908	Hoey, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2939	Jan. 2, 1909	Rogers, Hugh	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2970	Jan. 2, 1909	Murphy, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2971	Jan. 2, 1909	Coco, Angelo	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2972	Jan. 2, 1909	Lamole, Louis	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2973	Jan. 4, 1909	Bernesser, Benj.	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2974	Jan. 4, 1909	Schoppert, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2975	Jan. 4, 1909	Middletown, George	"	..	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2976	Jan. 5, 1909	Flood, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2977	Jan. 5, 1909	Dunn, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A1903	Jan. 5, 1909	Carroll, Philip	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2978	Jan. 6, 1909	Granieri, Vincenzo	N. Jersey	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2979	Jan. 6, 1909	O'Callaghan, Cor.	Phila.	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2980	Jan. 6, 1909	Reilly, John	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2981	Jan. 6, 1909	Reilly, Edward	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2982	Jan. 6, 1909	Cuthbert, Peter	Scotland	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	Rejected
A2983	Jan. 7, 1909	Vissigio, Gustave	Brooklyn	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A2984	Jan. 7, 1909	Artura, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2985	Jan. 7, 1909	Connell, Joseph	N. Jersey	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A2986	Jan. 7, 1909	Connell, Francis	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2987	Jan. 7, 1909	Campy, Vincent	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2990	Jan. 8, 1909	Morrison, John	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2991	Jan. 8, 1909	Travers, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2997	Jan. 8, 1909	Leroy, Ferry	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2998	Jan. 8, 1909	Baker, Philip	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2999	Jan. 8, 1909	McKenna, Lawrence	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A3000	Jan. 8, 1909	Maier, Frederick	"	13	"	"	Diff.	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3001	Jan. 8, 1909	Rominger, John	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3002	Jan. 8, 1909	O'Connor, Michael	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3003	Jan. 8, 1909	Fiorentino, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3005	Jan. 9, 1909	Russo, Michael	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3006	Jan. 9, 1909	Gannon, Walter	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3007	Jan. 9, 1909	Howe, Richard	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3008	Jan. 9, 1909	Donnelly, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3009	Jan. 11, 1909	Cannon, Edward	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3010	Jan. 11, 1909	Buchanan, Albert	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3011	Jan. 11, 1909	Kelly, Albert	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3012	Jan. 11, 1909	Eastman, Arthur	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3013	Jan. 11, 1909	Bonner, Philip	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3014	Jan. 11, 1909	Kelly, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3015	Jan. 11, 1909	Taylor, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	None	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3016	Jan. 12, 1909	Laibo, Louis	Italy	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	...	....	....	Transferred
A2142	Jan. 12, 1909	Coleman, Frederick	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A945	Jan. 12, 1909	McKee, Arthur	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3017	Jan. 13, 1909	Schmeltz, Nicholas	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3018	Jan. 13, 1909	Hamburger, Henry	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3019	Jan. 13, 1909	Celeberto, Dominick	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3020	Jan. 13, 1909	Corcoran, Harry	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3021	Jan. 13, 1909	Piochowski, Joseph	"	12	Staten Is.	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1007	Jan. 13, 1909	Scaranizzi, Thomas	"	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3022	Jan. 14, 1909	Gatto, Antonio	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3023	Jan. 14, 1909	Chesanck, Louis	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3024	Jan. 14, 1909	Gabris, Tony	Russia	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3025	Jan. 15, 1909	Sabelle, John	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3027	Jan. 15, 1909	Ventro, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3028	Jan. 15, 1909	Kraft, Harry	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A3034	Jan. 16, 1909	Mooney, William	New York	12	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3036	Jan. 16, 1909	Colazzo, Antony	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3037	Jan. 16, 1909	O'Brien, Herbert	New York	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3038	Jan. 16, 1909	Mulcare, Edward	"	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3039	Jan. 18, 1909	Kenny, Edward	"	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3040	Jan. 18, 1909	Brida, Charles	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3041	Jan. 18, 1909	Pryor, Edgar	New York	11	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3042	Jan. 18, 1909	Andriola, Philip	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3043	Jan. 18, 1909	Delehanty, Edward	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3044	Jan. 18, 1909	Smith, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3045	Jan. 20, 1909	Motta, Frank	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3046	Jan. 20, 1909	Kiernan, George W.	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3048	Jan. 20, 1909	Donovan, Walter	Staten Is.	14	Staten Is.	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3049	Jan. 20, 1909	Pagano, Pasquale	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3050	Jan. 20, 1909	Nobili, John	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3051	Jan. 20, 1909	Flynn, George	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3052	Jan. 20, 1909	Morrone, Joseph	Italy	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3054	Jan. 21, 1909	Morgan, Harry	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3055	Jan. 21, 1909	Bananno, Vincent	"	15	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3056	Jan. 21, 1909	Locilento, Ottilio	"	13	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3057	Jan. 21, 1909	McNally, William	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3030	Jan. 21, 1909	Martist, John	"	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3031	Jan. 21, 1909	Gisone, Philip	Italy	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3032	Jan. 21, 1909	Martist, Stephen	New York	10	"	"	"	"	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3063	Jan. 21, 1909	Reed, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3034	Jan. 21, 1909	Reed, Charles	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3035	Jan. 21, 1909	Reed, Cornelius	"	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3037	Jan. 22, 1909	Mulvey, Frank	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3038	Jan. 22, 1909	Regno, James	"	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3039	Jan. 22, 1909	Spisso, Ernest	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3070	Jan. 22, 1909	Acompora, Antonio	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3071	Jan. 22, 1909	Moreno, John	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3072	Jan. 22, 1909	Carosella, Thomas	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3073	Jan. 22, 1909	Delinski, Stephen	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3074	Jan. 22, 1909	Delinski, Louis	"	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3075	Jan. 22, 1909	Delinski, John	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3076	Jan. 23, 1909	Casey, Francis	New York	9	New York	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3077	Jan. 23, 1909	Creighton, Joseph	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3078	Jan. 23, 1909	Gordon, James	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3079	Jan. 25, 1909	Letuza, Michael	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3080	Jan. 27, 1909	Chmento, Frank	New York	12	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3081	Jan. 27, 1909	Reilly, William, Jr.	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3082	Jan. 27, 1909	Villano, Antony	New York	11	New York	"	"	"	"	"	Father	"	....	"	....	"
A3083	Jan. 27, 1909	Kelly, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3084	Jan. 27, 1909	Manconi, Michael	"	9	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3085	Jan. 27, 1909	Aqunio, Nicholas	Italy	15	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3086	Jan. 27, 1909	Ceralo, Gesualdo	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3087	Jan. 27, 1909	Coppa. Vito	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3089	Jan. 27, 1909	Lebritta, Pasquale	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3090	Jan. 27, 1909	Cullen, Joseph	Boston	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1648	Jan. 27, 1909	McLaughlin, Philip	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
40457	Jan. 23, 1909	McGrane, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3091	Jan. 23, 1909	Bennett, Hugh	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3094	Jan. 28, 1909	Winter, Frederick	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3095	Jan. 28, 1909	Mazza, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3096	Jan. 28, 1909	Butts, George, Jr.	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3097	Jan. 28, 1909	Gravina, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3098	Jan. 23, 1909	O'Brien, Thomas	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3099	Jan. 28, 1909	Santisieri, Frank	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3100	Jan. 28, 1909	Martin, Edward	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3101	Jan. 23, 1909	Connolly, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3102	Jan. 28, 1909	Roth, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3103	Jan. 28, 1909	Seccafico, Frank	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3104	Jan. 23, 1909	Mignogno, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A3105	Jan. 28, 1909	Angelo, Antony	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3106	Jan. 29, 1909	Carroll, James	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3108	Jan. 30, 1909	Purtell, Thomas	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3109	Jan. 30, 1909	Picciotti, Louis	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3110	Jan. 30, 1909	Gerard, Matteo	Italy	"	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3111	Jan. 30, 1909	Fromuolo, Michael	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3112	Feb. 3, 1909	Coffey, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3113	Feb. 3, 1909	Torre, Silvio	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3114	Feb. 3, 1909	Sicco, Nicholas	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3115	Feb. 3, 1909	Carasinito, Louis	Italy	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3116	Feb. 3, 1909	Lee, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3117	Feb. 3, 1909	Nappi, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A2347	Feb. 3, 1909	Regan, Daniel	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3118	Feb. 4, 1909	Forenza, Dominick	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3119	Feb. 4, 1909	Porcelli, Vincent	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A3120	Feb. 4, 1909	Gentile, Joseph	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3121	Feb. 4, 1909	Keller, Charles	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3122	Feb. 4, 1909	Mailen, Martin	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3123	Feb. 4, 1909	Del Duca, Arthur	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3124	Feb. 4, 1909	Totilo, Nicholas	"	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

Committee on Lincoln Agricultural School

Cottage No. 1, Somers Centre.

Cottage No. 2, Somers Centre.

A3125	Feb. 4, 1909	Ott, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
A3123	Feb. 4, 1909	Riley, Matthew	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3131	Feb. 5, 1909	Longworth, William	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	"	None	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3132	Feb. 5, 1909	Desiderio, Tony	"	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3127	Feb. 4, 1909	Kosnitz, Hyman	Russia	14	"	"	Heb.	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3128	Feb. 5, 1909	Santo Piero, Valerco	New York	13	New York	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3129	Feb. 5, 1909	Santo Piero, Frank	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3130	Feb. 5, 1909	Sposs, Michael	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3134	Feb. 6, 1909	Haves, John	N. Jersey	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3133	Feb. 6, 1909	Bullel, Harry	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A3137	Feb. 6, 1909	O'Brien, John	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3138	Feb. 6, 1909	Scinto, Charles	"	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3143	Feb. 8, 1909	Peacock, Joseph F.	Mt Vern'n	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3144	Feb. 8, 1909	Boranto, Stephen	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Transferred
A3145	Feb. 9, 1909	Vitale, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3149	Feb. 9, 1909	Strongone, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3150	Feb. 9, 1909	Matocci, Nicholas	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3151	Feb. 9, 1909	Falcone, Joseph	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3152	Feb. 9, 1909	Reale, Charles	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3153	Feb. 9, 1909	Donnolly, John	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3154	Feb. 9, 1909	McMahon, John	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3155	Feb. 9, 1909	Cosgrove, William	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3156	Feb. 10, 1909	Wilson, Christopher	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3157	Feb. 10, 1909	Sanzone, Michael	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
37434	Feb. 10, 1909	Stedman, Joseph	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3164	Feb. 11, 1909	Bevilacqua, Aurste	Italy	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3158	Feb. 11, 1909	Gammell, Edward	Brooklyn	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3159	Feb. 11, 1909	Cullen, Charles	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3160	Feb. 11, 1909	Johnston, Eugene	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3161	Feb. 11, 1909	Sheehy, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3162	Feb. 11, 1909	Berger, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3163	Feb. 11, 1909	O'Connor, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3166	Feb. 13, 1909	McGowan, George	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3167	Feb. 13, 1909	Popilizo, Stephen	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3170	Feb. 15, 1909	Contesso, Umberto	Italy	9	"	"	"	Letters	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3171	Feb. 15, 1909	Benedette, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3172	Feb. 15, 1909	Dreiss, Anthony	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3173	Feb. 15, 1909	Jones, Frank	Penn.	15	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3174	Feb. 15, 1909	Reynolds, John	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3175	Feb. 15, 1909	Stehle, Charles	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3176	Feb. 15, 1909	Stehle, Gustave	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3177	Feb. 15, 1909	Stehle, Henry	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	Transferred
A3180	Feb. 15, 1909	Perelli, Peter	Italy	15	"	"	"	None	None	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3181	Feb. 15, 1909	Rizzo, Louis	N. Jersey	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3182	Feb. 15, 1909	Valanti, Peter	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3183	Feb. 15, 1909	McCarthy, Frank	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3184	Feb. 15, 1909	Briganti, Carmine	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3185	Feb. 15, 1909	Cleary, Philip	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3188	Feb. 16, 1909	Verdon, Frederick	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3189	Feb. 16, 1909	McKay, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3190	Feb. 16, 1909	Perry, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3191	Feb. 16, 1909	Valpo, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3192	Feb. 18, 1909	Ferretti, Joseph	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3193	Feb. 18, 1909	Cook, Thomas	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3194	Feb. 18, 1909	Cardone, Joseph	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3195	Feb. 18, 1909	Dumphy, Martin	Ireland	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	Father	"	....	....	....	"
A3196	Feb. 18, 1909	Heatherington, Thos.	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3197	Feb. 18, 1909	Roffina, Giovanni	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3198	Feb. 18, 1909	Baker, Patrick	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	
A3200	Feb. 19, 1909	Guro, Peter	Italy	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3203	Feb. 20, 1909	Murray, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3204	Feb. 20, 1909	Rosa, Frank	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3205	Feb. 23, 1909	Jakofsky, Stanley	Conn.	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3203	Feb. 23, 1909	Bartlam, Wilfred	New York	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3207	Feb. 23, 1909	Watt, John	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3209	Feb. 24, 1909	Johannis, Peter	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3210	Feb. 24, 1909	Rispin, Edward	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3211	Feb. 24, 1909	Carney, James	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A3214	Feb. 24, 1909	Fagella, William	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3215	Feb. 24, 1909	De Grazia, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3216	Feb. 24, 1909	Tolan, Harry	Ireland	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1521	Feb. 24, 1909	Maggio, Joseph	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1094	Feb. 25, 1909	Georatta, James	Italy	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3217	Feb. 25, 1909	Hunter, Harold	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3218	Feb. 25, 1909	Barlow, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	Transferred
A3219	Feb. 25, 1909	Morse, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3220	Feb. 25, 1909	Davis, George	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3221	Feb. 25, 1909	Bruno, Frank	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A3222	Feb. 23, 1909	French, Arthur	F. Edward	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3223	Feb. 23, 1909	Murray, Samuel	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3224	Feb. 23, 1909	Driscoll, Dennis	N. Hamp.	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3225	Feb. 26, 1909	Cunningham, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	Mother	"	"	....	....	.....
38910	March 1, 1909	Scanlon, James	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3228	March 2, 1909	Testino, Louis	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial

A3229	March 2, 1909	Spinelli, Philip	Italy	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	.....
A3230	March 2, 1909	Restin, Guiseppe	"	15	"	"	"	"	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3231	March 2, 1909	Loughren, Eugene F.	New York	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A3232	March 2, 1909	Fitzgerald, George	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3233	March 3, 1909	Burke, James	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3235	March 3, 1909	Tormey, George	Staten Is.	12	Staten Is.	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A3236	March 3, 1909	Simpson, William	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	"
A3237	March 4, 1909	Reilly, Eugene	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	.....
A3238	March 4, 1909	Callaghan, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	Transferred
A3239	March 4, 1909	Callaghan, John H.	"	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3240	March 4, 1909	Jerome, James	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	Transferred
A3241	March 4, 1909	Amore, Tony	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	.....
A3242	March 4, 1909	Gumoski, Stephen	Poland	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	"
A3243	March 4, 1909	Giordano, Lucian	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A3244	March 4, 1909	Campagna, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	Transferred
A3245	March 4, 1909	Maloney, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	"
A3248	March 4, 1909	Rissi, Philip	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	"
A3249	March 4, 1909	Fraze, William	New York	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3247	March 4, 1909	Smith, James	"	13	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3250	March 5, 1909	Gurmann, George	Long Is.	15	Long Is.	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3251	March 5, 1909	Gilligan, Charles	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3252	March 5, 1909	Byrnes, Francis	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	Transferred
A1612	March 5, 1909	Boyle, Charles	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3253	March 6, 1909	Seher, Gustave	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3254	March 6, 1909	Flood, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3255	March 6, 1909	Ginivan, John	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3256	March 6, 1909	Christenson, Harold	"	14	"	"	"	"	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3257	March 6, 1909	Stominski, William	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3260	March 8, 1909	Ryan, William	Boston	11	New York	"	"	"	Fair	"	Father	"	"	....	.....
A3261	March 8, 1909	Mossini, Sandino	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	Transferred
A3262	March 8, 1909	Walsh, Howard	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	"
A3263	March 8, 1909	Kiernan, Frank	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3264	March 8, 1909	Reynolds, James	New York	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3265	March 8, 1909	Fuchs, William	Germany	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	.....
A3266	March 8, 1909	Lee, Percy	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A3267	March 9, 1909	Cleary, Hubert	"	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3268	March 9, 1909	Stafford, Thomas	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3269	March 9, 1909	Gallagher, John	"	14	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	Mother	"	....	....	.....
A135	March 9, 1909	Schulhof, Rudolph	Germany	13	"	"	Diff.	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	Transferred
A3271	March 10, 1909	Huthoff, Francis	New York	13	New York	"	Cath.	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	"
A3272	March 10, 1909	Larney, Howard	"	14	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	....	....	.....
A3273	March 10, 1909	Polambo, Ralph	Italy	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
A3274	March 10, 1909	Ferdinand, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	"	.....
A3275	March 10, 1909	Palomeni, Tony	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3276	March 10, 1909	Mallon, Frank	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3277	March 10, 1909	Nesel, John Lee	"	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	Father	"	"	....	.....
A3278	March 10, 1909	Malloy, Louis	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3279	March 10, 1909	Hiller, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3283	March 11, 1909	Mosca, Frank	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A3284	March 11, 1909	Longabardo, Louis	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3285	March 11, 1909	Villano, Edward	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3287	March 11, 1909	Heilmann, Frank	Brooklyn	13	Homeless	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	....	"	.....	.....
A3291	March 11, 1909	Celano, Philip	Italy	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	"	.....	.....
A3292	March 12, 1909	Picerrilli, Dominick	"	15	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	"	.....	.....
A3293	March 12, 1909	Albrecht, John	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3295	March 12, 1909	Teti, Guiseppe	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1570	March 12, 1909	Romano, Dominick	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3296	March 12, 1909	McLaughlin, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3297	March 12, 1909	McLaughlin, Thos.	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3298	March 12, 1909	Walsh, Walter	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3299	March 12, 1909	Lane, Francis	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3300	March 12, 1909	Zwisler, George	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3301	March 13, 1909	Gillis, Lawrence	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	None	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3303	March 13, 1909	McGovern, Eugene	Ireland	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3304	March 13, 1909	Gennardi, Anthony	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3305	March 13, 1909	Sancio, Acursio	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3306	March 15, 1909	Bronte, Frank	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3307	March 15, 1909	Sullivan, Michael	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	Transferred
A3308	March 15, 1909	Genzardi, William	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	"
A3309	March 15, 1909	Burns, Harold	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3310	March 15, 1909	Burns, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3311	March 15, 1909	Hughes, Benjamin	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3312	March 15, 1909	Crawford, William	Conn.	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3313	March 15, 1909	Capiodido, Tony	Italy	11	"	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3315	March 15, 1909	Gilliland, Francis	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3316	March 15, 1909	Murray, Thomas	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	"	.....	.....
A3317	March 15, 1909	Casselli, Michael	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3318	March 16, 1909	McDonald, Bernard	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3319	March 16, 1909	Connolly, Bernard	Ireland	9	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3320	March 16, 1909	Harrington, John	Mass.	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3321	March 16, 1909	Poland, Owen	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	"
A3322	March 16, 1909	Hora, Charles	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	Transferred
A3323	March 16, 1909	Omeston, Fabian	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	"
A3324	March 16, 1909	Garzuillo, Vito	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....	On Trial

Registering the Product of Each Cow.
Lincoln Dairy.

A3325	March 16, 1909	Difero, Joseph	New York	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	.....	Transferred
A3327	March 16, 1909	Bertzick, Joseph	Hungary	14	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3328	March 16, 1909	Finnegan, Thomas	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	.....	On Trial
A3328	March 16, 1909	Durso, Salvatore	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3330	March 17, 1909	Larkin, Philip	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3331	March 17, 1909	De Napole, Michael	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3332	March 17, 1909	Morgliesky, Frank	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3334	March 17, 1909	Morgliesky, John	"	10	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3337	March 18, 1909	O'Connor, Charles	"	12	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3338	March 18, 1909	Sanzone, Martin	Italy	10	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3339	March 18, 1909	Cherowe, Daniel	New York	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3340	March 18, 1909	Beyersdorffer, Geo.	"	13	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3341	March 18, 1909	McKeever, John	"	14	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	.....	On Trial
A3342	March 18, 1909	McAdams, James	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3343	March 18, 1909	Boderick, Matthew	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3344	March 19, 1909	Folsom, Allen	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Father	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3348	March 19, 1909	Folsom, John	"	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3349	March 19, 1909	McAuliff, Patrick	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	....	.....	.....
A3350	March 19, 1909	Toranto, Michael	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	....	.....	.....
A3352	March 19, 1909	McNamee, Edward	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3353	March 19, 1909	McParland, William	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3354	March 20, 1909	Alferi, Pomedero	Italy	8	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	....	.....	On Trial
A3355	March 20, 1909	McGlone, Arthur	New York	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Unk'n	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3357	March 20, 1909	Fuschino, Patrick	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3358	March 20, 1909	Vascoe, William	"	15	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3359	March 20, 1909	Filoranno, Dominick	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3360	March 22, 1909	Anderson, Philip	Virginia	14	"	"	Bap't	"	"	Father	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3361	March 22, 1909	Aitken, James	Jersey C.	13	"	"	Prot.	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3362	March 22, 1909	DeConti, Nicholas	Italy	13	"	"	Cath.	"	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....
A3363	March 22, 1909	Lane, Winifred	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	Prot.	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3364	March 22, 1909	Stafford, Samuel	"	9	"	"	Cath.	"	"	Poor	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3365	March 23, 1909	Schulken, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3367	March 23, 1909	Bennett, Edward	Newark	15	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3368	March 23, 1909	Vagliarde, Pasquale	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3369	March 23, 1909	Romano, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3370	March 23, 1909	Healy, Daniel	Jersey C.	13	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3371	March 23, 1909	Armstrong, Thomas	New York	12	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3377	March 23, 1909	Hesderfor, Herman	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3378	March 23, 1909	Dopke, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1305	March 23, 1909	Fogarty, Peter	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	On Trial
A3379	March 24, 1909	Miller, Henry	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	None	Mother	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3380	March 24, 1909	Del Percia, Alex.	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	....	.....	On Trial
A3381	March 24, 1909	Kipp, William	"	11	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3382	March 24, 1909	Cereda, William	"	14	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3383	March 24, 1909	Kelbride, John	England	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	None	Father	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3384	March 24, 1909	Roland, Frederick	New York	15	New York	"	"	"	Fair	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3385	March 24, 1909	Merritt, Charles	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3386	March 24, 1909	Merritt, William	"	10	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3387	March 24, 1909	Merritt, John	Brooklyn	8	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3389	March 24, 1909	Schuler, Peter	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3391	March 25, 1909	Lafera, Angelo	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3392	March 25, 1909	Gallagher, Alfred	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3393	March 25, 1909	Ryan, Joseph	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3394	March 25, 1909	McGeeney, Peter	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3395	March 25, 1909	Nicarda, Anthony	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3396	March 25, 1909	Bellia, Frederick	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3397	March 25, 1909	Lahey, Peter	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3399	March 25, 1909	Heilman, Frank	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3404	March 26, 1909	Travers, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3405	March 26, 1909	Van Orden, Edward	N. Jersey	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3406	March 27, 1909	Gullo, Benjamin J.	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3407	March 27, 1909	Miller, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3408	March 27, 1909	Mangone, Vito	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3409	March 27, 1909	Fitzgerald, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3410	March 27, 1909	Hayes, Terrence	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3411	March 29, 1909	Vetter, Henry	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3412	March 29, 1909	Vetter, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3413	March 29, 1909	Fortuni, Louis	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3414	March 29, 1909	Kelly, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3415	March 29, 1909	White, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3416	March 29, 1909	Jordan, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3417	March 29, 1909	Jordan, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3418	March 29, 1909	Comer, John	Boston	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3421	March 30, 1909	Lyons, Martin	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	Father	"	....	"	....	.....
A3422	March 30, 1909	Huggard, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3423	March 30, 1909	Huggard, Edward	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3424	March 30, 1909	Keeshan, William	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40205	March 30, 1909	Ventello, Joseph	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A3428	March 31, 1909	Jordan, George	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3429	March 31, 1909	Mallon, Joseph	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3430	March 31, 1909	Mallon, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3431	March 31, 1909	Sheehan, Patrick	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A3432	March 31, 1909	Nowak, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3433	March 31, 1909	Welch, Patrick	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A3434	March 31, 1909	Kennedy, James	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A3435	April 1, 1909	Spilane, George	"	8	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3436	April 1, 1909	McGowan, John	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	...	.....	.....
A3437	April 1, 1909	Battisto, Carlo	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3438	April 1, 1909	Angelo, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	...	"	.....
A3439	April 1, 1909	Gorafolo, Joseph	New York	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	...	"	.....
A3441	April 1, 1909	Schmeig, William	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Poor	Father	Father	"	...	.....	.....
A3443	April 2, 1909	McLoughlin, James	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3444	April 2, 1909	Sullivan, John J.	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	...	.....	.....
A3445	April 2, 1909	Milone, Lucian	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	...	.....	On Trial
A3446	April 2, 1909	Schmidt, George	"	12	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3447	April 2, 1909	Schmidt, Edward	"	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3448	April 2, 1909	Heaney, Bernard	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3449	April 2, 1909	Sieranski, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	...	...	.....	.....
A3450	April 3, 1909	Lynch, John	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3451	April 3, 1909	Abbey, William	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3452	April 3, 1909	Cannoruzzi, John	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3453	April 3, 1909	Moyori, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	...	"	.....	.....
A3454	April 5, 1909	Kelly, William	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3455	April 5, 1909	Cronin, Peter	"	9	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3456	April 5, 1909	Cronin, Joseph	"	7	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3158	April 5, 1909	McIntyre, Charles	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3459	April 5, 1909	Delucca, Peter	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3460	April 5, 1909	Pasquallo, Mario	Italy	9	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3461	April 5, 1909	Healey, Michael	N. Jersey	15	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	...	...	.....	.....
A3464	April 6, 1909	Phelan, James	New York	9	"	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	...	...	.....	On Trial
A3465	April 6, 1909	Schoenbaechler, Mil.	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3466	April 6, 1909	Riordan, Thomas	Ireland	10	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3467	April 6, 1909	Murphy, William	New York	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A1567	April 6, 1909	Carr, Harry	Brooklyn	14	"	"	Diff.	"	"	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3468	April 7, 1909	Donnelly, William	New York	15	New York	"	Cath.	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3469	April 7, 1909	McGivney, William	Chicago	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3470	April 7, 1909	Schue, Sylvester	New York	13	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3471	April 7, 1909	Gielio, Frank	Italy	13	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3472	April 7, 1909	Frers, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	Poor	"	Father	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3473	April 7, 1909	Frers, George	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3475	April 8, 1909	Burke, Thomas	Ireland	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Fair	"	"	"	...	...	.....	.....
A3479	April 10, 1909	Escaravage, Justin	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	...	...	.....	On Trial
A3480	April 10, 1909	Mascol, William	"	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3481	April 10, 1909	Zottolo, Anthony	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3482	April 10, 1909	Brenner, Charles	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3483	April 10, 1909	Brenner, Frederick	"	9	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3484	April 10, 1909	Miller, Harold	"	13	"	"	"	"	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3486	April 12, 1909	Alquist, Bronwald	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	...	...	.....	.....
A3487	April 12, 1909	Mullen, Jerry	Newark	13	New York	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	...	"	.....	Transferred
A3488	April 12, 1909	Shields, James	New York	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	...	...	.....	Transferred
A3489	April 12, 1909	McDonough, Patrick	Pittsburg	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....
A3490	April 13, 1909	Mascaro, Anthony	Italy	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	...	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Trusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3491	April 13, 1909	Moran, Martin	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3492	April 13, 1909	Abele, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3493	April 13, 1909	Hickey, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3494	April 13, 1909	Ledden, Stephen	"	11	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	"	....	.....
40484	April 13, 1909	McKeon, Cornelius	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3495	April 14, 1909	Telardo, Frank	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3496	April 14, 1909	Bryce, Daniel	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3497	April 14, 1909	Cunningham, Geo.	N. Jersey	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3498	April 14, 1909	Appleby, Lawrence	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3499	April 14, 1909	Dunn, William	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3500	April 14, 1909	Lopez, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3501	April 14, 1909	Broidy, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3502	April 14, 1909	McGrath, Thomas	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3503	April 14, 1909	Wilke, Ricardi	Texas	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39880	April 5, 1909	Downie, Joseph	New York	7	New York	"	"	Letters	Poor	Father	.....	Trans. F. D.	"	....	....	.....
39881	April 5, 1909	Downie, Daniel	"	5	"	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1656	April 19, 1909	O'Neill, William	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3505	April 19, 1909	Livandusky, Frank	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3506	April 19, 1909	Martinetti, John	"	13	"	"	"	Letters	None	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3507	April 19, 1909	Hanrathy, Richard	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Father	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3508	April 19, 1909	Stack, Albert	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3509	April 20, 1909	Cantamessi, John	Italy	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3510	April 20, 1909	Conlin, John	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3511	April 20, 1909	Aruta, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	None.....	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3512	April 20, 1909	Calderazzo, Louis	Italy	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3513	April 21, 1909	Rosiello, Ruggiero	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3514	April 21, 1909	Buccio, Michael	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3515	April 21, 1909	Romano, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3516	April 21, 1909	Connery, George	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3517	April 21, 1909	Ferro, Rosirio	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3518	April 21, 1909	Cherry, Byron	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3519	April 21, 1909	Sullivan, Jere	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3520	April 21, 1909	Quielty, Francis	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3521	April 21, 1909	Schlosser, Anthony	New York	10	New York	"	Diff.	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3522	April 21, 1909	Miker, Adam	Poland	12	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3523	April 21, 1909	Petrizzini, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

Boys of Cottage No. 2.

Lincoln Agricultural School.

Boys of Cottage No. 1.

A3524	April 21, 1909	Tommasi, Anthony	New York	17	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	....	.....	Ret. to Ct.
A3525	April 22, 1909	Judge, Peter	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3526	April 22, 1909	Gallagher, Daniel	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3527	April 22, 1909	Gallagher, Charles	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1696	April 22, 1909	Romano, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	.....	.....
A3528	April 22, 1909	Whalen, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3529	April 22, 1909	Mirra, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3530	April 24, 1909	Jones, William	Kingston	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3531	April 24, 1909	Murphy, Thomas	Ireland	16	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3532	April 24, 1909	Liber, William	Germany	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3533	April 24, 1909	Reilly, Frank	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3534	April 24, 1909	Geraighty, James	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3535	April 24, 1909	Mooney, James	N. Jersey	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3537	April 24, 1909	McManus, Thomas	Brooklyn	14	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3538	April 24, 1909	Fitzgerald, Robert	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3539	April 24, 1909	McGuire, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3540	April 24, 1909	Aquino, Anthony	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3541	April 27, 1909	Deaver, John	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3544	April 27, 1909	Connelly, Frank	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3545	April 27, 1909	Connelly, Arthur	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A1153	April 27, 1909	Condon, Edward	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3543	April 28, 1909	Cuneo, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	....	.....	Transferred
A3547	April 28, 1909	Costellani, Emilio	Italy	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3548	April 28, 1909	Salamona, Angelo	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3554	April 29, 1909	Valentino, Carmine	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3555	April 29, 1909	George, Daniel	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3556	April 30, 1909	Herlihy, Daniel	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3557	April 30, 1909	Zeilansky, Alex.	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3558	April 30, 1909	Devita, John	"	9	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3530	May 1, 1909	Martin, Bernard	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	.....
A3531	May 1, 1909	Alger, Otis	Boston	11	New York	"	Prot.	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	On Trial
A3533	May 1, 1909	Alger, Evan	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	.....	"
A3538	May 1, 1909	Garvey, Frank	New York	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3539	May 1, 1909	Romer, Henry	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3571	May 3, 1909	Hall, Frank	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3572	May 4, 1909	Vigini, Carmine	Italy	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3573	May 4, 1909	Lestrange, John	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3575	May 4, 1909	Kennedy, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1504	May 4, 1909	Deldonne, Carmine	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3577	May 5, 1909	Cornish, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	Transferred
A3578	May 5, 1909	Roche, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3579	May 5, 1909	Collins, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3581	May 5, 1909	Lynch, James	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3582	May 5, 1909	Eckford, William	New York	15	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	Transferred
A3583	May 6, 1909	Barry, John	"	16	New York	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3584	May 6, 1909	Nelson, Frederick	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1769	May 7, 1909	Harrigan, John	"	6	"	"	"	Reads.....	None	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A1770	May 7, 1909	Harrigan, James	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3588	May 7, 1909	Shelly, John	Long Is.	12	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	Committed	....	....	....	Transferred
A3589	May 7, 1909	Cook, Michael	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A3590	May 7, 1909	Pulsifer, Arthur	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A3591	May 7, 1909	Tierney, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3592	May 7, 1909	Tinker, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3587	May 7, 1909	Devine, Thomas	Ireland	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3594	May 10, 1909	Sillo, Satano	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	"	....	.....
A3595	May 10, 1909	Gannon, Assed	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3593	May 10, 1909	Blake, Christopher	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3597	May 10, 1909	Gamstag, August	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3599	May 10, 1909	Mascoll, William	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	...	....	....	Transferred
A3603	May 11, 1909	Kunasek, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3604	May 11, 1909	Minister, Percy	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3605	May 12, 1909	Delcimascoli, Salv.	Italy	8	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3608	May 12, 1909	Barberia, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3609	May 12, 1909	Combarara, Joseph	New York	11	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3610	May 12, 1909	Tromutolo, Tony	Long Is.	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3611	May 13, 1909	La Malfa, Pasquale	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3613	May 13, 1909	Dunn, Frank	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3614	May 14, 1909	McKeon, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3615	May 14, 1909	Powell, James	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3616	May 14, 1909	Leonard, William	"	10	"	"	Cath.	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A3521	May 14, 1909	Olivaro, Charles	Italy	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3522	May 14, 1909	Cucarese, Henry	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3523	May 14, 1909	Halpin, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3524	May 14, 1909	Billera, John	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
A3525	May 14, 1909	Keighley, Frederick	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3526	May 14, 1909	Spisano, Francis	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3527	May 14, 1909	Musso, Stefano	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3528	May 14, 1909	Scolen, Edward	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3630	May 14, 1909	Davis, James	New York	8	New York	"	"	None	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3532	May 17, 1909	Doty, Eugene	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3533	May 17, 1909	Holy, Patrick	Ireland	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3534	May 17, 1909	Vacceralli, Joseph	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3635	May 17, 1909	Powers, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3636	May 18, 1909	Mordenti, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A3637	May 18, 1909	Mora, Frank	Italy	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3638	May 18, 1909	Brown, Christian	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40264	May 18, 1909	Spedati, William	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
31541	May 18, 1909	Schrocke, George	"	2	"	"	"	None.....	None	"	Mother	Trans. F. D.	...	....	....	On Trial
32668	May 18, 1909	Verlotto, Nicholas	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33015	May 18, 1909	Kilweather, William	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both	"	...	....	....	On Trial
33578	May 18, 1909	Townsend, Charles	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33610	May 18, 1909	McGirr, Joseph	"		"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33923	May 18, 1909	Yoric, Carmillo	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34174	May 18, 1909	Henry, Joseph	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
34233	May 18, 1909	Hanson, John	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A3639	May 19, 1909	Di Massi, William	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3640	May 19, 1909	Novozio, John	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	...	....	....	On Trial
A3641	May 19, 1909	Bucholz, John	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3642	May 19, 1909	Tranzes, John	"	10	Brooklyn	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3643	May 19, 1909	Kelley, Eugene	"	12	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	...	....	....	.....
A3644	May 20, 1909	Daly, John	New York	10	New York	"	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3645	May 20, 1909	Smallhorne, Charles	Ossining	14	"	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3646	May 20, 1909	Samuelowitz, Martin	New York	15	"	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3647	May 20, 1909	Gordon, Harry	"	12	"	"	Prot.	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3648	May 20, 1909	Trondle, Frank	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	"	"	Fair	"	Father	"	"	....	.....
A3649	May 21, 1909	Conboy, Anthony	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
33940	May 22, 1909	Keilly, James	New York	4	New York	"	"	"	"	None	Neither	.....	"	...	....	On Trial
A3651	May 22, 1909	Finn, Edward	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3656	May 22, 1909	Grismer, Frank	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3657	May 22, 1909	Doherty, Daniel	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3658	May 24, 1909	Gambino, Frank	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3659	May 24, 1909	Gambino, Dominic	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3660	May 24, 1909	Cox, William	Virginia	13	"	"	Prot.	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	...	....	Transferred
A3661	May 24, 1909	Latrell, Rocco	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3662	May 24, 1909	Nastro, Louis	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3665	May 25, 1909	Donizio, Generio	New York	9	New York	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3666	May 25, 1909	Corbo, Nicholas	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3668	May 25, 1909	O'Leary, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3669	May 25, 1909	O'Leary, John	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3670	May 25, 1909	Lewis, Earl	Virginia	14	"	"	Prot.	"	"	None	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3671	May 25, 1909	Zivolinski, Stephen	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3672	May 26, 1909	Albach, Theodore	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3674	May 27, 1909	Joyce, James	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3676	May 27, 1909	Pollock, James	New York	8	New York	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3677	May 27, 1909	Yebens, Walter	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3678	May 27, 1909	Graham, John	"	9	Homeless	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3679	May 27, 1909	McGivney, Thomas	New York	13	New York	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3682	May 28, 1909	Connolly, Edward	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3783	May 28, 1909	Wynne, Clayton	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3684	May 28, 1909	Diamond, John	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3685	May 28, 1909	Abbey, William	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	.....
A3686	May 28, 1909	Tragnita, Joseph	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3689	May 28, 1909	Napolitano, Tony	Brooklyn	14	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3690	May 28, 1909	Forlini, John	Newark	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3691	May 28, 1909	Mastrogiovanni, N.	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3692	May 28, 1909	Merte, Marino	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3693	May 28, 1909	Delaney, Thomas	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3696	May 29, 1909	Mahon, Martin	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3697	May 29, 1909	Skelly, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3698	May 29, 1909	Burns, James	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.. ....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3699	May 29, 1909	Morrisey, Walter	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3700	May 29, 1909	Muses, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3703	June 1, 1909	Harris, Harry	Penn.	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3705	June 1, 1909	Grwasky, Joseph	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3707	June 1, 1909	Mace, Peter	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3708	June 1, 1909	Kenney, Martin	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3710	June 2, 1909	Mulligan, John	Staten Is.	15	Staten Is.	"	"	Letters	None	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3711	June 2, 1909	Clinton, George	New York	10	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3712	June 2, 1909	Sulzone, Nicholas	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3316	June 2, 1909	Fevola, Frank	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3317	June 3, 1909	Gillen, John	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3318	June 3, 1909	Criss, Henry	Long Is.	15	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1393	June 4, 1909	Hall, William	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Transferred	"	....	....	.....
A3720	June 4, 1909	Long, Edward	New York	14	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3721	June 4, 1909	Miller, John	Canada	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3722	June 4, 1909	Williams, George	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3723	June 4, 1909	Schmidt, George	Germany	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3724	June 4, 1909	Hickey, Thomas	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
A3725	June 4, 1909	Infante, Tony	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3726	June 5, 1909	Sexton, Thomas	New York	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3727	June 5, 1909	Melli, Alphonso	Italy	10	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3728	June 5, 1909	Cavanagh, William	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3730	June 7, 1909	Appleton, Robert	"	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3732	June 7, 1909	Moylan, Paul	Astoria	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3738	June 8, 1909	Doherty, William	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3739	June 8, 1909	Fox, William	"	14	Long Is.	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3743	June 9, 1909	McCabe, Thomas	"	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3744	June 9, 1909	Valls, Arthur	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A3745	June 10, 1909	Pyror, John	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3746	June 10, 1909	Fallon, Daniel	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3747	June 10, 1909	Gennarda, Joseph	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3753	June 10, 1909	Lokasch, Jere	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3754	June 10, 1909	Kopdik, Frank	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3755	June 10, 1909	Gunduzo, Tony	Italy	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3758	June 10, 1909	Arnold, Frank	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3758	June 11, 1909	Keegan, John	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3759	June 11, 1909	Lesanti, Dominick	"	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3760	June 11, 1909	Haley, Matthew	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3761	June 11, 1909	Kavanagh, Leo	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1648	June 11, 1909	McLaughlin, Philip	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40787	June 14, 1909	Marion, James	England	7	Homeless	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3765	June 14, 1909	Minogue, Thomas	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3764	June 14, 1909	Doyle, Daniel	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3766	June 14, 1909	McGuirll, John M.	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3737	June 14, 1909	Scorange, Joseph	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3768	June 14, 1909	Wilson, Lester	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3769	June 14, 1909	Mauro, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3770	June 14, 1909	Mauro, Louis	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3771	June 14, 1909	Vecchio, Anthony	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3772	June 14, 1909	Wehman, Joseph	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3773	June 14, 1909	Smith, Harold	N. Jersey	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3776	June 15, 1909	Dunn, Joseph	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3777	June 15, 1909	Dancho, Stephen	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3779	June 15, 1909	Whelan, Michael	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3780	June 16, 1909	Fox, Walter	New York	15	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3781	June 16, 1909	McNeece, Charles	Brooklyn	9	"	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3782	June 16, 1909	Sicco, Louis	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3783	June 17, 1909	Donovan, Michael	Brooklyn	8	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3784	June 17, 1909	Dowd, Barney	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3783	June 17, 1909	Donnelly, Patrick	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3787	June 17, 1909	Nolan, Henry	Virginia	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3788	June 18, 1909	Mastriano, George	New York	10	"	"	"	Letters	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3790	June 19, 1909	Vallett, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3791	June 19, 1909	Garrison, Howard	New York	11	New York	"	Prot.	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3792	June 19, 1909	Sicca, Charles	"	12	N. Jersey	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3793	June 19, 1909	Norton, Patrick	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2798	June 21, 1909	O'Brien, William	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	"	"	Mother	"	"	....	....	.....
A3794	June 21, 1909	O'Brien, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	"	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3795	June 21, 1909	O'Brien, James	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	"	"	....	....	....	"
A3793	June 21, 1909	Baker, Samuel	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3797	June 21, 1909	Blake, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3798	June 21, 1909	Harris, Michael	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3799	June 21, 1909	Tourso, Frank	N. Jersey	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3800	June 21, 1909	Walsh, Martin	New York	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3801	June 21, 1909	Drew, George	"	10	New York	"	"	None	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3802	June 22, 1909	Gesselli, Tony	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3803	June 22, 1909	Calvert, Frank	New York	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Father	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3804	June 22, 1909	March, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3805	June 22, 1909	Crotty, Timoth	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3806	June 22, 1909	Pierpont, Jerome	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3807	June 22, 1909	Thomas, William	Penn.	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3808	June 22, 1909	Muir, William	Brooklyn	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3811	June 22, 1909	Comasack, Stephen	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3816	June 24, 1909	Billello, Joseph	"	15	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3817	June 24, 1909	McGee, Joseph	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3818	June 24, 1909	Dougherty, William	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3819	June 24, 1909	Stonek, Louis	Astoria	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A3820	June 25, 1909	Tripani, Vincent	Brooklyn	13	New York	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3821	June 25, 1909	Bennett, George	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3822	June 25, 1909	O'Connor, Joseph	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3823	June 25, 1909	Basile, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3825	June 25, 1909	Downey, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	Mother	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3829	June 26, 1909	Guida, Ralph	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3833	June 28, 1909	DeLemmo, John	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3836	June 28, 1909	Assetta, Louis	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3837	June 28, 1909	Peters, Arthur	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3847	June 29, 1909	Robertson, John	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3848	June 29, 1909	McMahon, Peter	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3849	June 29, 1909	Sagaro, Frank	Italy	15	N. Jersey	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3850	June 30, 1909	Angley, Thomas	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3851	June 30, 1909	Bonagura, Eugenio	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37768	June 26, 1909	Beckendorf, Charles	New York	7	Homeless	"	"	" "	Poor	Unk'n	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
A3852	July 1, 1909	Languerri, Richard	N. Orleans	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3853	July 1, 1909	King, Harry	New York	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3854	July 1, 1909	Moonis, Walter	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3855	July 1, 1909	Schieris, Dominick	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3856	July 1, 1909	Benedetti, William	Brooklyn	11	Homeless	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3859	July 1, 1909	Dambrosky, William	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3861	July 2, 1909	Borelli, Tony	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3862	July 2, 1909	Laconti, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3863	July 2, 1909	Beran, George	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3865	July 2, 1909	Costello, George	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A3860	July 3, 1909	Brown, Patrick J.	New York	15	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	...	.....
A3864	July 3, 1909	Domdero, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3866	July 3, 1909	Price, Thomas	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3867	July 3, 1909	Sitter, Joseph	Penn.	12	Brooklyn	"	"		Poor	Both	.....	"		....	....	On Trial
A3869	July 6, 1909	Daonge, John	Italy	8	"	"	"	None	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3871	July 7, 1909	Reilly, Patrick J.	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"		....	"	.....
A3872	July 7, 1909	Linguerri, Richard	N. Orleans	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
34003	July 7, 1909	McCormack, Francis	New York	7	"	"	"	Letters	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3873	July 9, 1909	Barrett, John	N. Jersey	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3874	July 9, 1909	Boyle, Peter	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3876	July 10, 1909	McCabe, John	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3877	July 10, 1909	Barbieri, Gerardo	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3878	July 10, 1909	Ronia, Charles	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A3879	July 10, 1909	Stanisch, Frederick	Germany	10	"	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"		....	....	Transferred
A3880	July 10, 1909	Caloa, Adolph	Italy	12	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3883	July 12, 1909	Dresler, William	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3884	July 12, 1909	Mulligan, Charles	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3885	July 12, 1909	Vogel, Frederick	"	11	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"		....	"	.....
A3888	July 12, 1909	Feinberg, Jacob	"	12	"	"	Heb.	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3887	July 13, 1909	Drew, John	"	8	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3890	July 13, 1909	Pichinich, Nicholas	Astoria	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3892	July 14, 1909	Fiore, Baziella	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3895	July 14, 1909	Lane, Francis	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3896	July 14, 1909	Pfieffer, Frank	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3897	July 15, 1909	Aragona, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3898	July 15, 1909	Aragona, Joseph	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3900	July 15, 1909	Smith, William	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3901	July 15, 1909	St. Jaques, Albert	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3902	July 15, 1909	St. Jaques, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3903	July 16, 1909	Bossert, Andrew	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3905	July 16, 1909	Quinn, Joseph	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3906	July 16, 1909	Whiteford, Herbert	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3907	July 17, 1909	Dobbins, William	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"		....	....	.....
A3908	July 19, 1909	O'Keefe, Michael	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"		.....	.....	On Trial
A3910	July 19, 1909	Reilly, John	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"		....	....	.....
A3912	July 19, 1909	Labinto, Louis	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3913	July 19, 1909	Gatto, Tomaso	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3914	July 20, 1909	Zitto, Joseph	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3915	July 20, 1909	Branigan, Matthew	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3916	July 21, 1909	Armendano, Louis	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3917	July 21, 1909	Reilly, Frank	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3918	July 22, 1909	Fratinardo, Emilio	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3919	July 22, 1909	Kovacio, Charles	Bohemia	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3922	July 23, 1909	Cappineccio, Giovan.	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3924	July 24, 1909	Wick, Peter	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	"	.....
A3925	July 26, 1909	McGurn, Joseph	N. Jersey	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3926	July 26, 1909	Carlo, Frank	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3929	July 26, 1909	Trout, Floyd	Penn.	13					Fair	Mother						

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3931	July 27, 1909	Lahr, Albert	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Letters	None	Both	.....	Committed	"	...	....	.....
A3932	July 27, 1909	Manke, Charles	"	15	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
A3933	July 27, 1909	Allheim, Frank	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3934	July 27, 1909	Fogarty, Edward	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3935	July 28, 1909	Burns, George	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3950	July 31, 1909	Hignet, Frank	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3952	July 31, 1909	Chappiari, Peter	Italy	8	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3956	August 2, 1909	Reilly, Archie	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A395	August 4, 1909	Clarke, James	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3960	August 5, 1909	O'Donnell, Martin	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3961	August 5, 1909	Meehan, Patrick	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3962	August 6, 1909	Raffoni, Joseph	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3963	August 6, 1909	Rush, Frederick	Germany	13	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A3964	August 6, 1909	Smith, William	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3965	August 6, 1909	Schaffer, William	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3866	August 6, 1909	Desso, John	Italy	...	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3967	August 6, 1909	Cappielo, Frank	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3968	August 6, 1909	Carboni, Philip	Brooklyn	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3969	August 9, 1909	Reilly, Eugene	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3970	August 9, 1909	Graff, Arthur	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3971	August 9, 1909	Curran, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3972	August 9, 1909	Nicarda, Anthony	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3973	August 9, 1909	Hart, Thomas	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3974	August 10, 1909	Margessi, Peter	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3975	August 10, 1909	Gordon George	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3976	August 10, 1909	McGrath, Joseph	Ireland	7	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3977	August 10, 1909	Bates, August	Conn.	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39966	August 10, 1909	Bruno, Santo	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3978	August 10, 1909	Abinante, Angelo	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3979	August 12, 1909	Hanley, John, Jr.	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3980	August 12, 1909	Auliso, Jerry	Italy	10	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3981	August 12, 1909	Williams, Clarence	New York	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3982	August 12, 1909	Buskiewicz, Stanley	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Poor	Unk'n	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3983	August 12, 1909	Herman, Charles	New York	12	New York	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3984	August 12, 1909	Herman, Joseph	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3985	August 13, 1909	Hueserek, John	Wisconsin	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A3989	August 16, 1909	Snyder, Peter	New York	12	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	None	Mother	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A3991	August 18, 1909	Allessi, Frank	Italy	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3992	August 18, 1909	Esposito, Dominick	New York	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A3993	August 19, 1909	Rinaldo, Dominick	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A3994	August 19, 1909	Ferri, Nicholas	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	None	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A3995	August 19, 1909	Sarter, Arthur	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3999	August 20, 1909	Jieck, Charles	Bohemia	12	New York	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4000	August 23, 1909	O'Leary, Daniel	New York	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	Father	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4001	August 23, 1909	Frasceo, Philip	Italy	14	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Father	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4002	August 23, 1909	Cavallo, Joseph	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4003	August 23, 1908	Gizzie, Edward	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4004	August 23, 1909	Pagani, Amiello	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4005	August 23, 1909	Kelly, Peter	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4006	August 23, 1909	Nolan, Harry	"	15	"	"	Diff.	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4012	August 24, 1909	Petrucelli, Antonio	"	11	"	"	Cath.	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4013	August 24, 1909	Underwood, George	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4014	August 24, 1909	Norton, William	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4015	August 25, 1909	Kenny, William	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4016	August 25, 1909	Walsh, Robert	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4017	August 26, 1909	Roche, John	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4018	August 26, 1909	Casarang, Vincent	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4019	August 26, 1909	Dugard, William	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4020	August 26, 1909	Le Grant, Albert	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4021	August 26, 1909	Anastasio, Thomas	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4022	August 26, 1909	Lavecchio, Andrew	Italy	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4023	August 26, 1909	Pipeo, Paul	New York	11	"	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4024	August 28, 1909	Vel Vecchio, Esan	Italy	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4025	August 30, 1909	Tracia, Anthony	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	Both	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4026	August 30, 1909	Campiglia, Joseph	New York	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4027	August 30, 1909	Campiglia, Philip	"	13	"	"	"	"	"	None	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4028	August 30, 1909	Daton, Leonard	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4029	August 30, 1909	Hagan, William	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4030	August 30, 1909	Delaney, John	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4031	August 31, 1909	McCormack, Harry	Buffalo	10	New York	"	"	"	"	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4032	August 31, 1909	De Esposito, Ant.	New York	14	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4033	August 31, 1909	Tracy, William	"	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Mother	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4035	August 31, 1909	Lyons, John	Brooklyn	15	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Fair	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4036	Sept. 1, 1909	Summers, Joseph	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	"	Poor	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4037	Sept. 1, 1909	Steipper, Michael	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4040	Sept. 2, 1909	Christofaro, Frank	New York	14	New York	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
A4041	Sept. 2, 1909	Steede, Ray	"	15	"	"	Diff.	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4042	Sept. 2, 1909	Braderick, James	"	15	"	"	Cath.	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....
A4043	Sept. 2, 1909	Cotter, Nicholas	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4045	Sept. 3, 1909	Tighe, Thomas, Jr.	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4046	Sept. 3, 1909	Joyce, Martin	Pittsburg	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4047	Sept. 3, 1909	Cinquepalini, Frank	Italy	13	"	"	"	"	"	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4048	Sept. 3, 1909	O'Brien, Cornelius	Brooklyn	14	Brooklyn	"	"	"	"	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4052	Sept. 4, 1909	Bauer, John	New York	12	New York	"	"	"	"	None	Both	Both	"	"	.....	.....	.....

LIST OF BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909—*Concluded*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A4054	Sept. 7, 1909	Cusick, William	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A4065	Sept. 8, 1909	Smith, Edward	New York	11	New York	"	"	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A4066	Sept. 8, 1909	Smith, Raymond	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A4072	Sept. 9, 1909	Jasinsky, Arthur	"	8	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4074	Sept. 9, 1909	Artese, Savario	Brooklyn	10	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4077	Sept. 10, 1909	Reilly, Arthur	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4078	Sept. 10, 1909	Crowley, Daniel	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4081	Sept. 11, 1909	Hill, Charles	"	13	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4082	Sept. 13, 1909	Gallo, Archille	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4084	Sept. 13, 1909	Gravebeck, Michael	England	11	Unknown	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4089	Sept. 15, 1909	Firoletto, Joseph	Italy	13	New York	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40283	Sept. 15, 1909	Horn, Arthur	New York	7	"	"	"	None	"	Mother	Mother	Trans. F. D.	"	....	....	.....
36231	Sept. 15, 1909	Emmirs, Angelo	"	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35038	Sept. 15, 1909	Finn, Patrick	"	5	"	"	"	"	"	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
35039	Sept. 15, 1909	Finn, George	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
37483	Sept. 15, 1909	Fagan, Osborn	"	7	"	"	"	"	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34145	Sept. 15, 1909	Murray, Timothy	"	3	"	"	"	"	None	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
34838	Sept. 15, 1909	Morris, Vincent	"	5	"	"	"	"	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34133	Sept. 15, 1909	Ruffeo, Joseph	N. Orleans	3	"	"	"	"	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36743	Sept. 15, 1909	Smith, Ernest	New York	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4092	Sept. 16, 1909	Bartels, George	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4093	Sept. 16, 1909	Downing, Justin	"	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4094	Sept. 16, 1909	Fisher, Henry	Baltimore	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4095	Sept. 17, 1909	Biot, John	Brooklyn	9	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4098	Sept. 17, 1909	Lamont, Peter	New York	15	New York	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4099	Sept. 17, 1909	Gleason, Daniel	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4100	Sept 17, 1909	McDonald, Vincent	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4101	Sept. 17, 1909	Castaldo, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4102	Sept. 17, 1909	Schlyer, Frederick	"	14	Homeless	"	"	" "	Fair	Unk'n	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4104	Sept. 18, 1909	Good, John	"	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4106	Sept. 18, 1909	Hannon, John	"	15	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	Good	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4108	Sept. 18, 1909	Kane, Thomas	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4107	Sept. 18, 1909	Frizzil, Harry	"	8	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4111	Sept. 20, 1909	O'Leary, Jerome	New York	10	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4112	Sept. 20, 1909	Lee, Joseph	"	12	"	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4113	Sept. 20, 1909	Numerick, William	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

A4114	Sept. 20, 1909	Morse, Harry	Brooklyn	12	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A4118	Sept. 20, 1909	D'Ambrosio, Giov.	Staten Is.	10	"	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4123	Sept. 21, 1909	Costello, Charles	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4124	Sept. 22, 1909	Slattery, Daniel	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4125	Sept. 22, 1909	Daly, Daniel	"	8	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A4129	Sept. 22, 1909	Hiesi, John	"	10	Brooklyn	"	Diff.	" "	Fair	Both	"		"	....	....	.....
A4131	Sept. 22, 1909	Tusco, Meridno	Brooklyn	10	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4130	Sept. 22, 1909	Hiesi, Gustave	New York	8	"	"	Diff.	" "	Poor	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A4132	Sept. 24, 1909	Cesario, Frank	"	15	New York	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4133	Sept. 24, 1909	Reddington, Edward	Brooklyn	13	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4134	Sept. 24, 1909	Burke, Harry	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4135	Sept. 24, 1909	Smith, Charles	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4136	Sept. 25, 1909	Losento, Michael	New York	9	New York	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4137	Sept. 25, 1909	Molica, Carmello	Italy	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4138	Sept. 28, 1909	Percio, Nicholas	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4139	Sept. 29, 1909	Trangredi, Tomaso	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4140	Sept. 29, 1909	Balestrino, Felicia	Brooklyn	11	Brooklyn	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4141	Sept. 30, 1909	Furzland, Frederick	New York	13	New York	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....		"	....	....	.....
36499	Sept. 24, 1909	Barisford, William	"	5	"	"	"	None.....	None	Father	.....	Trans. F. D.	"	....	....	.....

LIST OF BOYS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, OCTOBER 1ST, 1908

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
	Aug. 13, 1907	Angelo, Carmine	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	Good	Cath.	None	None	Father		Committed				On Trial
	Sept. 5, 1907	Angelo, Frank	Tuckahoe	12	Tuckahoe	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Both		"				"
	March 4, 1908	Aversano, Ralph	P. Chester	11	P. Chester	"	"	" "	Poor	"		"				
	June 23, 1908	Altillio, Georgio	Italy	15	N. Roch'le	"	"	None	None	Father		"	"			
	Aug. 6, 1903	Banks, Richard	Yonkers	14	Yonkers	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both		"				
	May 13, 1908	Brononino, Nicholas	Italy	15	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	"	"		"				On Trial
	Sept. 11, 1908	Borletto, Guerino	New York	13	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	None	"		"	"			
	Sept. 11, 1908	Borletto, Antonio	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"		"	"			
	Oct. 23, 1903	Cineotto, James	Irvington	10	D. Ferry	"	"	" "	Good	"		"				
	Nov. 23, 1907	Chmarazzi, John	New York	13	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	Fair	"		"				On Trial
	Dec. 12, 1907	Crimley, Andrew	E. Chester	8	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"		"	"			
	March 23, 1908	Cestonio, Vito	Italy	11	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	Good	"		"				On Trial
	June 3, 1903	Carroll, Harry	Mamar'ck	12	W. Plains	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother		"				
	Dec. 21, 1903	Donohue, Joseph	Conn.	13	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	None	None	Father		"				"
	Nov. 18, 1907	Deane, Thomas	Tarrytown	13	W. Plains	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both		"				"
	Nov. 23, 1907	Dato, Bertino	Mt. Vern'n	11	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	Poor	"		"				"
	Nov. 23, 1907	Dato, Careno	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"		"				"
	Jan. 13, 1908	Defino, Frank	Italy	10	P. Chester	"	"	" "	None	"		"				"
	Jan. 13, 1908	Defino, Matthew	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"		"				"
	March 28, 1908	Devaney, Augustine	Yonkers	15	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Fair	"		"				"
	Jan. 23, 1908	Farley, John	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"		"	"			
	Feb. 6, 1907	Gallo, Geromo	Italy	11	N. Roch'le	"	"	None	None	Mother		"	"			
	Feb. 6, 1907	Gallo, Alfonso	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	"		"				
	Aug. 13, 1907	Glennon, Frank	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Neither		"				On Trial
	Sept. 28, 1903	George, Tony	Conn.	9	Harrison	"	"	None	None	Both		"	"			"
	Sept. 30, 1904	Hyland, Henry	N. Roch'le	14	N. Roch'le	"	"	"	"	"		"				
	Oct. 3, 1905	Hutchinson, August	U. S.	12	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"		"				On Trial
	Sept. 19, 1907	Hughes, Charles	P. Chester	11	P. Chester	"	"	" "	Poor	"		"	"			
	Sept. 21, 1908	Harschel, Frank	New York	15	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Fair	"		"				On Trial
	July 2, 1903	Jonak, William	"	13	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	Good	Mother		"				"
	Nov. 20, 1906	Jones, William	Mt. Vern'n	11	Mt. Vern'n	"	Meth.	" "	None	Both		"	"			
	June 13, 1907	Katche, John	Haverst'w	15	Yonkers	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	Mother		"		"		
	Oct. 24, 1907	Karl, Frank	N. Haven	14	N. Haven	"	"	" "	Good	Both		"				
	Feb. 27, 1908	Kachman, George	Yonkers	11	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Fair	"		"				
	Feb. 27, 1906	Loney, John	Mt. Vern'n	12	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	Good	"		"				On Trial
	Feb. 27, 1906	Loney, Edward	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"		"				"

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Nov. 18, 1907	Leone, John	W. Plains	14	W. Plains	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	.....	.....	On Trial
May 2, 1903	Landis, William	New York	14	Mamar'ck	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	"
June 3, 1903	Lowry, John	"	13	Conn.	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
July 2, 1906	Margutti, Charles	Italy	14	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Oct. 1, 1907	Margarita, Matthew	"	10	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
Nov. 2, 1907	Moriarty, James	Rye	15	Rye	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
Nov. 14, 1907	Madonna, Ant.	Italy	15	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
May 12, 1908	Marchionni, Guis.	"	13	Yonkers	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
May 25, 1905	McCarthy, John	New York	10	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
Jan. 30, 1907	Nelson, John	N. Roch'le	10	"	"	"	" "	"	Neither	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
May 17, 1904	Plusky, Michael	N. Jersey	9	Yonkers	"	"	Letters	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
Nov. 1, 1907	Paldino, George	New York	10	W. Plains	"	"	Reads and writes	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Nov. 1, 1907	Paldino, James	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
May 20, 1908	Panko, John	Yonkers	11	Yonkers	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
May 21, 1908	Porteous, Joseph	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
May 30, 1908	Petritte, John	Italy	14	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
Sept. 19, 1907	Robinson, Alonzo	N. Jersey	15	Mt.Vern'n	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
Nov. 4, 1907	Russi, Michael	Italy	15	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
May 4, 1908	Rozie, Louis	P. Chester	14	P. Chester	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
May 25, 1908	Reilly, Thomas	New York	10	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	Poor	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
May 29, 1908	Rohrer, Joseph	Germany	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
June 20, 1903	Roche, James	New York	8	Yonkers	"	"	None	None	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
Aug. 18, 1903	Reid, James	Mamar'ck	11	N. Roch'le	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
Aug. 18, 1908	Reid, Leo	Brooklyn	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Aug. 25, 1908	Rodriguez, Thomas	Mamar'ck	8	Mamar'ck	"	"	None	None	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Sept. 17, 1903	Simpson, Joseph	Yonkers	11	Yonkers	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Sept. 17, 1906	Simpson, James	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Oct. 1, 1907	Semenza, John	Italy	11	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
Oct. 1, 1907	Semenza, Tony	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
Jan. 23, 1908	Sanko, Michael	Yonkers	2	Yonkers	"	"	None	None	"	.....	Transferred	"	.....	.....
March 30, 1908	Stofford, Bernard	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....
April 29, 1908	Sanders, William	New York	14	New York	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
May 20, 1908	Saliski, John	Yonkers	12	Yonkers	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
June 27, 1908	Simpson, Charles	P. Chester	12	Newburg	"	Prot.	" "	None	Neither	.....	"	"	.....	.....
Sept. 30, 1908	Sickles, Randolph	W. Plains	5	W. Plains	"	Cath.	None	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
Nov. 18, 1907	Tobin, Bernard	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
Aug. 3, 1908	Treverow, Sylvester	N. Jersey	11	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Fair	"	Both	"	"	.....	.....
Feb. 19, 1907	Wylong, Frank	Yonkers	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	On Trial
July 25, 1908	Walsh, Joseph	New York	9	"	"	"	None	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....

BOYS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER CO., FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health When Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
WESTCHESTER COUNTY.	Oct. 3, 1908	Frost, John	New York	10	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Poor	Both	.....	Committed	...	....	....	On Trial
	Oct. 9, 1908	Mallon, Edward	Yonkers	12	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Oct. 13, 1908	Harrilchack, William	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	...	...	....	On Trial
	Oct. 14, 1908	Ferraro, Joseph	N. Roch'le	9	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	None	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Oct. 21, 1908	Coughlin, Henry	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	On Trial
	Oct. 21, 1908	Devaney, Aloysius	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Poor	"	.....	"	...	...	....	.....
	Oct. 29, 1908	Gugliemo, Guiseppe	P. Chester	10	P. Chester	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	On Trial
	Oct. 30, 1908	Sabol, Eddie	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	...	...	....	.....
	Oct. 31, 1908	Millir, Albert	N. Roch'le	12	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
	Nov. 17, 1908	Ambragonio, Dom.	Mt. Vern'n	13	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
	Nov. 18, 1908	Brown, George W.	S. Centre	12	S. Centre	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	...	....	"
	Dec. 3, 1908	Dougherty, John	Yonkers	14	Yonkers	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	Father	"	...	...	....	"
	Dec. 11, 1908	Dray, Martin	Unknown	15	Homeless	"	"	" "	"	Unk'n	.....	"	...	...	....	.....
	Dec. 29, 1908	Raymond, Mike	Italy	13	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Jan. 5, 1909	Simenzo, Charles	New York	13	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Jan. 7, 1909	Resseto, Miltro	P. Chester	13	P. Chester	"	"	" "	None	"	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
	Jan. 9, 1909	Travis, William	Mamar'ck	13	"	"	Prot.	" "	"	"	.....	"	...	...	....	"
	Jan. 9, 1909	Walsh, John	Ossining	14	Yonkers	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Jan. 15, 1909	Slink, Patrick	Yonkers	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Jan. 15, 1909	Elyos, Michael	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Feb. 4, 1909	Lozarako, John	Brooklyn	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Feb. 8, 1909	Donfrio, Charles	N. Roch'le	10	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Feb. 9, 1909	Smith, Lawrence	New York	15	Clemsford	"	"	" "	Good	Unk'n	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	Feb. 18, 1909	Collins, William	"	12	Yonkers	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	March 5, 1909	Moschini, John	N. Roch'le	13	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	March 11, 1909	Neuhs, Joseph	Yonkers	11	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	March 13, 1909	Roche, Edward	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	March 14, 1909	Murray, John W.	P. Chester	14	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	March 17, 1909	Dillon, Frank	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	March 17, 1909	Petrizzo, Joseph	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	....	...	....	On Trial
	March 17, 1909	Guzzie, Michael	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	...	....	"
	March 20, 1909	Banks, John	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	...	...	....	.....
	March 29, 1909	King, John	W. Chester	8	Mamar'ck	"	Diff.	None	None	Father	.....	"	"	...	....	.....
	April 1, 1909	Green, Frank	Albany	12	Yonkers	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	"	...	...	....	On Trial
	April 5, 1909	Howard, Louis	Yonkers	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	...	...	....	.....
	April 5, 1909	Hopko, John	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	....	.....

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

April 7, 1909	Wray, Charles	N. Roch'le	9	Mamar'ck	Good	Cath.	None	None	Both	Mother	Committed	"	....	....	.....
April 12, 1909	Caggiana, Joseph	New York	15	New York	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
April 27, 1909	McCarren, Joseph	"	15	Peekskill	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
May 10, 1909	Kalhorn, Theodore	Brooklyn	13	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Good	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
May 15, 1909	Nargy, Isidore	Yonkers	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
May 15, 1909	Slota, Samuel	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
May 16, 1909	Fitzpatrick, Wm.	N. Roch'le	3	N. Roch'le	"	"	None	None	"	"	Trans. F. D.	....	.....	.....	On Trial
May 16, 1909	Connolly, Joseph	Fishkill	11	Yonkers	"	"	Reads and writes	Poor	"	"	Committed	"	....	....	.....
June 16, 1909	Beerick, Julius	Peekskill	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
June 16, 1909	Devany, Augustine	Yonkers	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
June 19, 1909	Raimondi, Joseph	Mt.Vern'n	8	Mt.Vern'n	"	"	None	None	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
June 24, 1909	Fitzgerald, Donald	Yonkers	15	Yonkers	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
June 30, 1909	Greig, James	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
June 30, 1909	Gough, George	New York	12	Mamar'ck	"	Prot.	" "	None	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
July 2, 1909	Coughlin, Henry	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
July 2, 1909	McGrogan, Peter	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
July 10, 1909	Frank, Louis	New York	15	P. Chester	"	Prot.	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	Transferred
July 15, 1909	Bove, Tony	Yonkers	11	Yonkers	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
July 20, 1909	Dolyak, George	Hungary	9	"	"	"	" "	Poor	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
July 29, 1909	Carey, James	Yonkers	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
Aug. 6, 1909	Passedo, Tony	Mt.Vern'n	13	Mt.Vern'n	"	"	" "	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Aug. 17, 1909	Durney, Thomas	Riverdale	14	Yonkers	"	"	" "	Fair	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Aug. 18, 1909	McDonald, Aug.	New York	15	P. Jervis	"	"	None	None	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Aug. 21, 1909	Dall, Harry	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	Diff.	Reads and writes	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Aug. 23, 1909	Casaro, Salvatore	New York	13	Homeless	"	Cath.	" "	Poor	Neither	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Aug. 23, 1909	Milholsky, George	Yonkers	10	Yonkers	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Sept. 15, 1909	Prudhumme, Eug.	Mt.Vern'n	8	Homeless	"	"	None	None	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Sept. 20, 1909	Guerra, Salvatore	Italy	12	Mt.Vern'n	"	"	Reads and writes	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Sept. 27, 1909	Van Scoy, Arthur	Yonkers	13	Yonkers	"	"	None	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

Lincoln Agricultural School. Cow Barn.

LIST OF GIRLS

LIST OF GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
39150	March 23, 1903	Alligier, Nellie	New York	7	New York	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Both	.....	Committed.	....	....	....	On Trial
39353	April 24, 1906	Allen, Mary	N.Carolina	12	"	"	Prot.	Reads and writes	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1333	Sept. 14, 1907	Altman, Bertha	New York	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	Father	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A1334	Sept. 14, 1907	Altman, Mabel	"	9	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A2318	May 26, 1908	Aruce, Maria	"	15	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2386	June 5, 1908	Agliata, Mary	Italy	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	On Trial
36720	Oct. 5, 1904	Byrnes, Christina	New York	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38226	Oct. 9, 1905	Baretta, Louisa	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39128	March 21, 1906	Bryan, Loretta	"	11	"	"	cm pf	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	Father	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40255	Oct. 1, 1906	Baus, Irene	"	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
40679	Dec. 10, 1906	Beatty, Pearly	Florida	14	"	"	Prot.	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1722	Dec. 21, 1907	Brown, Margaret	New York	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35957	May 14, 1904	Conroy, Ellen	Nebraska	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38235	April 22, 1904	Cronin, Kate	New York	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	"	....	On Trial
40240	Sept. 28, 1906	Condon, Florence	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40313	Oct. 10, 1906	Clubb, Mamie	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40477	Nov. 1, 1906	Cooper, Henrietta	"	10	"	"	Prot.	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1046	June 11, 1907	Connolly, Mary	"	7	"	"	Cath.	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1072	June 14, 1907	Clifford, May	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Father	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A1217	July 16, 1907	Coyle, Margaret	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	"	"	"	....	....	.....
38017	Aug. 14, 1905	Dunn, Susie	England	13	"	"	Prot.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
40158	Sept. 8, 1906	Donardi, Jennie	New York	9	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
40298	Oct. 8, 1906	Dillon, Margaret	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A524	March 22, 1907	Deitch, Elsie	Sweden	11	"	"	Heb.	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A873	May 24, 1907	Donargo, Anna	New York	11	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1101	June 19, 1907	Dreizler, Kate	"	14	"	"	cm pf	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	....	"	....	On Trial
A2258	May 15, 1908	De Groat, Lillian	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2517	July 17, 1908	Di Gregori, Clelia	Italy	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40352	Oct. 16, 1906	Eagan, Margaret	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	On Trial
A2139	April 20, 1908	Errico, Annie	N. Jersey	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1336	Sept. 14, 1907	Fitzpatrick, Mary	New York	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	Father	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A190	Feb. 4, 1907	Gilligan, Annie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2442	June 23, 1908	Girande, Theresa	Italy	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
32673	Aug. 29, 1901	Heitz, Isabella	New York	8	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A447	Mar. 20, 1907	Hughes, Mary	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A1084	June 17, 1907	Hedden, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

A1085	June 17, 1907	Hedden, Sarah	New York	11	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	...	....	....	On Trial
A1651	Nov. 23, 1907	Hall, Loretta	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
39932	July 25, 1903	Jones, Alice	Maryland	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38492	Nov. 29, 1905	Lutz, Carrie	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38677	Jan. 5, 1903	Liberman, Blanche	"	12	"	"	Heb.	" "	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
38821	Jan. 29, 1906	Lynch, Irene	"	13	"	"	cf pm	" "	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A488	March 23, 1907	McCabe, Nellie	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	"	....	.....
A1100	June 19, 1907	McAvoy, Mary	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1122	June 22, 1907	McDonald, Lillie	"	15	"	"	cf pm	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1191	May 22, 1907	McKeon, Tessie	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1239	August 7, 1907	McCarthy, Josephine	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1357	Sept. 21, 1907	McGerrity, Annie	"	8	"	"	"	.....	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33284	June 30, 1904	Murphy, Kate	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
37888	July 15, 1905	Murphy, Lucy	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39320	June 23, 1906	Metcalf, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A134	Jan. 25, 1907	Mercaldo, Florence	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A505	March 27, 1907	Murphy, Mary	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A580	April 6, 1907	Meehan, Mary	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2402	June 11, 1908	Madden, Nellie	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
32622	August 14, 1901	Naughten, Alice	"	6	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1045	June 11, 1907	Noulmark, Annie	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37589	May 31, 1905	O'Brien, Mamie	"	11	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39225	April 7, 1906	Phayre, Mary	"	10	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39226	April 7, 1906	Phayre, Esther	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1221	July 31, 1907	Petrano, Antonette	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37741	June 16, 1905	Reid, Margaret	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39125	March 21, 1906	Radigan, Cecilia	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A331	March 5, 1907	Roche, Josephine	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A1713	Dec. 26, 1907	Raccuglia, Francesca	Italy	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	Father	"	....	....	....	.....
39224	April 7, 1906	Scanlon, Mary	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
40173	Sept. 13, 1906	Swinton, Bertha	S. Carolina	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
A601	April 13, 1907	Sullivan, Lulu	New York	12	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A602	April 13, 1907	Sullivan, Josephine	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1352	Sept. 20, 1907	Sinnott, Catherine	"	17	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A403	March 5, 1907	Sweeney, Helen	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2558	July 28, 1908	Sprince, Julia	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39352	April 24, 1906	Tiller, Estella	Rhode Is.	12	"	"	Prot.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1123	June 24, 1907	Van Vechten, Beat.	New York	12	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1124	June 24, 1907	Van Vechten, Grace	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35091	July 13, 1905	Wyber, Kate	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38831	Jan. 25, 1906	Wilson, May	"	11	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1511	Oct. 27, 1907	Winters, Ruth	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A662	April 20, 1907	Young, Sarah	"	11	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A34	Jan. 9, 1907	Zuck, Sophie	"	12	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
28050	March 22, 1898	Bianco, Rosino	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
29117	Jan. 26, 1899	Becker, Mary	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
30444	March 16, 1900	Bronk, Fannie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
32772	Sept. 24, 1901	Bingler, Ada	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
								.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

LIST OF GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
35250	Sept. 8, 1903	Burke, Maggie	New York	10	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Both	Father	Committed	...	....	....	On Trial
35251	Sept. 8, 1903	Burke, Eva	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
35252	Sept. 8, 1903	Burke, Emma	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
35713	March 24, 1904	Beresford, Lillie	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	"	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35938	May 12, 1904	Becker, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	....	....	....	"
37938	August 7, 1905	Bridget, Emma	"	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39906	June 18, 1906	Bitschin, Josephine	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39907	June 18, 1906	Bitschin, Anna	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40485	Nov. 2, 1906	Breslin, Florence	"	9	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
33316	Feb. 3, 1902	Cesare, Graziella	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
34171	August 20, 1902	Convery, Maggie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35138	July 28, 1903	Canapa, Lena	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35139	July 28, 1903	Canapa, Tina	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36276	July 9, 1904	Carolan, Kate	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
36277	July 9, 1904	Carolan, Margaret	"	6	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
36278	July 9, 1904	Carolan, Mary	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
36683	Nov. 7, 1904	Cash, Kate	"	9	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36684	Nov. 7, 1904	Cash, Mamie	"	7	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38001	August 11, 1905	Comperoke, Angelina	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
39440	April 27, 1906	Cummings, Annie	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39737	June 12, 1906	Cooper, Elizabeth	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A860	May 1, 1907	Collins, Loretta	"	11	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1225	August 1, 1907	Cox, Mary	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
A1222	August 1, 1907	Cox, Kate	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1344	Sept. 20, 1907	Capitani, Lucy	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
32662	August 26, 1901	Donovan, Margaret	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
32663	August 26, 1901	Donovan, Mamie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33351	Feb. 19, 1902	Dwyer, Mary	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	....	"	....	.....
34537	Feb. 28, 1903	Donnelly, Jennie	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
37198	April 5, 1905	Duke, Annie	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37199	April 5, 1905	Duke, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37998	August 10, 1905	Depew, Emma	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	Died
39138	April 2, 1906	Downey, Caroline	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1161	July 3, 1907	Dooley, Helen	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1165	July 3, 1907	Dooley, Grace	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1167	July 3, 1907	Dooley, Jane	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

31012	Aug. 3, 1900	Eckerman, Elsie	New York	4	New York	Good	"			Father		Committed						On Trial
36260	July 5. 1904	Emmirs, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	Letters				"						"
35067	July 8, 1903	Finn, Emma	"	6	"	"	"	"		Both	Both	"						
37482	May 17, 1905	Fagan, Mary	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair			"						
37483	May 17, 1905	Fagan, Helen	"	6	"	"	"	Letters				"						
A1019	June 7, 1907	Fay, Mary	"	4	"	"	"			Both	Mother	"						
28376	May 28, 1898	Gilman, Mary	"	4	"	"	"			Mother		"						
31387	Oct. 31, 1900	Gillen, Charlotte	"	3	"	"	"			Father		"						
33845	June 13, 1902	Gilmore, Jennie	"	6	"	"	"			"		"						
38061	Aug. 31, 1905	Gilfeather, Annie	"	3	"	"	"			Mother		"						
38105	Sept. 16, 1905	Gorven, Helen	"	7	"	"	"	Letters		"		"						On Trial
38662	Jan. 2, 1906	Green, Agnes	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Both		"						
40031	Aug. 11, 1906	Gilbrick, Elsie	"	9	"	"	Prot.	Letters		"		"						On Trial
40068	Aug. 16, 1906	Gerber, Ida	"	10	"	"	Cath.			"	Father	"						
A870	May 23, 1907	Gevers, Sadie	"	8	"	"	"			Father		"						
A859	May 17, 1907	Gaffney, Nellie	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes				"						On Trial
29603	June 23, 1899	Hyland, Mary	"	5	"	"	"					"						
31395	Oct. 31, 1900	Holland, Kate	"	7	"	"	"	Letters				"						On Trial
31781	Feb. 14, 1901	Hallahan, Agnes	"	7	"	"	"	"				"						"
31791	Feb. 14, 1901	Hammond, Annie	"	4	"	"	"					"						
34206	Aug. 27, 1902	Hennessy, Agnes	"	8	"	"	"	Letters		Father		"						
34230	Sept. 4, 1902	Hansan, Kate	"	9	"	"	"	"		Mother		"						
34231	Sept. 4, 1902	Hansan, Frances	"	7	"	"	"			"		"						
34232	Sept. 4, 1902	Hansan, Martha	"	4	"	"	"					"						
35621	Feb. 26, 1904	Houlihan, Kate	"	8	"	"	"	Letters				"						
37295	April 27, 1905	Heyden, Margaret	"	9	"	"	"			Both		"						On Trial
39377	April 27, 1906	Hanna, Margaret	"	4	"	"	"			Mother		"						
39924	July 13, 1906	Healy, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Father		"						
39925	July 13, 1906	Healy, Annie	"	9	"	"	"	" "				"						
A402	March 15, 1907	Hughes, Margaret	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both		"						
A406	March 15, 1907	Hughes, Alice	"		"	"	"			"		"						
A732	April 27, 1907	Helmstead, Amelia	"	5	"	"	pm cf			"		"						
A1171	Jan. 11, 1908	Harrigan, Annie	"	5	"	"	Cath.					"						
A1939	March 16, 1908	Hogan, Alice	"	2	"	"	"	Letters		Mother		"						On Trial
A1970	March 16, 1908	Hogan, Annie	"	7	"	"	"			"		"						"
28978	Dec. 9, 1898	Jennings, Kate	"	4	"	"	"					"						
30753	May 19, 1900	Judge, Kate	"	2	"	"	"					"						
37955	Aug. 4, 1905	Jennings, Bridget	"	5	"	"	"					"						
29856	Sept. 7, 1899	Kingsley, Anna	"	6	"	"	"					"						
30697	May 9, 1900	Kirkwood, Jennie	"	4	"	"	"			Father		"						
31168	Sept. 14, 1900	Kilweather, Tessie	"	4	"	"	"			Mother		"						
31950	March 16, 1901	Keenan, Mamie	"	4	"	"	"			"		"						
35042	July 1, 1903	Kinzig, Lena	"	5	"	"	"					"						
40406	Oct. 24, 1906	Kennedy, Bessie	"	5	"	"	"			Mother		"						
40408	Oct. 24, 1906	Kennedy, Helen	"	9	"	"	"			Both		"						
28847	Oct. 17, 1898	Lynch, Ella	"	3	"	"	"			"		"						
33070	Aug. 23, 1898	Lynch, Loretta	"	3	"	"	"					"						
33935	July 3, 1902	Logan, Agnes	"	2	"	"	"			Mother		"						
				6						Both								On Trial

LIST OF GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
33936	July 3, 1902	Logan, Elizabeth	New York	4	New York	Good	Cath.	....	.....	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
33937	July 3, 1902	Logan, Jennie	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39608	May 24, 1906	Lee, Helen	"	9	"	"	cm pf	Reads and writes	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1350	Sept. 20, 1907	Larkin, Tessie	"	6	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
A1349	Sept. 20, 1907	Larkin, Geraldine	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
34004	July 19, 1902	McCormick, Mamie	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34906	May 27, 1903	McMorrow, Margaret	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37553	May 27, 1905	McCarthy, Mary	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37555	May 27, 1905	McCarthy, Elizabeth	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39851	June 28, 1906	McCarthy, Mary	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39852	June 28, 1906	McCarthy, Fannie	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39853	June 28, 1906	McCarthy, Annie	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40256	Oct. 1, 1906	McCollum, Mary	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
40257	Oct. 1, 1906	McCollum, Eleanor	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40258	Oct. 1, 1906	McCollum, Annette	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40259	Oct. 1, 1906	McCollum, Helen	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
30135	Nov. 28, 1899	Martin, Mary	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
30330	Feb. 8, 1900	Martin, Grace	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33017	Nov. 12, 1901	Murphy, Kate	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
34049	July 24, 1902	Mitchell, Annie	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39008	Feb. 27, 1906	Muldoon, Mary	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39009	Feb. 27, 1906	Muldoon, Rose	"	7	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39222	April 7, 1906	Morrissey, Tillie	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39223	April 7, 1906	Morrissey, Kate	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40093	Aug. 21, 1906	Morone, Micheline	Italy	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40094	Aug. 21, 1906	Morone, Susie	New York	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1345	Sept. 20, 1907	Meyers, Emily	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1339	Sept. 18, 1907	Maher, Annie	"	11	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40396	Aug. 22, 1906	Mahon, Annie	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
32493	July 11, 1901	O'Brien, Mamie	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33105	Dec. 12, 1901	O'Leary, Maggie	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35986	May 17, 1904	O'Hanlon, Elizabeth	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37209	April 7, 1905	O'Neill, Annie	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37628	June 3, 1905	O'Neill, Mary	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40186	Sept. 14, 1906	O'Leary, Jennie	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40317	Oct. 11, 1906	O'Mara, Mary	"	9	"	"	"	Letters.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

40430	Oct. 25, 1903	O'Brien, Tessie	New York	6	New York	Good	Cath.					Committed				On Trial
30341	Feb. 10, 1900	Paululi, Filomena	"	6	"	"	"	Letters				"	"			
32527	July 19, 1901	Powers, Eva	"	7	"	"	"	"		Father		"				On Trial
32528	July 19, 1901	Powers, Kate	"	3	"	"	"			"		"				"
33278	Jan. 26, 1902	Palmer, Carrie	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
33473	March 20, 1902	Poluskes, Rose	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes				"				On Trial
33833	June 12, 1902	Philips, Lillie	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"				"
38501	Dec. 1, 1905	Pochap, Hilda	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Father		"	"			
39228	April 7, 1906	Phayre, Annie	"	4	"	"	"			Both		"	"			
39927	July 14, 1906	Price, Margaret	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"				On Trial
39928	July 14, 1906	Price, Mary	"	9	"	"	"			"		"	"			
39929	July 14, 1906	Price, Kate	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"			
40134	Oct. 10, 1906	Puettman, Valeria	"	7	"	"	"	Letters		"		"	"			
40135	Oct. 10, 1906	Puettman, Aggie	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
28177	May 3, 1898	Rosati, Rosa	"	3	"	"	"					"				
28756	Sept. 26, 1898	Rosati, Guylia	"	2	"	"	"					"				On Trial
34025	July 22, 1902	Reynolds, Sarah	"	6	"	"	"	Letters				"	"			"
40046	Aug. 12, 1906	Russo, Mary	"	7	"	"	"	"		Mother		"	"			
A883	May 18, 1907	Roberts, Annie	"	8	"	"	"	"		"		"	"			
29072	June 16, 1899	Seavor, Kate	"	5	"	"	"					"				
33583	April 14, 1902	Sheehan, Bridget	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Mother		"				On Trial
34412	Nov. 24, 1902	Shuber, Annie	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			"
34916	May 28, 1903	Seuska, Mary	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Father		"				
37004	Feb. 23, 1905	Sheehan, Agnes	"	4	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			On Trial
39271	April 13, 1906	Schenck, Kate	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Both		"	"			
39272	April 13, 1906	Schenck, Josephine	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"			
39273	April 13, 1906	Schenck, Margaret	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
40215	Sept. 24, 1906	Silverneil, Mamie	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"	"			
40216	Sept. 24, 1906	Silverneil, Jessie	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"		"	"			
40516	Nov. 12, 1906	Silverneil, Florence	"	7	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A861	May 18, 1907	Schafer, Ursula	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair			"				Tr. to Hos.
A862	May 18, 1907	Schafer, Gertrude	"	10	"	"	"	"	"			"	"			
33576	April 15, 1902	Townsend, Margaret	"	7	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
33579	April 15, 1902	Townsend, Julia	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			
33580	April 15, 1902	Townsend, Emma	"	2	"	"	"			"		"	"			
33742	May 24, 1902	Verlotto, Kate	"	2	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
33772	May 31, 1902	Verlotto, Annie	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"		"		
39281	April 14, 1906	Van Saan, Edna	"	8	"	"	"			Both		"	"			
39283	April 14, 1906	Van Saan, Stella	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A472	March 24, 1907	Vincenziana, Tessie	Italy	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"	"			
28077	March 31, 1898	Walsh, Lizzie	New York	2	"	"	"					"	"			
37245	April 15, 1905	Warner, Annie	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Mother		"		"		
40377	Oct. 19, 1906	Winters, Mary	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	Both	Father	"	"			
40378	Oct. 19, 1906	Winters, Maggie	"	8	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
40379	Oct. 19, 1906	Winters, Kate	"	3	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
A628	April 16, 1907	Wishnovsky, Mary	Poland	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"	"			
29833	Sept. 7, 1899	Young, Henrietta	New York	4	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
33922	July 1, 1902	Yoric, Madeline	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Father		"		"		

LIST OF GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A35	Jan. 9, 1907	Zuck, Annie	New York	4	New York	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Mother	.....	Committed	"	...	....	.....
A1971	March 16, 1908	Vetrano, Maria	Italy	10	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	...	...	....	On Trial

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN

35114	July 18, 1903	McFadden, Effie	New York	8	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
36469	Sept. 12, 1904	Wall, Kate	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36802	Dec. 28, 1904	Reilly, Loretta	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
36842	Jan. 12, 1905	Carr, Annie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
38360	May 6, 1905	Doyle, Annie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
38227	Oct. 9 1905	O'Neill, Rose	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
38252	Oct. 12, 1905	Fitzpatrick, Alice	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38350	Dec. 28, 1906	McDonald, Genevieve	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
38809	Jan. 24, 1906	Ederle, Barbara	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39158	May 27, 1906	Flynn, Catherine	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	... .	"	....	....	....	"
39172	May 29, 1906	McGrath, Mary	"	14	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39212	April 5, 1906	Brown, Irene	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39213	April 5, 1906	Lewis, Mary	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39383	April 27, 1906	Petrella, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39957	July 19, 1906	Lescher, Louise	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39986	July 27, 1906	McInerney, Emma	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40057	Aug. 14, 1906	Malloy, or Mulroy, B.	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40103	Aug. 23, 1906	Viti, or Stafford, M.	Minnesota	14	"	"	Prot.	" "	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40138	Sept. 1, 1906	Banger, Tillie	Brooklyn	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
40209	Sept. 15, 1906	Nelson, Adelaide	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	... ...	"	"	....	....	.....
40270	Oct. 4, 1906	Attanessa, Rose	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40344	Oct. 15, 1906	Conroy, Kate	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40592	Nov. 24, 1906	Henry, Agnes	"	15	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40604	Nov. 27, 1906	Alexander, Sarah	"	15	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40775	Dec. 26, 1906	Levine, Annie	"	12	"	"	Heb.	" "	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A65	Jan. 24, 1907	Whitehead, Annie	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A124	Jan. 24, 1907	McGarry, Mary	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A179	Feb. 1, 1907	Carpenter, Margaret	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

A222	Feb. 11, 1907	Shildhorn, Bertha	Penn.	14	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A253	Feb. 20, 1907	White, Margaret	Brooklyn	13	"	"	cm pf	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
A285	Feb. 26, 1907	Hoolhan, Mary	"	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A293	Feb. 27, 1907	Sheridan, Mary	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A459	March 20, 1907	Rogers, Rose	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A501	March 25, 1907	McGurk, Henrietta	"	9	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A630	April 16, 1907	Cuff, Elizabeth	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A665	April 22, 1907	Lefkowitz, Lena	"	13	"	"	Heb.	" "	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1015	June 7, 1907	Goldstein, Rose	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1083	June 17, 1907	Immel, Tillie	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1169	July 3, 1907	Clancy, Mary	India	15	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A1216	July 15, 1907	Leverin, Lillie	Brooklyn	10	"	"	pf cm	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1228	August 1, 1907	Moore, Ruth	"	15	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A1247	August 10, 1907	O'Hara, Mary	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A1315	Sept. 10, 1907	Summers, Annie	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1330	Sept. 13, 1907	Burnett, Harriett	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A1384	Sept. 24, 1907	Weeks, Josephine	"	15	"	"	cm pf	" "	Fair	Father	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A1549	Nov. 8, 1907	Oestricher, Lucie	"	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
A1732	Dec. 26, 1907	Donlin, Jennie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	"	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2010	March 20, 1908	Sweeney, Catherine	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2028	March 23, 1908	Flynn, Maggie	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2209	May 8, 1908	Ahearn, Nora	"	14	"	"	cm pf	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2208	May 8, 1908	Tizecrakowski, H.	Poland	13	"	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2293	May 21, 1908	Fisher, Gussie	Brooklyn	11	"	"	Heb.	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2307	May 22, 1908	Fiorillo, Angelina	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2388	June 5, 1908	Kohme, Katie	"	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2383	June 5, 1908	Cunningham, Rose	"	14	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2398	June 9, 1908	Tizcrakowski, Sadie	"	12	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2429	June 19, 1908	Kennedy, Charlotte	"	14	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2430	June 19, 1908	Ambrosini, Catherine	Italy	13	Brooklyn	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2492	July 11, 1908	Muzzie, Annie	Brooklyn	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2525	July 21, 1908	Collier, Minnie	"	13	"	"	cf pm	" "	Fair	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2526	July 21, 1908	Steffano, Josephine	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2531	July 23, 1908	Miglori, Margaret	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2522	July 20, 1903	Wilson, Annie	"	9	"	"	pf cm	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2969	August 5, 1908	Euber, Mary	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	"	"	Mother	"	"	....	....	.....
A2618	August 21, 1908	Meyerricecks, Kate	"	14	"	"	pf cm	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2641	Sept. 17, 1908	Kilgallon, Annie	Illinois	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
36881	Jan. 20, 1905	Cahill, Mary	Brooklyn	9	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
38385	Nov. 7, 1905	Mills, Rose	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	"
38386	Nov. 7, 1905	Mills, Mary	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40621	Nov. 30, 1906	Mullally, Annie	"	10	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A889	May 25, 1905	McDevitt, Anna	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A890	May 25, 1907	McDevitt, Marion	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
A2121	April 22, 1908	Carroll, Madeline	New York	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2178	May 5, 1908	Henry, Ella	Brooklyn	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2183	May 5, 1908	Reid, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2187	May 6, 1908	Bodner, Annie	New York	10	"	"	cf pm	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"

LIST OF GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908—*Concluded*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health When Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2229	May 4, 1908	Gombardello, Gracio	Brooklyn	5	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Mother	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A2332	May 26, 1908	Brosile, Annie	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2333	May 26, 1908	Brosile, Mamie	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2335	May 26, 1908	Brosile, Jennie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2355	June 2, 1908	Benners, Anna	New York	9	"	"	"	Letters.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2359	June 2, 1908	Benners, Mary	"	6	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2368	June 2, 1908	Porarao, Marie	Italy	6	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2392	June 8, 1908	McLane. Mary	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2504	July 16, 1908	Leavy, Florence	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.. ...	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A2505	July 16, 1908	Leavy, Margaret	"	4	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A2523	July 20, 1908	Wilson, Agnes	"	5	"	"	pf cm	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2623	Sept. 3, 1908	Ahearn, Mary	"	9	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
A2624	Sept. 8, 1908	Kearney, Kathleen	Ireland	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2655	Sept. 23, 1908	McNamee, Anna	Brooklyn	12	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2674	Sept. 25, 1908	Lendzion, Sophia	Poland	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2675	Sept. 25, 1908	Lendzion, Hattie	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2677	Sept. 28, 1908	Cerillo, Asunda	Brooklyn	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2678	Sept. 28, 1908	Cerillo, Marie	Italy	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2681	Sept. 29, 1908	Dresch, Margaret	Brooklyn	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2682	Sept. 29, 1908	Dresch, Helen	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2685	Sept. 30, 1908	Corella, Mary	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

BOROUGH OF RICHMOND

40719	Dec. 15, 1906	Vendetta, Florence	New York	13	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
40720	Dec. 15, 1906	Vendetta, Antonette	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"

GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, OCTOBER 1, 1908

LIST OF GIRLS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER CO., OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
	Jan. 17, 1899	Mercantate, Almenia	New York	2	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.			Father		Committed	"			
	July 14, 1899	Nolan, Lizzie	"	2	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	July 14, 1899	Laucherband, Raq.	"	2	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
	Feb. 7, 1900	Rosinsky, Julia	"	2-5	Yonkers	"	"					"	"			
	April 26, 1902	Buckley, Honora	"	3-8	N. Roch'le	"	"					"	"			
	Aug. 6, 1903	Quigley, Kate	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	Nov. 21, 1903	Nold, Olga	"	6	W. Plains	"	"			Both		"	"			
	Nov. 21, 1903	Nold, Lena	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
	Oct. 3, 1905	Hoey, Margaret	"	6	P. Chester	"	"			Father		"	"			
	March 13, 1905	Doyle, Katherine	"	3	Yonkers	"	"			"		"	"			
	April 17, 1906	Prudhomme, Marg't	"	5	Mt. Vern'n	"	"					"	"			
	July 2, 1906	O'Shea, Julia	"	4	N. Roch'le	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	Aug. 3, 1906	Di Giacomo, Katie	Italy	6	Yonkers	"	"			Both		"	"			On Trial
	Aug. 4, 1906	Clark, Nellie	New York	9	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	Aug. 4, 1906	Clark, Abbie	"	6	"	"	"			"						
	April 26, 1902	Buckley, Mary	"	7	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair			"	"			On Trial
	Jan. 28, 1907	Nolan, Nellie	"	12	P. Chester	"	"	" "		Father		"	"			
	Jan. 28, 1907	Nolan, Katie	"	10	"	"	"	" "		"		"	"			
	Feb. 6, 1907	Gallo, Minano	Italy	6	N. Roch'le	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	Feb. 25, 1907	Olsen, Josephine	Boston	4	"	"	"					"	"			
	May 27, 1907	Kothe, Hilda	Mt. Vern'n	7	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	Reads and writes		Both		"	"			
	May 27, 1907	Kothe, Florence	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
	May 28, 1907	Caperella, Lillie	New York	7	Harrison	"	"			"	Father	"	"			
	May 28, 1907	Caperella, Mary	"	2	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
	June 17, 1907	Nouno, Alvina	"	4	P. Chester	"	"			Father		"	"			
	Aug. 13, 1907	Grenoldi, Millia	Italy	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Mother		"	"			On Trial
	Aug. 17, 1907	Schrembs, Anna	Bavaria	2	"	"	"			Both	Father	"	"			
	Nov. 4, 1907	Hughes, Helen	New York	6	"	"	"					"	"			
	March 7, 1908	Donofino, Maria	Penn.	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	March 12, 1908	Verges, Annie	New York	4	Larchm'nt	"	"			"		"	"			
	May 2, 1908	Evangelista, Annie	Italy	7	P. Chester	"	"			Both		"	"			On Trial
	May 5, 1908	Menla, Carmela	New York	12	Mamar'ck	"	"			Father		"	"			
	May 5, 1908	Menla, Josephine	"	10	"	"	"			"		"	"			
	May 5, 1908	Menla, Kate	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
	May 18, 1908	McNamee, Catherine	"	6	P. Chester	"	"			"		"	"			
	May 18, 1908	McNamee, Margaret	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			

W. C.	May 20, 1908	Foley, Loretta	New York	11	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Father	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
W. C.	May 20, 1908	Foley, Julia	"	6	"	"	"	....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
W. C.	May 20, 1908	Yarraccia, Aso'nda	N. Jersey	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	June 8, 1908	Dickieau, Lisobetta	"	5	Harrison	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	June 8, 1908	Dickieau, Lillie	New York	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	June 23, 1908	Artilli, Carmela	"	5	N. Roch'le	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	July 9, 1908	Corcoran, Marg't	"	4	P. Chester	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	Aug. 20, 1908	Smith, Mary E.	"	3	Harrison	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	Sept. 7, 1908	Conti, Josephine	"	6	Mamar'ck	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	Sept. 11, 1908	Barletto, Rosa	"	5	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
W. C.	Sept. 29, 1908	Kenny, Ellen	"	11	N. Roch'le	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	Father	"	....	....	....	On Trial
W. C.	Jan. 1, 1906	Burns, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	"
W. C.	Jan. 17, 1908	Poastner, Amelia	Poland	14	Pleas'ville	"	"	" "	Good	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	June 10, 1908	Delaney, Annie	New York	14	Tuckahoe	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
W. C.	June 20, 1908	O'Brien, Edna	"	13	Millwood	"	"	" "	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
W. C.	July 21, 1908	Nardone, Josephine	"	11	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "	... ..	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
W. C.	July 12, 1908	Lynch, Mary	"	6	Yonkers	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
W. C.	Aug. 12, 1907	O'Connor, Anna	"	11	N. Roch'le	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
W. C.	Aug. 15, 1903	Reid, Mary	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
W. C.	July 24, 1906	Richardson, Daisy	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	Transferred
Ul. C.	Oct. 29, 1900	Donohue, Elizabeth	"	6	New York	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
Ul. C.	Oct. 29, 1900	Donohue, Annie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	"
Na. C.	Nov. 13, 1903	Velasky, Mary	"	8	Rock'lle C.	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
Na. C.	April 5, 1904	Gorman, Mary	"	9	F. Rock'y	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
Or. C.	March 29, 1906	Broadhead, Hattie	"	12	P. Jervis	"	Prot.	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
Du.C.	July 26, 1907	Grogan, Margaret	"	12	P'keepsie	"	Cath.	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
Du.C.	Oct. 23, 1907	Palmetier, Mary	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
Du.C.	May 11. 1908	Nichols, Katherine	"	9	"	"	cf pm	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
Su. C.	Dec. 10, 1908	Fowler, Florence	"	14	Jefferson	"	Cath.	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
Su. C.	Dec. 10, 1908	Fowler, Helen	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
Ul. C.	Oct. 29, 1900	Donohue, Peter	"	2	New York	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.
Na. C.	April 5, 1904	Gorman, Philip	"	4	F. Rock'y	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	On Trial
Na. C.	April 5, 1904	Gorman, Joseph	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	"
Na. C.	May 29, 1909	Mullen, Frank	"	6	Roslyn	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Both	"	"	....	....	.....
Na. C.	May 29, 1909	Mullen, Lester	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
Du.C.	March 16, 1908	Orr, Frederick	Ireland	7	P'keepsie	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial

LIST OF JUNIORS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A1335	Sept. 14, 1907	Altman, Albert	New York	6	New York	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Father	Father	Committed	"	....	....	.....
36499	Sept. 24, 1904	Barisford, William	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.
37879	July 14, 1905	Burns, Edward	"	6	"	"	"	Letters	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
37969	Aug. 7, 1905	Bridget, Harry	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
37970	Aug. 7, 1905	Bridget, Eddie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39908	June 18, 1906	Bitschin, Rudolph	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40486	Nov. 2, 1906	Breslin, Thomas	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2025	March 23, 1908	Byrnes, Edward	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2026	March 23, 1908	Byrnes, George	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1719	Dec. 20, 1907	Broderick, Edward	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
34454	Dec. 17, 1902	Cooney, Sylvester	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35359	Oct. 20, 1903	Condon, Daniel	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35827	April 22, 1904	Cronin, John	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35828	April 22, 1904	Cronin, Francis	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36099	July 2, 1904	Casey, Joseph	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39738	June 12, 1906	Cooper, Frank	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1223	Aug. 1, 1907	Cox, Thomas	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1224	Aug. 1, 1907	Cox, John	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1345	Sept. 20, 1907	Capitani, Benjamin	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34583	Feb. 28, 1903	Donnelly, Frank	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
35518	Dec. 30, 1903	Dries, William	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	"
35519	Dec. 30, 1903	Dries, Lawrence	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37169	March 30, 1905	Desmond, Francis	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	Tr. to Hos.
37767	June 21, 1905	Doyle, Thomas	"	8	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	"
37997	Aug. 10, 1905	Depew, Cornelius	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39187	April 2, 1906	Downey, Thomas	"	6	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39671	May 23, 1906	Dolch, Antonio	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39880	July 2, 1906	Downie, Joseph	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39881	July 2, 1906	Downie, Daniel	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A489	March 25, 1907	Doherty, John	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1166	July 3, 1907	Dooley, Charles	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
36251	July 5, 1904	Emmers, Angelo	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.
39454	April 20, 1906	Eagan, William	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39455	April 20, 1906	Eagan, Raymond	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39453	April 20, 1906	Eagan, James	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35068	July 8, 1903	Finn, Patrick	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Both	"	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.

35069	July 8, 1903	Finn, George	New York	4	New York	Good	Cath.			Both	Both	Committed				Trans. M.D.
37443	May 17, 1905	Fagan, Osborn	"	5	"	"	"					"				
A483	March 23, 1907	Fitzgerald, Arthur	"	4	"	"	"			Both		"				On Trial
A525	March 23, 1907	Fitzgerald, Richard	"	8	"	"	"			Father		"	"			"
A599	April 12, 1907	Fischer, George	"	7	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"	"			
A1934	March 12, 1908	Flaherty, James	"	6	"	"	"	Letters		Both		"				On Trial
37046	May 7, 1905	Gasso, Sam	"	5	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
37517	May 23, 1905	Gasso, Carlo	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			
40032	Aug. 11, 1906	Gelbrich, Anthony	"	7	"	"	Prot.			Both		"				On Trial
40033	Aug. 11, 1906	Gelbrich, Charles	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				"
40034	Aug. 11, 1906	Gelbrich, Jessie	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
40069	Aug. 16, 1906	Gerber, George	"	8	"	"	Cath.	Letters		"		"				
34233	Sept. 4, 1902	Hansan, John	"	3	"	"	"			"		"				Trans. M.D.
34174	Aug. 20, 1902	Henry, Joseph	"	4	"	"	"					"				"
40286	Aug. 27, 1902	Hennessy, John	"	3	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
A1462	Oct. 6, 1906	Horn, Arthur	"	7	"	"	"			Mother		"				Trans. M.D.
A1769	Jan. 11, 1908	Harrigan, John	"	6	"	"	"			Both		"				"
A1770	Jan. 11, 1908	Harrigan, James	"	4	"	"	"			"		"				"
A1938	March 16, 1908	Hogan, Henry	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"				On Trial
A1967	March 16, 1908	Hogan, Bernard	"	9	"	"	"			"		"				"
A1994	March 19, 1908	Hoppel, Sigfried	"	8	"	"	"	Letters		"		"	"			
A405	March 15, 1907	Hughes, Felix	"	7	"	"	"	"		"		"	"			
34207	Oct. 11, 1907	Hurd, John	"	7	"	"	"			"		"	"			
39933	July 16, 1906	Jones, Arthur	"	4	"	"	"					"				
33015	Nov. 12, 1901	Kilweather, William	"	2	"	"	"			Mother		"				Trans. M.D.
33940	July 3, 1902	Keily, James	"	4	"	"	"					"				"
40407	Oct. 24, 1906	Kennedy, Harry	"	6	"	"	"			Both		"	"			
38877	Feb. 6, 1906	Lynch, Joseph	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
39063	Aug. 31, 1905	Langer, Samuel	"	4	"	"	Heb.			Mother		"	"			
40327	Oct. 12, 1906	Lanesci, Carunne	"	6	"	"	Cath.			"		"				
A1351	Sept. 20, 1907	Larkin, Walter	"	3	"	"	"			Both		"				On Trial
34146	Aug. 15, 1902	Murray, Timothy	"	3	"	"	"			Mother		"				Trans. M.D.
34838	May 18, 1903	Morris, Vincent	"	5	"	"	"					"	"			
A1340	Sept. 18, 1907	Maher, John	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
33610	April 20, 1902	McGinn, Joseph	"	2	"	"	"					"	"			
34132	July 25, 1902	McCormack, Martin	"	4	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
37554	May 27, 1905	McCarthy, John	"	4	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
A554	April 2, 1907	McAvoy, Thomas	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
35985	May 17, 1904	O'Hanlon, Leonard	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
37207	April 7, 1905	O'Neill, John	"	7	"	"	"			Both		"				On Trial
37208	April 7, 1905	O'Neill, Peter	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				"
37627	June 3, 1905	O'Neill, Timothy	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"			
40185	Sept. 14, 1906	O'Leary, Cornelius	"	5	"	"	"			Both		"	"			
34026	July 22, 1902	Reynolds, John	"	4	"	"	"					"				
34133	Aug. 13, 1902	Roffeo, Joseph	"	3	"	"	"					"				Trans. M.D.
39715	June 8, 1903	Ryan, John	Ireland	6	"	"	"					"	"			
40047	Aug. 13, 1906	Russo, Frank	New York	5	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
31541	Dec. 5, 1900	Schrocke, George	"	2	"	"	"			"		"				Trans. M.D.

LIST OF JUNIORS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908—*Continued*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
38748	Dec. 2, 1904	Smith, Ernest	New York	7	New York	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	.....	.....	Committed	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.
39406	May 2, 1906	Scarabino, Michael	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	Tr. to Hos.
39407	May 2, 1906	Scarabino, Charles	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40231	Sept. 26, 1906	Stewart, Victo	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"		....	....	.....
33578	April 15, 1902	Townsend Charles	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	..	....	....	Trans. M.D.
32668	August 27, 1901	Verlotto, Nicholas	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39282	April 14, 1906	Van Saan, John	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A473	March 22, 1907	Vincenziana, John	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1905	March 6, 1908	Vogel, John	"	7	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
34719	April 17, 1903	Whalen, Andrew	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Tr. to Hos.
36184	June 21, 1904	Whalen, Edward	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33252	July 1, 1904	White, William	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33253	July 1, 1904	White, John	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
39444	May 7, 1906	Williams, Clifford	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A629	April 16, 1907	Wishnovsky, Stan.	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A866	May 21, 1907	Wagner, Fred.	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A931	May 29, 1907	Williams, John	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40230	Oct. 1, 1906	Walsh, John	"	7	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40261	Oct. 1, 1906	Walsh, Thomas	"	7	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
A2376	June 4, 1908	Whalen, Patrick	"	4	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
33923	July 1, 1902	Yoric, Carmelo	"	3	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.
38897	Feb. 8, 1906	Smith, Paul	"	8	"	"	Cath.	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
39033	Feb. 13, 1906	Oser, Thomas	"	8	"	"	"	"	Good	"	.....	"	....	....	....	"
39395	April 30, 1906	Anderson, William	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	.....
40495	Nov. 7, 1906	Smith, Joseph	"	6	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40529	Nov. 14, 1906	Aploina, Frank	"	7	"	"	"	"	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
40692	Dec. 12, 1906	Burke Thomas	"	8	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40393	Dec. 12, 1906	Burke, Martin	"	6	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
40787	Dec. 28, 1906	Marion, James	"	7	"	"	"	"	.....	Father	.....	"	....	....	....	Trans. M.D.
A36	Jan. 9, 1907	Healy, William	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Mother	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A239	Feb. 16, 1907	Amiliba, Fernando	"	9	"	"	"	" "	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A463	March 22, 1907	Sheridan, Edward	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A854	May 16, 1907	Burns, Michael	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A872	May 24, 1907	Bergen, Leo	"	9	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	....	....	....	Tr. to Hos.
A1160	July 3, 1907	Gracomio, Rocco	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A1681	Dec. 11, 1907	Fagan, John	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

Ready for Sleighing.

Lincoln Agricultural School.

Fun in the Snow.

A1752	Jan. 7, 1908	Townsend, George	New York	8	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes		Both		Committed	"		
A1763	Jan. 10, 1908	Patricola, Frank	"	8	"	"	"	" "		"		"	"		
A1985	March 18, 1908	Talt, Frank	"	7	"	"	"	" "		"		"	"		

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN

40243	Sept. 28, 1906	Anderson, Oscar	New York	6	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Letters		Mother		Committed	"		
A79	Jan. 16. 1907	Henry, Edward	"	9	"	"	"	"		Both		"			On Trial
A1014	June 7, 1907	Rakes, Edward	"	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"			"
A1906	Feb. 3, 1908	Leecham, Lawrence	"	7	"	"	"	Letters		"		"	"		
A2474	July 1, 1908	Smith, Frank	"	7	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"	"		
A2111	April 10, 1908	Davino, Vincenzo	Italy	6	"	"	"			"		"			Tr. to Hos.
A2113	April 9, 1908	Vacaro, Joseph	"	7	"	"	"			Father		"	"		
A2114	April 9, 1908	Vacaro, Salvatore	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2120	April 20, 1908	Broncotti, Philip	"	6	"	"	"			Both		"			On Trial
A2123	April 18, 1908	Johnston, Charles	New York	7	"	"	"	Letters		"		"			"
A2122	April 18, 1908	Johnston, William	"	9	"	"	"	"		"		"			"
A2134	April 25, 1908	Murphy, Walter	"	7	"	"	"	"		"	Father	"	"		
A2135	April 25,1908	Murphy, Harry	"	4	"	"	"			"	"	"	"		
A2184	May 5, 1908	Reid, Jerome	"	5	"	"	"			Father		"			On Trial
A2177	May 5, 1908	Henry, William	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Both	Father	"			"
A2179	May 5, 1908	Henry, John	"	2	"	"	"			"	"	"			"
A2185	May 6, 1908	Vaughan, John	"	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"	"		
A2186	May 6, 1908	Vaughan, Matthew	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2188	May 6, 1908	Bodner, Joseph	"	7	"	"	cm pf	Reads and writes		"		"			
A2189	May 6, 1908	Roselle, Raphael	"	8	"	"	Cath.	Letters		Mother		"			On Trial
A2201	May 6, 1908	De Vito, Frank	"	6	"	"	"	"		"		"	"		
A2202	May 6, 1908	De Vito, Louis	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2204	May 7, 1908	Temminella, Charles	"	5	"	"	"			Both		"			On Trial
A2230	May 4, 1908	Gombardello, Gaetano	"	3	"	"	"			Mother		"			
A2231	May 9, 1908	Rom, Rudolph	"	8	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2232	May 9, 1908	Rom, William	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2239	May 13, 1908	Clougher, Thomas	"	7	"	"	"			Both	Father	"	"		
A2240	May 13, 1908	Clougher, Edward	"	6	"	"	"			"	"	"	"		
A2241	May 13, 1908	Clougher, Patrick	"	2	"	"	"			"	"	"	"		
A2260	May 15, 1908	Lagrassi, Peter	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2263	May 15, 1908	Barravechia, Charles	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Father		"			On Trial
A2234	May 15, 1908	Barravechia, Frank	"	7	"	"	"	" "		"		"			"
A2273	May 15, 1908	Parrisi, John	"	7	"	"	"	" "		Mother		"	"		
A2325	May 26, 1908	Reagan, William	"	3	"	"	"			Father		"	"		
A2334	May 26, 1908	Brosile, James	"	5	"	"	"			Both		"			On Trial
A2353	June 1, 1908	Kenny, Lawrence	"	9	"	"	"	Letters		"		"	"		
A2356	June 1, 1908	Benners, Isidore	"	8	"	"	"			"		"	"		
A2408	June 2, 1908	Porarrio, James	Italy	3	"	"	"			"		"	"		

LIST OF JUNIORS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1ST, 1908—*Concluded*

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2497	July 13, 1908	Wier, William	New York	5	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Both	.....	Committed	....	....	....	On Trial
A2506	July 16, 1908	Leavy, John	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Father	"	....	....	....	"
A2507	July 16, 1908	Leavy, Harry	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	....	....	....	"
A2577	August 10, 1908	Ryan, Harold	"	5	"	"	cf pm	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2646	Sept. 19, 1908	Gately, Thomas	"	8	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A2647	Sept. 19, 1908	Gately, John	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A2654	Sept. 23, 1908	Westoff, John	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2657	Sept. 23, 1908	McNamee, John	"	7	"	"	"	Letters.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2680	Sept. 28, 1908	Baia, William	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A2683	Sept. 29, 1908	Dresch, William	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A2685	Sept. 29, 1908	Corella, Thomas	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

JUNIORS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, OCTOBER 1, 1908

LIST OF JUNIORS REMAINING IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER CO., OCTOBER 1ST, 1908.

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
WESTCHESTER COUNTY.	May 16, 1901	Fitzpatrick, William	New York	5	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Mother	.....	Committed	.....	.....	.....	Trans. M.D.
	Feb. 26, 1903	Vannocchio, Guis.	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	March 23, 1904	Cullen, Frank	"	6	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	March 23, 1904	Cullen, James	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	Tr. to Hos.
	Aug. 14, 1904	Rodriguez, Albert	"	6	Mamar'ck	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
	Aug. 14, 1904	Rodriguez, Harry	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
	Nov. 17, 1904	Rodriguez, William	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
	April 2, 1905	Sickles, Randolph	"	5	W. Plains	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	Trans. M.D.
	June 27, 1905	Verges, George	Slavonia	5	Larchm'nt	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	June 27, 1905	Verges, Paul	New York	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	Feb. 28, 1906	Colvers, John	"	6	Yonkers	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
	Feb. 28, 1906	Colvers, Stephen	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
	March 13, 1906	Doyle, Joseph	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	March 13, 1906	Doyle, Gus	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	April 17, 1906	Prudhomme, Eugene	"	8	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	Trans. M.D.
	April 17, 1906	Prudhomme, Paul	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....
	July 2, 1906	O'Shea, John	"	6	N. Roch'le	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	July 20, 1906	Woods, Thomas	"	5	Rye	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	July 20, 1906	Woods, Arthur	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	Aug. 3, 1906	Di Giacomo, Tony	"	5	N. Roch'le	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
	March 9, 1907	Schrembs, John	"	3	P. Chester	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 27, 1907	Kothe, Harry	"	8	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 28, 1907	Caperella, Joseph	"	5	Harrison	"	"	.....	.....	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 28, 1907	Caperella, John	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	Aug. 12, 1907	O'Connor, Harold	"	9	N. Roch'le	"	"	Letters	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	Nov. 4, 1907	Hughes, James	"	7	P. Chester	"	"	"	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	Feb. 26, 1908	Barono, Vincenzo	Italy	4	N. Roch'le	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	March 18, 1908	Jerome, Tony	New York	5	Tuckahoe	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	March 18, 1908	Jerome, Charles	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 2, 1908	Raneen, Dominico	"	7	N. Roch'le	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
	May 2, 1908	Raneen, Joseph	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
	May 5, 1908	Menla, Charles	"	5	Mamar'ck	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 18, 1908	McNamee, Burnett	"	7	P. Chester	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 20, 1908	Yaraccia, Nicholas	N. Jersey	3	N. Roch'le	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 20, 1908	Yaraccia, Jose	Italy	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
	May 20, 1908	Foley, John	New York	8	"	"	"	Reads	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial

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June 23, 1908	Artilli, Nicola	New York	7	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.	.....	Father	Committed	.....
July 7, 1908	Sokel, Joseph	"	5	Yonkers	"	"	.....	Both	"	.....
July 9, 1908	Corcoran, Matthew	"	9	P. Chester	"	"	.....	"	Father	"	.....	.....
Sept. 7, 1908	Conte, Tony	Penn.	3	Mamar'ck	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	On Trial
Sept. 11, 1908	Barletto, Angelo	New York	7	Mt. Vern'n	"	"	.....	Father	"	.....	.....	.....
Sept. 11, 1908	Barletto, Enrico	"	3	"	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
Sept. 29, 1908	Kenny, Edward	"	9	N. Roch'le	"	"	Reads.....	Both	Father	"	.....	On Trial

LIST OF GIRLS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909.

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2693	Oct. 1, 1908	Solano, Rose	New York	4	New York	Good	Cath.	.....	.....	Both	.....	Committed	...	...	...	On Trial
A2707	Oct. 3, 1908	Mahoney, Josephine	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	...	...	...	.....
A2793	Oct. 12, 1908	Mayo, Josephine	"	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	...	...	...	On Trial
A2756	Oct. 15, 1908	Horne, Myrtle	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	Father	"	...	...	...	"
A2754	Oct. 19, 1908	Connolly, Kate	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2799	Nov. 2, 1908	O'Brien, Sarah	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Mother	"	...	...	...	On Trial
A2801	Nov. 2, 1908	O'Brien, Lizzie	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	...	...	...	"
A2858	Nov. 21, 1908	Montesano, Anton'te	Italy	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	...	...	...	.....
A2876	Nov. 27, 1908	Mento, Grace	New York	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2877	Nov. 27, 1908	Mento, Jennie	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A1722	Nov. 27, 1908	Brown, Margaret	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	Mother	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2886	Nov. 28, 1908	Fredinger, Sarah	"	6	"	"	"	Letters	.....	.....	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2897	Dec. 3, 1908	McCabe, Maria	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Father	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2899	Dec. 4, 1908	Villano, Lizzie	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2923	Dec. 16, 1908	Giordano, Laura	N. Jersey	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2950	Dec. 26, 1908	Amatuccia, Annie	Italy	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2787	Oct. 23, 1908	Flynn, Margaret	New York	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	"	...	...	...	On Trial
A2959	Dec. 28, 1908	Gerardi, Annie	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2960	Dec. 28, 1908	Gerardi, Vita	"	3	"	"	"	.....	...	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2992	Jan. 8, 1909	Stoiber, Lena	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2993	Jan. 8, 1909	Stoiber, Carrie	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2994	Jan. 8, 1909	Stoiber, Josephine	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2988	Jan. 8, 1909	Higgins, Stella	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A2989	Jan. 8, 1909	Hadden, Lizzie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	...	...	...	On Trial
A3033	Jan. 16, 1909	Mooney, Annie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3035	Jan. 16, 1909	Mooney, Mary	"	10	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3047	Jan. 20, 1909	Kiernan, Rose	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Mother	"	"	...	...	.....
A3053	Jan. 21, 1909	Martish, Annie	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3059	Jan. 21, 1909	Martish, Mary	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3053	Jan. 20, 1909	Parrella, Gussella	"	12	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3139	Feb. 8, 1909	Kowalik, Mary	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3140	Feb. 8, 1909	Kowalik, Lena	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3142	Feb. 8, 1909	Kowalik, Elsie	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....
A3146	Feb. 9, 1909	Donohue, Margaret	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	Father	"	"	...	...	.....
A3147	Feb. 9, 1909	Donohue, Sarah	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	...	...	.....
A3143	Feb. 9, 1909	McKenna, Kate	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	...	...	.....

A3178	Feb. 15, 1909	Stehle, Agatha	New York	8	New York	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A3186	Feb. 15, 1909	Farrington, Annie	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3201	Feb. 19, 1909	Gray, Blanche	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3227	March 1, 1909	Murphy, Anna	"	15	"	"	"	" "	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3234	March 3, 1909	O'Brien, Lizzie	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3294	March 12, 1909	Teti, Mary	Italy	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3302	March 13, 1909	Pancheckosky, Lizzie	Slavonia	12	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3351	March 19, 1909	Smith, Mary	New York	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3333	March 17, 1909	Margleiski, Josephine	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	Mother	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3366	March 23, 1909	Schulken, Kate	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3390	March 25, 1909	Bianchini, Dora	Italy	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A851	April 7, 1909	Schafer, Ursula	New York	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	.....	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A852	April 7, 1909	Schafer, Gertrude	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	.....	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3559	April 30, 1909	Sammon, Mary	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3570	May 3, 1909	Murphy, Ella	"	15	"	"	"	" "	"	"	Both	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3593	May 8, 1909	Iacono, Giovanni	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3600	May 11, 1909	Dunn, Catherine	"	11	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	Mother	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3601	May 11, 1909	Dunn, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3602	May 11, 1909	Gallagher, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3607	May 12, 1909	Carney, Frances	"	12	"	"	"	" "	"	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3620	May 11, 1909	Earle, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3608	May 13, 1909	Freeley, Margaret	"	12	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3612	May 13, 1909	Mangravati, Teresa	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3381	May 28, 1909	Penripedo, Rose	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3388	May 28, 1909	Warner, Elizabeth	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	.....	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3387	May 28, 1909	Fragnilio, Carmela	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3705	June 1, 1909	Montaganio, Nunzia	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3763	June 12, 1909	Santo Pietro, Rose	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3891	July 13, 1909	Knotik, Freela	Austria	15	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3921	July 23, 1909	Smith, Loretta	New York	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3923	July 24, 1909	Fields, Harriett	Penn.	15	"	"	Prot.	" "	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3955	Aug. 2, 1909	Regan, Esther	New York	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3959	Aug. 8, 1909	Maguire, Helen	"	10	"	"	"	" "	Fair	.....	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3935	Aug. 13, 1909	Glennon, Charlotte	"	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3937	Aug. 16, 1909	Krieger, Jeannette	"	14	"	"	cm pf	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3938	Aug. 16, 1909	Cassazza, Righetta	Italy	10	"	"	Cath.	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3997	Aug. 20, 1909	Dolcimascola, Ang.	New York	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4041	Sept. 3, 1909	Jordan, Josephine	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4038	Sept. 9, 1909	Meehan, Anna	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	Mother	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4039	Sept. 9, 1909	Meehan Helen	"	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4070	Sept. 9, 1909	Meehan, Dorothy	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4071	Sept. 9, 1909	Jasinski, Stella	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4072	Sept. 9, 1909	Jasinski, Ruby	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4088	Sept. 14, 1909	Saltamacchia, Grace	Italy	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4109	Sept. 20, 1909	Dorsch, Catherine	New York	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4120	Sept. 21, 1909	Prigg, Sarah	"	4	"	"	cm pf	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A4122	Sept. 21, 1909	Tracey, Helen	"	15	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....

GIRLS REC'D IN INSTITUTION, BOROUGH BROOKLYN, FROM OCT. 1st, 1908, TO SEPT. 30th, 1909.

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2695	Oct. 2, 1908	Graham, Annie	New York	11	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both	.....	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A2701	Oct. 3, 1908	Broderick, Kate	"	3-9	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	.....	On Trial
A2709	Oct. 5, 1908	Cerillo, Carnela	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2713	Oct. 5. 1908	Sewell, Mary	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2747	Oct. 14, 1908	McCauley, Hazel	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2777	Oct. 24, 1908	Romano, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2782	Oct. 29, 1908	Carpenter, Mabel	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	.....	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2785	Oct. 29, 1908	Valente, Annie	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2805	Nov. 3, 1908	Jakofska, Jennie	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2810	Nov. 4. 1908	Lenagky, Rose	Russia	12	"	"	Heb.	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2819	Nov. 7, 1908	Fox, Nellie	New York	10	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2821	Nov. 7, 1908	Fox, Frances	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A1508	Nov. 10, 1908	Wolff, Lillie	"	10	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2833	Nov. 12, 1908	Jakofska, Annie	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2869	Nov. 24, 1908	Dunn, Margaret	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2912	Dec. 8, 1908	Healy, Mary	"	14	"	"	"	" "	"	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2955	Dec. 28, 1908	Allen, Grace	"	11	"	"	cm pf	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2956	Dec. 28, 1908	Allen, Mary	"	9	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A2958	Dec. 28, 1908	Wolff, Amelia	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Good	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3004	Jan. 8, 1909	Pierson, Alice	"	15	"	"	Cath.	" "	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3199	Feb. 18, 1909	Thompson, Nellie	"	13	"	"	"	" "	Good	Mother	.....	"	...	.....	.....	On Trial
A3133	Feb. 18, 1909	Gottschalk, Marie	"	12	"	"	Prot.	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3202	Feb. 19, 1909	Lovett, Margaret	"	14	"	"	Cath.	" "	Good	.....	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3211	Feb 24, 1909	Rispin, Gertrude	"	10	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3212	Feb. 24, 1909	Rispin, Viola	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3270	March 9, 1909	Gallagher, Ethel	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	Mother	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3329	March 16, 1909	Gallager, Winifred	"	11	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3345	March 19, 1909	Folsom, Nellie	Florida	12	"	"	cm pf	" "	"	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3347	March 19, 1909	Folsom, Olive	New York	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3372	March 23, 1909	Jordan, Josephine	"	10	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3374	March 23, 1909	Johnson, Agnes	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	...	.....	.....	On Trial
A3398	March 25, 1909	Heilman, Elizabeth	"	15	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3400	March 25, 1909	Heilman, Annie	"	11	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3401	March 25, 1909	Heilman, Ida	"	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3402	March 25, 1909	Heilman, Teresa	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3420	March 29, 1909	Nolan, Florence	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....

A3440	April 1, 1909	Schemig, Jeannette	New York	11	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Father	Father	Committed	"	.....	.....
A3474	April 7, 1909	Freese, Helen	"	8	"	"	"	" "	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3477	April 8, 1909	Burke, Bridget	Ireland	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Father	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3476	April 8, 1909	Burke, Alice	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	.....	.....	"
A3504	April 15, 1909	Hayes, Frances	New York	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	.....	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A3542	April 27, 1909	Beaver, Sarah	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3549	April 28, 1909	Perretti, Theresa	"	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3562	May 1, 1909	Alger, Iris	"	9	"	"	Prot.	" "	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3566	May 1, 1909	Alger, Jeannette	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A3618	May 14, 1909	Mansfield, Catherine	"	4	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3619	May 14, 1909	Mansfield, Helen	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	Tr. to Hos.
A3650	May 22, 1909	Folsom, Lizzie	"	8	"	"	cm pf	.....	.....	Father	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3653	May 22, 1909	Campbell, Mary	"	8	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	Both	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3655	May 22, 1909	Campbell, Margaret	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3667	May 25, 1909	Campbell, Sarah	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3673	May 26, 1909	Grazia, Mary A.	Italy	15	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3714	June 2, 1909	Burke, Catherine	Ireland	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Both	"	"	.....	.....
A3715	June 2, 1909	Burke, Mary	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	.....	.....	Tr. to Hos.
A3719	June 3, 1909	Williams, Edna	New York	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3731	June 7, 1909	Appleton, Ella	"	11	"	"	"	" "	Fair	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3733	June 8, 1909	Doherty, Theresa	"	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Both	"	"	.....	.....
A3735	June 8, 1909	Doherty, Helena	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3736	June 8, 1909	Doherty, Anna	"	2	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3748	June 10, 1909	Snow, Mary	N. F'dland	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3749	June 10, 1909	Snow, Loretta	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3750	June 10, 1909	Snow, Stella	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3757	June 10, 1909	Arnold, Louisa	New York	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3809	June 22, 1909	Van Voort, Ethel	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Mother	"	"	.....	.....
A3810	June 22, 1909	Comarsack, Annie	"	10	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3828	June 25, 1909	Sheridan, Annie	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3824	June 25, 1909	Downey, Sadie	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	Mother	"	"	.....	.....
A3826	June 25, 1909	Downey, Irene	"	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3827	June 25, 1909	Downey, Lillian	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....
A3830	June 26, 1909	Guida, Julia	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3831	June 26, 1909	Guida, Rosie	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A3835	June 28, 1909	De Lemmo, Rose	Brooklyn	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3838	June 28, 1909	O'Connor, Catherine	New York	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	Mother	"	"	.....	.....
A3839	June 28, 1909	Davenport, Ida	"	12	"	"	"	" "	.....	Father	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3841	June 28, 1909	McGettrick, Agnes	"	9	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3842	June 28, 1909	McGettrick, Marcella	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A3840	June 28, 1909	Frey, Emma	N. Jersey	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3844	June 29, 1909	O'Shea, Margaret	New York	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	On Trial
A3845	June 29, 1909	O'Shea, Nellie	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	"
A3868	July 6, 1909	Werra, Theresa	Italy	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....
A3870	July 7, 1909	Hammon, Margaret	New York	14	"	"	"	" "	Good	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3882	July 12, 1909	Bores, Isabella	"	13	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....
A3889	July 13, 1909	Gillespie, Frances	Mass.	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....
A3904	July 16, 1909	Frers, Alberta	New York	10	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....

GIRLS REC'D IN INSTITUTION, BOROUGH BROOKLYN, FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3920	July 22, 1909	Trondle, Elizabeth	New York	13	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.	Reads and writes	Good	Both	Father	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A3927	July 26, 1909	Booth, Della	"	13	"	"	cm pf	" "	Fair	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A3928	July 26, 1909	Booth, Gladys	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A3930	July 26, 1909	Booth, Marion	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A3940	July 29, 1909	Hasselman, Florence	"	10	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3942	July 29, 1909	Hasselman, Harriett	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A3946	July 30, 1909	Burns, Annie	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	Father	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3948	July 30, 1909	Burns, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A3951	July 31, 1909	O'Brien, Alice	"	12	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both	"	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3952	July 31, 1909	O'Brien, Lillian	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	...	....	....	Died
A3953	July 31, 1909	O'Brien, Margaret	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	....	....	....	On Trial
A3990	Aug. 17, 1909	Murphy, Dorothy	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	....	....	.....
A3995	Aug. 19, 1909	Donovan, Helen	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
35114	Aug. 23, 1909	McFadden, Effie	"	14	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Mother	.....	Returned	"	....	....	.....
A4007	Aug. 23, 1909	Riley, Mary	"	13	"	"	"	" "	"	"	.....	Committed	"	....	....	.....
A4008	Aug. 23, 1909	Riley Barbara	"	11	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4009	Aug. 23, 1909	Riley, Margaret	"	9	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4010	Aug. 23, 1909	Riley, Esther	"	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4011	Aug. 23, 1909	Riley, Alice	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4057	Sept. 8, 1909	Jolingolia, Sadie	"	2-6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A4058	Sept. 8, 1909	Stoptick, Mary	"	8	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4060	Sept. 8, 1909	Nagle, Julia	"	7	"	"	"	"	.....	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A4063	Sept. 8, 1909	Costa, Catherine	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4075	Sept. 9, 1909	Artese, Victoria	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4079	Sept. 11, 1909	Reilly, Irene	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4085	Sept. 13, 1909	Swanson, Ella	"	13	"	"	"	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4091	Sept. 15, 1909	Pechillo, Josephine	Italy	14	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4096	Sept. 17, 1909	Biot, Frances	New York	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Father	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4103	Sept. 18, 1909	Good, Agnes	"	10	"	"	"	"	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4115	Sept. 20, 1909	Morse, Jessie	"	11	"	"	"	Reads and writes	Fair	Mother	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4116	Sept. 20, 1909	Morse, Maria	"	9	"	"	"	" "	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....
A4128	Sept. 22, 1909	Steisi, Anna	"	4	"	"	cm pf	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	....	....	.....
A3675	May 25, 1909	Winisky, Helen	"	13	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	.....	"	.....	"	"	....	....	.....

GIRLS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, DURING YEAR

GIRLS REC'D IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER CO., FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
WESTCHESTER COUNTY.	Oct. 3, 1908	Trost, Catherine	New York	8	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.	Reads		Both		Committed				On Trial
	Oct. 12, 1908	Boyce, Ella	"	7	P. Chester	"	"			Father		"				"
	Oct. 14, 1908	Ferraro, Dora	"	12	N. Roch'le	"	"	Reads and writes		"		"				
	Oct. 14, 1908	Ferraro, Lena	"	7	"	"	"			"		"				
	Dec. 8, 1908	Meyers, Julia	"	13	Yonkers	"	"	Reads and writes	Good	Both		"				
	Jan. 26, 1909	O'Brien, Annie	"	13	Harrison	"	"	" "	"	Father		"				
	Jan. 29, 1909	Byrnes, Margaret	"	8	Yonkers	"	"			"		Returned				
	March 5, 1909	Moschini, Mary	"	10	N. Roch'le	"	"	Reads and writes		Both	Father	Committed				
	March 5, 1909	Moschini, Catherine	"	4	"	"	"			"	"	"				
	March 5, 1909	Moschini, Gabriella	"	3	"	"	"			"	"	"				
	March 19, 1909	Patterson, Eilene	"	5	Yonkers	"	Prot.			Father		"				On Trial
	May 28, 1909	Zumberofsky, Mary	Austria	12	"	"	Cath.	Reads and writes	Fair	Both		"				
	May 28, 1909	Zumberofsky, Annie	"	9	"	"	"	" "	"	"		"				
	June 15, 1909	Dinocola, Rosie	Italy	15	N. Roch'le	"	"	" "		"		"				On Trial
	June 19, 1909	Ramondi, Concetta	New York	6	Mt. Vern'n	"	"			"	Father	"				
	June 19, 1909	Ramondi, Carrie	"	5	"	"	"			"	"	"				
	June 30, 1909	Gough, Lillian	"	10	Mamar'ck	"	Prot.	Reads and writes		"		"				
	June 30, 1909	Gough, Loretta	"	9	"	"	"	" "		"		"				
	June 30, 1909	Gough, Eleanor	"	7	"	"	"	" "		"		"				
	July 7, 1909	Flood, Katie	"	13	N. Roch'le	"	Cath.	" "	Fair	"		"				
	July 10, 1909	Kelly, Mary	"	6	Mt. Vern'n	"	"			Father	Father	"				
	Aug. 2, 1909	Aiellio, Minnie	"	6	Harrison	"	"			"		"				
	Aug. 2, 1909	Aiellio, Jennie	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				

JUNIORS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION DURING YEAR

LIST OF JUNIORS RECEIVED IN INSTITUTION FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A2692	Oct. 1, 1908	Solano, Andrew	New York	7	New York	Good	Cath.			Both		Committed				On Trial
A2694	Oct. 1, 1908	Solano, Joseph	"	3	"	"	"			"		"				"
A2798	Nov. 2, 1908	O'Brien, William	"	8	"	"	"	Letters		"	Mother	"				"
A2800	Nov. 2, 1908	O'Brien, Peter	"	5	"	"	"			"	"	"				
A2871	Nov. 24, 1908	Sardone, Frank	Italy	7	"	"	"			"		"				
A2900	Dec. 4, 1908	Vilano, Joseph	New York	8	"	"	"	Letters		Mother		"				
A2901	Dec. 4, 1908	Vilano, Louis	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A2902	Dec. 4, 1908	Vilano, James	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A2951	Dec. 26, 1909	Amatuccia, Charles	Italy	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A2995	Jan. 8, 1909	Stoiber, Henry	New York	8	"	"	"	Letters		Both		"				
A2996	Jan. 8, 1909	Stoiber Frank	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A3029	Jan. 16, 1909	Limperio, Florentino	"	9	"	"	"			"		"				
A3030	Jan. 16, 1909	Limperio, John	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A3031	Jan. 16, 1909	Limperio, Michael	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A3032	Jan. 16, 1909	Limperio, James	"	2	"	"	"			"		"				
A3066	Jan. 22, 1909	McNulty, Frank	"	7	"	"	"			"		"				
A3092	Jan. 28, 1909	Guma, Tony	"	8	"	"	"	Letters		Father		"				
A3093	Jan. 28, 1909	Guma, John	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A3107	Jan. 30, 1909	Fagan, James	"	7	"	"	"			Both	Father	"				
A3141	Feb. 8, 1909	Kowalik, John	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A3168	Feb. 15, 1909	Depassia, Philip	Italy	7	"	"	"			"		"				
A3169	Feb. 15, 1909	Napoli, Frank	New York	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A3179	Feb. 15. 1909	Stehle, Rheinhardt	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A3187	Feb. 15, 1909	Farrington, Patrick	"	5	"	"	"			Father		"				
A3226	Feb. 27, 1909	Walzykieniz, Leo	"	7	"	"	"	Letters		"		"				
A3258	Mar. 8, 1909	Casey, Michael	"	8	"	"	"	"		Father		"				
A3259	Mar. 8, 1909	Casey, Denis	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A3281	Mar. 11, 1909	Earle, Robert	"	7	"	"	pm cf	Letters		Mother		"				
A3282	Mar. 11, 1909	Earle, Frank	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A3314	Mar. 15, 1909	Davey, John	"	5	"	"	Cath.			Both		"				
A3335	Mar. 17, 1909	Marglieski, Jacob	"	8	"	"	"			"	Mother	"				
A3336	Mar. 17, 1909	Marglieski, Sigmund	"	4	"	"	"			"		"				
A3425	Mar. 31, 1909	Murphy, John	"	6	"	"	"			"		"				
A3426	Mar. 31, 1909	Murphy, George	"	5	"	"	"			"		"				
A3427	Mar. 31, 1909	Murphy, James	"	4	"	"	"			"		"				On Trial
A3580	May 5, 1909	Doyle, Robert	"	4	"	"	cm pf			"		"				"

A3598	May 10, 1909	Sorad, Louis	Hungary	6	New York	Good	Cath.			Father		Committed	"			
A3329	May 14, 1909	Farrell, James	New York	4	"	"	"			Both	Father	"	"			
A3330	May 14, 1909	Farrell, John	"	5	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
A3663	May 24, 1909	McGrath, Thomas	"	9	"	"	"	Reads and writes		Father		"	"			
A3364	May 24, 1909	McGrath, Joseph	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A3680	May 28, 1909	Pennipedo, Joseph	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A3704	June 1, 1909	Montaganio, Louis	"	6	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
A3740	June 9, 1909	Lala, Frank	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A3741	June 9, 1909	Lala, Emil	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A3742	June 9, 1909	Lala, Joseph	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A3875	July 9, 1909	Walsh, John	"	2	"	"	"			Both	Father	"	"			
A3881	July 12, 1909	Scaduto, Peter	Italy	6	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A3909	July 19, 1909	Morrissey, John	New York	6	"	"	"			Both	Father	"	"			
A3959	Aug. 2, 1909	Quinn, John	"	4	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
A3998	Aug. 20, 1909	Dolcimascola, Joseph	"	2	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
A4034	Aug. 31, 1909	Tracey, Edward	"	6	"	"	"			Both	Mother	"	"			
A4049	Sept. 4, 1909	Daken, James	"	5	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A4050	Sept. 4, 1909	Daken, John	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A4053	Sept. 7, 1909	Kelley, John	"	6	"	"	"			Both		"	"			
A4067	Sept. 9, 1909	Smith, Thomas	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A4083	Sept. 13, 1909	Cernovsky, John	"	7	"	"	"	Reads		"		"	"			
A4087	Sept. 14, 1809	Saltamacchia, Joseph	Italy	4	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
A4090	Sept. 15, 1909	White, Joshua	New York	2	"	"	"			Mother	Mother	"	"			
A4119	Sept. 21, 1909	Prigg, John	"	6	"	"	cm pf			Both	Father	"	"			
A4121	Sept. 21, 1909	Prigg, William	"	2	"	"	"			"	"					

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN

A2688	Oct. 1, 1908	Varona, Joseph	New York	7	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.			Both		Committed	"			
A2686	Oct. 1, 1908	Varona, Alfonso	"	2	"	"	"			"		"	"			On Trial
A2695	Oct. 2, 1908	Russo, Beazo	"	2	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A2699	Oct. 3, 1908	Logan, Hugh	"	7	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2700	Oct. 3, 1908	Logan, James	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2709	Oct. 5, 1908	Cerillo, Frank	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2711	Oct. 5, 1908	McCauley, John	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2712	Oct. 5, 1908	McCauley, William	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2714	Oct. 6, 1908	Devlin, John	Penn.	7	"	"	"			Both		"	"			
A2786	Oct. 29, 1908	Valente, Joseph	New York	7	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2787	Oct. 29, 1908	Valente, Frank	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A2788	Oct. 29, 1908	Valente, August	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			Tr. to Hos.
A2820	Nov. 3, 1908	Jakofska, Phil.	"	8	"	"	"	Letters		"		"	"			
A2821	Nov. 7, 1908	Fox, Joseph	"	8	"	"	"			"	Father	"	"			
A2822	Nov. 7, 1908	Fox, Edward	"	3	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
A2957	Dec. 28, 1908	Allen, Albert	"	6	"	"	cm pf			Father		"	"			
A3135	Feb. 6, 1909	Hayes, Thomas	"	6	"	"	Cath.			Both		"				On Trial

JUNIORS REC'D IN INSTITUTION, BOROUGH BROOKLYN, FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
A3348	March 19, 1909	Folsom, Harold	New York	3	Brooklyn	Good	cm pf	.....	.....	Both	Father	Committed	"	.....	.....	.....
A3355	March 20, 1909	Alferi, Vincent	Italy	5	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3373	March 23, 1909	Jordan, John	New York	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3375	March 23, 1909	Johnson, Frank	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3376	March 23, 1909	Miles, John	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3388	March 24, 1909	Merritt, Timothy	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3419	March 29, 1909	Nolan, Joseph	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3442	April 1, 1909	Melville, John	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3457	April 5, 1909	Crownin, Frank	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3462	April 6, 1909	Fee, John	"	7	"	"	"	"	.....	Mother	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3463	April 6, 1909	Fee, Joseph	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A3478	April 8, 1909	Burke, James	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A3536	April 24, 1909	Schonmarck, Albert	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	Father	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3543	April 27, 1909	Deaver, Anthony	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3550	April 28, 1909	Leaborto, Michael	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3551	April 28, 1909	Leaborto, Joseph	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3552	April 28, 1909	Arnaiz, Edward	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	Tr. to Hos.
A3553	April 28, 1909	Arnaiz, William	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3564	May 1, 1909	Alger, Arthur	Boston	6	"	"	Prot.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3565	May 1, 1909	Alger, Alfred	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A3567	May 1, 1909	Giordano, Frank	New York	6	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	Tr. to Hos.
A3572	May 4, 1909	Eret, Stanislaus	Poland	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3575	May 4, 1909	Lestrange, William	New York	7	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	Mother	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3585	May 6, 1909	Hallock, Charles	"	5	"	"	cm pf	.....	.....	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3586	May 6, 1909	Hallock, Robert	"	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3617	May 14, 1909	Mansfield, Michael	"	5	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3620	May 14, 1909	Cashunolli, Joe	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	Mother	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3652	May 22, 1909	Finn, Maurice	"	5	"	"	"	.....	.....	Both	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3654	May 22, 1909	Campbell, Peter	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	Father	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3694	May 28, 1909	Burton, William	"	5	"	"	cm pf	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3701	June 1, 1909	D'Alzilo, Joseph	"	6	"	"	Cath.	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	On Trial
A3702	June 1, 1909	D'Alzilo, Frederick	"	4	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	.....	.....	.....	"
A3713	June 2, 1909	Burke, Edward	"	8	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	Both	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3734	June 8, 1909	Doherty, Thomas	"	7	"	"	"	Letters	.....	"	"	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3737	June 8, 1909	Pontromoli, Frank	"	6	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....
A3751	June 10, 1909	Snow, James	N. F'dland	3	"	"	"	.....	.....	"	.....	"	"	.....	.....	.....

A3752	June 10, 1909	Snow, John	N. F'dland	5	Brooklyn	Good	Cath.			Both		Committed	"			
A3762	June 12, 1909	McGrath, Joseph	New York	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A3774	June 15, 1909	Rizzuto, Vincent	"	6	"	"	"			Mother		"				On Trial
A3775	June 15, 1909	Rizzuto, Tony	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			"
A3785	June 17, 1909	Duguame, William	Ireland	5	"	"	"			Both	Both	"	"			
A3789	June 18, 1909	Arundle, Alfred	New York	6	"	"	"	Letters		"		"	"			
A3812	June 22, 1909	Comarsack, George	"	4	"	"	"			"	Father	"	"			
A3813	June 22, 1909	Comarsack, John	"	5	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
A3814	June 22, 1909	Comarsack, Walter	"	2	"	"	"			"		"				
A3832	June 26, 1909	Guida, Frank	N. Jersey	2	"	"	"			"		"				On Trial
A3834	June 28, 1909	De Lemmo, Casino	New York	5	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A3843	June 28, 1909	McGetterick, Frank	"	4	"	"	"			Both		"				
A3846	June 29, 1909	O'Shea, Thomas	"	3	"	"	"			"		"				On Trial
A3858	July 1, 1909	O'Hara, Matthew	"	5	"	"	"					"				
A3888	July 13, 1909	Gillespie, Thomas	Mass.	7	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A3893	July 14, 1909	Van Voort, Harry	New York	2	"	"	cm pf			Both	Mother	"				
A3894	July 14, 1909	McHugh, George	"	6	"	"	Cath.			"		"				On Trial
A3899	July 15, 1909	Aragonia, Frank	"	4	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A3911	July 19, 1909	Reilly, Clifford	"	7	"	"	"	Letters		Both		"				
A3941	July 29, 1909	Hassellman, John	"	7	"	"	"	"		Mother		"				On Trial
A3949	July 30, 1909	Burns, William	"	5	"	"	"			Father	Father	"	"			
A4038	Sept. 2, 1909	Pezzto, Pasquale	"	7	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A4039	Sept. 2, 1909	Pezzto, Thomas	"	4	"	"	"					"				
A4055	Sept. 8, 1909	Jolingolia, Joseph	Italy	7	"	"	"	Letters		Both	Father	"	"			
A4056	Sept. 8, 1909	Jolingolia, Carl	"	5	"	"	"			"	"	"				
A4059	Sept. 8, 1909	Stoptick, Henry	New York	3	"	"	"			Mother		"				On Trial
A4061	Sept. 8, 1909	Nagle, Charles	"	5	"	"	"			Both	Father	"				"
A4062	Sept. 8, 1909	Nagle, Thomas	"	3	"	"	"			"	"	"	"			
A4064	Sept. 8, 1909	Quigg, Bernard	"	7	"	"	"	Letters		Father		"	"			
A4076	Sept. 9, 1909	Artese, George	"	3	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A4080	Sept. 11, 1909	Reilly, Edward	"	3	"	"	"			Mother		"	"			
A4097	Sept. 17, 1909	Biot, George	"	2	"	"	"			Father		"	"			
A4105	Sept. 18, 1909	Good, Samuel	"	5	"	"	"			"		"	"			
A4114	Sept. 20, 1909	Morse, John	"	8	"	"	"	Letters		Mother		"	"			
A4126	Sept. 22, 1909	Drew, Philip	"	7	"	"	"	"		Both		"	"			
A4127	Sept. 22, 1909	Steisi, Andrew	"	6	"	"	cm pf			"	Father	"	"			

JUNIORS REC'D IN INSTITUTION, WESTCHESTER CO., FROM OCT. 1ST, 1908, TO SEPT. 30TH, 1909

Reception Number	When Received	Name	Place of Nativity	Age When admitted	Residence	Health when Admitted	Religion of Parents	State of Education When admitted	Religious Instruction When admitted	Parents Living	Parents Intemperate	Committed Transferred or Intrusted	Remaining	Discharged	Absconded	Sent to Service, etc.
WESTCHESTER COUNTY	Oct. 14, 1908	Ferraro, Flory	New York	5	N. Roch'le	Good	Cath.			Father		Committed				
	Oct. 15, 1908	Halvey, John	"	8	Yonkers	"	"	Letters		Both		"	"			
	Jan. 13, 1909	Barrelli, Franklin	"	2	Harrison	"	"			"		"	"			
	Feb. 4, 1909	Larzarko, William	"	7	Yonkers	"	"	Letters				"	"			
	Feb. 4, 1909	Larzarko, Peter	"	6	"	"	"	"				"	"			
	March 5, 1909	Moschini, Edward	"	6	N. Roch'le	"	"			Both	Father	"	"			
	March 19, 1909	Patterson, Kenneth	"	3	Yonkers	"	Prot.			Father		"				On Trial
	April 7, 1909	Wray, Arthur	"	7	Mamar'ck	"	Cath.			Both	Mother	"	"			
	May 10, 1909	Webster, Walter	W. Indies	6	P. Chester	"	Prot.			"		"	"			
	May 13, 1909	Delahanty, Edward	New York	6	Rye	"	Cath.			"	Both	"	"			
	May 14, 1909	Regan, Arthur	"	7	P. Chester	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	June 18, 1909	Coleman, Glen	"	5	Larchm'nt	"	Prot.			Both	Father	"	"			
	July 15, 1909	Weir, Robert	"	9	P. Chester	"	"			Mother		"	"			
	July 15, 1909	Weir, David	"	6	"	"	"			"		"	"			
	July 15, 1909	Weir, William	"	4	"	"	"			"		"	"			
	August 2, 1909	Aiellio, Joseph	"	3	Harrison	"	Cath.			Father		"	"			

Form of Bequest.

I HEREBY GIVE, DEVISE AND BEQUEATH unto the NEW YORK CATHOLIC PROTECTORY .....

.....

.....

(Here state the amount of Money or describe the Property, if Real Estate.)

.....

.....

.....

to have and to hold unto said Society forever, for the purposes for which it is incorporated, or for any other purposes which it may hereafter be authorized to accomplish.

.....

.....

FIFTY-NINTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MANAGERS

OF THE

Syracuse State Institution

FOR

Feeble-Minded Children

For the Year 1909

PART I

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE APRIL 8, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

MANAGERS

Hon. Walter W. Cheney, Mrs. Charles E. Crouse,
Ralph S. Bowen, Esq., Rt. Rev. P. A. Ludden,
Mead V. Z. Belden, Esq., Edward S. Van Duyn, M. D.,
William W. Wiard, Esq.,

Ex-officio Manager
Hon. Andrew S. Draper, LL. D., Commissioner of Education.

President Board of Managers
Hon. W. W. Cheney.

Secretary
Mrs. Charles E. Crouse.

Treasurer
James C. Carson, M. D.

Executive Committee
Hon. W. W. Cheney, William W. Wiard, Esq.,
Dr. Edward S. Van Duyn.

Committee on Personal Property, Visitation and Inspection
Mr. Belden, Mr. Bowen.

Committee on Education
Dr. Van Duyn, Mrs. Crouse.

Committee on Inmates
Mrs. Crouse, Bishop Ludden.

Committee on Employees
Mr. Wiard, Mr. Belden.

Committee on Buildings and Grounds
Mr. Bowen, Mr. Wiard.

Committee on Farm
Bishop Ludden, Mr. Cheney.

Committee on Auditing and Treasurer's Accounts
Mr. Cheney, Dr. Van Duyn,
Mr. Wiard.

OFFICERS

Superintendent

JAMES C. CARSON, M. D.

Steward

W. B. FARRINGTON.

Assistant Physician

SCHUYLER P. RICHMOND, M. D.

Matron

Miss LOUISE C. RICHARDS.

Assistant Matrons

Miss FRANCES C. CRAWFORD, Miss FLORA E. MARTIN.

Matron's Assistants

Mrs. ROSINA PRUYN, Miss ALIDA B. PLANT.

Housekeeper

Mrs. JOSEPHINE M. COMSTOCK.

Teachers

Miss MARY E. HOOVER,
Miss JULIA R. KENNEDY,
Miss ETHEL M. CRAWFORD,
Miss ELMA BROAD,
Miss EDA M. TERWILLEGER,
Miss K. FEATHERSTONE,
* Miss LELIA MARTINEAU,
Miss ELSIE M. COLLINS,
Miss GENETTA WILLIAMS,
Miss ELIZABETH PERSSON.

Stenographer

Miss JULIA E. CHURCH.

Bookkeeper

GEORGE W. SCISM.

Storekkeeper

NORRELL E. SMITH.

* Deceased.

STATE OF NEW YORK

No. 56.

IN ASSEMBLY

APRIL 8, 1910.

FIFTY-NINTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MANAGERS OF THE SYRACUSE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

To the Legislature of the State of New York:

Agreeably to the provisions of the act establishing this institution, the undersigned managers respectfully submit this their fifty-ninth annual report:

RESOURCES FOR THE YEAR.

Balance in bank October 1, 1908	$314 09
Receipts from State appropriations during fiscal year	103,300 63
Receipts from counties for clothing State pupils	9,515 66
Receipts from pay cases, board, instruction and clothing	2,009 29
Receipts from sale of productions of shop	9 85
Receipts from sale of farm products	806 60
Receipts from sale of old material	97 46
Receipts from miscellaneous	44 79
Total	$116,098 37

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid on account of maintenance	$103,598 55
Returned to Comptroller, chapter 572, Laws of 1899	12,483 65
Balance in bank October 1, 1909	16 17
Total	$116,098 37

CLASSIFIED SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES.

On current expense account of the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children for the year ending September 30, 1909:

*Salaries and wages	$43,440 77
Expenses of officers and managers	95 79
Provisions	24,243 14
Household stores	3,609 26
Clothing	4,351 21
Fuel and light	16,230 89
Hospital and medical supplies	828 52
Shop, farm and garden	7,200 27
Ordinary repairs	228 24
Transportation of inmates	139 99
Miscellaneous	3,230 47
Total	$103,598 55

ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Balance in cash	$16 17
Due from individuals for board, instruction and clothing	221 91
Due from counties for clothing	1,230 52
Due from State Treasurer on unexpended appropriations	3,797 49
Total assets	$5,266 09

* Includes $3,151.24 expended for salaries and wages of employees engaged in the manufacture of and repairs to clothing, and formerly charged to account of clothing.

The preceding tables present the financial operations of the institution for the fiscal year in the customary form which was adopted many years ago.

In the first table is shown the total receipts and their different sources. The several itemized accounts vary but slightly from the previous year and the total is therefore approximately the same, the difference being in favor of 1908 by a little over $100.

The second table shows the disbursements, and includes the amount $103,598.55 expended on account of maintenance, as also the total amount $12,483.65 received from various sources other than State appropriations, which, as required by law, was transmitted to the State Treasurer in monthly installments and then became available for maintenance by act of the Legislature, as a refund.

By the third table is shown the classified summary of expenditures in the form prescribed by the Fiscal Supervisor. These expenditures for the year, as compared with those for 1908, show an increase of $883.58 in salaries and wages; of $3.05 in expenses of officers and managers; of $404.90 in provisions; of $605.27 for fuel and light; of $29.73 for hospital and medical supplies; of $105.68 in transportation of inmates; and of $187.14 in miscellaneous; a decrease of $114.71 for household stores; of $870.73 for clothing; of $629.71 in shop, farm and garden; and of $84.88 for ordinary repairs, or a total amount of $519.22 in excess of that for 1908.

The special appropriations granted by the Legislature of 1909 were "For new school desks, typewriters, beds, and other furniture $2,000;" and "For repairs and equipment, including painting, change in the swing of outside doors in various buildings of the institution, and for better fire protection $3,000."

The expenditures under special appropriations included an unexpended amount from 1908 and the balance from 1909. They aggregated $5,529.84 and of this sum $600.95 was for developing, extending and maintaining industries. The remaining portion was expended in amounts as follows: For new floors $459.15; for new steel ceilings $143.40; for a new heating boiler at Fairmount cottage $231.27; for exterior painting to the main building and north wing $700; for a new cement floor in the cow stables,

refitting them and building an aerator room in connection therewith at the Fairmount farm $1,028.67; for reconstructing the fire alarm system throughout the buildings $247.83; for new plumbing improvements at the boys' building and the superintendent's residence $1,130.70; for a new refrigerator at the girls' building and one also at the hospital $289.05; for a new range at the superintendent's residence $80; and for general miscellaneous repairs and equipments $459.52.

The following are the items of special appropriations which were voted at the annual meeting in October to be requested of the next Legislature:

For replacing three old with two new 150 H. P. boilers, setting and connecting up same $7,500.

For constructing a high iron fence on the north and west sides of the premises $6,000.

For the reconstruction of the electric wiring throughout the institution as recommended by the superintendent of the Syracuse board of gas and electricity. Amount to be determined later.

For repairs and equipment, $6,000, including

At Fairmount, a reservoir for water; a gasolene engine for pumping water, and a house for the same.

A new mangle at the laundry.

Extending the stonewall fence to Harbor brook.

Steel ceilings.

Covering to steam pipes.

Screen doors and windows.

Relaying tile floor between south wing and laundry.

Improvements to the grounds.

School fixtures, supplies, etc.

The item for new boilers was fully explained in last year's report when an appropriation for the purpose was requested. The need of these boilers will be still further intensified next season after another year's use of the old ones. We believe it would be unsafe and unwise to longer defer this item.

The appropriation for a high iron fence was also requested last year and the board urged its need as follows: "A wall fence extends from Burnet Park along the entire eastern boundary of the institution premises and a short distance up Grand avenue along the southern boundary. A tight high board fence extends

the rest of the distance on Grand avenue and along the western boundary. On the northern line there is a barbed wire fence and a partial hedge. The board fence is getting old, tumbling down, and must soon be replaced in some manner. The barbed wire fence is of no practical use in keeping out either pilferers or mischievous boys, and from such persons the institution is in great need of protection."

An examination of the electric wiring in the institution was recently made by the superintendent of the Syracuse bureau of gas and electricity. He found much of the wiring and construction out of date and many changes were recommended. A copy of his report was forwarded to the State Architect who has been asked to send an engineer here from his office and furnish an estimate for reconstructing the work in accordance with modern plans and specifications.

At the October meeting it was also voted to recommend an appropriation of $95,000 for next year's maintenance and of an undetermined amount for additional maintenance for the present fiscal year. The cost of nearly everything has so increased within the past few years it is absolutely essential that maintenance appropriations should be materially raised in amount. Last year's amount was $91,000 as against $90,000 at present available for this year and, with deferred items of fully $2,000 carried forward from last year, it is evident that the amount for this year will prove insufficient and that from $5,000 to $10,000 more will be required.

For two years past in its annual reports this board has said: "There is a fast growing interest, to quite an extent among charity workers and especially so among teachers and principals of the public schools, in the need of a different training for feeble-minded and very backward children, one or more of whom are found in attendance at many of the schools throughout the State. These children drag along in a listless, inattentive way, make very little progress, are teased, tantalized and easily coaxed into mischief or wrong-doing by their brighter companions. Applications for such children are coming to us in steadily increasing numbers, from the sources mentioned. They are out of place in the public schools and should receive the training of an institution

or school especially adapted to the purpose. The reasons are many and obvious why such institutions should care for and instruct the two sexes separately and we believe when a new institution for the purpose is established it should be for boys alone. Then, as soon as put in readiness, all teachable boys at this institution should be removed to it and the remaining ones to the custodial institutions. This institution could then be left as a training school for feeble-minded girls. The location here is a desirable one for girls; it is not so for boys. The site is beautiful and pleasant but the acreage is limited and cannot be extended. It is ample for 500 girls, but boys need more territory both for recreation and occupation. We believe in a general provision of the State for all classes of its feeble-minded; we believe in schools for the young and teachable, and custodial institutions for the adult and unteachable, but whatever the purpose we believe all such institutions should provide for each sex separately and exclusively. In framing a further future policy for the needs of the feeble-minded we trust these recommendations will receive the careful consideration of the State Board of Charities and the Legislature."

As an outgrowth of the foregoing recommendation a joint meeting of the managers of the three institutions for feeble-minded, Newark, Syracuse and Rome, in conference with members of the State Board of Charities and a representative of the State Charities Aid Association was held at the Rome Asylum November 24, 1908. At this meeting it was agreed with practical unanimity that a complete separation of the sexes is desirable in all institutions for the care and treatment of the feeble-minded; that the female population at the Rome Asylum should be provided for at the Newark Asylum; that all of the boys at the Syracuse institution should then be transferred to the Rome Asylum; that the Syracuse institution should be transformed into a training school exclusively for girls; and that as soon as practicable thereafter a separate school department for boys should be provided at the Rome Asylum. In furtherance of this policy and the future welfare of the feeble-minded cared for at these institutions it is hoped that appropriations will be obtained at the approaching legislative session to provide new accommodation at

the Newark Asylum for the 275 females now at the Rome Asylum, to which this board stands ready to pledge its influence and united support.

W. W. CHENEY,
EDWARD S. VAN DUYN,
ALTA PEASE-CROUSE,
W. W. WIARD,
R. S. BOWEN,
M. V. Z. BELDEN,
P. A. LUDDEN.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER.

James C. Carson, treasurer of the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, in current account with the State of New York for cash received and expended for the general supplies and for salaries and wages of officers, teachers, attendants and other employees of said institution, etc., during the year ending September 30, 1909:

Resources for the Year.

Balance in bank October 1, 1908	$314 09
State appropriations for maintenance	103,300 63
Receipts from counties for clothing State pupils	9,515 66
Receipts from pay cases, board, instruction and clothing	2,009 29
Receipts from sale of productions of shops	9 85
Receipts from sale of farm products	806 60
Receipts from sale of old material	97 46
Miscellaneous	44 79
Total	$116,098 37

Disbursements.

Warrants of executive committee for month of October, 1908	$10,400 78
Warrants of executive committee for month of November, 1908	10,118 46
Warrants of executive committee for month of December, 1908	9,090 74
Warrants of executive committee for month of January, 1909	10,518 52
Warrants of executive committee for month of February, 1909	8,032 65
Warrants of executive committee for month of March, 1909	10,354 02

Warrants of executive committee for month of April, 1909	$9,376 10
Warrants of executive committee for month of May, 1909	8,091 52
Warrants of executive committee for month of June, 1909	8,026 22
Warrants of executive committee for month of July, 1909	7,332 85
Warrants of executive committee for month of August, 1909	7,486 87
Warrants of executive committee for month of September, 1909	4,769 82
	$103,598 55
Returned to Comptroller, chapter 580, Laws of 1899	12,483 65
Balance in bank October 1, 1909	16 17
Total	$116,098 37

There was received and expended under special appropriations, chapter 571 and chapter 578, Laws of 1907; chapter 466 and chapter 469, Laws of 1908; and chapter 461, Laws of 1909:

Appropriation for office safe, chapter 571, Laws of 1907, cash received from Comptroller	$12 80
Voucher paid	12 80
Appropriation for industries and their maintenance, chapter 578, Laws of 1907, cash received from Comptroller	$163 72
Vouchers paid, aggregating	163 72
Balance appropriation unexpended	$32 69

Appropriation for industries and their maintenance, chapter 466, Laws of 1908, cash received from Comptroller	$439 23
Vouchers paid, aggregating	439 23
Balance appropriation unexpended	$117 77

Appropriation for repairs and equipment, chapter 469, Laws of 1908, cash received from Comptroller	$3,595 42
Vouchers paid aggregating	3,595 42
Balance appropriation unexpended	$0 39

Appropriation for repairs and equipment, chapter 461, Laws of 1909, cash received from Comptroller	$1,174 17
Vouchers paid, aggregating	1,174 17
Balance appropriation unexpended	$1,825 83

Appropriation for typewriters, desks, etc., chapter 461, Laws of 1909, cash received from Comptroller	$146 50
Voucher paid	146 50
Balance appropriation unexpended	$1,853 50

Recapitulation.

Total of special appropriations received and expended during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909:

Appropriation for office safe, chapter 571, Laws of 1907	$12 80
Industries and maintenance, chapter 578, Laws of 1907	163 72
Industries and maintenance, chapter 466, Laws of 1908	439 23

Repairs and equipment, chapter 469, Laws of 1908.	$3,595 42
Repairs and equipment, chapter 461, Laws of 1909.	1,174 17
Typewriters, desks, etc., chapter 461, Laws of 1909.	146 50
Total	$5,531 84

Special unexpended appropriations still available, chapter 466 and chapter 469, Laws of 1908; and chapter 461, Laws of 1909:

Industries and maintenance, chapter 466, Laws of 1908.	$117 77
Repairs and equipment, chapter 469, Laws of 1908.	39
Repairs and equipment, chapter 461, Laws of 1909.	1,825 83
Typewriters, desks, etc., chapter 461, Laws of 1909	1,853 50
Total	$3,797 49

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Managers of the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children:

GENTLEMEN.— In accordance with the requirements of the law and your board I beg leave to submit the following report, exhibiting statistics and other matters connected with the administration of the affairs of the institution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1909:

MOVEMENT OF THE POPULATION.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total
Present at beginning of the year	255	269	524
Absent on vacation	19	12	31
Since admitted	36	40	76
Readmitted	1	3	4
Total for the year	311	324	635

	Boys.	Girls.	Total
Discharged	32	46	78
Died	0	1	1
Present at close of the year	264	267	531
Absent on vacation	15	10	25
Total on the rolls	279	277	556
Average daily attendance	259	258	517

Total number of weeks' board furnished to the pupils	26,993
Total cost of maintenance and instruction of pupils, including all expenses except clothing	$96,096 10
Cost of clothing	7,502 45
Total cost	$103,598 55

Average weekly cost of maintenance and instruction of pupils	$3 56
Average weekly cost, including clothing	3 84
Yearly per capita cost	200 38

The cause of death in the one who died during the year was valvular disease of the heart.

Hospital Record of Diseases Treated.

Abscesses	10
Adenitis	3
Blepharitis	3
Bronchitis, acute	30
Bronchitis, chronic	1
Bruises	5
Burns	3
Chilblains	4
Conjunctivitis, acute	13
Constipation, chronic	1
Cretinism-sporadic	1
Dysmenorrhoea	2
Eczema	6
Endocarditis	1
Enteritis	6
Epilepsy	2
Furunculosis	3
Gastritis, acute	36
Gingivitis	6
Herpes	4
Herpes zoster	1
Hysteria	1
Impetigo	1
Iritis	2
Jaundice, catarrhal	1
Malnutrition	1
Menorrhagia	2
Neuralgia, facial	1
Otitis, acute	2

Otitis, chronic	2
Pharyngitis	1
Phthisis pulmonalis	2
Pleurisy	1
Rheumatism, acute	4
Rhinitis, purulent	4
Ringworm	7
Scabies	23
Scarlatina	3
Sprain	6
Tonsillitis	17
Torticollis	2
Typhoid fever	1
Ulcer	3
Urticaria	9
Varicella	4
Wounds, incised	2
Unclassified	9
Under observation	58

Operations.

Adenoids and tonsils removed	2
Cataracts, congenital	2
Circumcisions	6

The following table presents the movement of pupils by counties for the year:

	Remaining Sept. 30, 1908.	Admitted.	Discharged.	Remaining Sept. 30, 1909.
Albany	14	3	3	14
Allegany	8	0	0	8
Broome	10	0	0	10
Cattaraugus	2	1	0	3
Cayuga	4	1	1	4
Chautauqua	4	1	0	5
Chemung	13	1	1	13
Chenango	3	0	0	3
Clinton	3	0	0	3

	Remaining Sept. 30, 1908.	Admitted.	Discharged.	Remaining Sept. 30, 1909.
Columbia	13	1	2	12
Cortland	2	0	0	2
Delaware	5	1	1	5
Dutchess	3	2	2	3
Erie	51	10	6	55
Essex	3	1	0	4
Franklin	0	1	0	1
Fulton	3	0	1	2
Genesee	3	0	0	3
Greene	0	0	0	0
Hamilton	0	0	0	0
Herkimer	2	0	0	2
Jefferson	14	4	1	17
Kings	30	4	5	29
Lewis	3	0	1	2
Livingston	4	0	0	4
Madison	6	0	1	5
Monroe	26	5	3	28
Montgomery . . .	5	0	0	5
Nassau	0	1	1	0
New York	102	10	20	92
Niagara	2	1	0	3
Oneida	25	5	3	27
Onondaga	30	3	4	29
Ontario	9	0	1	8
Orange	12	5	2	15
Orleans	0	0	0	0
Oswego	7	0	1	6
Otsego	14	2	2	14
Putnam	1	0	0	1
Queens	5	0	1	4
Rensselaer	14	2	2	14
Richmond	1	0	0	1
Rockland	5	0	1	4
St. Lawrence . .	11	1	3	9
Saratoga	6	0	1	5
Schenectady . . .	2	1	1	2

	Remaining Sept. 30, 1908.	Admitted.	Discharged.	Remaining Sept. 30, 1909.
Schoharie	3	2	0	5
Schuyler	2	0	1	1
Seneca	0	1	0	1
Steuben	11	2	1	12
Suffolk	2	1	0	3
Sullivan	6	0	0	6
Tioga	4	0	0	4
Tompkins	6	2	1	7
Ulster	9	0	0	9
Warren	4	2	2	4
Washington	4	0	1	3
Wayne	4	0	0	4
Westchester	13	2	2	13
Wyoming	2	0	0	2
Yates	5	1	0	6
	555	80	79	556

The matron presents the report of work done during the school hours by the following industrial classes:

SEWING CLASSES.

Class of Beginners.

Bands	35
Breadcloths	4
Handkerchiefs	295
Napkins	188
Towels	11

Boys' List.

Aprons, kitchen	56
Aprons, barber's	3
Bath cloths	49
Bibs	128
Caps, baker's	32
Collars	202

Doormats	35
Handkerchiefs	1,306
Holders	8
Neckties	186
Pillowcases	329
Pillowticks	39
Puzzles, sawed	42
Sheets	462
Towels	721
Towels, roller	246

Girls' List.

Aprons	125
Bags	11
Bands	18
Curtains, sash	14
Drawers, pairs	33
Dresses	399
Dresses repaired	33
Names on garments	58
Napkins	155
Nightdresses	220
Pillowcases	81
Sheets	76
Shirtwaists	9
Skirts, under	13
Tablecloths	20
Traycloths	6
Towels	219
Waists, under	3
Washcloths	29

Besides a large amount of crocheting, embroidery and other fancy work.

South Wing Sewing Room.

Drawers, pairs	87
Shirts	305
Skirts	135

Waists, boys'	132
Waists, girls'	94

And a large amount of mending.

Girls' Building List.

Aprons	71
Buttonholes, extra	2,595
Bands	269
Bibs	35
Curtains	8
Dishcloths	57
Drawers	129
Dresses	196
Dressing sack	1
Dustcloths	26
Garters, pairs	115
Holders	160
Handkerchiefs	120
Mattress covers	19
Napkins	288
New sleeves	162
Names sewed on	711
Nightdresses	48
Pillowcases	125
Sheets	80
Shirtwaists	21
Skirts	82
Skirts, under	36
Tablecloths	4
Underwaists	83
Washcloths	57

And a large amount of mending, crocheting, embroidery and other fancy work.

Boys' Tailoring List.

Aprons	4
Blankets	27

Cloaks	39
Coats	98
Coats relined	34
Jackets	17
Overalls	71
Suits	207
Suits repaired	18
Tablecloths	3
Trousers	341
Vests	4

Class at Hosemaking.

Boys' hose, pairs	511
Girls' hose, pairs	1,775
Hose refooted, pairs	1,994

All of the mending except at the girls' building.

Class at Shoemaking.

Shoes, pairs	15
Shoes, repaired, pairs	4,108

Also miscellaneous harness repairs.

Brush Shop, Fairmount.

Brushes, scrub, gross	12½

Sloyd Class.

Board, croquet	1
Boards, key	3
Boards, sleeve	3
Boxes, knife	1
Boxes, money	1
Brackets, corner	2
Cabinets, book	1
Desks, writing	2
Guns	14
Hangers, coat	3

Holders, broom	2
Holder, necktie	1
Holders, toothbrush	4
Racks, book	3
Racks, tool	7
Rests, back	1
Rollers, towel	4
Rulers	5
Sleigh, hand	1
Scraper, crumb	1
Stand, book	1
Stands, photograph	2
Tray, crumb	1
Trays, pen and ink	2

The steward reports the following as the products of the farm and garden for the year ending September 30, 1909:

Farm Produce.

Eggs:	
1,018 dozen eggs	$265 13
Meats:	
308 pounds chicken	62 65
224 pounds duck	42 62
136 pounds lard	13 60
6,408 pounds pork	530 86
Milk:	
148,484 quarts milk	5,410 22
Farm Foods:	
200 bushels beets, Swedes	40 00
350 bushels corn	122 50
150 tons ensilage	750 00
50 tons corn fodder	250 00
163 tons hay	2,006 00
650 bushels oats	371 00
30 tons straw	300 00
888 weeks pasturage	440 00

Sale of farm products	$826 10
Wood, stove and kindling, 50 cords	150 00
	$11,580 68

GARDEN PRODUCE.

98 bushels apples	$71 05
1,409 bunches asparagus	79 74
17 bushels lima beans	17 00
60 bushels string beans	51 45
94 bushels beets	32 40
57 bushels beet greens	14 25
83 bunches chive	3 87
237 quarts cherries	23 70
3,687 heads cabbage	207 33
104 bushels carrots	34 10
1,049 head cauliflower	73 58
2,013 heads celery	65 99
29 dozen cucumbers	24 80
22,335 pickling cucumbers	67 01
783 quarts currants	62 64
281 bushels sweet corn	140 50
43 dozens eggplant	48 25
745 pounds grapes	22 35
70 quarts gooseberries	4 20
520 dozen heads lettuce	330 85
3,003 bunches green onions	59 49
85 bushels late onions	72 85
270 bunches parsley	8 10
60 bushels parsnips	25 05
73 bushels green peas	67 00
24 dozen peppers	1 92
19 bushels pears	17 10
962 bunches pie plant	17 16
61 bushels plums	61 00
474 bushels potatoes	341 45
34 bushels prunes	35 00
2,205 bunches radishes	51 55

201 quarts raspberries	$26 82
32 bunches sage	1 60
74 bunches spinach	29 60
41 bushels summer squash	13 50
3,223 pounds winter squash	128 92
305 quarts strawberries	24 40
287 bushels tomatoes	125 10
54 bushels turnips	21 60
17 bushels vegetable oysters	10 20
Total	$14,095 15

The total number of applications for admission during the year was 183, or four less than for 1908. Of this number 103 were for boys and 80 for girls, the proportion for girls being distinctly greater than usual and probably due to the fact that vacancies for girls existed and which was known to some extent by officials in certain of the more populous counties. Of the applications received 86 were accepted and placed on file and 97 rejected. Of those rejected 45 were thought to be unteachable, 19 were epileptic, 4 were paralyzed, 5 were helpless, 13 were over and 7 under the admissible age, 3 were both epileptic and over the admissible age, and one was vicious and incorrigible but not feeble-minded. It will be seen by the rejections made that the policy suggested by the State Board of Charities two years ago was even more strictly enforced than during the previous year. In spite of the extra precautions taken, however, several unteachable children were received, their application blanks being incorrectly filled out, or their intelligence and qualifications being overestimated by their friends or medical examiners.

There were admitted during the year 36 boys and 40 girls and one boy and three girls were readmitted, making a total of 80 as compared with 75 for 1908. The total number of pupils on the rolls was 635, or 18 more than for the previous year. The maximum number present at any time was 541, and the minimum, which occurred during the summer vacation, was 440.

The number discharged during the year was 78, of whom 32 were boys and 46 girls, and one girl died, making a total of 79

discharges, or 17 more than in 1908. Of the girls discharged 30 were transferred to the Newark Asylum, 2 to the Rome Asylum, 2 to Craig Colony, 1 to a State hospital for the insane, 11 were removed by parents, and 1 died. Of the boys discharged 11 were transferred to the Rome Asylum, 2 to Craig Colony, 1 to a State hospital for the insane, 16 were removed by parents, and 2 eloped. Every opportunity offered for the transfer of the older and unteachable ones to the custodial institutions was taken and a considerably greater number of transfers would have been effected except for the fire which destroyed one of the large buildings at the Rome Asylum last November. For the same reason it will hardly be possible to make additional transfers to the Rome institution for yet another year. As our departments are now filled, our doors must therefore be closed to the further admission of boys, except as vacancies occur, until the buildings at Rome are reconstructed and made ready for occupancy.

The health of the institution population for the year was remarkably good and but little sickness at any time prevailed. On February 6th a boy was found with scarlet fever. He was at once isolated in one of the private rooms at the hospital. On March 4th a second boy was discovered with the disease. The city health authorities were then notified and consented to receive both boys at the city scarlet fever hospital. On March 10th a third boy was likewise affected, and he too was sent to the city hospital. No other cases appeared, and the three boys made good recoveries without sequelæ. At the time scarlet fever was quite prevalent throughout the city, but by what means it was brought into the institution we are entirely without knowledge. All three boys belonged to the same class, but no one of them had been off the premises for several months previous. The action of the city health authorities in receiving the cases at the quarantine hospital was very much appreciated and probably saved us from a severe epidemic.

In June an isolated case of typhoid fever was diagnosed in a little girl at the main building. The disease was mild in character and ran a short course.

But one death occurred throughout the year and that one a little girl ten years old, from disease of the heart. This was the

first year since 1872 (thirty-seven years ago) when but a single death occurred.

The repairs and improvements effected during the year were many and varied much in character. The carpenter with those assisting him, besides making general repairs to walks, roofs, fences, locks, windows, furniture, farm implements, etc., replanked three stalls in the stable, put a new roof on the ladder-house, laid new flooring in the parlors, the matron's, stenographer's, and assistant physician's rooms, in the halls at the girls' building, the north wing, in two lavatories, and the main hall of the boys' building; put on new steel ceilings in the northeast dormitory, the north third floor and south basement hall in the main building, the large second floor dormitory for boys over the west schoolroom and the hall leading to it, and the sewing-room in the south wing. Besides there were made new steps to the refrigerator and cellar stairs at the girls' building, outside steps to the main building kitchen, a door frame and wardrobe at the superintendent's residence, new steps for the west porch, six new window frames at the cow stables, and a bread box, a hay rack, and four night shirt racks for Fairmount farm; also five vegetable crates, one porch box for plants, two ironing boards and one wagon box. The floor at the stable for washing wagons, and the frame work for the scales at the boiler-house were entirely reconstructed.

As usual the painter and a boy trained to assist him were kept steadily employed and, besides the resetting of all broken window glass, kalsomining, bronzing radiators, varnishing and refinishing floors, etc., repainted portions of the buildings as follows: The stormhouse and refrigerator room, three dormitories and the dining-room at the girls' building; the interior of the greenhouses, of the north tenant-house at Fairmount, of rooms 13, 14, 15, 16 and 21, the south hall first floor, the two parlors, the north hall first and second floors, the center schoolroom and the officers' dining-room in the main building; of the lavatory and three toilet-rooms at the superintendent's residence; of bathrooms 65 and 66, the assistant physician's room, and room 60 at the boys' building; of the kitchen, dining-room, boys' washroom, and the toilet-rooms at the farmhouse; of the sitting-room at the gate-house; the roofs of the west rear extension, the north and south

The Holstein Herd

basement entrances, the north and south toilets of the main building; of the corridor between the boys' building and north wing and that between the south wing and laundry; of the music hall building, and the water closet buildings in the grove; the exterior of the stable; the window frames at the Fairmount cow stable; the three sets of doors at the boiler-house; the ceiling of the manager's room; a wagon, and three carriages. Other work accomplished in this connection was the repapering of the stenographer's, the head teacher's, the steward's rooms, and the two parlors at the main building; also the north tenant-house at Fairmount.

The engineer rewired the institution fire alarm system, fitted out with new and improved alarm boxes and attached a whistle at the boiler-house as a call for the men who might be at work in the garden or elsewhere in the event of an outbreak of fire in the daytime. He also installed new radiators in the main building parlors and a teacher's room on the third floor.

The gardener with a party of boys who assist him laid 40 feet of new cement walk near the shoe shop, 125 feet of new paved gutters on the roadway to the west above the boys' building, and over 300 square feet of cement floor in the main greenhouse.

For the past two years all farms and gardens in this locality have suffered much from severe and prolonged drought. The drought last year began about August 1st, this year the middle of June and continues up to the present writing in November, no rain having fallen since June sufficient to penetrate the soil for more than two or three inches. As a result the value of our farm and garden products has materially declined, as for instance the total value in 1907 was $16,365.75, in 1908, $16,143.84; in 1909, $14,095.15. The farm and garden product loss is more or less noted in many items but especially so during the past year in the milk product, the loss in that item being over 20,000 quarts, as shown by the report for 1908.

In the matter of milk it is gratifying to state that our stable and herd of cows were inspected June 29th last by the dairy inspector for the Syracuse bureau of health, who gave us a rating of 95 per cent. out of a possible 100, that rating being exceeded by only two or three dairies in all the locality hereabouts supply-

ing the city of Syracuse with milk. In making up the rate one point was deducted for insufficient light, one for slight staining of the walls near the floor in the stable, two for storing the milk and one for transporting it at too high a temperature. The deduction of the last three points was due to a restricted use of ice, which condition we are unable to remedy with our present storage facilities. Since the inspection was made six more windows have been put in the stable, much increasing the light, so that to-day, *pari passu,* if rating was made it would stand at 96 per cent. instead of 95 per cent. Excepting the above-mentioned points all others were rated perfect, as follows: Cows — their condition, health, cleanliness, and water supply; stables — their construction, ventilation, cubic space per cow, removal of manure, stable yard; milkhouse — its construction, equipment, cleanliness, care and cleanliness of utensils, and temperature of water supply; milkers and milking — the health of attendants and cleanliness of milking; handling of the milk — its prompt and efficient cooling. In this connection we quote from the report of the inspector for the State Board of Charities, who made a visit and inspection of the farm on September 18th last, as follows: "At Fairmount farm the cow barns, farm yard drainage and toilets have received special attention. The inspection finds every evidence of watchfulness on the part of the management to maintain hygienic conditions. The farm continues as before under the direction of Mr. Bristow and his wife, who seem peculiarly well fitted for the care and management of the patients. The household affairs are well planned. The beds and bedding and the rooms throughout were found well ordered and clean."

To relieve the monotony of the daily routine institution life of the pupils entertainments were provided during the year as follows: On October 5th and 20th, stereopticon exhibitions by Mr. Fred C. Nye of Syracuse; on October 30th, a Halloween party dance in costume; on November 2d, songs and recitations by Mr. Edward Brigham; on December 23d, a play entitled "A Christmas Plot," with carols and recitations by selected pupils; on January 19th, some theatricals; on January 25th, a talk on the Indians by Mr. C. E. Lindley; on February 16th, music and recitations by Prof. and Mrs. H. M. Tilroe; on March 29th, a musicale by

The New Cow Stables.

Prof. Alfred Kuenzlin, violinist, Mr. Andrew J. Speich, pianist, and Mrs. Sauter Lee, soprano; on April 20th, a fancy dress dancing party; on May 4th, a musicale by Mr. Herbert Rand, violinist, Miss Mary N. Perrin, pianist, and Miss Grace P. Cooper, soprano; on June 3d, a steropticon lecture by Rev. John F. Dobbs; on June 28th, music by the Alumini Mandolin Club of Syracuse; on July 4th, a ball game and lawn party, with refreshments in the afternoon and a display of fireworks in the evening; and by special dancing parties in charge of the teachers upon twelve different evenings during the months of December, January, February, March and April. Besides the above, picnic parties and outings were arranged for the working girls during the summer season, and in September tickets were secured for the boys at the Fairmount farm and they were given their annual opportunity of attending the State fair. In the winter time, while the snow was on, sleighing parties were arranged from day to day until all able to be out were given a few hours' sleighride about the city and the adjacent country.

In accordance with the custom which has prevailed for many years the institution was opened to public visitors on thirty-five Friday afternoons while the school was in progress. Upon these occasions visitors were given an opportunity to see the industrial rooms, inspect the pupils' work therein, then were conducted to the hall, where special school classes were exhibited — calisthenics, dancing and other exercises to show proficiency in training. The total attendance at these Friday exercises was 2,154 or an average of about 62.

Besides these, visitations by public officials were made as follows: On October 14th, by a committee of the board of supervisors of Erie county; on October 22d, by the Hon. Stanley Milward, a member of the State Board of Control, Kentucky; on October 30th, by Hon. William R. Stewart, President, and Dr. Stephen Smith, Commissioner of the State Board of Charities; on November 11th, by Hon. C. M. Bissell, Fiscal Supervisor; on December 10th, a second visit by Dr. Stephen Smith, Commissioner of the State Board of Charities; on January 22d, by a committee of the board of supervisors of Westchester county; on April 30th, by Prof. Edwin L. Earp of Syracuse University and

his class in sociology; on May 27th, by a committee of the board of supervisors of Chautauqua county; on June 2d, by the Hon. C. M. Bissell, Fiscal Supervisor.

We hereby make public acknowledgment to the publishers of the following periodicals which were gratuitously sent throughout the year: "Rochester Advocate," Rochester, N. Y.; "The North Star," Faribault, Minn.; "The Charitable Observer," Lincoln, Ill.; "The Training School" and "Supplement," Vineland, N. J., and the bulletin of the "Iowa State Institutions."

Our thanks are also extended to many friends and parents of our children for contributions of money, fruits, candies, nuts, toys, dolls, etc., at the Christmas season. The pleasure and happiness imparted to our pupils by these gifts could only be appreciated by being present at their distribution and witnessing the beaming faces of the children on Christmas day.

Within the past six years 467 discharges and 483 admissions have occurred. A large proportion of those discharged belonged to the adult and unteachable classes and were transferred to the custodial asylums. In their places have been received a younger and more teachable element. As a result the classes in the schoolrooms have grown larger and more unwieldy, while the corps of teachers has remained the same in number. Our application made to the financial authority more than a year ago for an allowance sufficient to employ two more teachers was met by the response that the funds available for the support of the institution would not warrant any increase in the payroll. At that time it was felt more teachers were imperatively needed, which is now further intensified by the eighty fresh admissions of the year last past. In spite of all this, however, the year's school work has been reasonably satisfactory, and we believe its results will compare favorably with other annual periods. The teachers have shown diligence, faithfulness, and an element of enthusiasm which is a *sine qua non* to success in the training of the feebleminded. Among the new features introduced were lace making, and raffia basketry for a class of boys. For the lace making a frame was secured, and after several weeks' application a teacher acquired the process, and she has since succeeded in teaching one girl to perform the work. The process is so complicated and

Boy's Class at Raffia Basketry.

requires so much patience and effort to learn it that we doubt if many of our girls can acquire it successfully and satisfactorily enough to make it an industry worth pushing very extensively. For several years past a class of girls has been doing raffia basketry, but believing that boys would be interested in it too, a class was organized some months ago and now seems to show fully as much pride and pleasure in its products as does the girls' class. A gun drill has also been added to the boys' calisthenic class which we have reason to believe will prove a pleasing feature. In this connection it is well to know that the guns used in the drill were all made of wood by the class in sloyd.

We are frequently asked what are the purposes sought and the results obtained in the training and education of the feeble-minded. Upon this subject and in answer to such inquiries my views were expressed in the report for 1885 in such form that I trust they will bear repetition at this time: "It is becoming more and more the purpose in all institutions of this kind to incline the methods of training, so far as practicable, toward some form of industrial occupation. It must be recognized that this large class whom we instruct, care and provide for, is, if left to themselves, an extremely dependent and helpless one. They are brought here in youth mainly, but each year of their lives they are growing toward maturity, and many of our numbers have already passed the age when they ought no longer to be kept within the confines of a schoolroom. They are, of course, as compared with normal humanity, short-lived, yet a large number pass well into the years of adult life and not a few into ripe manhood and womanhood. It is to make them of some use to themselves or to the world after their maturity that we must apply our efforts at teaching. We cannot make of them scholars or skilled artisans able to go out into the world and compete with ordinary mortals, but we can teach many of them, the boys, to be useful in the shops at trades, in the garden with tools, or on the farm at manual labor; and the girls in the laundry, the bakery, the kitchen, or with the needle, the brush, or the broom. Besides all this there are many as they reach maturity who can be taught to become exceedingly useful in the care of their more helpless kind. By this we do not mean to imply that we are disposed to convert our

schoolrooms into shops and tradesrooms. For the children and youthful portion we believe there cannot be any substitution worthy of consideration devised to take the place of the schoolroom, but we would so harmonize and combine schoolroom instruction with industrial training that the step from the former to the latter may be made easy and pleasant. In short, the *future* of these unfortunates should be kept in the foreground of all methods, so that when they are men and women grown they are not abandoned and left as simply 'cumberers of the earth' but helpers of each other, of their friends or parents, or of the State, the parent and guardian of us all."

In concluding this report after a service as the superintendent of this institution for a full quarter of a century, it gives me unbounded pleasure to feel that I have always had the esteem and confidence of its board of managers. To this statement the assurances given me the past year by your president and others of your board have been no exception, and for which and for your valuable counsel and co-operation my thanks are most heartily extended. The officers and employees too, with but few exceptions, have given another year's loyal and faithful service without which but little success could have been attained. Relying upon them for a continuance of the same and upon you for advice, guidance, and support, I look forward to another year with renewed hope and confidence. The sole aim of my life for the past twenty-five years in conducting the affairs of the institution has been to carry out its purposes with credit, honor, and fidelity, and, as far as possible in my power, to impress this duty and obligation upon all subordinates and employees generally. Such will continue my constant purpose for what must be a much shorter period of time to follow and to the end.

JAMES C. CARSON,
Superintendent.

Syracuse, N. Y., November 29, 1909.

Daily Order of School Exercises.

CLASSES.	9 to 9:20 A. M.	9:20 to 10 A. M.	10 to 10:40 A. M.	11 to 11:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.	2:30 to 3:15 P. M.	3:15 to 4 P. M.
Miss Broad.	General assemblage, marching, prayer and singing	Singing.	Writing and basketry.	Writing.	Numbers, 1st grade.	Fancy work.	Fancy work.
Miss Collins.		Writing and spelling.	Calisthenics.	Piano for calisthenics.	Writing.	Calisthenics.	Maps and current topics.
Miss Crawford.		Fourth reader.	Words and articulation.	Card sewing.	Piano for calisthenics.	Numbers, 4th grade.	Dancing.
Miss Featherstone.		Articulation.	First and second reader.	Advanced calisthenics.	Writing.	Numbers, 2d grade.	Sewing.
Miss Hoover.				Writing.	Writing.	Sewing.	Numbers, 1st grade.
Miss Kennedy.		Primer and first reader.	Primer and first reader.	Writing and numbers.	Calisthenics.	Numbers, 3d grade.	Piano for dancing.
Miss Martineau.		Primer and articulation.	Drawing and bead work.	Drawing.	Drawing.	Numbers, 1st grade.	Calisthenics.
Miss Terwilleger.		Chart and primer.	Third reader.	Writing.	Weaving.	Numbers, 4th grade.	Weaving.
Miss Williams.		Second reader.	Calisthenics.	Writing and card sewing.	Writing.	Singing.	Numbers, 1st grade
Miss Enright.	Form and color, puzzles and objects, miscellaneous.						
Miss Hayes and Miss O'Brien.	Boys. Hand and machine sewing, shirt making, tailoring and matmaking.						
Miss Erwin and Miss Higgins.	Girls. Hand and machine sewing, cutting, dressmaking, knitting and fancy work.						
Miss Ryan.	Girls. Ironing.						
Miss Persson.	Boys. Sloyd, Tuesday and Thursday, 9 to 11 A. M.; Saturday, 9 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.						

By-laws of the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.

(Revised December 9, 1908.)

Article I.

Of the Managers.

The managers shall have the general direction and control of all the property and concerns of the institution, not otherwise provided for by law, and shall take charge of its general interests, maintain an effective inspection of the affairs and management of the institution, and see that its general designs be carried into effect, and everything done faithfully according to the requirements of the Legislature, and the by-laws, rules and regulations of the institution. They shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be paid their actual and reasonable traveling and other expenses, to be paid by the treasurer on the rendering of their accounts.

Article II.

Meetings of the Board.

The regular meetings of the board shall be held monthly at the institution, on the second Wednesday of each month, at three o'clock P. M.

Article III.

Of Elections.

At the meeting in October in each and every year, the officers of the board, who shall be a president to preside in the absence of the State Commissioner of Education, a secretary, a treasurer, and an executive committee, consisting of three of the managers, shall be chosen by ballot.

Article IV.

Of the Order of Business.

At the regular meetings of the board, the order of business shall be as follows:

1. Reading the minutes of the last meeting.
2. Report of the executive committee.

3. Reports of the general committees.
4. Report of the treasurer.
5. Report of the superintendent.
6. Reports of special committees.
7. Resolutions.
8. Miscellaneous business.

Article V.

Of the Executive Committee.

The members of the executive committee shall meet at the institution on the second Wednesday of every month, at such hour as they may from time to time appoint. They shall have the general charge of the interests of the institution in all matters which may arise between the meetings of the board; shall see that all resolutions of the managers are promptly carried into effect; they shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings in a book prepared for that purpose and kept in the institution, and present the same at the meeting of the board, and they shall perform such other duties as may be delegated to them by the board. They shall have the power of calling extra meetings of the board. They shall prepare the annual report and submit the same for the approbation of the board at its meeting in October.

Article VI.

Of the General Committees.

The general committees shall be as follows:

Auditing and treasurer's accounts, three members.

Buildings and grounds, two members.

Farm, two members.

Education, two members.

Inmates, two members.

Personal property, visitation and inspection, two members appointed quarterly.

Employees, two members.

The general committees shall be appointed by the president annually in October unless otherwise specified. Each shall have direct supervision over its particular subject and in case of dis-

puted jurisdiction, the president shall decide as to which general committee a subject shall be referred. Each general committee shall report upon its work, or upon any special matter referred to it, to the board of managers and shall make an annual report to the board of managers at its meeting in October.

Article VII.

Of the Secretary.

The Secretary shall keep minutes of the proceedings of the board, and record them in a book kept for that purpose, and shall perform such other duties as the board shall assign him. He shall also notify the managers of all meetings of the board.

Article VIII.

Of the Treasurer.

The treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys, bonds, notes, mortgages and other securities and obligations belonging to the institution; collect all moneys due, and receive all appropriations, gifts and legacies made or bequeathed to the institution and deposit the same in some safe bank; he shall pay all debts and bills according to the estimates approved by the fiscal supervisor and as audited by the auditing and treasurer's accounts committee, and keep full and accurate accounts of all his collections, receipts and payments. He shall render to the executive committee semi-annual statements of his receipts and payments; balance his books of account annually, on the first day of October, and upon the day of the annual meeting make and deliver to said committee a statement of such balance, showing the receipts and payments of the past year.

Article IX.

Of the Superintendent.

The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer of the institution. He shall have the general superintendence of the buildings, grounds and farm, together with their furniture, fixtures and stock, and the direction and control of all persons employed in and about the same, subject to the laws and regulations established by the managers. He shall have the appoint-

ment of his coresident officers, with power to assign them their respective duties, subject to the by-laws. He shall employ, subject to the supervision of the board of managers, such teachers, attendants and assistants as he may think proper and necessary for the economical and efficient carrying into effect of the design of the institution, prescribe their several duties and places, and may discharge any of them. He shall also from time to time, give such orders and instructions as he may judge best calculated to induce good conduct, fidelity and economy in any department of labor and expense, and he is authorized and enjoined to maintain salutary discipline among all who are employed by the institution, and to enforce strict compliance with such instructions and uniform obedience to all the rules and regulations of the institution. He shall further cause full and fair accounts and records of all his doings, and of the entire business and operations of the institution, together with the condition and prospects of the pupils, to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books provided for that purpose; and he shall see that all such accounts and records shall be fully made up the first days of April and October in each year, and that the principal facts and results, with his report thereon, be presented to the board at its semi-annual meetings. The exercise of the foregoing powers shall be subject to the approval of the managers, except as herein otherwise provided. He shall conduct the official correspondence of the institution; shall, at the time of the admission of any pupil into the institution, enter in a book, to be provided and kept for that purpose, a minute, with date, of the name and residence of the pupil, and of the person or persons upon whose application he is received; together with a copy of the application, statement, certificate, and all other papers accompanying such pupil; the originals of which he shall file and carefully preserve. And he shall be accountable for the careful keeping and economical use of all furniture, stores and other articles provided for the institution, and prepare and present to the board at its annual meeting, a true and perfect inventory of all the personal property and effects belonging to the institution. He may make arrangements subject to the approval of the managers, for the support, maintenance and clothing of pupils admitted to the institution; and should

immediately, on the reception of any State pupil, give notice thereof to the clerk of the board of supervisors of the county from which the pupil was sent.

He shall also give notice of the discharge of a pupil by the managers, to the person and in the mode described by law; and shall see to the removal and delivery of such discharged pupil to the proper county and officer.

Article X.

Of the Pupils.

The design and objects of the institution, as established by the action of the Legislature, are not of a custodial character; but to furnish the means of education to that portion of the youth of the State not provided for in any of its other educational institutions. Those only will, therefore, be received into the institution who are of a proper school-attending age, and for such periods of time as shall, in the estimation of the board of managers, suffice to impart all the education practicable in each particular case, and in conformity with the regulations hereinafter specified.

Children between the ages of seven and fourteen, who are feeble-minded, or so deficient in intelligence as to be incapable of being educated at any ordinary school, and who are not epileptic, paralyzed, helpless, insane or greatly deformed, may be admitted by the superintendent, with the advice and consent of the executive committee. Applications in behalf of others shall be referred to the action of the board of managers.

The parents or next friends of those in whose behalf applications are made for admission as pupils, shall make answers in writing to such questions as the superintendent and committee shall prescribe. They shall, moreover, if of sufficient ability, engage to pay such reasonable sum for the education and support of the pupils, and to furnish them with such proper clothing while in the institution, as shall be stipulated by the superintendent, and they shall, in all cases, be bound to receive them back when required, free of expense to the institution. But no feeble-minded pupil shall be received into the institution without there shall have been first lodged, with the superintendent

thereof, a request to that effect, under the hand of the person by whose direction he is sent, stating the age, and place of nativity, if known, of the feeble-minded one, the Christian and surname, the town, or city, and county in which he resides, the ability or otherwise of the pupil, his parents or guardians, to provide for his support, in whole or in part, and if in part only, in what part; and the degree of relationship, or other circumstance of connection between him and the person requesting his admission, which statement shall be verified in writing, by the oath of two disinterested persons, residents of the same county with the feeble-minded one, acquainted with the facts and circumstances so stated, and certified to be creditable by the county judge of the same county. And no feeble-minded pupil shall be received into said institution unless the county judge of the county liable for his support shall certify that such pupil is an eligible and proper candidate for admission to said institution as aforesaid, provided, however, that feeble-minded pupils may be received into said institution upon the application therefor signed officially by any county superintendent of the poor, or by the commissioners of charity of any of the cities of this State where such commissioners exist.

The State pupils in the institution will be selected in equal numbers, as far as may be, from each judicial district, from those whose parents or guardians are unable to provide for their support therein.

The State pupils will be expected to come to the institution provided with a supply of neat and substantial clothing for the first six months, after which period the clothing will be furnished by the institution, at the expense of the respective counties of which they are residents, as in the case of the deaf and dumb and the blind institutions of the State.

A bond will be required in all cases, except the case of a State pupil, to insure the removal of the pupil free of expense to the institution.

All pupils will be received upon trial for one month, at the end of which time a report upon the case will be made to the parents or parties sending them, if requested.

The education furnished by the institution will include not

only the simpler elements of instruction usually taught in common schools, where that is practicable, but will embrace a course of training in the more practical matters of every-day life, the cultivation of habits of decency, propriety, self-management and self-reliance, and the development and enlargement of a capacity for useful occupation.

There shall be a vacation during the months of July and August, unless otherwise directed by the board, at which period all pupils must be removed from the institution by the parents or guardians, if required by the superintendent.

By-laws can only be altered at a regular meeting of the board by a majority of the whole board.

FIFTY-NINTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MANAGERS

OF THE

Syracuse State Institution

FOR

Feeble-Minded Children

For the Year 1909

PART II

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE APRIL 8, 1910

ALBANY
J. B. LYON COMPANY, PRINTERS
1910

INVENTORY

SUPERINTENDENT'S RESIDENCE.

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Annunciator, 4-point..	0	.....	1	$5 10	1	0	0	$5 10
Basket, clothes, No. 503	0	.....	1	48	1	0	0	48
Bowl, sugar	1	$0 25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Bowls, finger	12	3 50	0	.....	12	0	0	3 50
Blankets	7	28 00	0	.....	7	0	0	28 00
Bed, double, cherry....	1	40 00	0	.....	1	0	0	40 00
Beds, double, B. & I..	3	60 00	0	.....	3	0	0	60 00
Beds, single, wood....	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Beds, single, iron.....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Bureau, cherry	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Bureau, black walnut.	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Bureaus, oak	2	30 00	0	.....	2	0	0	30 00
Bureau, enamel	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Cups, glass	7	35	0	.....	7	0	0	35
Cruets	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Chiffonier, b. w.....	1	35 00	0	.....	1	0	0	35 00
Chiffonier, b. w.....	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Curtain, door	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Curtains, net	8	30 00	0	.....	8	0	0	30 00
Curtains, muslin	11	11 00	0	.....	11	0	0	11 00
Covers, dresser	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Clock, alarm	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Clock, marble	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Comforter	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Couch, uphol., cord'y..	1	35 00	0	.....	1	0	0	35 00
Couch, divan	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Couch, skeleton	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Couch, without cover..	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Chairs, mahogany uph	2	40 00	0	.....	2	0	0	40 00
Chair, leather	1	40 00	0	.....	1	0	0	40 00
Chairs, plush	2	40 00	0	.....	2	0	0	40 00
Chair, velure	1	40 00	0	.....	1	0	0	40 00
Chair, desk	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Chair, willow rocker..	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, c. s. rocker...	7	35 00	0	.....	7	0	0	35 00
Chairs, wood, rocker..	3	24 00	0	.....	3	0	0	24 00
Chairs, small, rocker..	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Chair, arm, cane.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chairs, cane seated...	10	40 00	0	.....	10	0	0	40 00
Chairs, library	2	12 00	0	.....	2	0	0	12 00
Chairs, No. 20.....	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Desk, library	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Desk, writing	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Doilies	12	2 50	0	.....	12	0	0	2 50
Dishes, set	1	18 00	0	.....	1	0	0	18 00
Dishes, vegetable, 8"..	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Dishes, sauce	12	60	0	.....	12	0	0	60
Dishes, sauce, glass...	3	1 50	12	3 50	15	0	0	5 00
Dish, celery	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Dishes, glass	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Dresser, birch	1	$15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$15 00
Fire set, brass.....	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Forks, silver plate....	5	1 50	0	.....	5	0	0	1 50
Glasses, wine	6	75	0	.....	6	0	0	75
Hampers	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Hush cloths	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Knives, s. p., table....	15	4 50	0	.....	15	0	0	4 50
Knives, steel	15	1 56	0	.....	15	0	0	1 56
Matting, yards	30	15 00	0	.....	30	0	0	15 00
Mattresses, dbl. hair..	4	60 00	0	.....	4	0	0	60 00
Mattresses, single, hair	3	18 00	0	.....	3	0	0	18 00
Mirror, 28 x 30".....	0	.....	1	$4 10	1	0	0	4 10
Napkins	84	28 00	0	.....	84	0	0	28 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, feather	6	12 00	0	.....	6	0	0	12 00
Portiere, velour	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Pitcher, cream	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Plates, 8"	7	40	0	.....	7	0	0	40
Plates, bread	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Platters	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Rugs, 3 x 6 feet.....	6	18 00	2	3 05	8	0	0	21 05
Rugs, velvet	2	30 00	0	.....	2	0	0	30 00
Rug, Brussels	1	28 00	0	.....	1	0	0	28 00
Rugs, Wilton	2	50 00	0	.....	2	0	0	50 00
Rugs, jute	2	25 00	0	.....	2	0	0	25 00
Spreads, bed	8	24 00	0	.....	8	0	0	24 00
Sets, toilet	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Set dishes	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Set, oatmeal	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, soup	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Saucers	6	17	0	.....	6	0	0	17
Set, carving	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Settee, rattan	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Spoons, s. p. desert...	5	1 25	0	.....	5	0	0	1 25
Spoons, s. p. table....	5	1 50	0	.....	5	0	0	1 50
Tables, 4-feet	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Tables, mahogany	2	60 00	0	.....	2	0	0	60 00
Tables, small	3	15 00	0	.....	3	0	0	15 00
Table, cherry	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Table, oak	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Table, inlaid	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Table cloths	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Tea cloths	3	4 25	0	.....	3	0	0	4 25
Trays, Japan	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Tumblers, thin	10	1 25	0	.....	10	0	0	1 25
Valances	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Washstand, enameled..	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Washstand, oak	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Washstands, cherry...	2	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
			Kitchen.					
Basket, frying	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Board, bread	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Board, ironing	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Broilers	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Bowl, sugar	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Brush floor, No. 2....	1	$1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 00
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	2	40	2	$ 40	2	2	0	40
Boiler, fish	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Beater, egg	1	05	1	15	1	1	0	15
Bowl, chopping, 15"..	0	.....	1	25	1	0	0	25
Bowl, salad	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Bowls, 6-quart	4	33	0	.....	4	0	0	33
Bowls, 8-qt.....	3	31	0	.....	3	0	0	31
Boiler, double, agate..	1	50	1	25	1	1	0	25
Boxes, tin	3	15	0	.....	3	0	0	15
Bread raiser	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Basins, agate, quart...	3	90	0	.....	3	0	0	90
Basins, agate, 2-quart.	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Basin, agate, wash....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	0	.....	2	20	2	0	0	20
Carpet sweepers	2	3 00	1	2 00	2	1	0	3 50
Cup, measuring	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Cups, coffee	5	25	0	.....	5	0	0	25
Cups, tea	6	24	0	.....	6	0	0	24
Chopper, meat, No. 22.	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Canister, coffee	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Canister, tea	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Colander	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Can, garbage, No. 333.	1	1 18	0	.....	1	0	0	1 18
Dippers, 1-quart	2	14	0	.....	2	0	0	14
Dishes, pudding, 8"...	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Flatirons	4	40	0	.....	4	0	0	40
Forks, steel	8	85	0	.....	8	0	0	85
Freezer, cream	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Griddle, steel, cake....	1	80	0	.....	1	0	0	80
Glasses, jelly	100	3 00	0	.....	100	0	0	3 00
Grater	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Hods, coal, No. 378..	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Jars, fruit, pint.....	30	1 56	0	.....	30	0	0	1 56
Jars, fruit, quart.....	85	4 63	0	.....	85	0	0	4 63
Jars, 1 gal.....	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Jars, 4 gal.....	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Jugs, 2 gal.....	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Jugs, 1 gal.....	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Kittle, tea, No. 6.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Kettle, agate, 1 qt....	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Kettle, agate, 2 qt.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Kettles, 12 qt.....	2	2 00	1	52	2	1	0	1 52
Knife, chop	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Knives, paring	0	.....	2	12	2	0	0	12
Linoleum, yards	25	25 00	0	.....	25	0	0	25 00
Masher, potato	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Mill, coffee	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Moulds, jelly	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Moulds, pudding	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Moulds, cream	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Muffin rings	10	20	0	.....	10	0	0	20
Pitchers, 2 quart.....	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Pitchers, 4 quart.....	5	1 66	0	.....	5	0	0	1 66
Pails, flour	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Pails, g. i. No. 136..	4	80	0	.....	4	0	0	80

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pans, dust, No. 191..	2	$ 20	1	$ 13	2	2	0	$ 23
Pans, frying	2	50	0	.....	2	1	0	50
Pot, tea, agate.....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Pot, coffe, nickel....	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Pans, gem	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Pans, drip	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Pails, agate, 4 qt...	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Pans, sauce, 2 qt....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Pans, sauce, 4 qt....	2	46	0	.....	2	0	0	46
Pans, dish, 14 qt....	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Plate, 8-inch	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Platters	5	25	0	.....	5	0	0	25
Pitcher, cream	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Rack, dish	1	45	0	.....	1	0	0	45
Roaster, Lisk, No. 3..	1	2 25	0	.....	1	0	0	2 25
Rack, wire, soap....	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Sieves, strainer	3	35	0	.....	3	0	0	35
Scales, scoop	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Steamer	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Spoons, agate	3	30	2	16	3	2	0	26
Spoon, wooden	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Spoons, tea, Mex....	6	41	0	.....	6	0	0	41
Squeezer, lemon	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Strainer, soup	0	.....	1	19	1	0	0	19
Turner, cake	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Tins, cake	5	25	0	.....	5	0	0	25
Tins, bread	3	15	0	.....	3	0	0	15
Washboards	1	20	1	28	1	1	0	28
Washtubs	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Bath Rooms.								
Dish, soap, nickel...	1	85	0	.....	1	0	0	85
Holder, tumbler, nickel	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Rack, towel, nickel..	1	55	0	.....	1	0	0	55
Rugs, bathroom	0	.....	2	3 05	2	0	0	3 05
Hall.								
Brooms, 7A	3	60	4	96	1	6	0	26
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	3	63	0	.....	3	0	0	63
Linoleum, yd.	20	20 00	0	.....	20	0	0	20 00
Mop, twine	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Sweeper, carpet	1	2 00	1	2 00	1	1	0	2 00
Porches.								
Chairs	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Chairs, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Matting, yd.	5	2 00	0	.....	5	0	0	2 00
Superintendent's Office.								
Books	400	200 00	0	.....	400	0	0	200 00
Bookstand, revolving.	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Basket, waste	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Brush, floor, No. 2....	1	32	0	.....	1	0	0	32
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	2	20	1	1	0	10

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Case, blk. w.....	1	$10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$10 00
Chairs, leather	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Chair, revolving	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chairs, upholstered...	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chair, uphol. arm...	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Couch, uphols. b. w..	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Cuspidor	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Desk, b. w.	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Desk, b. w. roll top..	1	50 00	0	.....	1	0	0	50 00
Map, Onondaga Co..	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mirror	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Press, letter	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Rugs, 3 x 6'.....	2	14 00	0	.....	2	0	0	14 00
Scale, letter	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Stand dictionary	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Typewriter, Smith-Premier	1	90 00	1	$81 00	1	1	0	81 00
Reception Room.								
Atlas	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Box, music	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Brush, floor, No. 2..	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Chairs, oak, arm....	3	20 00	0	.....	3	0	0	20 00
Chairs, oak, arm.....	2	14 00	0	.....	2	0	0	14 00
Chairs, cane	4	16 00	0	.....	4	0	0	16 00
Chair, wicker	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Couch, leather	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Directory	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Duster, feather	0	.....	1	60	1	0	0	60
Linoleum, yd.	50	75 00	0	.....	50	0	0	75 00
Portfolio, picture ...	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Safe, No. 3516	1	337 20	0	.....	1	0	0	337 20
Table, library	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Center Hall.								
Barometer	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Brooms, 7A	1	20	1	26	1	1	0	26
Chairs, oak, arm....	4	12 00	0	.....	4	0	0	12 00
Chairs, cane, arm....	4	12 00	0	.....	4	0	0	12 00
Couches, wicker	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Clock, electric	1	50 00	0	.....	1	0	0	50 00
Clock, watchman's ..	1	533 00	0	.....	1	0	0	533 00
Dustpan	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Galvanometer	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Hatracks, b. w.	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Linoleum, yd.	75	100 00	0	.....	75	0	0	100 00
Thermometer	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
South Stairs and Halls.								
Carpet, Brussels, yd.	25	25 00	0	.....	25	0	0	25 00
Carpet, Ingrain, yd..	12	9 00	0	.....	12	0	0	9 00
Linoleum, yd.	45	45 00	0	.....	45	0	0	45 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Center Porch.					
Benches, poch	2	$4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$4 00
Benches, lawn	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chairs, porch	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
			Officers' Sitting Rooms.					
Books, library	300	40 00	0	.....	300	0	0	40 00
Chairs, wicker	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chairs, rocker, spg...	5	10 00	0	.....	5	0	0	10 00
Chairs, upholstered .	9	22 50	0	.....	9	0	0	22 50
Chairs, Morris	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Carpet, Brussels	70	70 00	0	.....	70	0	0	70 00
Curtains, lace	4	8 00	0	.....	4	0	0	8 00
Curtains, tapestry ...	4	12 00	0	.....	4	0	0	12 00
Clock, marble	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Globe	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Jardinieres	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Lamp, elec., table....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Mirror	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Poker	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Rug, Brussels	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, oak	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Shovel and tong rest.	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Sofas, upholdstered .	2	50 00	0	.....	2	0	0	50 00
Ttable, oak, library..	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Table, mhg.	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Table, cherry	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tabourets, oak	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Vases	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
			Officers' Dining Room No. 1.					
Brooms, 7A	0	.....	2	$ 46	1	1	0	26
Bowls, finger	5	90	0	.....	5	0	0	90
Bowls, salad, dec....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chairs, cane	9	13 50	0	.....	9	0	0	13 50
Covers, sideboard ...	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Cruets	2	10	1	10	2	1	0	15
Cups, syrup	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Caddy, tea	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Cloths, platter	4	40	0	.....	4	0	0	40
Center pieces, lin....	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Dishes, set, 296 ps...	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Dishes, berry	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Dishes, jelly	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Forks, s. p.	26	3 25	0	.....	26	0	0	3 25
Holders, spoon	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Hushcloths, 3½ yds..	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Knives, steel	8	40	0	.....	8	0	0	40
Knives, steel, tea....	19	95	0	.....	19	0	0	95
Knives, s. p. dinner..	12	2 28	0	.....	12	0	0	2 28
Knives, s. p. butter..	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Ladle, soup	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Mats, table	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Napkins	36	4 95	24	3 00	24	36	0	3 00
Pot, porc. tea.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pot, agate, tea	1	$ 40	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 40
Pot, plated, coffee....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pot, agate, coffee....	0	.....	1	$ 35	1	0	0	35
Pitcher, 4 qt. 6s.....	0	.....	1	16	1	0	0	16
Rug, Brussels	0	.....	1	29 00	1	0	0	29 00
Spoons, tea, pl.....	24	2 40	0	.....	24	0	0	2 40
Spoons, soup, pl.....	14	1 60	0	.....	14	0	0	1 60
Spoons, table, pl.....	6	95	0	.....	6	0	0	95
Set, carving, stag....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Set, nut	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Salts and peppers....	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Sideboard, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Tablecloths, 1 yd.....	3	1 20	0	.....	3	0	0	1 20
Tablecloths, 3½ yds.	4	6 56	0	.....	4	0	0	6 56
Table, ash, 4 feet....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Table, oak, ext.....	1	18 00	0	.....	1	0	0	18 00
Tray, No. 110, 16"....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Tray and scraper.....	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Tumblers	6	27	0	.....	6	0	0	27
Officers' Dining Room No. 2.								
Boxes, bread	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Boxes, cake, tin.....	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Box, cracker	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Butter pats.....	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Bowls, finger	6	75	0	.....	6	0	0	75
Brooms, 7-A	1	15	2	40	1	2	0	20
Chairs, leather seated.	15	30 00	0	.....	15	0	0	30 00
Caddy, tea	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Crocks, 1 gal.....	4	1 00	0	.....	4	0	0	1 00
Cups, glass, syrup....	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Cruets, glass	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Cups, sherbet	9	60	12	60	21	0	0	1 20
Cloths, tray	6	20	0	.....	6	0	0	20
Cloths, platter	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Dish, salad, decorated.	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Dishes, glass, sauce...	5	50	0	.....	5	0	0	50
Dishes, set	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Dishes, glass, jelly....	4	40	0	.....	3	1	0	30
Dishes, glass, celery...	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Forks, silver plated...	26	5 00	0	.....	26	0	0	5 00
Glasses, lemonade	6	40	0	.....	6	0	0	40
Hush cloths	2	75	0	.....	2	0	0	75
Holders, spoon	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Jar, 1 gal.....	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Jug, 1 gal.....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Knife, 9", bread.....	1	15	1	20	1	1	0	20
Knives, steel, tea.....	12	60	0	.....	12	0	0	60
Knives, dinner, steel..	12	60	0	.....	12	0	0	60
Knives, dinner, s. p...	12	2 28	0	.....	12	0	0	2 28
Ladle, china	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Napkins	36	4 96	0	.....	30	6	0	4 13
Pin, rolling	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Pick, ice	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Pot, 1 quart, coffee...	1	1 70	0	.....	1	0	0	1 70
Pot, 1 quart, tea.....	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Powder, blower	1	$ 08	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 08
Refrigerator	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Rug, Brussels	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Scoop, cheese	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Squeezer, lemon	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Set, carving	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Set, nut	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Sideboard, oak	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Spoons, table	8	1 25	0	.....	8	0	0	1 25
Spoons, soup, s. p.....	18	2 38	0	.....	18	0	0	2 38
Spoons, tea, s. p.....	17	1 60	0	.....	17	0	0	1 60
Strainer, wire, dish....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Salts and peppers.....	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Table cloths, 7 yds....	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Table cloths	4	4 50	9	$6 75	4	7	0	3 00
Table, 10 feet, ext...	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Table, pine, 3 feet....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Tumblers	20	90	0	.....	20	0	0	90
Trays, No. 110.....	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Tray and scraper.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Vases, glass	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Employees' Dining Room.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	4	66	2	2	0	46
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	3	30	1	2	0	10
Bowls, pint	0	.....	12	48	12	0	0	48
Bowls, 8 quart.....	1	28	0	.....	1	0	0	28
Bowls, sugar	5	75	0	.....	5	0	0	75
Blower, powder	1	08	0	.....	1	0	0	08
Chairs, dining	43	43 00	0	.....	43	0	0	43 00
Cruets	10	50	0	.....	10	0	0	50
Cups, mustard	5	25	0	.....	5	0	0	25
Cups, syrup	5	50	0	.....	5	0	0	50
Cups, coffee, etc.....	60	1 63	90	2 84	88	62	0	2 62
Carving knives & forks	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Dishes, vegetable, 8"..	7	2 80	0	.....	7	0	0	2 80
Dishes, sauce	48	1 20	12	28	35	25	0	86
Dishes, butter	0	.....	6	1 30	6	0	0	1 30
Forks	48	6 00	15	2 04	44	19	0	5 59
Knives, Mex	48	7 24	0	.....	48	0	0	7 24
Pans, tin, dish, No. 265	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Pitchers, 1 quart.....	7	84	9	64	4	12	0	36
Plates, butter	5	50	0	.....	5	0	0	50
Plates, 8"	48	2 40	12	70	50	10	0	2 58
Plates, 6"	48	1 92	12	44	48	12	0	1 89
Plates, soup	48	1 44	12	55	34	26	0	1 13
Pot, tea, agate quart..	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Pot, tea, agate, 3 qt..	1	90	0	.....	1	0	0	90
Pot, tea, agate, 2 qt..	4	1 60	0	.....	4	0	0	1 60
Pot, coffee, 2 quart...	4	1 20	0	.....	4	0	0	1 20
Pot, coffee, 4 quart...	0	.....	1	35	1	0	0	35
Platters, 10"	6	1 84	6	1 50	11	1	0	3 06
Platters, 14"	0	.....	3	75	3	0	0	75
Refrigerator	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Salts and peppers....	10	$1 00	0	.....	10	0	0	$1 00
Spoon holders	5	50	0	.....	5	0	0	50
Saucers	0	.....	30	$ 79	26	4	0	68
Spoons, tea, Mex.....	91	4 55	18	1 23	44	65	0	2 33
Spoons, table, Mex....	15	1 95	0	.....	15	0	0	1 95
Spoons, dessert, Mex..	44	3 96	0	.....	44	0	0	3 96
Trays, No. 110.....	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Tables, ext., 8 feet....	6	25 00	0	.....	6	0	0	25 00
Table cloths, 4 yds...	8	15 68	0	.....	8	0	0	15 68
Table cloths, 3½ yds.	8	13 68	4	11 25	12	0	0	22 88
Table cloths, 3 yds...	4	5 88	7	16 75	11	0	0	22 63
Tumblers	48	1 16	60	2 70	49	59	0	1 75
Tureens, soup	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Vases, porcelain	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Washboards	0	.....	4	1 08	1	3	0	27
			Inmates' Dining Room.					
Brooms, 7-A.....	6	90	16	3 26	5	17	0	1 50
Bowls, pint	154	8 60	78	3 12	125	107	0	6 31
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	4	40	1	3	0	10
Bowls, 8 quart.....	18	4 95	0	.....	14	4	0	3 91
Baskets, No. 502.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	3	45	10	2 41	2	11	0	48
Blowers, powder	1	08	0	.....	1	0	0	08
Chairs, No. 20.....	210	105 00	0	.....	210	0	0	105 00
Cruets	12	60	0	.....	12	0	0	60
Cups, mustard	12	90	0	.....	12	0	0	90
Cups, syrup	16	1 60	0	.....	16	0	0	1 60
Can, syrup, No. 140..	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Dippers, soup, pint....	20	1 00	0	.....	20	0	0	1 00
Dishes, vegetable, 8".	0	.....	3	90	2	1	0	60
Dust pans, No. 191...	4	60	0	.....	4	0	0	60
Forks, steel	66	5 00	0	.....	66	0	0	5 00
Forks, Mexican	120	15 00	12	1 63	132	0	0	16 63
Knives, steel	42	5 00	0	.....	42	0	0	5 00
Knives, Mexican	36	5 43	42	6 34	78	0	0	11 77
Mugs, 30s, pint.....	180	10 61	84	430	192	72	0	8 80
Plates, 6"	174	6 38	90	2 62	189	75	0	6 43
Plates, soup, 7".....	186	8 21	36	1 61	204	18	0	9 83
Plates, 8".....	180	8 55	24	1 16	169	35	0	8 04
Pans, tin, dish, 21 qt.	7	3 78	0	.....	7	0	0	3 78
Pans, agate, dish, 17 qt	7	3 00	0	.....	7	0	0	3 00
Pitchers, 4 quart.....	20	6 65	12	1 96	24	8	0	6 48
Pitchers, 2 quart.....	20	3 42	0	.....	14	6	0	2 39
Pails, No. 136.....	6	1 20	19	4 41	3	22	0	79
Spoons, dessert, Mex..	186	16 74	12	1 40	198	0	0	18 14
Spoons, tea, Mexican..	6	30	18	1 22	24	0	0	1 52
Salts & peppers, hotel.	14	1 40	0	.....	14	0	0	1 40
Tables, 3½ feet.....	5	7 50	0	.....	5	0	0	7 50
Tables, 7 feet.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Tables, 10 feet.....	4	20 00	0	.....	4	0	0	20 00
Tables, 12 feet.....	8	48 00	0	.....	8	0	0	48 00
Tables, 15 feet.....	1	7 50	0	.....	1	0	0	7 50
Table, 20 feet.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Trays, No. 110.....	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Traps, mouse	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Kitchen.					
Brooms, whisk, No. 2	0	.....	4	$ 40	1	3	0	$ 10
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	5	1 30	2	3	0	52
Bowls, 8 quart	20	$5 50	26	6 00	30	16	1	7 50
Beater, egg, hotel	1	15	2	30	1	2	0	15
Boxes, spice	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Baskets, 10 qt, No. 56	6	1 00	12	2 50	18	0	0	3 50
Boxes, flour	3	50	0	.....	3	0	0	50
Boilers, agate, double	2	1 20	0	.....	2	0	0	1 20
Boiler, coffee, No. 463	1	2 63	0	.....	1	0	0	2 63
Boxes, pepper, Jap	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Boxes, coffee	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Broiler, meat	1	20	1	25	1	1	0	25
Bowl, chop. 21"	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Bowl, chop, 15"	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20
Bowls, pint	0	.....	6	24	1	5	0	04
Bowls, sugar	0	.....	1	15	1	0	0	15
Bucket, cream, 6-qt	0	.....	3	30	3	0	0	30
Brushes, dust, No. 57	0	.....	2	48	1	1	0	24
Cups, coffee	0	.....	6	25	0	6	0	.....
Crocks, 4 gal	25	12 50	12	6 00	35	2	0	17 50
Crocks, 2 gal	5	1 50	0	.....	4	1	0	1 20
Crocks, 1 gal	5	1 00	0	.....	5	0	0	1 00
Cans, fruit, 2 quart	199	14 09	24	1 50	223	0	0	15 58
Cans, fruit, pint	40	2 07	0	.....	40	0	0	2 07
Cans, fruit, quart	207	11 55	24	1 00	230	1	0	12 48
Commode	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Commode	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Cutter, cake	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Cup, tin, quart	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Cup, tin, pint	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Caddy, tea	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Colanders, No. 123, 4 qt	4	80	6	1 26	10	0	0	2 06
Cans, milk, 40 quart	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Chopper, food, No. 24	1	4 00	1	1 35	1	1	0	1 35
Chairs, No. 22	12	9 00	0	.....	12	0	0	9 00
Clock, wall	0	.....	1	3 50	1	0	0	3 50
Dishes, veg. c. 8"	9	3 00	8	1 75	10	5	0	3 16
Dishes, veg. 8"	20	8 00	6	65	18	8	0	5 98
Dippers, No. 7	4	40	1	15	5	0	0	55
Dippers, pt.	0	.....	3	18	3	0	0	18
Dishes, pudding, 9"	10	2 10	30	3 71	20	20	0	3 00
Forks, Mexican	3	50	0	.....	3	0	0	50
Fillers, can	0	.....	2	10	2	0	0	10
Hods, coal	3	1 52	0	.....	3	0	0	1 52
Glasses, jelly	472	7 08	0	.....	471	1	0	7 06
Griddle, 16"	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Graters, nutmeg	0	.....	2	06	2	0	0	06
Jugs, 1 gal.	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Jugs, 2 gal.	24	4 80	0	.....	23	1	0	4 60
Jugs, 3 gal.	12	3 00	6	2 25	17	1	0	4 93
Knives, steel	3	25	12	61	15	0	0	86
Knives and forks, carving	3	2 50	1	60	4	0	0	3 10

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Knives, paring	12	$ 48	13	$ 58	6	19	0	$ 25
Kettle, tea, agate....	1	60	2	67	3	0	0	1 27
Kettle, tea, nickel....	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Kettles, agate	1	1 25	2	1 33	3	0	0	2 58
Kettle, 6", agate.....	6	4 00	0	.....	6	0	0	4 00
Kettles, iron	5	2 50	0	.....	5	0	0	2 50
Knife, cook's, 8"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mugs, 30s	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
Moulds, tin, pud....	7	1 00	0	.....	7	0	0	1 00
Moulds, jelly	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Mill, coffee	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pots, tea, 2 qt.....	1	40	2	70	2	1	0	70
Pots, coffee, agate, 2-3 qt.	3	1 00	0	.....	2	1	0	66
Pails, g. i., No. 136..	4	32	4	1 16	0	8	0	.....
Pails, g. i., No. 385..	0	.....	2	60	2	0	0	60
Pails, ag. 10 qt.....	38	16 50	15	6 70	47	6	0	20 59
Plates, bread, 8".....	18	1 60	0	.....	16	2	0	1 44
Platters, 10"	3	50	0	.....	1	2	0	16
Platters' 12–14"	12	2 45	12	3 00	22	2	0	4 99
Pitchers, pt.	1	10	1	06	1	1	0	06
Pitchers, 2 qt.	10	1 50	0	.....	10	0	0	1 50
Pitchers, 4 qt.	3	90	18	5 62	0	21	0	.....
Pans, agate, 14".....	3	1 11	0	.....	0	3	0	.....
Pans, agate, 10".....	6	2 70	7	3 10	3	10	0	1 34
Pans, sauce, agate...	2	1 00	4	46	6	0	0	1 46
Pans, ag. stew.....	2	80	4	46	6	0	0	1 26
Pate pans, iron.....	24	1 50	0	.....	24	0	0	1 50
Pate pans, tin.....	24	1 20	0	.....	24	0	0	1 20
Pans, dish, 21 qt.....	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Pans, dish, 32" No. 265	3	2 08	6	4 16	8	1	0	5 54
Pans, dish, No. 264, 14 qt.	7	3 50	0	.....	7	0	0	3 50
Pans, dish, 17 qt. ag.	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Pans, dust, No. 191.	0	.....	1	13	1	0	0	13
Pans, drip, ag., 16 x 3"	3	1 80	0	.....	3	0	0	1 80
Pans, drip, ag., 15 x 9"	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Pans, drip, No. 324, 18 x 13".....	0	.....	6	5 25	6	0	0	5 25
Pan, drip, R. I., 24 x 16 x 3".....	1	1 80	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Pans, drip, R. I., 26 x 16 x 4".....	4	4 00	0	.....	2	2	0	2 00
Pans, tin, 6 qt.....	8	3 00	12	3 15	14	6	0	4 30
Pans, ag., 6 quart....	5	1 50	0	.....	5	0	0	1 50
Plates, 6"	0	.....	6	44	2	4	0	14
Plates, 8"	0	.....	18	99	10	8	0	58
Plates, ag., pie, 10".	36	3 00	24	2 00	60	0	0	5 00
Plates, w. p., pie, 9".	6	68	0	.....	6	0	0	68
Plates, w. p., pie, 10".	5	35	0	.....	4	1	0	28
Ricer, potato	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20
Roaster, Lisk	0	.....	1	2 25	1	0	0	2 25
Rings, muffin	24	60	0	.....	24	0	0	60
Refrigerator	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Squeezers, lemon	10	$ 70	0	.....	10	0	0	$ 70
Steel, knife	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Slicer, bread	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Skimmers, No. 294...	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Spoons, agate	15	75	18	$1 11	16	17	0	90
Spoons, tea, Mex....	4	40	12	81	16	0	0	1 21
Strainers, bowl, 5"..	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Saucers	0	.....	6	20	4	2	0	12
Salts and peppers, glass	0	.....	2	10	2	0	0	10
Strainer, slide, 8"...	0	.....	1	40	1	0	0	40
Spiders, 12"	2	60	1	25	3	0	0	85
Seeder, raisin	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Tables, pine, 5 feet..	4	4 00	0	.....	4	0	0	4 00
Table, slate top.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tablecloths	0	.....	5	3 75	5	0	0	3 75
Soup	12	5 00	0	.....	12	0	0	5 00
Turners, cake	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Tins, bread, No. 29..	8	93	0	.....	8	0	0	93
Tins, iron, gem.....	20	4 00	0	.....	20	0	0	4 00
Tins, cake	8	40	2	60	10	0	0	1 00
Tins, pudding	24	3 00	0	.....	24	0	0	3 00
Turner, egg	0	.....	1	10	0	1	0	.....
Tumblers	0	.....	6	27	5	1	0	25
Traps, rat	0	.....	2	30	2	0	0	30
Tubs, wash, g. i.....	0	.....	1	60	1	0	0	60
Room 1.								
Bed, folding	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Bookcase	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, cane, b. w...	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Chair, rocker	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, arm	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, No. C.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Commode	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dresser	1	18 00	0	.....	1	0	0	18 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mattress, hair	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, fibre, 6 x 8 ft.	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Rug, 2 x 5 feet.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, round	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tete	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Wardrobe	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Room 2 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7 A.....	1	20	2	52	1	2	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, floor, No. 2...	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	1	24	2	48	3	0	0	72
Commode	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, rocker	2	$3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$3 00
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, No. 20.....	8	4 00	0	.....	8	0	0	4 00
Mattresses, hair	7	35 00	0	.....	7	0	0	35 00
Mattresses, cotton ..	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mops.	0	.....	2	$ 13	2	0	0	13
Pillows, hair	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Pillows, cotton	7	4 90	0	.....	7	0	0	4 90
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pan, dust, No. 191...	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Rugs, Ingrain, 2x6ft.	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stand, Sloyd	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Set, toilet, 4 pc.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 3 — Sewing.								
Brooms, 7 A.....	0	.....	1	26	1	0	0	26
Brush, dust	0	.....	1	24	1	0	0	24
Chairs, No. 22	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chairs, splint, rk.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, wd. rocker...	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Machine, sewing. "Singer"	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Settee	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, ash, 5 feet....	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Room 4.								
Bed, blk. walnut....	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Bookcase, blk. wal...	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Broom, No. 7 A.....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Carpet, Brussels, yd.	36	44 00	0	.....	36	0	0	44 00
Carpet, ingrain yd...	18	14 00	0	.....	18	0	0	14 00
Chairs, Morris	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chairs, arm, uphol...	2	14 00	0	.....	2	0	0	14 00
Chair, rocker, l. s....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chair, Franklin	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chair, small	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, straight	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, willow	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chiffonier	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Comforter	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Curtains, lace	4	17 00	0	.....	4	0	0	17 00
Dresser, blk. wal.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Hamper, No. 501....	0	.....	1	67	1	0	0	67
Hod, coal, No. 378..	1	51	0	.....	1	0	0	51
Mattress, hair	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rack, magazine	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Rug, Smyrna, 6 x 3 ft.	1	$4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$4 00
Rug, Ingrain, 6 x 3 ft.	3	4 00	0	.....	3	0	0	4 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, rd. b. w.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Sweeper, carpet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, center	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Table, blk. w.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand, b. w.....	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
			Room 5.					
Brooms, 7 A	0	.....	1	$ 20	1	0	0	20
Chair, oak, Morris...	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Chairs, splint, rk....	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chairs, arm, m. stain.	2	12 00	0	.....	2	0	0	12 00
Chair, uphols.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Couch, uphols	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Couch cover	1	4 75	0	.....	1	0	0	4 75
Curtains	4	4 00	0	.....	4	0	0	4 00
Lamp, elec. stand....	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Rug, Brusls, 9 x 12 ft.	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Stand, stained	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Stand, sloyd	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Table, mhg. stained..	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
			Room 6.					
Bed, maple	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chair, rocker, No. C...	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chair, arm, uphol....	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Commode	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, ingrain, 2 x 6 ft.	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, ...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room No. 7.					
Bed, b. w., double....	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Chairs, cane	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker, No. C...	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Curtains, sash, scrim..	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Dresser, b. w.....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Pan, dust, No. 191...	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillow, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Rug, Brussels, 2 x 4 ft.	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Spread, bed	1	$1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 00
Stands,	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wash stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 8.								
Broom, 7-A	0	.....	1	$ 20	1	0	0	20
Bed, cherry	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 00	1	3 75	3	0	0	10 75
Bookcase, b. w.	1	16 00	0	.....	1	0	0	16 00
Carpet, yards	33	33 00	0	.....	0	33	0	.....
Chair, Morris	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chairs, cane, b. w.	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Commode	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Dresser, cherry	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Desk, writing, b. w.	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Hamper	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, Brussels, 3 x 6 ft.	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Screen	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, b. w.	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Stand, ash	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Tumbler	0	.....	1	05	1	0	0	05
Washstand, b. w.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Room No. 9.								
Bed, iron, b. t.	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Broom, No. 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brush, dust, No. 57	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Chairs, cane, rocker	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chair, arm	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chairs, cane	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Chiffonnier, oak	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Commode	1	14 00	0	.....	1	0	0	14 00
Desk, writing	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Lamp, elec. table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pan, dust, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, Brussels, 9 x 12 ft	1	19 00	0	.....	1	0	0	19 00
Rug, 2 x 5 feet	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, oak	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Stand, cherry	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand, oak	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Room No. 10 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	12	$36 00	0	.....	12	0	0	$36 00
Blankets, No. 6	24	80 88	8	$26 96	24	8	0	80 88
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	4	86	0	4	0	.....
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, floor, No. 2.	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brush, dust, No. 57.	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Bureau	1	8 50	0	.....	1	0	0	8 50
Chairs, No. 22	10	5 00	0	.....	10	0	0	5 00
Chair, cane, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker, No. C.	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Mattresses, cotton	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Mattresses, hair	9	45 00	0	.....	9	0	0	45 00
Mattress covers, rub.	6	3 60	0	.....	6	0	0	3 60
Pail, No. 136	0	.....	1	18	1	0	0	18
Pan, dust, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Pillows, hair	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
Pillow, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rack, night dress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
Washstand	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Room No. 11 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	10	30 00	0	.....	10	0	0	30 00
Blankets, No. 6	20	67 40	16	33 92	20	16	0	69 56
Broom, No. 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broom, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, dust, No. 57.	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Bureau	1	8 50	0	.....	1	0	0	8 50
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, No. 20	11	8 36	0	.....	11	0	0	8 36
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Commode	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Dust pan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mattresses, hair	8	40 00	0	.....	8	0	0	40 00
Mattress covers, rub.	4	2 40	0	.....	4	0	0	2 40
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pail, galv. iron, No. 17	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, hair	11	11 00	0	.....	11	0	0	11 00
Pillows, cotton	3	2 10	0	.....	3	0	0	2 10
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rack, nightdress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet, 2 pieces	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	10	10 00	0	.....	10	0	0	10 00
Stands	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Room No. 12 — Dormitory.								
Bed, ¾	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Brooms, No. 7-A	0	.....	2	46	1	1	0	26
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	0	.....	1	10	1	0	0	10
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, cane	3	$3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	$3 00
Carpet, ingrain	24	16 00	0	.....	24	0	0	16 00
Desk, writing	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Stand	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wardrobe	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 13 — Dormitory.								
Bed, wood	5	15 00	0	.....	5	0	0	15 00
Blankets, No 6	10	35 00	6	$20 22	10	6	0	34 50
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	4	86	1	3	0	26
Brush, dust	0	.....	1	24	1	0	0	24
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chairs, splint	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Commode	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Dressers	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Mattresses, hair	5	25 00	0	.....	5	0	0	25 00
Pillows, hair	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Spreads, bed	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Table	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 14 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	3	15 00	0	.....	3	0	0	15 00
Blankets, No. 6	6	20 22	4	13 48	7	3	0	23 59
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, splint	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Dresser, ash	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattresses, hair	3	15 00	0	.....	3	0	0	15 00
Pillows, hair	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Spreads, bed	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 15 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	10	30 00	0	.....	10	0	0	30 00
Blankets, No. 6	20	67 40	15	40 55	20	15	0	67 40
Brooms, whisk	4	84	0	.....	4	0	0	84
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	1	26	1	2	0	26
Bureaus	2	16 00	0	.....	2	0	0	16 00
Chairs, rocker, No. C	4	4 50	0	.....	4	0	0	4 50
Chairs, No. 20	9	4 50	0	.....	9	0	0	4 50
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Curtains, sash	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Dust pans, No. 191	2	26	0	.....	2	0	0	26
Mattresses, hair	10	50 00	0	.....	10	0	0	50 00
Mirrors	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pail, chamber, No. 17	0	.....	1	68	1	0	0	68
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pillows, hair	7	7 00	0	.....	7	0	0	7 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pillow, cotton	1	$ 70	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 70
Rugs, ingrain, 2 x 4 ft.	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Set, toilet	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	10	10 00	12	10 80	10	12	0	9 45
Stands	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Screens	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Washstands	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Room No. 16 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	34	102 00	0	.....	34	0	0	102 00
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	3	78	0	3	0	.....
Blankets, No. 6.....	68	230 00	0	.....	68	0	0	230 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	34	17 00	0	.....	34	0	0	17 00
Mattresses, hair	32	160 00	0	.....	32	0	0	160 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mattress covers, rub..	28	16 80	0	.....	28	0	0	16 80
Pail, chamber, No. 17.	0	.....	1	68	1	0	0	68
Pillows, cotton	4	2 80	0	.....	4	0	0	2 80
Pillows, hair	30	30 00	0	.....	30	0	0	30 00
Rack, night dress.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	34	34 00	0	.....	34	0	0	34 00
Room No. 17 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	9	27 00	0	.....	9	0	0	27 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Chair, rocker, No. C..	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Chairs, No. 20.....	8	4 00	0	.....	8	0	0	4 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dust pan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, hair	7	35 00	0	.....	7	0	0	35 00
Mattresses, cotton	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mattress covers, rub..	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, cotton	7	4 90	0	.....	7	0	0	4 90
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rack, night dress.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stand.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 18 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	11	33 00	0	.....	11	0	0	33 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	22	74 14	0	.....	22	0	0	74 14
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Broom 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Chairs, No. 20.....	11	5 50	0	.....	11	0	0	5 50
Dust pans, No. 191...	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton....	5	10 00	0	.....	5	0	0	10 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mattresses, hair	6	$30 00	0	.....	6	0	0	$30 00
Mattress covers, rub..	8	4 80	0	.....	8	0	0	4 80
Pillows, hair.....	7	7 00	0	.....	7	0	0	7 00
Pillows, cotton	4	2 80	0	.....	4	0	0	2 80
Rack, night dress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	11	11 00	0	.....	11	0	0	11 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 19 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	10	30 00	0	.....	10	0	0	30 00
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	22	74 14	0	.....	22	0	0	74 14
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	$ 26	1	1	0	26
Broom, whisk, No. 2...	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	2	48	3	0	0	72
Brush, floor	0	.....	1	72	1	0	0	72
Chairs, cane, rocker...	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chairs, No. 22.....	11	5 50	0	.....	11	0	0	5 50
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dust pan, No. 191....	1	13	1	13	2	0	0	26
Mattresses, hair.....	4	20 00	0	.....	4	0	0	20 00
Mattresses, cotton....	7	14 00	0	.....	7	0	0	14 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136...	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Pails, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	1	68	1	1	0	68
Pillows, hair	10	10 00	0	.....	10	0	0	10 00
Pillows, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	11	11 00	0	.....	11	0	0	11 00
Table, center	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 20 — Dormitory.								
Bed, iron, b. t.....	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Chairs, cane	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Chair, cane, rocker....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, wood, rocker...	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dresser, b. w.....	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, Brussels, 2 x 5 ft.	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Stands, maple	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 21 — Dormitory.								
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	0	.....	1	10	1	0	0	10
Broom, 7-A	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, cane	2	$2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$2 00
Chair, cane, rocker....	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Commode, maple	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, Brussels, 2 x 5 ft	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Wardrobe	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Room No. 22 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	20	60 00	0	.....	20	0	0	60 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	40	134 80	0	.....	40	0	0	134 80
Bureau, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Broom, 7-A	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	2	48	1	24	1	2	0	24
Chairs, splint	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, rocker	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chairs, No. 22.....	19	9 50	0	.....	19	0	0	9 50
Curtains, sash	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Commode	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dust pan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, hair	15	75 00	0	.....	15	0	0	75 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	5	10 00	0	.....	5	0	0	10 00
Mattress covers, rub...	10	6 00	0	.....	10	0	0	6 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17.....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pail, g. i., No. 136....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Pillows, hair	14	14 00	0	.....	14	0	0	14 00
Pillows, cotton	6	4 20	1	67	6	1	0	4 18
Rack, night dress.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	20	20 00	0	.....	20	0	0	20 00
Stands, maple	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Room No. 23 — Dormitory.								
Beds, iron	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	3	72	1	3	0	23
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Chairs, No. 22.....	8	6 08	0	.....	8	0	0	6 08
Dust pan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, hair	7	35 00	0	.....	7	0	0	35 00
Mattresses, cotton....	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pillows, hair	6	6 00	0	.....	6	0	0	6 00
Pillows, cotton	3	2 10	0	.....	3	0	0	2 10
Rack, night dress.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Room No. 24 — Dormitory.								
Bed, ¾	1	$4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$4 00
Blankets	2	6 74	0	.....	2	0	0	6 74
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broom, whisk, No. 2	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Chair, cane	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chair, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Dresser	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pails, g. i., No. 136	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 25 — Dormitory.								
Bed, double	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 00	1	$3 75	2	1	0	7 16
Bookcase	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, cane	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, desk	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Couch, uphols	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Desk, writing, Sloyd	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Dresser	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Lamp, elec., table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, 2 x 4 feet	2	4 00	0	.....	0	2	0	.....
Rugs, 2 x 5 feet	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Rug, 9 x 12 feet	0	.....	1	11 00	1	0	0	11 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, oak	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand, ash	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Room No. 26 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	10	30 00	0	.....	10	0	0	30 00
Blankets, No. 6	20	67 40	0	.....	20	0	0	67 40
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	6	1 26	1	6	0	21
Brooms, whisk, No. 2	1	21	2	20	0	3	0	.....
Brush, dust, No. 57	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chairs, No. 22	9	6 84	0	.....	9	0	0	6 84
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Mattresses, hair	8	40 00	0	.....	8	0	0	40 00
Mattresses, cotton	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mattress covers, rub	4	2 40	0	.....	4	0	0	2 40
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, hair	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Pillows, cotton	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pillows, feather	1	$2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$2 00
Pan, dust, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Rack, night dress....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	10	8 50	0	.....	10	0	0	8 50
Stands	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Screen	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 27 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	10	30 00	0	.....	10	0	0	30 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	20	67 40	0	.....	20	0	0	67 40
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 40	0	3	0	.....
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brush, floor	0	.....	1	79	1	0	0	79
Chair, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Chairs, No. 20.....	8	6 08	0	.....	8	0	0	6 08
Dust pan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, hair.....	5	25 00	0	.....	5	0	0	25 00
Mattresses, cotton....	5	10 00	0	.....	5	0	0	10 00
Mattress covers, rub..	2	1 25	0	.....	2	0	0	1 25
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, hair	7	7 00	0	.....	7	0	0	7 00
Pillows, cotton	4	2 80	0	.....	4	0	0	2 80
Rack, night dress.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	10	8 50	0	.....	10	0	0	8 50
Stands.	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Room No. 28 — Dormitory.								
Bed, double	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Broom, whisk	0	.....	1	$0 10	1	0	0	10
Chairs, cane	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Commode	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Matting, yards	30	15 00	0	.....	30	0	0	15 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, Brussels, 2 x 6 ft	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 29 — Dormitory.								
Bed, Mhg	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Chairs, cane	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chair, uphols. rk.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Commode, pine	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Couch, willow	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Curtains, scrim	6	5 40	0	.....	6	0	0	5 40
Dresser, mahogany ...	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Matting, yards	27	$13 75	0	.....	27	0	0	$13 75
Mattresses, hair	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, 2′ x 5′.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Rug, 2′ x 4′.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand, mahogany	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Washstand, mahogany.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Room No. 30.								
Brush, dust	0	.....	1	$ 24	1	0	0	24
Bed, double	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Carpet, ingrain, yds..	25	18 00	0	.....	0	25	0	.....
Chairs, cane	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chairs, rocker, No. C.	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Couch, uphols	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dresser, cherry	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mattress, hair	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rack, towel	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Rugs, Brussel 2′ x 6′.	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Table, center	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 31.								
Bed, double	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	2	0	0	40
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	0	.....	2	20	2	0	0	20
Chairs, rocker, No. C.	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Commode	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Mattress, hair	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, ingrain, 3′ x 6′..	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, enamel	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Room No. 32.								
Beds, single	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	15 28	0	.....	4	0	0	15 28
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	0	.....	1	10	1	0	0	10
Chairs, cane	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Chairs, rocker	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dresser	2	16 00	0	.....	2	0	0	16 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mirror	1	$1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 00
Pails, g. i., No. 17	2	1 40	0	.....	1	1	0	70
Pail, g. i., No. 136	0	.....	1	$ 26	1	0	0	26
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Sets, toilet	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstands	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Room No. 33 — Dormitory.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	46	1	1	0	23
Beds, wood	11	44 00	0	.....	11	0	0	44 00
Blankets, No. 6	22	74 14	0	.....	22	0	0	74 14
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, rocker	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chairs, No. 22	9	4 50	0	.....	9	0	0	4 50
Mattresses, hair	8	40 00	0	.....	8	0	0	40 00
Mattresses, cotton	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, hair	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Pillows, cotton	5	3 50	0	.....	5	0	0	3 50
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rack, nightdress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, Brussels, 2′ x 4′	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tumbler	0	.....	1	05	1	0	0	05
Room No. 34 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	9	27 00	0	.....	9	0	0	27 00
Blankets, No. 6	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broom, whisk, No. 2	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, floor, No. 2	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Chairs, No. 22	7	3 50	0	.....	7	0	0	3 50
Chair, rocker, No. C	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattresses, cotton	8	16 00	0	.....	8	0	0	16 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, hair	7	7 00	0	.....	7	0	0	7 00
Pillows, cotton	3	2 10	0	.....	3	0	0	2 10
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pail, No. 136	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Rack, nightdress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room No. 35 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	10	30 00	0	.....	10	0	0	30 00
Blankets, No. 6	20	67 40	0	.....	20	0	0	67 40

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Bureau	1	$8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 40	2	1	0	40
Broom, whisk	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brushes, dust, No. 57	2	48	1	24	3	0	0	72
Brushes, floor, No. 2	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Chair, rocker, No. C	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Chairs, No. 22	10	5 00	0	.....	10	0	0	5 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton	8	16 00	0	.....	8	0	0	16 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17	1	70	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Pillows, hair	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Pillows, cotton	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, ingrain, 5′ x 5′	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Rugs, ingrain, 2′ x 4′	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Screen	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	10	10 00	0	.....	10	0	0	10 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
North School Room.								
Bell, brass	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	2	0	0	40
Books	70	20 00	0	.....	70	0	0	20 00
Desks	18	20 00	0	.....	18	0	0	20 00
Slates	18	2 00	0	.....	18	0	0	2 00
Table	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Center School Room.								
Benches, 6′	16	24 00	0	.....	16	0	0	24 00
Bell, brass	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Books	24	8 00	0	.....	24	0	0	8 00
Bookcase	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	1	26	1	0	0	26
Chairs, No. 20	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Clock, wall	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Piano	1	650 00	0	.....	1	0	0	650 00
Table	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Center Supply Room.								
Bench	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	2	0	0	40
Commodes with school supplies	3	30 00	0	.....	3	0	0	30 00
Rack, chart	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
South School Room.								
Bell, brass	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Books	48	9 00	0	.....	48	0	0	9 00
Book case	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATIN MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Brushes, dust	0	.....	2	$ 48	1	1	0	$ 24
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	52	0	2	0	.....
Chairs, No. 22	3	$1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Clock, wall	1	5 00	.....	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Desks	18	20 00	.....	.....	18	0	0	20 00
Maps	8	30 00	.....	.....	8	0	0	30 00
Maps cases.....	1	2 00	.....	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table	1	2 00	.....	.....	1	0	0	2 00
West School Room.								
Benches	12	20 00	.....	.....	12	0	0	20 00
Books	24	8 40	.....	.....	24	0	0	8 40
Book case with supplies	2	10 00	.....	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Brooms, 7-A	....	.....	5	1 18	1	4	0	24
Chairs	2	1 00	.....	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Dust pan, No. 191...	....	.....	1	13	1	0	0	13
Table	1	1 50	.....	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Sloyd Rooms.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	1	1	0	20
Cabinet	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chairs, No. 20.....	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Desk	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Supplies	..	175 00	..	.....	..	..	..	175 00
Gymnasium.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	3	78	0	3	0	00
Chair, No. 22.....	1	76	0	.....	1	0	0	76
Piano	1	200 00	0	.....	1	0	0	200 00
Settees, 6 ft. veneer..	8	24 00	0	.....	8	0	0	24 00
Tables, 8 ft.....	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Girls' Sitting Room.								
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	26	2	0	0	46
Bookcases	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Chairs	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Clock, wall	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Settees, veneer	8	27 00	0	.....	8	0	0	27 00
Tables	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Storeroom.								
Axe, fire	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Basket, waste	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Cabinet, filing	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Chairs, No. 20.....	3	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, office	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Desk	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Dustpan	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Keyboard	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Rack, pen	1	$ 15	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 15
Steps	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Tables	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Wells, ink	2	15	0	.....	2	0	0	15
Employees' Sitting Room.								
Broom, 7-A	0	.....	1	$ 20	1	0	0	20
Chairs, No. 20	10	7 60	0	.....	10	0	0	7 60
Chairs, rocker, wood.	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Couch, uphols.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Linoleum, yd.	30	30 00	0	.....	30	0	0	30 00
Table, oblong, 4-ft.	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Table, round	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Porches, Attics, Halls, Bathrooms.								
Brooms, 7-A	10	2 00	12	2 70	4	18	0	85
Benches	3	4 00	0	.....	3	0	0	4 00
Blowers, powder	6	1 00	0	.....	6	0	0	1 00
Bureaus	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	2	42	1	10	1	2	0	10
Brushes, dust, No. 57	8	1 92	1	24	9	0	0	2 16
Brushes, floor, No. 2.	4	2 88	0	.....	4	0	0	2 88
Brushes, wall	1	80	1	24	2	0	0	1 04
Cans, dust	13	15 60	0	.....	13	0	0	15 60
Chairs, No. 20	2	1 52	0	.....	2	0	0	1 52
Chair, No. 22	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Lamp, elec.	1	3 55	0	.....	1	0	0	3 55
Ladders, step, 9'	3	6 75	0	.....	3	0	0	6 75
Ladders, step, 6'	4	6 00	0	.....	4	0	0	6 00
Ladders, step, 5'	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Mirrors	0	.....	1	2 50	1	0	0	2 50
Mat, door, Coir No. 160	0	.....	1	2 67	1	0	0	2 67
Mops	0	.....	2	14	1	1	0	07
Pans, dust	8	1 04	7	91	5	10	0	65
Poppers, corn	5	1 00	0	.....	5	0	0	1 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136.	20	5 25	19	4 58	11	28	0	2 77
Pails, fire	16	7 52	0	.....	16	0	0	7 52
Racks, soap	6	40	0	.....	6	0	0	40
North Wing.								
Room 40.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	2	0	0	40
Bed, double, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Bookcase	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Bookshelf	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair, Morris	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chairs, cane	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker, No. C.	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, splint, rk.	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, Brussels, 9' x 16'	1	18 00	0	.....	1	0	0	18 00
Stand	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Washstand	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Room 41.					
Bed, ¾, oak	1	$4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$4 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	5 32	0	.....	2	0	0	5 32
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 40	3	0	0	60
Bookshelf	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, cane	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Chair, rocker, No. C	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chair, rocker, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Couch, uphols	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Curtains	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, 14′ x 16′	1	23 75	0	.....	1	0	0	23 75
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Table, center	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tabouret	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
			Room 42.					
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	1	1	0	20
Bed, wood	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets	3	9 50	0	.....	3	0	0	9 50
Bureau	1	8 50	0	.....	1	0	0	8 50
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chairs, cane	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Cover, stand	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Commode	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillows, feather	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Rug, ingrain	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 43 — *Dormitory.*					
Brush, dust	0	.....	1	24	1	0	0	24
Basin, toilet w. p	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Beds, wood	7	21 00	0	.....	7	0	0	21 00
Blankets, No. 6	14	47 18	0	.....	14	0	0	47 18
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	52	0	3	0	.....
Chairs, No. 22	10	5 00	0	.....	10	0	0	5 00
Chair, rocker, arm	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Ewer	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Mattresses, hair	6	30 00	0	.....	6	0	0	30 00
Mattresses, cotton	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pillows, hair	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Pillow, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, 2′ x 6′	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Screen	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	7	7 00	0	.....	7	0	0	7 00
Table	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Room 44 — Dormitory.					
Beds, wood	12	$36 00	0	.....	12	0	0	$36 00
Blankets, No. 6	24	80 88	0	.....	24	0	0	80 88
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 40	2	1	0	40
Chairs, No. 20	12	9 12	0	.....	12	0	0	9 12
Mattresses, hair	6	30 00	0	.....	6	0	0	30 00
Mattresses, cotton	6	12 00	0	.....	6	0	0	12 00
Pillows, hair	10	10 00	0	.....	10	0	0	10 00
Pillows, cotton	3	2 10	0	.....	3	0	0	2 10
Rack, nightdress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
			Room 45 — Dormitory.					
Beds, wood	12	36 00	0	.....	12	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6	24	80 88	0	.....	24	0	0	80 88
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, No. 20	10	7 60	0	.....	10	0	0	7 60
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	0	0	0	10 00
Mattresses, cotton	10	20 00	0	.....	10	0	0	20 00
Pillows, hair	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
Rack, nightdress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
			Bath Room.					
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, No. 22	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Dust pan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Rack, towel	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Porches, Halls, Etc.					
Brushes, dust, No. 57	3	72	0	.....	3	0	0	72
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	9	2 10	4	5	0	94
Cans, dust, No. 147	2	2 40	0	.....	2	0	0	2 40
Dustpans, No. 191	2	26	0	.....	2	0	0	26
			South Wing.					
			Room 2.					
Bed, double, ash	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7	3	10 50	0	.....	3	0	0	10 50
Broom, whisk, No. 2	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	26	1	1	0	23
Chairs, rocker, splint	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dresser, ash	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mattress, cotton	1	$2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$2 00
Pails, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rack, towel	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 3.					
Bed, maple, single....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chairs, splint	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Dresser, ash	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, cotton	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pail, g. i., No. 136...	0	.....	1	$ 18	1	0	0	18
Pillow, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, ingrain, 3′ x 5′.	3	5 00	0	.....	3	0	0	5 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Table	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 4.					
Bed, ash, double.....	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Bed, ash, ¾	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	14 00	0	.....	4	0	0	14 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, splint	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Chair, splint, rocker..	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, arm	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dresser, ash	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, cotton	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Mattress, hair	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Pails, g. i., No. 17....	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Room 5.					
Beds, maple	2	$8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$8 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	14 00	0	.....	4	0	0	14 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chairs, splint	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dressers	2	16 00	0	.....	2	0	0	16 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton ...	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136...	2	54	0	.....	2	0	0	54
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Tables	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
			Room 6.					
Bed, maple, ¾.....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, splint	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, hair	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Pail, scrub	0	.....	1	$ 26	1	0	0	26
Pillows, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, ingrain	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
			Room 7.					
Beds, ash	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	14 00	0	.....	4	0	0	14 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	26	1	1	0	23
Chairs, splint	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Chairs, splint, rocker.	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dressers, ash	2	16 00	0	.....	2	0	0	16 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton ...	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136...	2	54	0	.....	2	0	0	54
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pillows, cotton	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Set, toilet	1	$1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Stand and cover.....	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
			Room 8.					
Beds, maple	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	14 00	0	.....	4	0	0	14 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, arm, rocker...	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chairs, splint	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton ...	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136...	2	54	0	.....	2	0	0	54
Pillows, cotton	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Stand and cover.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 9.					
Bed, double	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, splint	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dresser	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, cotton	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand, oval	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tub, foot	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 10.					
Bed, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, splint	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Chairs, splint, rocker..	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mattress, hair	1	$3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$3 00
Pillow, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, hair	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, 2′ x 4′.....	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Room 40 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	48	144 00	0	.....	48	0	0	144 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	96	323 52	0	.....	96	0	0	323 52
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	6	1 45	0	.....	6	0	0	1 45
Blower, insect powder.	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Brooms, whisk, No. 2..	6	1 26	0	.....	6	0	0	1 26
Brooms, 7-A	6	1 20	4	$1 04	2	8	0	45
Can, dirt, No. 147...	1	1 20	0	.....	1	0	0	1 20
Chairs, No. 22.....	36	18 00	0	.....	36	0	0	18 00
Dustpans, No. 191....	2	26	0	.....	2	0	0	26
Mattresses, hair	46	230 00	0	.....	46	0	0	230 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mattress covers, rub..	12	7 20	0	.....	12	0	0	7 20
Pillows, hair	46	46 00	0	.....	46	0	0	46 00
Pillows, cotton	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Rack, nightdress	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	50	50 00	0	.....	50	0	0	50 00
Room 41.								
Bed, ash, double.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	1	10	2	0	0	20
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, cane	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Chairs, upholstered ..	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chair, arm, rocker....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Carpet, Brussels, yds..	20	19 00	0	.....	20	0	0	19 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Couch, upholstered ...	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Dresser, ash	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, 3′ x 6′.....	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rack, medicine	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Wardrobe	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Room 42 — Sewing Room.								
Baskets, clothes	6	4 50	6	3 00	12	0	0	7 50
Board, lap	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Chairs, No. 24.....	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, No. 20	4	$1 50	0	.....	4	0	0	$1 50
Chairs, rocker, No. C.	5	3 75	0	.....	5	0	0	3 75
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Machines, sewing, "Singer"	3	75 00	0	.....	3	0	0	75 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Scissors, 6"	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Scissors, b. h.....	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Sadirons	2	70	0	.....	2	0	0	70
Sadiron stand	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Table, 8'	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tracer	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
			Room 43.					
Bed, iron	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Bed, wood, dbl.....	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	14 00	0	.....	4	0	0	14 00
Chairs, wood	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Chairs, splint	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Chairs, rocker, No. C.	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chiffonier, b. w.....	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Comforters	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Matting	26	13 00	0	.....	26	0	0	13 00
Mattress, single, hair.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattress, double, hair.	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	68	0	.....	1	0	0	68
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, 2' x 5'.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Stands	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand, cherry ...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Wardrobe	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
			Room 44.					
Bed, double, b. w....	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Chair, rocker, arm...	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chairs, cane	3	3 50	0	.....	3	0	0	3 50
Curtains, scrim	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Dresser, w.	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Desk, writing, oak....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Hamper, rd.	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Mattress, hair	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Poles, curtain	3	1 00	0	.....	3	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, b. w.....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Tabouret	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Washstand, b. w.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
			Room 45.					
Bed, maple, dbl.....	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Bureau, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, rocker, No. C.	3	$2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	$2 25
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Linoleum, yds.	20	20 00	0	.....	20	0	0	20 00
Mattress, cotton	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pails, g. i., No. 136..	2	54	1	$ 26	3	0	0	80
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 46.								
Bed, maple, dbl.	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Bureau	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Broom, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	26	2	0	0	46
Chairs, rocker	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chair, wood	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, small	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 47.								
Bed, double	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Bureau, b. w.....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broom, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Chair, rocker, willow.	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chair, rocker, wood..	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Pail, g. i., No. 136...	1	28	0	.....	1	0	0	28
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, ingrain	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Table, round	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Room 48.					
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	0	.....	1	$ 10	1	0	0	$ 10
Bed, ash, double.....	1	$7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Bureau, ash	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, rocker, cane...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker, wood..	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, enamel	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Dustpan	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, 2′ x 3′.....	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 49.					
Bed, double, maple...	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Bureaus.....	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, wood, rk.....	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chair, splint	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, cotton	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Mirror	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pail, g. i., No. 136...	1	27	0	.....	1	0	0	27
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Sitting Room.					
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, No. 22.....	5	2 50	0	.....	5	0	0	2 50
Chairs, splint	4	4 00	0	.....	4	0	0	4 00
Commode	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Couch, uphols.	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
			Schoolroom, Porches and Halls.					
Benches, wood	16	16 00	0	.....	16	0	0	16 00
Brushes, floor, No. 2.	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	2	48	2	48	4	0	0	96
Brooms, 7-A	3	60	8	1 72	3	8	0	60
Cans, dirt, No. 147...	2	2 40	0	.....	2	0	0	2 40
Clocks	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Music box	1	$15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$15 00
Pans, dust, No. 191	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Pails, g. i., fire, No. 284	4	1 84	0	.....	4	0	0	1 84
Pails, g. i., No. 136	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Table	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Inmates' Dining Room.								
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	1	$ 24	1	0	0	24
Bowls, pt.	12	62	12	67	22	2	0	1 18
Box, flour	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Box, bread	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Brushes, floor, No. 2	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brushes, dust, No. 57	1	24	2	48	2	1	0	48
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	5	1 12	1	5	0	22
Chairs, No. 22	48	24 00	0	.....	48	0	0	24 00
Can, tin, No. 140	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Dishes, 8″ pudding	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Forks, Mexican	40	5 00	12	1 63	36	16	0	4 57
Jars, 1 gal	3	60	0	.....	3	0	0	60
Knives, steel	4	20	0	.....	4	0	0	20
Ladle, soup	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Mugs	48	3 20	72	3 30	48	72	0	2 60
Plates, 8″	36	1 80	72	3 48	84	24	0	4 10
Plates, 6″	36	1 80	72	2 67	99	9	0	4 10
Plates, soup	36	1 00	36	1 54	36	36	0	1 27
Pitchers, 4 qt	5	1 00	6	1 96	11	0	0	2 96
Platters, 19″	1	40	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Inmates' Dining Room.								
Pails, agate, 12 qt	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pails, g. i., No. 136	2	54	1	26	3	0	0	80
Pans, dish, tin, 12 qt.	1	20	2	38	3	0	0	58
Pans, dish, 16 qt	0	.....	2	71	2	0	0	71
Pans, dish, 18 qt	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Saucepans, agate	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Salts and peppers	3	80	0	.....	3	0	0	80
Slicer, bread	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spoons, tea	0	.....	6	41	6	0	0	41
Spoons, agate	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Spoons, dessert	36	2 75	12	1 40	36	12	0	3 11
Tables	7	21 00	0	.....	7	0	0	21 00
Tureens, soup	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Washboard	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
MUSIC HALL BUILDING.								
Hall and Music Room.								
Bells, dumb, ½-lb	68	1 70	36	9 00	104	0	0	10 70
Bell, brass	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Blackboards	5	4 00	0	.....	5	0	0	4 00
Brushes, floor, No. 2	4	2 88	0	.....	4	0	0	2 88
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brush, dust, No. 57	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Clubs, Indian	52	5 20	0	.....	52	0	0	5 20

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs	225	$110 00	0	.....	225	0	0	$110 00
Chairs, folding	100	50 00	0	.....	100	0	0	50 00
Commodes	3	15 00	0	.....	3	0	0	15 00
Chestweight	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Clock, elec.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dustpan	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Easels, blackboard	5	6 00	0	.....	5	0	0	6 00
Poles, 10′	16	1 60	0	.....	16	0	0	1 60
Pails, fire, No. 284	4	1 88	0	.....	4	0	0	1 88
Piano, Chickering	1	500 00	0	.....	1	0	0	500 00
Rings, swinging	30	1 70	12	$4 80	42	0	0	6 50
Stool, piano	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tables	3	15 00	0	.....	3	0	0	15 00
Triangle	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Wands	32	64	0	.....	32	0	0	64
Girls' Sewing Room.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	1	26	1	0	0	26
Basket, scrap	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Chairs, No. 20	19	14 44	0	.....	19	0	0	14 44
Commode	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Lapboards	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Machines, sewing	10	250 00	0	.....	10	0	0	250 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Settees, veneer, 4′	4	12 00	0	.....	4	0	0	12 00
Shears	8	3 00	0	.....	8	0	0	3 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Tables, 6′	4	12 00	0	.....	4	0	0	12 00
Knitting Room.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	3	60	1	2	0	20
Basket, clothes, No. 502	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Baskets, No. 56-A	14	2 80	0	.....	14	0	0	2 80
Lapboard	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Machine, sewing	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Machines, knitting	4	40 00	0	.....	4	0	0	40 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Scissors	13	5 00	0	.....	13	0	0	5 00
Shears	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Settees	8	24 00	0	.....	8	0	0	24 00
Tables	3	9 00	0	.....	3	0	0	9 00
Kindergarten Room.								
Blackboards	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Brush, dust, No. 57	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	3	66	3	1	0	50
Chairs	7	3 50	0	.....	7	0	0	3 50
Commodes with school supplies	3	10 00	0	.....	3	0	0	10 00
Piano	1	200 00	0	.....	1	0	0	200 00
Settees	8	20 00	0	.....	8	0	0	20 00
Tables	3	9 00	0	.....	3	0	0	9 00
Boys' Sewing Room.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	52	1	1	0	26
Boards, mat	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Chairs	5	2 50	0	.....	5	0	0	2 50

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Commode	1	$8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$8 00
Machines, sewing	2	50 00	0	.....	2	0	0	50 00
Machine, saw-bracket	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Shears	2	70	0	.....	2	0	0	70
Settees	12	36 00	0	.....	12	0	0	36 00
Tables	4	8 00	0	.....	4	0	0	8 00
Tailor Shop.								
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	3	$ 66	2	1	0	44
Baskets, No. 502	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Boards, ironing	2	75	0	.....	2	0	0	75
Boards, press	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Chairs	9	4 50	0	.....	9	0	0	4 50
Commode	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Jardiniere	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Machines, sewing	5	125 00	0	.....	5	0	0	125 00
Mirror	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pails, g. i., fire, No. 284	2	94	0	.....	2	0	0	94
Plate, gas	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Sadirons	4	80	0	.....	4	0	0	80
Shears, tailor	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Shears	4	1 00	0	.....	4	0	0	1 00
Shears, b. h	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Settees	3	9 00	0	.....	3	0	0	9 00
Tables	5	15 00	0	.....	5	0	0	15 00
Hall.								
Clock, elec.	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Can, dust, No. 147	1	1 30	0	.....	1	0	0	1 30
Room 73.								
Bed, wood	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7	3	9 00	0	.....	3	0	0	9 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, cane	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Can, water	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Comforter	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pail, No. 136	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, ingrain	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spread, bed	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Table, No. 404	1	8 50	0	.....	1	0	0	8 50
Tub, foot	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Supply Storerooms.								
Bench, 4'	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Baskets, scrap	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Boxes, biscuit	20	2 00	0	.....	20	0	0	2 00
Boxes, spice	4	40	0	.....	4	0	0	40

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Baskets, bu. g. i.....	2	$1 13	0	.....	2	0	0	$1 13
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 52	3	0	0	72
Baskets, splint, 2 bu..	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	1	24	1	24	2	0	0	48
Chair, No. 22.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chairs	5	2 50	0	.....	5	0	0	2 50
Cupboards	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Canisters, tea	5	75	0	.....	5	0	0	75
Cans, dirt	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Cart, hand, push.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Can, oil	0	.....	1	05	1	0	0	05
Desk	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Funnel, glass	0	.....	1	17	1	0	0	17
Funnel, g. i.....	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Frames, barrel	6	7 50	0	.....	6	0	0	7 50
Faucet, measuring ...	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Faucets, iron, mol....	3	80	1	25	4	0	0	1 05
Faucets, wood	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Hatchet	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Hammer, claw	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Holder, paper, roll...	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Holder, bag and twine	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Knife, cheese	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Knives, butter	3	60	0	.....	3	0	0	60
Measures, gal. g. i....	1	25	1	31	2	0	0	56
Mill, coffee	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Puller, nail	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Safe, screen	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Scales, 200 lb.....	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Scales, 800 lb.....	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Steps	4	1 00	0	.....	4	0	0	1 00
Safe, cheese	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Scoops, grocery	20	2 50	0	.....	20	0	0	2 50
Skids	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Tables	6	12 00	0	.....	6	0	0	12 00
Table, 4′	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Truck, barrel	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Tryers, butter	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
GIRLS' BUILDING.								
Office.								
Basket, waste	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brooms, 7-A	6	1 20	3	72	5	4	0	1 05
Chair, No. 22.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chairs, arm	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Chair, rocker, C.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Clock, wood	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Commode, b. w.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Desk, writing, b. w...	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Desk, small, b. w.....	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Hamper, No. 506.....	2	1 16	0	.....	2	0	0	1 16
Linoleum, yds	19	19 00	0	.....	19	0	0	19 00
Sweepers, carpet	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Table, 5′	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Hall.					
Baskets, clothes, No. 503	10	$4 79	0	.....	10	0	0	$4 79
Brooms, 7-A	5	1 00	4	$ 98	5	4	0	1 10
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	4	84	0	.....	4	0	0	84
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	4	96	6	1 45	10	0	0	2 41
Dustpans, No. 191	5	65	0	.....	5	0	0	65
Pails, g. i., fire, No. 284	8	3 21	0	.....	8	0	0	3 21
Pails, g. i., No. 136	12	3 15	8	2 10	14	6	0	3 67
			Center Hall.					
Book case, b. w.	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	2	52	2	2	0	46
Chair, b. w.	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chiffonier, b. w.	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Clock	0	.....	1	3 50	1	0	0	3 50
Couch, willow	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Linoleum, yd	0	.....	0	.....	0	0	0	.....
Racks, key	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Table, Sloyd	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
			Room 1.					
Bed, iron, single	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	50	0	3	0	.....
Carpet, ingrain, yds.	14	14 00	0	.....	14	0	0	14 00
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillows, feather	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Spread, bed	1	1 20	1	1 25	2	0	0	2 45
			Room 2.					
Blankets, No. 7	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	24	0	2	0	.....
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, haircloth	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Jar, slop	0	.....	1	60	0	1	0	.....
Lamp, elec., table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Rug, Brussels	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 40	1	1 25	3	0	0	3 65
Table, maple	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
			Dormitory No. 3.					
Beds, wood	15	45 00	0	.....	15	0	0	45 00
Blankets, No. 7	30	44 40	4	13 48	31	3	0	52 76
Brooms, 7-A	4	80	1	26	3	2	0	63
Chairs, splint	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, No. 22	14	7 00	0	.....	14	0	0	7 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattresses, cotton	14	34 50	0	.....	14	0	0	34 50
Pail, chamber, No. 17.	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pillows, cotton	14	$9 25	0	.....	14	0	0	$9 25
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	15	15 00	0	.....	15	0	0	15 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 4.					
Bed, double, maple...	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Brooms, 7-A.....	1	20	1	$ 24	0	2	0	.....
Chairs, rocker	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chair, cane	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Pillows, feather	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Rugs, Brussels	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	1	2 00	1	1	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 40	0	.....	2	0	0	2 40
Stand, maple	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand, maple ...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 5 — Dormitory.					
Beds, wood	15	45 00	0	.....	15	0	0	45 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	30	44 40	5	16 85	30	5	0	52 50
Brooms, 7-A	8	1 60	1	24	8	1	0	1 68
Chairs, splint, C.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, No. 22.....	14	7 00	0	.....	14	0	0	7 00
Chairs, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	14	32 50	0	.....	14	0	0	32 50
Machine, sewing	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pillows, cotton	14	9 25	0	.....	14	0	0	9 25
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	15	12 75	0	.....	15	0	0	12 75
Washstand	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
			Room 6 — Dormitory.					
Beds, wood	24	72 00	0	.....	24	0	0	72 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	48	168 00	3	10 11	48	3	0	167 52
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	7	1 76	2	5	0	50
Carpet, yd	0	.....	2	1 30	2	0	0	1 30
Chairs, No. 22.....	24	12 00	0	.....	24	0	0	12 00
Chair, splint	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chair, w. s., rocker...	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Dresser, maple	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	18	36 00	0	.....	18	0	0	36 00
Mattresses, hair	6	30 00	0	.....	6	0	0	30 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pillows, cotton	16	11 20	0	.....	16	0	0	11 20

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pillows, hair	7	$7 00	0	.....	7	0	0	$7 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	24	24 00	0	.....	24	0	0	24 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 7 — Dormitory								
Beds, wood	23	69 00	0	.....	23	0	0	69 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	46	161 00	15	$50 62	46	15	0	159 62
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	4	1 04	0	4	0	1 04
Chair, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Chairs, splint, C.....	3	4 50	0	.....	3	0	0	4 50
Chair, splint	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, No. 22.....	23	11 00	0	.....	23	0	0	11 00
Commode	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Dresser, ash	2	16 00	0	.....	2	0	0	16 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	22	44 00	0	.....	22	0	0	44 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pillows, cotton	17	11 90	0	.....	17	0	0	11 90
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillow, hair	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	23	19 55	0	.....	23	0	0	19 55
Washstand, ash	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 8 — Dormitory.								
Beds, iron	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	6	9 00	0	.....	6	0	0	9 00
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	1	24	0	1	0	.....
Carpet, yd	0	.....	3	1 95	3	0	0	1 95
Chairs, rocker, wood.	3	3 75	0	.....	3	0	0	3 75
Chairs, splint, C.....	4	3 00	0	.....	4	0	0	3 00
Dressers	2	16 00	0	.....	2	0	0	16 00
Linoleum, yds	48	48 00	0	.....	48	0	0	48 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Mirrors, small	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Sets, toilet	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Spreads, bed	4	2 40	0	.....	4	0	0	2 40
Stand, maple	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Washstand, ash	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Room 9 — Dormitory.								
Beds, wood	15	45 00	0	.....	15	0	0	45 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	30	44 40	1	3 37	30	1	0	46 20
Brooms, 7-A	4	80	1	24	4	1	0	84
Bureaus, small	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Carpet, yd	0	.....	2	1 30	2	0	0	1 30
Chairs, No. 22.....	15	6 00	0	.....	15	0	0	6 00
Chair, cane	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Commodes	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Couch, upholstered ..	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Dresser, pine	1	$8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$8 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	13	28 00	0	.....	13	0	0	28 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Pail, g. i., No 17.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pillows, cotton	10	7 00	0	.....	10	0	0	7 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillows, hair	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	15	15 00	0	.....	15	0	0	15 00
Stand, maple	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand, maple ...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 10 — *Dormitory.*					
Bed, cherry	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	4 25	0	.....	2	0	0	4 25
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 48	1	2	0	24
Bureau	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, c. s.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chair, rocker, spring.	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chair, rocker, splint..	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Curtain	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattress	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Mirror, oak	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 40	1	1 25	3	0	0	3 65
Washstand, cherry ..	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 11 — *Dormitory.*					
Beds, wood	15	42 00	0	.....	15	0	0	42 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	30	105 00	2	6 74	30	2	0	104 70
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	40	0	2	0	.....
Carpet, yd	0	.....	2	1 30	2	0	0	1 30
Chair, rocker	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Chair, splint, C.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, No. 22.....	14	7 00	0	.....	14	0	0	7 00
Dresser, maple	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	14	30 00	0	.....	14	0	0	30 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pillows, cotton	13	9 23	0	.....	13	0	0	9 23
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillow, hair	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	15	12 75	0	.....	15	0	0	12 75
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Sewing Room.					
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	7	1 64	1	7	0	26
Chairs, No. 22.....	47	23 50	0	.....	47	0	0	23 50
Chairs, rocker, splint.	11	11 00	0	.....	11	0	0	11 00
Clock, wall	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Machines, sewing	5	125 00	0	.....	5	0	0	125 00
Piano	1	150 00	0	.....	1	0	0	150 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Tables, 18′	2	$10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$10 00
Tables, 12′	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Thermometer	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Ironing Room.								
Book case, maple.....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	$ 24	0	2	0	.....
Chairs, No. 22.....	15	7 50	0	.....	15	0	0	7 50
Chairs, rock, splint...	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Irons, sad	31	3 10	0	.....	31	0	0	3 10
Mirror, small	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Tables, ironing	16	24 00	0	.....	16	0	0	24 00
Officers' Dining Room.								
Chairs, c. s., No. 24..	6	6 00	0	.....	6	0	0	6 00
Cruets, glass	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Dishes, oatmeal	12	1 00	0	.....	12	0	0	1 00
Dishes, pudding, 6″..	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Dishes, set, No. 53204	1	11 50	0	.....	1	0	0	11 50
Forks, s. p.....	12	1 50	0	.....	12	0	0	1 50
Ladle	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Knife & Fork, carving	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Knives, tea	8	80	0	.....	8	0	0	80
Knives, dinner, set...	18	2 52	0	.....	18	0	0	2 52
Linoleum	0	.....	0	.....	0	0	0	.....
Napkins	12	1 75	12	1 75	12	12	0	1 75
Plates, soup, 7″.....	10	30	0	.....	10	0	0	30
Pot, tea, nickel.....	0	.....	1	75	1	0	0	75
Salts and peppers....	12	1 20	0	.....	12	0	0	1 20
Spoons, tea, s. p.....	11	1 10	0	.....	11	0	0	1 10
Spoons, dessert, s. p..	6	78	0	.....	6	0	0	78
Spoons, table, s. p....	5	80	0	.....	5	0	0	80
Stand, b. w.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, ext	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Tablecloths, 2½ yds..	3	7 32	1	2 44	3	1	0	7 32
Tray, serving	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Tray, crumb	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Tumblers	18	81	0	.....	16	2	0	72
Tureen, soup	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Employees' Dining Room.								
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brush, table	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Boat, gravy	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Bowl, sugar	1	10	1	15	1	1	0	15
Chairs, No. 24.....	7	5 00	0	.....	7	0	0	5 00
Cloth, hush	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Cruets, glass	1	05	1	10	1	1	0	08
Cups	4	12	18	74	5	17	0	20
Dishes, butter	0	.....	1	22	0	1	0	.....
Dish, mustard	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Dishes, sauce	8	15	12	22	8	12	0	14
Dishes, veg. cov. 8″...	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Forks, Mex	10	1 25	0	.....	10	0	0	1 25

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Knife box	1	$ 20	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 20
Knives, steel	8	50	0	.....	8	0	0	50
Ladle, soup	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Pitchers, 4 qt., 6's...	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Pitchers, 1 pt., No. 42	2	10	1	$ 08	3	0	0	18
Plates, butter, ind...	12	18	0	.....	11	1	0	16
Plates, soup, 7".....	12	36	0	.....	12	0	0	36
Plates, 6"	8	37	0	.....	8	0	0	37
Plates, 8"	11	55	0	.....	11	0	0	55
Pot, coffee, agate, 4 qt	0	.....	1	35	1	0	0	35
Pot, agate, coffee, 2 qt	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Pot, agate, tea, 2 qt.	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Salts and peppers....	8	80	0	.....	8	0	0	80
Saucers	12	40	12	40	6	18	0	20
Spoons, tea, Mex.....	24	1 64	0	.....	24	0	0	1 64
Spoons, dessert, Mex.	17	2 31	0	.....	17	0	0	2 31
Spoons, table	3	48	0	.....	3	0	0	48
Table, 10', ext.....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Tablecloths, 2½ yds..	3	7 50	3	6 00	4	2	0	9 00
Tray, crumb	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Tureen, soup	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Tumblers	7	15	12	54	12	7	0	43
Inmates' Dining Room.								
Bells, brass	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Bowls, 1 pint.....	25	1 39	24	96	38	11	0	1 82
Bowls, 8 quart.....	6	3 30	4	84	8	2	0	91
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	9	1 94	2	9	0	42
Brush, floor	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Can, syrup, tin, No. 140	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chairs, No. 22.....	95	47 50	0	.....	95	0	0	47 50
Creamery, 41x39x25".	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Cruets	5	25	0	.....	5	0	0	25
Cups, mustard	11	55	0	.....	11	0	0	55
Dustpan, No. 191.....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Forks, Mex.	76	3 80	0	.....	76	0	0	3 80
Knives, Mex.	95	4 00	0	.....	95	0	0	4 00
Mugs	68	4 31	12	55	66	14	0	4 01
Pails, g. i., No. 136...	0	.....	2	52	2	0	0	52
Plates, 8"	60	3 75	12	58	59	13	0	3 55
Plates, 6"	60	2 75	24	88	78	6	0	3 37
Plates, soup, 7".....	48	2 20	0	.....	48	0	0	2 20
Plates, bread	12	72	0	.....	12	0	0	72
Pitchers, syrup	12	60	0	.....	12	0	0	60
Pitchers, 2 qt.....	9	1 31	0	.....	9	0	0	1 31
Pitchers, 4 qt.....	6	2 00	12	2 90	6	12	0	1 63
Salts and peppers....	7	1 40	0	.....	7	0	0	1 40
Spoons, tea, Mex.....	75	3 75	0	.....	75	0	0	3 75
Spoons, dessert, Mex.	75	6 75	0	.....	75	0	0	6 75
Spoons, table, Mex...	7	91	0	.....	7	0	0	91
Tables	8	55 00	0	.....	8	0	0	55 00
Thermometer	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Tray and knife.....	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Kitchen.					
Barrels, flour	2	$ 40	0	.....	2	0	0	$ 40
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	4	$ 96	0	5	0	.....
Beaters, egg	1	05	1	15	1	1	0	15
Board, bread	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Boards, meat	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Boiler, dbl., agate....	1	80	0	.....	1	0	0	80
Bowls, 8 qt.....	10	1 00	4	84	14	0	0	1 83
Bowl, 21", chop.....	1	80	0	.....	1	0	0	80
Bowls, 15", chop.....	1	25	2	50	2	1	0	50
Broiler, meat	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Basins, agate, 4 qt...	4	1 20	0	.....	4	0	0	1 20
Basins, agate, 2 qt...	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chairs, rk. wood.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	4	1 50	0	.....	4	0	0	1 50
Clock, wall	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Can, tin, 5 gal., No. 130	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Covers, kettle	6	24	0	.....	6	0	0	24
Colanders, No. 133...	2	36	0	.....	2	0	0	36
Cutter, cooky, No. 63.	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Cutter, doughnut, No. 62	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Crocks, 1 gal.....	2	40	3	45	5	0	0	85
Crocks, 3 gal.....	4	1 40	0	.....	4	0	0	1 40
Crock, 4 gal.....	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Cans, fruit, 1 pt.....	80	4 17	0	.....	80	0	0	4 17
Cans, fruit, 1 qt.....	103	5 66	24	1 00	127	0	0	6 66
Cans, fruit, 2 qt.....	36	2 31	18	93	54	0	0	3 24
Dishes, pudding, 12".	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Dishes, pudding, 8"..	5	75	0	.....	5	0	0	75
Dippers, ½ pt., agate	6	88	0	.....	6	0	0	88
Dustpans, No. 191...	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Forks, steel	7	30	0	.....	7	0	0	30
Freezer, cream, 6 qt..	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Funnel, No. 256, qt..	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Grinder, meat, No. 22	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Griddle, cake, 16"....	1	80	0	.....	1	0	0	80
Glasses, jelly	108	1 62	0	.....	108	0	0	1 62
Grater, No. 44.....	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Grater, No. 395.....	1	03	0	.....	1	0	0	03
Hods, coal, No. 378..	4	2 02	2	1 01	4	2	0	2 02
Jugs, 2 gal.....	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Kettles, agate, tea...	2	1 30	0	.....	2	0	0	1 30
Kettles, iron, Maslin, 6 qt.	2	1 40	2	1 00	3	1	0	1 80
Kettles, iron, Maslin, 8 qt.	3	1 80	2	1 36	5	0	0	3 16
Kettles, agate, 10 qt.	2	50	0	.....	1	1	0	25
Kettle, stone	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Knives, steel	8	35	0	.....	8	0	0	35
Knives, bread	3	15	0	.....	3	0	0	15
Mill, coffee	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Mashers, potato	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Mop sticks	1	07	1	06	2	0	0	13
Pans, drip, 18" x 13" x 3"	4	3 00	0	.....	4	0	0	3 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pans, drip	2	$ 75	0	.....	2	0	0	$ 75
Pans, drip, 16" x 12" x 4"	2	3 50	1	$ 90	2	1	0	2 94
Pans, agate, dish, 21 qt.	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pans, agate, dish 30 qt.	1	1 60	0	.....	1	0	0	1 60
Pot, agate, tea.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pot, agate, coffee, 3 qt	1	45	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Pans, ag., dish, 14 qt.	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pans, tin, dish, 32 qt. No. 265	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pans, tin, dish, 21 qt.	2	1 12	0	.....	2	0	0	1 12
Pans, tin, dish, 18 qt.	2	90	0	.....	2	0	0	90
Pans, tin, dish, 16 qt.	2	75	0	.....	2	0	0	75
Pans, tin, dish, 10 qt.	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Pans, ag., stew, 4 qt.	2	46	4	86	4	2	0	88
Pans, ag., stew, 3 qt.	2	40	2	40	2	2	0	40
Pans, ag., stew, 2 qt.	2	30	2	24	4	0	0	54
Plates, agate, 9".....	13	75	0	.....	13	0	0	75
Pails, g. i., No. 136..	0	.....	1	26	1	0	0	26
Plates, agate, 10"....	15	80	0	.....	15	0	0	80
Pails, tin, No. 443...	4	3 60	0	.....	4	0	0	3 60
Pails, g. i., No. 104..	2	1 32	0	.....	2	0	0	1 32
Pin, rolling	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Platters, 9"	4	1 60	0	.....	4	0	0	1 60
Pitchers, 4 qt.....	9	2 97	0	.....	9	0	0	2 97
Pitchers, 2 qt.....	11	1 10	0	.....	11	0	0	1 10
Refrigerator, 48" x 43" x 24".....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Ricer, potato	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20
Steamer	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Spiders, steel, 12"...	2	40	1	50	2	1	0	60
Spiders, iron	3	50	0	.....	3	0	0	50
Strainers, tea	1	10	1	10	2	0	0	20
Sifter, flour	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Slicer, bread	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spoons, agate	8	76	0	.....	8	0	0	76
Skimmers, No. 294...	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Strainers, No. 302, soup	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Tins, cake, round....	4	30	0	.....	4	0	0	30
Tins, cake, square....	2	15	0	.....	2	0	0	15
Tins, gem	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Tins, bread	5	25	0	.....	5	0	0	25
Turner, cake	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Turner, egg	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Tables, 6'	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Table, 8'	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Wringer	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washboards	0	.....	2	52	2	0	0	52
			West Schoolroom.					
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	8	2 08	3	7	0	74
Chairs, No. 22.....	60	30 00	0	.....	60	0	0	30 00
Chairs, splint, rk. C..	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Clock, wall	1	$3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$3 00
Commode	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dustpans	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mirror, small	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Tables	4	15 00	0	.....	4	0	0	15 00
Thermometers	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Attic.								
Bed, wood	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chests, pine	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Commodes	3	15 00	0	.....	3	0	0	15 00
Mattresses, cotton	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Closets and Bathrooms.								
Chairs, No. 22	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Stepladders, 8′	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Stepladders, 5′	4	3 00	0	.....	4	0	0	3 00
Stepladders, 7′	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
HOSPITAL.								
Ward 1.								
Beds, iron	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6	18	42 66	0	.....	18	0	0	42 66
Brooms, 7-A	1	21	1	$ 20	1	1	0	20
Brush, floor, No. 2	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brush, dust, No. 37	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Cupboard	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, arm	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chairs, No. 22	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Commode, small	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Can, dust, small	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Mattresses, hair	9	45 00	0	.....	9	0	0	45 00
Pillows, hair	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Screens	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stand, maple	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stepladder, 6′	1	1 20	0	.....	1	0	0	1 20
Ward 1, *Room* 5.								
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair, wood	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Ward 1, *Room* 6.								
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Carpet, yd.	0	.....	25	16 25	25	0	0	16 25
Chair, Morris	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chair, oak, rk	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, wood	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Couch, willow	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Couch cover, tap	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Dresser, oak	1	$12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$12 00
Lamp, elec. table....	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, Brussels	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, oak, sq.....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Washstand	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Ward 1, *Room* 7.								
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Bureau	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Basin, wash	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Bell, 2"	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Chair, wood, rk.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, splint	4	4 00	0	.....	4	0	0	4 00
Ewer	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, ingrain	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Washstand	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Ward 2.								
Beds, iron	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	1	$ 20	0	1	0	.....
Chair, wood, rk.....	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, rocker	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Cupboard	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mattresses, hair	9	45 00	0	.....	9	0	0	45 00
Pillows, hair	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Ward 2, *Room* 8.								
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, wood	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chair, wood, rocker..	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Dresser	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rug, 4′ x 6′.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Ward 2, *Room* 9.								
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, splint, rk.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, splint, arm....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Couch, uphols	1	$8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$8 00
Rug, ingrain	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Table, center	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Lower Hall.								
Couch, willow	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Piano	1	200 00	0	.....	1	0	0	200 00
Piano stool	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Ward 3.								
Beds, iron	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	2	$ 46	1	1	0	26
Chair, arm, rk.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, rocker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Mattresses, hair	9	45 00	0	.....	9	0	0	45 00
Mattress covers	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Pillows, hair	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Ward 3, *Room* 10.								
Blankets, No. 7.....	3	11 46	0	.....	3	0	0	11 46
Dresser, maple	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Lamp, elec., table....	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, ingrain, 5′ x 8′.	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Rug, ingrain, 2′ x 5′..	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Stand, oak	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Ward 4.								
Beds, iron	9	36 00	0	.....	9	0	0	36 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	18	60 66	0	.....	18	0	0	60 66
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	1	20	2	1	0	40
Brush, floor, No. 2...	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Can, dirt, No. 147....	1	1 20	0	.....	1	0	0	1 20
Chair, arm	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Cupboard	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Commode	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Mattresses, hair	9	45 00	0	.....	9	0	0	45 00
Pillows, hair	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Spreads, bed	9	9 00	0	.....	9	0	0	9 00
Stands, maple	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Stepladder, 4′	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Ward 4, *Room* 11.								
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair, No. 22.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Commode	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Stand	1	$2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Ward 4, *Room* 12.					
Bed, ¾, iron.....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	2	6 74	0	.....	2	0	0	6 74
Chair, wood, rk.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, leather, rk....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Dresser, oak	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Rugs, Brussels	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stand, oak	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
			Ward 4, *Room* 13.					
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chairs, rocker	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, No. 22.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Dresser, oak	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, cotton	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Rug, ingrain	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, oak	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Washstand, oak	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
			Room 14.					
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chairs, rk., splint....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Dresser, maple	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 10	0	.....	1	0	0	2 10
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Washstand	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
			Room 15.					
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	$ 20	2	0	0	40
Chair, Morris	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, cane, rk.....	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chair, maple, rk.....	1	$1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 50
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Rug, Brussels	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand, oak	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tabouret	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Washstand	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Room 16.								
Bed, wood	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair, wood, rk.....	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chair, splint	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Commode	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Room 17.								
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Chair, l. seat, rk.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, cane	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 10	0	.....	1	0	0	2 10
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Halls and Bathrooms.								
Baskets, No. 56-A market	3	56	0	.....	3	0	0	56
Basins, agate, wash..	8	64	0	.....	8	0	0	64
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	4	96	0	.....	4	0	0	96
Brushes, floor, No. 2..	4	2 88	0	.....	4	0	0	2 88
Brooms, 7-A	4	80	5	$1 00	2	7	0	40
Chairs, No. 22.....	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Cans, dust, No. 147..	4	4 80	0	.....	4	0	0	4 80
Clock, wall	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Dustpans, No. 191....	4	52	0	.....	4	0	0	52
Hammocks	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Matting, rubber	32	29 76	0	.....	32	0	0	29 76
Mop sticks	4	20	0	.....	4	0	0	20
Pails, g. i., fire, No. 284	6	2 81	0	.....	6	0	0	2 81
Pails, g. i., No. 136...	4	1 00	0	.....	4	0	0	1 00
Stands	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Tubs, foot	4	1 60	0	.....	4	0	0	1 60

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Operating Room.					
Apparatus, disinfecting	1	$5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$5 00
Box, vapor bath.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Case, medicine	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Pail, chamber	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pad, Kelly	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Sterilizer	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Table, operating	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Table, 6′ x 3′.....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Nurses' Dining Room.					
Bowls, sugar	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Chairs, dining	7	5 25	0	.....	7	0	0	5 25
Cruet	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Dishes, set	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Forks, s. p.....	12	1 00	12	$1 75	24	0	0	2 75
Knives, s. p.....	12	1 00	0	.....	12	0	0	1 00
Napkins	30	4 38	0	.....	30	0	0	4 38
Pitchers, cream	1	15	1	15	0	2	0	.....
Pitchers, 4 qt.....	7	1 25	0	.....	7	0	0	1 25
Pot, tea, 2 qt., agate..	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Pot, coffee, 3 qt., agate	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Saucers	0	.....	8	20	2	6	0	06
Stand	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Salts and peppers....	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
Set carving	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spoons, table, s. p....	5	50	0	.....	5	0	0	50
Spoons, dessert, s. p..	12	1 20	0	.....	12	0	0	1 20
Spoons, tea, s. p.....	18	1 12	0	.....	18	0	0	1 12
Table	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tablecloths	5	5 00	4	7 92	9	0	0	12 92
Tray, crumb	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Tumblers	9	36	12	54	13	8	0	55
			Inmates' Dining Room.					
Bowls, 36's, pt.....	9	50	0	.....	4	5	0	22
Chairs, splint, s. & b.	28	20 00	0	.....	28	0	0	20 00
Creamery	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Dishpans	2	1 20	0	.....	2	0	0	1 20
Forks, Mex	13	1 00	0	.....	13	0	0	1 00
Knives, Mex	14	1 40	0	.....	14	0	0	1 40
Mugs, 30's	25	1 58	24	1 10	38	11	0	2 07
Plates, 7″, soup.....	18	54	24	1 06	41	1	0	1 56
Pitchers, pint	0	.....	1	07	1	0	0	07
Pot, porcelain, tea....	0	.....	1	18	1	0	0	18
Plates, 6″	19	35	0	.....	16	3	0	29
Plates, 8″	30	1 80	0	.....	20	10	0	1 20
Pitchers, 6's	2	67	0	.....	2	0	0	67
Pails, 14 qt., tin.....	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Pails, 8 qt., agate....	1	45	0	.....	1	0	0	45
Salts and peppers....	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Spoons, dessert, Mex..	31	1 40	0	.....	31	0	0	1 40
Strainer, milk	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Table, 6′	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, 10′	4	10 00	0	.....	4	0	0	10 00
Trays	12	1 20	0	.....	12	0	0	1 20

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Kitchen.					
Basins, agate, 2 qt...	0	.....	2	$ 24	2	0	0	$ 24
Basins, agate, 1 qt...	0	.....	2	22	2	0	0	22
Breadraiser	1	$ 60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Box, bread, tin.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Bowl, chop., 15".....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Beater, egg	1	05	2	30	2	1	0	21
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	40	1	2	0	20
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Basins, agate, 4 qt...	6	54	0	.....	6	0	0	
Boiler, agate, 4 qt....	1	80	1	85	2	0	0	1 65
Can opener	1	06	0	.....	1	0	0	06
Cups, coffee	6	39	6	25	10	2	0	53
Cans, fruit, 1 qt.....	100	3 00	0	.....	100	0	0	3 00
Cans, ash, No. 245...	1	2 55	0	.....	1	0	0	2 55
Chairs, No. 22.....	5	2 50	0	.....	5	0	0	2 50
Clock, wall	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Can filler	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Colander	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Chopper, meat	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Can, bread, tin.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Dipper, tin	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Dustpan	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Dishpans, agate, 15 qt	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Dishes, 8", pudding..	7	70	0	.....	6	1	0	60
Dishes, 10", pudding..	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Forks, steel	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Funnel	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Freezer, cream	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Griddle	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Glasses, jelly	50	1 75	0	.....	50	0	0	1 75
Hammer, tack	2	18	0	.....	2	0	0	18
Hods, coal	2	1 20	0	.....	2	0	0	1 20
Jars, 2 gal.....	6	1 20	0	.....	6	0	0	1 20
Jugs, 1 gal.....	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Knives, paring	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Knives, carving	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Knives, chopping	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Kettle, agate, 14 qt...	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Kettle, agate, 4 qt....	0	.....	2	36	2	0	0	36
Kettles, agate, 10 qt..	3	1 05	0	.....	3	0	0	1 05
Kettle, iron, 6 qt.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Kettle, tea, nick., No. 8	1	50	1	50	2	0	0	1 00
Mill, coffee	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Masher, potato	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Measure, quart	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Mop sticks	0	.....	3	19	1	2	0	12
Pans, gem, tin.....	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Pans, drip	2	80	1	88	3	0	0	1 68
Pans, frying, steel....	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Pail, flour	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pail, g. i., No. 136...	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pails, agate, 12 qt....	0	.....	1	45	1	0	0	45
Pails, agate, 10 qt....	0	.....	1	42	1	0	0	42
Pail, tin, strainer, No. 435	0	.....	1	45	1	0	0	45

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pans, dish, agate, 15 quart	2	$ 80	0	.....	1	1	0	$ 40
Pans, milk, 6 qt., tin.	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Pans, sauce, 3 qt., ag.	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Pans, sauce, ag., 4 qt.	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pans, sauce, 6 qt., ag.	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Pans, drip, No. 324...	0	.....	1	$1 00	1	0	0	1 00
Pot, agate, tea, 3 qt..	1	45	0	.....	1	0	0	45
Pot, agate, cof., 4 qt.	1	45	0	.....	1	0	0	45
Pin, rolling	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Refrigerator	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Slicer, bread	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Strainers, slide	0	.....	2	80	2	0	0	80
Spoons, agate	5	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Shovel, fire	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Strainer, tea	1	10	1	08	1	1	0	08
Strainer, bowl	1	15	1	10	1	1	0	10
Skimmer	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Steamer, tin	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Spider, No. 7, iron...	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Sieve, flour	0	.....	1	10	1	0	0	10
Sifter, flour	0	.....	1	10	0	1	0	.....
Tables, 4'	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Tins, agate, pie.....	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
Tins, bread	4	20	0	.....	4	0	0	20
Tins, cake, sets, rd..	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Tins, cake, square....	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Toaster	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Washboards	1	20	2	62	2	1	0	62
			Dispensary.					
Books, medical	52	30 00	0	.....	52	0	0	30 00
Bistouries	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Brush, dust, No. 57...	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	1	26	2	0	0	46
Chairs, No. 22.....	21	10 50	0	.....	21	0	0	10 50
Chairs, surgical	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chairs, desk	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chiffonier	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Cases, medical	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Condenser, air	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Curettes, adenoid	2	3 50	0	.....	2	0	0	3 50
Curettes, uterine	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Dustpans	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Desk	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Depressor, tongue	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Exerciser, physical ...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Engine, dental	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Elevator, periosteal...	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Forceps, tissue	4	1 80	0	.....	4	0	0	1 80
Forceps, artery	6	2 70	0	.....	6	0	0	2 70
Gag, mouth	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Microscope	1	50 00	0	.....	1	0	0	50 00
Mirror	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pail, g. i., No. 17.....	0	.....	1	67	1	0	0	67

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Retractors	2	$1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	$1 50
Scissors, surgical	6	8 80	0	.....	6	0	0	8 80
Specula, ear	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Specula, nasal	2	1 20	0	.....	2	0	0	1 20
Specula, rectal	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Specula, vaginal	1	1 75	0	.....	1	0	0	1 75
Stands, ink	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Syringes, hyp	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Syringes, antitoxin	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Scales, 200 lbs., Fairbanks	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Thermometers	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Thermometers, clin	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Tonsillitomes	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Table, small	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Washstand, surgical	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
BOYS' BUILDING.								
Steward's Office.								
Axe, fire	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Baskets, waste	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Blotter moistener	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Bottle, mucilage	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	2	$ 42	1	2	0	21
Brooms, whisk, No. 2	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Brush, dust, No. 57	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Cabinet, typewriter	0	.....	1	15 00	1	0	0	15 00
Clamps, paper	5	15	0	.....	5	0	0	15
Chair, desk, leather	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chair, cane, desk	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Chair, desk	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Chair, cane, arm	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chairs, cane	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Chair, wood	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Chair, typewriter	0	.....	1	4 50	1	0	0	4 50
Commodes	2	27 00	0	.....	2	0	0	27 00
Cuspidors	2	1 00	1	40	3	0	0	1 40
Desk, oak, r. top	1	50 00	0	.....	1	0	0	50 00
Desk, oak, r. top, No. 53	1	32 00	0	.....	1	0	0	32 00
Desk, high	2	30 00	0	.....	2	0	0	30 00
Duster, feather	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
File cabinet	1	35 00	0	.....	1	0	0	35 00
File case, Ohmer	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Files, letter	9	1 00	0	.....	9	0	0	1 00
Files, bill	1	75	1	75	1	1	0	75
File, cabinet, card	0	.....	1	16 00	1	0	0	16 00
Hammer, tack	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Holder, sponge	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Inkwells	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Inkstands	2	75	0	.....	2	0	0	75
Inkpad	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Lamps, elec., stand	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Letter press & stand	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mirror	1	$4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$4 00
Paper weight, anvil	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Paper weight, frog	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pads, blotter	3	2 00	0	.....	3	0	0	2 00
Rests, arm	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Rulers	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Safe, 52 x 62"	1	150 00	0	.....	1	0	0	150 00
Safe, 31 x 35"	1	50 00	0	.....	1	0	0	50 00
Satchel, leather	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Scale, letter	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Scissors	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Spindles	3	15	0	.....	3	0	0	15
Stamps, rubber	5	75	0	.....	5	0	0	75
Stools, desk	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Trays, wire	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Typewriter	1	90 00	1	$81 00	1	1	0	81 00
Officers' Dining Room.								
Bell, brass	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	4	99	1	4	0	24
Bowl, slop, dec	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Chairs, dining	8	6 00	0	.....	8	0	0	6 00
Chair, arm, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, arm, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, b. w	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Commode, b. w	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Couch, upholstered	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Cruets, glass	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Crumb tray and brush	0	.....	2	35	1	1	0	18
Desk, b. w	1	40 00	0	.....	1	0	0	40 00
Dishes, set, No. 53204	1	15 47	0	.....	1	0	0	15 47
Dustpan, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Forks, table, Mex	22	2 75	0	.....	22	0	0	2 75
Hushcloths, 3 yd	1	1 05	0	.....	1	0	0	1 05
Knives, table, Mex	16	2 42	0	.....	16	0	0	2 42
Knives, butter	0	.....	1	14	1	0	0	14
Ladle, soup	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Linoleum	46	46 00	0	.....	46	0	0	46 00
Napkins	24	3 50	24	3 50	24	24	0	3 50
Plates, b. & b	12	94	0	.....	12	0	0	94
Salts and peppers, p	16	1 00	0	.....	16	0	0	1 00
Set, carving	1	2 10	0	.....	1	0	0	2 10
Steel, 16"	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Spoons, mustard, Mex	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Spoons, tea, Mex	19	1 19	18	1 21	30	7	0	1 94
Spoons, des., Mex	24	2 80	0	.....	24	0	0	2 80
Spoons, table, Mex	5	68	0	.....	5	0	0	68
Table, 8', exten	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Table, 4', pine	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tablecloths, 4 yd	3	9 00	0	.....	2	1	0	6 00
Tablecloths, 3 yd	3	6 75	2	4 50	4	1	0	9 00
Tumblers	10	45	48	2 16	26	32	0	1 17
Tureen, soup	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Employees' Dining Room.								
Bowls, sugar, w. p	1	20	1	20	1	1	0	20
Carving knife & fork	1	65	0	.....	1	0	0	65

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, dining	10	$7 50	0	.....	10	0	0	$7 50
Cruets, glass	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Cups, coffee	26	1 93	30	$ 93	38	18	0	1 94
Dishes, sauce	7	16	0	.....	7	0	0	16
Dishes, oatmeal	7	35	12	48	19	0	0	83
Dishes, vegetable.....	0	.....	1	15	1	0	0	15
Dishes, butter	1	20	2	44	1	2	0	21
Forks, Mex	24	3 75	0	.....	24	0	0	3 75
Holder, spoon	1	10	1	10	1	1	0	10
Knives, butter, pl....	1	25	1	14	1	1	0	19
Knives, table, Mex....	20	3 02	0	.....	20	0	0	3 02
Mirror, oak frame....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Plates, 8″	36	2 10	48	2 30	13	71	0	68
Plates, 6″	31	80	24	87	13	42	0	39
Plates, 7″, soup.....	25	1 10	12	53	37	0	0	1 63
Salts and peppers....	3	19	0	.....	3	0	0	19
Saucers	36	2 67	18	46	12	42	0	64
Spoons, tea, Mex.....	24	1 62	0	.....	24	0	0	1 62
Spoons, des., Mex....	13	1 76	0	.....	13	0	0	1 76
Spoons, table, Mex....	4	54	0	.....	4	0	0	54
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, 10′	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tablecloths, 4 yd.....	3	9 00	0	.....	2	1	0	6 00
Trays, serving, No. 110	3	50	0	.....	3	0	0	50
Tumblers, No. 632....	13	55	48	2 12	11	50	0	50
Inmates' Dining Room.								
Bowls, 8 qt.....	0	.....	6	1 74	0	6	0	.....
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	0	.....	1	10	1	0	0	10
Bell, hand, No. 8.....	0	.....	1	60	1	0	0	60
Bowls, pint	48	3 00	36	1 44	40	44	0	2 13
Brooms, 7-A	3	60	16	3 56	1	18	0	22
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	5	1 21	2	48	6	1	0	1 44
Chairs, No. 20.....	115	52 90	0	.....	115	0	0	52 90
Clock, wall	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Dustpan, No. 191.....	2	48	4	96	6	0	0	1 44
Forks, table, Mex....	133	16 33	60	8 13	110	83	0	13 93
Knives, table, Mex...	87	13 12	60	9 05	111	36	0	16 65
Mugs	108	6 03	216	10 77	108	236	0	5 59
Mopsticks	0	.....	1	06	0	1	0	.....
Pails, No. 136.....	8	2 10	6	1 58	14	0	0	3 68
Pans, 6 qt., tin, No. 135	0	.....	6	1 57	6	0	0	1 57
Pitchers, 2 qt.....	1	17	0	.....	1	0	0	17
Pitchers, 4 qt.....	7	1 17	24	5 80	9	22	0	2 03
Pitchers, 1 qt.....	0	.....	6	45	0	6	0	.....
Plates, 8″	96	6 00	132	6 46	87	141	0	4 75
Plates, 6″	96	4 40	48	1 84	82	62	0	3 55
Plates, 7″, soup	120	5 90	60	2 63	137	43	0	6 49
Salts and peppers....	3	34	24	1 10	27	0	0	1 44
Slicer, bread	1	2 00	1	2 50	1	1	0	2 50
Spoons, dessert, Mex..	159	21 47	24	3 25	169	14	0	24 72
Sticks, mop	0	.....	1	06	1	0	0	06
Tables, 10′	9	95 00	0	.....	9	0	0	95 00
Tables, 16′	3	24 00	0	.....	3	0	0	24 00
Washboards	1	32	1	32	1	1	0	32

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Kitchen.					
Beaters, egg	1	$ 15	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 15
Bowl, chopping, 21"	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Bowls, 8 qt	1	35	6	$1 45	5	2	0	1 29
Bowls, 1 qt	0	.....	12	65	12	0	0	65
Bowls, 6 qt	5	1 38	6	1 45	4	7	0	1 31
Boxes, tin, coffee	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Boxes, flour	7	1 60	0	.....	7	0	0	1 60
Boxes, spice, tin	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Boiler, double, agate	4	1 90	1	85	5	0	0	2 75
Broilers, wire	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Brush, wall	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Brushes, dust, No. 57	4	96	4	96	1	7	0	28
Brushes, floor, No. 2	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brooms, 7-A	6	1 20	3	62	5	4	0	1 00
Cans, 2 gal., syrup	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Cans, fruit, 2 qt	72	3 00	0	.....	72	0	0	3 00
Cans, fruit, 1 qt	108	4 00	0	.....	108	0	0	4 00
Cans, fruit, 1 pt	60	1 50	0	.....	60	0	0	1 50
Chopper, meat, No. 24	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Colanders, 8"	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Crocks, 4 gal	0	.....	6	3 00	6	0	0	3 00
Cutters, cake	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
Dishes, pudding, 8"	6	75	2	15	1	7	0	11
Dishes, veg., cov	4	1 60	9	1 53	8	5	0	1 93
Dippers, tin, qt	5	25	2	20	7	0	0	45
Dippers, tin, pt	8	1 00	0	.....	8	0	0	1 00
Dippers, tin, 2 qt	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Dippers, tin, ½ pt	3	18	0	.....	3	0	0	18
Dippers, agate, ½ pt	4	70	0	.....	4	0	0	70
Forks, cooking	4	20	0	.....	4	0	0	20
Flatirons	10	2 50	0	.....	10	0	0	2 50
Freezer, cream, 2 gal	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Glasses, jelly	72	1 08	12	20	83	1	0	1 26
Graters, No. 44	3	15	0	.....	3	0	0	15
Griddles, 12", steel	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Hatchet	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Hods, coal, No. 378	4	2 04	0	.....	4	0	0	2 04
Jugs, 2 gal	24	5 20	6	75	29	1	0	5 74
Jugs, 1 gal	12	1 80	0	.....	12	0	0	1 80
Kettles, maslin, 8 qt	5	3 00	0	.....	5	0	0	3 00
Kettles, agate, 8 qt	3	1 80	0	.....	3	0	0	1 80
Kettles, tea, No. 8, ag.	3	1 87	0	.....	3	0	0	1 87
Kettles, tin	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Knife, chopping	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Knives, butcher	6	90	0	.....	6	0	0	90
Knives, paring	0	.....	9	56	9	0	0	56
Masher, potato	2	20	2	16	2	2	0	18
Measures	1	15	.....	.....	1	0	0	15
Mill, coffee	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Mop stick	0	.....	2	14	0	0	2	.....
Pails, No. 136	0	.....	4	79	4	0	0	79
Pails, agate, 12 qt	3	1 58	0	.....	3	0	0	1 58
Pails, tin, 12 qt	3	2 98	0	.....	3	0	0	2 98
Pans, dish, tin, No. 265	2	1 39	0	.....	2	0	0	1 39
Pans, iron, gem	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pans, tin, gem.....	4	$ 40	0	.....	4	0	0	$ 40
Pans, agate, 8 qt.....	14	4 20	0	.....	10	4	0	3 00
Pans, agate, 6 qt.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pans, drip	4	4 25	0	.....	3	1	0	3 18
Pans, cooky	3	50	0	.....	3	0	0	50
Pans, tin, bread.....	10	50	0	.....	10	0	0	50
Pans, ag., stew, 4 qt..	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Pans, ag., stew, 6 qt..	2	80	2	$ 46	2	2	0	64
Pans, tin, 4 qt.....	8	40	0	.....	8	0	0	40
Pans, tin, dish No. 461	3	1 47	0	.....	3	0	0	1 47
Pans, tin, dish, No. 264	3	1 63	2	1 09	4	1	0	2 18
Pin, rolling	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Platters, 16"	10	3 00	0	.....	10	0	0	3 00
Plates, ag., pie, 10"...	36	4 29	0	.....	36	0	0	4 29
Plates, pie, porc., 9"..	9	75	0	.....	9	0	0	75
Pitchers, 2 qt., No. 24.	2	21	0	.....	2	0	0	21
Pokers, stove	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Pots, ag., tea, 3 qt...	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Pot, ag., tea, 2 qt....	2	70	1	30	2	1	0	67
Pots, ag., coffee, 3 qt.	2	80	2	65	3	1	0	1 14
Pots, ag., coffee, 2 qt.	2	70	0	.....	2	0	0	70
Refrigerator	1	45 00	0	.....	1	0	0	45 00
Scales, scoop, 8 lb....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Seeder, raisin	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Shovels, scoop	2	90	0	.....	2	0	0	90
Skimmers	2	15	2	39	1	3	0	14
Spiders, steel, 12"....	4	60	0	.....	4	0	0	60
Spoons, wooden	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Spoons, agate	12	60	0	.....	12	0	0	60
Strainer, 8", slide....	1	40	2	70	2	1	0	73
Strainer, tea	1	10	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Steamers	4	2 40	0	.....	4	0	0	2 40
Steamers, veg., sets...	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Tables	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Tables, marble top....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tins, cake, square....	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
Tins, cake, round.....	3	36	0	.....	3	0	0	36
Tins, muffin	6	1 58	0	.....	6	0	0	1 58
Tureens, soup	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 06
			Room 50.					
Basket, paper	1	34	0	.....	1	0	0	34
Bed, double, b. w.....	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	1	3 75	3	0	0	11 39
Carpet, Brussels, yd..	30	45 00	0	.....	0	30	0	.....
Chair, leather, arm...	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Chair, cherry, rocker..	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chair, b. w. rocker...	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Chair, b. w., cane.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chairs, uphols.	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Chamber	1	22	0	.....	1	0	0	22
Cuspidor	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Dish, soap	0	.....	1	18	1	0	0	18
Dresser, b. w.....	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Hamper, square	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Mattress, dbl., hair...	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pail, chamber, No. 17.	1	$ 70	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 70
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Screen	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
			Room 51.					
Basket, waste	1	34	0	.....	1	0	0	34
Bed, oak, double.....	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	8 50	0	.....	2	0	0	8 50
Broom, 7-A	0	.....	1	$ 20	1	0	0	20
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	1	10	1	0	0	10
Chair, rocker, arm....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chair, leather seated..	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Chair, oak, arm, rk...	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, cane, rocker...	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, oak, cane....	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Couch, wicker	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Curtains, lace	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Dish, soap	0	.....	1	18	1	0	0	18
Dresser, oak	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, 2 x 3'.....	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Rug, 12 x 11'.....	0	.....	1	27 00	1	0	0	27 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Stand, oak	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Table, oak	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
			Dormitory 52.					
Basin, toilet, w. p....	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Beds, wood	41	123 00	0	.....	41	0	0	123 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	82	194 75	0	.....	82	0	0	194 75
Bureau, oak	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	31	15 50	0	.....	31	0	0	15 50
Ewer, w. p.....	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Ladder, step, 4'.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mattresses, hair	19	95 00	0	.....	19	0	0	95 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	22	44 00	0	.....	22	0	0	44 00
Pail, chamber, No. 17.	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, hair	27	27 00	0	.....	27	0	0	27 00
Pillows, cotton	14	9 80	0	.....	14	0	0	9 80
Rack, night shirt.....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Spreads, bed	41	41 00	6	5 00	47	0	0	46 00
			Dormitory 53.					
Basin, toilet, w. p....	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Beds, wood	21	63 00	0	.....	21	0	0	63 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Blankets, No 6.....	40	134 80	0	.....	40	0	0	134 80
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Bureau	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	20	10 00	0	.....	20	0	0	10 00
Ewer, w. p.....	1	40	1	40	1	1	0	40
Mattresses, cotton ...	5	10 00	0	.....	5	0	0	10 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mattresses, hair	16	$80 00	0	.....	16	0	0	$80 00
Mirror	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Pail, chamber, No. 17.	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, hair	11	11 00	0	.....	11	0	0	11 00
Pillows, cotton	10	7 00	0	.....	10	0	0	7 00
Spreads, bed	21	21 00	1	$1 25	22	0	0	22 25
Washstand, ash	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Attic.								
Baskets, 69e, splint...	8	12 00	0	.....	8	0	0	12 00
Baskets, 74D, splint..	6	7 98	0	.....	6	0	0	7 98
Chairs, No. 20.....	18	13 68	0	.....	18	0	0	13 68
Dormitory 54.								
Beds, wood	11	33 00	0	.....	11	0	0	33 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	22	51 25	0	.....	22	0	0	51 25
Broom, whisk, No. 2..	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Bureau	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	11	5 50	0	.....	11	0	0	5 50
Mattresses, hair	9	45 00	0	.....	9	0	0	45 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pail, chamber, No. 17.	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillows, hair	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Pillows, cotton	3	2 10	0	.....	3	0	0	2 10
Rack, night shirt.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Rug, ingrain	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Spreads, bed	11	11 00	1	1 25	12	0	0	12 25
Wardrobe	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 55.								
Basins, toilet	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Bed, single, maple....	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Bed, double, oak.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	15 28	0	.....	4	0	0	15 28
Dresser, cherry	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Ewers	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Jar, slop	1	84	0	.....	1	0	0	84
Mattresses, dbl., cot..	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Mattress, square, cot..	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, Brussels	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Rug, ingrain	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Washstands	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Dormitory No. 56.								
Bed, wood	22	66 00	0	.....	22	0	0	66 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	44	102 50	0	.....	44	0	0	102 50
Chairs, No. 22.....	20	10 00	0	.....	20	0	0	10 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Ladder, step, 5'	1	$1 25	0		1	0	0	$1 25
Mattresses, hair	17	85 00	0		17	0	0	85 00
Mattresses, cotton	5	10 00	0		5	0	0	10 00
Pillows, hair	19	19 00	0		19	0	0	19 00
Pillows, cotton	3	2 10	0		3	0	0	2 10
Rack, night shirt	1	2 00	0		1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	22	22 00	0		22	0	0	22 00
Wardrobe	1	8 00	0		1	0	0	8 00
Dormitory No. 57.								
Basin, toilet	1	40	0		1	0	0	40
Beds, wood	11	33 00	0		11	0	0	33 00
Blankets, No. 6	22	51 25	0		22	0	0	51 25
Bureau	1	5 00	0		1	0	0	5 00
Can, dust, No. 147	1	1 20	0		1	0	0	1 20
Chairs, No. 22	14	7 00	0		14	0	0	7 00
Ewer	1	40	0		1	0	0	40
Mattresses, hair	3	15 00	0		3	0	0	15 00
Mattresses, cotton	8	16 00	0		8	0	0	16 00
Mirrors	2	1 50	0		2	0	0	1 50
Pail, chamber	1	70	0		1	0	0	70
Pillow, cotton	6	4 20	0		6	0	0	4 20
Pillows, hair	5	5 00	0		5	0	0	5 00
Rack, n. dress, small	1	1 50	0		1	0	0	1 50
Spreads, bed	11	11 00	1	$1 25	12	0	0	12 25
Wardrobe	1	8 00	0		1	0	0	8 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0		1	0	0	2 00
Dormitory No. 58.								
Beds, iron	11	55 00	0		11	0	0	55 00
Blankets, No. 6	22	74 25	0		22	0	0	74 25
Brush, dust	0		1	24	0	1	0	
Chairs, No. 22	13	6 50	0		13	0	0	6 50
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0		1	0	0	5 00
Mattresses, cotton	10	20 00	0		10	0	0	20 00
Pillows, cotton	8	5 60	0		8	0	0	5 60
Pillows, hair	3	3 00	0		3	0	0	3 00
Spreads, bed	11	11 00	0		11	0	0	11 00
Attic No. 58.								
Baskets, No. 74-B	3	2 76	0		3	0	0	2 76
Baskets, No. 74-E	5	9 80	0		5	0	0	9 80
Baskets, market, 56a	1	20	0		1	0	0	20
Bureau	1	5 00	0		1	0	0	5 00
Hamper, No. 506	1	60	0		1	0	0	60
Ladder, step, 4'	1	1 00	0		1	0	0	1 00
Room 59.								
Basins, toilet	2	80	0		2	0	0	80
Bed, iron, sg	1	6 00	0		1	0	0	6 00
Bed, wood, sg	1	4 00	0		1	0	0	4 00
Blankets, No. 7	4	15 30	0		4	0	0	15 30
Chair, arm	1	1 00	0		1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, No. 22	1	50	0		1	0	0	50
Chair, rk., cane	1	75	0		1	0	0	75

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chair, arm, rk.....	1	$2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$2 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Ewers	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Pails, g. i., No. 17....	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, Brussels	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Spreads, bed	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Table, round	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Washstands	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Room 60.								
Basins, toilet	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Beds, wood, sg.....	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Brooms, whisk, No. 2.	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	15 30	0	.....	4	0	0	15 30
Bureau	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, arm	1	1 75	0	.....	1	0	0	1 75
Chair, rk., splint.....	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chair, cane	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chair, splint	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Ewers	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Lamp, elec. table.....	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pails, g. i., No. 17....	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rugs, ingrain, 4′ x 6′.	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Rugs, ingrain, 3′ x 3′.	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Stand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Room 61.								
Bed, double, oak.....	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Bookcase	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Broom, whisk	0	.....	1	$ 10	1	0	0	10
Chair, Morris	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Chair, arm	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chair, No. 22.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Commode	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Dresser, ash	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pail, g. i., No. 17....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Rug, ingrain	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Rug, burlap	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Table, b. w.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Dormitory No. 62.					
Beds, wood.....	11	$33 00	0	.....	11	0	0	$33 00
Bed, iron	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	24	81 00	0	.....	24	0	0	81 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	13	6 50	0	.....	13	0	0	6 50
Mattresses, cotton ...	12	24 00	0	.....	12	0	0	24 00
Pillows, cotton	11	7 70	0	.....	11	0	0	7 70
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Spreads, bed	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
			Room 63.					
Bed, single, iron.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Bureau, ash	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Chair, arm, uphols...	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chair, rk., C.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, rk., arm.....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Dresser, oak	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Matting, yds.	34	34 00	0	.....	34	0	0	34 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pail, No. 17.....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Table, round	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Washstand, oak	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Wardrobe, 6'	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
			Room 64.					
Bed, double, wood....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	7 64	0	.....	2	0	0	7 64
Bureau	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Chairs, cane	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Chair, cane, rk.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Mattress, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, Brussels, 2' x 4'.	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Rug, Brussels, 2' x 5'.	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Stand, ash	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
			Classroom 65.					
Benches, 6'	5	15 00	0	.....	5	0	0	15 00
Table, 6', ash.....	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
			Classroom 66.					
Benches, 6'	8	24 00	0	.....	8	0	0	24 00
Chair, arm	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Table, 12' ash.....	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
			Classroom 67.					
Benches, 6'	7	21 00	0	.....	7	0	0	21 00
Tables, 6'	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Classroom 68.					
Benches, 6'	7	$21 00	0	.....	7	0	0	$21 00
Chair, barber's	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Dustpan, No. 57	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Hones, razor	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Razors	2	1 70	0	.....	2	0	0	1 70
Strop, razor	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Table, 6'	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Table, 8'	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
			Schoolroom 69.					
Chair, No. 22	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Commode	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Desks	11	22 00	0	.....	11	0	0	22 00
			Schoolroom 70.					
Commode	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Table, 6'	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Table, 4'	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, 5'	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
			Room 71.					
Bed, double, b. w.	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Bed, single, oak	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Blankets, No. 7	4	15 30	0	.....	4	0	0	15 30
Chairs, rk., arm	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Chairs, rocker	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Chairs, cane	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Commodes, 7'	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Commode, b. w., 5'	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Dresser	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Pillows, hair	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Pillows, feather	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Rug, ingrain	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
			Room 72.					
Basin, toilet	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Beds, wood, single	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Blankets, No. 7	4	15 30	0	.....	4	0	0	15 30
Bureau, ash	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chair, rocker	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Chairs, rocker, cane	2	4 50	0	.....	2	0	0	4 50
Commode	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Ewer	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Pillow, hair	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, toilet	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Spreads, bed	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Stand, ash	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Sewing Room.					
Bureau	1	$2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$2 00
Chair, rocker, cane	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Chairs, No. 22	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Cupboard	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Machine, swg., White	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
			Porches.					
Benches	9	27 00	0	.....	9	0	0	27 00
			Halls.					
Brooms, 7-A	24	4 66	78	$16 51	0	102	0	.....
Brooms, whisk, No. 2	10	2 00	14	1 40	8	16	0	96
Brushes, dust, No. 57	24	5 80	10	3 36	17	17	0	4 57
Brushes, floor	4	2 88	0	.....	4	0	0	2 88
Brushes, ceiling, No. 56	0	.....	1	73	1	0	0	73
Dustpans, No. 191	20	2 60	0	.....	20	0	0	2 60
Mopsticks	3	20	0	.....	3	0	0	20
Pails, scrub	28	7 35	0	.....	28	0	0	7 35
Pails, g. i., fire	12	5 62	0	.....	12	0	0	5 62
Sweeper, carpet	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
			Bakery.					
Axe	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Brushes, dust, No. 57	2	48	0	.....	2	0	0	48
Brushes, floor, No. 2	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Boxes, flour	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Boxes, spice	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Baskets, splint, 69-F	1	1 38	0	.....	1	0	0	1 38
Baskets, splint, 74-E	3	5 85	3	4 81	3	3	0	5 33
Baskets, splint, No. 111	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Bowl, chopping, 28"	1	3 25	0	.....	1	0	0	3 25
Bowl, chopping, 21"	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Chairs, No. 22	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Chest, cooky	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Cans, 2-gal., tin	2	2 25	0	.....	2	0	0	2 25
Cutters, cake	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Clock, wall	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Dipper, qt.	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Dish, pudding, 10"	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Fenders, g. i.	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Hatchet	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Hook, fire	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Hods, coal	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Knives, steel	3	15	0	.....	3	0	0	15
Knife, cake	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Ladder, step, 5'	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Measures	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Pans, dust, No. 191	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Pails, g. i., No. 136	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Pans, tin, No. 40	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Pitchers, 4 quart	2	46	0	.....	2	0	0	46

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Peels	3	$2 10	0	.....	3	0	0	$2 10
Pans, drip, No. 212	12	21 60	0	.....	12	0	0	21 60
Scale, scoop	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Scale, platform	1	6 50	0	.....	1	0	0	6 50
Sifter, flour	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Sifter, flour	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Shovel, l. h., No. 3	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Tables	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Tins, bread, r. i.	100	5 00	48	$3 06	100	48	0	5 52
Tins, cake, r. i.	28	2 80	0	.....	28	0	0	2 80
Trough, mixing	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
			FARM HOUSE.					
			Sitting Room.					
Carpet, ingrain, yds.	20	13 00	0	.....	20	0	0	13 00
Chair, rk., arm	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Clock, mantel	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Table, center	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Thermometer	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
			Dining Room.					
Basket, clothes	1	38	0	.....	1	0	0	38
Brooms, 7-A	1	20	7	1 40	5	3	0	1 00
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	2	20	1	1	0	10
Chairs, oak, cane	4	5 00	0	.....	4	0	0	5 00
Chair, oak, rk.	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Cloths, table, 2½ yd.	2	2 45	2	3 75	2	2	0	3 10
Cup, syrup	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20
Dishes, pudding, 8"	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Dish, pudding, 6"	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Dustpans, No. 191	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Forks, steel	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Forks, s. p.	6	75	0	.....	6	0	0	75
Knives, steel	12	1 25	0	.....	12	0	0	1 25
Mirror	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Napkins	6	88	12	1 75	12	6	0	1 75
Platters, 14"	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Salts and peppers	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Set, carving	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Set dishes, 56 pcs.	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Spoons, dessert, s. p.	6	78	0	.....	6	0	0	78
Spoons, tea, s. p.	12	2 00	0	.....	12	0	0	2 00
Tumblers	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
			Bedroom No. 1.					
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Carpet, Brussels	20	20 00	0	.....	20	0	0	20 00
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
			Bedroom No. 2.					
Blankets, No. 7	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Bureau	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Carpet, ingrain	20	13 00	0	.....	20	0	0	13 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Chairs, No. 22.....	2	$1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$1 00
Pail, chamber, agate.	0	.....	1	$ 67	1	0	0	67
Set, toilet	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spread, bed	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Sweeper, carpet	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Wardrobe	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Dormitory No. 3.								
Beds, iron.....	10	40 00	0	.....	10	0	0	40 00
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Brooms, 7-A	3	60	0	.....	3	0	0	60
Blankets, No. 6.....	30	105 00	0	.....	30	0	0	105 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Dustpans, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Mattresses, cotton ...	9	18 00	0	.....	9	0	0	18 00
Mattresses, hair	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pillow, feather	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pillows, hair	9	6 30	0	.....	9	0	0	6 30
Spreads, bed	10	10 00	0	.....	10	0	0	10 00
Dormitory No. 4.								
Beds, iron	8	32 00	0	.....	8	0	0	32 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	24	80 88	0	.....	24	0	0	80 88
Brush, floor, No. 2....	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Chairs, No. 20.....	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Mattresses, cotton ...	8	16 00	0	.....	8	0	0	16 00
Pillows, hair	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Spreads, bed	8	8 00	0	.....	8	0	0	8 00
Inmates' Sitting Room.								
Benches, ash, 8'.....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Bookcases, oak	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Chairs, No. 20.....	12	6 00	0	.....	12	0	0	6 00
Chiffonier, b. w.....	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Table, small	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Table, large	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Inmates' Dining Room.								
Bell, brass	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Bowls, pt.	18	1 05	0	.....	17	1	0	99
Bowls, 6 qt.....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Can, tin, 2 gal.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Chairs, No. 20.....	18	9 00	0	.....	18	0	0	9 00
Dishes, vegetable	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Forks, steel	18	1 88	0	.....	18	0	0	1 88
Knives, steel	18	1 88	0	.....	18	0	0	1 88
Mugs	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
Pitchers, 4 qt.....	5	75	0	.....	5	0	0	75
Pitchers, 1 qt.....	4	20	0	.....	4	0	0	20
Platters, 19"	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Plates, 8"	30	1 40	0	.....	30	0	0	1 40
Plates, 6"	12	48	0	.....	12	0	0	48
Saucers	24	50	6	15	28	2	0	60

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Salts and peppers....	2	$ 20	0	.....	2	0	0	$ 20
Set, carving	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Spoons, dessert, Mex.	18	1 20	0	.....	18	0	0	1 20
Table, 15′	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
			Kitchen.					
Baskets, splint, 74-D..	1	1 30	1	$ 60	1	1	0	95
Box, knife	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Box, bread, tin.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Box, flour	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Broiler, wire	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Boiler, double, agate..	1	55	0	.....	1	0	0	55
Boiler, tin, tea.....	1	90	0	.....	1	0	0	90
Boiler, coffee	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Bowls, chopping, 15″.	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	8	2 08	2	8	0	49
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	2	48	0	.....	2	0	0	48
Cans, ash, No. 148...	2	2 82	1	1 42	2	1	0	2 83
Cans, dust, No. 323..	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Colander, No. 133....	1	21	0	.....	1	0	0	21
Dippers, tin	4	40	0	.....	4	0	0	40
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	13	0	.....	1	0	0	13
Freezer, cream, gal...	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Hods, coal, No. 378..	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Hose, ¾″	100	12 00	0	.....	100	0	0	12 00
Jars, 2 gal.....	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Kettles, agate, tea....	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Kettles, iron, 16 qt...	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Kettles, iron, 12 qt...	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Kettles, iron, 6 qt....	2	2 20	0	.....	2	0	0	2 20
Knives, paring	3	18	3	18	4	2	0	24
Mower, lawn	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Pans, drip	3	2 10	1	88	3	1	0	2 24
Pans, ag., dish, 18 qt.	2	1 84	1	45	3	0	0	2 29
Pans, agate, 6 qt.....	4	2 40	0	.....	4	0	0	2 40
Pans, tin, No. 35, 6 qt.	9	2 12	0	.....	9	0	0	2 12
Pans, tin, dish, 32 qt., No. 265	1	1 42	0	.....	1	0	0	1 42
Pans, tin, dish, 21 qt. No. 264	3	1 65	0	.....	2	1	0	1 10
Pails, agate, 6 qt.....	1	30	0	.....	0	1	0	.....
Pails, agate, 4 qt....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Pails, agate, 10 qt...	1	38	0	.....	1	0	0	38
Pot, coffee, 2 qt., agate	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Refrigerator	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Roaster, No. 154.....	0	.....	1	1 80	1	0	0	1 80
Spider, iron, 12″.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Spider, steel	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Squeezer, lemon	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Spoons, agate	6	30	0	.....	6	0	0	30
Slicer, bread	1	1 30	0	.....	1	0	0	1 30
Strainer, wire	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Steamers, No. 25.....	2	1 64	1	1 00	2	1	0	1 76
Shovel, fire	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Sprinkler, tin, 2 gal..	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Table, 5′	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Table, 4′	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Cellar.					
Bench, 4'	1	$4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$4 00
Cans, fruit, 2 qt.	6	38	0	.....	6	0	0	38
Cans, fruit, 1 qt.	36	1 98	24	$1 00	59	1	0	2 93
Cans, fruit, 1 pt.	24	1 24	0	.....	23	1	0	1 19
Crocks, 4 gal.	7	2 00	0	.....	7	0	0	2 00
Crocks, 2 gal.	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Crocks, 1 gal.	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Glasses, jelly	18	30	0	.....	18	0	0	30
Jugs, 1 gal.	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Ladder, step, 4'	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Ladder, step, 5'	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Pails, No. 136	4	1 05	0	.....	4	0	0	1 05
Plates, agate, pie	5	50	0	.....	5	0	0	50
			SHOPS' ETC.					
			Shoe Shop.					
Awl halfs	0	.....	12	90	12	0	0	90
Benches, work	4	4 00	0	.....	4	0	0	4 00
Broom, 7-A	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Chairs, No. 22	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Can, dust	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Clamps	3	1 20	0	.....	3	0	0	1 20
Crimper, upper	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Dies, heel	6	3 00	0	.....	6	0	0	3 00
Float, peg	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Grindstone	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Hammers, shoe	5	1 25	0	.....	5	0	0	1 25
Hooks, last	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Jacks, pegging	2	75	0	.....	2	0	0	75
Jacks, nailing	4	3 00	0	.....	4	0	0	3 00
Knives, shoe	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Lasts, pr.	30	15 00	0	.....	30	0	0	15 00
Maul	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Machine, sew., leather	1	35 00	0	.....	1	0	0	35 00
Machine, sewing	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Machine, skiving	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Nippers	4	1 00	0	.....	4	0	0	1 00
Pinchers	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pliers, cutting	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Punches, eyelet	2	70	0	.....	2	0	0	70
Pails	3	30	1	26	4	0	0	56
Roller, leather	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Roller, leather	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Set, hook	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Sets, eyelet	2	70	0	.....	2	0	0	70
Stretcher, shoe	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Sharpeners, knife	4	40	0	.....	4	0	0	40
Sprinkler	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Vise, iron	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Washtub	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
			Carpentry Shop.					
Adze	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Axe, hand	1	40	1	60	1	1	0	60

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Axe, fire	2	$1 25	0	.....	2	0	0	$1 25
Augur, ⅞"	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Augur, 2"	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Bench	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Bit, brace, ratchet	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Broom, 7-A	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Brushes, dust, No. 57	3	45	0	.....	3	0	0	45
Clamps, door, 5'	4	5 00	0	.....	4	0	0	5 00
Chisels	5	1 25	0	.....	5	0	0	1 25
Chisels, cold	4	40	0	.....	4	0	0	40
Grindstone	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Grindstone, emery	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Hand screws	12	3 75	0	.....	12	0	0	3 75
Hammer, claw	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Hammer, riveting	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Hammer, sledge, 5 lb.	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Hods, coal, No. 378	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Jackscrew, 2"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Level, carpenter's	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Level, surveyor's, with table	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Ladder, step, 6'	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Ladder, step, 8'	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Ladder, ext., 48'	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Ladder, 14'	1	1 40	0	.....	1	0	0	1 40
Ladder, 16'	1	1 60	0	.....	1	0	0	1 60
Mallet, hickory	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Mortising mach., foot power	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Mitre box, iron	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Nail puller	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Planes, jointer	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Planes, jack	1	2 25	0	.....	1	0	0	2 25
Planes, smooth, 8"	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Planes, hollow, round	12	10 00	0	.....	12	0	0	10 00
Plane, match	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Plane, curve, 1¾"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Planes, bead	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Plane, O. G., ½"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Pulleys, 4", iron	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Pliers, 4½"	2	40	0	.....	2	0	0	40
Pole, 10'	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Pounder	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Rope, man, ¾"	300'	4 00	0	.....	300'	0	0	4 00
Saws, hand, 26"	1	1 40	0	.....	1	0	0	1 40
Saws, hand, 24"	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Saws, crosscut, 5'	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Saws, compass, 18"	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Saws, rip, 26"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Square, steel, 2'	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Screwdrivers	4	60	0	.....	4	0	0	60
Scraper, wood, roller	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Snips	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Stove	1	14 30	0	.....	1	0	0	14 30
Tool, beading	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Tape line, 75'	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Vise, saw, No. 1.....	1	$ 30	0	.....	1	0	0	$ 30
Vise, iron, 3¼".....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Wrench, monkey	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Paint Shop.								
Brushes, flat, 4".....	0	.....	4	$1 50	4	0	0	1 50
Brushes, No. 1.....	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Brushes, wall	2	2 18	0	.....	2	0	0	2 18
Brushes, wall, 8".....	2	1 33	0	.....	2	0	0	1 33
Brushes, sash	2	60	12	1 03	10	4	0	1 17
Brushes, varnish	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Brushes, smoothing ..	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Brushes, 7-O	2	1 50	2	1 00	4	0	0	2 50
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Brushes, flat, 1½.....	4	32	0	.....	4	0	0	32
Board, papering	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Can, oil, 150 gal.....	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Chisels	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Cutter, glass, diamond.	1	4 50	0	.....	1	0	0	4 50
Dustpan, No. 191....	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Easel	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Hatchet	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Knives, putty.....	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Ladder, extension.....	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Ladder, 30'	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Ladders, 16'	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Ladders, step, 6'.....	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Ladders, step, 7'.....	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Ladders, step, 9'.....	2	4 00	0	.....	2	0	0	4 00
Mirror	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pails, No. 136	2	60	0	.....	2	0	0	60
Pail, agate, 2 qt.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Stove	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Screw drivers	2	30	0	.....	2	0	0	30
Stiplers	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Table	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Trowel	1	15	1	15	2	0	0	30
Laundry.								
Bars, clothes	24	36 00	0	.....	24	0	0	36 00
Benches	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Boards, sleeve	6	90	0	.....	6	0	0	90
Baskets, clothes, No. 502	8	4 80	6	3 00	14	0	0	7 80
Boxes, clothes	12	1 50	0	.....	12	0	0	1 50
Brooms, 7-A	4	60	15	2 64	15	4	0	2 64
Brush, floor	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Chairs, No. 22.....	5	2 50	0	.....	5	0	0	2 50
Clasps	7	70	0	.....	7	0	0	70
Clothes dryer, steam, 28 drawers	1	250 00	0	.....	1	0	0	250 00
Cups	0	.....	12	35	12	0	0	35
Dippers, tin, 2 qt.....	2	15	0	.....	2	0	0	15
Extractors	2	75 00	0	.....	2	0	0	75 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Elevators, clothes ...	1	$150 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$150 00
Flatirons	87	21 00	32	$7 76	107	12	0	25 68
Flatiron rests	32	1 60	0	.....	32	0	0	1 60
Fluter	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Hammers, tack	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Hose, ¾	50	1 50	0	.....	50	0	0	1 50
Hods, coal, No. 378...	4	2 04	0	.....	4	0	0	2 04
Kettle, copper	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Ladder, step	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Mopsticks	4	20	1	07	5	0	0	27
Mangle, 15 x 62½"...	1	150 00	0	.....	1	0	0	150 00
Mangle, 30 x 96".....	1	450 00	0	.....	1	0	0	450 00
Machine, washing, g. i. brass cylinder	4	260 00	0	.....	4	0	0	260 00
Polishers	12	1 20	0	.....	12	0	0	1 20
Pails, No. 136.....	12	1 20	18	4 66	24	6	0	4 80
Pans, dust	0	.....	1	13	1	0	0	13
Stove, No. 6, laundry.	1	30 00	0	.....	1	0	0	30 00
Stove, gas	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Sprinklers, No. 43....	2	98	3	90	4	1	0	1 52
Saucers	0	.....	12	28	12	0	0	28
Tables	13	26 00	0	.....	13	0	0	26 00
Tables, ironing	46	46 00	0	.....	46	0	0	46 00
Tube, wash., g. i.....	8	4 00	6	3 45	14	0	0	7 45
Tub, wood	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Tubs, stationary, slate	5	60 00	1	103 00	6	0	0	163 00
Wash boards	6	1 20	0	.....	6	0	0	1 20
Wringer, power	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Boiler House.								
Axes	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Auger reel	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Anvil, 100 lb.....	1	7 50	0	.....	1	0	0	7 50
Anvil, hardy	1	19	0	.....	1	0	0	19
Brooms, 7-A	0	.....	10	2 27	10	0	0	2 27
Bit, exten., 3".....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Bits, auger	9	1 70	0	.....	9	0	0	1 70
Blow torch, 1 qt.....	1	2 38	0	.....	1	0	0	2 38
Brush, floor	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Brushes, flue, 4".....	0	.....	2	80	2	0	0	80
Brushes, flue, 3".....	0	.....	4	1 44	4	0	0	1 44
Boilers, steam, horz., tubular, L. P.....	3	800 00	0	.....	3	0	0	800 00
Boilers, steam, horz., tubular, H. P.....	3	1,500 00	0	.....	3	0	0	1,500 00
Cupboards	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Cooler, water	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Commodes	5	10 00	0	.....	5	0	0	10 00
Chair, No. 22.....	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Chair, arm, w. b.....	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Cutter, pipe, No. 4, Mark	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Cutter, pipe, No. 1, Barnes	0	.....	2	1 80	2	0	0	1 80
Cutter, pipe, Barnes, No. 3	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Cutter, pipe, No. 1, Barnes	1	$3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$3 00
Chisels, cold	8	2 50	0	.....	8	0	0	2 50
Cutter seater	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Can, gasoline, 5 gals	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Clamp, iron, C, 6"	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Clamp, iron, C, 4"	6	80	0	.....	6	0	0	80
Countersink, iron	0	.....	1	$ 35	1	0	0	35
Dipper, tin, 1 qt	1	05	0	.....	1	0	0	05
Dies, pipe	23	13 00	0	.....	23	0	0	13 00
Drill, breast, No. 6	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Drill, breast, No. 4½	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Drill attachment, No. 307, Universal	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Drill press, Little Giant	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Drill, chuck, Universal	1	4 20	0	.....	1	0	0	4 20
Drills, round, small, 3/32" to 1"	18	3 06	16	1 25	27	7	0	4 24
Drills, square, shank, ¼" to 1"	8	4 40	0	.....	4	4	0	2 20
Desk, oak, r. t	1	19 50	0	.....	1	0	0	19 50
Desks	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Eliminator, oil, 3½"	1	60 00	0	.....	1	0	0	60 00
Eliminator, oil, 2"	1	40 00	0	.....	1	0	0	40 00
Engine, 125 R. P. M	1	200 00	0	.....	1	0	0	200 00
Friend, plumber's	1	1 50	3	1 70	4	0	0	3 20
Fire bars	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Files, ass'd, 4" to 14"	15	1 80	5	87	18	2	0	2 34
Funnels	2	25	0	.....	2	0	0	25
Firepots, plumber's	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Flatter, blacksmith's	1	49	0	.....	1	0	0	49
Forge, portable	1	14 00	0	.....	1	0	0	14 00
Gauge, record'g. steam, 6¾	0	.....	1	22 50	1	0	0	22 50
Grindstone, 28"	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Gimlet, 1 h	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Gauges, H. P., brass 6"	3	24 00	0	.....	3	0	0	24 00
Gauges, H. P. brass, 8"	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Gauges, H. P., iron, 3"	5	15 00	0	.....	5	0	0	15 00
Gloves, rubber	0	.....	1	2 50	1	0	0	2 50
Hatchet	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Hacksaw, frame	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Hammer, claw	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Hammers, ball pean	2	1 75	0	.....	2	0	0	1 75
Hose, rubber, 1"	50	5 00	0	.....	50	0	0	5 00
Hose, rubber, ¾"	50	6 38	0	.....	0	0	0	6 38
Hose, rubber ash	10	70	50	5 50	60	0	0	6 20
Ladders, 10'	3	3 00	0	.....	3	0	0	3 00
Ladders, 16'	1	1 60	0	.....	1	0	0	1 60
Lanterns	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Ladles, plumber's	2	50	1	30	3	0	0	80
Machine, reseating valve, ¼" to 3"	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Oil tank, 30 gal.....	1	$5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$5 00
Oil cans, ½ pt.....	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Pick	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pipe tongs, 36″ Stillson	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Pipe tongs, 14″ Stillson	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Pipe tongs, 10″ Stillson	1	68	0	.....	1	0	0	68
Pipe tongs, 24″, Trimo	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Pipe tongs, 18″, Trimo	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Pump, duplex, steam, Wagner	1	151 00	0	.....	1	0	0	151 00
Pump, duplex, steam, Wheeler & Tappan..	1	70 00	0	.....	1	0	0	70 00
Punches	4	80	0	.....	4	0	0	80
Pail, g. i., 16 qt., No. 58.	0	.....	1	$ 34	1	0	0	34
Pump, force, spray...	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Punches, hollow	9	6 00	0	.....	9	0	0	6 00
Pot, melting	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pinch bars, 14 lb.....	2	75	0	.....	2	0	0	75
Punch, spring belt...	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Pliers, gal., 5″.....	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Pliers, comb, 7″.....	1	70	0	.....	1	0	0	70
Rack, towel, roller....	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Rake, steel	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Reamers, pipe, ⅛″ to 2″	7	5 80	0	.....	7	0	0	5 80
Recording gauge, Crosby, 6″	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Ringer, bell	0	.....	1	12 00	1	0	0	12 00
Shovels, scoop, No. 6.	3	2 00	4	3 10	7	0	0	5 10
Saw, hand, 24″.....	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Saw, compass	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Sprinkler, g. i.....	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Soldering irons, elec., 2 lb	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Soldering irons	4	80	0	.....	4	0	0	80
Screw plates, 5 dies..	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Screw plates, 7 dies..	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Shovels, scoop, No. 2.	0	.....	2	1 00	2	0	0	1 00
Shovels, scoop, 1 h., No. 3	0	.....	3	1 95	3	0	0	1 95
Screwdriver, 12″	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Screwdriver, 6″	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Screwdriver, elec., 6″.	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Steel, square, 6″.....	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Snips, straight	1	75	1	1 15	2	0	0	1 90
Snips, curved	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Switch board, 1 ammeter, 1 volt meter, 15 service switches, 2 ground detector lamps	1	125 00	0	.....	1	0	0	125 00
Table, 4′	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Tongs, chain, 36", Trimo	1	$3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	$3 00
Tongs, chain, 30", Trimo	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Tongs, closet, 4'	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Taps, pipe, ⅛" to 2"	8	4 50	0	.....	8	0	0	4 50
Tightener, belt, 15"	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tank, iron, soap, 450 gal	1	40 00	0	.....	1	0	0	40 00
Tank, iron, soap, 50 gal	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Trap, Albany, steam, No. 3	1	11 90	0	.....	1	0	0	11 90
Trap, Albany, steam, No. 2	2	15 00	0	.....	2	0	0	15 00
Tongs, flatnose	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Vise, heavy pipe, 5"	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Vise, heavy pipe, 6"	1	3 50	0	.....	1	0	0	3 50
Vise, bench, 4½"	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Valve, reducing, 4"	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Valve, reducing, 2"	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Valve, reducing, 1½"	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Wheelbarrows, iron	2	8 00	1	$12 60	3	0	0	20 60
Wrenches, monkey, 18"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wrenches, pipe	5	4 75	0	.....	5	0	0	4 75
Wrenches, 14", Wescott	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Wrenches, 10", Wescott	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wrenches, solid, S., 12"	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wrenches, hydrant	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Wrenches, 10", Stillson	1	68	0	.....	1	0	0	68
Wrenches, basin	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wrenches, engine	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Wrenches, solid angle, 12"	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Wrenches, adj. tap	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Water heater, hor., 3", brass coils	1	200 00	0	.....	1	0	0	200 00
Ladder house.								
Ladder, 30'	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Ladder, 16'	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Ladder, 14'	2	2 20	0	.....	2	0	0	2 20
Fire Apparatus.								
Engine, chemical	1	300 00	0	.....	1	0	0	300 00
Extinguishers, fire	90	675 00	0	.....	90	0	0	675 00
Hose, fire	800'	280 00	0	.....	800'	0	0	280 00
Ladders, fire	6	30 00	0	.....	6	0	0	30 00
Keys, hydrant	3	2 00	0	.....	3	0	0	2 00
Pipes, play	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Spanners	3	2 00	0	.....	3	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
			Meat House.					
Baskets, No. 56.....	4	$1 20	0	.....	4	0	0	$1 20
Brushes, block	2	20	1	$ 25	1	1	0	25
Cleavers, 12"	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Cleavers, 8"	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Cart, hand	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Hook, hand	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Hook, meat	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Lantern, O	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Knives, butcher, 14".	3	1 80	1	1 00	4	0	0	2 80
Knives, butcher, 10".	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Knives, butcher, 8"..	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Knives, butcher, 5"..	1	20	1	20	2	0	0	40
Saws, 24"	3	2 50	0	.....	3	0	0	2 50
Scraper, block	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Scale, platform, 800 lb	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Scale, spring, 30 lb...	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Sieve	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Steels, 14"	2	1 20	2	2 25	4	0	0	3 45
Sled, hand	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Wheelbarrows	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
			BARN.					
Axe	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Bed, single	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Brushes, horse	2	1 83	0	.....	2	0	0	1 83
Brushes, mane	2	58	2	98	2	2	0	78
Brooms, 7-A	2	40	2	52	2	2	0	52
Brooms, barn, No. 300	1	50	4	1 36	2	3	0	74
Brush, dust, No. 57..	1	24	0	.....	1	0	0	24
Blankets, No. 7.....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Blankets, stable	12	12 00	0	.....	12	0	0	12 00
Blankets, street	6	18 00	0	.....	6	0	0	18 00
Buggy, top	1	250 00	0	.....	1	0	0	250 00
Cart, hose	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Chairs, No. 22.....	7	3 50	0	.....	7	0	0	3 50
Carriage, closed, 3-seat	1	400 00	0	.....	1	0	0	400 00
Carriage, top, 2-seat..	1	250 00	0	.....	1	0	0	250 00
Cutters	2	75 00	0	.....	2	0	0	75 00
Clock, wall	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Cape, fur	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Cart, hand	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Chamois	1	45	4	2 63	1	4	0	53
Curry combs	4	60	0	.....	4	0	0	60
Duster, feather	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Forks, hay	3	80	0	.....	3	0	0	80
Fork, manure	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Harnesses, dbl., light.	2	45 00	1	75 00	3	0	0	120 00
Harnesses, sgl., light.	3	70 00	0	.....	3	0	0	70 00
Harness, sgl., work...	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Harnesses, dbl., work.	2	75 00	0	.....	2	0	0	75 00
Hose, ½"	50′	5 75	0	.....	50′	0	0	5 75
Horses, carriage	4	800 00	0	.....	4	0	0	800 00
Horses, work	2	350 00	0	.....	2	0	0	350 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Ladder, step	1	$1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 25
Lantern, O	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Machine, clipping	1	10 75	0	.....	1	0	0	10 75
Mower, lawn	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattress, hair	1	9 00	0	.....	1	0	0	9 00
Nets, fly	5	7 50	0	.....	5	0	0	7 50
Pillows, feather	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Robes, fur	6	90 00	0	.....	6	0	0	90 00
Robes, lap, heavy	5	5 50	0	.....	5	0	0	5 50
Robes, lap, light	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Sleighs, open, 2-seat	2	150 00	0	.....	2	0	0	150 00
Spread, bed	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Shovel, scoop	0	.....	1	$ 80	1	0	0	80
Sponges	1	65	1	50	0	2	0	.....
Set, toilet	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Table	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Thermometer	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Washstand	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Wardrobe	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Whips	2	2 00	1	1 00	1	2	0	1 00
Wrench, monkey	0	.....	1	52	1	0	0	52
Wagon, Democrat	1	100 00	0	.....	1	0	0	100 00
Wagon, 3 spring	0	.....	1	70 00	1	0	0	70 00
FARM AND GARDEN, INSTITUTION.								
Axes	4	2 00	3	2 10	7	0	0	4 10
Baskets, market	0	.....	12	2 25	12	0	0	2 25
Blowers, Paris green	6	1 00	0	.....	6	0	0	1 00
Boxes, dump	2	15 00	0	.....	2	0	0	15 00
Boxes, wagon	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Bobs	2	32 00	0	.....	2	0	0	32 00
Crates, veg. bu	12	2 50	0	.....	12	0	0	2 50
Crates, veg. bu	26	6 50	0	.....	26	0	0	6 50
Crates, berry	5	75	0	.....	5	0	0	75
Crowbars	2	2 50	0	.....	2	0	0	2 50
Chisels	0	.....	0	.....	0	0	0	.....
Chain, log, 20 lb	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Creaser, cement	1	90	0	.....	1	0	0	90
Cultivator, Syracuse	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Cultivator, Wiard	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Cart, hand	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Drag, Syracuse	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Forks, hay, 3-tine	6	1 50	0	.....	6	0	0	1 50
Forks, spading, No. 30	6	3 88	6	3 38	12	0	0	7 76
Forks, manure, 4-tine	7	2 45	0	.....	7	0	0	2 45
Grindstone	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Hammer, claw	1	25	1	42	1	1	0	34
Hammer, paving	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Hatchet	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Hammers, mason	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Hook, bill	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Hoes, garden	14	4 15	0	.....	14	0	0	4 15
Hoes, grub	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Hoes, wheel	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Hooks, corn	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Harrow	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Hose, ¾"	170	$9 20	50	$4 50	220	0	0	$13 70
Knife, border	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Lanterns	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Mower, 2-horse, 5' Deering	1	35 00	0	.....	1	0	0	35 00
Markers, land	3	75	0	.....	3	0	0	75
Mowers, lawn, 16"	2	7 00	0	.....	2	0	0	7 00
Pumps, hand, spray	2	5 50	0	.....	2	0	0	5 50
Pruners, hand	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Pots, flower	3000	30 00	200	8 00	3200	0	0	38 00
Pots, sprinkling, g. l., 5 gal.	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Pots, sprinkling, 2 gal.	2	1 32	0	.....	2	0	0	1 32
Pounders, 18 lb	2	50	0	.....	2	0	0	50
Plane, jack	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Pickaxes	4	25	0	.....	4	0	0	25
Plow, 2-horse, No. 1, Syracuse	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Plow, 2-horse, Wiard F	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Plow, 1-horse, Wiard No. 10	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Plow, sidehill, Syracuse No. 60-A	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
Plow, snow	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Plow, shovel, Munsville	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Rake, 2-horse, 10'	1	22 50	0	.....	1	0	0	22 50
Roller, 2-horse	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Roller, lawn	1	5 00	1	13 00	2	0	0	18 00
Rakes, lawn, wood	4	60	0	.....	4	0	0	60
Rakes, garden, 14-tine, steel	5	2 00	0	.....	5	0	0	2 00
Shovels, s. h.	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Shovels, l. h.	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Shovels, r. p., l. h.	0	.....	6	2 85	0	6	0	.....
Shovels, snow, steel	6	1 20	6	1 50	12	0	0	2 70
Shovel, scoop, No. 6	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Saw, pruning	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Saws, 2-hand crosscut	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Saw, hd., 24", crosscut	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Slide, ice	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Sickles	3	75	6	1 00	9	0	0	1 75
Scythes, grass	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Scythes, bush	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Shears, lopping	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Shears, hedge	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Shears, border	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Scraper, 2-horse, No. 1	1	10 00	0	.....	1	0	0	10 00
Sashes, hot-bed	36	9 00	0	.....	36	6	0	9 00
Stoneboat	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Stovepipe, 6", g. i.	40'	5 00	0	.....	40'	0	0	5 00
Stoves, iron	4	8 00	0	.....	4	0	0	8 00
Spades	3	1 20	0	.....	3	0	0	1 20
Stones, scythe	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Sleds, hand	2	1 50	0	.....	2	0	0	1 50
Sleds, bob	2	15 00	0	.....	2	0	0	15 00

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Sewer, seed	1	$1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	$1 50
Stepladders, 7′	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Truck, hand, No. 203, baggage	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Thermometers	2	20	0	.....	2	0	0	20
Trowels, mason, 10″.	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Trowels, plaster	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Trowels, garden	8	40	0	.....	8	0	0	40
Tongs, ice	12	5 00	0	.....	12	0	0	5 00
Wagons, lumber	2	70 00	0	.....	2	0	0	70 00
Wheelbarrows, No. 113	5	5 00	0	.....	5	0	0	5 00
Weeder, Wiard	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Weeder, hand	2	10	0	.....	2	0	0	10
FAIRMOUNT — COTTAGE 1.								
Living Room.								
Bookcase, b. w.....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Chairs, rk., cane.....	4	3 00	0	.....	4	0	0	3 00
Desk, 4′	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Lamps	12	4 20	0	.....	12	0	0	4 20
Organ, roller	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Dormitory and Bedrooms.								
Beds, iron, sgl.....	40	120 00	0	.....	40	0	0	120 00
Beds, double	2	14 00	0	.....	2	0	0	14 00
Bureaus	3	24 00	0	.....	3	0	0	24 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	105	360 59	2	83 82	105	2	0	360 15
Blankets, No. 7.....	4	15 28	0	.....	4	0	0	15 28
Chambers	40	9 20	7	1 71	45	2	0	10 35
Commodes	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Mattresses, hair, sg..	14	70 00	0	.....	14	0	0	70 00
Mattresses, hair, dbl..	2	18 00	0	.....	2	0	0	18 00
Mattresses, cotton ...	27	58 00	0	.....	27	0	0	58 00
Pails, chamber	0	.....	4	2 70	0	4	0	.....
Pillows, hair	19	19 00	0	.....	19	0	0	19 00
Pillows, cotton	28	19 60	0	.....	28	0	0	19 60
Pillows, feather	3	6 00	0	.....	3	0	0	6 00
Rugs	2	2 00	2	6 70	2	2	0	4 36
Set, toilet	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Spreads, bed	44	44 00	3	3 75	44	3	0	44 00
Washstands	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Dining Rooms.								
Bell, brass, 4″.....	1	20	0	.....	1	0	0	20
Bowls, pt.	36	2 07	36	1 41	53	19	0	2 56
Cloths, table, 2½ yd.	3	5 64	5	3 75	8	0	0	9 39
Chairs, No. 20.....	118	59 00	0	.....	118	0	0	59 00
Chair, arm, No. 31...	1	75	0	.....	1	0	0	75
Clock, wall	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Cruets	0	.....	6	45	6	0	0	45
Dishes, pudding, 10″.	0	.....	6	75	4	2	0	50
Dishes, pudding, 14″.	0	.....	6	1 75	6	0	0	1 75
Forks, Mex.	50	5 00	0	.....	50	0	0	5 00
Knives, Mex	40	6 34	0	.....	40	0	0	6 34

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Mugs	32	$1 04	24	$1 10	39	18	0	$1 48
Napkins	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Pitchers, 30s, 2 qt.	0	.....	4	34	4	0	0	34
Pitchers, 6s, 4 qt.	9	1 80	12	1 96	7	14	0	1 26
Plates, 6″	40	1 47	12	55	51	1	0	1 99
Plates, 8″	42	2 07	0	.....	36	6	0	1 77
Plates, bd., 8″	8	80	0	.....	6	2	0	60
Plates, 7″, soup	41	1 81	12	53	46	7	0	2 02
Platters	7	3 15	0	.....	7	0	0	3 15
Spoons, tea, Mex.	10	50	0	.....	10	0	0	50
Spoons, des., Mex.	32	2 58	12	1 35	44	0	0	3 93
Slicer, bread	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Set, carving	1	1 50	1	1 25	1	1	0	1 37
Set dishes	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Salts and peppers	9	90	0	.....	9	0	0	90
Tables	9	46 50	0	.....	9	0	0	46 50
Tumblers	4	06	0	.....	4	0	0	06
Kitchen.								
Basins, wash, agate.	6	1 00	0	.....	6	0	0	1 00
Baskets, clothes, No. 502	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Bowl, chopping, 15″.	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Boilers, wash	1	1 84	1	1 84	1	1	0	1 84
Box, bread	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Box, meat	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Boxes, clothes	3	1 50	0	.....	3	0	0	1 50
Cans, 2 gal., No. 140.	2	1 46	0	.....	2	0	0	1 46
Cans, 4 gal., No. 440.	1	1 20	0	.....	1	0	0	1 20
Cans, fruit, 1 qt.	60	3 00	0	.....	60	0	0	3 00
Cans, fruit, 2 qt.	40	1 92	24	1 50	61	3	0	3 23
Chopper, meat, No. 432	1	8 50	0	.....	1	0	0	8 50
Chopper, meat, No. 24	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Dippers	0	.....	6	60	6	0	0	60
Freezer, cream, 1 gal.	1	1 60	0	.....	1	0	0	1 60
Freezer, cream, 2 gal.	1	2 40	0	.....	1	0	0	2 40
Glasses, jelly	40	45	0	.....	40	0	0	45
Hods, coal, No. 378.	4	2 02	0	.....	4	0	0	2 02
Jars, 4 gal.	15	3 75	0	.....	15	0	0	3 75
Jugs, 2 gal.	10	3 00	0	.....	10	0	0	3 00
Knife, chopping	1	25	0	.....	1	0	0	25
Kettles, tea, agate.	1	65	1	45	1	1	0	55
Kettles, cooking, No. 468	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Kettles, iron	1	60	2	1 00	2	1	0	53
Kettles, agate	3	3 20	2	70	5	0	0	3 90
Lanterns, O	5	3 50	0	.....	5	0	0	3 50
Ladder, step, 7′	1	1 75	0	.....	1	0	0	1 75
Masher, potato	1	10	0	.....	1	0	0	10
Pans, agate dish, 16 qt.	3	1 65	2	1 00	5	0	0	2 65
Pans, agate dish	1	60	1	35	2	0	0	95
Pans, tin, dish, 32 qt.	2	1 39	0	.....	2	0	0	1 39
Pans, agate sauce	3	79	5	1 25	4	4	0	1 02
Pot, coffee, ag., 2 qt.	1	30	1	28	1	1	0	29
Pot, tea, agate, 2 qt.	1	35	0	.....	1	0	0	35
Pans, tin, No. 129, 6 qt	6	1 35	0	.....	6	0	0	1 35

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Pans, pudd., No. 135.	6	$1 58	0	.....	6	0	0	$1 58
Pans, drip	4	3 93	2	$3 60	6	0	0	7 53
Pans, frying, steel....	1	20	1	20	1	1	0	20
Plates, baking, pie...	0	.....	12	1 17	12	0	0	1 17
Pails, cov., 4 qt., ag..	0	.....	6	1 46	6	0	0	1 46
Pans, iron	1	30	0	.....	1	0	0	30
Pails, flour	7	2 66	0	.....	7	0	0	2 66
Pails, scrub, No. 136.	0	.....	4	1 36	4	0	0	1 36
Refrigerator	1	28 22	0	.....	1	0	0	28 22
Spoons, agate, 12"...	4	20	6	30	4	6	0	20
Scales, scoop	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Saw, meat	1	60	0	.....	1	0	0	60
Sifter, flour	1	15	0	.....	1	0	0	15
Shovels, fire	3	30	0	.....	3	0	0	30
Sieves, coal, 15".....	0	.....	1	20	1	0	0	20
Table, slate	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Table, 5' 6".....	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Tank, copper	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Tubs, wash, g. i.....	3	3 75	0	.....	3	0	0	3 75
Washboards	0	.....	2	53	2	0	0	53
Wringer	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
			Halls, Etc.					
Brooms, 7-A	8	1 60	6	1 20	13	1	0	2 60
Brushes, dust, No. 57.	6	1 44	15	3 62	11	10	0	2 86
Brushes, floor, No. 2.	1	72	0	.....	1	0	0	72
Brooms, whisk	0	.....	24	2 26	20	4	0	1 88
Cans, garbage	8	12 00	0	.....	8	0	0	12 00
Dustpans, No. 191....	6	78	6	78	12	0	0	1 56
Pails, g. i., No. 136..	8	2 10	6	1 57	14	0	0	3 67
Pails, g. i., closet....	0	.....	2	3 20	2	0	0	3 20
			COTTAGE 2.					
Beds, wood, sgl.....	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Blankets, No. 6.....	4	14 00	0	.....	4	0	0	14 00
Chairs, wood	2	1 00	0	.....	2	0	0	1 00
Dresser	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Mattresses, hair	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Washstand	1	4 00	0	.....	1	0	0	4 00
			Brush Shop.					
Grindstone	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Machine, boring	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Saws, 26", c. c.....	1	1 25	0	.....	1	0	0	1 25
Shears, brush	2	2 00	0	.....	2	0	0	2 00
Stoves	2	8 00	0	.....	2	0	0	8 00
Vises, iron	7	3 50	0	.....	7	0	0	3 50
			Farm.					
Baskets, 56-A	12	2 25	6	1 13	6	12	0	1 08
Bobs	4	80 00	0	.....	4	0	0	80 00
Boxes, dump	2	15 00	0	.....	2	0	0	15 00
Cans, milk, 40 qt.....	14	41 80	0	.....	14	0	0	41 80
Crowbars, 5'	3	2 50	0	.....	3	0	0	2 50
Crowbars, 6'	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Cultivators, 1-h., I. A.	2	$10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	$10 00
Cultivator, 2-h., I. A..	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Cutter, 1 seat.....	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Cutter, ensilage, Climax	1	170 00	0	.....	1	0	0	170 00
Cultivators, hand ...	0	.....	2	$2 00	2	0	0	2 00
Drags, Syracuse	2	30 00	0	.....	2	0	0	30 00
Drag, spike tooth....	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Drill, Empire	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Forks, spading	3	1 20	0	.....	3	0	0	1 20
Forks, hay, 1-h.....	1	2 75	0	.....	1	0	0	2 75
Forks, manure, 1-h...	6	4 20	0	.....	6	0	0	4 20
Forks, manure, s. h..	2	1 40	0	.....	2	0	0	1 40
Hatchet	0	.....	1	60	1	0	0	60
Harvester, corn, McC.	1	100 00	0	.....	1	0	0	100 00
Hay tedder, Osborne..	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Hooks, potato	3	1 13	0	.....	3	0	0	1 13
Halters	8	4 00	0	.....	8	0	0	4 00
Harrow, disc	1	12 00	0	.....	1	0	0	12 00
Hiller, potato	1	5 00	0	.....	1	0	0	5 00
Hoe, grub	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Harness, sgl., work...	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 00
Harnesses, dbl., work.	3	75 00	0	.....	3	0	0	75 00
Harness, sgl., light...	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
Hooks, corn	6	1 50	0	.....	6	0	0	1 50
Grinder, section	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Ladders	0	.....	2	5 00	2	0	0	5 00
Mowers, lawn	1	3 00	1	6 00	1	1	0	4 50
Mowing machine, McC.	1	22 00	0	.....	1	0	0	22 00
Mowing machine, Osb.	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Marker	1	1 50	0	.....	1	0	0	1 50
Planter, potato, Planet, Jr.	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Plow, sidehill	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Plow, 1-h., Wiard....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Plow, 2-h., Leroy....	2	18 50	0	.....	2	0	0	18 50
Plow, 3-h., Leroy....	1	8 00	0	.....	1	0	0	8 00
Plow, sulky, Syracuse.	1	35 00	0	.....	1	0	0	35 00
Rake, hay, 2-h., Osb..	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Rake, hay, 2-h., Adr..	1	15 00	0	.....	1	0	0	15 00
Rakes, steel, garden..	4	1 62	4	1 13	2	6	0	68
Reaper and binder, Adriance	1	120 00	0	.....	1	0	0	120 00
Roller, wood	2	20 00	0	.....	2	0	0	20 00
Slide, ice	1	2 00	0	.....	1	0	0	2 00
Sprayer, 1-h., potato.	1	30 00	1	67 00	1	1	0	48 00
Scythes	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Scythe stones	6	60	0	.....	6	0	0	60
Sickles, grass	6	90	0	.....	6	0	0	90
Spades	2	80	0	.....	2	0	0	80
Seeder, wheelbarrow .	1	3 00	0	.....	1	0	0	3 00
Stoneboats	2	5 00	0	.....	2	0	0	5 00
Shovels, l. h.....	4	2 00	0	.....	4	0	0	2 00
Shovels, scoop, No. 6.	2	1 60	0	.....	2	0	0	1 60
Shovels, scoop, No. 4.	4	3 00	1	70	5	0	0	3 70
Shovels, snow	4	1 20	0	.....	4	0	0	1 20
Tongs, ice	4	1 60	0	.....	4	0	0	1 60

ITEM AND DESIGNATING MARK	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost
Wheelbarrows, No. 113	6	$8 25	4	$5 60	9	1	0	$12 46
Wagons, lumber	3	120 00	0	.....	3	0	0	120 00
Weeder, adj., Keystone	0	.....	1	11 00	1	0	0	11 00
			Barns.					
Axes	3	2 25	0	.....	3	0	0	2 25
Aerator	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Baskets, g. i., bu.....	2	1 00	6	3 00	5	3	0	2 50
Baskets, splint, 2 bu..	1	67	0	.....	1	0	0	67
Brooms, barn	7	3 50	14	4 80	11	10	0	4 86
Brushes, mane	0	.....	2	98	0	2	0	.....
Blankets, stable	0	.....	3	3 75	0	3	0	.....
Blankets, street	3	6 00	2	5 50	4	1	0	9 26
Bags, grain	0	.....	25	5 00	25	0	0	5 00
Cutter, beet	1	2 50	0	.....	1	0	0	2 50
Cutter, bone	1	6 00	0	.....	1	0	0	6 00
Cars, push	2	6 00	0	.....	2	0	0	6 00
Curry combs	16	1 60	2	20	16	2	0	1 60
Chamois	0	.....	1	75	1	0	0	75
Forks, 3 tong, hay....	18	8 28	0	.....	18	0	0	8 28
Hoes	8	1 60	12	3 60	20	0	0	5 20
Hose, ¾"	100′	5 00	100′	8 50	200′	0	0	13 50
Jack, wagon	1	50	0	.....	1	0	0	50
Knife, hay	1	40	0	.....	1	0	0	40
Lamps	5	8 00	0	.....	5	0	0	8 00
Ladders	3	6 60	0	.....	3	0	0	6 60
Pails, barn	4	90	0	.....	4	0	0	90
Pails, milk	10	5 80	12	15 00	22	0	0	20 80
Plow, shovel	1	1 00	0	.....	1	0	0	1 00
Reel, hose	0	.....	1	1 00	1	0	0	1 00
Rope, ¾", Manilla...	140′	2 00	0	.....	140′	0	0	2 00
Shovels, s. h.....	2	90	0	.....	2	0	0	90
Stoves	2	10 00	0	.....	2	0	0	10 00
Saws, 6′. c. c.....	2	3 00	0	.....	2	0	0	3 00
Saws, buck	2	1 20	0	.....	2	0	0	1 20
Scales, 800 lbs.....	1	7 00	0	.....	1	0	0	7 06
Strainers, milk	1	1 00	1	75	1	1	0	88
Wagons	3	175 00	0	.....	3	0	0	175 00
Wagon, milk	1	150 00	0	.....	1	0	0	150 00
Wagon, Democrat ...	1	25 00	0	.....	1	0	0	25 00
			Live Stock.					
Boar	1	20 00	0	.....	1	0	0	20 00
Bull	1	100 00	1	50 00	1	1	0	75 00
Calves	4	80 00	*45	177 50	2	47	0	30 00
Cows	43	2,580 00	3	180 00	41	5	0	2,460 00
Ducks	53	39 75	0	.....	0	53	0	.....
Fowls	352	176 00	*242	121 00	494	100	0	237 00
Heifers, yearling	8	240 00	4	120 00	4	8	0	120 00
Heifers, 2 year.....	3	120 00	8	320 00	8	3	0	320 00
Horses	8	1,500 00	1	250 00	8	1	0	1,500 00
Shoats and pigs.....	24	360 00	*24	360 00	4	44	0	60 00
Sows	13	260 00	0	.....	12	1	0	240 00

* Raised.

Item and Designating Mark	On hand Oct. 1, 1908	Cost	Purchased during year	Cost	In use	Condemned	On hand Oct. 1, 1909	Cost

SUMMARY.

Superintendent's residence	$1,546 12	$26 89	$1,565 76
Main building	12,550 01	529 07	12,635 32
Music hall building	1,845 76	18 04	1,862 56
Girls' building	2,813 36	167 39	2,852 66
Hospital and dipensary	1,884 60	40 72	1,918 96
Boys' building	4,387 22	291 91	4,412 30
Farm house	610 00	17 53	615 70
Shops, etc	6,981 85	208 80	7,181 89
Barn	2,823 85	153 31	2,969 16
Farm and garden (institution)	426 70	39 00	463 02
Fairmount	8,290 05	1,795 78	7,990 87
	$44,159 52	$3,288 44	$44,468 20

NOTES.

Main Building.— Discrepancy of $10.51 in footings for October 1, 1908 due to errors and printer's omissions.

Boys' Building.— In inventory for year ending October 1, 1908 a chair was entered in Room 59 at $1.75 and the amount should have been 75 cents. This would change the total to $4,361 62

Also the following items were omitted:

Room 50 — 2 pillows	4 00
Bakery — 12 drip pans	21 60
Total for October 1, 1908	$4,387 22

Shops, Etc.— Error of $2.97 discovered in footings for October 1, 1908 and corrected this year.

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